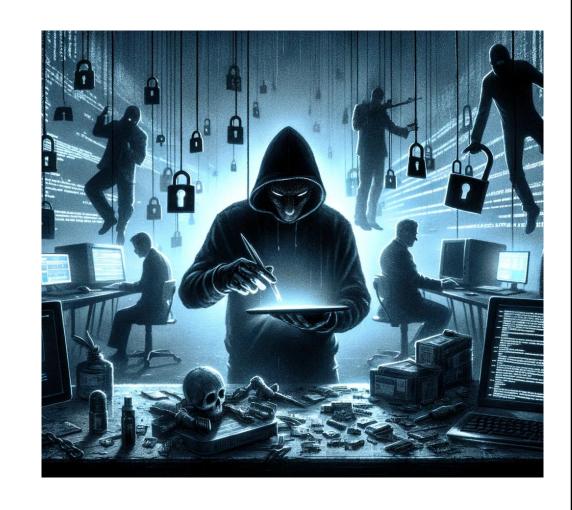


K2's Ripped From The Headlines

Lessons From Interesting Tech Crimes



Major Topics



- Common security weaknesses that occur with hardware and software at home and in the office
- Malware, ransomware, data breach, and incident response tips
- Internal control failures which result in the theft of assets or unauthorized manipulation of data

Learning Objectives



- List at least three major security incidents reported in the headlines in the last year, and explain at least one internal control design or operation flaw that allowed the hack to occur
- Select the correct definitions for security terms such as attack surface, vulnerability, exploit, social engineering, phishing, malware, heuristics, biometrics, and multi-factor authentication (MFA)
- List at least three best practices learned by reviewing the control failures cited in the case studies





2023 FBI INTERNET CRIME COMPLAINT CENTER (IC3) ANNUAL REPORT

Who Is IC3?



- FBI Internet Crime Complaint Center
- Website: <u>www.ic3.gov</u>
- IC3's annual reports provide tracking on cybercrime trends and insights into how and where these crimes are being committed
- Received 691,701 complaints in 2023, down from 724,516 in 2022 and 759,165 in 2021
- The **estimated losses** associated with those claims increased to **\$12.35 billion in 2023**, up from \$10.93 billion in 2022 and \$7.69 billion in 2021.

Major Cybercrime Trends-By Number of Complaints



	2023 2022		2	2021		
Crime Type	Complaints	Rank	Complaints	Rank	Complaints	Rank
Phishing/Spoofing	298,878	1	321,136	1	342,494	1
Personal Data Breach	55,851	2	58,859	2	51,829	3
Non-Payment/Non-Delivery	50,523	3	51,679	3	82,478	2
Extortion	48,223	4	39,416	4	39,360	5
Investment	39,570	5	30,529	6	20,561	8
Tech Support	37,560	6	32,538	5	23,903	7
BEC	21,489	7	21,832	9	19,954	9
Identity Theft	19,778	8	27,922	7	51,629	4
Confidence Fraud/Romance	17,823	9	19,021	10	24,299	6
Employment	15,443	10	14,946	11	15,253	11



Major Cybercrime Trends-By Estimated Losses



2023		2022		2021	
Losses	Rank	Losses	Rank	Losses	Rank
\$ 4,570,275,683	1	\$ 3,311,742,206	1	\$ 1,455,943,193	2
\$ 2,946,830,270	2	\$ 2,742,354,049	2	\$ 2,395,953,296	1
\$ 924,512,658	3	\$ 806,551,993	3	\$ 347,657,432	6
\$ 744,219,879	4	\$ 742,438,136	4	\$ 517,021,289	4
\$ 652,544,805	5	\$ 735,882,192	5	\$ 956,039,739	3
\$ 534,397,222	6	\$ 459,321,859	6	\$ 151,568,225	10
\$ 394,050,518	7	\$ 240,553,091	10	\$ 142,643,253	11
\$ 309,648,416	8	\$ 281,770,073	8	\$ 337,493,071	7
\$ 240,053,059	9	\$ 117,686,789	13	\$ 75,837,524	14
\$ 173,627,614	10	\$ 264,148,905	9	\$ 172,998,385	9
	Losses \$ 4,570,275,683 \$ 2,946,830,270 \$ 924,512,658 \$ 744,219,879 \$ 652,544,805 \$ 534,397,222 \$ 394,050,518 \$ 309,648,416 \$ 240,053,059	Losses Rank \$ 4,570,275,683 1 \$ 2,946,830,270 2 \$ 924,512,658 3 \$ 744,219,879 4 \$ 652,544,805 5 \$ 394,050,518 7 \$ 309,648,416 8 \$ 240,053,059 9	Losses Rank Losses \$ 4,570,275,683 1 \$ 3,311,742,206 \$ 2,946,830,270 2 \$ 2,742,354,049 \$ 924,512,658 3 \$ 806,551,993 \$ 744,219,879 4 \$ 742,438,136 \$ 652,544,805 5 \$ 735,882,192 \$ 534,397,222 6 \$ 459,321,859 \$ 394,050,518 7 \$ 240,553,091 \$ 309,648,416 8 \$ 281,770,073 \$ 240,053,059 9 \$ 117,686,789	LossesRankLossesRank\$ 4,570,275,6831\$ 3,311,742,2061\$ 2,946,830,2702\$ 2,742,354,0492\$ 924,512,6583\$ 806,551,9933\$ 744,219,8794\$ 742,438,1364\$ 652,544,8055\$ 735,882,1925\$ 534,397,2226\$ 459,321,8596\$ 394,050,5187\$ 240,553,09110\$ 309,648,4168\$ 281,770,0738\$ 240,053,0599\$ 117,686,78913	LossesRankLossesRankLosses\$ 4,570,275,6831\$ 3,311,742,2061\$ 1,455,943,193\$ 2,946,830,2702\$ 2,742,354,0492\$ 2,395,953,296\$ 924,512,6583\$ 806,551,9933\$ 347,657,432\$ 744,219,8794\$ 742,438,1364\$ 517,021,289\$ 652,544,8055\$ 735,882,1925\$ 956,039,739\$ 534,397,2226\$ 459,321,8596\$ 151,568,225\$ 394,050,5187\$ 240,553,09110\$ 142,643,253\$ 309,648,4168\$ 281,770,0738\$ 337,493,071\$ 240,053,0599\$ 117,686,78913\$ 75,837,524



IC3's Complaint Summary - 2023

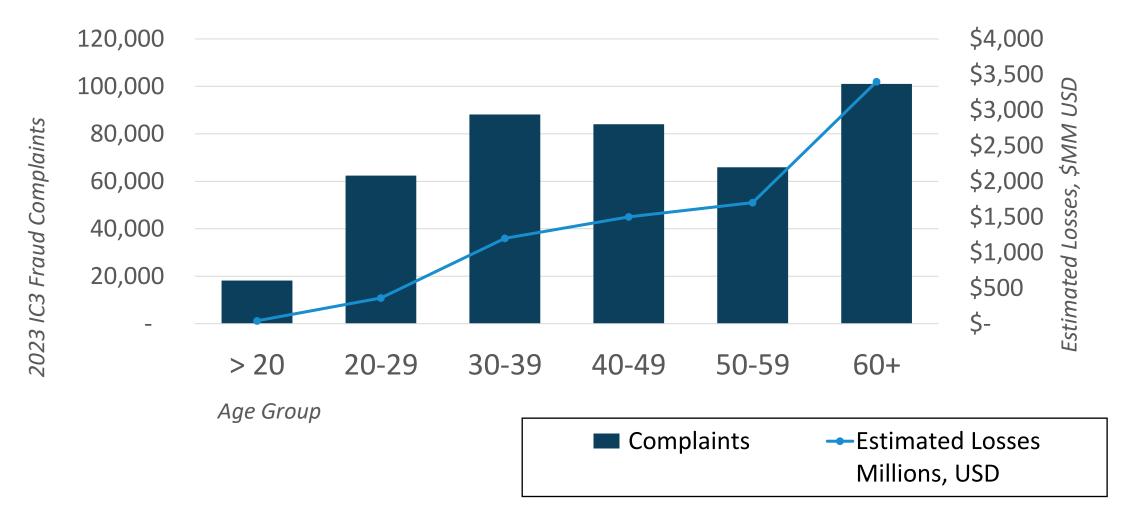


	2023			
Crime Type	Complaints	Rank	Losses	Rank
Phishing/Spoofing	298,878	1	\$ 18,728,550	21
Personal Data Breach	55,851	2	\$ 744,219,879	4
Non-Payment/Non-Delivery	50,523	3	\$ 309,648,416	8
Extortion	48,223	4	\$ 74,821,835	15
Investment	39,570	5	\$ 4,570,275,683	1
Tech Support	37,560	6	\$ 924,512,658	3
BEC	21,489	7	\$ 2,946,830,270	2
Identity Theft	19,778	8	\$ 126,203,809	13
Confidence Fraud/Romance	17,823	9	\$ 652,544,805	5
Employment	15,443	10	\$ 70,234,079	16



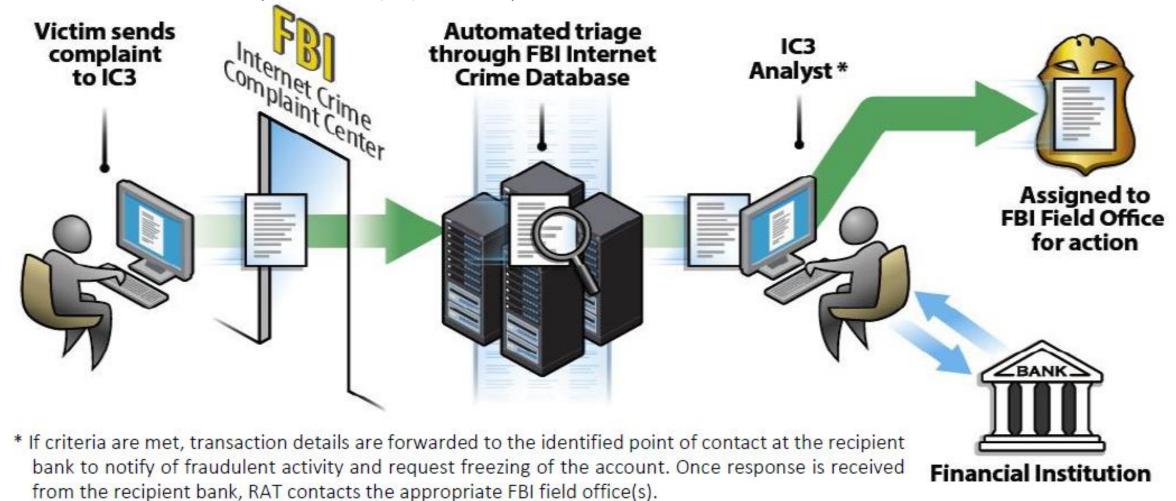
2023 IC3 Complainant Demographics





IC3 Recovery Asset Team Process





Guidance For Complainants Who Send Wire Transfers



- Contact the originating financial institution as soon as fraud is recognized to request a recall or reversal and a Hold Harmless Letter or Letter of Indemnity.
- File a detailed complaint with www.ic3.gov. It is vital the complaint contain all required data in provided fields, including banking information.
- Never make any payment changes without verifying the change with the intended recipient; verify email addresses are accurate when checking email on a cell phone or other mobile device.

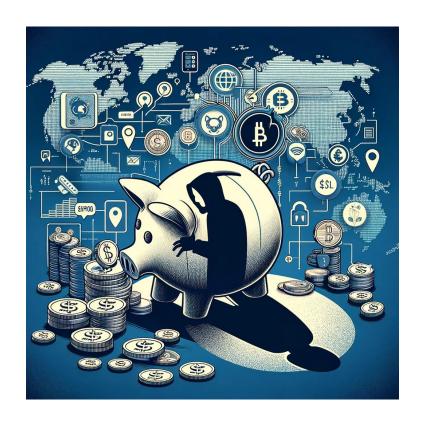
Goals of RAT-Financial Institution Partnership



- Assist in the identification of potentially fraudulent accounts across the sector.
- Remain at the forefront of emerging trends among financial fraud schemes.
- Foster a symbiotic relationship in which information is appropriately shared.

Lessons Learned

- LEARNED CONTRACTOR CON
- The dollars lost to investment scams reported to IC3 tripled between 2021 and 2023
- Although phishing is the most common type of attack reported to IC3, the majority of the loss dollars for 2023 are in investment scams (\$4.57B USD) and business e-mail compromises (\$2.95B USD)
- FBI/IC3 has a team that works with financial institutions to recover funds from wire transfers and investment scams which can be activated by either FBI or IC3 after a complaint is made at ic3.gov



"What's a Pig Butchering Scam? Here's How to Avoid Falling Victim to One", ProPublica, 9/19/2022



"CFTC Charges Crypto Platform Debiex With \$2.3M 'Pig Butchering' Digital Asset Scheme", Law.com, 1/19/2024

"With 'Pig Butchering' Scams on the Rise, FBI Moves to Stop the Bleeding", NBC News, 2/5/2024

PIG BUTCHERING SCAMS

Last Week Tonight – Pig Butchering





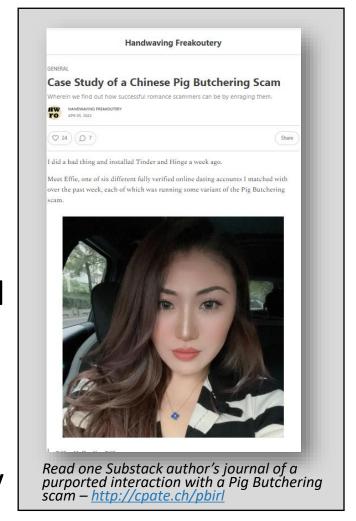
- Excellent (and humorous) 24 minute video on this common scam involving investments with cryptocurrencies and promising romance AND riches which is robbing victims of over \$3 billion USD per year
- External Video Link

Pig Butchering



- A "confidence scam" usually involving cryptocurrency
- The Global Anti-Scam Organization (GASO), a nonprofit created in 2021 in response to pig butchering scams, reports that the average victim loses \$122,000 USD, and two-thirds of victims are women aged 25 to 40
- Scammers encounter victims on dating services, social media, or through unsolicited messages or calls, often masquerading as a wrong number
- Scammers initiate relationships with victims and slowly gain their trust, eventually introducing the idea of making a business investment using cryptocurrency

Source: Initial indictment in US Federal court case 2:23-cr-00596-RGK, ProofPoint



Pig Butchering



- Victims are then directed to other members of the scheme operating fraudulent cryptocurrency investment platforms and applications, where victims are persuaded to make financial investments
- Once funds are sent to scammer-controlled accounts, the investment platform often falsely shows significant gains on the purported investment, and the victims are thus induced to make additional investments.
- Ultimately, the victims are unable to withdraw or recover their money, often resulting in significant losses for the victims.

FinCEN reports that scammers commonly communicate with victims using:

- Instant messaging services and text messages
- Professional networking sites
- Social media
- Dating sites

Source: FinCEN Alert

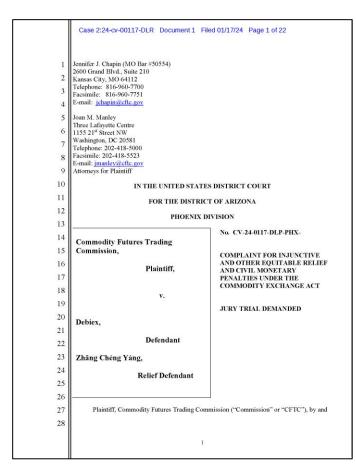
FIN-2023-Alert005

Source: Initial indictment in US Federal court case 2:23-cr-00596-RGK

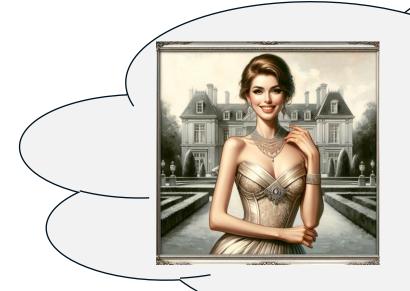
Pending Litigation – CFTC vs. Debiex



- The complaint filed in Federal court in Phoenix, Arizona alleges that cryptocurrency exchange Debiex "used popular romance scam tactics" to steal customer funds totaling \$2.3 million USD intended for digital asset commodity trading
- The complaint alleges that Debiex was made to look like a live cryptocurrency trading program but no actual trading took place on behalf of customers and all funds submitted were misappropriated



Read the original FTC Complaint against Debiex and others



















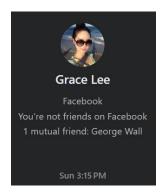


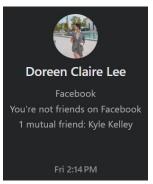




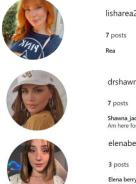
1. The perpetrator(s) create fake social media and dating profiles using photos of engaging, attractive, and wealthy individuals which will be used to engage with potential scam victims through flirting and not so "random" interactions

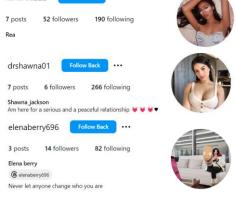


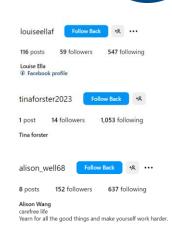






















2. The young and attractive profile then just happens to contact someone older and less attractive and tries to start dialogue and maybe even an online romance – this is called a "solicitor"



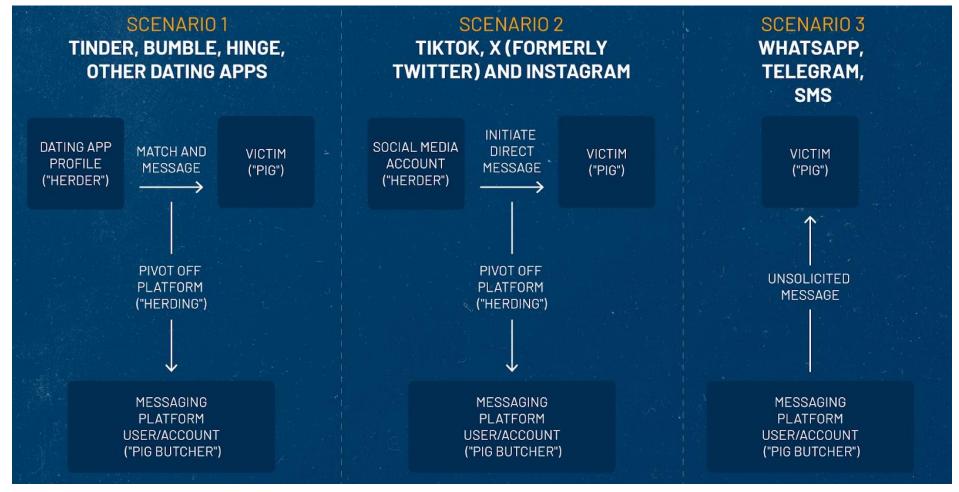


What do these profiles have in common?

- Attractive profile photos, appear to be young
- All reached out to me via direct messages
- All have low follower counts (only one has more than 100 followers, most are in single digits)
- All follow hundreds of other people who have decided for some reason to not follow them back
- Almost all accounts are less than 90 days old

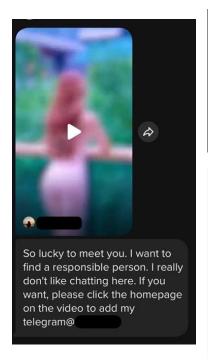
How Pig Butchering Contacts Occur





Source: Tenable Blog – Pig Butchering Scam

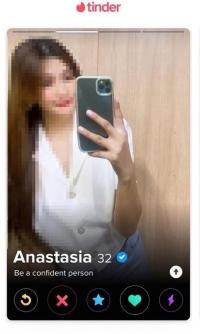




Hello, I hope to find a sincere feeling on tiktok. I'm lucky to have your attention. I'm not a friend who likes to talk about porn. I like to make friends with men over 24 years old, of course, this avatar is not me, I will share my daily life on telegram to you including my photos, please add my TG:

Hello stranger. it's my first time to send message to someone that I never chat with nor meet before. Honestly, it can be a little bit weird. But I would really like to do so because I do find that we have a lot in common. This may make us an instant friend I believe. yeah, get to admit that I am kinda interested in you and will be pleased to receive your message on telegram.







tinder



Source: Tenable Blog – <u>Pig Butchering Scam</u>

3. Through constant contact, flirting, and flattery, the solicitor makes the target feel that the solicitor is a friend, or maybe even a future love interest – even though you seem to have nothing in common



Forced Labor Compounds Have Spread Across Cities in Cambodia and Elsewhere in Southeast Asia





Map by Lucas Waldron, ProPublica. @ OpenStreetMap Contributors. Research by Danielle Keeton-Olsen.

4. Investigative journalists ProPublica even report that many of the scam artists are actually victims of human trafficking, held against their will in forced labor compounds, with serious consequences for those who do not participate in the scams

I work in the plastic surgery and skin management industry. Investment in cryptocurrencies. Real estate. Stocks. Also have my own medical device and medical product business, and I have a golf club in Florida.

I have 6 years of experience in the clothing industry, 3 years in the beauty industry, and 3 years in the investment industry.

Yes, and then I fell in love with investing.
Since I stepped into the investment industry, I have made a total profit of nearly 10 million US dollars from investment. After deducting the losses of my physical business, I can have a net profit of about 8 million. profits, and legal tax avoidance.

What do you think about investing, Satnam

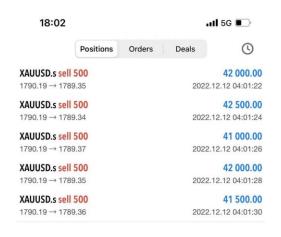
I can teach you to invest in cryptocurrency intraday trading, small risk, high profit, but there is a cycle limit, you can learn financial knowledge in the process of investment, after making money you can invite me to dinner when we meet wo wo

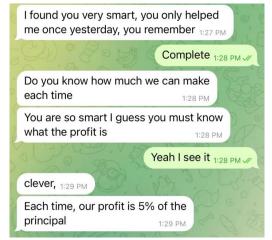
I am grateful to my aunt for her guidance. I am so successful in Crypto short-term trading. It is because my aunt has a professional team of analysts. He is able to provide accurate data. That's why I make money every time I trade.

Source: Tenable Blog – Pig Butchering Scam

5. After establishing rapport and getting the target "hooked" on the attention and flirting, the attacker will introduce the idea of investing in cryptocurrencies – where the perp says that they have been making a lot of money with their investments











Source: Tenable Blog – <u>Pig Butchering Scam</u>

6. The scammers then show "fake returns" from the fake crypto investment website and tries to get the victim to make investments in either a fake exchange or to send crypto to an account controlled by the solicitor so they can show them how to execute the trade



Case 2:24-cv-00117-DLR Document 1 Filed 01/17/24 Page 8 of 22

Throughout the Relevant Period, Debiex accepted the deposit of at least

\$2,356,406.06 worth of digital asset commodities from at least five (5) Customers into various

digital asset wallets, one of which was owned and controlled by Zhang. Contrary to the false

representations made to the Customers by the Solicitors and/or Customer Service, Debiex did not

use the funds to enter into any digital asset commodity transactions on behalf of the Customers.

7. In one case — CFTC v. Debiex et al, the US Commodity Futures Trading Commission (CFTC) alleges that over \$2.35 million USD of cryptocurrencies were transmitted through a fake exchange called "Debiex"



- 52. With the exception of Customer D, who received a very small amount of his funds back at the outset of the fraud, none of the Customers were able to withdraw their funds from their purported Debiex trading accounts. For example, Customer A tried multiple times to make withdrawals from his Debiex account, but received the following excuses from Customer Service:
 - a. Hello, because you are operating too frequently, please try again in an hour!
 - Hello, please clear your cache, log out and log in again.
 - c. Hello! This is caused by your network, please refresh and try to withdraw funds again!

53. When Customer B tried to withdraw funds from his Debiex account, he received

the following two nonsensical messages from Customer Service within 20 minutes of each other:

- a. Hello, the system has detected that there is a third party in your accounts who is making profits with data, which has seriously violated the platform rules. Please standardize your operations and build a green platform.
- b. Hello, for the safety of your funds, you need to re-authenticate your account, the frozen state can be lifted and the normal withdrawal business can resume after unfreezing! You need to provide the front and back photos of your ID card and take photos to the customer service for identify verification and pay 60% of the risk fund of your personal account balance to your personal account for account fund verification. After the review is passed you can carry out the normal cash withdrawal business again!
- 8. When victims try to withdraw funds, they were greeted with a number of different excuses as to why the funds cannot be withdrawn at this time all bogus delay tactics. At this point, the funds and/or cryptocurrency is gone and the solicitor will also disappear without a trace

Behavioral Red Flags



- A customer with no history or background of using, exchanging, or otherwise interacting with virtual currency attempts to exchange a high amount of fiat currency from an existing or newly opened bank account for virtual currency or attempts to initiate high-value transfers to VASPs.
- A customer mentions or expresses interest in an investment opportunity leveraging virtual currency with significant returns that they were told about from a new contact who reached out to them unsolicited online or through text message.



FinCEN Alert on Prevalent Virtual Currency Investment Scam Commonly Known as "Pig Butchering"

Suspicious Activity Report (SAF Filing Request:

FinCEN requests that financial institutions reference this alert in SAR field 2 (filling linetitution Note to FinCEN) and the narrative by including the key term "FIN-2023-PIGBUTCHERING" and selecting "Fraud-Other" under SAR field 34(z) with the description "Pig Butchering."

The U.S. Department of the Treasury's Financial Crimes Enforcement Network (FinCEN) is issuing this alert to U.S. financial institutions' and the broader public to bring attention to a prominent virtual currency investment scam called "pig butchering." These scams are referred to as "pig butchering" as they resemble the practice of fattening a hog before slaughter. The victims in this situation are referred to as "pigs" by the scammers who leverage fictitious identities, the guise of potential relationships, and elaborate storylines to "fatten up" the victim into believing they are in trusted partnerships. The scammers then refer to "butchering" or "slaughtering" the victim after victim assets are stolen.

causing the victims financial and emotional harm. In many cases, the "butchering" phase involves convincing victims to invest in virtual currency," or in some cases, over-the-counter foreign exchange schemes!—all with the intent of defrauding them of their investment? Fig butchering scams are largely perpetrated by criminal organizations based in Southeast Asia who use stictims

1. See 31 U.S.C. § 5312(a)(2); 31 CFR § 1010.100(

- 2. United States Scent Service (USSS), "Cryptocurrency Investment Senam" (USSS Alers). These scams are also called "Sha Zhu Fan," a Chinnee term that loosely translates to pig butchering. These scams may also be referred to, or begin as, "centifience scams" (or in certain cases "remance scams") because fraudaters gain the conditiones of their victims before eventually entiting them to make investments in fraudulent virtual currency trading platforms. See U.S. Department of Justice (DOI), U.S. Astroncy, Office, Central District of California Pera Release, "Justice Dept. Science Over \$11204 in Funda Linked to Cryptocurrency Investment Schemes, With Over Half Sciend in Los Angeles Case" (Apr. 3, 2023).
- 3. Various types of virtual currency are known to be used in these seams, including prevalent cryptocurrencies and stablecoins, such as bitters, etcher, U.S. delice tetcher, and T.N., among other. FincEr's definitions and copyolight of guidance concerning virtual currency may be found at FincEN, "Application of FincEN's Regulations to Certai Business Models Involving Convertible Virtual Currencies" (May 9, 2019).
- 4. While the projective of instances of this seam are perpetuated using virtual currency, seammers have increased their guigage, on other ways to stead money, including oldertonic fund transfers, write transfers, and festigate currency and delain-spild contracts (Percs). See Commodity Futures Trading Commission (CFTC) Advisory, "Customer Advisory: Available of the Commission (CFTC) Advisory, "Customer Advisory: Available of the Commission (CFTC) Advisory, "Customer Advisory: Available of the CFTC Contract Contracts of the Commission (CFTC) and Contracts (CFTC) Contracts Contracts (CFTC) and Contracts (CFTC) Contracts (CFTC) and Contracts (CFTC) and Contracts (CFTC) Contracts (CFTC) and CFTC CONTRACTS (CFTC)
- 5. See New Jersey Attorney General, Fress Release, "Burease of Securities Orden Three Website Operators to Stop-Offering Transductor Cryptocurrency Investment Opportunities, Virges NJ Residents to Bewess of "Fig Butthering", Seams" (Feb. 3, 2023) (NJ AC Fress Release). See also DQI, "Eleven Defendants Arrested for Investment Fraud, Money Lunufering and Unlineased Money Transmitting Business Schemes" (Oct. 13, 2023), and DQI, US. Astroney's Office, District of New Jersey Fress Release, "Biddlesses Gounty Man. Charged with Laundering \$2.1 Million Obtained from Internet-Reliand Frauds" (Oct. 11, 2022).

Behavioral Red Flags



- A customer mentions that they were instructed by an individual who recently contacted them to exchange fiat currency for virtual currency at a virtual currency kiosk and deposit the virtual currency at an address supplied by the individual.
- A customer appears distressed or anxious to access funds to meet demands or the timeline of a virtual currency investment opportunity.

Source: FinCEN Alert FIN-2023-Alert005





FIN-2023-Alert005

ptember 8, 2023

FinCEN Alert on Prevalent Virtual Currency Investment Scam Commonly Known as "Pig Butchering"

Suspicious Activity Report (SA Filing Request:

PinCEN requests that financial institutions reference this alert in AAR field 2 (Filing Institution Note to PinCEN) and the narrative by including the key term "PIN-2023-PIGBUTCHERING" and salesting "Fraud-Other" under SAR field 34(z) with the description "Pig Butchering."

The U.S. Department of the Treasury's Financial Crimes Enforcement Network (FincEN) is issuing this alert to U.S. financial institutions' and the broader public to bring attention to a prominent virtual currency investment scam called "pig butchering," These scams are referred to as "pig butchering," as they resemble the practice of fattening a hog before slaughter. The victims in this situation are referred to as "pigs" by the scammers who leverage fictitious identities, the pigs of potential relationships, and elaborate storylines to "fatten up" the victim into believing they are in trusted partnerships. The scammers then refer to "mutchering" or "slaughtering" the victim after victim assets are stolen.

causing the victims financial and emotional harm. In many cases, the "butchering" phase involves convincing victims to invest in virtual currency, or in some cases, over-the-counter foreign exchange schemes"—all with the intent of defrauding them of their investment? Fig butchering scams are largely perpetrated by criminal organizations based in Southeast Asia who use xictims

- 2. United States Screet Service (USSS): "Cryptocurrency Investment Seams" (USSS Alers). These seams are also called "Sha Zhu Pan," a Chinese term that loosely translates to pig butchering. These seams may also be referred to, or begin as, "confidence seams" (or in certain cases "remance seams") because fraudation gain the confidence of their victims before eventually entiting them to make investments in fraudulent virtual currency trading platforms. See U.S. Department of Justice (DOJ), U.S. Astroncy's Office, Central District of California Pera Release, "Justice Dept. Science Over \$112M in Funds Linked to Cryptocurrency Investment Schemes, With Over Half Sciend in Los Angeles Case" (Asr. 2, 2023).
- Various types of virtual currency are known to be used in these seams, including prevalent cryptocurrencies and stablecoins, such as bitterio, tether, U.S. delile stether, and TSK, among others. FincEv's definitions and copyolights ed guidance concerning virtual currency may be found at FincEN, "Application of FincEN's Regulations to Certai Business Models Involving Convertible Virtual Currencing" (May 9, 2019).
- 4. While fig., projecting of instances of this seam are perspetuated using virtual currency, seammers have increased their eggl, age, on other ways to steal money, including electronic funds transfer, white transfers, under transfers and deline-poll contracts (Force). See Commodity Futures Trading Commission (FTC) Advisory, "Customer Advisory, Available Commission of the Commission of
- 5. Ser New Jersey Attorney General, Fress Réclesse, "Bureau of Securities Orders Three Website Operators to Step Offering Fraudulent Cryptocurrone (investment Opportunities, Livres IN Residents to Secure of "I'm Establishment, Seamy" (Feb. 3, 2023) (01) AG Press Release). See also DOJ, "Eleven Defendants Arrested for Investment Freud, Monry Loundering and Unificented Memory Transmitting Business Schemer," (Oct. 13, 2023), and DOJ, U.S. Astrony's Officer, District of New Jersey Press Réclesse, "Middlesex Country Man Charged with Laundering \$2.1 Million Obtained from Internet-Reland Frauds" (Oct. 11, 2023).

Financial Red Flags



- A customer uncharacteristically liquidates savings accounts prior to maturation, such as a certificate of deposit, and then subsequently attempts to wire the liquidated fiat currency to a VASP or to exchange them for virtual currency.
- A customer takes out a HELOC, home equity loan, or second mortgage and uses the proceeds to purchase virtual currency or wires the proceeds to a VASP for the purchase of virtual currency.



FinCEN Alert on Prevalent Virtual Currency Investment Scam Commonly Known as "Pig Butchering"

Suspicious Activity Report (SAF Filing Request:

FinCEN requests that financial institutions reference this alert in SAR field 2 (filling institution Note to FinCEN) and the narrative by including the key term "FIN-2023-PIGBUTCHERING" and selecting "Fraud-Other" under SAR field 34(z) with the description "Pig Butchering."

The U.S. Department of the Treasury's Financial Crimes Enforcement Network (FinCEN) is issuing this alert to U.S. financial institutions' and the broader public to bring attention to a prominent virtual currency investment scam called "pig butchering," These scams are referred to as "pig butchering," as they resemble the practice of fattening a hog before slaughter. The victims in this situation are referred to as "pigs" by the scammers who leverage fictitious identities, the guise of potential relationships, and elaborate storylines to "fatten up" the victim into believing they are in trusted partnerships. The scammers then refer to "matchering" or "slaughtering" the victim after victim assets are stolen.

causing the victims financial and emotional harm. In many cases, the "butchering" phase involves convincing victims to invest in virtual currency," or in some cases, over-the-counter foreign exchange schemes"—all with the intent of defrauding them of their investment. Pig butchering scams are largely perpetrated by criminal organizations based in Southeast Asia who use stickins.

1 5-- 91 115 C 6 5913/-V/V- 91 CER 6 1010 100

- 2. United States Secret Service (USSS), "Cryptocurrency Investment Seams" (USSS Alert). These seams are also called "Ska Zhu Fan," a Chinese term that loosely translates to pig butchering. These seams may also be referred to, or begin as, "confidence seams" (or in certain cases "romance seams") because frauditers gain the confidence of their visitims before eventually entition glutterms. See U.S. Department of Justice (ODS), U.S. Abstray's Office, Central District of California Press Release, "Justice Dyrt, Sciese Over \$1.12th in Funds Linked to Cryptocurrency Investment Schemes, With Over Half Sciend in Los Angeles Case" (Apr. 3, 2023).
- 3. Various types of virtual currency are known to be used in these seams, including prevalent cryptocurrencies and stablecoins, such as bitters, etcher, U.S. delice tetcher, and T.N., among other. FincEr's definitions and copyolight of guidance concerning virtual currency may be found at FincEN, "Application of FincEN's Regulations to Certai Business Models Involving Convertible Virtual Currencies" (May 9, 2019).
- 4. While Recognizing of instances of this scena are perpetuated using virtual currency, seammers have increased their gillings, on other ways to state money, including electronic funds transfer, write transfer, and foreign currency and dollar-gold centrets (Forey). See Commodity Futures Trading Commission (CTC) Advisory, "Customer Advisors Aveid Forey, Personal Metals, and Division Asset Romannes Seams" (For A. 2002), and CTC Persona Relates, "CTC Clastros Collisions," Excident and His Corporation with Found and Misuppreparation in a Popular Romannes Seam Involving Division.
- 5. Ser New Jensey Attomory General, Frenz Releans, "Bureau of Securities Orders Three Website Operators to Stap Offering Fraudulent Cryptocorrect jeventement Opportunities, Lyres NI Residents to Secure of Pin Buthering," Seamy (Feb. 3, 2023) (vi) AG Press Release). See also DOJ, "Eleven Defendants Arrested for Investment Froud, Monry Loundering and Unificented Memory Transmitting Business Schemer," (vic. 13, 2023), and DOJ, U. S. Astronye's Officer, District of New Jersey Press Release, "Middlesex Gounty Man Charged with Laundering 32.1 Million Obtained from Internet-Related Frauds" (von. 11, 2023).

Financial Red Flags



- A customer receives what appears to be a deposit of virtual currency from a virtual currency address at or slightly above the amount that the customer previously transferred out of their virtual currency account. This deposit is then followed by outgoing transfers from the customer in substantially larger amounts.
- Accounts with large balances that are inactive or have limited activity begin to show constant, uncharacteristic, sudden, abnormally frequent, or significant withdrawals of large amounts of money being transferred to a VASP or being exchanged for virtual currency.



art an Bravelant Virtual Currency Investment S

FinCEN Alert on Prevalent Virtual Currency Investment Scam Commonly Known as "Pig Butchering"

Suspicious Activity Report (SAR Filing Request:

FinCEN requests that financial institutions reference this alert in SAR field 2 (filling Institution Note to FinCEN) and the narrative by including the key term "FIN-2023-PIGBUTCHERING" and selecting "Fraud-Other" under SAR field 34(z) with the description "Pig Butchering."

The U.S. Department of the Treasury's Financial Crimes Enforcement Network (FinCEN) is issuing this alert to U.S. financial institutions' and the broader public to bring attention to a prominent virtual currency investment scam called "pig butchering." These scams are referred to as "pig butchering" as they resemble the practice of fatterning a hog before slaughter. The victims in this situation are referred to as "pigs" by the scammers who leverage fictitious identities, the guise of potential relationships, and elaborate storylines or "fatten up" the victim into believing they are in trusted partnerships. The scammers then refer to "butchering"

causing the victims financial and emotional harm. In many cases, the "butchering" phase involves convincing victims to invest in virtual currency," or in some cases, over-the-counter foreign exchange schemes,"—all with the intent of defrauding them of their investment. "Fig butchering scams are largely perpetrated by criminal organizations based in Southeast Asia who use stictims

See 31 U.S.C. § 5312(a)(2); 31 CFR § 1010.10

- 2. United States Secret Service (USSS), "Cryptocurrency Investment Seams" (USSS Alert). These seams are also called "Sha Zhu Fan," a Chinese term that loosely translates to pig butchering. These seams may also be referred to, or begin as, "confidence seams" (or in certain cases "romance seams") because fraudaten gain the confidence of their victims before eventually entition; them to make investments in fraudatent virtual currency trading platforms. See U.S. Department of justice (DOI), U.S. Attempts' of lifese, Central District of California Press Relations. "Justice Depth Seizes Over \$1.12th in Funds Linked to Cryptocurrency Investment Schemes, With Over Half Seized in Los Angeles Case" (Aer. 3, 2013).
- Various types of virtual currency are known to be used in these seams, including prevalent cryptocurrencies and stablecoins, such as bitterio, tether, U.S. delile stether, and TSK, among others. FincEv's definitions and copyolights ed guidance concerning virtual currency may be found at FincEN, "Application of FincEN's Regulations to Certai Business Models Involving Convertible Virtual Currencing" (May 9, 2019).
- 4. While figuragingly of instances of this stam are perpetuated using virtual currency, stammers have increased their guigage, on other ways to stead money, including olectronic fund transfers, write transfers, and festigate currency and delain-spild contracts (Percs). See Commodity Futures Trading Commission (CFTC) Advisory, "Caustement Advisory: Available Percs, Percs Release, "PCFTC Charges Color," PCFTC Charges Color, "PCFTC Charges Color," PCFTC Char
- 5. Ser New Jersey Attorney General, Freza Release, "Bureau of Securities Orders Three Website Operators to Step Offering Fraudulent Cryptocorrect investment Opportunities, Livres IN Residents to Secure of "Fix Butchering", Season (Feb. 3, 2023) (vi) AG Press Release). See also DOJ, "Eleven Defendants Arrested for Investment Freud, Monry Loundering and Unificence School Step States (Oct. 13, 2023), and DOJ, U. S. Atterney's Office, District of New Jersey Freza Release, "Middleses Country Man Charged with Laundering \$2.1 Million Obtained from Internet-Related Fraudia" (Oct. 11, 2023).

Financial Red Flags

- A customer sends multiple electronic funds transfers (EFTs) or wire transfers to a VASP or sends part of their available balance from an account or wallet they maintain with a VASP and notes that the transaction is for "taxes," "fees," or "penalties."
- A customer with a short history of conducting several small-value EFTs to a VASP abruptly stops sending EFTs and begins sending multiple high-value wire transfers to accounts of holding companies, limited liability corporations, and individuals with which the customer has no prior transaction history. This is indicative of a victim sending trial transactions to a scammer before committing to and sending larger amounts.



PIN-2023-Alert005

ptember 8, 2023

FinCEN Alert on Prevalent Virtual Currency Investment Scam Commonly Known as "Pig Butchering"

Suspicious Activity Report (S Filing Request:

PinCEN requests that financial institutions reference this alart in SAR field 2 (Filling Institution Note to FinCEN) and the narrative by including the key term "FIN-2023-PIGBUTCHERING" and selecting "Fraud-Other" under SAR field 34(2) with the description "Pig Butchering."

The U.S. Department of the Treasury's Financial Crimes Enforcement Network (FincEN) is issuing this alert to U.S. financial institutions' and the broader public to bring attention to a prominent virtual currency investment scam called "pig butchering." These scams are referred to as "pig butchering," as they resemble the practice of fattening a hog before slaughter. The victims in this situation are referred to as "pigs" by the scammers who leverage fictitious identities, the guise of potential relationships, and elaborate storylines to "fatten up" the victim into believing they are in trusted partnerships. The scammers then refer to "mutchering" or "slaughtering" the victim after victim assets are stolen.

causing the victims financial and emotional harm. In many cases, the "butchering" phase involves convincing victims to invest in virtual currency," or in some cases, over-the-counter foreign exchange schemes"—all with the intent of defrauding them of their investment? Fig butchering scams are largely perpetrated by criminal organizations based in Southeast Asia who use michine.

1. Sec 31 U.S.C. § 5312(a)(2); 31 CFR § 1010.100

- 2. United States Scene Service (USSS), "Cryptocurrency Investment Semms" (USSS Alers). These scams are also called "Sha Zhu Pan," a Chinese term that loosely translates to pig butchering. These scams may also be referred to, or begin as, "confidence setum" (or in certain cases "remance scams") because fraudaters gain the confidence of their visition before eventually entiting them to make investments in fraudulent visitual currency trading platforms. See U.S. Department of Justice (DOJ) U.S. Astronyt, Office, Central District of California Pera Release, "Justice Dept. Science Over \$13204 in Funds Linked to Cryptocurrency Investment Schemes, With Over Half Sciend in Los Angeles Case" (Apr. 3, 2023).
- 3. Various types of virtual currency are known to be used in these seams, including prevalent cryptocurrencies and stablecoins, such as bitscip, other, U.S. delile tether, and T.N., among other. FincEv's definitions and copyolight of guidance concerning virtual currency may be found at FincEv. Application of FincEv's Regulations to Certai Business Models Involving Convertible Virtual Currencies* (May 9, 2019).
- 4. While the mydgoiding of instances of this seem are perpetuated using virtual currency, seammers have increased their gillings, on other ways to state money, including cleatronic funds transfer, wire transfer, and freezing currency and dollar-pold centreuts (Ferce). See Commodify Futures Trading Commission (CTC) Advisory, "Customer Advisory Aveid Ferrex, Perciasum Metals, and Dipicial Asset Bommer Seams" (Fer.), 2022, and CTC Percas Relace, "CTC Charges California", and His Carporation with Fraud and Misupprepriation in a Popular Romance Seam Involving Digital.
- 5. See New Jersey Attorney General, Fress Release, "Bureau of Securities Orders Three Website Operators to Simp Offering Transdulent Cryptometerroey Investment Opportunities, Vrges NJ Residents to Bewess of "Fig Butthering", Seams" (Feb. 3, 2023) (NJ AC Fress Release). See also DQI, "Eleven Defendants Arrested for Investment Fraud, Money Luundering and Unitensed Money Transmitting Business Schemes" (Oct. 13, 2023), and DQI, US. Atterney's Office, District of New Jersey Fress Release, "Biddleses County Man Charged with Laundering \$2.1 Million Obtained from Intenses Related Frauds" (Oct. 11, 2022).

Technical Red Flags



- System monitoring and logs show that a customer's account is accessed repeatedly by unique IP addresses, device IDs, or geographies inconsistent with prior access patterns. Additionally, logins to a customer's online account at a VASP come from a variety of different device IDs and names inconsistent with the customer's typical logins.
- A customer mentions that they are transacting to invest in virtual currency using a service that has a website or application with poor spelling or grammatical structure, dubious customer testimonials, or a generally amateurish site design.
- A customer mentions visiting a website or application that is purported to be associated with a legitimate VASP or business involved in investing in virtual currency. The website or application shows warning signs such as a web address or domain name that is misspelled in such a manner as to resemble that of another business, a recently registered web address or domain name, no physical street address, international contact information, or contact methods that include only chat or email.



FinCEN Alert on Prevalent Virtual Currency Investment Scam Commonly Known as "Pig Butchering"

Suspicious Activity Report (SAR) Filing Request:

FinCEN requests that financial institutions reference this alert in SAR field 2 (Filling Institution Note to FinCEN) and the narrative by including the key term "FIN-2023-PIGBUTCHERING" and selecting "Fraud-Other" under SAR field 34(2) with the description "Pig Butchering."

The U.S. Department of the Treasury's Financial Crimes Enforcement Network (FinCEN) is issuing this alert to U.S. financial institutions' and the broader public to bring attention to a prominent virtual currency investment scam called "pig butchering." These scams are referred to as "pig butchering," as they resemble the practice of fattening a hog before slaughter. The victims in this situation are referred to as "pigs" by the scammers who leverage fictitious identities, the guise of potential relationships, and elaborate storytimes to "fatten up" the victim into believing they are in trusted partnerships. The scammers then refer to "butchering" or "slaughtering" the victim after victim assets are stolen.

causing the victims financial and emotional harm. In many cases, the "butchering" phase involves convincing victims to invest in virtual currency," or in some cases, over-the-counter foreign exchange schemes"—all with the intent of defrauding them of their investment. Pig butchering scame are largely perpetrated by criminal organizations based in Southeast Asia who use sictims

- 1. Sec 31 U.S.C. § 5312(a)(2); 31 CFR § 1010.100(
- 2. United States Scene Service (USSS), "Cryptocurrency Investment Semm" (USSS Alert), These scena are also called "Sha 23nd Pan," a Chinese term that lossely translates to pig butchering. These seams may also be referred to, or begin as, "confidence seams" (or in certain cases "remance seams") because fraudaters gain the confidence of their victims before eventually entiting them to make investments in fraudalent virtual currency trading platforms. See U.S. Department of platics (DOI), U.S. Astronyt, Office, Central District of California Perus Release, "Quiete Dept. Science Over \$1320d in Funds Linked to Cryptocurrency Investment Schemes, With Over Half Sciend in Los Angeles Case" (Apr. 3, 2023).
- 3. Various types of virtual currency are known to be used in these seams, including prevalent eryptocurrencies and attablecoins, such as bitters, incher. U.S. deliar testles, and T.R., summon others. FincEN's definitions and expenjility-ed guidance concerning virtual currency may be found at FincEN. *Application of FincEN's Regulations to Certain Business Medical Enveloping. Generatific Virtual Currencing* (Most). 2, 2019).
- 4. While [Regragionity of instances of this scena are perpetuated using virtual currency, seammers have increased their gillings on other ways to state money, including cleartonic funds transfer, write transfer, and feerings currency and dollar-gold centretts (Force), See Commodity Futures Trading Commission (CTC) Advisory, "Customer Advisory-Avrid Force, Precisional Metals, and Division Asset Romance Statum" (Feb. 7, 2022), and CFTC) Preas Release, "CFTC Charges Collings," (Feb. 7, 2022), and CFTC Preas Release, "CFTC Charges Collings," (Feb. 7, 2022), and CFTC Preas Release, "CFTC Charges Collings," (Feb. 7, 2022), and CFTC Preas Release, "CFTC Charges Collings," (Feb. 7, 2022), and CFTC Charges Collings, Resident and His Corporation with Fraud and Misappropriation in a Fourier Remains State Involving Division.
- 5. See New Jersey Attorney General, Fress Release, "Bureau of Securities Orders Three Website Operators to Simp Offering Transdulent Cryptometerroey Investment Opportunities, Vrges NJ Residents to Bewess of "Fig Butthering", Seams" (Feb. 3, 2023) (NJ AC Fress Release). See also DQI, "Eleven Defendants Arrested for Investment Fraud, Money Luundering and Unitensed Money Transmitting Business Schemes" (Oct. 13, 2023), and DQI, US. Atterney's Office, District of New Jersey Fress Release, "Biddleses County Man Charged with Laundering \$2.1 Million Obtained from Intenses Related Frauds" (Oct. 11, 2022).

Technical Red Flags

- A customer mentions that they downloaded an application on their phone directly from a thirdparty website, rather than from a well-known third-party application store or an application store installed by the manufacturer of the device.
- A customer receives a large amount of virtual currency such as ether at an exchange, subsequently converts the amount to a virtual currency with lower transaction fees such as TRX, and then abruptly sends it out of the exchange.

Source: FinCEN Alert FIN-2023-Alert005





FinCEN Alert on Prevalent Virtual Currency Investment Scam Commonly Known as "Pig Butchering"

Filina Request

institutions reference this alert in SAR field 2 (Filing Institution Note to FinCEN) and the narrative by PIGBUTCHERING" and selecting "Fraud-Other" under SAR field

Enforcement Network (FinCEN) is issuing this alert to U.S. financial institutions1 and the broader public to bring attention to a prominent virtual currency investment scam called "pig butchering." These scams are referred to as "pig butchering" as they resemble the practice of fattening a hog before slaughter. The victims in this situation are referred to as "pigs" by the scammers who leverage fictitious identities, the guise of potential relationships, and elaborate storylines to "fatten up" the victim into believing they are in trusted partnerships. The scammers then refer to "hutchering" or "slaughtering" the victim after victim assets are stolen,

causing the victims financial and emotional harm. In many cases, the "butchering" phase involves exchange schemes"—all with the intent of defrauding them of their investment.3 Pig butchering scams are largely perpetrated by criminal organizations based in Southeast Asia who use victims

- "Sha Zhu Pan," a Chinese term that locaely translates to pig butchering. These seams may also be referred to, or begin as, "confidence seams" (or in certain cases "romance seams") because fraudators gain the confidence of their victims before eventually enticing them to make investments in froudulent virtual currency trading platforms. See U.S. Department of Justice (DOJ), U.S. Attorney's Office, Central District of California Press Release, "Justice Dept. Seizes Over \$112M in Funds Linked to Cryptocurrency Investment Schemes, With Over Half Seized in Los Angeles
- Various types of virtual currency are known to be used in these seams, including prevalent crypts stablecoins, such as bitcoin, ether, U.S. dollar tether, and TRX, among others. FinCEN's definitions and couplides of definitions concerning vistual currency may be found at FinCEN's <u>Application of FinCEN's Regulations to Certain</u> Business Models Involving Carvertible Virtual Currencies' (May 9, 2019).
- rold contracts (Force). See Commodity Futures Trading Commission (CFTC) Advisory, "Customer Advisory: Avoid

Some Pig Butchering Web Domains



zvip.zone	coinss.pro	mitokenex.com	bitget-tw.com	rkez.xyz
xtfkskpk.buzz	qklyz.com	flyscoin.com	cme-cn.com	acefinex.com
meymytum.xyz	coinline.pro	autoecofxmarkets.com	kucoinusa.com	acefinex.net
vwtryf.xyz	skgroup.vip	ensf.agency	266wrd.com	acefinex[.}vip
eumfpbva.xyz	galaxycoin.vip	shopwse.com	financeaka.cc	eumfpbva.xyz
nhealcoin.cc	nhchain.vip	beybit.com	ettsmc.ltd	meymytum.xyz
zvip.zone	lanbing.club	bihuo.top	bilinkbitex.com	okx-us.net
hitbicvip.com	fwhtoken.com	bn93.com	engiegpg.com	s-coin.vip
hitbic.net	s-coin.vip	sklge.com	aax.news	vwtryf.xyz
oslint.com	walletput.com	tgbone.com	ftxcn99.com	xtfkskpk.buzz
maskexc.com	okx-us.net	hkdbitexchange.com	pinduoyu.com	mitokenex.com

Source: Security provider ProofPoint blog, "Broken Dreams and Piggy Banks: Pig Butchering Crypto Fraud Growing Online", 10/24/2022

Pig Butchering Fraud Reporting

- In addition to filing a SAR, financial institutions are encouraged to refer their customers who may be victims of pig butchering to the FBI's IC3: https://www.ic3.gov/
- Institutions may also refer their customers to the Securities and Exchange Commission's tips, complaints, and referrals (TCR) system to report investment fraud: https://www.sec.gov/tcr
- In the case of elder victims of pig butchering, financial institutions may also refer their customers to DOJ's National Elder Fraud Hotline at 833-FRAUD-11 or 833-372-8311.







- LEARNED LEARNED
- Investment scams can use boiler rooms of human trafficking victims to manipulate people emotionally to gain access to their resources
- Most, if not all cryptocurrencies lack the most basic dispute resolution systems and investor protections we take for granted in traditional financial institutions
- Your social media accounts and online dating accounts are a window into your private life that will be used against you if cybercriminals gain access to those profiles and posts
- Online dating and social media has made it possible for scams to be carried out from anywhere in the world with great effect
- If someone with whom you have little to nothing in common with starts flirting and then starts suggesting investment vehicles, they may be a scammer posing as a suitor





"The Chaotic And Cinematic MGM Casino Hack, Explained", Vox 10/6/2023

"The Audacious MGM Hack That Brought Chaos To Las Vegas", The Wall Street
Journal, 3/29/2024

INSIDE THE MGM RANSOMWARE ATTACK

About MGM Resorts





Operator of 18 properties in the United States and Macau

Signed Implementation Agreement an integrated resort in Japan



Sports betting and iGaming brand in 28 North American jurisdictions and Carnival Cruises



Online sports betting and iGaming operator in 10 jurisdictions in Europe and Canada



Source: MGM Resorts Q3 Earnings Call Presentation (http://cpate.ch/mgmq323)



MGM Resorts Ransomware



- On Friday, September 8, 2023, the help desk for MGM Resorts received a call from an employee asking for a password reset
- The called shared private information about an employee, and the help desk staffer reset the password without incident
- This casino giant operates some of the biggest properties in the world, including over 37,200 hotel rooms



























MGM Resorts Ransomware



- This actually was a hacker which led to a network compromise, data exfiltration, and ransomware with a requested \$30MM ransom which shut down its systems
- Caesar's Entertainment was simultaneously targeted and paid the ransom; Unlike Caesar's, MGM did NOT pay
- We will discuss the tactics employed by the group who was allegedly behind the attack



























The Alleged Perps: Octo Tempest



- Financial criminal group
- This hacker group is fluent in English and is believed to consist of British and American hackers
- Also known as Oktapus, Scattered Spider, and UNC3944
- Activity first noticed in early 2022
- Known to partner with Russian ALPHV/BlackCat hacker group, a ransomware as a service (RaaS) operation starting in mid-2023

Octo Tempest Evolution- 2022-2023



Phase 1: Early 2022 - Late 2022



Mobile providers, business process outsourcers



Social engineering, data collection to support sim swaps



SIM-swap targeted victims



Crypto fraud and selling access to other threat actors

Source: Microsoft Security Blog (http://cpate.ch/ms8t)

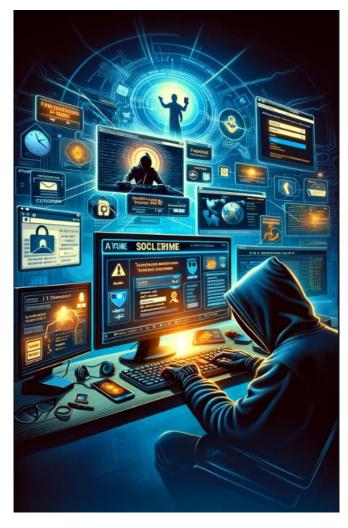
Octo Tempest Social Engineering



Uses one of many social engineering techniques to gain initial access to a network

- Calling an employee and socially engineering the user to either:
 - Install a remote access utility
 - Direct them to a fake corporate login website operated by the hackers
 - Remove their account's use of two-factor authentication
- Calling an organization's help desk and socially engineering the help desk to reset the user's account

Source: "Octo Tempest Group Threatens Physical Violence as Social Engineering Tactic", Dark Reading, 10/27/2023 (http://cpate.ch/octhreat)



Octo Tempest Social Engineering



Uses one of many social engineering techniques to gain initial access to a network (continued):

- Purchasing an employee's credentials and/or session token(s) on a criminal underground market
- SMS phishing employee phone numbers with a link to a site configured with a fake login portal
- SIM swap or call forwarding attack against a target employee's cell phone
- ... but sometimes, these techniques are not enough...

Source: "Octo Tempest Group Threatens Physical Violence as Social Engineering Tactic", Dark Reading, 10/27/2023 (http://cpate.ch/octhreat)

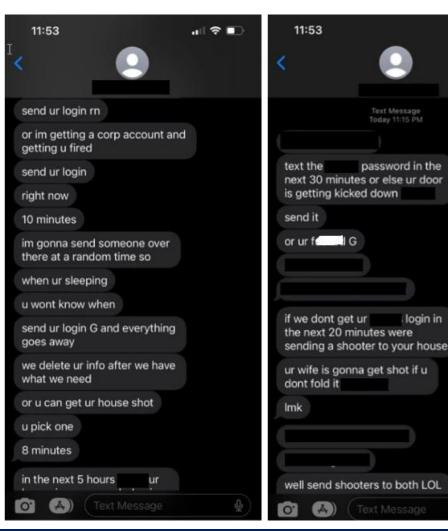


Intimidation By Octo Tempest



- In some instances, this perpetrator has been linked to efforts to intimidate users into giving up their credentials
 - Sharing that they know where someone lives and threatening them with violence
 - Threatening to harm an employee's home or family

Source: "Octo Tempest Group Threatens Physical Violence as Social Engineering Tactic", Dark Reading, 10/27/2023 (http://cpate.ch/octhreat)



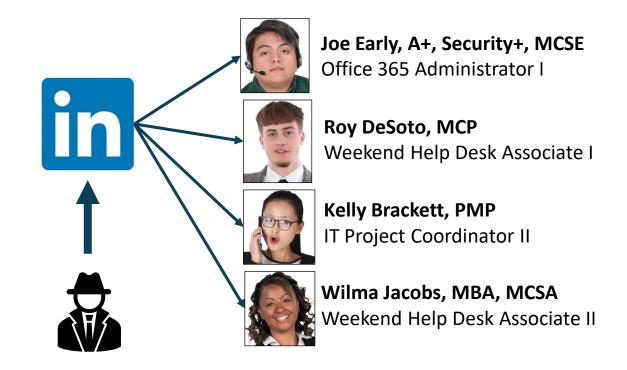


1. Hacking group Octo Tempest scans social networks like **LinkedIn** and **Facebook** as well as **dark web databases** for IT employees at **MGM Resorts**



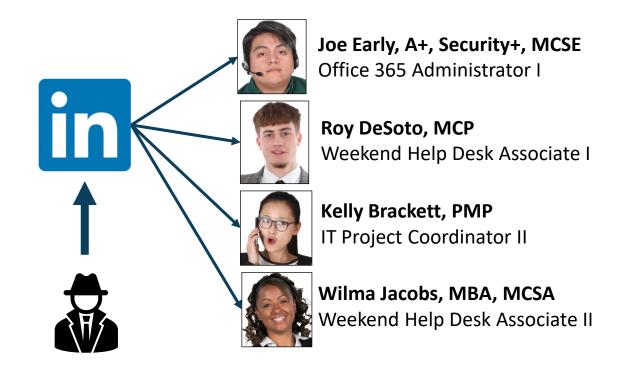
2. The cybercriminal rules out mid-level and senior employees and selects four low-level IT help desk team members with MGM Resorts as employer from LinkedIn





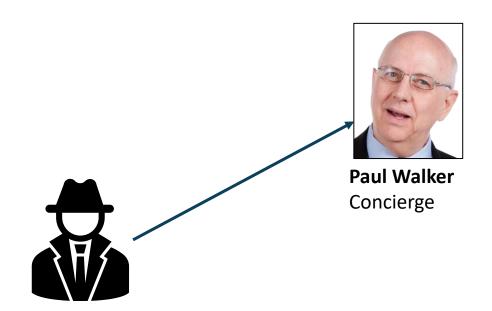
3. Hacker scans the profiles of some junior help desk employees and ranks them for susceptibility to a voice phishing ("vishing") attack, where the attacker impersonates a call from an employee





4. Hacker finds that Roy DeSoto includes his direct line at work on his social profile – so he will be his first target



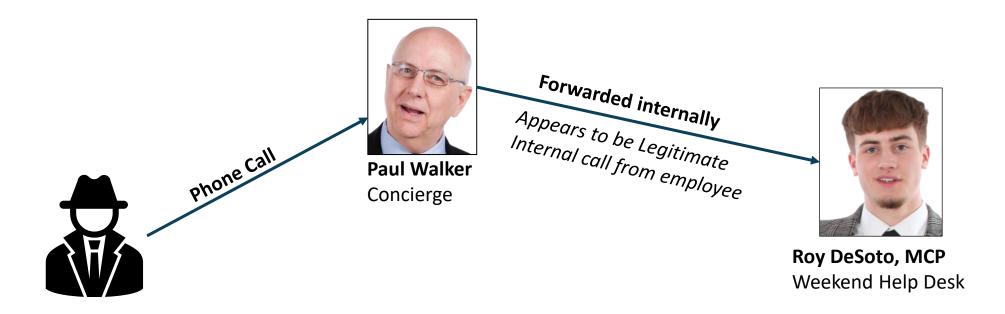




Roy DeSoto, MCP Weekend Help Desk

5. Hacker calls a direct line for Paul Walker, a concierge at the hotel – on a number on the concierge's business card available at a desk in the hotel lobby





6. Hacker introduces himself as Eric Cartman, a pit boss at the MGM Grand who misdialed this number, and Walker transfers him to DeSoto – which now appears as an "internal" call



Hi, Help desk? This is Eric Cartman at Excalibur. Can you reset my password? I've been out at my friend Kenny's funeral and now my login isn't working. Oh, and I lost my cell phone today.



Appears to be Legitimate
Internal call from employee



Roy DeSoto, MCP Weekend Help Desk

7. Hacker identifies himself as "Eric Cartman" to DeSoto and asks to have his username and password reset – after sharing personal information mined from LinkedIn



Sure, Eric. I saw the post about Kenny

— I can't believe that he's really gone...

OK, I've reset your password to

"HelpMeObiWan123". You'll have to
reset it after you log in next time. I've
also temporarily disabled your two
factor authentication until you get a
new phone.

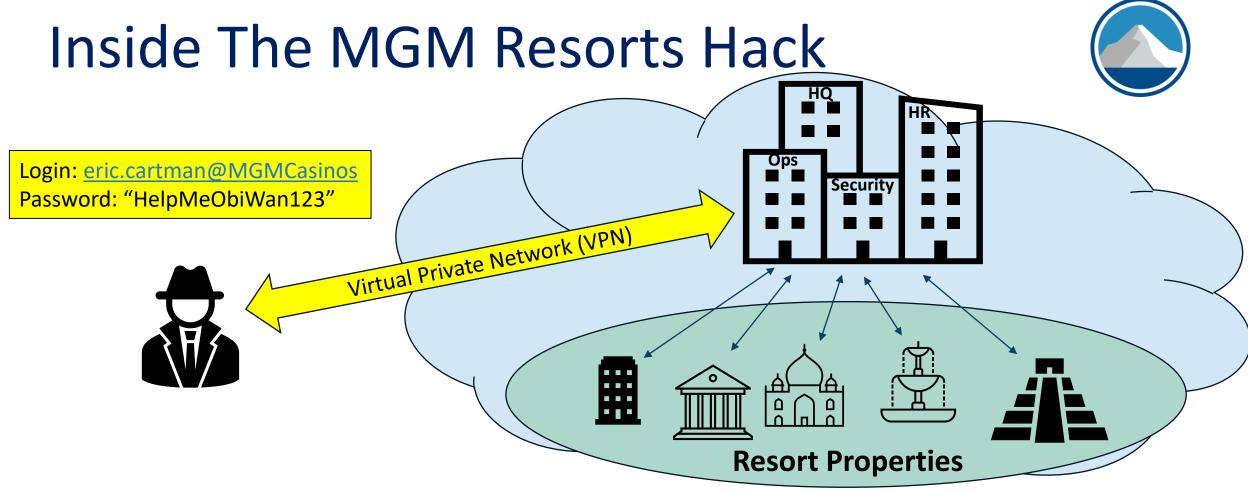


Forwarded internally

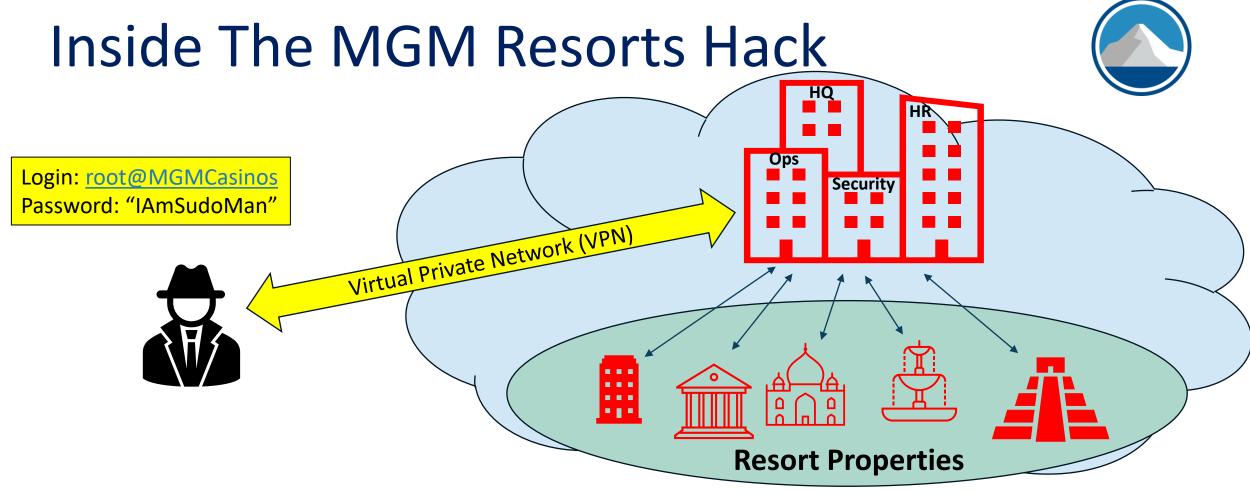
Appears to be Legitimate
Internal call from employee

Roy DeSoto, MCP Weekend Help Desk

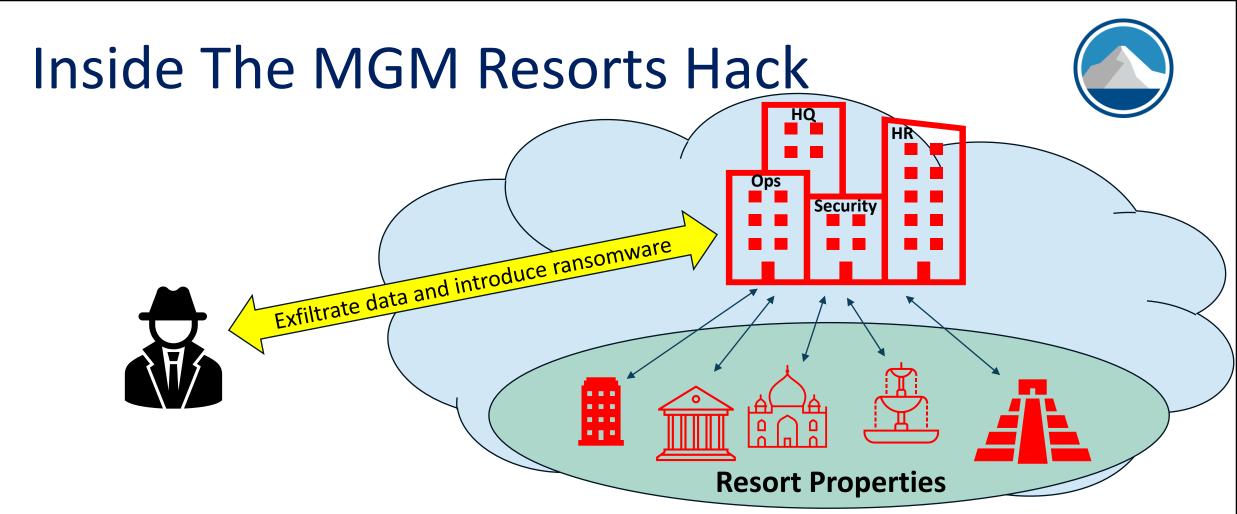
8. Roy DeSoto resets Eric Cartman's password and temporarily disables two-factor authentication for 72 hours since it requires his "missing" cell phone to complete the login



8. The hacker now has a legitimate set of credentials which doesn't require two-factor authentication for three days — it's time to start hacking the network.



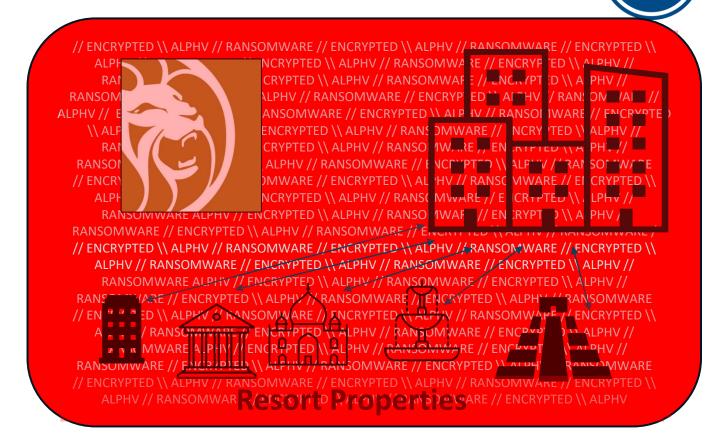
9. The hackers now use security vulnerabilities and hacking techniques to burrow further and further into the network, exploiting the security weaknesses and gaining control (red)



10. The hackers have gained control of the network, and now they extract sensitive information and introduce the ALPHV ransomware into the network

We are Octo Tempest. You must pay \$30 million or we will never decrypt your data and release sensitive information. We've locked everything up and you will be living in an analog world until the ransom is paid.





10. Once the data is encrypted on the network and the systems are rendered useless, the cybercriminals ask for \$30 million

MGM Resorts Ransomware



MGM RESORTS INTERNATIONAL STATEMENT ON CYBERSECURITY ISSUE

September 12, 2023

Las Vegas, Sept. 12, 2023 /PRNewswire/ -- MGM Resorts International (the "Company" or "MGM Resorts") today issued the following statement:

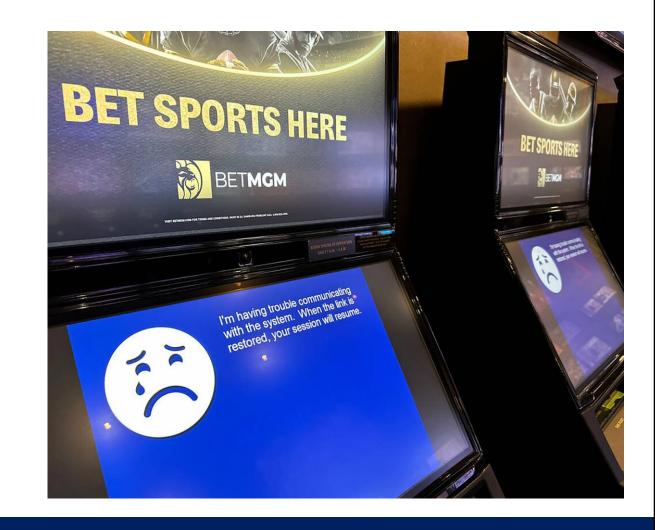
"MGM Resorts recently identified a cybersecurity issue affecting certain of the Company's systems. Promptly after detecting the issue, we began an investigation with assistance from leading external cybersecurity experts. We also notified law enforcement and are taking steps to protect our systems and data, including shutting down certain systems. Our investigation is ongoing, and we are working diligently to resolve the matter. The Company will continue to implement measures to secure its business operations and take additional steps as appropriate."

WE ARE CURRENTLY EXPERIENCING UNFORESEEN DIFFICULTIES, BUT ARE DILIGENTLY WORKING TO RESOLVE THIS AS SOON AS POSSIBLE. **OUR SLOT MACHINES** ARE AVAILABLE TO PLAY WITH CASH.

Operational Impacts At MGM



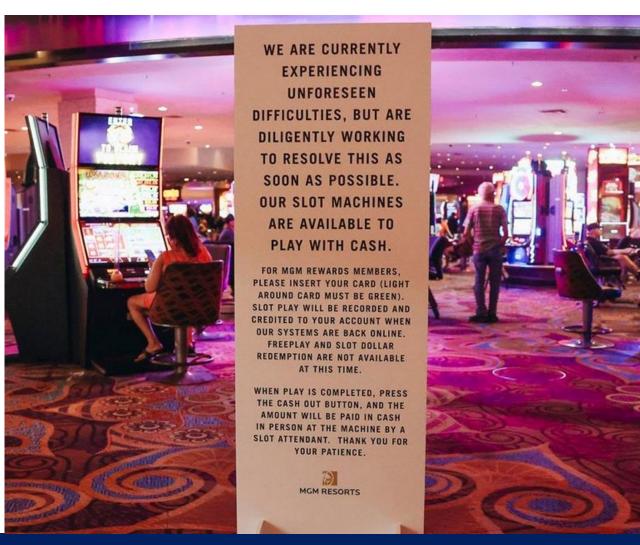
- Hotel room keys no longer worked and tens of thousands were locked out of their hotel rooms
- Dinner reservation systems and online hotel reservation systems were down
- Only cash payments could be accepted at point of sale systems
- ATMs and parking management systems failed



Operational Impacts At MGM



- Many slot machines simply didn't work, and on others, gamers had to wait up to an hour for winnings to be paid out in cash at the machine
- Guests were unable to check in or check out, and when backup systems were deployed, check in and check out often exceeded three hours
- The identity and access management (IAM) systems – Okta and Azure Active Directory – appeared to be compromised
 - (this is according to an excellent detailed analysis by CyberArk's Andy Thompson)



Operational Impacts At MGM



It's not just our work schedule. It's anything to do with being an employee with MGM.

No schedule
No vacation (PTO) hours
All info pertaining to my 401
Time card and tokes made
Attendance points
They hacked into our entire
employment info. My social, my
husband and kids socials, all
my bank info.

We have gotten ZERO answers about anything. You can repost but keep my

You can repost but keep my name out of it.

They are more worried about slots and atms working.

- Employees may feel intimidated or ignored in cybercrime situations like this one
- MGM Resorts (and the Aria Resort specifically)
 had collective bargaining issues with the
 Culinary Worker's union around this time and
 this kind of uncertainty can make it much more
 difficult to recruit and retail
- When combined with the personal safety threats used by some cybercriminals, the mayhem that can be created on a victim increases exponentially

3:31 PM

Operational Impacts At MGM Resorts & Some Bad Press/Social Media Posts





Gabriel Susan Lewis

@NessieCakes

Btw in the check in lines, they had mini bottles of water. By Wednesday, they switched to glasses of wine



Gabriel Susan Lewis @NessieCakes - 8h

The keys the front desk issue for all new rooms are white keys – I don't know if they are master keys but they can't issue more than one for your room. What people don't realize is that this is a MASSIVE security risk for MGM. Keys aren't required to get to any floor...

0 1

1

0 2

603

,T.

Gabriel Susan Lewis @NessieCakes - 8h

... and obviously their manual spreadsheet is not perfect.

Another guest I spoke to said he was walked in on as well and his friend (female) had her room accessed while she was in the shower (!). The situation could have been awful if taken advantage of.

0

tı

0

J 561

1.

11:05 AM · Sep 15, 2023 · 420 Views

MGM Resorts Press Release 10/5/2023



MGM RESORTS UPDATE ON RECENT CYBERSECURITY ISSUE

October 5, 2023

LAS VEGAS, Oct. 5, 2023 /PRNewswire/ -- MGM Resorts International ("MGM Resorts" or the "Company") recently disclosed that the Company identified a cybersecurity issue affecting certain of its systems and that its investigation into the issue was ongoing. On or around September 29, 2023, MGM Resorts determined that an unauthorized third party obtained personal information of some of its customers on September 11, 2023.

The affected information included name, contact information (such as phone number, email address, and postal address), gender, date of birth, and driver's license number. For a limited number of customers, Social Security number and/or passport number was also affected. The types of impacted information varied by individual.

The Company does not believe customer passwords, bank account numbers, or payment card information was affected by this issue.



Source: MGM Resorts Press Release 10/5/2023 (http://cpate.ch/mgmcypr)

MGM Resorts Press Release 10/5/2023



MGM RESORTS UPDATE ON RECENT CYBERSECURITY ISSUE

Promptly after learning of this issue, MGM Resorts took steps to protect its systems and data, including shutting down certain systems. The Company also quickly launched an investigation with the assistance of leading cybersecurity experts and is coordinating with law enforcement. MGM Resorts takes the security of its systems and data very seriously and has put in place additional safeguards to further protect its systems.

MGM Resorts is notifying relevant customers by email as required by applicable law and has arranged to provide those customers with credit monitoring and identity protection services at no cost to them. Individuals who receive an email from MGM Resorts about this issue should refer to that email for additional information and instructions for enrolling in these services.



Source: MGM Resorts Press Release 10/5/2023 (http://cpate.ch/mgmcypr)

Epilogue: Ransomware Site Seized





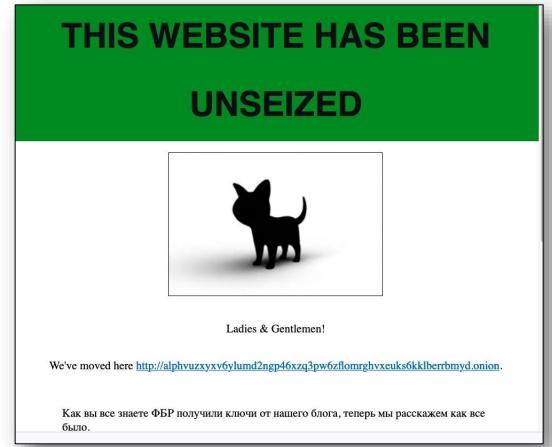
Read the PDF affidavit for this raid online at Flashpoint's website

- In late December 2023, the website for the AlphV ransomware was taken down by a coalition of international law enforcement agencies....
- Credentials for the site were obtained from a confidential human source with access to the group

Epilogue: Ransomware Site Seized



- In a bizarre twist, after the site was "seized" by law enforcement, the group launched a new website, claiming that "this website has been unseized"
- This site was subsequently shut down by law enforcement



Web graphic for AlphV "unseized" website

Source: Ars Technica 12/20/2023



- Voice phishing or "vishing" is a serious threat to every business and IT personnel should get extra training and monitoring to help prevent successful attacks
- A business continuity plan should be created and periodically tested for all businesses
- Given that the ransom was \$30 million and the impact of the disruption was in excess of \$100 million in September 2023 alone (before the breach was discovered), paying the ransom (as Caesar's Entertainment reportedly did – for \$15MM) should be seriously considered as opposed to having operational chaos



- Some cyber criminals today behave more like the gangsters of the early 20th century than the mischievous hackers of the late 20th century
 - Threats against employees, their homes, and their families should be taken seriously and may require 24x7x365 security for the family for a period of time
- The impact of social media to cause fear and panic amidst catastrophic operational failures cannot be underestimated
 - Posts like the Twitter post which cites someone walking in on a woman in the shower can cause trauma that takes years to resolve



- Contingencies surrounding all operational issues should be evaluated and updated after each test – including mission critical areas like:
 - Identity/access management systems like OKTA and Entra ID
 - Gaming operations and payouts
 - Hotel/restaurant point of sale and operations
 - Payment systems, ATMs, and other financial services
 - Reservations and hotel operations
 - Handling social media posts of such failures





"Hackers Backed by Russia and China are Infecting SOHO Routers Like Yours, FBI Warns", Ars Technica, 2/27/2024

"Chinese Malware Removed from SOHO Routers After FBI Issues Covert Commands", Ars Technica, 1/31/2024

ROUTER VULNERABILITIES

A Small Subset Of Critical Updates



Date Publication	Link
3/26/2024 Bleeping Computer	The Moon malware infects 6,000 ASUS routers in 72 hours
3/20/2024 Bleeping Computer	New 'Loop DoS' attack may impact up to 300,000
	Hackers backed by Russia and China are infecting SOHO routers like yours, FBI
2/27/2024 Ars Technica	<u>warns</u>
	Chinese malware removed from SOHO routers after FBI issues covert
1/31/2024 Ars Technica	<u>commands</u>
1/31/2024 PC Magazine	FBI disrupts Chinese botnet by wiping malware from infected routers
1/31/2024 Bleeping Computer	CISA Vendors must secure SOHO routers against Volt Typhoon attacks
6/19/2023 Bleeping Computer	ASUS urges customers to patch critical router vulnerabilities
6/11/2023 Bleeping Computer	Fortinet fixes critical RCE flaw in Fortigate SSL-VPN devices, patch now
5/19/2023 Ars Technica	ASUS routers knocked offline worldwide by bad security update
5/16/2023 Bleeping Computer	Hackers infect TP-Link router firmware to attack EU entities
5/2/2023The Register	TP-Link Archer WiFi router flaw exploited by Mirai malware
3/23/2023Tech Radar	Netgear Orbi routers have some troubling security issues, so patch
3/15/2023SC Media	Fortinet Govt networks targeted with now-patched SSL-VPN zero
1/20/2023 Bleeping Computer	Over 19,000 end-of-life Cisco routers exposed to RCA Attacks
12/30/2022Tech Radar	Netgear Wi-Fi routers need to be patched immediately
12/29/2022 Bleeping Computer	Netgear warns users to patch recently fixed WiFi router bug
1/24/2021 Tech Radar	Netgear patches serious bug found in several popular routers
10/16/2017 Bleeping Computer	List of Firmware Driver Updates for KRACK WPA2 Vulnerability

What Happened?

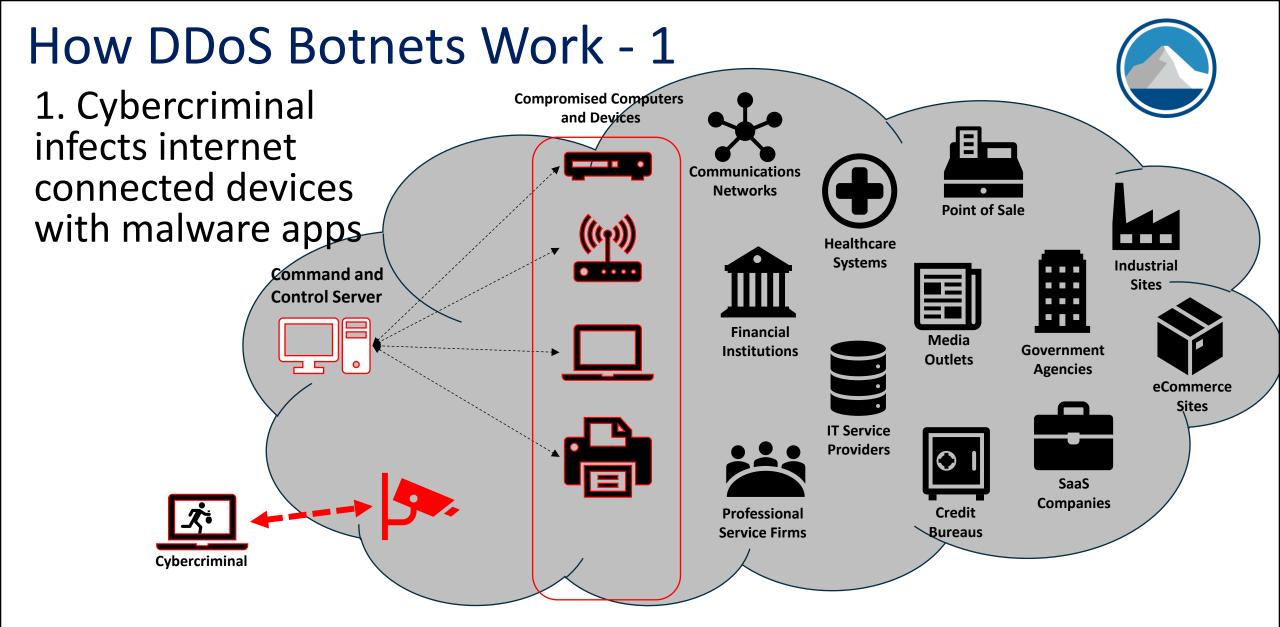


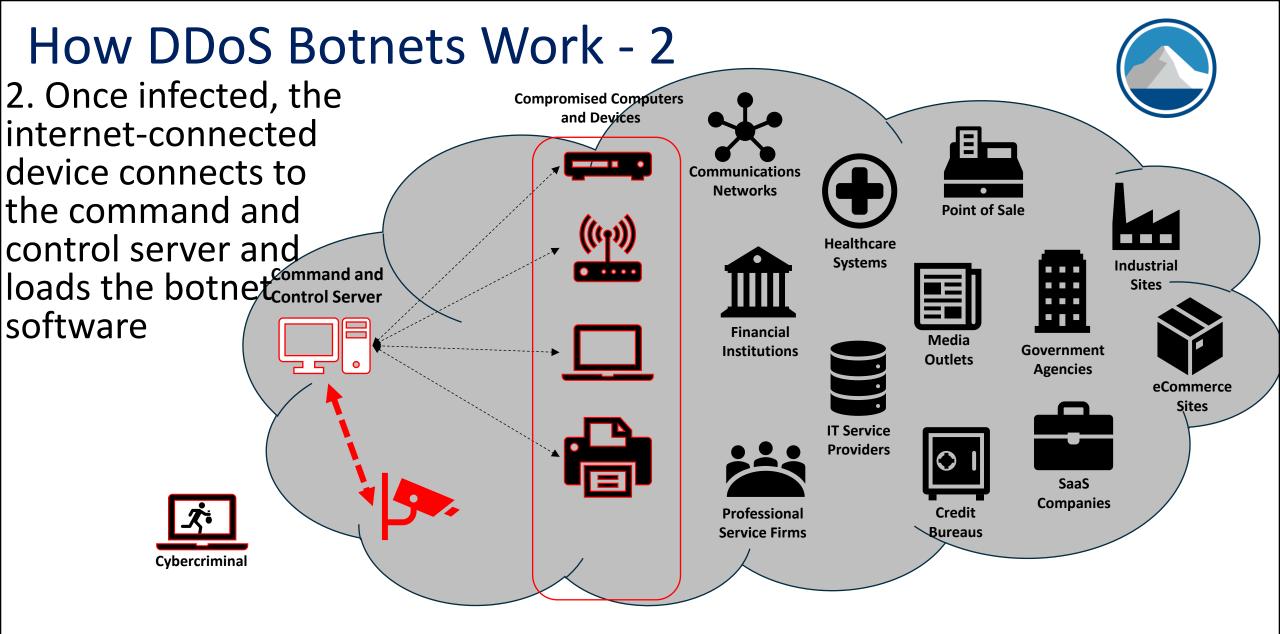
- Even though most everyone has a wireless router at their home, very few people are capable of configuring this router by themselves
 - Fewer users still know how to determine if a router is at its "end of life"
 - And even fewer of them know how to update the firmware/software on the router
- While most of you didn't get any training as a network engineer, it IS critical that you keep up with when your devices are at their end of life.

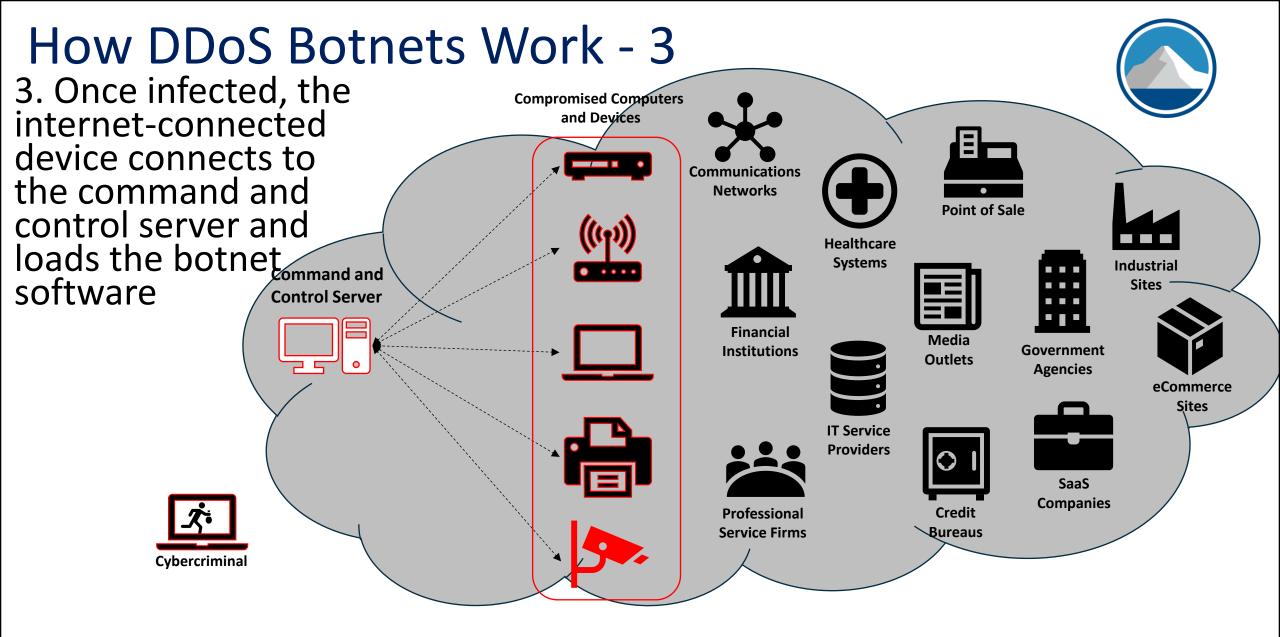
The Satori Botnet

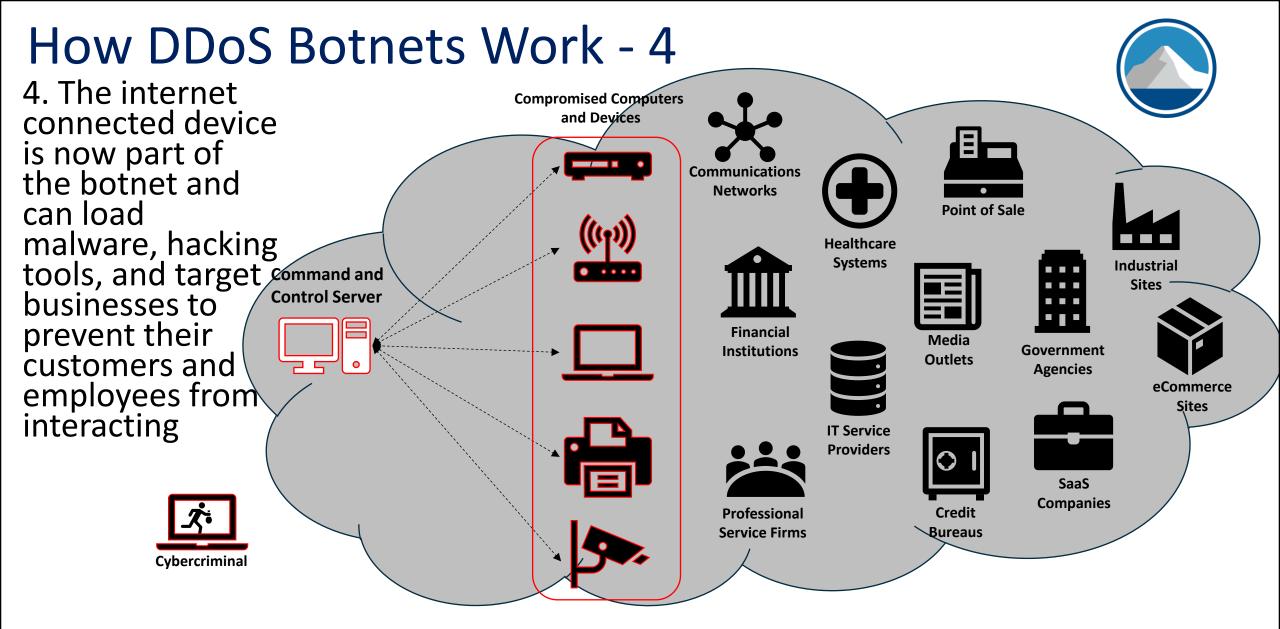


- Is based on the Mirai malware which compromised internetconnected devices like routers and digital video recorders who had not changed the default passwords
- This kind of botnet is often used to extort money from big websites in exchange for not shutting them down
- Exploits bugs in embedded firmware to take control of internet exposed devices
- Home grade devices are often poorly configured and rarely receive the timely security updates necessary to keep them safe from hackers

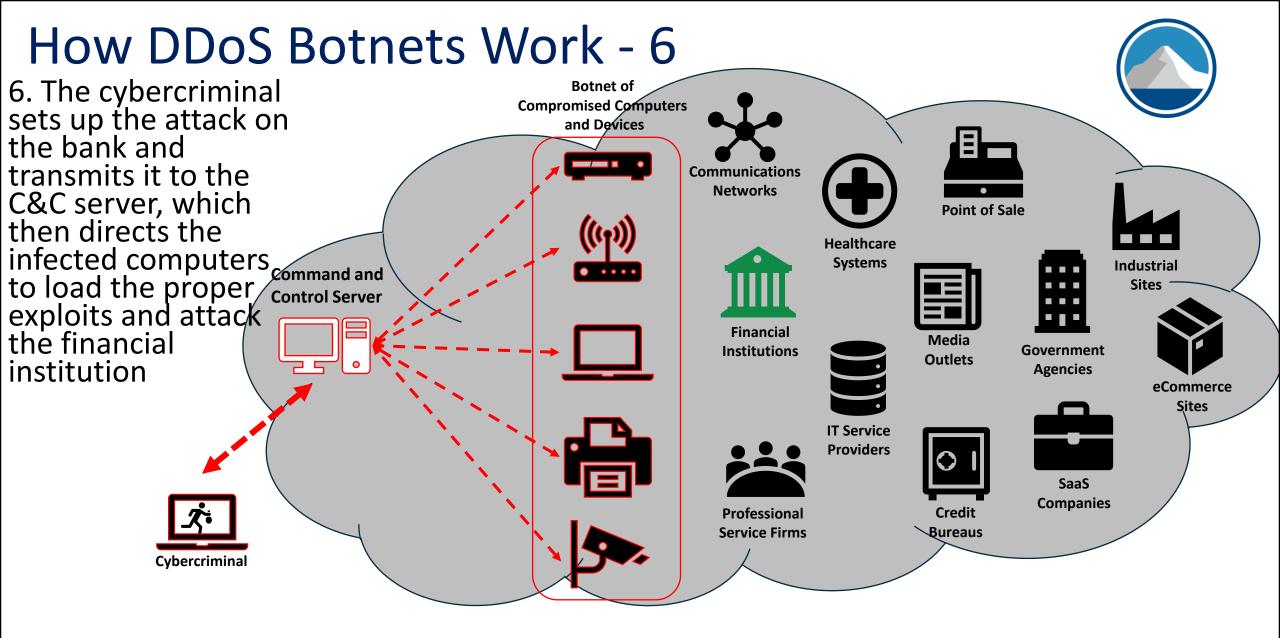


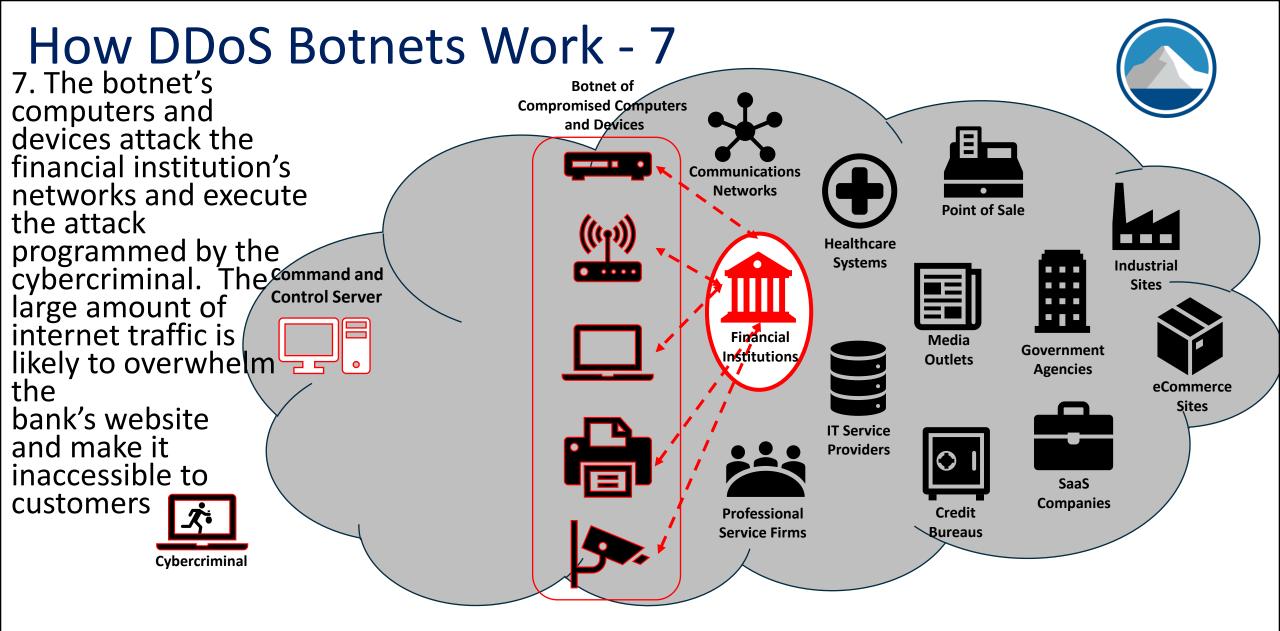


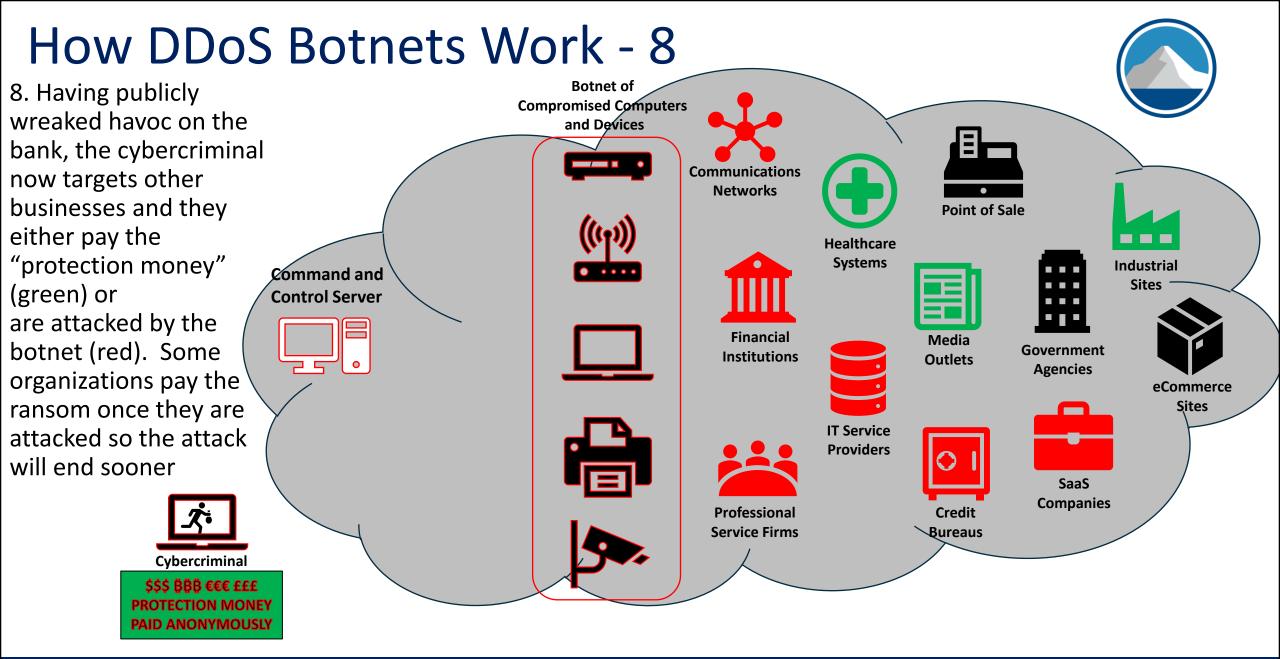




How DDoS Botnets Work - 5 5. The **Botnet of** cybercriminal decides to try to extort \$90,000 **Compromised Computers** and Devices **Communications Networks** from a fináncial **Point of Sale** institution in Healthcare exchange for not **Systems** Industrial **Command and** attacking their Sites **Control Server** website with the **Financial** Media botnet. The bank Institutions Government **Outlets Agencies** does not pay the **eCommerce** extortion, so the Sites **IT Service** criminal áttacks **Providers** SaaS **Companies** Credit **Professional Service Firms** Bureaus Cybercriminal







Five Reasons Home-Grade Routers And Devices Are Dangerous To Your Office Network



- 1. Many users do not change the default username and password
- 2. The firmware is rarely updated; if significant security issues are found and reported, many manufacturers tell you to buy a new device
- 3. The software and the device itself are designed to be disposable; the business model requires purchasing a new device every 2-3 years
- 4. The default settings are usually very weak and do not adequately secure the network environment against malicious outsiders
- 5. There is usually little, if any, opportunity to separate IoT devices like cameras, wi-fi enabled lights, and garage door openers onto a separate subnet so they cannot interact with machines with confidential data

Some Basic Rules For Securing Your IoT Stuff

(Adapted from Krebs on Security, 1/17/2018)



- 1. Avoid connecting your devices directly to the internet, and use a firewall to block incoming traffic
- 2. If you can, change the thing's default credentials
- 3. Update the firmware when you set up and also check for updates periodically
- 4. Check the default settings and make sure that features like UPnP are disabled
- 5. Avoid IoT devices that advertise Peer-to-Peer (P2P) capabilities to other devices or online
- 6. Consider the cost of the device cheaper is usually not better

KrebsonSecurity In-depth security news and investigation

17 Some Basic Rules for Securing Your IoT Stuff

Most readers here have likely heard or read various prognostications about the impending doom from the proliferation of poorly-secured "Internet of Things" or IoT devices. Loosely defined as any gadget or gizmo that connects to the Internet but which most consumers probably wouldn't begin to know how to secure, IoT encompasses everything from security cameras, routers and digital video recorders to printers, wearable devices and "smart" lightbulbs.

Throughout 2016 and 2017, attacks from massive botnets made up entirely of hacked IoT devices had many experts warning of a dire outlook for Internet security. But the future of IoT doesn't have to be so bleak. Here's a primer on minimizing the chances that your IoT things become a security liability for you or for the Internet at large.



-Rule #1: Avoid connecting your devices directly to the Internet — either without a firewall or in front it, by poking holes in your firewall so you can access them remotely. Putting your devices in front of your firewall is generally a bad idea because many IoT products were simply not designed with security in mind and making these things accessible over the public Internet could invite attackers into your network. If you have a router, chances are it also comes with a built-in firewall. Keep your IoT devices behind the firewall as best you can.

- Don't use home grade hardware anywhere in your business network unless it's segmented onto a separate network which does not carry any confidential information
- Always change the default admin password on your router and other devices to a unique strong password which you store in password management software
- Keep the firmware in your devices updated to the latest versions to protect against known security issues on these devices
- Troubleshoot devices which are not performing properly and reconfigure/replace them promptly when trouble arises







"WormGPT Cybercrime Tool Heralds an Era of Al Malware vs. Al Defenses" – Dark Reading, July 13, 2023

"Meet the Brains Behind the Malware-Friendly AI Chat Service 'WormGPT'" - Krebs on Security, August 8, 2023

HACKING WITH AI IN THE WILD: WORMGPT AND FRAUDGPT

Hacking With AI In The Wild



- Just as happens with all technologies, what works for good also can be used for evil
- At least two chatbots appeared in mid-2023 to meet the generative AI demands of sophisticated hackers -WormGPT and FraudGPT
- Public AI engines like ChatGPT have safeguards which prevent socially undesirable queries from being fulfilled – but these tools don't have those kinds of limits



WormGPT



- WormGPT is/was an AI engine which analyzes data simultaneously in a non-linear fashion, resulting in more accurate generation of fake email text for phishing and business e-mail compromise (BEC) attacks
- Tested by some security researchers and used by one to create a "business e-mail compromise" (BEC) phishing e-mail
 - "WormGPT produced an email that was not only remarkably persuasive but also strategically cunning, showcasing its potential for sophisticated phishing and BEC attacks." – <u>Daniel Kelley of SlashNext</u>

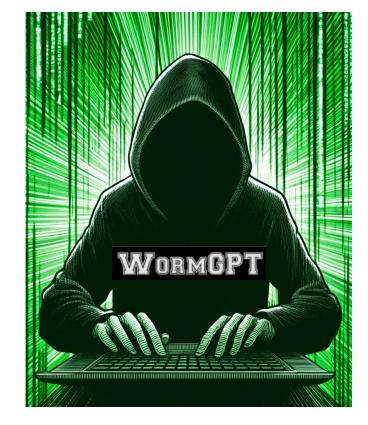


Learn more about WormGPT at the SlashNext-blog or at ZDNet

WormGPT



- SlashNext's Kelley also noted:
 - Generative AI can create messages with "impeccable" grammar, which makes the messages more believable
 - This kind of tool makes it much easier for hackers with "limited skills" to create successful attacks against organizations
 - Organizations should update training programs for BEC attacks regularly to include emerging tools like WormGPT

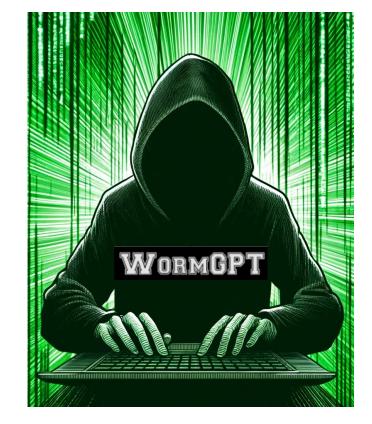


Learn more about WormGPT at the SlashNext blog or at ZDNet

WormGPT



- SlashNext's Kelley also noted:
 - A possible "fortification" against BEC attacks is to use stringent rules to identify when legitimate employees, customers, or vendors appear to be impersonated in e-mail
 - Another promising approach is to flag messages with keywords linked to BEC attacks like "urgent", "sensitive", and "wire transfer" for further scrutiny

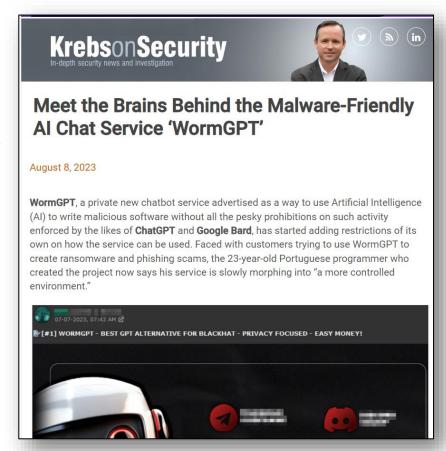


Learn more about WormGPT at the SlashNext blog or at ZDNet

Who Was Behind WormGPT?



- According to security investigative journalist Brian Krebs, WormGPT was traced back to a HackForums user going by the handle of "Last"
- This user was traced to an account for a 23 year old Portuguese programmer
- Initially, WormGPT licenses were reportedly sold for USD \$540-\$5,400 / CAD \$730-\$7,300
- Scammers unrelated to WormGPT "sold" subscriptions to WormGPT to victims – who never received access to the tool
- WormGPT shut down in August 2023, shortly after this programmer was publicly identified

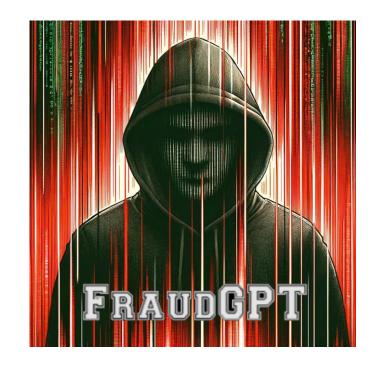


Read the detailed profile of WormGPT's author at Krebs on Security

FraudGPT



- Similar tool to WormGPT
 - Can generate phishing campaigns and business email compromise messages and other fake documents
- Subscription fees range from \$200 USD/mo (\$271 CAD) to \$1,700 USD/yr (\$2,300 CAD)
- With more than 3,000 subscriptions sold through July 2023, this product has identified an audience willing to pay for generative AI without limits
- Generative AI is being used more and more by "red teams" which are security analysts charged with finding vulnerabilities in systems



Learn more about FraudGPT at the <u>Cybersecurity News Blog</u> or at <u>Netenrich's blog</u>

FraudGPT



- FraudGPT can reportedly also:
 - write malicious code
 - create undetectable malware
 - create phishing pages
 - build hacking tools
 - identify stolen credit cards numbers which do not require one-time passwords ("non vbv bins")
 - find leaks and vulnerabilities
 - find hacking groups, sites, and markets

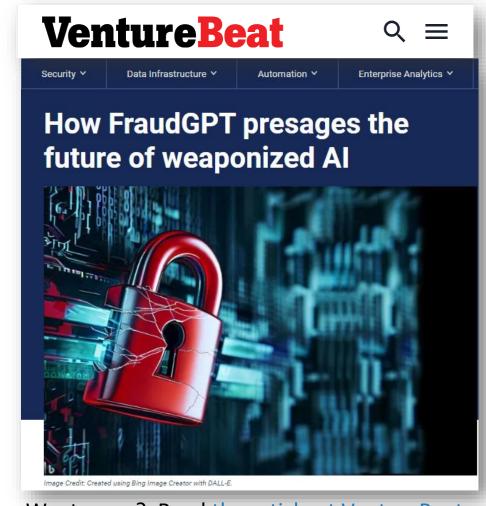


Learn more about FraudGPT at the <u>Cybersecurity News Blog</u> or at Netenrich's blog

FraudGPT And Weaponized Al



- In a Q3 2023 article, VentureBeat cited five ways in which FraudGPT shows us a troubling future of weaponized AI
 - 1. Automated social engineering and phishing attacks
 - 2. Al-generated malware and exploits
 - 3. Automated discovery of cybercrime resources
 - 4. Al-driven evasion of defenses is just starting...
 - 5. Difficulty of detection and attribution



Want more? Read the article at VentureBeat



- The best tool against offensive AI tools is likely to be a whole new class of defensive AI tools which use real time information to respond to emerging threats
- The days of signature-based antivirus tools as an effective solution are over since novices can use AI tools to create new strains of malware which will run amok for the 2-3 days it takes for the malware signatures for new threats to be incorporated into these tools

LESSONS LEARNED

- The AI arms race has only begun, and will make both the "good guys" and the "bad guys" more effective
- Every revolutionary tool can be used for good and evil, and those who do not keep up with the rapid evolution of threats and defenses will experience unprecedented attacks in the coming years



LEARNED LEARNED

- Like the dawn of the atomic age at the end of World War II, there is no way to go back to the "good old days" before AI technology existed - it's here forever
- Generative AI tools like WormGPT and Fraud GPT will make it possible for entry level hackers ("script kiddies") and non-technical organized crime to create very effective cyber attacks without having the technical skills and experience once needed to design, launch, and execute these hacks





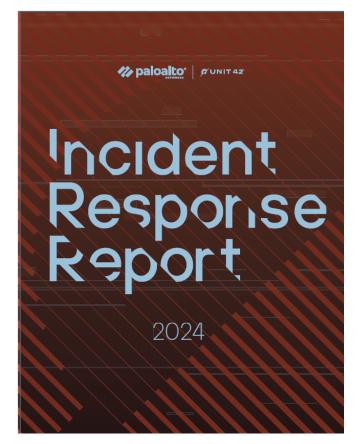


UNIT 42 2023 INCIDENT RESPONSE REPORT

2024 Unit 42 Incident Response Report



- Enterprise IT hardware vendor Palo Alto Networks operates a top tier forensic and incident response team called "Unit 42"
- Unit 42's annual incident response report details the major themes and lessons learned from its 2024 engagements
- Its observations detail the trends and threats used by cybercriminals to attack targets, and serve as a roadmap for expected future trends in cybercrime

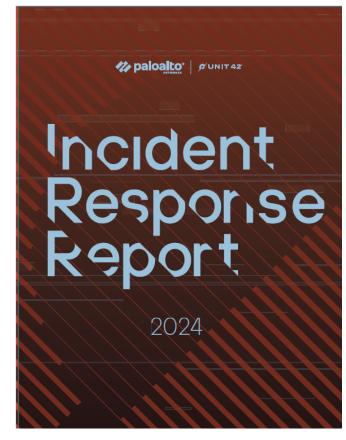


Obtain and <u>review the 66-page</u> detailed report from Unit 42

Key Findings – 2024

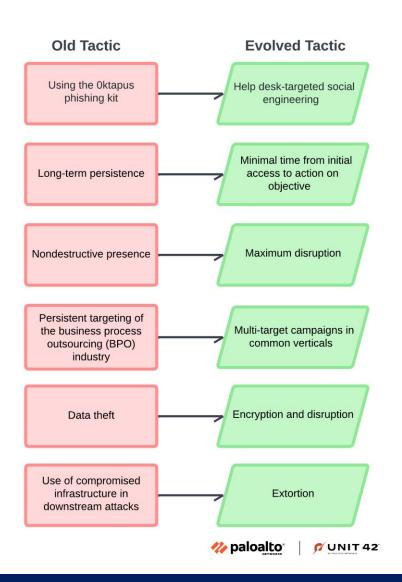


- Attackers are compromising systems and exfiltrating data faster than ever
 - Defenders need to speed up to remain effective
- Software vulnerabilities were how attackers compromised systems in all of the largest scale attack campaigns in 2023
- Threat actors are becoming more specialized and sophisticated, and can use IT, cloud, and security tools very effectively as offensive weapons against targets



Muddled Libra / Scattered Spider



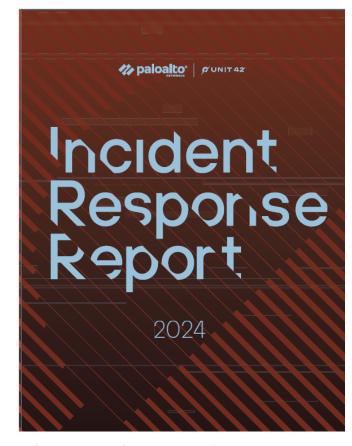


- Much of the 2024 Unit 42 incident response report is concerned with 2023's most active hacker group, "Muddled Libra"
- This group is know by many other names, including Scattered Spider, Oktapus, Starfraud, UNC3944, Scatter Swine, and Octo Tempest
- In 2023, Muddled Libra was responsible for attacks on Caesar's Entertainment, MGM Resorts, identity/access management vendor Okta, and a late 2022 attack on telecommunications firm Twilio

Vulnerabilities Enabling Attacks



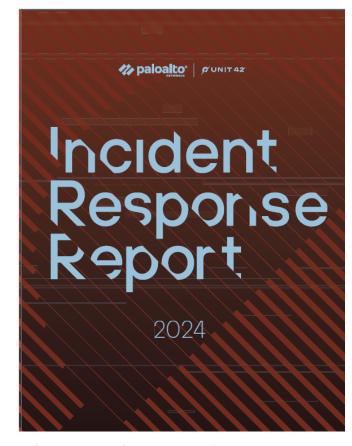
- Three key security weaknesses were at the core of 2023's major cybersecurity incidents
 - Unpatched software and configuration vulnerabilities gave attackers openings to exploit
 - Inconsistent and incomplete deployment of endpoint detection and response tools allowed attackers to operate from undefended parts of victim networks
 - Identity and access management (IAM)
 compromises and credential thefts allow
 attackers to function as privileged users on
 victim networks



Vulnerabilities Enabling Attacks



- Three key security weaknesses were at the core of 2023's major cybersecurity incidents
 - Unpatched software and configuration vulnerabilities gave attackers openings to exploit
 - Inconsistent and incomplete deployment of endpoint detection and response tools allowed attackers to operate from undefended parts of victim networks
 - Identity and access management (IAM)
 compromises and credential thefts allow
 attackers to function as privileged users on
 victim networks

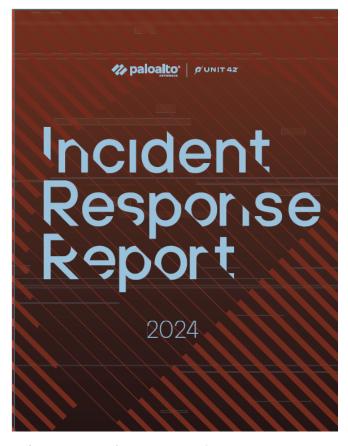


Industries Targeted In 2023



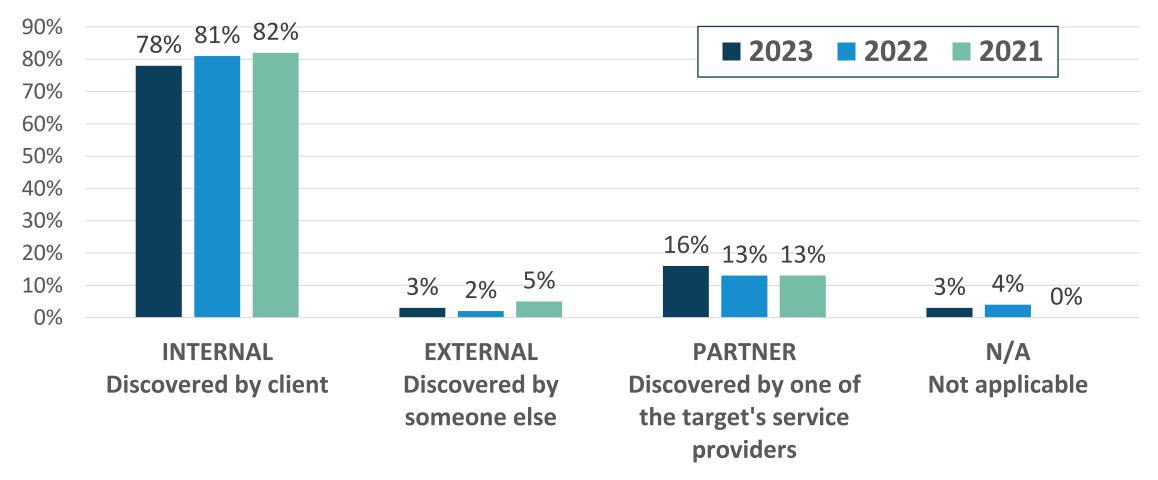
The industries most commonly targeted by attackers in 2023 were:

- Professional and legal services
- High technology
- Manufacturing
- Healthcare
- Finance
- Wholesale and retail



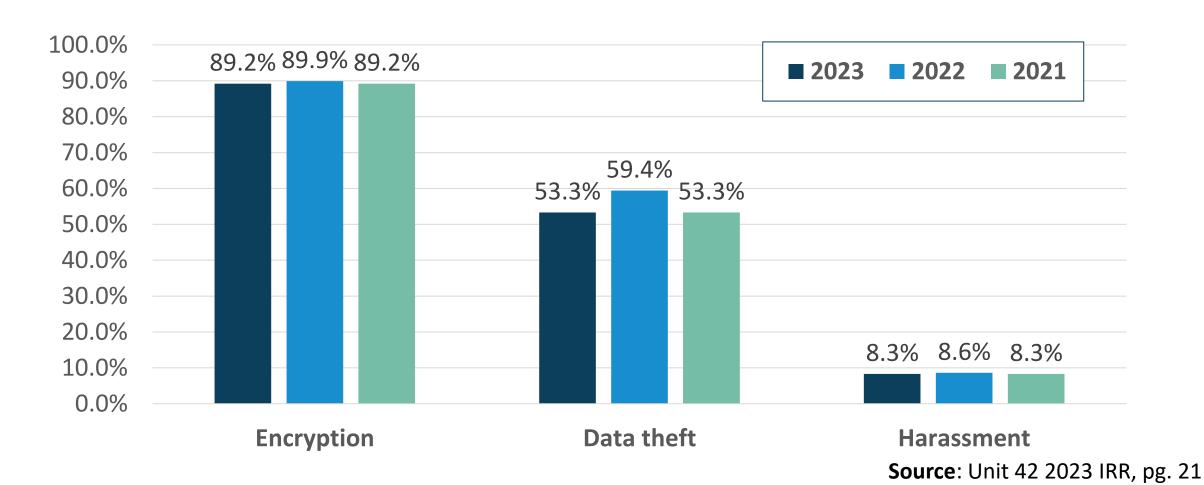
Who Discovered The Attack?





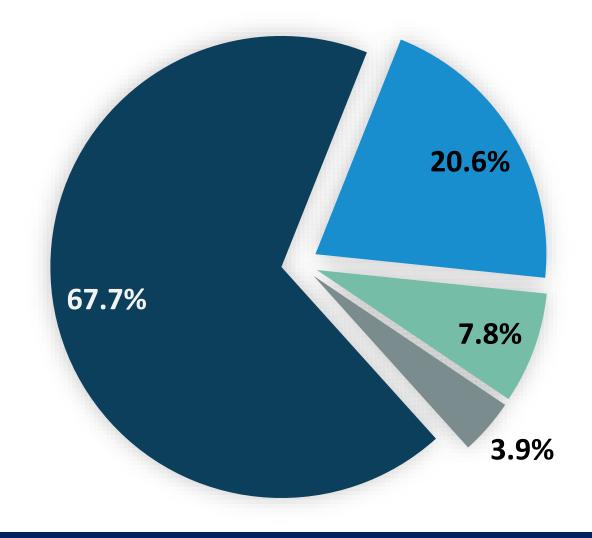
Extortion Techniques – All Cases

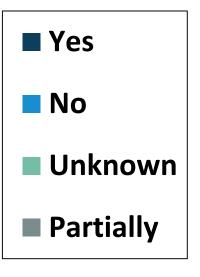




Do Attackers Keep Promises When Paid?







Source: Unit 42 2023 IRR, pg. 21

Do Attackers Keep Promises When Paid? 2.6% **Competitive advantage** 4.6% **Brand damage** 14.9% **Operating costs** 9.9% 14.4% **Asset and fraud** 14.5% **15.4% Business disruption** 34.9% 94.4% Response and recovery 61.1% 90.7% Legal and regulatory 62.7%

Source: Unit 42 2023 IRR, pg. 46

90%

0%

10%

20%

30%

40%

50%

60%

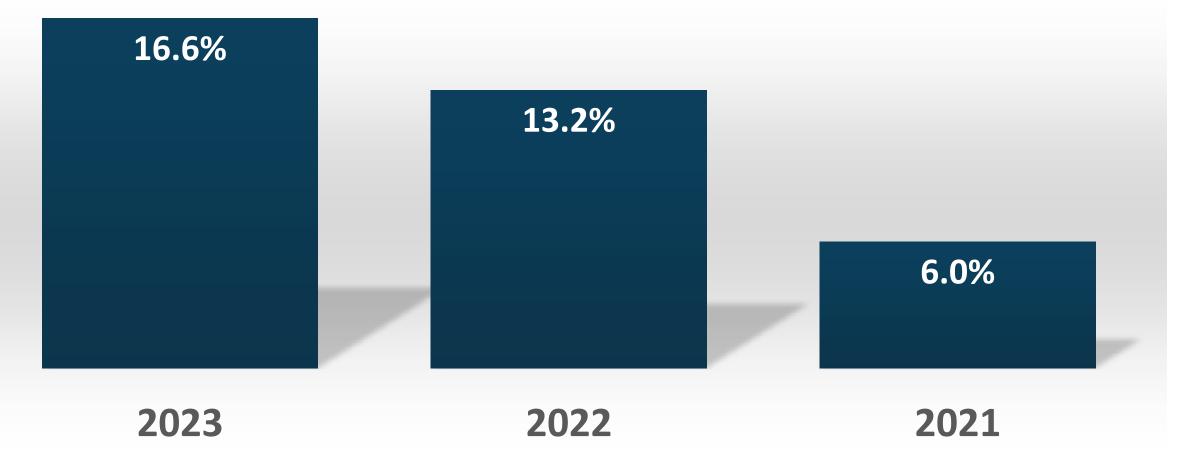
70%

80%

100%

Attacks Where Public Cloud Service Infrastructure Was Impacted By Attack?





Source: Unit 42 2023 IRR, pg. 42



- Extortionists who run ransomware scams are becoming more ruthless in how they execute their scams
- Just as public cloud services have become part of every company's infrastructure, hackers are increasingly compromising the identity and access management systems like Okta and Microsoft Entra ID which make single sign-on access to these services by employees possible
- Although the majority of scammers kept their promises when ransoms were paid, there are certainly no guarantees

Conclusion



- Threats and threat actors will change more rapidly in the future
- AI will be used for both good and evil purposes, so you must use it to defend your data and devices
- Ransomware attacks are becoming more vicious and cybercrime is starting to have many features that are similar to organized crime, like physical threats against people
- Although phishing is a serious problem and the most common complaint to FBI's IC3, the dollars involved pale in comparison to business e-mail compromises and investment scams
- Your home hardware devices are your front door to the internet and MUST be both supported and on the latest hardware to reduce your risks to anything approaching an acceptable level