

## **State Tax Filing Guidance for Coronavirus Pandemic**

Updated: 10/8/20 - 9 am et

U.S. states are providing tax filing and payment due date relief for individuals and businesses. The AICPA has compiled the <u>below</u> latest developments on state tax filings related to coronavirus. This document contains the first pages as a summary in reverse chronological order, starting with the furthest revised original due date of state filing relief to the soonest date order. The next part of the chart details each state or jurisdiction's guidance on tax filing and payment relief in alphabetical order by state. The final part covers COVID-19 related federal updates, <u>AICPA tax policy and advocacy efforts</u>, <u>AICPA tax resources</u>, and <u>OICPA resources</u>, and other state tax resources, including <u>AICPA Recommendations on State and Local Tax Filing</u>, Payment, and <u>Administrative Relief during the Coronavirus Pandemic</u>, <u>AICPA Chart on States' Guidance on Electronic Signatures</u>, and the AICPA <u>Federal Due Dates Chart Updated for COVID-19 Relief</u> (open to AICPA members) that takes the relevant state due date information from this document and organizes it further. This document contains all the links and details to the states' guidance and dates of releases. We plan to update this information daily while the states are issuing guidance. Because the state tax authorities are often updating their information, it is best to confirm with each <u>state's department of revenue website</u> for the most updated information.

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
Summary of		State filing relief/revised due dates in response to Coronavirus	[Note:
States Filing			- 7 states not impacted for individual income
Relief		All states with a personal income tax have extended their 4/15 due dates	taxes - no personal income tax (AK, FL, NV,
		(40 with a 7/15 deadline, and 7 (5 income taxes and 2 other taxes) states	SD, TX, WA, WY), and 2 states no tax on
		with other deadlines – as detailed below).	wages (NH and TN – interest and dividends)
			(41 states have personal income tax)
		- 41 states (including DC) individual income tax and some other entities	- 2 states (SD, WY) no corporate income tax
		4/15 to 7/15 filing and payments deadline for coronavirus pandemic.	and no gross receipts tax,
		[AK, AL, AR, AZ, CA, CO, CT, DC, DE, GA, IL, IN, KS, KY, LA,	- 4 states (NV, OH, TX, WA) have gross
		MA, ME, MD, MI, MN, MO, MS, MT, NC, ND, NE, NJ, NM, NY, OH,	receipts taxes instead of corporate income taxes
		OK, OR, PA, RI, SC, TN, TX, UT, VT, WI, WV] and USVI have	- at least 4 states have 1 employee in state
		changed from 4/15 to 7/15. Note: CT and MN business deadlines not	causes nexus (CA, ID, NJ, VA)
		7/15. PA corporation deadline extended from 5/15 to 8/14. MI	- 6 states have a convenience of the employer
		corporation deadline extended to 7/31. Florida extended its 5/1 corporate income/franchise tax return deadline to 6/1 for payments and	test for remote workers generally (AR, CT, DE, NE, NY, PA)
		for requesting an extension (to file by extended due date of 11/2/20) and	NE, NI, FA)
		for filing to 8/3.	16 States with 15 reciprocity agreements
		for fining to 6/5.	District of Columbia (Maryland, Virginia)
		- 4 states for individual income tax changed to other filing and	Illinois (Iowa, Kentucky, Michigan, Wisconsin)
		payments deadline for coronavirus pandemic [IA (7/31), HI, (7/20), ID	Iowa (Illinois)
		(6/15), VA (filings 5/1, 6/1 payments)] and Puerto Rico (6/15).	Kentucky (Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Ohio,
		(** 1), ** ( 8, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,	Virginia, West Virginia, Wisconsin)
		- 2 states for other taxes have changed deadlines for the pandemic [NH	Maryland (District of Columbia, Pennsylvania,
		(6/15 - business tax, interest and dividends tax, WA (6/15 - annual	Virginia, West Virginia)
		business and occupation tax)].	Michigan (Illinois, Indiana, Kentucky,
			Minnesota, Ohio, Wisconsin)
		2020 Estimated Tax Payments Relief -	Minnesota (Michigan, North Dakota)
		- 23 states followed federal and moved both Q1 and Q2 estimated	Montana (North Dakota)
		payments to 7/15 – (AL, CA, CO, CT, GA, IN, KY, ME, MD, MA,	New Jersey (Pennsylvania)
		MI, MS, MO, NC, NM, ND, OH, PA, RI, SC, VT, WV, WI)	North Dakota (Minnesota, Montana)
		- 7 states Q1 moved to 7/15, Q2 remains 6/15 – <u>DE</u> , <u>MT</u> , <u>NE</u> , <u>NJ</u> ,	Ohio (Indiana, Kentucky, Michigan,
		NY, OK (and TN franchise and excise tax).	Pennsylvania, West Virginia)

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State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus  - 9 States (including DC) kept 4/15 and 6/15 due dates – (AZ, AR, DC, HI, IL, LA, KS, MN, OR) and IA kept at 4/30 and 6/30.  - 2 states moved Q1 (and kept Q2) at 6/15 for both – ID, NH  - 1 state moved Q1 to 6/1 and kept Q2 at 6/15 – VA  - 1 state moved Q1 to 6/30 and Q2 to 7/31 – WA  - 13 states (including DC) have Q1 and Q2 estimated payments before 7/15 - (AZ, AR, DC, HI, IA, ID, IL, LA, KS, MN, NH, OR, VA)  - 6 states not applicable because no personal income tax or franchise tax for pass-throughs – FL, NV, SD, TX, UT, WY  - Summary of States' Second Quarter Estimated Tax Deadlines – Tax Foundation (5/22/20, updates for RI and IN changed 6/15 Q2 to 7/15)  Summary of Nexus Relief Guidance  - 16 states provide that the presence of an employee working in a state due to shelter-in-place restrictions will not create nexus for tax purposes in that state. [AL, CA, DC, GA, IA, IN, MA, MD, MN, MS, ND, NJ, OR, PA, RI, SC (through 2020), City of Philadelphial  - 13 states are providing a temporary safe harbor or waiver for state withholdings and tax liability for remote work in different state during pandemic [AL, GA, IL, IN, MA, MD, MN, MS, NE, NJ, PA, RI, and SC (through 2020), and City of St. Louis  - 6 states – providing that the state will NOT use someone's relocation during the pandemic as the basis for exceeding the protections provided by P.L. 86-272 for the employer of the temporary relocated employee. [CA, GA, IA, IN, MA, RI]  Chart on State Covid-19 guidance on telecommuting (6/10/20)  Local withholding for remote workers in pandemic - Philadelphia - and Ohio: Am Sub H.B. No 197, has waived the "20 day rule" during the health emergency. Employers should continue to withhold employee tax from an employee's principal place of business, despite temporary work from home location  Michigan: Wages earned by nonresidents should not be subject to local income tax.	Other Information  Pennsylvania (Indiana, Maryland, New Jersey, Ohio, Virginia, West Virginia)  Virginia (District of Columbia, Kentucky, Maryland, Pennsylvania, West Virginia)  West Virginia (Kentucky, Maryland, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Virginia)  Wisconsin (Illinois, Indiana, Kentucky, Michigan)  Enacted legislation on filing and payment due date relief:  Kentucky - enacted legislation 3/30/20 - S.B.  150 requires the Department of Revenue to provide the same extensions as offered by the U.S. Department of the Treasury and the Internal Revenue Service in response to the novel coronavirus and to waive penalties and interest.  Under the bill's tax provisions, tax districts are authorized to suspend or extend return deadlines for taxable net profits or gross receipts during the state's declared emergency, which was issued March 6 and contains no stated end date.  LA — Act 47 (S.B. 498), Laws 2020, effective June 4, 2020 - If a disaster or emergency is declared by the Louisiana Governor or the U.S. President, the Department of Revenue may extend tax return filing and payment deadlines by no more than:  - six months for income and franchise taxes; - three months for any other tax. Interest may accrue during the extension in the case of a governor-declared disaster, but not during a presidentially-declared disaster.  NC – Under the new law signed by Governor Roy Cooper, the NCDOR will not charge interest from April 15, 2020 through July 15, 2020 on underpayments of individual income, corporate income, and franchise tax on tax returns due to be filed between April 15, 2020,

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State	Guidance/Date	Summary of Electronic Signatures Relief (AICPA state chart on	through July 15, 2020. The relief also applies
		guidance on electronic signatures)	to estimated income tax payments due between
			the same dates.
		- 12 states permit electronic images (scanned or	and same dates.
		photographed) of signatures (instead of wet signature	NJ - Bill  S-2338 enacted 4/14/20 - extended the
		requirements). [AZ, CA, MA, MD, MI (MI Treas.), MS, NE, NJ, NY (esig on efile auth.) OH, PA, and RI] (Permanent	time to file and pay 2019 calendar year
		legislation on electronic signatures – $\frac{NY}{NY}$	Individual Gross Income Tax, Partnership, and
		registation on electronic signatures – <u>ivi</u> )	Corporation Business Tax originally due on
		2 -4-4	April 15, 2020 was signed by the Governor on
		- 3 states permits email of documents - <u>MD</u> , <u>MS</u> , <u>NY</u>	4/14/20. These taxpayers will have until July
		11 data modella antonolla accompania lata dia data	15, 2020 to file returns and make applicable tax
		- 11 states provide automatic acceptance into the state	payments, which includes 1st quarter 2020
		electronic filing program if accepted by the IRS and do not require a separate signature authorization form other than the IRS	estimated tax payments.
		Form 8879 series - examples - CT, FL, KS, ME, MN, MT, NH,	
		NC, OH, TN, TX, (Kansas City and St. Louis, MO, KY cities,	NM - HB-6 allows for taxpayers who file their
		MI cities, MI business tax, some OR cities including Portland,	return by July 15th, 2020 to have until April 15,
		OH cities, PA cities including Philadelphia and Pittsburg)	2021 to pay the tax due in full without getting assessed late payment penalty or interest. Please
		2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 -	note, failure to file a return by July 15th, 2020
		Provide one additional month state filing after federal filing	will exclude the taxpayer from the penalty and
		(including extensions) penalty relief.	interest relief through April 15, 2021.
		- Examples:	Withholding being reported and associated
		- <b>2 states</b> – (Kansas and New Jersey) providing automatic penalty	payments due between March 25th, 2020 and
		relief for corporations that file by 11/16/20.	July 25th, 2020 may be submitted without
		- <b>1 state</b> – (Missouri) is providing case by case relief upon request	penalty no later than July 25th, 2020. This
		for corporations that file by 11/16/20.	return filing extension does not apply to gross
		- 1 state – ( <u>Iowa</u> ) (7/31/20 returns automatically extended 6	receipts tax, governmental gross receipts tax,
		months until 1/31/21 if paid 90% taxes due by 7/31/20)	compensating tax, leased vehicle gross receipt
			receipts, leased vehicle surcharge (reported
		2 states – providing no use tax on donations of PPE – [IN, MI]	using CRS), or any other tax program that is not
			listed above. HB-6 allows for taxpayers who
			have filed their CRS returns timely, including
			the extension above for withholding and normal
		Relevant Excerpts of States' Tax Filing, Payment, and	due dates for gross receipts tax and
		Administrative Relief	compensating tax that have been unable to pay
		Annual 14 DA companion to set on a law most dist	timely to have until April 25th, 2021 to pay the tax due in full without getting assessed late
		August 14 – <u>PA</u> – corporation tax returns and payments that were due May 15 are extended to August 14. There is no extension for the June 15	payment penalty or interest. Please note, failure
		estimated payment due date for corporations.	to file a return by the due date will exclude the
		estimated payment due date for corporations.	taxpayer from the penalty and interest relief
		July $31 - \underline{IA}$ – for return filing and payment due $3/19-7/31$ – individual,	through April 25, 2021. There is an extension
		composite, fiduciary, corporation, franchise tax, partnership, S corp,	to pay property tax that was originally due
		credit union – no late filing or underpayment penalties. Interest starting	between April 10, 2020 to May 10, 2020 by
		8/1/20. Relief does not apply to estimated taxes. Relief includes fiscal	May 10, 2021 without being assessed penalty

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		year returns. The filing and payment extension applies to any tax return	and interest. This bill also provides relief for
		and associated tax payment listed in Order 2020-01 with a due date on or	health care providers, excluding hospitals
		after March 19, 2020, but before July 31, 2020. The filing and payment	licensed by the Department of Health, with an
		extension does not apply to estimated tax payments. A calendar-year	exemption for monies received by the federal
		filer's 1st quarter and 2nd quarter 2020 estimated payments are due on	government through payments pursuant to the
		April 30, 2020, and June 30, 2020, respectively. Estimated taxes were	federal Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic
		specifically excluded from the relief in Order 2020-01. The estimated tax	Security Act of 2020 (CARES Act).
		underpayment penalty relief provided in Order 2020-03 only applies to certain estimated tax installments due for tax years that begin in 2020.	Note, monies from the CARES Act are only taxable if they are monies received to cover the
		For example, 2019 estimated tax payments for calendar year filers were	receipts of services or property sold that are
		due in four installments (e.g. April 30, June 30, September 30, January	normally taxable under the Gross Receipts and
		31, 2020) and these penalties are imposed for failure to make adequate	Compensating Tax Act.
		estimated payments on time. Those estimated payments are not covered	Compensating Tax Fiet.
		by these Orders. Penalties calculated on the 2019 IA 2210, 2210F, or	Ohio bill – House Bill 197 – enacted 3/27/20 –
		2210S (individuals) or 2019 IA 2220 (corporations and financial	for individuals - the due date would get
		institutions subject to franchise tax) still must be paid with the Iowa	extended to the federal due date, but the Tax
		return. The same outcome would apply to fiscal-year filers for tax years	Commissioner needs to act once it is enacted.
		that began in 2018 or 2019 with due dates that fall within the period	For the CAT, the Commissioner would be
		covered by Order 2020-01. Because estimated payments were	authorized to extend the due date for this return,
		specifically excluded from Order 2020-01, underpayment penalties due	which is originally due May 11, 2020. Other tax
		on required payments during the period covered by that order and those	changes in the bill regarding net profit and
		returns will still apply. Previously extended tax returns that have an	withholding.
		extended due date on or after March 19, 2020, but before July 31, 2020, benefit from the filing extension to July 31, 2020. Note, however, that	OK – enacted - Oklahoma Governor Kevin Stitt
		under Iowa law an automatic extension only extends the time to file a	signed legislation (S.B. 1075, Laws 2020) on
		return, not to pay the tax. Therefore, taxpayers with tax due prior to	5/21/20 granting temporary leniency to certain
		March 19, 2020 may accrue interest on the balance of unpaid tax. The	Quality Jobs Program participants unable to
		suspension of interest only applies to interest that accrues between	meet certain payroll threshold requirements due
		March 19, 2020, and July 31, 2020. Order 2020-03 allows taxpayers to	to business implications of COVID-19.
		use their 2018 income tax liability (or 110% of their 2018 liability for	(6/24/20)
		high income taxpayers) to compute safe harbor estimates for 2020	
		estimated tax installment payments with a due date on or after April 30,	NM - HB-6 allows for taxpayers who file their
		2020, and before July 31, 2020. For most individuals, this additional	return by July 15th, 2020 to have until April 15,
		relief will apply to their 1st and 2nd quarter estimates for tax year 2020	2021 to pay the tax due in full without getting
		due on or before April 30, 2020, and June 30, 2020. A taxpayer will not	assessed late payment penalty or interest. Please
		be subject to penalties for underpayment of estimated tax with respect to	note, failure to file a return by July 15th, 2020
		both installments due on April 30, 2020, and June 30, 2020, if the	will exclude the taxpayer from the penalty and
		individual pays the following amounts for each installment payment:	interest relief through April 15, 2021. Withholding being reported and associated
		- 27.5% of their 2018 Iowa tax liability for a taxpayer whose	payments due between March 25th, 2020 and
		2018 federal adjusted gross income (as adjusted for any Iowa	July 25th, 2020 may be submitted without
		decoupling including bonus depreciation/section 179	penalty no later than July 25th, 2020. This
		adjustment) is greater than \$150,000, or greater than \$75,000	return filing extension does not apply to gross
		for a married filing separate taxpayer; or	receipts tax, governmental gross receipts tax,
		- 25% of their 2018 Iowa tax liability for any other taxpayer.	1 , 6

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		As a result, for taxpayers who computed their tax year 2019 safe harbor	compensating tax, leased vehicle gross receipt
		estimates using their 2018 tax liability, and had no change in their	receipts, leased vehicle surcharge (reported
		withholding since 2019, their 1st and 2nd quarter safe harbor estimated	using CRS), or any other tax program that is not
		payments for tax year 2020 will match their tax year 2019 required	listed above. HB-6 allows for taxpayers who
		quarterly estimated payment. However, any taxpayer who takes	have filed their CRS returns timely, including
		advantage of the underpayment penalty relief provided in Order 2020-03	the extension above for withholding and normal
		must add the remaining amount due for these installments to their next	due dates for gross receipts tax and
		installment due on or after July 31, 2020. For most individuals, this will	compensating tax that have been unable to pay
		increase the required 3rd quarter estimate due September 30, 2020.	timely to have until April 25th, 2021 to pay the
		Failure to pay the increased required installment by the taxpayer's first	tax due in full without getting assessed late
		due date on or after July 31, 2020, will be considered an underpayment	payment penalty or interest. Please note, failure
		of estimated taxes for the installment. The relief granted in Order 2020-	to file a return by the due date will exclude the
		03 is available to any taxpayer required to make a tax year 2020	taxpayer from the penalty and interest relief
		estimated income tax payment on or after April 30, 2020, but before July	through April 25, 2021. There is an extension
		31, 2020. If overpaid an installment, the overpayment will be carried to	to pay property tax that was originally due
		the next installment due. The underpayment of estimated tax penalty is calculated separately for each quarter. To avoid penalties, the taxpayer	between April 10, 2020 to May 10, 2020 by
			May 10, 2021 without being assessed penalty
		must timely pay at least 25% (or 27.5% for a high income taxpayer) of the 2018 income tax liability with the 1st quarter income tax estimate	and interest. This bill also provides relief for health care providers, excluding hospitals
		and by the due date of the 2nd quarter installment, the taxpayer must pay	licensed by the Department of Health, with an
		at least 50% (or 55% for a high income taxpayer) of the 2018 income tax	exemption for monies received by the federal
		liability, if the relief granted in Order 2020-03 is utilized. Individuals	government through payments pursuant to the
		may be able to reduce or eliminate the amount of one or more of your	federal Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic
		required installments by using the annualized income installment method	Security Act of 2020 (CARES Act). Note,
		calculated on the IA 2210 Schedule AI. Individuals who cannot pay	monies from the CARES Act are only taxable if
		quarterly estimates may apply to the Department for a waiver of	they are monies received to cover the receipts of
		underpayment penalty.	services or property sold that are normally
		Deadlines for the IA 1041 Fiduciary Income Tax Return filed by estates	taxable under the Gross Receipts and
		and trusts are extended by the Order, but the Order does not extend	Compensating Tax Act.
		payment and filing deadlines related to the IA 706 Inheritance Tax	
		Return. The regular deadline for paying Iowa inheritance tax reported on	NY - enacted <u>SB 8832</u> – signed by the
		an IA 706 is the last day of the 9th month following the death of the	Governor 8/24/20 - allows tax preparers to file
		decedent. A taxpayer's PPP loan that is forgiven and properly excluded	their client's NYS tax returns with an electronic
		from federal gross income under section 1106 of the federal CARES Act	signature and permanently submit to NY state
		in a tax year beginning on or after January 1, 2020, will also qualify for	tax authorization forms with an electronic
		exclusion from income for Iowa tax purposes. The COVID-19	signature instead of the traditional wet
		economic impact payments authorized in section 2201 of the federal	signature.
		CARES Act, whether in the form of a rebate or a refundable tax credit,	
		will not be included in Iowa taxable income or added back as part of an	PA – enacted - Act 10 of 2020, which extends
		individual's reportable federal income tax refund for Iowa individual	the due date of certain personal income tax
		income tax purposes. The Department does not believe that the presence	returns and payments, as well as waiving
		of employees who normally work outside of Iowa, but who are now	certain other income tax dates. Act 10 of 2020
		working remotely from within the state solely as a result of the COVID-	also extends the deadline for the filing of 2019
			local tax returns and payments to July 15, 2020.

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		19 pandemic state of emergency represents the same type of business activity on the part of the employer contemplated by the law.	Virginia - Pursuant to budget language enacted
		Therefore, while Iowa's state of emergency in response to COVID-19,	by the 2020 General Assembly (Item 3-5.23 of
		or similar declared state of emergency in the state where the worker	House Bill 29, Chapter 1283 of the 2020 Acts
		normally worked prior to the COVID-19 pandemic, remains in effect,	of Assembly, and Item 3-5.22 of House Bill
		the Department will not consider the presence of one or more employees	30), Virginia will waive the accrual of interest
		working remotely from within Iowa solely due to the COVID-19	for certain Virginia income and sales tax
		pandemic, by itself, sufficient business activity within the state to	payments that are paid on extension in response
		establish Iowa corporate income tax nexus. Nor does the Department	to the coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19)
		consider such presence by non-sales employees due to the pandemic	crisis.
		sufficient, by itself, to cause a corporation to lose the protections of	
		Public Law 86-272. Iowa individual income tax and withholding	Proposed tax related Coronavirus legislation
		requirements have not been modified by the COVID-19 pandemic. Iowa	_
		individual residents are subject to tax on their entire income, wherever	
		earned, so an Iowa resident's income tax return filing requirements	AZ - <u>S.B. 1021</u> , sent to the Governor on May
		should not be affected by temporary telecommuting in Iowa or another	26, would require the Arizona Department of
		state. Nonresidents of Iowa who normally work in Iowa but are	Revenue to accept electronic signatures and
		temporarily telecommuting in another state, or who normally work	provides the requirements for such electronic
		outside of Iowa but are temporarily telecommuting in Iowa, may need to	signatures.
		adjust their income apportionment or their Iowa income tax return filing	
		requirement. Iowa Nonconformity: Coronavirus Aid, Relief, &	CA - <u>A.B. 2166</u> , re-referred to the Committee
		Economic Security (CARES) Act of 2020 - The Department has	on Revenue & Taxation on May 5, would
		published guidance describing Iowa's nonconformity with provisions of	amend Cal Rev. and Tax Code Sec. 24416 to
		the CARES Act of 2020 that commonly affect income taxes for	conform to the net operating loss five-year
		individuals and businesses for tax years beginning in calendar year 2018	carryback for losses arising in a taxable year
		or 2019. Iowa generally conforms with federal tax changes, to the extent	beginning after December 31, 2017 and
		they affect Iowa income taxes, for tax years beginning on or after	before January 1, 2021 recently enacted by the
		January 1, 2020. A Retroactive provisions of the CARES Act with	CARES Act. Additionally, the bill allows a
		which Iowa does not conform:	taxpayer to file a return for the first six months
		Paycheck Protection Program (PPP) under the CARES Act.	of a taxable year if that return includes a claim
		A taxpayer's PPP loan that is forgiven and properly excluded from	for a net operating loss carryback allowed under IRC Sec. 172(b)(1)(D)(i).
		federal gross income under section 1106 of the CARES Act in a tax year beginning on or after January 1, 2020, will also qualify for exclusion	IRC Sec. 1/2(0)(1)(D)(1).
		from income for Iowa tax purposes. However, Iowa is not conformed	DC
		with section 1106 of the CARES Act for tax years beginning prior to	DC .
		January 1, 2020. If a taxpayer receives PPP loan forgiveness for a tax	IL - H.B. 5774, introduced on May 8, would
		year beginning prior to January 1, 2020, that discharge of indebtedness	amend 35 ILCS 200/21-27 (waiver of interest
		may be considered income for Iowa tax purposes, unless the income	penalty) to provide that, for taxable year 2019
		qualifies for exclusion under another applicable provision of federal or	(payable in 2020), interest penalties will be
		Iowa law. Modification of Limitation on Losses for Taxpayers Other	waived for the delinquent payment of any
		than Corporations (Excess Business Losses) under the CARES Act -	property tax installment. H.B. 5768, introduced
		Iowa was not conformed with the excess business loss limitation for tax	on May 5, would provide that if a disaster is
		year 2018, so the temporary suspension of the excess business loss	declared by Governor proclamation for all
		limitation in the CARES Act should have no effect on the calculation of	counties in the State due to a public health

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2		net income on 2018 Iowa income tax returns. For tax year 2019, the	emergency, the first installment of taxes due in
		excess business loss limitation will apply for Iowa tax purposes, even	that calendar year will not be considered
		though the limitation does not apply for federal purposes. Modification	delinquent and will not accrue interest for up to
		of Limitation on Business Interest under the CARES Act - Iowa is not	90 days after the later of (i) June 1 or (ii) the
		conformed with this change to the extent it applies retroactively to tax	day after the date specified on the real estate tax
		year 2019. Specifically, the ATI percentage used in calculating the	bill as the first installment annual due date. H.B.
		deduction limitation is 30% for Iowa tax purposes in tax year 2019, even	5772, introduced on May 8, would amend 35
		though many taxpayers have the option to use 50% for federal purposes.	ILCS 200/21-40 (ordinance for a delayed due
		Depreciation of Qualified Improvement Property (QIP) under the	date) to provide for an extension of property tax
		CARES Act - Iowa does not conform to this treatment for tax years 2016	installment payments and waiver of penalties
		through 2019, and instead treats qualified improvement property placed	and interest. (5/12/20)
		in service during those tax years as 39-year property. Bonus depreciation	
		under IRC section 168(k) is not allowed for Iowa tax purposes for any	LA - <u>S.B. 498</u> , scheduled for a third reading and
		tax year.	final passage on May 12, authorizes the tax
		I 1 21 MI amount of City and a ci	collector to allow extensions of time to file and
		July $31 - \underline{MI}$ – corporation return filing and payment extension.	pay taxes in the event of a gubernatorially
		July 20 - HI – filing and payment of 2019 income tax returns (does not	declared disaster. The bill would also allow the tax collector to allow extensions of time to file
		include 2020 estimated payments) extended for all Affected Taxpayers,	and pay taxes in the event of a presidentially
		the due date for filing 2019 State income tax returns due from April 20,	declared disaster and also allow the suspension
		2020 to June 20, 2020 is postponed to July 20, 2020. Waives interest	of the accrual of interest for all or part of the
		and penalties and additions to tax for failure to file or pay if file and pay	extension period. HCR 40, heard by the
		by July 20. The relief provided in this Announcement applies solely to	Committee on Ways and Means on May
		returns and payments for an Affected Taxpayer's 2019 taxable year due	11, directs the Department of Revenue to
		from April 20, 2020 to June 20, 2020. The relief provided in this	develop and make public data on the projected
		Announcement does not include estimated income tax payments for the	impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on
		2020 taxable year. For purposes of automatic extensions for Affected	Louisiana business revenue in 2020 and on net
		Taxpayers, the postponed payment deadline of July 20, 2020 will be	operating loss carry forward deductions for
		used. This means that for Affected Taxpayers, "properly estimated tax	future tax filings. <u>HCR 43</u> , heard by the
		liability" must be paid by July 20, 2020 rather than April 20, 2020 and	Committee on Ways and Means on May 11,
		returns must be filed by October 20, 2020. Affected Taxpayers subject	would temporarily suspend the corporation
		to penalties or additions to tax despite the relief granted by this	franchise tax and the initial tax (levied on
		Announcement may seek reasonable cause waivers. The relief provided	corporations or other entities for the first
		by this Announcement is limited to Hawaii income tax payments and	accounting period in which the entity becomes
		does not extend to withholding tax, franchise tax, public service company tax, general excise tax, transient accommodations tax, estate	subject to the corporation franchise tax) to
		tax, or any other tax not specifically identified for the relief provided by	mitigate some of the financial losses suffered by businesses as a result of COVID-19. HCR 34,
		this Announcement. The Tax Announcement applies to individuals,	considered by the Committee on Ways and
		trusts and estates, corporations, and other non-corporate tax filers as well	Means on May 4, would temporarily suspend
		as those who pay self-employment tax. The Economic Impact Payments	the severance taxes levied on oil, natural gas,
		and loan proceeds from the PPP and EIDL programs are not subject to	distillate, and condensate to provide relief to the
		Hawaii income tax. Payments under the PUA and FPUC programs are	oil and natural gas industries from the impact of
		subject to Hawaii income tax. Under current law, forgiven PPP loans	COVID-19. On May 8, the Louisiana Economic
		are subject to Hawaii income tax. However, the Department of Taxation	Recovery (LAER) Task Force issued its Phase I

intends to recommend to the Hawaii State Legislature that Hawaii conform to the federal treatment of PPP loan forgiveness. Under existing law, <u>unemployment compensation paid to employees and the receipt of loan funds, such as funds from PPP loans and EIDLs, are not subject to general excise tax (GET)</u>. GET will not be imposed on payments received under PUA, loan amounts forgiven under PPP, and EIDL Grants. These amounts will be treated as exclusions from gross receipts and should not be reported on GET returns.

July  $15 - \underline{AK}$  – payments due for corporations income tax. The legislation extends filing and payment due dates for all tax types except Oil and Gas Property and Production taxes until July 15, 2020. The tem porary statute is effective as of April 10, 2020. Returns and payments that were due on March 31, 2020 before SB 241 was signed and effective —were extended.

July 15 - AL – filing and payment extended to July 15 for all taxpayers, including individuals, associations, trusts and estates, partnerships, corporations, and other non-corporate tax filers. Other taxes included in the deadline extension are corporate income tax, the financial institution excise tax, and the business privilege tax. Waives interest and penalties. Also, the due date of March 15, 2020, for filing a composite income tax return and making payments on behalf of its non-resident members is automatically postponed to July 15, 2020. Waives interest and late filing and late payment penalties through July 15, 2020, for any tax payment due on a tax return with a due date on or after March 15, 2020, to provide the relief to taxpayers. Any pass-through entity required to file on March 15, 2020, a composite income tax return and remit payments on behalf of its non-resident members is affected by the COVID-19 pandemic for purposes of the relief described in this Order (Affected Taxpayer). The relief is available solely with respect to composite payments due to be made and composite returns due to be filed on March 15, 2020, by pass-through entities. No extension is provided for the payment or deposit of any other type of state tax, or for the filing of any other state information return. As a result of the postponement of the due date for filing composite returns and making composite payments from March 15, 2020, to July 15, 2020, the period beginning on March 15, 2020, and ending on July 15, 2020, will be disregarded in the calculation of any interest, penalty, or addition to tax for failure to file composite returns and to pay composite payments postponed by this Order. Interest, penalties, and additions to tax with respect to such postponed filings and payments will begin to accrue on July 16, 2020.

July  $15 - \underline{AR}$  - July 15 - extend the 2019 individual income tax filing date and individual income tax payment date from April 15, 2020, to

Report, which recommends, among other things, centralized sales tax collection, net operating loss carrybacks, and suspension or elimination of the franchise tax. The Task Force, comprises private sector business leaders, is tasked with advising lawmakers on economic recovery in the wake of the COVID-19. The goal of the Task Force is to develop practical and specific policy recommendations to jumpstart the Louisiana economy in the short term and lay the foundation for continued economic resurgence in the months and years to come. More information about the task force can be found on its website. (5/12/20)

NC - <u>H.B. 1211</u>, referred to the Committee on Finance on May 27, would among other things update the State's conformity to the IRC under Sec. 105-228.90 to the Code as of May 1, 2020 and decouple from the modification of limitations on business interest (IRC Sec. 163(j)) allowed under Sec. 2306 of the CARES Act. (6/2/20)

NC - <u>S.B. 848</u>, introduced on May 26, would provide a temporary franchise tax credit for corporations that retain employment levels and make investments during the coronavirus pandemic. (6/2/20)

NJ - <u>S.B. 2690</u>, introduced July 9, prohibits the imposition of the corporation business tax on foreign (out-of-State) corporations whose only contact with the State is the employment of a State resident who is temporarily working remotely from the State resident's domicile due to a public health emergency (as defined therein). (7/15/20)

NY - <u>S.B. 8819</u>, the Welcome Heroes Tax Relief Act of 2020, referred to the Rules Committee on July 20, would provide that an out-of-state business that conducts operations in New York for the purpose of performing COVID-19 emergency related work or services

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
2000	Saddies, Buto	July 15, 2020. This extension to July 15, 2020 includes 2019 returns of	during the COVID-19 period (as defined
		individuals income tax, Subchapter S Corporations, fiduciaries and	therein) will not be considered to have
		estates, partnerships and composite returns. The April 15, 2020 to July	established a level of presence that would
		15, 2020 period will be disregarded for purposes of calculation of	require it to register, file and/or remit state or
		interest and penalties. Interest and penalties will begin to accrue on July	local taxes or that would require it or its out-of-
		16, 2020. This extension does not apply to 2020 estimated Individual	state employees to be subject to any state
		Income Tax payments due on April 15 or June 15. The deadline for tax	licensing or registration requirements.
		year 2020 estimated tax payments remains April 15, 2020. The following	However, out-of-state businesses and out-of-
		filing and payment deadlines for income tax are not affected: 2019	state employees will be required to pay
		Corporation Income Tax Due: 4/15/2020; 2020 Estimated Tax Payment	transaction taxes and fees including, but not
		Due: 4/15/2020; 2020 Estimated Tax Payment Due: 6/15/2020. No	limited to, fuel taxes or sales and compensating
		extension is provided in this notice for the payment or deposit of any	use taxes on materials or services subject to
		other type of Arkansas State tax including but not limited to: • Sales and Use Tax • Withholding Tax • Motor Fuels Tax • Tobacco	sales and compensating use taxes, hotel taxes, car rental taxes or fees that the out-of-state
		Products Tax • Alcohol Excise.	affiliated business or out-of-state employee
		Troducts fun Alleonor Excise.	purchases for use or consumption in New York
		July $15 - \underline{AZ}$ – extension of filing and payment, for individual,	during the COVID-19 period, unless these taxes
		corporate, and fiduciary tax returns, waive late filing and late payment	are otherwise exempted during the COVID-19
		penalties.	period. (8/2/20)
		July 15 - <u>CA</u> – extension to filing and payment (including second and	NY - Sales Tax Exemption for Facemasks: New
		first quarter estimated payments), LLC taxes and fees, non-wage	York <u>S.B. 8732</u> , referred to the Rules
		withholding payments), waive interest and penalties, for individuals and	Committee on July 13, would provide for a
		businesses. For paper returns and other documents that must be signed	sales and use tax exemption for cloth face
		with an original signature by you and/or your tax representative during	coverings used to prevent the spread of the
		the postponement period of March 12, 2020, through July 15, 2020, we will not require an original signature, except for Power of Attorneys	coronavirus, COVID-19. The bill is identical to
		(POAs). We will accept 2 signature alternative methods for paper	<u>A.B. 10570</u> . (8/2/20)
		returns: Method 1: An attached document that must be included with the	NY - enacted <u>SB 8832</u> – signed by the
		filed return that provides a copy of the original signature. The attached	Governor 8/24/20 – permanent legislation
		document should: Identify what the document signature is for (Example:	allows tax preparers to file their client's NYS
		Corp XX, 2019 Form 100), State "Refer to the attachment for a copy of	tax returns with an electronic signature and
		the original signature" on the signature line; or Method 2: A paper return	permanently submit to NY state tax
		with a faxed signature on the signature page. For all other documents,	authorization forms with an electronic signature
		except POAs, filed with us that require an original signature, we will	instead of the traditional wet signature.
		accept documents with photographed or digital copies of	
		required signatures. You can also upload a document with a signature	"IF A TAX DOCUMENT IS AUTHORIZED
		into MyFTB. Please note that only PDF and Excel documents are	BY THE COMMISSIONER TO BE FILED
		currently accepted. These temporary procedures do not apply to filing a	ELECTRONICALLY, THEN ANY
		POA. Follow the procedure on Submit a power of attorney if you need to	ASSOCIATED E-FILE AUTHORIZATION
		submit a POA to us. We implemented a temporary suspension on a number of collection activities within our personal income tax, business	PRESCRIBED BY THE COMMISSIONER MAY BE SIGNED USING AN ELECTRONIC
		entity tax, and nontax debt (court-ordered debt and vehicle registration	SIGNATURE COMPLIANT WITH ANY
		collection) programs through July 15, 2020: Wage attachments, bank	INSTRUCTIONS PRESCRIBED BY THE
		<u>concensity programs unough July 13, 2020. wage attachments, balik</u>	TROTAUCTIONS FALSCAIDED DT THE

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
State	Cardino Dato	levies, liens, and field agent calls/visits are suspended; Suspension of	COMMISSIONER. (C) AN E-FILE
		business entities with the Secretary of State (SOS) are delayed; The Top	AUTHORIZATION SIGNED
		500 Delinquent Taxpayers List is delayed. An extension has been	ELECTRONICALLY IN THE MANNER SET
		granted to taxpayers whose financial hardship was scheduled to expire.	FORTH IN SUBSECTION (B) OF THIS
		We've suspended Requests, Demands, and related Notices of Proposed	SECTION SHALL HAVE THE SAME
		Assessment for prior year returns until July 15. In cases where an	FORCE AND EFFECT AS A
		applicable statute of limitations expires during this period, we will	HANDWRITTEN SIGNATURE AND MAY
		consider a claim for refund timely if filed on or before July 15,	BE PROVIDED TO A TAX PREPARER BY
		2020. This extension applies to a letter claim or an amended return	ELECTRONIC MEANS."
		claiming an overpayment of tax. The BOE tax filing deadline for	
		business personal property statements is extended from May 7, 2020, to	"Under the current law, individual filers are
		May 31, 2020. Per FTB, COVID-19 CARES Act -The CARES Act	able to use an electronic signature to file their
		economic impact payments from the federal government are not subject	own NYS tax returns. For federal tax returns,
		to California income tax. The CARES Act emergency increase in	tax preparers are able to use an electronic
		unemployment compensation benefits (in the amount of \$600 per week)	signature to file a federal tax return to the IRS
		that individuals receive are not subject to California income tax. The	on behalf of their clients." (8/24/20)
		CARES Act modifications for NOLs do not apply for California income	
		and franchise tax purposes. The federal early withdrawal penalty waivers	NY - <u>S.B. 8386</u> , referred to the Budget and
		for distributions from qualified retirement accounts under the federal	Revenue Committee on May 21, would provide
		CARES Act also applies for California income tax purposes. California	that for the duration of the state disaster
		will not treat an out-of-state corporation whose only connection to	emergency under Executive Order 202, a
		California is the presence of an employee who is currently teleworking	business which has required some or all of its
		in California due to Executive Order N-33-20 as being actively engaged	employees to work remotely as a result of
		in a transaction for the purposes of financial or pecuniary gain or profit.	COVID-19, may designate the remote work as
		Also, California will not include the compensation attributable to an	having been performed at the location the work
		employee who is currently teleworking due to Executive Order N-33-20 in the minimum payroll threshold set forth in California Revenue &	was performed prior to the declaration of the
		Taxation Code section 23101(b)(2)(4). California will treat the presence	emergency for all state and local tax purposes, including but not limited to, apportionment.
		of an employee who is currently teleworking in California due to the	(6/2/20)
		Governor's Executive Order as engaging in de minimis activities for	(0/2/20)
		purposes of P.L. 86-272 protection.)	From EY Payroll alert (5/28/20)
		parposes of 1.12. oo 2/2 protection.)	"New York Senate bill would allow
		July 15 – CO - payment and filing deadline for all Colorado taxpayers	businesses to treat income earned working
		state income taxes and estimated taxes is extended by 90 days until July	from home, outside New York due to
		15, 2020 – and automatic 6 months extension to file until October 15,	COVID-19, as exempt from NY income tax
		2020. Interest from the due date of the payment until July 15, 2020 is	and withholding
		waived. All income tax returns that were required to be filed by April	New York Senate bill S.8386, introduced on
		15, 2020 are granted an automatic six-month extension, and the filing is	May 21, 2020, would provide relief to
		due on or before October 15, 2020. The penalties for estimated payments	businesses whose employees are working
		are also waived until July 15, 2020. This extension and these waivers do	from home outside of New York State due to
		not apply to payments due pursuant to a notice of deficiency, notice of	COVID-19 by confirming that such telework
		final determination, demand for payment, installment agreement, closing	is due to the necessity of the employer <b>and</b>
		agreement, or other agreement or requirement to pay. The relief does not	not the convenience of the employee and is
		apply to other returns, filings, or payments required to be made,	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		including, but not limited to, withholding tax. The Colorado Department	exempt from New York income tax and
		of Revenue, Division of Taxation, adopted a temporary emergency rule	income tax withholding.
		to comply with Executive Order D 2020 023, which extends the filing	The bill would apply only for the period that
		and remittance deadline for certain sales taxes from the April 20, 2020	employers mandated employees work from
		filing and remittance deadline to May 20, 2020.	home pursuant to the emergency declaration
			in New York Executive Order 202. Should the
		July 15 - <u>CT</u> extending the filing and payment deadline for personal	bill become law, it would be effective
		income tax returns 90 days, to July 15, 2020. The extension also applies	immediately but would apply only to the
		to Connecticut estimated income tax payments for the first and second	time covered by the executive order, which
		quarters of 2020. Form CT-1041 returns and payments for trusts and	is currently March 7, 2020 through
		estates with a due date of April 15, 2020, have been extended to July 15,	September 7, 2020.
		2020. The filing and payment deadline for gift tax returns reporting gifts	Under New York's convenience-of-the-
		made during taxable year 2019 is automatically extended from April 15,	employer rule, the employer is required to
		2020, to July 15, 2020. The extension does not apply to the withholding	withhold New York state income tax from all
		tax. Gifts made during taxable year 2019 are reported on Form CT-	wages paid to the employee if (1) the
		706/709. This extension does not apply to estate tax. Extended filing	employee spent at least one day in the year in
		and payment for sales tax returns if meet criteria. Taxpayers that have	New York and (2) the reason the employee is
		\$150,000 or less in annual Sales Tax liability qualify for an automatic	working from home outside of the state is for
		extension of time to file and pay. Similarly, taxpayers that have \$150,000 or less in annual Room Occupancy Tax also qualify for this	the employee's own convenience. If the reason the employee is working from home is
		relief. A taxpayer that collects both Sales Tax and Room Occupancy Tax	for the convenience of the employer, work
		must evaluate each tax separately to determine eligibility for relief. For	from home is excluded from the nonresident
		monthly Sales Tax and Room Occupancy Tax filers: returns and	income tax withholding requirement. (TSB-M-
		payments due March 31, 2020, and April 30, 2020, are extended to May	06(5) I.)
		31, 2020. For quarterly Sales Tax and Room Occupancy Tax filers:	Thus far, the New York Department of Tax
		returns and payments due April 30, 2020, are extended to May, 31, 2020.	and Finance has not issued guidance pursuant
		The deadline to submit additional documentation for a Connecticut EITC	to COVID-19 and the so-called "convenience-
		claim has been extended to July 15, 2020. Pursuant to Executive Order	of-the-employer rule," leaving businesses
		No. 7N issued by Governor Lamont, the Plastic Bag Fee is suspended	with uncertainty as to how the Department
		from March 26, 2020, through May 15, 2020. Business returns (pass-	would rule on the matter should employers
		throughs, UBIT, corporate) – extended filing and payment to due June	reach the conclusion that income employees
		15. DRS is extending by an additional 90 days the 60-day filing	earn working from home outside of New
		requirement deadline for filing certain protests with the DRS' Appellate	York during the COVID-19 emergency is
		<u>Division</u> .	exempt from New York income tax and
			income tax withholding.
		July 15 - DC - deadline for taxpayers to file and pay individual and	The New York Department of Tax and
		fiduciary income tax returns, partnership tax returns, and franchise tax	Finance has received numerous requests to
		returns is extended to July 15, 2020, and includes combined return filers.	issue guidance similar to that contained in S.
		The deadlines for individual and business taxpayers to file their Tax	8386. For instance, on April 10, 2020, the
		Year 2020 estimated tax payments (Forms D-40ES, D-41ES, D-20ES,	New York Bar Association issued a letter
		and D-30ES) remain unchanged. The first quarter payments are due	of <u>recommendation</u> urging COVID-19 relief
		April 15, 2020, and the second quarter payments are due June 15, 2020.	through the convenience-of-the-employer
		OTR will abate interest and waive penalties for failure to timely pay	rule." (5/28/20)
		sales and use tax due for periods ending on February 29, 2020 and	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		March 31, 2020, provided certain conditions are met. Taxpayers may	NY - <u>S.B. 8394</u> , referred to the Budget and
		continue to request an extension to file their income, partnership and	Revenue Committee on May 21, would
		franchise tax returns to October 15, 2020. All such extension requests	exempt certain personal protective clothing and
		must be made by filing the applicable extension form with OTR by July	equipment from sales and use tax. (6/2/20)
		15, 2020 and making all required payments for tax year 2019 by July 15,	NY - <u>S.B. 8138</u> , passed by the Assembly and
		2020. The deadlines to file Forms D-20ES, D-30ES, D-40ES and D-	returned to the Senate on May 28, would amend
		41ES and to make estimated tax payments remains unchanged. The first	the New York Real Property Tax Law to create
		quarter payments are due April 15, 2020, and the second quarter	a new Article 9-A addressing special
		payments are due June 15, 2020. The Office of Tax and Revenue will	deferments and installment payments during the
		not seek to impose corporation franchise tax or unincorporated business	COVID-19 State of Emergency. (6/2/20)
		<u>franchise tax nexus solely on the basis of employees or property used to</u>	NY - <u>S.B. 8411</u> , passed by the Assembly and
		allow employees to work from home (e.g., computers, computer	returned to the Senate on May 27, provides, for
		equipment, or similar property) temporarily located in the District during	New York City corporation, unincorporated
		the period of the declared public emergency and public health	business, and bank tax purposes, decoupling
		emergency, including any further extensions by the Mayor and for 90	from the CARES Act's taxpayer-favorable
		days after the Mayor declares an end to the public emergency.	modifications to: (1) IRC § 163(j) business
		Furthermore, the presence of employees under these conditions will not	interest limitations (rather than the enacted
		cause a business to lose the protections of Public Law 86-272.	budget bill's decoupling from only the CARES
			Act's increased limitation threshold from 30
		July 15 - <u>DE</u> – filing and payment extension for - corporate tentative	percent to 50 percent provided by IRC §
		returns, personal income tax returns, fiduciary income tax returns and	163(j)(10)(A)(i)); (2) IRC § 172 net operating
		estimated personal income tax payments that would be due on April 15,	loss deduction; and (3) IRC § 461(l) excess
		2020 will now be due on July 15, 2020. Waives penalty and interest if	business loss deduction for individuals and
		paid by July 15. Taxpayers may request an extension requesting	flow-through entities. (6/2/20)
		additional time to file through Revenue's online system. This will	DI logislative proposal to disallow the evens
		provide an automatic extension of time to file to October 15, 2020.	RI – <u>legislative proposal</u> to disallow the excess business loss deduction in 2018-2020 and allow
		Estimated personal income tax payments that are due on April 30, 2020 are extended to July 15, 2020. Please note that the second quarter	20% of the deduction taken 2021 through 2025.
		payments remain due on June 15, 2020. Any extension forms that would	(8/18/20)
		otherwise be submitted on paper may be submitted electronically to	(8/18/20)
		DOR at DOR_PublicService@delaware.gov. Please note an extension	OH - H.B. 565, referred to the Ways and Means
		only extends the due date for filing, not for payment. The payment	Committee on May 5, would extend the filing
		deadline will be July 15, 2020 and penalties and interest on	and payment dates for state (Ch. 5747),
		underpayments will be calculated from that date, even if a taxpayer	municipal (Ch. 718), and school district (Ch.
		requests an additional extension of time to file. Additionally, throughout	5748) income taxes by the same period as any
		the COVID-19 Emergency, DOR continues to work with taxpayers who	federal income tax extension granted in
		owe outstanding balances. If you owe taxes to DOR and need	response to the COVID-19 state of emergency.
		assistance, you may reach our collections team via email at	No penalties, interest penalties, or interest in
		DOR_Collections@Delaware.gov.	connection with those taxes will accrue during
			the extension period. <u>H.B. 591</u> , referred to the
		July $15 - \underline{GA}$ - extending the 2019 income tax filing and payment	House Ways and Means Committee on May 5,
		deadline to July 15, 2020, without penalties or interest - for state income	would suspend certain employer municipal
		tax payments and state income tax returns due on April 15, 2020. This	income tax withholding requirements during the
		also includes state estimated income tax payments due on April 15, 2020	COVID-19 state of emergency. (5/12/20)

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		and June 15, 2020, for the taxpayer's 2020 taxable year. Additional	
		extensions to conform to IRS deadlines extension – June 15 estimated	AL - Alabama Legislature considered SB 250
		payments extended to July 15, 2020, any income tax return and payment	Sub. (Sen. Roberts) on 5/5/20, but did not pass
		due after April 15, 2020 and before July 15, 2020 is now due on July 15,	a bill that would have exempted from AL
		2020, including additional corporate filers and other fiscal year income	income tax both PPP loan forgiveness/COD
		tax filers, statute of limitations to file a refund claim for a previous tax	income and CARES Act tax rebates. It is still
		year has been extended to July 15, 2020, a 30-day extension for DOR to	pending. Likely to have a special session in
		perform certain time sensitive actions (including audit or exams, protests	early Fall and consider bill again then.
		or appeals, refund claims for previous tax years) if the last date to	
		perform the action is on or after April 15, 2020 and before July 15, 2020.	
		No extension is provided for the filing, payment, or deposit of any other	State Guidance on CARES Act Provisions
		type of state tax (including employee withholding and sales tax) or for	
		the filing of any state information returns. Any statute of limitations	CA - The CARES Act economic impact
		relating to claiming prior year income tax refunds or credits that would	payments from the federal government are not
		have expired from April 15, 2020 and before July 15, 2020 is now	subject to California income tax.
		extended to July 15, 2020. The Department will not use someone's	The CARES Act emergency increase in
		relocation, that is the direct result of temporary remote work	unemployment compensation benefits (in the
		requirements arising from and during the Corona Virus pandemic, as the	amount of \$600 per week) that individuals
		basis for establishing Georgia nexus or for exceeding the protections	receive are not subject to California income tax.
		provided by P.L. 86-272 for the employer of the temporarily relocated	The CARES Act modifications for NOLs do not
		employee. Also, if the employee is temporarily working in Georgia,	apply for California income and franchise tax
		wages earned during this time period would not be considered Georgia	purposes. The federal early withdrawal penalty
		income and therefore the company is not required to withhold Georgia	waivers for distributions from qualified
		income tax)	retirement accounts under the federal CARES
			Act also applies for California income tax
		July 15 – IL - filing and payment relief to individuals and businesses for	purposes. A.B. 2166, re-referred to the
		Illinois income tax returns is extended from April 15, 2020, to July 15,	Committee on Revenue & Taxation on May 5,
		2020 – for all taxpayers who file and pay their Illinois income taxes on	would amend Cal Rev. and Tax Code Sec.
		April 15, 2020, are automatically extended until July 15, 2020. This	24416 to conform to the net operating loss five-
		relief applies to all individual returns, trusts, and corporations. <i>The relief</i>	year carryback for losses arising in a taxable
		does not apply to partnerships. Penalties and interest will begin to	year beginning after December 31, 2017 and
		accrue on any remaining unpaid balances as of July 16, 2020. You will	before January 1, 2021 recently enacted by the
		automatically avoid interest and penalties on the taxes paid by July 15,	CARES Act. Additionally, the bill allows a
		2020. This does NOT impact the first and second installments of	taxpayer to file a return for the first six months of a taxable year if that return includes a claim
		estimated payments for 2020 taxes that are due April 15 and June 15.	
		Taxpayers are required to estimate their tax liability for the year and make four equal installments. Taxpayers will not be assessed a late	for a net operating loss carryback allowed under IRC Sec. 172(b)(1)(D)(i). FAQs - COVID-19
		estimated payment penalty if the amount of the installments equals 90%	Economic impact payments - CARES Act
		or more of the current year's liability or 100% of the previous year's	Does California conform to IRS Notice 2020-46
		liability. <i>Filing, Payment &amp; Registration Extensions</i> : Extending certain	regarding the exclusion from income of sick,
		individual and corporate filing and payment <u>deadlines</u> . Implementing	vacation, or personal leave that employees elect
		case-specific penalty adjustments for late filing and payments. <i>Expedited</i>	to forgo in exchange for cash payments made
		Refund Processing: Continuing all tax processing, ID protection, fraud	by employers to charitable organizations that
		detection and refund processing operations. Reallocating resources to	by employers to charmable organizations that
		uctection and retund processing operations. Reanocating resources to	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		accelerate certain refund case reviews and approvals. <u>Debt Collection</u>	provide relief to victims of the COVID-19
		<u>Relief</u> : Suspending the creation of most tax filing bills, new warrants and	pandemic?
		liens. Prior audit and legal bills will continue to be issued to protect	Yes, the value of leave donated in exchange for
		statutes of limitation. Suspending creation of new sheriff and collection	amounts paid before January 1, 2021, to
		agency collection cases. Suspending outbound collection call activity to	organizations that aid victims of COVID-19 is
		focus additional resources on assisting Hoosiers with payment support	excludable from an employee's income for
		and other customer-care questions. Suspending creation of new levy and	California income tax purposes. Electing
		garnishment involuntary collection actions. Canceling current levy and	employees may not claim a charitable deduction
		garnishment involuntary collection actions. Offering installment	for the value of the donated leave.
		payment plan agreements up to 60 months. Working with Hoosiers to	Are the payments that individuals receive from
		modify existing installment payment agreements. Moving existing	the federal government (i.e., \$1,200 [\$2,400 for
		payment plan due dates to July 15, 2020, upon request Suspending	individuals filing a joint return] and \$500 per
		payment plan terminations for missed payments. Audit & Legal Protest	qualifying child) under the recently enacted
		Relief: Suspending all in-person field audit work and working	federal CARES Act subject to California
		collaboratively with all entities currently under audit via correspondence	income tax?
		and teleconference to meet statutory requirements. Suspending the non-	No, these payments are not subject to California
		filer desk audit letter distributions. Modifying desk audit record	income tax.
		verification requirements (including Schedule C expense verification).	Is the emergency increase in unemployment
		Suspending all in-person protest hearings. Extending the current 60-day	compensation benefits (in the amount of \$600
		legal protest window an additional 60 days for a total of 120 days.	per week) that individuals receive under the
		Extending the current 30-day protest rehearing window an additional 60	recently enacted federal CARES Act subject to
		days for a total of 90 days. Adjusting all legal protest final decisions to	California income tax?
		delay triggering of downstream statutes of limitation. Allowing the use	No, these payments are not subject to California
		of a valid/current Federal Power of Attorney form in lieu of Indiana's	income tax.
		State Power of Attorney forms in certain circumstances. Eliminating all	Are the modifications for net operating losses
		possible remaining requirements for wet signatures. <u>Hardship &amp; Offer-</u>	(NOLs) in the recently enacted federal CARES
		<u>In-Comprise (OIC) Support</u> : Relaxing certain record submission	Act applicable for California income and
		requirements for new case creation. Extending the time frame for record	franchise tax purposes?
		submission on all pending hardship cases until July 31, 2020. Extending	No, these modifications for NOLs do not apply
		new hardship and OIC case processing deadlines. Supporting all requests	for California income and franchise tax
		to adjust payment plan terms. IL has said only overpayments created by	purposes.
		returns or extensions filed by 4/15 will apply to a 2020 Q1 estimate and	Does California conform to the federal early
		be considered timely. Otherwise, any overpayments are applied to the	withdrawal penalty waivers for distributions
		quarter received. This is how the system defaults. <u>IDOR will waive</u>	from qualified retirement accounts under the
		penalties and interest for out-of-state employers who fail to withhold	recently enacted federal CARES Act?
		<u>Illinois income taxes for Illinois employees where the sole reason for the</u>	Yes, the federal early withdrawal penalty
		<u>Illinois</u> withholding obligation is that the employee is working from	waivers for distributions from qualified
		home due to the COVID-19 pandemic.	retirement accounts under the federal CARES
			Act also applies for California income tax
		July $15 - \underline{IN}$ – individual and corporate tax returns - filing and payments	purposes.
		extended from April 15 and April 20. Those originally due May 15 are	
		due August 17, 2020. It includes estimate payments due April 15 are	
		now due July 15. All other tax return filings and payments remain	
		unchanged. As a result of the extensions for <u>estimated payments</u> , for	

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		Individual and Corporate filers who file on a calendar year basis this	What is the fastest way to get my federal
		means that the 1st estimated payment, normally due in April, will now	stimulus payment if I don't normally file a tax
		be due July 15. Individual estimated payments originally due on June	return?
		15, 2020, are now due on or before July 15, 2020. The deadline for filing	The IRS website has a tool to help taxpayers get
		a claim for refund of income tax set to expire between April 1 and July	their Economic Impact Payment quickly.
		14, 2020, is now extended to July 15, 2020 (including refunds of	The non-filer tool provides a free and easy
		withholding or estimated tax paid in 2016). Corporate estimated	option designed for people who don't have a
		payments due on April 20, May 20 or June 22, 2020, are now due on or	return filing obligation, including those with too
		before July 15, 2020. The corporate tax returns listed below due on May	little income to file.
		15, June 15 or July 15, 2020, are now due on August 17, 2020. This	Visit the IRS' Non-Filers: Enter Payment Info
		includes forms IT-20, IT-41, IT-65, IT-20S, FIT-20, IT-6WTH and	Here webpage and select the Non-Filers: Enter
		URT-1. <u>Business trust filings and payments remain due</u> on their current	<u>Payment Info Here</u> button to access the tool.
		monthly cycle due dates. If your business is closed temporarily and has	Where can I go for more information on the
		no tax revenue for a filing period, you must file a return indicating \$0 for	federal stimulus payment?
		that period (\$0 return). If a business is permanently closed, an Indiana	The IRS will post additional updates on
		tax account is no longer needed. Please complete Form BC-100. Due	their Coronavirus Tax Relief and Economic
		dates for sales tax, withholding and all other taxes collected by	Impact Payments page.
		merchants have not been extended. All filing and payment deadlines and	
		rules remain in effect. Due to the COVID-19 outbreak, <u>Indiana DOR</u>	CO – "In June and July 2020, Colorado enacted
		will accept a Federal power of attorney (POA) to serve temporarily as	legislation, promulgated a regulation and issued
		the Indiana POA until further notice in certain circumstances: The	administrative guidance, all as part of an effort
		tax/form type on the Federal POA matches or is similar to the Indiana	to address the state's conformity to the Internal
		tax/form for which the person seeks to represent the client; The	Revenue Code (IRC) and the federal CARES
		requested representation is only for non-legal matters. (Any temporary	Act. Specifically, on June 2, 2020, the Colorado
		acceptance of the Federal POA would not extend to protests of	Department of Revenue issued an emergency
		assessments or refund denial matters.); and The Federal POA was	regulation in response to several provisions of
		executed on or before March 6, 2020. [the date Governor Holcomb	the CARES Act, clarifying that the state's
		issued Executive Order 20-02, decreeing a public health emergency].	rolling conformity to the IRC applies only on a
		The Indiana Department of Revenue will not use someone's relocation,	prospective basis. The Department permanently
		that is the direct result of temporary remote work requirements arising	adopted this regulation at the end of July. On
		from and during the COVID-19 pandemic health crisis, as the basis for	June 26, 2020, Colorado enacted legislation,
		establishing Indiana nexus or for exceeding the protections provided by	H.B. 20-1024, which amended the net operating
		P.L. 86-272 for the employer of the temporary relocated employee. The	loss (NOL) deduction statute to decouple from
		temporary protections provided under this guidance will extend for	the unlimited carryforward enacted by the Tax
		periods of time where: there is an official work from home order issued	Cuts and Jobs Act of 2017 (TCJA). Colorado
		by an applicable federal, state or local government unit, or pursuant to	subsequently enacted H.B. 20-1420, on July 11,
		the order of a physician in relation to the COVID-19 outbreak or due to	2020, which formally decoupled the state from
		an actual diagnosis of COVID-19, plus 14 days to allow for return to	several CARES Act provisions. The
		normal work locations. If the person remains in Indiana after the	Department also released additional
		temporary remote work requirement has ended, nexus may be	administrative guidance for taxpayers to assist
		established for that employer. Likewise, an employer may not assert that	in filing their returns under these new rules."
		soley having a temporarily relocated employee in Indiana under the	Grant Thornton alert (9/17/20)
		circumstances described above creates nexus for the business or exceeds	
		the protections of P.L. 86-272 for the employer. <u>Individual estimated</u>	

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		payments originally due on June 15, 2020, are now due on or before July	CT – <u>CARES guidance</u> – Economic impact
		15, 2020. The deadline for filing a claim for refund of income tax set to	payment - There is no Connecticut statutory
		expire between April 1 and July 14, 2020, is now extended to July 15,	modification to include the federal economic
		2020 (including refunds of withholding or estimated tax paid in 2016).	impact payments in Connecticut adjusted gross
		Corporate estimated payments due on April 20, May 20 or June 22,	income. Therefore, as the federal economic
		2020, are now due on or before July 15, 2020. The corporate tax returns	impact payments are not included in federal
		listed below due on May 15, June 15 or July 15, 2020, are now due on	adjusted gross income and there is no
		August 17, 2020. This includes forms IT-20, IT-41, IT-65, IT-20S, FIT-	Connecticut modification to include these
		20, IT-6WTH and URT-1.	payments in Connecticut adjusted gross income, said payments are not subject to Connecticut
		July 15 – KS - extending tax filing and payment deadlines to July 15,	income tax. Coronavirus-related distributions -
		2020, and waiving any interest and penalties for returns and payments	There are no Connecticut statutory
		and first quarter 2020 estimated payments made on or before July 15,	modifications specific to coronavirus-related
		2020 - for Individual Income Tax, Fiduciary Income Tax, Corporate	distributions for purposes of calculating
		Income Tax and Privilege Tax - for calendar year tax returns and fiscal	Connecticut adjusted gross income. Therefore,
		filers with due dates between April 15, 2020 and July 15, 2020, to	to the extent that these distributions are
		conform to the extended due date of July 15, 2020. Homestead or	included or excluded from federal adjusted
		property tax relief refund claims has extended the deadline for filing	gross income in a particular year will dictate the
		2019 claims to October 15, 2020. For the Individual Income Tax,	Connecticut tax treatment of such distributions
		Corporate Income Tax, Privilege Tax, the Director of Taxation will	in such year. The payer is required to withhold
		waive any applicable penalty and interest for taxpayers whose first-	6.99% from the distribution unless the recipient
		quarter 2020 estimated tax payments are made after April 15, 2020 but	submits a Form CT-W4P to the payer
		on or before July 15, 2020. 1st Quarter Estimated Due date – 4/15,	requesting that no or a lesser amount of
		however, interest and penalties are waived for first quarter if paid before	Connecticut income tax be withheld. PPP loan forgiveness - There is no Connecticut statutory
		July 15. $2^{nd}$ Quarter Estimated Due date $-6/15$ .	modification to include these amounts in the
		July 15 – KY - extending the 2019 Kentucky income tax return filing	calculation of Connecticut adjusted gross
		and payment due date from April 15, 2020 to July 15, 2020 for	income. Therefore, because loans forgiven
		individual, corporate, limited liability, fiduciary, and pass-through filers	under the Paycheck Protection Program are
		with filing and payment deadlines of April 15, 2020 will now be due	excluded from federal adjusted gross income
		July 15, 2020. Waiving late filing and payment penalties (and interest as	and there is no Connecticut modification to
		well as that is in <u>legislation</u> enacted 3/30/20) on 2019 Kentucky income	include these amounts in Connecticut adjusted
		returns that are filed and paid by July 15, 2020. The calculation and	gross income, such loan forgiveness is not
		application of penalties, fees and interest corresponding to Kentucky	subject to Connecticut income tax. The
		income tax filings and payments now due on July 15, 2020 for	conclusion is the same for purposes of the
		individual, corporate and limited liability filers shall begin on July 16,	Connecticut corporation business tax. NOLs -
		2020. The Kentucky relief applies only to income taxes. Tax districts	For corporation business tax purposes,
		are <u>authorized</u> to suspend or extend return deadlines for taxable net	Connecticut has its own specific rules for NOLs
		profits or gross receipts during the state's declared emergency.	that are not impacted by the federal
		This income tax relief is applicable to individual, corporate, limited	carryforward and carryback rules.
		liability, fiduciary and pass-through filers with filing and payment	For individual income tax purposes, the carryback of federal NOLs that affect an
		deadlines of April 15, 2020. For filers who submit an automatic return filing extension, the due date for returns previously due April 15, 2020,	individual's Connecticut income tax liability are
		but now due July 15, 2020, shall be October 15, 2020 for individual,	applied consistent with the Connecticut Tax
		out now due jury 13, 2020, shall be October 13, 2020 for individual,	applied consistent with the Connecticut Tax

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		fiduciary and pass-through filers, and November 15, 2020 for C	Court's decision in Adams v. Sullivan, 2014
		corporation filers.	WL 4413427 (July 24, 2014) and are subject to
			the provisions of Conn. Gen. Stat. § 12-727(b).
		July $15 - \underline{LA}$ - filing and payment extension relief for income and	Note: The NOL provisions that were modified
		franchise tax returns and payments due on April 15 and May 15, 2020	by the CARES Act do not affect an individual
		are extended to July 15. No penalties or interest assessed if return and	with a Connecticut source loss, but with no
		payment are submitted by July 15. For fiscal year filers with an income	corresponding federal loss. Such individuals
		tax or franchise tax return and payment due date between March 1 and	must comply with Conn. Agencies Regs. § 12-711(b)-6. Excess business losses - There are no
		May 30, 2020, the automatic extension for the return and payment is	Connecticut statutory modifications specific to
		sixty days from the original due date. An extension period shall run	the excess business loss limitation under I.R.C §
		from July 16, 2020, to the general extension date of November 15, 2020 for individual, fiduciary, and partnership returns and December 15,	461(l) for purposes of calculating Connecticut
		2020, for corporation returns. Applies to returns for income and	adjusted gross income. Therefore, to the extent
		franchise – corporation changes from 5/15 to 7/15, income – fiduciary,	that such excess business loss limitation
		individual, and partnership (including composite return) changes to 7/15.	increases or decreases federal adjusted gross
		Interest and penalties shall accrue beginning on July 16, 2020, on the	income in a particular year will dictate the
		outstanding balance of tax due. Estimated payments are not covered in	Connecticut tax treatment of such limitation in
		the relief. According to the LDR, the first and second quarterly	such year. CT QIP guidance - QIP guidance -
		declaration payments remain due on April 15 and June 15, respectively.	Connecticut conforms to the changes made to
		The Department shall <u>automatically waive</u> any UET penalty otherwise	the depreciable life of QIP by the CARES Act, but does not conform to the ability to claim
		due for the April 15 and June 15, 2020 declaration payments provided the following criteria are met: a. The taxpayer pays the April 15 and	bonus depreciation on such assets. If a
		June 15, 2020, declaration payments timely. b. The amount paid on the	company files an amended federal return to
		April 15, 2020, declaration payment is at least 90% of the amount paid	reflect the QIP depreciation change, the
		on the April 15, 2019, declaration payment. c. The amount paid on the	company must file the corresponding amended
		June 15, 2020, declaration payment is at least 90% of the amount paid on	corporation business tax return to report the
		the June 17, 2019, declaration payment. Corresponding relief is granted	depreciation change, except that it must
		for fiscal year filers. 2. The Department shall consider any late filed	calculate the depreciation deduction for
		pass-through entity tax Act 442 election for the 2019 tax year filed on or	Connecticut purposes without regard to the
		after April 16, 2020, but before July 16, 2020, as filed timely.	provisions of I.R.C. § 168(k) (i.e., bonus
		Corresponding relief is granted for fiscal year filers. 3. The Department	depreciation). Alternatively, if a company files
		extends the deadline for a credit transfer or for the execution of a binding	federal Form 3115 to claim additional QIP depreciation as a I.R.C. § 481(a) adjustment, it
		agreement to transfer such credit for 2019 income and franchise returns	must report such adjustment on the
		by 30 days. Corresponding relief is granted for fiscal year filers. The credit transfer must include any applicable statutorily mandated transfer	corresponding corporation business tax return,
		fee. This fee remains due at the time of submission of the credit transfer	except that such adjustment must be calculated
		documentation.)	for Connecticut purposes without regard to the
			provisions of I.R.C. § 168(k).
		July $15 - MA$ - moves the state income tax filing and payment deadline	
		to match the July 15 deadline for filing federal individual and first and	HI - The Economic Impact Payments and loan
		second installments of estimated taxes, estate and trust income taxes and	proceeds from the PPP and EIDL programs are
		partnership composite returns. Corporate excise taxes will have until	not subject to Hawaii income tax. Payments
		July 15 with no penalty for late filing or late payment but interest is not	under the PUA and FPUC programs are subject
		waived. The July 15, 2020 due date applies to personal income tax,	to Hawaii income tax. Under current law,

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		estate and trust income tax, and income tax due with a partnership	forgiven PPP loans are subject to Hawaii
		composite return with an April 15, 2020 due date. It also applies to an	income tax. However, the Department of
		April, 2020 tax installment owed by a personal income taxpayer with	Taxation intends to recommend to the Hawaii
		respect to deemed repatriated income. Interest applies to corporate	State Legislature that Hawaii conform to the
		excise tax payments made after 4/15. While individual / fiduciary	federal treatment of PPP loan forgiveness.
		returns are automatically extended if the payment is made 7/15,	Under existing law, <u>unemployment</u>
		corporations are NOT automatically extended if the payment is made on	compensation paid to employees and the receipt
		7/15. They need to extend on 4/15, or else penalties could apply from	of loan funds, such as funds from PPP loans and
		7/15 through the final filing / payment date. Taxpayers that previously	EIDLs, are not subject to general excise tax
		filed their 2019 returns but have not yet made the associated payments	(GET). GET will not be imposed on payments
		have until July 15, 2020 to make such payments. The Commissioner has	received under PUA, loan amounts forgiven
		determined that the first and second installments of estimated tax, due	under PPP, and EIDL Grants. These amounts
		April 15, 2020 and June 15, 2020, respectively, will now be due July 15,	will be treated as exclusions from gross receipts
		2020. The Commissioner will waive late-file and late-pay penalties for	and should not be reported on GET returns.
		corporate excise (including financial institution and insurance premiums	(5/4/20)
		excise) returns and payments due on April 15, 2020, when those returns	
		and payments are filed and made by July 15, 2020. By law, interest will	IA - <u>Iowa Nonconformity: Coronavirus Aid,</u>
		still accrue on any amounts not paid by April 15, 2020. The waiver of	Relief, & Economic Security (CARES) Act of
		penalties applies to corporate excise returns and payments with an	$\frac{2020}{100}$ – (7/14/20) The Department has published
		original due date of April 15, 2020, including those of certain S	guidance describing Iowa's nonconformity with
		corporations and non-profits that file on a fiscal-year basis and have tax	provisions of the CARES Act of 2020 that
		returns and payments due April 15, 2020. Corporate excise taxpayers	commonly affect income taxes for individuals
		with an April 15, 2020 return due date that seek an automatic six- or	and businesses for tax years beginning in
		seven-month extension, as applicable, must still pay the amount required	calendar year 2018 or 2019. Iowa generally
		for such extension by April 15, 2020. The Corp. Q1 estimated payment	conforms with federal tax changes, to the extent
		is due 3/15, and the return is due 4/15. Any overpayment on the MA CIT return is applied to Q2, not Q1 The rules announced in this TIR are	they affect Iowa income taxes, for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2020. A
		effective until the earlier of December 31, 2020, or 90 days after the	Retroactive provisions of the CARES Act with
		state of emergency in Massachusetts is lifted. As of that date, the rules	which Iowa does not conform:
		set forth in this TIR will cease to be in effect and the presence of an	Paycheck Protection Program (PPP) under the
		employee in Massachusetts, even if due solely to a Pandemic-Related	CARES Act. A taxpayer's PPP loan that is
		Circumstance (as defined below), will trigger the same tax consequences	forgiven and properly excluded from federal
		as under Massachusetts law more generally. This TIR announces that,	gross income under section 1106 of the CARES
		while the rules in this TIR remain in effect, the presence of one or more	Act in a tax year beginning on or after January
		employees working remotely in Massachusetts due to (a) a government	1, 2020, will also qualify for exclusion from
		order issued in response to the COVID-19 pandemic, (b) a remote work	income for Iowa tax purposes. However, Iowa
		policy adopted by an employer in good faith compliance with federal or	is not conformed with section 1106 of the
		state government guidance or public health recommendations relating to	CARES Act for tax years beginning prior to
		COVID-19, or (c) the worker's compliance with quarantine, isolation	January 1, 2020. If a taxpayer receives PPP loan
		directions relating to a COVID-19 diagnosis or suspected diagnosis, or	forgiveness for a tax year beginning prior to
		advice of a physician relating to COVID-19 exposure[1] (collectively,	January 1, 2020, that discharge of indebtedness
		"Pandemic-Related Circumstances") will not, by itself, create a	may be considered income for Iowa tax
		withholding obligation with respect to such employees. See 830 CMR	purposes, unless the income qualifies for
		62.5A.3. This TIR also announces that, while the rules in this TIR	exclusion under another applicable provision of

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		remain in effect, one or more employees working remotely in	federal or Iowa law. Modification of Limitation
		Massachusetts solely due to a Pandemic-Related Circumstance,	on Losses for Taxpayers Other than
		including the presence of business property reasonably needed for such	Corporations (Excess Business Losses) under
		persons' use while working remotely, will not subject a business to a	the CARES Act - Iowa was not conformed with
		sales and use tax collection obligation or to the corporate excise (or	the excess business loss limitation for tax year
		corporate apportionment adjustments) by reason of that	2018, so the temporary suspension of the excess
		fact. Additionally, this TIR explains that businesses claiming a nexus	business loss limitation in the CARES Act
		exemption under Sections III-V must maintain written records sufficient	should have no effect on the calculation of net
		to substantiate the existence of a Pandemic-Related Circumstance with	income on 2018 Iowa income tax returns. For
		respect to the employee(s) triggering the application of these	tax year 2019, the excess business loss
		rules. Lastly, this TIR explains the application of the Massachusetts	limitation will apply for Iowa tax purposes,
		Paid Family and Medical Leave ("PFML") program where an employee	even though the limitation does not apply for
		works remotely in a different state due to a Pandemic-Related	federal purposes. Modification of Limitation on
		<u>Circumstance.</u> For purposes of this Directive, when a taxpayer seeks to	Business Interest under the CARES Act - Iowa
		use an <u>electronic signature</u> it must include a statement, either in the	is not conformed with this change to the extent
		cover letter or in the email transmitting the electronically signed	it applies retroactively to tax year 2019.
		document, that says, to the effect, as follows: "The attached [insert	Specifically, the ATI percentage used in
		document name] includes [insert name of taxpayer or representative]'s	calculating the deduction limitation is 30% for
		valid signature and the taxpayer intends to transmit the document to the	Iowa tax purposes in tax year 2019, even
		Massachusetts Department of Revenue."	though many taxpayers have the option to use
		The Department will work cooperatively with taxpayers to allow for	50% for federal purposes. Depreciation of
		electronic signatures on various administrative forms, including with	Qualified Improvement Property (QIP) under
		respect to the signatures of taxpayers, their representatives, or	the CARES Act - Iowa does not conform to this
		Department employees. The administrative forms for which the	treatment for tax years 2016 through 2019, and
		Department will allow electronic signatures will include but not be	instead treats qualified improvement property
		limited to: Form A-37: Consent Extending the Time for Assessment of	placed in service during those tax years as 39-
		Taxes, Form B-37: Special Consent Extending the Time for Assessment	year property. Bonus depreciation under IRC section 168(k) is not allowed for Iowa tax
		of Taxes, Form DR-1: Office of Appeals Form and Form M-2848:	
		Power of Attorney and Declaration of Representative. [1] For other	purposes for any tax year. (7/14/20) A taxpayer's PPP loan that is forgiven and
		forms not listed herein, the Department will work with taxpayers to	properly excluded from federal gross income
		confirm the parties' declaration of intent to sign electronically.	under section 1106 of the federal CARES Act
		Massachusetts tax implications of the federal CARES Act - Individual	in a tax year beginning on or after January 1,
		Income Tax Provisions - (1) 2020 Recovery Rebates to Individuals -	2020, will also qualify for exclusion from
		Since the advance payment of a credit under the Act is not includable in	income for Iowa tax purposes. The COVID-19
		federal gross income, it is not includable in Massachusetts gross income	economic impact payments authorized in
		and thus not subject to the Massachusetts personal income tax.	section 2201 of the federal CARES Act,
		(2) Expansion of Unemployment Benefits -	whether in the form of a rebate or a refundable
		All payments of unemployment compensation, including amounts	tax credit, will not be included in Iowa taxable
		authorized under the Act, are includable in both federal and	income or added back as part of an individual's
		Massachusetts gross income and subject to Massachusetts personal	reportable federal income tax refund for Iowa
		income tax. (3) Tax-favored Withdrawals for Retirement Plans -, There	individual income tax purposes. (5/29/20)
		is no Massachusetts analog to the Code § 72(t) penalty. Therefore, this	[ [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ] [
		change has no practical Massachusetts tax impact. (4) Loans from	
		Qualified Employer Retirement Plans - for Massachusetts purposes a	

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		loan from a qualified employer plan will be treated as a distribution to	KY – <u>FAQs on CARES</u> - The following
		the extent it is so treated for federal purposes. (5) Temporary Waiver of	answers address specific questions asked by
		Required Minimum Distribution Rules for Certain Retirement Plans and	CPAs and other tax preparers with regard to the
		Accounts - because Massachusetts has no analog to the federal penalties	Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic
		at issue, these changes have no practical Massachusetts tax impact.	Security Act (also known as the CARES Act)
		(6) Allowance of Partial Above-the-Line Deduction for Charitable	passed by Congress on March 27, 2020.
		Contributions - Massachusetts does not adopt the addition of subsection	Does Kentucky recognize the net operating loss
		(22) to Code § 62(a) because Massachusetts generally follows Code §	(NOL) carrybacks allowed for up to five years
		62(a) as in effect on January 1, 2005, with the exception of Code §	that was included in the CARES Act?
		62(a)(1). However, for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2021,	No. The Kentucky General Assembly would
		Massachusetts law separately allows a deduction for charitable	have to adopt this amendment to the Internal
		contributions, with no itemization requirement.[14] The forthcoming	Revenue Code by amending KRS Chapter 141
		Massachusetts charitable deduction remains in effect and is unaffected	to enact the particular provision at issue before
		by the Act. (7) Modification of Limitation on Charitable Contributions	Kentucky taxpayers could carryback an NOL in
		During 2020 - Massachusetts does not follow the Act's temporary easing	calculating their Kentucky income taxes.
		of the limitation in Code § 170 for personal income tax purposes. The	Without adopting this provision, Kentucky
		forthcoming Massachusetts charitable deduction remains in effect and is	taxpayers will have to make adjustments on
		unaffected by the Act. (8) Exclusion for Certain Employer Payments of	their Kentucky income tax return to account for
		Student Loans - Massachusetts does not conform to the revisions made	federal/state differences.
		by the Act. Therefore, qualified education loan payments made by an	Does Kentucky recognize the suspension of the
		employer are not excluded from an employee's Massachusetts gross income. Likewise, Massachusetts does not conform to the disallowance	80% limitation on net operating losses (NOLs) included in the CARES Act?
		of the deduction for interest paid by an employee on such loans.	No. The Kentucky General Assembly would
		(9) Modification of Limitation on Losses for Taxpayers Other than	have to adopt this amendment to the Internal
		Corporations - Massachusetts did not adopt Code § 461(1) as enacted in	Revenue Code by amending KRS Chapter 141
		the TCJA. Therefore the suspension of the limitation has no impact for	to enact the particular provision at issue before
		Massachusetts tax purposes. (10) Use of Health Savings Accounts,	Kentucky taxpayers could utilize NOLs in
		Flexible Spending Accounts, and Archer Medical Savings Accounts for	excess of the 80% limitation in calculating their
		Telehealth Services and Over-the-Counter Medical Products - With	Kentucky income taxes. Without adopting this
		respect to Code §§ 106 and 223, Massachusetts follows the Code as	provision, Kentucky taxpayers will have to
		currently in effect and therefore excludes from gross income	make adjustments on their Kentucky income tax
		reimbursements from an HSA or FSA for medicine or drugs without a	return to account for federal/state differences.
		prescription and allows a deduction for contributions to, and excludes	Does Kentucky recognize the charitable
		from gross income reimbursements from, an HSA in relation to certain	contribution limitation increase included in the
		remote care services for plan years beginning prior to or on December	CARES Act?
		31, 2021.[23] However, because Massachusetts follows Code § 220 as	No. The Kentucky General Assembly would
		amended and in effect on January 1, 2005, Massachusetts does not	have to adopt this amendment to the Internal
		exclude reimbursements for these expenses when paid by an Archer	Revenue Code by amending KRS Chapter 141
		MSA. C. Corporate and Business Tax Provisions - (1) Small Business	to enact the particular provision at issue before
		Loan (PPP) Forgiveness - For a borrower subject to Massachusetts	Kentucky taxpayers could increase their
		personal income tax, any amount forgiven under § 1106 of the Act is	available deduction in calculating their
		includable in gross income and subject to tax, and there is no	Kentucky income taxes. Without adopting this
		disallowance of deductions attributable to the payment of expenses	provision, Kentucky taxpayers will have to
		resulting in the forgiveness of the loan. For purposes of the corporate	

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		excise, Massachusetts follows the Code as currently in effect. Therefore	make adjustments on their Kentucky income tax
		any amount forgiven for a corporate borrower under § 1106 of the Act	return to account for federal/state differences.
		would be excluded from Massachusetts gross income, and any	Does Kentucky recognize the increase to the net
		deductions disallowed in accordance with IRS Notice 2020-32 would	business interest expense limitation included in
		likewise be disallowed for Massachusetts tax purposes. Costs and	the CARES Act?
		expenses paid using PPP loan amounts that are ultimately forgiven are	No. The Kentucky General Assembly would
		not eligible for any of the credits authorized under either M.G.L. c. 62 or	have to adopt this amendment to the Internal
		M.G.L. c. 63. (2) Modifications to the Limitations on Net Operating	Revenue Code by amending KRS Chapter 141
		Losses - The suspension of Code § 172 limitations has no impact for	to enact the particular provision at issue before
		Massachusetts tax purposes. (3) Modifications to Limitation on	Kentucky taxpayers could increase their
		Business Interest Deduction - Massachusetts adopts these changes	business interest expense deduction in
		subject to the rules outlined in TIR 19-17. (4) Technical Amendments	calculating their Kentucky income taxes.
		Regarding Qualified Improvement Property - Massachusetts adopts the	Without adopting this provision, Kentucky
		changes made by the Act with respect to the depreciable life of QIP for	taxpayers will have to make adjustments on
		property placed in service after December 31, 2017. However, because	their Kentucky income tax return to account for
		Massachusetts is decoupled from the bonus depreciation rules in Code §	federal/state differences.
		168(k), the Massachusetts depreciation deduction for QIP must be	Does Kentucky recognize the "above the line"
		calculated under Code § 168 without regard to § 168(k).	charitable contribution deduction, which was an
		(5) Modification of Limitation on Charitable Contributions During 2020	amendment by the CARES Act to IRC Section
		- Massachusetts adopts the temporary easing of the limitation for	<u>62?</u>
		corporate excise purposes.	No. The Kentucky General Assembly would
			have to adopt this amendment to the Internal
		July 15 - ME – extend filing and payment from April 15 to July 15 –	Revenue Code by amending KRS Chapter 141
		waive late fees and interest. This includes any final and estimated Maine	to enact the particular provision at issue before
		income tax payments due by April 15, 2020. Any failure-to-pay	Kentucky taxpayers could recognize the
		penalties and interest will be abated for the period of April 16, 2020,	charitable contribution deduction allowed under
		through July 15, 2020. Sales tax and payroll payments will continue as	IRC Section 62 in calculating their Kentucky
		normal	income taxes. Without adopting this provision,
			Kentucky taxpayers will have to make
		July $15 - \underline{\text{MD}}$ – filing and payment extension for individuals, corporate,	adjustments on their Kentucky income tax
		pass through entity, and fiduciary taxpayers income taxes – waive	return to account for federal/state differences.
		interest and penalty for late payments made by July 15. Fiscal and	Does Kentucky recognize the CARES Act
		calendar year filers with tax years ending January 1, 2020 through	amendment to IRC Section 461 that amended
		March 31, 2020 are also eligible for the July 15, 2020 filing and payment	the Business Loss Limitation?
		extension. The due date for March quarterly estimated payments that is	No. The Kentucky General Assembly would
		normally April 15 is extended to July 15, 2020. The state of Maryland	have to adopt this amendment to the Internal
		has extended the due date for filing June 15 <sup>th</sup> estimated tax payment to	Revenue Code by amending KRS Chapter 141
		July 15 <sup>th</sup> . The extension for filing of returns and payment of income tax	to enact the particular provision at issue before
		owed also extends the statute of limitations for filing a claim for refund	Kentucky taxpayers could utilize the changes to
		of income tax. The extension of time for filing returns and payment of	the federal business loss limitation rules in
		tax has been extended to apply to estate tax. Any estate with a return	calculating their Kentucky income taxes.
		due date after April 1, 2020 and before July 15, 2020 may file the return	Without adopting this provision, Kentucky
		on or before July 15, 2020. This extension affects the estates of	taxpayers will have to make adjustments on
		decedents dying between July 1, 2019 and October 14, 2019. Estates that	

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		had previously filed a request for extension and whose due date falls	their Kentucky income tax return to account for
		between April 1, 2020 and July 14, 2020 are also affected. Estate tax	federal/state differences.
		returns for those estates that file a request for extension by July 15, 2020	Does Kentucky follow a "same as federal"
		must submit the Maryland estate tax return on or before January 15,	income tax position for the treatment of a
		2021. For individuals who request a federal extension by July 15, 2020,	forgiven loan received by businesses under the
		the Maryland tax return is due by October 15, 2020. For corporations	Paycheck Protection Program that was
		who request a federal extension by July 15, 2020, the Maryland tax	established by the CARES Act?
		return is due by November 15, 2020. The <u>cessation of collections</u> is	Yes. Loans forgiven under the CARES Act
		effective immediately and shall continue until 30 days after the lifting of	Paycheck Protection Program that are excluded
		the state of emergency by the Governor. Pursuant to this action, the	from gross income for federal income tax
		Comptroller's office will not send out lien warning notices, issue liens,	purposes and also for Kentucky income tax
		attach bank accounts, hold up the renewal of any license including	purposes.
		Maryland driver's licenses, or offset vendor payments for Maryland	Does Kentucky follow the provisions of IRS
		taxes. The Comptroller's office will temporarily accept images of	Notice 2020-32 clarifying that certain otherwise
		signatures (scanned and photographed) and digital signatures on certain	deductible business expenses incurred in the
		documents. The scope is limited to the determination and collection of	taxpayer's business related to the Paycheck
		liabilities. As part of this initiative, the limited documents include	Protection Program are not deductible
		extensions of statute of limitations on assessment or collection, waivers	expenses?
		of statutory notices of deficiency and consents to assessment, or	Yes. The Department of Revenue takes a "same
		agreements to specific tax matters or tax liabilities (closing or settlement	as federal" position that certain otherwise
		agreements). In addition, the Comptroller's office will allow Comptroller employees to send and accept documents via secure email.	deductible business expenses incurred in the
		Any taxpayer can request that a secure email be sent by a Comptroller	taxpayer's business related to the Paycheck Protection Program are not deductible on a
		employee. Alternatively, the Comptroller will accept password	Kentucky return because the expenses are now
		protected attachments using certain programs. In order to send a	allocable to tax-exempt income.
		document with the digital signature, the taxpayer or representative must	anocaoic to tax-exempt meonic.
		include a statement, either in the form of an attached cover letter or	MA - Massachusetts tax implications of the
		within the body of the email, saying to the effect: "The attached [name	federal CARES Act - Individual Income Tax
		of document] includes [name of taxpayer]'s valid signature and the	Provisions - (1) 2020 Recovery Rebates to
		taxpayer intends to transmit the attached document to the Comptroller of	Individuals -Since the advance payment of a
		Maryland." The choice to transmit documents electronically is solely	credit under the Act is not includable in federal
		that of the taxpayer. The agency will temporarily stop processing paper	gross income, it is not includable in
		tax returns on April 15. The Office will recognize the temporary nature	Massachusetts gross income and thus not
		of a business' interim workplace model and employee deployment in	subject to the Massachusetts personal income
		light of and during the current health emergency and will not use these	tax. (2) Expansion of Unemployment Benefits
		temporary measures to impose business nexus, to alter the sourcing of	- All payments of unemployment compensation,
		business income, or to impose additional withholding requirements on	including amounts authorized under the Act, are
		the employer	includable in both federal and Massachusetts
			gross income and subject to Massachusetts
		July 15 (individual) and July 31 (corporate) – MI – state and city	personal income tax. (3) Tax-favored
		individual income tax returns, July 31 – corporate income tax returns for	Withdrawals for Retirement Plans -, There is no
		state and city – includes first and second quarter estimated payments	Massachusetts analog to the Code § 72(t)
		originally due April 15 and June 15 (individual) and April 30 and June	penalty. Therefore, this change has no practical
		30 (corporate) are due July 15 (individual) and July 31 (corporate) –	Massachusetts tax impact. (4) Loans from

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		waives penalty and interest. Any applicable penalties and interest will	Qualified Employer Retirement Plans - for
		not begin to accrue until July 16, 2020 for any remaining unpaid	Massachusetts purposes a loan from a qualified
		balances due on July 15, 2020, and will not begin to accrue until August	employer plan will be treated as a distribution
		1, 2020 for any remaining unpaid balances due on July 31, 2020. An	to the extent it is so treated for federal purposes.
		annual city income tax returns otherwise due on April 15, 2020	(5) Temporary Waiver of Required Minimum
		(individual) and April 30, 2020 (corporate), and any accompanying city	Distribution Rules for Certain Retirement Plans
		income tax payment (including estimated city income tax extension	and Accounts - because Massachusetts has no
		payments due April 15 and April 30) due with the return, will instead be	analog to the federal penalties at issue, these
		due on July 15, 2020 (individual) and July 31, 2020 (corporate)	changes have no practical Massachusetts tax
		respectively. Any applicable penalties and interest will not begin to	impact. (6) Allowance of Partial Above-the-
		accrue until July 16, 2020 for any remaining unpaid balances due on July	Line Deduction for Charitable Contributions -
		15, 2020, and will not begin to accrue until August 1, 2020 for any	Massachusetts does not adopt the addition of
		remaining unpaid balances due on July 31, 2020. The Hearings Division	subsection (22) to Code § 62(a) because
		will now be accepting requests for informal conference via email to	Massachusetts generally follows Code § 62(a)
		Treas-Hearings@Michigan.gov. Treasury also has a new Form 5713	as in effect on January 1, 2005, with the
		(Request for Hearing/Informal Conference) which may be submitted to	exception of Code § 62(a)(1). However, for tax
		request an informal conference. It is located in the forms and instructions	years beginning on or after January 1, 2021,
		section under the Treasury Hearings and Appeals website located at	Massachusetts law separately allows a
		www.michigan.gov/treasuryhearings. The form is not mandatory;	deduction for charitable contributions, with no
		however, use of the form is highly recommended as it ensures that all	itemization requirement.[14] The forthcoming Massachusetts charitable deduction remains in
		required information is properly submitted with the request. Revenue administrative bulletin, RAB 2020-9, addressing the application of the	effect and is unaffected by the Act.
		sales and use tax industrial processing exemption to personal protective	(7) Modification of Limitation on Charitable
		equipment and safety equipment used to prevent the spread of infectious	Contributions During 2020 - Massachusetts
		diseases, such as COVID-19. The Michigan Department of Treasury	does not follow the Act's temporary easing of
		reminds taxpayers and tax professionals that the use of digital signatures	the limitation in Code § 170 for personal
		is allowed on forms, even those forms that cannot be filed electronically.	income tax purposes. The forthcoming
		The Michigan Department of Treasury does not specify which digital	Massachusetts charitable deduction remains in
		signature product or method tax professionals must use.	effect and is unaffected by the
			Act. (8) Exclusion for Certain Employer
		July 15 – MN – filing and payment of the 2019 Minnesota Individual	Payments of Student Loans - Massachusetts
		Income Tax without any penalty and interest. This does relief not	does not conform to the revisions made by the
		include estimated taxes for 2020 due April 15, 2020, but it does include	Act. Therefore, qualified education loan
		2019 estimated taxes and extension tax payments for the 2019 tax year.	payments made by an employer are not
		At this time, estimated tax payments for 2020 are due April 15, 2020.	excluded from an employee's Massachusetts
		Taxpayers can request relief from penalty and interest for late payments	gross income. Likewise, Massachusetts does not
		for reasonable cause, including emergency declarations by the president	conform to the disallowance of the deduction
		and governor due to COVID-19. First-quarter estimated tax	for interest paid by an employee on such loans.
		payments are due April 15, 2020. You can request to apply any refund	(9) Modification of Limitation on Losses for
		on your 2019 tax return to your 2020 estimated taxes. However, if the	Taxpayers Other than Corporations -
		refund results from a payment made after April 15, it will not prevent an	Massachusetts did not adopt Code § 461(1) as
		<u>Underpayment of Estimated Tax penalty on your 2020 return</u> . The actual	enacted in the TCJA. Therefore the suspension
		date of your payment will be used to calculate the penalty. <u>Taxpayers</u>	of the limitation has no impact for
<u> </u>		may calculate their 2020 estimated tax payments on 75% of their 2018	Massachusetts tax purposes. (10) Use of Health

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		liability. We encourage taxpayers who have filed a 2019 return to use	Savings Accounts, Flexible Spending Accounts,
		their actual 2019 liability. At this time, estimated tax payments for 2020	and Archer Medical Savings Accounts for
		are due April 15, 2020. Taxpayers can request relief from penalty and	Telehealth Services and Over-the-Counter
		interest for late payments if they have a reasonable cause or are	Medical Products - With respect to Code §§ 106
		negatively affected by the COVID-19 pandemic. See Abatement	and 223, Massachusetts follows the Code as
		Information for Individuals or Abatement Information for Businesses.	currently in effect and therefore excludes from
		The extended due date does not include Corporation Franchise, S	gross income reimbursements from an HSA or
		Corporation, Partnership, or Fiduciary taxes, though these taxpayers can	FSA for medicine or drugs without a
		receive an automatic filing extension. Federal estate tax returns and	prescription and allows a deduction for
		payments due between April 1, 2020, and July 15, 2020, have been	contributions to, and excludes from gross
		extended to July 15, 2020, as a result of IRS Notice 2020-66. The	income reimbursements from, an HSA in
		Minnesota payment and filing deadlines for estates that do not have a	relation to certain remote care services for plan
		federal filing or payment obligation are included in this extension. The	years beginning prior to or on December 31,
		Minnesota due date has not changed for Corporation Franchise, S	2021.[23] However, because Massachusetts
		Corporation, Partnership, or Fiduciary taxes. However, under state law:	follows Code § 220 as amended and in effect on
		corporations receive an automatic extension to file their Minnesota	January 1, 2005, Massachusetts does not
		return to the later of 7 months after the due date or the date of any	exclude reimbursements for these expenses
		federal extension to file; S corporations, partnerships, and fiduciaries	when paid by an Archer MSA. C. Corporate
		receive an automatic extension to file their state return to the date of any	and Business Tax Provisions - (1) Small
		federal extension to file. The payment due date for these business returns	Business Loan (PPP) Forgiveness - For a
		has not changed. <u>Taxpayers can request relief from late-filing or late-</u>	borrower subject to Massachusetts personal
		payment penalties and interest for reasonable cause, including	income tax, any amount forgiven under § 1106
		emergency declarations by the president and governor due to COVID-	of the Act is includable in gross income and
		19. <u>See Abatement Information for Businesses</u> . We have temporarily	subject to tax, and there is no disallowance of
		stopped issuing new: levies from bank accounts, wages, or other income;	deductions attributable to the payment of
		professional license revocations; sales tax permit revocations; seizures of	expenses resulting in the forgiveness of the
		property. The department will <u>not seek to establish nexus</u> for any	loan. For purposes of the corporate excise,
		business tax solely because an employee is temporarily working from	Massachusetts follows the Code as currently in
		home due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The department will not seek to	effect. Therefore any amount forgiven for a
		establish nexus for any business tax solely because an employee is	corporate borrower under § 1106 of the Act
		temporarily working from home due to the COVID-19 pandemic.	would be excluded from Massachusetts gross
		Minnesota residents: Your income tax filing requirements will not change solely because of telecommuting. COVID-19 economic impact	income, and any deductions disallowed in accordance with IRS Notice 2020-32 would
			likewise be disallowed for Massachusetts tax
		payments are not required to be paid back, and they are not included in the calculation of: Federal income, Minnesota income, and Income for	purposes. Costs and expenses paid using PPP
		Minnesota's property tax refund. We have temporarily stopped issuing	
		new: Levies from bank accounts, wages, or other income, Professional	loan amounts that are ultimately forgiven are not eligible for any of the credits authorized
		license revocations, Sales tax permit revocations, Seizures of property.	under either M.G.L. c. 62 or M.G.L. c. 63.
		We may continue to take other actions to collect tax debts or other debts	(2) Modifications to the Limitations on Net
		referred to the department. See Collection Information for details.	Operating Losses - The suspension of Code §
		referred to the department. See Concetton information for details.	172 limitations has no impact for Massachusetts
		July 15 - MS - Mississippi has extended the due date for filing income	tax purposes. (3) Modifications to Limitation
		tax returns and making first quarter and second quarter estimated	on Business Interest Deduction - Massachusetts
		payments to July 15, 2020. This extension applies to Individual Income	adopts these changes subject to the rules
		payments to sury 13, 2020. This extension applies to marvidual income	adopto these changes subject to the fules

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		Tax returns, Corporate Income and Franchise Tax returns, and Fiduciary	outlined in TIR 19-17. (4) Technical
		Income Tax returns. If a taxpayer files for an extension of time to file	Amendments Regarding Qualified
		the return, the return will be due on October 15, 2020. Penalty and	Improvement Property - Massachusetts adopts
		interest accrual has been suspended effective March 15, 2020 and will	the changes made by the Act with respect to the
		continue until the end of the national emergency – on all new	depreciable life of QIP for property placed in
		assessments and all prior liabilities. The press release issued by the	service after December 31, 2017. However,
		Department of Revenue on March 26, 2020 stated that penalty and	because Massachusetts is decoupled from the
		interest would not be charged on prior or new liabilities during the	bonus depreciation rules in Code § 168(k), the
		period of the presidentially declared national emergency. This applies to	Massachusetts depreciation deduction for QIP
		the other tax types administered by the Department and does not apply to income tax. The penalty and interest structure applicable to income tax	must be calculated under Code § 168 without
		are provided in this notice. Withholding tax payments for the month of	regard to § 168(k). (5) Modification of Limitation on Charitable Contributions During
		April are extended until May 15, 2020. The extension does not apply to	2020 - Massachusetts adopts the temporary
		sales tax, use tax, or any other tax types, but the Department will not	easing of the limitation for corporate excise
		impose interest and penalty on any sales/use and local tax levies unpaid	purposes.
		tax balance for the period covered by the presidentially declared national	Fark coo.
		emergency. The Department will consider an extension of time to file	Massachusetts Tax Implications of Selected
		and pay on a case-by-case basis. We will agree to abate penalty and	<b>Provisions of the Federal CARES Act –</b>
		interest on any audits closed during this period of national emergency	Individual income tax provisions:
		and where the taxpayer agrees to settle the audit without appeal and pay	• 2020 recovery rebates to individuals
		the tax due. During the period of national emergency, Mississippi will	Since the advance payment of a credit under the
		not change withholding requirements for businesses based on the	Act is not includable in federal gross income, it
		employee's temporary telework location. Mississippi residents are	is not includable in Massachusetts gross income
		taxable on their total income, regardless of where they work. However,	and thus not subject to the Massachusetts
		we will not impose any new withholding requirements on the employer.	personal income tax.
		Mississippi will not use any changes in the employees temporary work	• Expansion of unemployment benefits
		locations due to the pandemic to impose nexus or alter apportionment of	All payments of unemployment compensation,
		income for any business while temporary telework requirements are in	including amounts authorized under the Act, are
		place. We accept these appeals via electronic means now and believe	includable in both federal and Massachusetts
		that because we accept appeals through this manner there is no	gross income and subject to Massachusetts
		additional burden placed on a taxpayer to timely appeal. Additionally,	personal income tax.
		there is no statutory provision to allow us to extend this deadline, which is currently 60 days for most actions of the agency. Mississippi will	Tax-favored withdrawals from retirement
		accept electronic document delivery, digital signatures, and electronic	funds
		forms of payment. We are not aware of any requirements that a taxpayer	Coronavirus-related distributions will be
		must use certified mail in any response to this agency. Certainly, if this	included in Massachusetts gross income at the
		situation presents itself, we will accept anything received via regular	same time and in the same amounts as they are
		mail.	included in federal gross income. The exemption from the additional 10% tax under
			Code § 72(t) has no practical Massachusetts tax
		July $15 - \underline{MO}$ - filing and payment for individuals and corporations and	impact. Although Massachusetts conforms to
		trusts or estates income tax returns – automatic relief. April 15 and June	the Code as currently in effect with respect to
		15 estimated tax payments for individuals and corporations relief to July	section 72, there is no Massachusetts analog to
		15. Penalties and interest relief if pay and file return or request	the Code § 72(t) penalty.
		extension by July 15. Penalties and interest will begin to accrue on any	6 . 75 1 7.

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State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		remaining unpaid balances as of 7/16/20. <u>City of St. Louis - Employees</u> who have been working remotely due to Covid-19 or in conjunction with	Loans from qualified employer retirement  plans
		the acting City of St. Louis Health Commissioner's Order should be	plans Massachusetts adopts the current Code with
		treated as working at their original, principal place of work for Earnings	respect to federal retirement provisions,
		Tax purposes. Employees who have been working remotely due to	specifically Code §§ 72, 401 through 420, and
		Covid-19 or in conjunction with the acting City of St. Louis Health	457. Therefore, for Massachusetts purposes a
		Commissioner's Order should be treated as working at their original,	loan from a qualified employer plan will be
		principal place of work for Earnings Tax purposes.	treated as a distribution to the extent it is so
			treated for federal purposes.
		July $15 - \underline{MT}$ - extended filing and payment for individual income	Temporary waiver of required minimum
		taxpayers to July 15, lenient in waiving penalties and interest associated	distribution rules for certain retirement
		with late tax payments, estimated tax payments for the first quarter	plans and accounts
		extended to July 15. The due date for the second quarter remains	Massachusetts adopts the current Code with
		unchanged.	respect to federal annuities under Code § 72 and
			other retirement provisions, specifically Code
		July $15 - \underline{NC}$ - filing and payment for corporate income and franchise	§§ 401 through 420, and 457, excluding 402A
		taxes, individual income tax returns, partnership tax returns, estates and	and 408(q). However, because Massachusetts
		trusts tax returns, extended from April 15, waive penalties and interest as	has no analog to the federal penalties at issue,
		long as file and pay tax by July 15. Under the <u>new law signed</u> by	these changes have no practical Massachusetts
		Governor Roy Cooper, the NCDOR will not charge interest from April	tax impact.
		15, 2020 through July 15, 2020 on underpayments of individual income,	Allowance of partial above-the-line
		corporate income, and franchise tax on tax returns due to be filed	deduction for charitable contributions
		between April 15, 2020, through July 15, 2020. The relief also applies	Massachusetts does not adopt the addition of
		to estimated income tax payments due between the same dates.  Taxpayers that need additional time to file beyond the July 15th deadline	subsection (22) to Code § 62(a) because
		can submit a request for an additional extension with the IRS or with the	Massachusetts generally follows Code § 62(a)
		Department on or before July 15, 2020. These changes do not apply to	as in effect on January 1, 2005, with the
		trust taxes, such as sales and use or withholding taxes. Expansion of	exception of Code § 62(a)(1). However, for tax
		North Carolina Tax Penalty Relief from March 15, 2020 through July	years beginning on or after January 1, 2021,
		15, 2020. The Department expands relief from the following penalties	Massachusetts law separately allows a deduction for charitable contributions, with no
		for failing to obtain a license, to file a return, or to pay taxes: • Failure to	itemization requirement.[17] The forthcoming
		obtain a license (G.S. 105-236(a)(2)); • Failure to file a return (G.S. 105-	Massachusetts charitable deduction remains in
		236(a)(3)); • Failure to pay tax (G.S. 105-236(a)(4)); and • The penalties	effect and is unaffected by the Act.
		regarding informational returns. The Department will not assess	Modification of limitation on charitable
		penalties for failure to obtain a license, failure to file a return, or failure	contributions during 2020
		to pay a tax that is due on March 15, 2020 through July 15, 2020, if the	For individuals, Massachusetts follows Code §
		corresponding license is obtained, return is filed, or tax is paid on or	170 as amended and in effect on January 1,
		before July 15, 2020. The relief from Late Action Penalties applies to	2005. Therefore, Massachusetts does not follow
		the following tax types: • Income and Franchise Tax; • Withholding Tax;	the Act's temporary easing of the limitation in
		• Sales and Use Tax; • Scrap Tire Disposal Tax; White Goods Disposal	Code § 170 for personal income tax
		Tax; • Motor Vehicle Lease and Subscription Tax; • Solid Waste	purposes. The forthcoming Massachusetts
		Disposal Tax; • 911 Service Charge for Prepaid Telecommunications	charitable deduction remains in effect and is
		Service; • Dry-Cleaning Solvent Tax; • Primary Forest Products Tax; •	unaffected by the Act.
		Freight Car Line Companies; and • Various Taxes Administered by the	

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		Excise Tax Division. While the NCDOR has offered additional penalty	• Exclusion for certain employer payments
		relief for many other tax types, including sales and use and withholding	of student loans
		taxes, the interest waiver only applies to individual income, corporate	Massachusetts follows Code §§ 127 and 221 as
		income, and franchise taxes under the new law. Notice: North	amended and in effect on January 1, 2005.[23]
		Carolina's Reference to the Internal Revenue Code Updated - Impact on	Consequently, Massachusetts does not conform
		North Carolina Corporate and Individual Income Tax Returns -	to the revisions made by the Act. Therefore,
		<b>Decoupling Provisions Impacting Individuals - Mortgage Insurance</b>	qualified education loan payments made by an
		<b>Premiums</b> - Mortgage insurance premiums are not treated as qualified	employer are not excluded from an employee's
		residence interest. • 2019 Individual Income Tax Return – You must not	Massachusetts gross income. Likewise,
		include the amount of mortgage insurance premium on Form D-400	Massachusetts does not conform to the
		Schedule S, Part C, Line 16. Cancellation of Qualified Principal	disallowance of the deduction for interest paid
		<b>Residence Indebtedness</b> – Cancelation of qualified principal residence	by an employee on such loans.
		debt is included in the calculation of NC taxable income through tax	Modification of limitation on losses for
		year 2020. • 2019 Individual Income Tax Return – You must include the	taxpayers other than corporations
		cancelation of debt income on Form D-400 Schedule S, Part A, Line 5.	For personal income taxpayers, Massachusetts
		Qualified Tuition and Related Expenses – Qualified tuition and related	follows Code § 461 as amended and in effect or
		expenses are not deductible. • 2019 Individual Income Tax Return –	January 1, 2005. Consequently, Massachusetts
		You must include the amount of qualified tuition and related expenses	does not adopt Code § 461(1) as enacted in the
		on Form D-400 Schedule S, Part A, Line 5. <b>Net Operating Loss</b>	TCJA. Therefore, the suspension of the
		("NOL") Carryback Incurred in Tax Years 2018, 2019, and 2020 –	limitation has no impact for Massachusetts tax
		An NOL incurred in 2018, 2019, and 2020 carried back for federal tax	purposes.[26]
		purposes must be added to a taxpayer's AGI for tax years 2013 through	• Changes to health savings accounts,
		2019. Farming losses under the provisions of Code § 172(b)(1)(B) do	flexible spending accounts, and Archer
		not need to be added under this provision. Note. The amount added back	medical savings accounts
		to a taxpayer's AGI may be deducted in five equal installments	With respect to Code §§ 106 and 223,
		beginning in tax year 2021. • 2019 Individual Income Tax Return – You	Massachusetts follows the Code as currently in
		must add the amount of loss that originated in tax year 2020 used to	effect and therefore excludes from gross income
		offset your 2019 federal AGI to Form D-400 Schedule S, Part A, Line 5.	reimbursements from an HSA or FSA for
		NOL Limit of Eighty Percent of Taxable Income for Tax Years 2018,	medicine or drugs without a prescription and
		<b>2019, and 2020</b> – An NOL carryforward deduction taken in tax years	allows a deduction for contributions to, and
		2019 or 2020 resulting from an NOL incurred in tax years 2018 or 2019	excludes from gross income reimbursements
		income must be added to a taxpayer's AGI to the extent that the federal	from, an HSA in relation to certain remote care
		deduction exceeds the amount allowed under the provisions of Code §	services for plan years beginning prior to or on
		172 as enacted as of January 1, 2019. Note. The amount added back to a	December 31, 2021.[27] However, because
		taxpayer's AGI may be deducted in five equal installments beginning in	Massachusetts follows Code § 220 as amended
		tax year 2021. • 2019 Individual Income Tax Return – You must add the	and in effect on January 1, 2005, Massachusetts
		amount by which the 2018 NOL carryforward deduction exceeds the	does not exclude reimbursements for these
		amount allowed under the provisions of Code § 172(a)(2)(B) as enacted	expenses when paid by an Archer MSA.
		as of January 1, 2019 to Form D-400 Schedule S, Part A, Line 5.	Corporate and business tax provisions:
		Business Interest Expense Limitation – The business interest expense	Small business loan forgiveness
		deduction under Code § 163(j) remains at 30% of adjusted taxable	For purposes of personal income tax,
		income. • 2019 Individual Income Tax Return – You must add the	Massachusetts generally follows the Code as
		amount of business interest expense deducted on the federal return in	amended and in effect on January 1,
		excess of the 30% of adjusted taxable income limitation on Form D-400	2005. Therefore, for a borrower subject to
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- Modification of limitation on losses for taxpayers other than corporations or personal income taxpayers, Massachusetts llows Code § 461 as amended and in effect on nuary 1, 2005. Consequently, Massachusetts es not adopt Code § 461(1) as enacted in the CJA. Therefore, the suspension of the nitation has no impact for Massachusetts tax rposes.[26]
- Changes to health savings accounts, flexible spending accounts, and Archer medical savings accounts

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		Schedule S, Part A, Line 5. Excess Business Loss Limitation for Tax	Massachusetts personal income tax, any amount
		Years 2018, 2019, and 2020 – The amount of taxpayer's excess	forgiven under § 1106 of the Act is includable
		business loss, as defined under the provisions of Code § 461(l) as	in gross income and subject to tax, and there is
		enacted as of January 1, 2019, for tax years 2018 through 2020 must be	no disallowance of deductions attributable to
		added to a taxpayer's AGI. This addition does not apply if a taxpayer's	the payment of expenses resulting in the
		NOL addback includes excess business losses. Note. The amount added	forgiveness of the loan. For purposes of the
		back to a taxpayer's AGI may be deducted in five equal installments	corporate excise, Massachusetts follows the
		beginning in tax year 2021. • 2019 Individual Income Tax Return − You	Code as currently in effect. Therefore any
		must add the amount of your excess business loss to Form D-400	amount forgiven for a corporate borrower under
		Schedule S, Part A, Line 5. Payment Protection Program Loan	§ 1106 of the Act would be excluded from
		<b>Forgiveness and Expense Deductions</b> – Amount of forgiven PPP loan	Massachusetts gross income, and any
		is not included in the calculation of NC taxable income. However, any	deductions disallowed in accordance with IRS
		expenses paid using the proceeds of the PPP loan that are deducted for	Notice 2020-32 would likewise be disallowed
		federal tax purposes are not deductible when calculating NC taxable	for Massachusetts tax purposes. Costs and
		income. • 2019 Individual Income Tax Return – You must add the	expenses paid using PPP loan amounts that are
		amount of any expenses deducted on your federal return on Form D-400	ultimately forgiven are not eligible for any of
		Schedule S, Part A, Line 5 if (1) the payment of the expenses result in	the credits that may be claimed under either
		PPP loan forgiveness, and (2) you excluded from gross income the	G.L. c. 62 or G.L. c. 63.
		amount of forgiven PPP loan. Limitation on Charitable	Modifications to the limits on net operating
		Contributions – The IRC § 170 60% of AGI limit on charitable	losses
		contributions remains in effect for tax year 2020. Employer Payments	Massachusetts does not conform to the NOL
		of Student Loans – Employer payments of student loans under Code §	rules under Code § 172 in computing taxable
		127(c) are included in NC taxable income for tax year 2020. <b>Above-the-</b>	income. For corporations, the NOL deduction
		Line Deduction for Qualified Charitable Contributions – The amount	is determined under G.L. c. 63, §§ 30.4(ii) and
		of the above-the-line deduction taken for qualified charitable	30.5. Additionally, Massachusetts does not
		contributions under section 2204 of the CARES Act must be added back	allow an NOL deduction for personal income tax purposes.[33] Therefore the suspension of
		to adjusted gross income for tax year 2020. <b>Decoupling Provisions</b>	Code § 172 limitations has no impact for
		Impacting Corporations - Business Interest Expense Limitation –	Massachusetts tax purposes. Further,
		The business interest expense deduction under Code § 163(j) remains at 30% of adjusted taxable income as calculated on a separate entity basis.	Massachusetts does not allow NOLs to be
			carried back and deducted under any
		• 2019 C-Corporation Income Tax Return – You must add the amount of business interest expense deducted on the federal return in excess of the	circumstances.[34]
		30% limitation on Form CD-405, Schedule H, Line 1.h. <b>Payment</b>	Modifications to limitation on business
		Protection Program Loan Forgiveness and Expenses – Amount of	interest deduction
		forgiven PPP loan is not included in the calculation of NC taxable	Massachusetts adopts the current Code with
		income. However, any expenses paid using the proceeds of the PPP loan	respect to Code § 163 for both personal income
		that are deducted for federal tax purposes are not deductible when	tax and corporate excise purposes. Therefore,
		calculating NC taxable income. • 2019 C-Corporation Income Tax	Massachusetts adopts these changes subject to
		Return – You must add the amount of expenses deducted on your federal	the rules outlined in TIR 19-17.
		return on Form CD-405, Schedule H, Line 1.h if (1) payment of the	Technical amendments regarding qualified
		expenses result in PPP loan forgiveness, and (2) you excluded from	improvement property
		gross income the amount of forgiven PPP loan. <b>Amended Returns</b> - If	Massachusetts follows the current Code with
		you have already filed a 2019 North Carolina income tax return and your	respect to Code § 168, except for § 168(k), for
		federal adjusted gross income (for individuals) or federal taxable income	purposes of both the personal income tax and

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		(for corporations) is impacted by the amendments to federal law	corporate excise. Therefore, Massachusetts
		included in FCAA and CARES Act or by the provisions of federal law	adopts the changes made by the Act with
		from which North Carolina has decoupled, you must file an amended	respect to the depreciable life of QIP for
		North Carolina return. If the amended return reflects additional tax due,	property placed in service after December 31,
		you will avoid a late-payment penalty provided the additional tax	2017. However, Massachusetts is decoupled
		reflected on the amended return is paid when the amended return is filed.	from the bonus depreciation rules in Code §
		If the amended return reflects additional tax due but some or all of the	168(k). Consequently, the Massachusetts
		additional tax is not paid when the amended return is filed, the unpaid	depreciation deduction for QIP must be
		tax is subject to applicable penalties. In addition, statutory interest	calculated under Code § 168 without regard to §
		accrues on tax not paid by the original due date of the tax return.	168(k).
		Taxpayers that owe additional North Carolina income tax may request a	Modification of limitation on charitable
		waiver of penalties within the provisions of the Department's Penalty	contributions during 2020
		Waiver Policy.	Massachusetts follows the Code as currently in
			effect for purposes of the corporate excise.
		July $15 - \underline{ND}$ - aligned with the IRS extension date. Individuals or	Therefore, Massachusetts adopts the temporary
		businesses who are unable to file an income tax return or pay the tax by	easing of the charitable contribution limitation
		the April 15th deadline, can file and make payment through July 15,	for corporate excise purposes. 7/13/20)
		2020, without penalty and interest. The waiver of penalty and interest	
		through July 15 applies to all income taxes, which includes individuals	MA - <u>Massachusetts tax implications of the</u>
		(Form ND-1), corporations (Form 40), S-corporations (Form 60),	<u>federal CARES Act</u> - Individual Income Tax
		partnerships (Form 58), and Fiduciaries (Form 38). It does not apply to	Provisions - (1) 2020 Recovery Rebates to
		employer's quarterly wage withholding tax that is due April 30, 2020. It	Individuals -Since the advance payment of a
		also does not apply to sales tax or any other tax. Penalty and interest	credit under the Act is not includable in federal
		will apply beginning July 16. A federal extension to file can be	gross income, it is not includable in
		sought ( <u>Individuals – Form 4868</u> ) which also extends the time to file	Massachusetts gross income and thus not
		your North Dakota return to October 15. With a federal extension in	subject to the Massachusetts personal income
		place, no <i>penalty</i> would be due if North Dakota income tax was filed and	tax. (2) Expansion of Unemployment Benefits
		paid by October 15, but extension <i>interest</i> on the unpaid tax would apply	- All payments of unemployment compensation,
		starting on July 16. Penalty and interest will be automatically waived if	including amounts authorized under the Act, are
		the tax is paid by July 15. The July 15 waiver announcement applies to	includable in both federal and Massachusetts
		first and second quarter estimated payments that are due April 15, 2020. If the first quarter estimated tax payment is made by July 15, all interest	gross income and subject to Massachusetts personal income tax. (3) Tax-favored
		will be waived. Also, if the first quarter estimated tax payment is made	Withdrawals for Retirement Plans -, There is no
		after July 15, any interest related to the period of April 15 to July 15 will	Massachusetts analog to the Code § 72(t)
		be automatically waived. If the first and second quarter estimated tax	penalty. Therefore, this change has no practical
		payment due April 15 and June 15 is made by July 15, all interest will be	Massachusetts tax impact. (4) Loans from
		waived. Also, if payment is made after July 15, any interest related to	Qualified Employer Retirement Plans - for
		the period of April 15 to July 15 will be automatically waived. For a	Massachusetts purposes a loan from a qualified
		2016 calendar year return that had an original due date of April 15, 2017,	employer plan will be treated as a distribution
		the July 15 waiver announcement does NOT affect the time limit to	to the extent it is so treated for federal purposes.
		amend the 2016 return. The statute of limitations to amend is set in law	(5) Temporary Waiver of Required Minimum
		and is not affected. Similarly, the statute of limitations for 2019 is	Distribution Rules for Certain Retirement Plans
		unaffected by the July 15 waiver announcement. The statute of	and Accounts - because Massachusetts has no
		limitations for a 2019 return remains based off the later of the due date	analog to the federal penalties at issue, these

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		or date filed, which would be April 15, 2023 for the three-year statute of	changes have no practical Massachusetts tax
		limitations. Taxpayers that are not required to file a federal income tax	impact. (6) Allowance of Partial Above-the-
		return because their income is below the filing threshold requirement,	Line Deduction for Charitable Contributions -
		but choose to file a federal tax return solely to be able to receive an	Massachusetts does not adopt the addition of
		economic impact payment, do not need to file a North Dakota tax return.	subsection (22) to Code § 62(a) because
		Regarding the business income tax return, the July 15 waiver	Massachusetts generally follows Code § 62(a)
		announcement applies to the calendar year partnership return (Form 58)	as in effect on January 1, 2005, with the
		and calendar year S-corporation return (Form 60). the withholding or	exception of Code § 62(a)(1). However, for tax
		composite tax that is owed on those returns. It applies to the tax owed	years beginning on or after January 1, 2021,
		on those returns that have a date of April 15, 2020. The July 15 waiver	Massachusetts law separately allows a
		announcement applies to business returns filed on a fiscal year basis	deduction for charitable contributions, with no
		which obtained an extension to file the return to April 15, 2020. The	itemization requirement.[14] The forthcoming
		waiver applies to any income tax return or payment with a due date	Massachusetts charitable deduction remains in
		falling between April 1 and July 15, 2020, including a due date which	effect and is unaffected by the Act.
		was previously extended. The waiver only applies to income tax returns	(7) Modification of Limitation on Charitable
		and payments and first and second quarter estimated tax payments with a	Contributions During 2020 - Massachusetts
		due date of April 15 and June 15, 2020. Requests for waivers of penalty	does not follow the Act's temporary easing of
		and interest can be specifically made and will be considered on a case-	the limitation in Code § 170 for personal
		by-case basis. The July 15 waiver announcement does NOT apply to a	income tax purposes. The forthcoming
		previously received a Correction Notice or a Notice of	Massachusetts charitable deduction remains in
		Determination. The automatic waiver applies only to penalty and	effect and is unaffected by the
		interest related to the original return and payment that was due April 15,	Act. (8) Exclusion for Certain Employer
		2020. Also, any due date to respond to the Notice of Determination or	Payments of Student Loans - Massachusetts does not conform to the revisions made by the
		any other correspondence which requests a response is not affected by	•
		the announcement. If additional time is needed to respond, contact our office. If the telecommuting is attributable to a COVID related response	Act. Therefore, qualified education loan
		and is intended to be temporary, North Dakota will not assert income tax	payments made by an employer are not excluded from an employee's Massachusetts
		nexus on that basis alone. If the telecommuting is attributable to a	gross income. Likewise, Massachusetts does not
		COVID related response and is intended to be temporary, North Dakota	conform to the disallowance of the deduction
		will not require inclusion of that payroll in the numerator of the payroll	for interest paid by an employee on such loans.
		factor.	(9) Modification of Limitation on Losses for
			Taxpayers Other than Corporations -
		July $15 - NE$ - extend filing and payment of income tax return due April	Massachusetts did not adopt Code § 461(l) as
		15 to July 15, 2020 for state income tax payments and estimated	enacted in the TCJA. Therefore the suspension
		payments that were originally due on April 15, 2020. The Tax	of the limitation has no impact for
		Commissioner may grant penalty or interest relief upon request	Massachusetts tax purposes. (10) Use of Health
		depending on individual circumstances. DOR will not require	Savings Accounts, Flexible Spending Accounts,
		employers to change the state which was previously established	and Archer Medical Savings Accounts for
		in their payroll systems for income tax withholding purposes	Telehealth Services and Over-the-Counter
		for employees who are now telecommuting or temporarily	Medical Products - With respect to Code §§ 106
		relocated to a work location within or outside Nebraska due to	and 223, Massachusetts follows the Code as
		the COVID-19 pandemic. A change in work location is not	currently in effect and therefore excludes from
		required beginning with the date the emergency was declared,	gross income reimbursements from an HSA or
			FSA for medicine or drugs without a

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		March 13, 2020, and ending on January 1, 2021, unless the	prescription and allows a deduction for
		emergency is extended.	contributions to, and excludes from gross
			income reimbursements from, an HSA in
		July 15 - NM – extend filing and payment for personal, fiduciary, and	relation to certain remote care services for plan
		corporate income tax returns and withholding tax and payments due	years beginning prior to or on December 31,
		between April 15 and July 15 and withholding tax returns and payments	2021.[23] However, because Massachusetts
		due between March 25 and July 25 may be submitted without penalty by	follows Code § 220 as amended and in effect on
		July 25, 2020. Waive late-filing and late-payment penalties. Not waive	January 1, 2005, Massachusetts does not
		interest. Personal, fiduciary, and corporate income tax returns, return	exclude reimbursements for these expenses
		payments, and estimated payments, with a filing or payment due date of	when paid by an Archer MSA. C. Corporate
		April 15th are postponed to July 15th, 2020. <u>HB-6 allows for taxpayers</u>	and Business Tax Provisions - (1) Small
		who file their return by July 15th, 2020 to have until April 15, 2021 to	Business Loan (PPP) Forgiveness - For a
		pay the tax due in full without getting assessed late payment penalty or	borrower subject to Massachusetts personal
		<u>interest</u> .	income tax, any amount forgiven under § 1106
			of the Act is includable in gross income and
		July $15 - NJ$ - extend the filing deadline for all New Jersey Corporate	subject to tax, and there is no disallowance of
		Business Tax and Individual Gross Income Tax Returns to July 15 for	deductions attributable to the payment of
		GIT and CBT filers. The legislation extends: 2019 gross income tax	expenses resulting in the forgiveness of the
		returns and payments, including trusts, 2019 corporate business tax	loan. For purposes of the corporate excise,
		returns and payments, first quarter 2020 GIT/CBT estimated tax	Massachusetts follows the Code as currently in
		payments, first quarter 1041 estimates, partnership returns and payments,	effect. Therefore any amount forgiven for a
		and partnership filing fees and licensed professional fees. Penalties and	corporate borrower under § 1106 of the Act
		interest will not be imposed on the balance of 2019 income tax due	would be excluded from Massachusetts gross
		between the original due date and July 15. The following have NOT	income, and any deductions disallowed in
		been extended: second quarter 2020 estimated tax payments, sales and	accordance with IRS Notice 2020-32 would
		use tax filings and remittances, payroll tax remittances, and inheritance	likewise be disallowed for Massachusetts tax
		taxes. The Division of Taxation will accept images of signatures	purposes. Costs and expenses paid using PPP
		(scanned or photographed) and digital signatures on documents related	loan amounts that are ultimately forgiven are
		to the determination or collection of tax liability. In addition, the	not eligible for any of the credits authorized
		Division of Taxation will allow Division employees to accept documents	under either M.G.L. c. 62 or M.G.L. c. 63.
		via email and to transmit documents to taxpayers established through	(2) Modifications to the Limitations on Net
		secured messaging systems. A separately stated surcharge, regardless of	Operating Losses - The suspension of Code §
		what it is called, to cover the cost of COVID-19 precautions is an	172 limitations has no impact for Massachusetts
		expense that a seller incurs in order to perform a service or sell a	tax purposes. (3) Modifications to Limitation
		product. As the surcharge is part of the sales price, the taxability of a	on Business Interest Deduction - Massachusetts
		COVID-19 precautions surcharge depends on the taxability of the	adopts these changes subject to the rules
		service provided or the product sold. Thus, if a service or product a	outlined in TIR 19-17. (4) Technical
		business is offering is not subject to Sales Tax, then the COVID-19-	Amendments Regarding Qualified
		related surcharge is also not subject to tax. If the transaction is for a	Improvement Property - Massachusetts adopts
		service or product that is subject to Sales Tax, then the COVID-19-	the changes made by the Act with respect to the
		related surcharge is subject to tax.	depreciable life of QIP for property placed in
		T.1. 15 NW ( 1.161) 1 (21.1. 15.0000.6	service after December 31, 2017. However,
		July $15 - \frac{NY}{N}$ – extended filing and payment until July 15, 2020, for	because Massachusetts is decoupled from the
		New York State personal income tax and corporation tax returns and	bonus depreciation rules in Code § 168(k), the

Ctata	Code de como Deta	Coldana Deliaf Descriptions for Control	Other Information
State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information  Massachusetts depresiation deduction for OID
		fiduciaries (estates and trusts) originally due on April 15, 2020. Waives	Massachusetts depreciation deduction for QIP
		interest and penalties. Taxpayers can defer all related tax payments (including installments of estimated taxes for the 2020 tax year, due on	must be calculated under Code § 168 without regard to § 168(k). (5) Modification of
		April 15, 2020, to July 15, 2020, without penalties and interest,	Limitation on Charitable Contributions During
		regardless of the amount owed. If you are unable to file your 2019	2020 - Massachusetts adopts the temporary
		return by July 15, 2020, you can request an automatic extension to file	easing of the limitation for corporate excise
		your return. The personal and corporate return will be due on October	purposes. (6/4/20)
		15, 2020 (and the fiduciary income tax return will be due September 30,	purposes. (6/4/20)
		if the extension request is filed by July 15, 2020, and you properly	MD - Tax Alert 07-24 on MD on Federal
		estimate and pay your 2019 tax liability with your extension request. No	CARES Act (7/20/20)
		extension is provided in this notice for the payment or deposit of any	<u>Critchs rice</u> (1/20/20)
		other type of state tax, or for the filing of any state information return.	MD - Maryland is automatically decoupled
		Remittance of income tax withheld by employers required to be made	from the CARES Act provisions affecting tax
		using Form NYS-1, Return of Tax Withheld, must be made on time. For	year 2020, but conforms to CARES Act
		the period from the date (April 7, 2020) of this Executive Order through	provisions affecting tax years 2018 and 2019.
		May 9, 2020 (then through 6/7, then through 7/15), the Department of	<b>Business Interest Expense Deduction.</b> If a
		Taxation and Finance is authorized to accept digital signatures in lieu of	taxpayer amends their federal 2018 or 2019
		handwritten signatures on documents related to the determination or	return to increase the business interest expense
		collection of tax liability. Tax is temporarily authorized to accept digital	deduction, they may also amend their Maryland
		signatures in place of handwritten signatures on documents related to the	return based on the reduced federal adjusted
		determination or collection of tax liability. Through the end of the	gross income. No decoupling modification for
		<u>disaster emergency</u> . Tax will allow taxpayers and their representative(s)	business interest expense is required for
		holding a valid power of attorney (POA) to digitally sign documents	amended returns for tax years 2018 or 2019.
		such as: waivers of statutes of limitations on assessment or collection,	Any NOL generated in tax years 2018 or 2019
		waivers of statutory notices of deficiency and consents to assessment,	may be carried forward to tax year 2020.
		consents to audit changes and BCMS conferee orders, statements of	Maryland is decoupled from IRC § 163 as
		proposed audit changes, closing and other agreements between Tax and	amended by the CARES Act § 2306, as it
		taxpayers, petitions for advisory petitions and BCMS conferences, other	applies to a tax year beginning in 2020. A
		requests for taxpayer relief, and audit method elections. Tax cannot	decoupling modification is required to add back
		accept a digitally signed POA. When submitting a digital signature to	to federal taxable income any amount included
		Tax, to eliminate mailing documents to the extent possible, taxpayers,	in the federal business interest expense
		POAs, and Tax employees can use all existing and previously allowable	deduction that exceeds 30% of federal taxable
		means of receiving and transmitting documents, such as via fax or	income. This decoupling modification may
		established secured messaging systems. The choice to transmit	affect the amount of NOL that may be carried
		documents to Tax electronically is solely that of the taxpayer. If the	forward. NOLs incurred in tax year 2020 may
		taxpayer is not able to fax the executed document or to provide it	not be carried back.
		through secure messaging, the taxpayer may use email with attachments to transmit the document to Tax. The document must be in one of the	Limitation of Excess Business Losses for Noncorporate Taxpayers. Maryland has
		file types specified in section 1 above, that is, tiff, jpg, jpeg, PDF,	conformed to this provision; no Maryland
		Microsoft Office suite, or Zip. Individuals and fiduciaries should	modification has been required. Maryland
		consider the estimated tax payment due on June 15, 2020, as the 1st	conforms to this provision as it applies to tax
		installment payment towards the 2020 tax year. Individuals and	years 2018 and 2019. If a taxpayer amends their
		fiduciaries should consider the estimated tax payment due on July 15,	2018 or 2019 federal returns to use business
		2020, as the 2nd installment payment of the 2020 tax year. Penalties	losses to offset the full amount of their
<u> </u>		2020, as the 2nd instanment payment of the 2020 tax year. Fendities	105505 to 01150t the run amount of then

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		with respect to the underpayment of estimated tax for individuals and	nonbusiness income, they may also amend their
		fiduciaries will be calculated based on these revised dates. Any	Maryland return for those years. Any excess
		amendments made to the IRC after March 1, 2020, will not apply to	loss maybe carried forward. Maryland is
		New York State or New York City personal income tax.2 Therefore,	decoupled from IRC § 461(l) as amended by the
		any retroactive changes made to the IRC after March 1, 2020, should	CARES Act § 2304 as it applies to tax year
		not be taken into account when filing your 2019 New York State	2020. At the Maryland level, noncorporate
		personal income tax return. For example, the federal CARES Act3	taxpayers' business losses incurred in tax year
		made retroactive changes to the IRC on March 27, 2020. Although	2020 may only offset up to \$250,000 (\$500,000
		these changes may impact your 2019 federal income tax return, they	for joint filers) of nonbusiness income. A
		should not be reflected on your 2019 New York State personal income	decoupling modification is required to add back
		tax return. Permanent legislation allows tax preparers to file their	to federal taxable income any deduction of
		client's NYS tax returns with an electronic signature and permanently	business loss that exceeds \$250,000 (\$500,000
		submit to NY state tax authorization forms with an electronic signature	for joint filers). This decoupling modification
		instead of the traditional wet signature. Effective immediately,	may affect the amount of NOL that may be
		electronic signatures may be used by taxpayers on all e-file	carried forward. NOLs incurred in tax year
		authorizations, TR-579s.	2020 may not be carried back. 5 For
		July 15 OII systemding filing and normant to July 15 systems	partnerships, this amendment only applies to
		July 15 – OH - extending filing and payment to July 15 – waiving penalty and interest on the payment during the extension. The filing	taxable years beginning in 2020, but 50% of
		extension, and waiver of penalty and interest, will be available to those	any excess business interest expense allocated
		filing the Ohio individual income tax, the school district income tax, the	from a partnership for any taxable year beginning in 2019 shall be treated as business
		pass-through entity tax, and to those taxpayers that have opted in to have	interest that is paid or accrued by the partner in
		the commissioner administer the municipal net profit tax through the	the partner's first taxable year beginning in
		state's centralized filing system. Individuals, estates, trusts and certain	2020 and that is not subject to the partner's §
		businesses making quarterly estimated income tax payments, have also	163(j) limit in 2020. <b>IRC § 163(j)(10)(A)(ii).</b>
		been granted additional time to file and pay without penalty or interest.	Maryland conforms to this provision as it
		The first and second quarterly payments, normally scheduled for April	applies to tax years 2018 and 2019. NOLs
		15 and June 15 for most taxpayers, have both been extended to July 15.	incurred in tax years 2018 and 2019 may be
		13 and valle 13 for most anypayors, have both occinionated to vary 13.	carried back for up to five years. If a taxpayer
		July $15 - OK - extend$ filing and payment of income tax return due April	incurred a federal NOL in tax year 2018 or
		15 -including first quarter 2020 estimated tax payments.	2019, and they amend prior year federal returns
			to carry the NOL back, they may also amend
		July $15 - \frac{OR}{OR}$ - extension for Oregon personal and corporate income tax	their Maryland returns for each year a federal
		filing and payment deadlines. It applies for personal and corporate	amended return was filed. Please note, the IRS
		income taxes and some other taxes. Personal income tax deadline is	has implemented procedures for quick refunds
		automatically extended from April 15, 2020 to July 15, 2020. The	due to the carryback of NOLs, but Maryland
		Oregon tax payment deadline for payments due with the 2019 tax year	has no such procedures; taxpayers must file
		return is automatically extended to July 15, 2020. Estimated tax	amended returns to claim the state refund.
		payments for tax year 2020 are not extended. Oregon's April 15, 2020	Maryland is decoupled from IRC § 172 as
		estimated tax payment due date for tax year 2020 has not been extended	amended by the CARES Act § 2303 as it
		and is still due on April 15, 2020. The first estimated payment for the	applies to tax year 2020. Taxpayers may
		CAT is not extended and is due April 30, 2020. However, the	continue to carry forward losses incurred in tax
		department understands that the pandemic may impact commercial	years beginning after December 31, 2017; they
		activity, up or down, to an extent that makes it difficult for businesses to	may not amend prior year returns to carry back

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		estimate their first payment. The department will not assess	current year federal NOLs incurred in tax year
		underpayment penalties for taxpayers making a good-faith effort to	2020. Additionally, any NOLs carried forward
		estimate their first quarter CAT payments. The tax year 2019 six-month	from prior years is limited to 80% of Maryland
		extension to file, if requested, continues to extend only the filing	taxable income for 2020. The remaining unused
		deadline until October 15, 2020. The regular filing extension grants	NOL may be carried forward to tax year 2021.
		more time to file until October 15, 2020, but it does not further extend	Because tax year 2020 NOLs may not be
		the payment due date beyond July 15, 2020. If you properly estimate	carried back at the Maryland level, taxpayers
		your 2019 tax liability using the information available to you and file for	may deplete a 2020 federal NOL by carrying it
		an extension by July 15, 2020, your tax return will be due on October 15,	back before the federal NOL is depleted at the
		2020 for personal income tax and November 15, 2020 for corporation	Maryland level. A decoupling modification is
		excise and income tax. For corporate income/excise taxpayers, the	required for each year to which a 2020 NOL is
		Oregon return filing and payment due date for tax year 2019 is	carried back at the federal level, as allowed by
		automatically extended from May 15, 2020 until July 15, 2020. Fiscal	the CARES Act. A decoupling modification is
		year returns due on or after April 1, 2020 and before July 15, 2020 are	also required to add back to tax year 2020 any
		also extended to July 15, 2020. Payments for and returns due after May	NOL carryforward that exceeds 80% of taxable
		15, 2020 are not extended at this time. The second Director's Order	income for the tax year. The modification is
		(2020-02) extends the due date to July 15, 2020 for Oregon corporate	determined using Maryland Form 500DM and
		excise/income fiscal year tax returns that are otherwise due from April 1,	instructions. Pro forma federal returns must be
		2020 through July 15, 2020. <u>Under Director's Order 2020-02, the</u>	completed in order to determine the decoupling
		extension of the filing and payment due dates applies to estate transfer	modification. Qualified Improvement
		taxes (Form OR-706), which are now due on July 15, 2020. Director's	<b>Property and Bonus Depreciation</b> - Maryland
		Order 2020-02 extends the three-year statute of limitation deadline for	conforms to the provision that classifies QIP as
		claiming a refund for the 2016 tax year to July 15, 2020, if that deadline	15-year property as it applies to all tax years
		would otherwise fall on a date on or after April 1, 2020 and before July	beginning after December 31, 2017. QIP placed
		15, 2020. Director's Order 2020-02 extends the time to claim a 2016	in service in tax years 2018 and beyond is 15-
		Oregon income tax refund to July 15, 2020. Estimated tax payments for	year property, and may be depreciated as such.
		tax year 2020 are not extended. Any interest and penalties with respect	Because Maryland has legislatively decoupled
		to Oregon tax filings and payments extended by this order begin accruing on July 16, 2020. No automatic extension is provided in this	from federal bonus depreciation, non- manufacturers may not take bonus depreciation
		order for the payment or deposit of any other type of Oregon tax or for	on QIP at the Maryland level, even though the
		the filing of Oregon information returns. <u>Under the Director's Orders</u> ,	property qualifies for federal bonus
		normal filing, payment, and deposit due dates continue to apply to both	depreciation.
		payroll and noncorporate excise taxes (like emergency communications	depreciation.
		(E911), marijuana, state lodging, tobacco, etc. The first quarter 2020	MN - COVID-19 economic impact payments
		Form OQ return and payment due dates are not extended and are still	are not required to be paid back, and they are
		due April 30, 2020. Employers must also maintain their current	not included in the calculation of: Federal
		withholding deposit schedules (e.g., daily, monthly, quarterly, etc.). Any	income, Minnesota income, and Income for
		taxpayers who have filing or payment due dates other than those due on	Minnesota's property tax refund. (4/24/20)
		or after April 1 and before July 15 have not been granted relief by this	
		order. PPP loans, EIDL advances, SBA loan subsidies not subject to	NC – Notice: North Carolina's Reference to
		CAT. The Oregon Department of Revenue has determined that certain	the Internal Revenue Code Updated - Impact
		federal assistance to businesses under the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and	on North Carolina Corporate and Individual
		Economic Security (CARES) Act is not commercial activity under	<b>Income Tax Returns - Decoupling Provisions</b>
		Oregon statute and will not be subject to the Corporate Activity Tax. The	Impacting Individuals -Mortgage Insurance

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State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		exempt assistance includes forgiven Paycheck Protection Program (PPP)	<b>Premiums</b> - Mortgage insurance premiums are
		loans, Economic Injury Disaster Loan (EIDL) emergency advances, and	not treated as qualified residence interest.
		Small Business Administration (SBA) loan subsidies. The IRS	2019 Individual Income Tax Return – You must
		economic impact payments are not taxable under current Oregon law.  The payments are considered an advance payment of your federal	not include the amount of mortgage insurance
		The payments are considered an advance payment of your federal	premium on Form D-400 Schedule S, Part C,
		refundable credit that would otherwise be claimed on your 2020 personal	Line 16. Cancellation of Qualified Principal
		income tax return. Unemployment income is taxable to Oregon.	Residence Indebtedness – Cancelation of
		Qualified leave wages are taxable. Oregon is tied to this law. There has been no exception for these wages to be excluded from Oregon taxable	qualified principal residence debt is included in
		income. Qualified leave wages are not excludable qualified disaster	the calculation of NC taxable income through
		relief payments. Currently, there is no exception for these wages to be	tax year 2020. • 2019 Individual Income Tax
		excluded from Oregon taxable income. The sick leave and qualified	Return – You must include the cancelation of
		family leave wages are subject to withholding just like any other wages.	debt income on Form D-400 Schedule S, Part
		The order extends the timeframe to submit a written objection or	A, Line 5. Qualified Tuition and Related
		conference request from 30 to 90 days if the deadline for filing a written	Expenses – Qualified tuition and related
		objection or conference request is on or after April 1, 2020 and before	expenses are not deductible. • 2019 Individual
		July 16, 2020. This applies to any Notice of Deficiency or Notice of	Income Tax Return – You must include the
		Proposed Refund Adjustment or Notice of Liability issued by the	amount of qualified tuition and related expenses
		department on or after March 1, 2020 and before June 16, 2020. If your	on Form D-400 Schedule S, Part A, Line 5. Net
		Notice of Deficiency or Notice of Proposed Refund Adjustment or	Operating Loss ("NOL") Carryback Incurred in Tax Years 2018, 2019, and 2020
		Notice of Liability was issued on or after March 1, 2020 and before June	- An NOL incurred in 2018, 2019, and 2020
		16, 2020 you have 90 days to submit a written objection or conference	carried back for federal tax purposes must be
		request, even though the notice says 30 days. The department did not	added to a taxpayer's AGI for tax years 2013
		have time to change the notice wording before the notices were issued,	through 2019. Farming losses under the
		which is why the notice says 30 days instead of 90 days. The Director's	provisions of Code § 172(b)(1)(B) do not need
		Orders do not extend the time to file an appeal from a department	to be added under this provision. Note. The
		assessment with the Magistrate Division of the Tax Court under ORS	amount added back to a taxpayer's AGI may be
		305.280 or otherwise. For most taxes, the appeal to the Oregon Tax	deducted in five equal installments beginning in
		Court is still generally due within 90 days of the date on the Notice of	tax year 2021. • 2019 Individual Income Tax
		Assessment, or within two years from the date tax an income tax	Return – You must add the amount of loss that
		assessment is paid in full. The department may issue a Notice of	originated in tax year 2020 used to offset your
		Assessment, Notice of Proposed Refund Adjustment, or conference	2019 federal AGI to Form D-400 Schedule S,
		letter affirming, canceling, or adjusting a Notice of Liability in response	Part A, Line 5. NOL <b>Limit of Eighty Percent</b>
		to a written objection or conference request up to 14 months (instead of	of Taxable Income for Tax Years 2018, 2019,
		12 months). If you received a "Letter Error" or "Billing Error" notice	and 2020 – An NOL carryforward deduction
		after April 20, 2020 for any of the following three notices: Notice of	taken in tax years 2019 or 2020 resulting from
		Deficiency, Notice of Proposed Refund Adjustment, or Notice of	an NOL incurred in tax years 2018 or 2019
		Liability issued on or after March 1, 2020 and before June 16, 2020, then	income must be added to a taxpayer's AGI to
		your time to request a written objection or conference is extended from	the extent that the federal deduction exceeds the
		30 days to 90 days. For purposes of Oregon corporate excise/income	amount allowed under the provisions of Code §
		tax, the presence of teleworking employees of the corporation in Oregon	172 as enacted as of January 1, 2019. Note. The
		between March 8, 2020 and November 1, 2020 won't be treated by the	amount added back to a taxpayer's AGI may be
		department as a relevant factor when making a nexus determination if	deducted in five equal installments beginning in
		the employee(s) in question are regularly based outside Oregon. (Note –	tax year 2021. • 2019 Individual Income Tax
L			an year 2021. ♥ 2019 murviduar meome Tax

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		CAT first quarter payment due April 30 – will waive penalties if good	Return – You must add the amount by which
		faith estimate.)	the 2018 NOL carryforward deduction exceeds
			the amount allowed under the provisions of
		July $15 - \underline{PA}$ - filing and payment extended for personal income tax	Code § 172(a)(2)(B) as enacted as of January 1,
		returns, and trusts and estates, partnerships, and S corporations returns	2019 to Form D-400 Schedule S, Part A, Line
		and payments – waive penalties and interest on 2019 personal income	5. Business Interest Expense Limitation –
		tax payments through the new deadline of 7/15/20 – applies to both	The business interest expense deduction under
		final 2019 tax returns and payments and estimated payments for the	Code § 163(j) remains at 30% of adjusted
		first and second quarters of 2020 for the above returns. The	taxable income. • 2019 Individual Income Tax
		department is extending the due date for non-resident withholding and	Return – You must add the amount of business
		partnership corporate net income tax withholding payments to July 15.	interest expense deducted on the federal return
		Extends the filing date by three months for certain information returns	in excess of the 30% of adjusted taxable income
		(1099-R, 1099-MISC, and W2-G). There are no additional extensions	limitation on Form D-400 Schedule S, Part A,
		for fiscal year filers (taxpayers with a tax year other than January to	Line 5. Excess Business Loss Limitation for
		December). Processing delays on paper filed returns. Extension of	<b>Tax Years 2018, 2019, and 2020</b> – The amount
		Filing Deadline Applies to Trusts/Estates, Partnerships and S	of taxpayer's excess business loss, as defined
		Corporations to July 15, 2020. Governor Tom Wolf recently signed	under the provisions of Code § 461(l) as
		into law Act 10 of 2020, which extends the due date of certain personal	enacted as of January 1, 2019, for tax years
		income tax returns and payments, as well as waiving certain other	2018 through 2020 must be added to a
		income tax dates. The Department of Revenue also announced it is	taxpayer's AGI. This addition does not apply if
		extending the due date for corporations with tax returns due May 15 to	a taxpayer's NOL addback includes excess
		August 14, 2020. There is no extension for the June 15 estimated	business losses. Note. The amount added back
		payment due date for corporations. The Department of Revenue is temporarily waiving the requirement for corporate officers to	to a taxpayer's AGI may be deducted in five
		physically sign and date certain corporate tax returns with a wet	equal installments beginning in tax year 2021. • 2019 Individual Income Tax Return – You must
		signature. This waiver applies to tax returns that cannot be submitted to	
		the department electronically. Examples are the returns due for Gross	add the amount of your excess business loss to Form D-400 Schedule S, Part A, Line 5.
		Premiums Tax and Mutual Thrift Institutions Tax. This waiver will be	Payment Protection Program Loan
		in place during the emergency disaster declaration signed by Gov.	Forgiveness and Expense Deductions –
		Wolf in response to the COVID-19 pandemic. The Department of	Amount of forgiven PPP loan is not included in
		Revenue is aware that taxpayers have been unable to meet their	the calculation of NC taxable income. However,
		Inheritance Tax filing and payment obligations. To address these	any expenses paid using the proceeds of the
		concerns, the department is asking County Register of Wills offices to	PPP loan that are deducted for federal tax
		implement the following procedures when their operations resume: If a	purposes are not deductible when calculating
		taxpayer is filing a return or making a payment and indicates that either	NC taxable income. • 2019 Individual Income
		was due during the timeframe that offices were closed, please place a	Tax Return – You must add the amount of any
		date received as of March 12, 2020, on the return and the receipt. In	expenses deducted on your federal return on
		addition, the department is making system modifications to not apply	Form D-400 Schedule S, Part A, Line 5 if (1)
		penalties for payments received late, that otherwise would have been	the payment of the expenses result in PPP loan
		timely during office closures. Federal Stimulus Checks Not Subject to	forgiveness, and (2) you excluded from gross
		PA Taxes. The federal stimulus checks, otherwise known as economic	income the amount of forgiven PPP loan.
		impact payments, being distributed by the federal government are not	Limitation on Charitable Contributions –
		subject to Pennsylvania personal income tax. The payment is	The IRC § 170 60% of AGI limit on charitable
		considered a rebate that is non-taxable in Pennsylvania. The payments	contributions remains in effect for tax year

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·		are being distributed as part of the federal economic stimulus	2020. Employer Payments of Student Loans
1		legislation that was signed into law in March in response to the	- Employer payments of student loans under
		COVID-19 pandemic. The deadline for older adults and Pennsylvania	Code § 127(c) are included in NC taxable
		residents with disabilities to apply for rebates on rent and property	income for tax year 2020. Above-the-Line
		taxes paid in 2019 has been extended from June 30 to Dec. 31, 2020.	Deduction for Qualified Charitable
		If you received a notice or assessment from the department that	<b>Contributions</b> – The amount of the above-the-
•		requires a response by a specific date, please know that the deadline to	line deduction taken for qualified charitable
		respond is suspended temporarily. That temporary suspension will be	contributions under section 2204 of the CARES
		lifted once the Department of Revenue's offices have reopened. Further	Act must be added back to adjusted gross
		guidance will be posted on the Revenue website as it becomes	income for tax year 2020. <b>Decoupling</b>
		available. There will be additional time in certain cases for taxpayers	Provisions Impacting Corporations
		who wish to appeal a tax assessment issued by the Department of	Business Interest Expense Limitation – The
		Revenue or file a petition for a tax refund with the <u>Board of Appeals</u> . A	business interest expense deduction under Code
1		petition will be accepted as timely filed if it is filed by the later of the	§ 163(j) remains at 30% of adjusted taxable
		following dates: 30 days after the reopening of the Board of Appeals	income as calculated on a separate entity basis.
		offices; or the original appeal deadline. Please know that if the appeal	• 2019 C-Corporation Income Tax Return –
		deadline fell on a date prior to the closure of commonwealth offices (March 16, 2020), the original appeal deadline is still applicable. In	You must add the amount of business interest
1		other words, in these cases petitions will be considered as timely filed	expense deducted on the federal return in excess
1		if they are filed by the last day of the appeal period. Additionally, the	of the 30% limitation on Form CD-405, Schedule H, Line 1.h. <b>Payment Protection</b>
1		Board of Appeals will accept any submission of requested	Program Loan Forgiveness and Expenses –
1		documentation as long as it is received within 30 days after the Board	Amount of forgiven PPP loan is not included in
1		of Appeals offices reopen. Waiver of In-Person Service of Legal	the calculation of NC taxable income. However,
1		Action Requirement. Pursuant to PA.R.Civ. P. 402(b), the Office of	any expenses paid using the proceeds of the
1		General Counsel has agreed to waive the in-person service requirement	PPP loan that are deducted for federal tax
		on legal actions and accept service via email or mail during the	purposes are not deductible when calculating
		COVID-19 outbreak. Businesses that collect Pennsylvania sales tax	NC taxable income. • 2019 C-Corporation
		will not have to make Accelerated Sales Tax (AST) prepayments in	Income Tax Return – You must add the amount
		April, May or June, the Department of Revenue has announced. That	of expenses deducted on your federal return on
		means businesses that normally have a monthly prepayment	Form CD-405, Schedule H, Line 1.h if (1)
		requirement will not be charged penalties for missing the prepayment	payment of the expenses result in PPP loan
		deadline during this three-month period. Certain requirements	forgiveness, and (2) you excluded from gross
		concerning the International Fuel Tax Agreement (IFTA) and Motor	income the amount of forgiven PPP loan.
		<u>Carrier Road Tax (MCRT)</u> are temporarily waived for all commercial	Amended Returns - If you have already filed a
		carriers and vehicles traveling into or within Pennsylvania. This waiver	2019 North Carolina income tax return and your
		applies to decals, temporary permits and trip permits. This temporary	federal adjusted gross income (for individuals)
1		waiver comes after Pennsylvania Governor Tom Wolf issued a	or federal taxable income (for corporations) is
1		Proclamation of Disaster Emergency. It is necessary to waive any	impacted by the amendments to federal law
1		statutory provisions that may slow, limit or otherwise hinder the timely	included in FCAA and CARES Act or by the
		and efficient transportation by commercial vehicles during the COVID-	provisions of federal law from which North
		19 emergency. The temporary waiver remains in effect from March 19,	Carolina has decoupled, you must file an
		2020 until it is determined by Gov. Wolf that the emergency no longer	amended North Carolina return. If the amended
		exists, or for 30 days, whichever occurs later. Anyone holding an	return reflects additional tax due, you will avoid
		unclaimed winning ticket from a horse race held in Pennsylvania	a late-payment penalty provided the additional

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		during 2019 will have more time to claim their winning ticket. The	tax reflected on the amended return is paid
		deadline has been extended to May 31, 2020 for tickets purchased	when the amended return is filed. If the
		during 2019. The department will limit the imposition of new	amended return reflects additional tax due but
		enforcement actions on tax liabilities, but will continue to work to	some or all of the additional tax is not paid
		resolve debt for large and complex accounts that remain outstanding.	when the amended return is filed, the unpaid tax
		The Department of Revenue will: pause payments for existing	is subject to applicable penalties. In addition,
		payment plans upon requests from taxpayers, provide flexible terms for	statutory interest accrues on tax not paid by the
		new payment plans, work to boost customer service for taxpayers	original due date of the tax return. Taxpayers
		impacted by the pandemic, suspend or reduce automatic enforcement	that owe additional North Carolina income tax
		actions regarding liens, wage garnishments, bank attachments, license inspections, requirements for tax clearances and use of private	may request a waiver of penalties within the provisions of the Department's Penalty Waiver
		collection agencies, suspend the creation of new desk reviews and field	Policy.
		audits in most cases, suspend in-person meetings with taxpayers in	Toney.
		most cases, broaden audit penalty abatement and interest relief,	NC - On June 30, 2020, North Carolina
		continue to administer tax credit and incentive programs, and abate	Governor Roy Cooper signed legislation (S.L.
		penalties in most cases if taxpayers have remitted trust fund taxes they	2020-58 (H.B. 1080), Laws 2020) advancing
		collected. All collected trust fund monies must be reported and	the Internal Revenue Code (IRC) conformity to
		remitted in full in accordance with your filing frequency. The	May 1, 2020 in order to incorporate provisions
		department will not issue an extension of payment dates related to trust	in the CARES Act. Though conformity is
		fund taxes. The department will not seek to impose CNIT nexus solely	advanced, North Carolina will decouple from
		on the basis of this temporary activity occurring during the duration of	certain provisions including changes to the
		this emergency. The department will not seek to impose SUT nexus	interest deduction limitation under IRC Sec.
		solely on the basis of this temporary activity occurring during the	163(j), the five-year net operating loss (NOL)
		duration of this emergency. If the employee is working from home	carryback, and the suspension of the 80%
		temporarily due to the COVID-19 pandemic, the department would not consider that as a change to the sourcing of the employee's	limitation upon the deduction of NOLs. The enacted legislation also makes changes to the
		compensation. It would remain PA source income for all tax purposes,	computation of affiliated debt for purposes of
		including PA-40 reporting, employer withholding and three-factor	the franchise tax base. From Grant Thornton
		business income apportionment purposes for S Corporations,	summary. (7/29/20)
		partnerships and individuals. If the employee is working from home	summary: (1/25/20)
		temporarily due to the COVID-19 pandemic, the department would not	
		consider that as a change to the sourcing of the employee's	NY - Any amendments made to the IRC after
		compensation. That means the employee's compensation remains PA	March 1, 2020, will not apply to New York
		source, and the employer is required to withhold on the compensation.	State or New York City personal income tax.2
		Waiver for Signature on Corporate Paper Tax Returns	Therefore, any retroactive changes made to the
		The Department of Revenue is temporarily waiving the requirement for	IRC after March 1, 2020, should not be taken
		corporate officers to physically sign and date certain corporate tax	into account when filing your 2019 New York
		returns with a wet signature. This waiver applies to tax returns that	State personal income tax return. For
		cannot be submitted to the department electronically. Examples are the	example, the federal CARES Act3 made
		returns due for Gross Premiums Tax and Mutual Thrift Institutions Tax. This waiver will be in place during the emergency disaster declaration	retroactive changes to the IRC on March 27, 2020. Although these changes may impact
		signed by Gov. Wolf in response to the COVID-19 pandemic. The	your 2019 federal income tax return, they
		emergency disaster declaration was signed on March 6, 2020.	should not be reflected on your 2019 New
		emergency disaster declaration was signed on material, 2020.	York State personal income tax return.
	1		TOTA State personal medine tax return.

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		In place of the corporate officer signature, the person who prepares the	
		return should write in "COVID-19" on the signature line. This will serve	OR - PPP loans, EIDL advances, SBA loan
		as a temporary solution to authenticate the filing of the return if the	subsidies not subject to CAT. The Oregon
		corporate officer is unable to sign and date the return due to the	Department of Revenue has determined that
		pandemic. Waiver for Signature on Pass-Through Paper Tax	certain federal assistance to businesses under
		<b>Returns</b> The Department of Revenue is temporarily waiving the	the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic
		requirement for a general partner, principal officer or authorized	Security (CARES) Act is not commercial
		individual to physically sign and date certain pass-through tax returns	activity under Oregon statute and will not be
		with a wet signature. This waiver applies to tax returns that cannot be	subject to the Corporate Activity Tax. The
		submitted to the department electronically. This waiver will be in place	exempt assistance includes forgiven Paycheck
		during the emergency disaster declaration signed by Gov. Wolf in	Protection Program (PPP) loans, Economic
		response to the COVID-19 pandemic. The emergency disaster	Injury Disaster Loan (EIDL) emergency
		declaration was signed on March 6, 2020. In place of the general	advances, and Small Business Administration
		partner, principal officer or authorized individual signature, the person	(SBA) loan subsidies. (5/6/20)
		who prepares the return should write in "COVID-19" on the signature	
		line. This will serve as a temporary solution to authenticate the filing of	PA - Federal Stimulus Checks Not Subject to
		the return if the general partner, principal officer, or authorized	<u>PA Taxes</u> - The stimulus checks, otherwise
		individual is unable to sign and date the return due to the pandemic	known as economic impact payments, being
		Philadelphia – July 15 - filing and payments until July 15, 2020 for	distributed by the federal government are not
		businesses for the Business Income and Receipts Tax and the Net	subject to Pennsylvania personal income tax.
		<u>Profits Tax.</u> This policy includes estimated payments. The City of	The payment is considered a rebate that is non-
		Philadelphia Department of Revenue will temporarily waive the legal	taxable in Pennsylvania. <u>Stimulus Checks Not</u>
		nexus threshold established under §192603 of the Philadelphia Code	Considered Income For Property Tax/Rent
		and under Section 103 of the BIRT Regulations, which considers the	Rebate Program - The stimulus checks,
		presence of employees working temporarily from home within	otherwise known as economic impact
		Philadelphia as establishing sufficient nexus for out-of-Philadelphia	payments, being distributed by the federal
		businesses. This waiver applies if and when an employee works from	government in response to the COVID-19
		home solely as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic. Determination of	pandemic will not be considered as income for
		Taxable Receipts and Apportionment: Where Philadelphia non-resident	applicants of the Property Tax/Rent Rebate
		employees – who have been performing services in their assigned	Program. The payment is considered a rebate
		business locations within Philadelphia and have not previously been	that Pennsylvanians should not include on the
		required to work from home – are now temporarily working from home	Property Tax or Rent Rebate Claim form (PA-
		solely as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic, the Department of	1000). (5/8/20)
		Revenue deems that such services are performed within Philadelphia	
		for the purposes of sourcing receipts for BIRT and NPT. Philadelphia	SC - For South Carolina income tax purposes,
		resident employees who had been performing services for employers	the economic impact payment is not taxable.
		outside the City before the COVID-19 pandemic who are now	
		temporarily working from their homes in Philadelphia are covered by	WA - The Department has determined that
		this policy. Receipts from services performed by these Philadelphia	businesses receiving assistance under the
		resident employees at their Philadelphia homes solely as a result of the	federal Paycheck Protection Program (PPP)
		COVID-19 pandemic will not be sourced to Philadelphia for BIRT and	program or other COVID-19 assistance
		NPT. This special sourcing rule is an exception that applies only for	programs should not report such assistance as
		the duration of the Governor and Mayor's emergency stay-at-home	gross receipts for B&O purposes and should not
			pay B&O tax on that assistance at the present

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		orders issued in response to the COVID-19 coronavirus health	time. The Department will delay any final
		emergency.	decision on taxability or enforcement actions
			until after the Legislature has had an
		July $15 - \underline{RI}$ - the deadline for extended tax filings and payments,	opportunity to act. In the meantime, no
		normally due April 15, has been postponed to July 15 – for resident and	penalties or interest will accrue with regard to
		non-resident individuals and fiduciaries (estates and trusts income taxes)	any tax that may be due on such receipts until
		and C corporations and for first quarter estimated payments. No	<u>further notice</u> . (5/7/20)
		penalties and no interest will apply to those who file on or before July	
		15, 2020. No late charges will apply to those who file and pay by the	WI - The economic impact payment from the
		new deadline of July 15, 2020, regardless of the amount. Individuals can	federal CARES Act (P.L. 116-136) is not
		defer Rhode Island resident and nonresident personal income tax returns	taxable for federal or Wisconsin income tax
		and personal income tax payments, normally due on April 15, 2020, to	<u>purposes</u> . (4/13/20)
		July 15, 2020, without penalties and interest, regardless of the amount	****
		owed. Similarly, certain business entities can defer Rhode Island returns	WV - <u>Taxability of the stimulus rebate check</u>
		and tax payments, normally due April 15, 2020, and June 15, 2020 to	from the United States Treasury: The COVID-
		July 15, 2020, without penalties and interest, regardless of the amount	19 novel coronavirus recovery rebate check is
		owed. The new deadline applies not only to resident and nonresident	not subject to West Virginia Individual Income
		Rhode Island personal income tax returns and payments for the 2019 tax	Tax.
		year, but also to Rhode Island personal income tax extensions related to	Under Section 2201 of the Coronavirus Aid,
		the 2019 tax year that would normally be filed by April 15, 2020. The	Relief, and Economic Security Act (CARES Act), the United States Congress has authorized
		new deadline also applies to Rhode Island property-tax relief claims	2020 Recovery Rebates for Individuals. These
		filed on Form RI-1040H and to claims for the residential lead abatement tax credit filed on Form RI-6238 that would normally be due on April	payments, in the maximum amount of \$1,200
		15, 2020. In addition, the new deadline applies to fiduciary income tax	per qualifying adult (\$2,400 for joint filers) and
		returns and payments filed by estates and trusts related to the 2019 tax	\$500 per qualifying child, are not considered
		year that would normally be due on April 15, 2020. The new deadline	taxable income for the purposes of West
		also applies to first-quarter and second quarter estimated payments of	Virginia Individual Income Tax.
		Rhode Island income tax for the 2020 tax year by individuals, estates,	viiginia marvidaai meome rax.
		and trusts, that would normally be due April 15, 2020 and June 15, 2020.	
		The relief described in this Advisory does not apply to filings or	
		payments of any other type of Rhode Island tax, or to the filing of any	
		other Rhode Island return. New deadline of July 15, 2020, applies not	
		only to calendar-year individuals and entities with normal due date of	
		April 15, 2020 (April 1, 2020, for surplus lines brokers/licensees), but	
		also to fiscal-year filers whose original or extended due date would	
		normally fall on April 15, 2020. (Although fiscal-year filers who are on	
		extension have a new due date of July 15, 2020, they still must, by	
		statute, be fully paid by September 15, 2020.) New due date applies to	
		filings and payments. Listing for single-member LLC assumes entity is	
		owned by individual. Listing for C corporation also applies to filing	
		under mandatory unitary combined reporting. New deadline for pass-	
		through withholding (Form RI-1096PT) applies only to trusts and single-	
		member LLCs with a normal due date of April 15. New deadline for	
		pass-through withholding estimates (Form RI-1096PT-ES), normally	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		due April 15, 2020, applies to all entity types. New deadline for business	
		extension applies only to public service corporation filers and bank	
		excise tax filers. The relief mainly applies to estimated payments of	
		Rhode Island personal income tax and estimated payments of Rhode	
		Island business tax that would normally be due on June 15, 2020. The	
		deadline for those filings and payments is postponed to July 15, 2020.	
		No penalties and no interest will apply, regardless of the amount owed,	
		if payment is made on or before July 15, 2020. Under the emergency	
		regulation, the income of employees who are nonresidents temporarily	
		working outside of Rhode Island solely due to the pandemic will	
		continue to be treated as Rhode Island-source income for Rhode Island	
		withholding tax purposes. Under the emergency regulation, Rhode	
		Island will not require employers located outside of Rhode Island to	
		withhold Rhode Island income taxes from the wages of employees who	
		are Rhode Island residents temporarily working within Rhode Island	
		solely due to the pandemic. For the duration of Rhode Island's	
		coronavirus state of emergency, the Rhode Island Division of Taxation	
		will not seek to establish nexus for Rhode Island sales and use tax	
		purposes solely because an employee is temporarily working from home	
		during the state of emergency, or because an employee is temporarily	
		working from home during the state of emergency and is using property	
		to allow the employee to work from home (e.g., computers, computer	
		equipment, or similar property) temporarily during the state of	
		emergency. The presence of one or more employees that previously	
		worked in another state but, solely due to the state of emergency, are	
		working remotely from Rhode Island, will not in and of itself trigger	
		nexus for Rhode Island sales and use tax purposes. Property that is	
		temporarily located in Rhode Island during the state of emergency solely	
		to allow one or more employees to work from home temporarily in	
		Rhode Island (e.g., computers, computer equipment, or similar property)	
		during the state of emergency will not in and of itself trigger nexus for	
		Rhode Island sales and use tax purposes. For the duration of Rhode	
		Island's coronavirus state of emergency, the Rhode Island Division of	
		Taxation will not seek to establish nexus for Rhode Island corporate	
		income tax purposes solely because an employee is temporarily working	
		from home during the state of emergency, or because an employee is	
		temporarily working from home during the state of emergency and is	
		using property to allow the employee to work from home (e.g., computers, computer equipment, or similar property) temporarily during	
		the state of emergency. The presence of one or more employees that	
		previously worked in another state but, solely due to the state of	
		emergency, are working remotely from Rhode Island, will not in and of	
		itself trigger nexus for Rhode Island corporate income tax purposes.	
		Property that is temporarily located in Rhode Island during the state of	
		rroperty that is temporarily located in Knode Island during the state of	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		emergency solely to allow one or more employees to work from home	
		temporarily in Rhode Island (e.g., computers, computer equipment, or	
		similar property) during the state of emergency will not in and of itself	
		trigger nexus for Rhode Island corporate income tax purposes. In	
		addition, the performance of any services by such employees within	
		Rhode Island will not, of itself, cause their employer to lose the	
		protection of Public Law 86-272. For the duration of Rhode Island's	
		coronavirus state of emergency, services performed by one or more	
		employees, who previously worked in another state but, solely due to the	
		pandemic, are now working remotely from Rhode Island, will not be	
		considered by the Rhode Island Division of Taxation to increase the	
		numerator of their employer's payroll factor for purposes of	
		apportioning income. Effective immediately, it will allow electronic	
		signatures in place of handwritten signatures for certain types of forms.	
		The Division will accept electronic signatures for the following two	
		forms, both of which involve the sale of Rhode Island real estate by	
		nonresident individuals or entities: • Form RI-71.3 Election ("Election to	
		Have Withholding Based on Gain") and required attachments. • Form	
		RI-71.3 Remittance ("Remittance of Withholding on Sale of Real Estate	
		by Nonresident") and required attachments. The Division has long	
		allowed the use of electronic signatures for electronically filed income	
		tax returns. 2 Form RI-71.3 Remittance can be electronically signed and	
		emailed only if there is no tax due. If there is a payment due, Form RI-	
		71.3 Remittance cannot be emailed or faxed; it must be sent by mail,	
		using the address shown on the form. Also, it must be accompanied by a	
		"Certificate of Withholding Due" (assuming that the Division has not	
		already received the certificate).	
		July 15 – <u>SC</u> – July 15 – filing and payment of state income taxes –	
		individual, C corporation, trust returns – waive interest and penalties	
		extending tax relief for South Carolina 2019 income tax returns	
		originally due April 15, 2020, until July 15, 2020. This also includes	
		quarterly estimated payments due on April 15, 2020. Interest or penalties	
		related to this tax relief will be waived. Additional extension of time to	
		file income tax returns to October 15, 2020 by filing the appropriate	
		South Carolina extension (i.e., SC Form 4868, 1120-T, or 8736) on or	
		before July 15, 2020. Alternatively, if a taxpayer files a timely federal	
		extension, this will automatically extend the time to file the South	
		Carolina 2019 income tax return to October 15, 2020. The Department	
		is announcing temporary relief regarding a business's establishment of	
		nexus solely because an employee is temporarily working in a different	
		work location due to COVID-19 and is providing guidance with respect	
		to employer withholding requirements for these employees. South Carolina Withholding Requirements - Tax Relief Period Effective from	
		Carolina withholding Kequirements - Tax Relief Period Effective from	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		March 13, 2020 through September 30, 2020, South Carolina will not	
		use the temporary change of an employee's work location during the	
		COVID-19 relief period to impose a South Carolina withholding	
		requirement under Code Section 12-8-520, as explained below. This	
		relief does not apply to workers whose status changes from temporary to	
		permanent status during this period. During the COVID-19 relief period,	
		a South Carolina business's withholding requirements are not affected	
		by the current shift of employees working on the employer's premises in	
		South Carolina to teleworking from outside of South Carolina.	
		Accordingly, the wages of nonresident employees temporarily working	
		remotely in another state instead of their South Carolina business	
		location are still subject to South Carolina withholding. During the	
		COVID-19 relief period, an out-of-state business is not subject to South	
		Carolina's withholding requirement solely due to the shift of employees	
		working on the employer's premises outside of South Carolina to	
		teleworking from South Carolina. Accordingly, the wages of a South	
		Carolina resident employee temporarily working remotely from South	
		Carolina instead of their normal out-of-state business location are not	
		subject to South Carolina withholding if the employer is withholding	
		income taxes on behalf of the other state. The Department will not use	
		changes solely in an employee's temporary work location due to the	
		remote work requirements arising from, or during, the COVID-19 relief	
		period (March 13, 2020 – September 30, 2020) as a basis for	
		establishing nexus1 or altering apportionment of income. For South	
		Carolina income tax purposes, the economic impact payment is not	
		<u>taxable</u> .	
		TILLS TOY A TILL I COUNTY IN A TILL	
		July 15 – TN - extended due date for filing and paying the Hall income	
		tax from April 15, 2020 to July 15, 2020. Tennessee also extended filing	
		and paying <u>franchise and excise tax</u> from April 15, 2020 to July 15,	
		2020. Waives interest and penalties. Interest and late filing penalties	
		will not be applied to returns filed and payments made on or before this extended due date. The October 15, 2020, six-month extension date for	
		the calendar year 2019 return remains unchanged. Until July 15, 2020 for filing returns and making any payments (including quarterly	
		estimated payments) for the franchise and excise tax originally due on April 15, 2020. Interest and late filing penalties waived if file and pay by	
		July 15. The October 15, 2020, six-month extension date for the calendar year 2019 return remains unchanged.	
		year 2019 feturn femanis unchanged.	
		July 15 - TX - The state does not impose a personal income tax Texas is	
		automatically extending the due date for 2020 Texas franchise tax	
		reports to July 15, 2020 to be consistent with the Internal Revenue	
		Service (IRS). Non-electronic funds transfer (non-EFT) franchise	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		taxpayers that cannot file by July 15 may file an extension request on or before July 15 and must pay 90 percent of the tax due for the current year, or 100 percent of the tax reported as due for the prior year with the extension request. Non-EFT franchise taxpayers who request an extension have until Jan. 15 to file their report and pay the remainder of the tax due. If the extension request does not meet the payment requirements when the report is filed, penalty and interest will apply to any part of the 90 percent of the tax not paid by July 15 and to any part of the 10 percent of the tax not paid by Jan. 15, 2021. On or before July 15, franchise taxpayers that are mandatory EFT payers may request an extension of time to file to Aug. 15 and must pay 90 percent of the tax due for the current year or 100 percent of the tax reported as due for the prior year with the extension request. On or before Aug. 15, EFT franchise taxpayers may request a second extension of time to file their report and must pay the remainder of any tax due with their extension request. The Aug. 15 extension request extends the report due date to Jan 15. Any payments made after Aug. 15 will be subject to penalty and interest. The Comptroller's office will grant an extension of time to file a franchise tax report upon receipt of a timely request. Timely means submitted or postmarked on or before the due date of the original report. Generally, for an extension to be valid, 100 percent of the tax paid in the prior year, or 90 percent of the tax that will be due with the current year's report, must be paid on or before the original due date of the report.	
		July 15 – <u>UT</u> - filing and payment to July 15 for individuals, corporations and pass-through entities (such as LLCs). Interest and penalties are waived for late-filed 2019 tax returns and payments of individuals, corporations and pass-through entities such as LLCs. To receive this adjustment, these returns and payments must be filed no later than July 15, 2020. The deadline for submitting sales taxes has not changed, as this may first require legislative action.	
		July 15 – VT - Vermonters are advised as well that income tax filing due dates for the following taxes have been extended from April 15, 2020 to July 15, 2020: Vermont personal income tax, Corporate income tax, Fiduciary income tax, Vermont Homestead Declaration and Property Tax Credit Claims. This means taxpayers can file and pay these taxes on or before July 15, 2020 without any penalty or interest. This means taxpayers can file and pay these taxes on or before July 15, 2020 without any penalty or interest. This includes any tax year 2020 estimated payments that were due for these taxes on April 15th, 2020. Also providing relief to Vermont businesses who owe Meals and Rooms Tax or Sales and Use Tax until further notice. Many of our local businesses	

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		find themselves unable to meet the March 25 and April 25 filing	
		deadlines. Taxpayers who are unable to meet the deadlines will not be	
		charged any penalty or interest on these taxes for late submissions	
		July 15 – WI - extending filing and payment until July 15 – waive	
		interest and penalties - applies to individuals, trusts, estates, partnerships,	
		associations, companies or corporations. This relief is solely for income	
		tax payments, estimated income tax payments and returns due April 15,	
		2020. No interest or penalty for the period of April 15, 2020 to July 15,	
		2020. Unpaid income and franchise taxes and pass-through withholding	
		taxes due on or after April 1, 2020 and before July 15, 2020, will not	
		accrue interest or penalties until July 16, 2020. Any estimated payment	
		that is due on or after April 1, 2020 and before July 15, 2020 is extended	
		to July 15, 2020. Federal extensions provided in the IRS notices may be	
		used for Wisconsin income and franchise tax and pass-through	
		withholding tax purposes. For returns that are due on or after April 1, 2020, and before July 15, 2020, regardless if it is the original or	
		extended due date, the due date is extended to July 15, 2020. The	
		deadline to file a 2015 homestead credit claim is April 15, 2020 and the	
		deadline to file a 2019 homestead credit claim is April 15, 2024.	
		Contributions to a Wisconsin college savings account must be made by	
		April 15, 2020 to qualify for the 2019 Wisconsin income tax return	
		subtraction. Contributions to an IRA for 2019 must be made by the due	
		date for filing your income tax return. Since this date has been postponed	
		to July 15, 2020, the date for making contributions to an IRA is also	
		postponed to July 15, 2020. contributions to an HSA or Archer MSA for 2019 must be made by the due date for filing your income tax return.	
		Since this date has been postponed to July 15, 2020, the date for making	
		contributions to an HSA or Archer MSA is also postponed to July 15,	
		2020. You may request a one-month extension to file - a withholding	
		deposit report, a sales and use tax return, and an excise tax returns	
		(motor fuel, alcohol, and tobacco). There isn't an extension of time to	
		pay to the department - withholding deposit reports, sales and use taxes,	
		and excise tax returns (motor fuel, alcohol, and tobacco). Interest will be	
		imposed during the one-month extension period at a rate of one percent.	
		The economic impact payment from the federal CARES Act (P.L. 116-	
		136) is not taxable for federal or Wisconsin income tax purposes.	
		July $15 - \underline{WV}$ - extend filing and payment. Waiving interest and	
		penalties on property taxes until May 1, 2020.	
		July 15 - Puerto Rico - Returns with an original or extended due date of	
		April 15, 2020 or May 15, 2020 or June 15, 2020. The deadline to	
		submit the return without the imposition of interest, surcharges and	

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		penalties will be July 15, 2020. Returns with an original or extended due date of May 15, 2020 or June 15, 2020: The deadline to submit the return without the imposition of interest, surcharges, and penalties will be July 15, 2020.	
		July 15 – <u>USVI</u> - tax filing and payment deadline now pushed to July 15, it would not charge penalties for filings on the aforementioned date. The 2019 income tax returns are due July 15. Returns filed and paid by July 15 will have no interest or penalties assessed. All local tax returns are due on the usual due dates. Penalties will be waived on a case by case basis.	
		June 15 – CT - Business returns – passthrough, UBIT, Corp – file and payment extended. (Individuals – follow the July 15 IRS file and payment extension). The due date for returns and payments due between March 15, 2020, and June 1, 2020, for the following tax types was extended: Pass-Through Entity Tax, Unrelated Business Income Tax, Corporation Business Tax – filing and payment extended to June 15, 2020. On March 16, 2020, DRS announced that the due date for the annual state business tax returns listed above was extended 30 days and payments are due on or before June 15, 2020. The business income tax extension for corporation business tax, unrelated business income tax, and pass-through entity tax applies to fiscal year end filers with a due date between March 15, 2020, and May 31, 2020. The due date is NOT extended for estimated payments of corporation business tax, unrelated business income tax, and pass-through entity tax normally due between March 15, 2020, and June 1, 2020. The extended business income tax filing and payment deadlines do NOT apply to returns already on extension. The deadline for filing an amended 2016 Form CT-1120, Form CT-1120CU, Form CT-990T, or Form CT-1065/CT-1120SI has NOT been extended.	
		June 15 – ID - filing and payment extension applies to all taxpayers – including individuals, businesses, and entities – regardless of the amount owed. Penalty and interest waived if file and pay the income tax they owe by June 15. Also extended deadline to apply for property tax relief programs from April 15 to June 15. We've extended the due date for income tax estimated payments that are normally due April 15 to June 15. This includes fiscal-year tax filers. The due date to apply for property tax reduction, deferral, or the 100% service-connected disabled veteran's benefit is now June 15. We don't expect any other property tax deadlines to change. You can get an automatic extension to file your return by October 15 if you pay enough of your total tax by June 15. To qualify, you need to do one of the following: Pay 100% of the income	

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		tax reported on your 2018 return (if you filed a return), or pay 80% of	
		the estimated tax due on your 2019 return.	
		V 45 NV DD 4 111 00 11 00 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	
		June 15 – NH - DRA will offer relief from applicable interest and	
		penalties for certain qualifying Business Tax and Interest & Dividends  Tax taxpayars impacted by the COVID 10 pendemia who are yields to	
		Tax taxpayers impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic who are unable to pay an amount due on April 15, 2020, provided that payment of any	
		remaining unpaid balance is made by June 15, 2020. This relief is	
		available for any Business Tax or Interest & Dividends Tax return or	
		extension payment due on April 15, 2020 as well as any Business Tax or	
		Interest & Dividends Tax quarterly estimated tax payment due on April	
		15, 2020. Interest and penalties will accrue without any relief on such	
		payments that are not satisfied as of June 16, 2020. Taxpayers that	
		qualify for this additional relief may still take advantage of the automatic	
		7-month extension of the time to file their tax return under the	
		circumstance described, as long as their extension payment is received	
		by June 15, 2020 in an amount equal to either their tax year 2018 total tax liability or tax year 2019 total tax liability. The automatic 7-month	
		extension of the time to file the tax year 2019 return will be measured	
		from the April 15, 2020 due date and will therefore be due no later than	
		November 15, 2020. Those qualifying taxpayers will have until June 15,	
		2020 to remit payment without typical penalties and interest. This	
		extended due date is in addition to the expansion of the qualifications for	
		the automatic extension and the estimate payment safe harbor.	
		Taxpayers who qualify for this specific relief are Business Tax taxpayers	
		who owed \$50,000 or less in taxes (total BPT and BET tax liability) for	
		tax year 2018 and I&D taxpayers who owed \$10,000 or less in taxes for	
		tax year 2018. BPT, BET and I&D taxpayers who have paid at least the	
		amount they owed for the 2018 tax year by April 15, 2020, will not be subject to any penalties or interest, so long as they file their returns and	
		pay tax year 2019 in full within the automatic seven-month extension, by	
		November 15, 2020. Existing safe harbors will be expanded to allow for	
		no penalties due to the underpayment of estimates if 2020 quarterly	
		payments total 100 percent of what was owed in tax year 2018, with at	
		least 25 percent due in each quarter. Taxpayers may also elect to	
		continue using existing acceptable methods to calculate their quarterly	
		estimated payments, such as annualizing their income or using their tax	
		year 2019 liability, if known.	
		June 15 - WA – annual return now due 6/15. Need <i>request</i> filing and	
		payment extend monthly returns. Quarter 1 now due 6/30, and annual	
		return now due 6/15 - on request - for annual businesses, waive penalties	
		- business and occupation tax, real estate excise tax, and other taxes,	
		delay assessments 30 days. Revenue will delay issuing new compliance	

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		assessments until mid-April and reassess then. This delay includes tax	
1		warrants, notices of withhold and deliver, and revocations. Upon	
1		request, Revenue will work with taxpayers that are impacted by COVID-	
I		19 to adjust payment plan amounts or extend payment dates 30 to 60	
1		days. If payment is extended, additional penalties that would have	
1		normally accrued during the extension period will be waived. The	
1		Department will delay scheduling audits of businesses that have gross	
1		income of less than \$5 million in the past year, or are a type of business	
1		specifically identified in the Governor's proclamation, until mid-	
1		May. Revenue will reevaluate at that time. For audits in progress,	
1		Revenue staff will work with you to either issue the audit or provide an	
1		extension of up to 60 days based on your preference. <u>Businesses may</u>	
I		request a one-time extension for paying tax returns prior to the due	
I		<u>date</u> by sending a secure email in your <u>My DOR account</u> or by calling	
1		Revenue's customer service team at 360-705-6705, Monday through	
I		Friday 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. If you miss the deadline for requesting an	
I		extension, request a penalty waiver when filing your return along with	
I		an explanation of how COVID-19 Pandemic caused the delay. <b>Monthly</b>	
I		<b>filers:</b> Monthly tax return payments are generally due the 25th of the	
I		following month. <b>Quarterly filers:</b> The Quarter 1, 2020 return has been	
I		extended to June 30, 2020. The Quarter 2. 2020 return is due July 31,	
I		2020. <b>Annual filers:</b> The Annual 2019 return has been extended to June	
I		15, 2020. Please note: Extensions only push out the due date; they don't	
I		waive the tax owed. While the Department is not providing multiple	
I		extensions on the same tax return, we are providing flexible payment	
I		plans without penalties. Estates filing a Washington Estate Tax Return	
I		and a federal Estate Tax Return can request an extension for the return	
I		and/or payment until July 15, 2020, based on Federal Notice 2020-23.	
I		Estates filing a Washington Estate Tax Return only, and are negatively	
I		impacted by the COVID-19 crisis, can request an extension for the	
I		return and/or payment during the Governor's state of emergency.	
I		Extension requests for payments will be reviewed on a case by case	
I		basis. The Department will waive penalties for nonprofit applications	
I		and renewals for exempt property for the months of February 2020	
I		through May 2020. The Department has determined that businesses	
I		receiving assistance under the federal Paycheck Protection Program (PPP) program or other COVID-19 assistance programs should not	
I		report such assistance as gross receipts for B&O purposes and should not	
I		pay B&O tax on that assistance at the present time. The Department will	
I		delay any final decision on taxability or enforcement actions until after	
I		the Legislature has had an opportunity to act. In the meantime, no	
I		penalties or interest will accrue with regard to any tax that may be due	
I		on such receipts until further notice.	
I		on such receipts until further notice.	
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		June 15 – Puerto Rico - for income tax returns with original or extended due dates of 3/15 and 3/16 – waive penalties and interest and surcharges. Returns with an original or extended date of March 15, 2020: The deadline to submit the return without the imposition of interest, surcharges, and penalties will be June 15, 2020. This includes any return with a due date that was postponed to March 16, 2020, by PRTD Internal Revenue Informative Bulletin No. 20-02 and the PRTD Internal Revenue Circular Letter No. 20-02. No penalties will be imposed for the lack or insufficiency of the first and second installment of the estimated tax payment applicable to individuals and corporations for tax year 2020. The PRTD is waiving the income tax withholding requirement on payments from Monday, March 23, 2020, through Tuesday, June 30, 2020. This total waiver will apply for all payments for services, regardless of whether the recipient of the payment currently has another withholding waiver. Note that the recipient of the payment may request the withholding agent to continue withholding the income tax as waived by this provision.	
		June 1 – FL corporate income tax return payments and extension requests due, and 8/3 – returns filing due (for fiscal year ending 12/31/19 and 1/31/20) instead of the May 1 (for 12/31/19 taxpayers) and June 1 (for 1/31/20 taxpayers) original due dates. For fiscal years ending 2/29/20, 7/1 remains the payment deadline and the filing deadline is extended to 8/3 return (instead of originally 7/1). This emergency order does not change the current due dates for Florida CIT estimated payments due between April 1, 2020 and July 15, 2020. Florida CIT payments should be based on the corporation's best estimate of the amount that would be due with the returns.	
		June 1 – <u>VA</u> – extend due date for VA income tax <i>payments</i> – penalty waiver if full amount paid by June 1 or late payment penalties accrue from original date due – for individual, corporate, and fiduciary income taxes and any estimated income tax payments required in this period. Interest continues to accrue from the original due date. Filing deadlines remain same – May 1. extend due date for VA income tax <i>payments</i> – penalty waiver if full amount paid by June 1 or late payment penalties accrue from original date due – for individual, corporate, and fiduciary income taxes and any estimated income tax payments required in this period. Filing deadlines remain same. Virginia will waive the accrual of interest for certain Virginia income and sales tax payments that are paid on extension in response to the coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) crisis. Certain income tax payments originally due during the period from April 1, 2020 to June 1, 2020 may now be submitted to the Department of Taxation ("the Department") without the accrual of	

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		interest as would otherwise be required for late payments. This waiver of	
		interest only applies if full payment is made on or before June 1, 2020.	
		For a taxpayer filing on extension, at least 90 percent of the total tax	
		liability must be paid by June 1, 2020 in order for the interest waiver to	
		apply. If the interest waiver applies to such a taxpayer, no interest will	
		accrue on the amount of tax paid by June 1, 2020, but interest will	
		accrue from the original due date to the date of payment on any amount	
		left unpaid after June 1, 2020. This waiver of interest applies to any	
		payment required to be made with a Taxable Year 2019 individual,	
		corporate, or fiduciary income tax return, as well as any such payment	
		required to be made with respect to an election to file on extension. In	
		addition, this waiver of interest applies to any individual, corporate, or	
		fiduciary estimated income tax payments that are required to be paid	
		during the period from April 1, 2020 to June 1, 2020. The waiver also	
		applies to payments associated with composite returns. The extended	
		due date for individual and fiduciary income taxpayers who file on a	
		calendar year basis is November 2, 2020. While the interest waiver and	
		the payment extension announced in Tax Bulletin 20-4 do apply to the	
		amount of income tax paid with a composite return, this relief does not	
		apply to nonresident withholding tax. As a result, interest and penalties	
		will generally be imposed if they have not paid by the original due date	
		for filing a Pass-Through Entity Return of Income and Return of	
		Nonresident Withholding Tax. Automatic six-month filing extensions	
		are available for pass-through entities. No application or paperwork is	
		required to qualify, but an extension payment must be made by the	
		original due date to avoid payment-related penalties. Dealers that were	
		granted an extension of the due date for the February 2020 sales tax	
		return and payment due in March pursuant to Tax Bulletin 20-3 will receive a waiver of the interest that would have otherwise accrued for	
		such late payment. This waiver of interest only applies to such payments submitted to the Department no later than April 20, 2020. The interest	
		waiver and the payment extension announced in Tax Bulletin 20-4 do	
		not apply to employer withholding of income tax.	
		not appry to employer withholding of fileothic tax.	
		May 15 – <u>Puerto Rico</u> - information returns – no penalty for Informative	
		Declarations corresponding to the year 2019, as long as the filing is	
		completed in SURI (the electronic portal) no later than May 15, 2020.	
		is in potential in a contract that the contract	
		April $30 - \frac{OR}{OR}$ – corporate activities tax - waive penalties if good faith	
		estimate on first quarter CAT payment due April 30. PPP loans, EIDL	
		advances, SBA loan subsidies not subject to CAT. The Oregon	
		Department of Revenue has determined that certain federal assistance to	
		businesses under the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security	
		(CARES) Act is not commercial activity under Oregon statute and will	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		not be subject to the Corporate Activity Tax. The exempt assistance includes forgiven Paycheck Protection Program (PPP) loans, Economic Injury Disaster Loan (EIDL) emergency advances, and Small Business Administration (SBA) loan subsidies.	
		April 25 - NYC – waive penalties for late filing, late payment, and underpayment penalties for business and excise taxes originally due between 3/16/20 and 4/25/20 – can <i>request</i> waiver of penalties on late filed extension or return or separate request. Interest is not waived – from the original due date.	
		April 15 – MN - Minnesota business income taxes deadlines have not changed. The Minnesota due date has not changed for Corporation Franchise, S Corporation, Partnership, or Fiduciary taxes. However, under state law: corporations receive an automatic extension to file their Minnesota return to the later of 7 months after the due date or the date of any federal extension to file; S corporations, partnerships, and fiduciaries receive an automatic extension to file their state return to the date of any federal extension to file. The payment due date for these business returns has not changed. Taxpayers can request relief from late-filing or late-payment penalties and interest for reasonable cause, including emergency declarations by the president and governor due to COVID-19.	
		April 15 – NH - no change in deadlines for business tax, interest and dividends tax, meals and rentals tax. If paid in full by April 15, can automatically extend 7 months NH business tax and dividends tax return.)	
		April 15 – Puerto Rico - passthroughs – extend filing and payment and	
Alabama	AL DOR webpage (5/12/20)  AL DOR update on remote worker nexus and withholding issues (5/12/20)  Taxpayer Relief Related to COVID-	estimated tax originally due March 15.  AL ADOR operational updates due to COVID-19 update on remote worker nexus and withholding issues (5/12/20)  "Alabama residents are taxable on all of their income, regardless of whether they work either within or outside the state. During the federally declared period of emergency due to the coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic, Alabama will not change withholding requirements for	AL - Alabama Legislature considered SB 250 Sub. (Sen. Roberts) on 5/5/20, but did not pass a bill that would have exempted from AL income tax both PPP loan forgiveness/COD income and CARES Act tax rebates. It is still pending. Likely to have a special session in early Fall and consider bill again then.
	19 (Executive Orders, Notices, Press Releases, etc.) (5/12/20)  AL DOR release on Governor signs proclamation (3/23/20)	businesses based on an employee's temporary telework location within Alabama that is necessitated by the pandemic and related federal or state measures to control its spread. Alabama will not consider temporary changes in an employee's physical work location during periods in which temporary telework requirements are in place due to the pandemic to impose nexus or alter apportionment of income for any business."	ASCPA and Bruce Ely, a member of the AICPA State Partnership Audits Task Force, successfully advocated for the July 15 filing and payment due date relief for pass-through and composite returns that were due 3/16/20, in

State Guidance/Date AL DOR Order on composite returns for pass-throughs that were due 3/16/20 are extended filing and payment relief to 7/15/20 (3/23/20) Second Order pertaining to extensions (updated 3/23/20) Governor Press Release (3/23/20) ADOR Press Release (3/20/20) on waiving state sales tax late payment penalties for state small retail businesses and waiving lodging tax late payment penalties: Prior ADOR Press Release (3/19/20): (July 15 – filing and payment extended from April 15 for all

taxpayers, including individuals. associations, trusts and estates, partnerships, corporations, and other non-corporate tax filers. Other taxes included in the deadline extension are corporate income tax. the financial institution excise tax, and the business privilege tax. Waives interest and penalties.)

(July 15 - Waives interest and late filing and late payment penalties through July 15, 2020, for any tax payment due on a tax return with a due date on or after March 15, 2020. to provide the relief to taxpayers. Any pass-through entity required to file on March 15, 2020, a composite income tax return and remit payments on behalf of its nonresident members is affected by the COVID-19 pandemic for purposes of the relief described in this Order

Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus

AL DOR webpage (5/12/20)

"For taxpayers affected by the coronavirus (COVID-19), the due date for filing state income tax, FIET, and BPT returns and making state income tax, FIET, and BPT payments due on or after April 1, 2020, and before July 15, 2020, is postponed to July 15, 2020. For small businesses, restaurants, and other food service businesses unable to pay their state sales taxes due to the impact of COVID-19, late payment penalties will be waived for taxes reported on returns filed for the February, March, and April 2020 reporting periods. Similar relief is provided for state lodgings taxes due for these same periods. For more information about these and other relief programs, visit the Department's COVID-19 <u>Updates page.</u>" (5/12/20)

Taxpayer Relief Related to COVID-19 (Executive Orders, Notices, Press Releases, etc.) (5/12/20)

On March 13, 2020, Governor Ivey declared a state of emergency in response to COVID-19, thereby allowing the Department more flexibility in working with impacted taxpayers. To date, the Department has issued the following taxpayer relief orders:

- NOTICE: To All Entities Submitting Paper Motor Fuel Excise Tax Refund Petitions
- ADOR Urging Small Businesses to Prepare to Seek Federal Assistance
- Governor Ivey Signs Proclamation Delaying State Tax Filings
- Order Extending Deadline for Filing and Payment of State Income Tax, FIET, and BPT (Updated April 10 at 2:39 p.m.)
- Composite Returns and Payments
- Temporary Suspension of International Registration Plan (IRP) and International Fuel Tax Agreement (IFTA) Requirements (UPDATED APRIL 1 at 4:11 p.m.)
- March 2020, April 2020 and May 2020 Motor Vehicle Registrations and Property Tax Payments and Penalties Extension (UPDATED MAY 4 at 8:40 a.m.)
- Late Payment Penalties Waived for Small Retail Businesses Sales Tax Liabilities (UPDATED MARCH 18 AT 1:41 P.M.)
- Late Payment Penalties Waived for Sales Tax Liabilities of Restaurants and Other Food Service Providers
- Late Payment Penalties Waived for State Transient Occupancy Tax (lodgings tax) Liabilities

AL DOR release on Governor signs proclamation (3/23/20)

Other Information

addition to advocating for the 7/15 extended filing and payment date for all taxpayers.

Alabama DOR COVID – 19 website (3/25/20):

"UPDATED: March 23, 2020 at 2:54 p.m. The Alabama Department of Revenue is monitoring developments pertaining to the Coronavirus (COVID-19) and is following guidance from federal and state officials. We understand you may have some concerns and uncertainty pertaining to COVID-19 and the Department is committed to being responsive to your needs.

The Department is encouraging all taxpayers to conduct their business with us through our online services. Take advantage of our website for information and answers to your questions: use My Alabama Taxes (MAT) to file and pay taxes: or call 334-242-1170 to receive additional assistance.

Out of an abundance of caution for your health and wellbeing, as well as our employees, we are asking taxpayers to limit in-person visits to the taxpayer service centers at this time. If you must make a payment in person, these payments can be made at one of our nine Taxpayer Service Centers. All other assistance will be provided remotely via phone or email. Click here for Taxpayer Service Center locations and contact information.

At this time, title applications from designated agents and salvage inspection applications will not be received in-person at the Montgomery Taxpayer Service Center. These applications must be mailed to the Motor Vehicle Division. In addition, all other motor vehicle title. registration, IFTA and IRP transactions must be submitted electronically. For additional questions please contact the Motor Vehicle Division at 334-242-9000.

As of March 18, 2020, the state and stateadministered county cigarette stamps issued by the Business and License Tax Division may no

State Guidance/Date

(Affected Taxpayer). The relief is available solely with respect to composite payments due to be made and composite returns due to be filed on March 15, 2020, by passthrough entities. No extension is provided for the payment or deposit of any other type of state tax, or for the filing of any other state information return. As a result of the postponement of the due date for filing composite returns and making composite payments from March 15, 2020, to July 15, 2020, the period beginning on March 15, 2020, and ending on July 15, 2020, will be disregarded in the calculation of any interest, penalty, or addition to tax for failure to file composite returns and to pay composite payments postponed by this Order. Interest, penalties, and additions to tax with respect to such postponed filings and payments will begin to accrue on July 16, 2020. For taxpayers affected by the coronavirus (COVID-19), the due date for filing state income tax, FIET, and BPT returns and making state income tax, FIET, and BPT payments due on or after April 1, 2020, and before July 15, 2020, is postponed to July 15, 2020. For small businesses, restaurants, and other food service businesses unable to pay their state sales taxes due to the impact of COVID-19, late payment penalties will be waived for taxes reported on returns filed for the February, March, and April 2020 reporting periods. Similar relief is provided for state lodgings taxes due for these same periods. Alabama will not change

Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus

"Governor Ivey Signs Proclamation Delaying State Tax Filings

March 23, 2020

MONTGOMERY – Governor Kay Ivey and the Alabama Department of Revenue announced today that the state income tax filing due date is extended from April 15, 2020, to July 15, 2020. Taxpayers can also defer state income tax payments due on April 15, 2020, to July 15, 2020, without penalties and interest, regardless of the amount owed. This deferment applies to all taxpayers, including individuals, trusts and estates, corporations and other non-corporate tax filers.

"This morning, I signed a supplemental State of Emergency order to allow the Alabama Department of Revenue to extend state filings until July 15, 2020," said Governor Ivey...

Other taxes included in the deadline extension are corporate income tax, the Financial Institution Excise Tax (FIET), and the Business Privilege Tax (BPT).

Taxpayers do not need to file any additional forms or call the Alabama Department of Revenue to qualify for this automatic state tax filing and payment relief. Individual taxpayers who need additional time to file beyond the July 15 deadline can request a filing extension through the usual methods.

. . . .

<u>Supplemental COVID-19 State of Emergency Proclamation</u>
<u>Commissioner's Executive Order pertaining to deadline extensions</u>
(Updated March 23 at 2:02 p.m.)

<u>Commissioner's Executive Order pertaining to composite returns</u>
To download a PDF version of this release, <u>click here</u>."

<u>AL DOR Order on composite returns</u> for pass-throughs that were due 3/16/20 are extended filing and payment relief to 7/15/20 (3/23/20)

The Governor's order grant authority to the state DOR to retroactively allow composite tax returns (for nonresident owners of pass-through entities) and payments to be automatically extended from their March 16 due date to July 15, consistent with the waiver granted to April 15 filers.

"The Governor's Order further delegated to the Commissioner of Revenue the authority to waive interest through July 15, 2020, for any tax payment due on a tax return with a due date on or after March 15, 2020, and authorized the Commissioner of Revenue to take any action necessary to provide the relief to taxpayers expressed in her Order....:

Other Information

longer be picked up at the Gordon Persons Building until further notice. All orders will be shipped/delivered via Federal Express (FedEx). If you do not currently have a FedEx account, please set up one and provide the Business and License Tax Division with the required account information. For additional questions please contact the Business and License Tax Division's Tobacco Tax Section at 334-242-9627.

COVID-19 Related Relief for Taxpayers
On March 13, 2020, Governor Ivey declared a state of emergency in response to COVID-19, thereby allowing the Department more flexibility in working with impacted taxpayers. To date, the Department has issued the following taxpayer relief orders:

- Governor Ivey Signs Proclamation
  Delaying State Tax Filings
- Order Extending Deadline for Filing and Payment of State Income Tax, FIET, and BPT (Updated March 23 at 2:54 p.m.)
- Composite Returns and Payments
- <u>Temporary Suspension of International</u>
   Registration Plan (IRP) and
   <u>International Fuel Tax Agreement</u>
   (IFTA) Requirements
- March 2020 Motor Vehicle
   Registrations and Property Tax

   Payments and Penalties Extension
- <u>Late Payment Penalties Waived for Small Retail Businesses Sales Tax Liabilities (UPDATED MARCH 18 AT 1:41 P.M.)</u>
- <u>Late Payment Penalties Waived for</u>
   <u>Sales Tax Liabilities of Restaurants</u>
   and Other Food Service Providers
- <u>Late Payment Penalties Waived for</u> <u>State Transient Occupancy Tax</u> (<u>lodgings tax</u>) <u>Liabilities</u>

Sales and Lodgings Tax Relief
Effective immediately, the Department of
Revenue is waiving state sales tax late payment

State	Guidance/Date	G
	withholding requirements for	A
	businesses based on an employee's	co
	temporary telework location within	18
	Alabama that is necessitated by the	m
	pandemic and related federal or	r
	state measures to control its spread.	F
	Alabama will not consider	C
	temporary changes in an employee's	n
	physical work location during	T
	periods in which temporary	p
	telework requirements are in place	T
	due to the pandemic to impose	C
	nexus or alter apportionment of	b
	income for any business.)	S
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#### idance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus

ny pass-through entity required to file on March 15, 2020, a mposite income tax return and remit payments pursuant to \*40--24.2, Code of Alabama 1975, on behalf of its non-resident embers is affected by the COVID-19 pandemic for purposes of the lief described in this Order (Affected Taxpayer).

or an Affected Taxpayer, the due date of March 15, 2020, for filing a mposite income tax return and making payments on behalf of its on-resident members is automatically postponed to July 15, 2020. here is no limitation on the amount of the payments that may be stponed.

e relief provided in this Order is available solely with respect to mposite payments due to be made and composite returns due to filed on March 15, 2020, by pass-through entities pursuant to ction 40-18-24.2.

extension is provided in this Order for the payment or deposit of y other type of state tax, or for the filing of any other state formation return.

a result of the postponement as granted in this Order of the due te for filing composite returns and making composite payments om March 15, 2020, to July 15, 2020, the period beginning on arch 15, 2020, and ending on July 15, 2020, will be disregarded in e calculation of any interest, penalty, or addition to tax for failure file composite returns and to pay composite payments postponed this Order. Interest, penalties, and additions to tax with respect such postponed filings and payments will begin to accrue on July 2020.

Entered this 23rd day of March 2020" cond Order pertaining to extensions (updated 3/23/20)

#### RDER OF THE COMMISSIONER OF REVENUE

On March 23, 2020, Governor Ivey issued an emergency order (Order) pursuant to SS 31-96(11), Code of Alabama 1975, delegating to the Commissioner of Revenue the authority to postpone the April 15, 2020, due date for the payment of the following state taxes until July 15, 2020, for any person affected by the COVID-19 pandemic: **Individual Income Tax, Corporate Income Tax, Financial** Institution Excise Tax, and Business Privilege Tax. The Governor's Order further delegated to the Commissioner of Revenue the authority to waive interest through July 15, 2020, for any tax payment due on a tax return with a due date on March 15, 2020, and authorized the Commissioner of Revenue to take any action necessary to provide the relief to taxpavers ...: Any person with a state Individual Income Tax or Corporate

This relief is automatic for small retailers and Sector 72 businesses who file their February, March, and April 2020 state sales tax returns. Similar sales tax relief may be available on a case-by-case basis to other businesses significantly impacted by the coronavirus (COVID-19) and the preventative measures being taken to limit its spread in Income Tax (collectively, State Income Tax) payment, a Financial Alabama. These taxpayers may contact the

# Other Information

penalties both for small retail businesses, whose monthly retail sales during the previous calendar year averaged \$62,500 or less, and taxpayers currently registered with the Department as engaging in NAICS Sector 72 business activities, which includes restaurants. The Department is also waiving state late payment penalties for lodgings taxes. The relief applies to state sales and lodgings taxpayers who are unable to timely pay their February, March, and April 2020 sales and lodgings tax liabilities. This relief does not waive or extend normal filing requirements. Instead, these taxpayers may file their monthly sales and lodgings tax returns for the February, March, and April 2020 reporting periods without paying the state sales and lodgings tax reported as due. Late payment penalties will be waived for these taxpavers through June 1, 2020. **Please note,** this relief applies only to state sales and lodgings tax liabilities. Businesses included in NAICS Sector 72 are

those preparing meals, snacks, and beverages for immediate consumption. A complete list of the business activities that fall within this sector can be viewed at NAICS Sector 72 – Accommodation and Food Services.

After the expiration of this temporary waiver, the Department will work with taxpayers who elected to utilize the waiver program to development workable payment plans that will allow taxpayers to pay outstanding liabilities for February, March, and April 2020, while navigating any other impacts of the coronavirus on their businesses.

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		Institution Excise Tax (FIET) payment, or a Business Privilege Tax	Department's Sales and Use Division at 334-
		(BPT) payment due on April 15, 2020, or a State Income Tax,	242-1490 to request relief.
		FIET, or BPT return due April 15, 2020, is affected by the COVID-	FAQs
		19 pandemic for purposes of the relief described in this Order (Affected	1. Do I still need to file a return? Yes.
		Taxpayer). The term "person" includes any individual, association,	2. Does this relief apply to all state
		estate, trust, partnership, corporation, or other entity of any kind, as	taxes? No, it only applies to state sales
		provided in SS 40-1-1 (8), Code of Alabama 1975.	and lodgings taxes.
		For an Affected Taxpayer, the due date for filing State Income Tax,	3. Does this relief apply to local
		FIET, and BPT returns and making State Income Tax, FIET, and	(municipal and county) sales and
		BPT payments due April 15, 2020, is automatically postponed to	lodgings taxes? No, this relief only
		July 15, 2020. There is no limitation on the amount of the payment	applies to state sales and lodgings
		that may be postponed.	taxes. Please contact non-state
		The relief provided in this Order is available solely with respect to	administered localities directly to see if
		payments due on April 15, 2020, for State Income Tax (including	they are offering similar relief. Contact
		payments of tax on self-employment income) for an Affected	for non-state administered localities is
		Taxpayer's 2019 taxable year, for estimated State Income Tax for	available <u>here</u> . Requests for relief for
		an Affected Taxpayer's 2020 taxable year, for FIET for an Affected	state-administered localities will be
		Taxpayer's 2020 Form Year, and for BPT for an Affected	reviewed individually and can be
		Taxpayer's 2020 Form Year, and with respect to returns due by an	submitted to
		Affected Taxpayer on April 15, 2020, for State Income Tax, FIET, and BPT.	<ul><li>localtaxunit@revenue.alabama.gov.</li><li>4. Does this relief apply to interest? No.</li></ul>
		No extension is provided in this Order for the payment or deposit of	Extension of Filing and Payment Deadline
		any other type of state tax, or for the filing of any other state	for Income Tax, Financial Institution Excise
		information return.	Tax, and Business Privilege Tax
		As a result of the postponement as granted in this Order of the due	On March 23, Governor Kay Ivey announced
		date for filing returns and making payments from April 15, 2020,	that the state income tax filing due date is
		to July 15, 2020, the period beginning on April 15, 2020, and	extended from April 15, 2020, to July 15,
		ending on July 15, 2020, will be disregarded in the calculation of	2020. Taxpayers can also defer state income tax
		any interest, penalty, or addition to tax for failure to file State	payments due on April 15, 2020, to July 15,
		Income Tax, FIET, and BPT returns or to pay the taxes postponed	2020, without penalties and interest, regardless
		by this Order. Interest, penalties, and additions to tax with respect	of the amount owed. This deferment applies to
		to such postponed Alabama tax filings and payments will begin to	all taxpayers, including individuals, trusts and
		accrue on July 16, 2020.	estates, corporations and other non-corporate
		Entered this 23rd day of March 2020"	tax filers. The Commissioner of Revenue's
		Governor Press Release (3/23/20)	executive order implementing the Governor's
			emergency proclamation can be found here.
		"Governor Ivey Delays State Tax Filings	Other taxes included in the deadline extension
		Governor Kay Ivey and the Alabama Department of Revenue	are corporate income tax, the Financial
		announced today that the state income tax filing due date is	Institution Excise Tax (FIET), and the Business
		extended from April 15, 2020, to July 15, 2020.	Privilege Tax (BPT).
			Taxpayers do not need to file any additional
		Taxpayers can also defer state income tax payments due on April 15,	forms or call the Alabama Department of
		2020, to July 15, 2020, without penalties and interest, regardless of	Revenue to qualify for this automatic state tax
		the amount owed. This deferment applies to all taxpayers, including	filing and payment relief. Individual taxpayers

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		individuals, trusts and estates, corporations and other non-corporate	who need additional time to file beyond the July
		tax filers.	15 deadline can request a filing extension
			through the usual methods.
		"This morning, I signed a supplemental State of Emergency order to	"Even considering the extended filing deadline,
		allow the Alabama Department of Revenue to extend state filings	we urge taxpayers who are owed refunds to file
		until July 15, 2020," said Governor Ivey	as soon as possible and file electronically," said
			Revenue Commissioner Vernon Barnett. "Filing
		Other taxes included in the deadline extension are corporate income	electronically with direct deposit is the quickest
		tax, the Financial Institution Excise Tax (FIET), and the Business	way to get refunds. Although the Department is
		Privilege Tax (BPT).	practicing prudent working conditions with our
		To an analysis of the Clause of 11/2 and 1 Commence of 11/4 and 11	staff during this period, we will continue with
		Taxpayers do not need to file any additional forms or call the Alabama	mission-critical operations to support
		Department of Revenue to qualify for this automatic state tax filing and	Alabama's citizens. We ask for your support,
		payment relief. Individual taxpayers who need additional time to file beyond the July 15 deadline can request a filing extension through the	understanding and patience."
		usual methods.	By separate order, the Commissioner extended the due date for pass-through
		usuai momous.	entities to file composite returns and make
		Third Supplemental COVID-19 State of Emergency Proclamation	composite payments on behalf of their non-
		Commissioner's Executive Order pertaining to deadline extensions	resident members.
		Commissioner's Executive Order pertaining to composite returns"	Other Assistance
		Commissioner & Exceeding Order pertaining to composite retains	Other assistance may be available on a case-by-
		ADOR Press Release (3/20/20) on waiving state sales tax late payment	case basis to individuals and businesses that
		penalties for state small retail businesses and waiving lodging tax late	cannot file their tax returns on time due to the
		payment penalties:	COVID-19 outbreak by contacting the
			Department at the numbers below.
		"Effective immediately, the Department of Revenue is waiving state	
		sales tax late payment penalties both for small retail businesses,	
		whose monthly retail sales during the previous calendar year	Alabama residents affected by floods in
		averaged \$62,500 or less, and taxpayers currently registered with	February have <u>until April 30</u> to file their state
		the Department as engaging in NAICS Sector 72 business activities,	taxes. The Alabama Department of Revenue
		which includes restaurants. The Department is also waiving state late	also will grant affected taxpayers penalty relief
		payment penalties for <u>lodgings taxes</u> . The relief applies to state sales	during the extension period.
		and lodgings taxpayers who are unable to timely pay their February,	
		March, and April 2020 sales and lodgings tax liabilities	
		FAQs Prior ADOR Press Release (3/19/20):	
		Prior ADOR Piess Release (5/19/20):	
		Late Payment Penalties Waived for Small Retail Businesses Sales Tax	
		Liabilities  Liabilities	
		ADOR will waive late payment penalties for payments made by	
		June 1 of state sales tax liability of February, March, and April 2020	
		payments if small retail business with monthly retail sales during the	
		previous calendar year averaged \$62,500 or less and unable to pay the	
		Feb., Mar., and April 2020 state sales tax liability.	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
State Alaska	Guidance/Date  SOME DEPARTMENT OF REVE  NUE TAX DEADLINES EXTEND  ED TO JULY 15, 2020 (4/13/20)  Tax Division announces changes in support of the Governor's COVID1  9 Economic Stabilization Plan; effor t temporarily adjusts, suspends key compliance programs (4/13/20)  July 15 – payments due for corporations income tax. The legislation extends filing and payment due date s for all tax types except Oil and Ga s Property and Production taxes unti 1 July 15, 2020. The temporary stat ute is effective as of April 10, 2020. Returns and payments that were du e on March 31, 2020— before SB 241 was signed and effective—were extended.  August 14 – corporations income tax filing due (per state law)  (Note: The state does not impose a personal income tax.)	Announcement from Alaska Society of CPAs (4/13/20) Governor Dunleavy signed SB 241 effective April 10th, 2020. SB 241 extends filing and payment due dates for all tax types except Oil and Gas Property and Production taxes until July 15, 2020.  SOME DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE TAX DEADLINES EXTENDE D TO JULY 15, 2020 (4/13/20)  "The Governor has signed SB 241— which extends filing and payment due dates for all tax types except Oil a nd Gas Property and Production taxes until July 15, 2020. The temporar y statute is effective as of April 10, 2020. Returns and payments that we re due on March 31, 2020—before SB 241 was signed and effective—were extended through the Governor's COVID-19 Disaster Order of Suspension No. 2. The above bill and Administrati ve Order extend the deadline to filetax returns, file reports, and make payments for all taxes under Alaska Statutes Title 43—except for the Oil and Gas Property Tax and Oil and Gas Production Tax types as well as all other tax types administered by the Tax Division and Char itable Gaming until July 15, 2020. This extension will apply to returns (includes amended and information return s), reports, and payments due between March 31, 2020 and July 14, 202 0. Because the tax deadlines are extended, penalty or interest will be not be assessed if returns and payments are received for the affected period s on or before July 15, 2020. Annual license renewal deadlines for Alco holic Beverages, Fisheries, Mining, Motor Fuel, and Tobacco tax programs have not been extended, however any associated license fees can be	Other Information  (SB 241) - emergency bill enacted would extend due dates for all tax types rather than DOR issue notice for just one tax type. (per email from DOR, 3/26/20)  Joint letter to Governor from two representatives that accounting treated as an essential service. (3/21/20)  Mayor of Anchorage MUNICIPALITY OF ANCHORAGE PROCLAMATION OF EMERGENCY "HUNKER DOWN" ORDER E0-03 – exemption as an essential service: "x. Professional services, such as legal or accounting services, when necessary to assist in compliance with legally mandated activities;" (3/20/20)
	Returns and payments that were du e on March 31, 2020— before SB 241 was signed and effec tive—were extended.  August 14 – corporations income tax filing due (per state law)  (Note: The state does not impose a	x types as well as all other tax types administered by the Tax Division and Char itable Gaming until July 15, 2020. This extension will apply to returns (includes amended and information return s), reports, and payments due between March 31, 2020 and July 14, 202 0. Because the tax deadlines are extended, penalty or interest will be no t be assessed if returns and payments are received for the affected period s on or before July 15, 2020. Annual license renewal deadlines for Alco holic Beverages, Fisheries, Mining, Motor Fuel, and Tobacco tax programs have not been extended, however any associated license fees can be paid on or before July 15, 2020 without penalty or interest. If you hav	
		e any questions, please call the Tax Division at 907-269-6620."  The Department of Revenue – Tax Division announces changes in support of the Governor's COVID19 Economic Stabilization Plan; effort temporarily adjusts, suspends key compliance programs (4/13/20)  "To help people facing the challenges of COVID19 issues, the State of Alaska, Department of Revenue – Tax Division a nnounces today a series of steps to assist taxpayers by providing relief on a variety of issues ranging from easing payment guidelines to postponing compliance actions as part of the Governor's COVID19 Economic Stabilization Plan.  The Tax Division has been diligently working to identify ways to provide some relief to our taxpayers. There is current legislation (Senate Bill 241) that was passed and is awaiting the Governor's signature, to extend	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
State	Guidance/Date	the due dates for tax filings and payments for the majority of our state's tax programs. This legislation will become effective either the day after the Governor signs it, or April 10th, whichever date is earliest. These new changes include issues ranging from postponing certain payments related to Payment Plans to collection and limiting certain enforce ment actions. The Tax Division will be temporarily modifying the follo wing activities through July 15, 2020. During this period, to the maxim um extent possible, the Tax Division will avoid inperson contacts. However, the Tax Division will continue to take steps where necessary to protect all applicable statutes of limitations. Existing Payment Plan Agreements – For taxpayers under an existing Payment Plan, payments due between March 31, 2020 and July 15, 2020 a re suspended. Taxpayers who are currently unable to comply with the terms of a Payment Plan Agreement, can suspend payments during this period if they prefer. Furthermore, the Tax Division will not default any Payment Plan Agreements during this period. By law, interest will cont inue to accrue on any unpaid balances.  New Payment Plan Agreements – The Tax Division reminds people una ble to fully pay their state taxes that they can resolve outstanding liabilit ies by entering into a monthly payment plan agreement with the Tax Division. See tax.alaska.gov for further information.  Collection Activities – Liens and levies initiated by the Tax Division will be suspended during this period.  Automated Liens and Levies – New automatic, systemic liens and levies will be suspended during this period.  Appeals – Appeals employees will continue to work their cases. Althou gh Appeals is not currently holding inperson conferences with taxpayers, conferences may be held over the tel ephone or by videoconference. Taxpayers are encouraged to promptly re spond to any outstanding requests for information for all cases by the A ppeals Team.  Statute of Limitations – The Tax Division will continue to take steps where ne	Other Information

Click here to read Alaska Department of Revenue Tax Division Alerts &  Information  Click here to read Alaska Tax Division Deadline Statement	
Click here to read Alaska Tay Division Deadline Statement	
Click here to read Alaska Tay Division Deadline Statement	
Chek here to read Alaska Tax Division Deadnic Statement	
Click here to read SB 241	
Alaska automatically follows any federal filing extension for corporations and partnerships. Even without passage of SB 241, Alaska corporate income tax adopts federal due dates by reference, so any payment due between April 15 and July 15 are automatically extended to July 15. The corporate filing deadline is 30 days later at August 14, 2020. AS 43.20.030, AS 43.20.300 & IR Notices 2020-17, 2020-18. (per DOR email, 3/26/20)	
Arizona ADOR Issues Proposed Documents ADOR Issues Proposed Documents for TPT Taxpayers Impacted by ADO	OOR COVID-19 Relief Resources (4/6/20)
for TPT Taxpayers Impacted by COVID-19: (1) Arizona Transaction Privilege Tax Ruling TPR 20-XX	
	s part of state-wide efforts to assist Arizona
	sinesses and employees impacted by the
	VID-19 public health situation, the Arizona
Reminders for Arizona 2019 Tax (2) Arizona Transaction Privilege Tax Procedure TPP 20-XX (proposed Department of the COMP 10 of the Company o	partment of Revenue has dedicated this page
	connect businesses to available statewide
	ources as they work to combat the spread of VID-19. This page will be updated regularly
	new information becomes available.
Arizona Department of Revenue to accept electronic signatures and	new information becomes available.
Arizona General Tax Notice (GTN) provides the requirements for such electronic signatures.	
	or News Release on service levels (3/27/20)
ADOR News Release Deadline Reminders for Arizona 2019 Tax Year	of the was recrease on service to tells (3/21/20)
Filing Season (4/13/20)	
News Release on filing and payment	
deadline to 7/15 (3/20/20) "ADOR Provides Guidance on	
Estimated Income Tax Payment Deadline	
(July 15 – AZ – extend filing and The Arizona Department of Revenue confirms that while the deadline	
payment to 7/15, individual, for filing and paying 2019 calendar year state income tax returns was	
corporate, and fiduciary tax returns, moved to July 15, the deadline for tax year 2020 estimated tax payments	
waive late filing and late payment remains April 15, 2020.	
penalties. The deadline for tax year 2020 estimated tax payments  To access the form and instructions for completing first quarter estimated payments, click on these links for <u>individual income</u>	
remains April 15, 2020.) estimated tax payments remains April 15, 2020.) taxpayers and corporate taxpayers on the Arizona Department of	
Revenue's website.	
For more information, please go to Arizona General Tax Notice (GTN)	
20-1.	

# Individual Income Tax Filing and Paying Deadline Extended to July 15

The Arizona Department of Revenue (ADOR) is reminding Arizona taxpayers that due to COVID-19, the April 15 deadline for filing and paying individual, corporate and fiduciary 2019 calendar year tax returns was moved to July 15.

The new deadline means taxpayers filing state tax returns or submitting payments by July 15 will not be assessed late filing or late payment penalties and interest.

For more information, please go to <u>Arizona General Tax Notice (GTN)</u> 20-1 (link is external).

## 2019 Tax Credit Contribution Deadline Remains April 15

April 15 is the deadline for taxpayers wanting to claim tax credits on their 2019 individual income taxes for donations to qualifying charitable organizations, certified school tuition organizations (STOs) and public schools.

- Arizona provides two separate tax credits for individuals who make contributions to charitable organizations: one for donations to Qualifying Charitable Organizations (QCO) and the second for donations to
  - **Qualifying Foster Care Charitable Organizations (QFCO).**
- Two separate nonrefundable tax credits are available to individuals for contributions made to a
  - **Certified School Tuition Organization**, which provides scholarships for students enrolled in Arizona private schools.
- An individual may claim a nonrefundable tax credit for making contributions or paying fees directly to **public school** in Arizona for support of eligible activities, programs or purposes as defined by statute." (4/13/20)

## ADOR COVID-19 Relief Resources (4/6/20)

"ARIZONA GENERAL TAX NOTICE GTN 20-1 [Revised 4/1/20] Filing and Payment Extensions Due to COVID-19 Emergency Declaration

Pursuant to authority delegated by state law1 and the Governor's March 11, 2020 Declaration of Emergency,2 Director Woodruff announces the following relief for taxpayers:

For individual, corporate, and fiduciary income taxes:

1. In light of the U.S. Department of Treasury's postponement of the due dates for both filing federal income tax returns and making income tax

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		payments, the due dates for reporting and paying Arizona individual, corporate, and fiduciary income taxes for Calendar Year 2019 that were previously due on April 15, 2020 are extended to Wednesday, July 15, 2020. Late filing and payment penalties and interest will be suspended for all returns and payments received on or before that date.	
		2. Due dates for filing the following income credit claims are extended to Wednesday, July 15, 2020:	
		a. Form 140ET (Credit for Increased Excise Taxes)	
		b. Form 140PTC (Property Tax Refund (Credit) Claim)	
		3. The due date for estimated payments due on April 15, 2020 remains Wednesday, April 15, 2020.	
		4. Automatic extensions. Taxpayers who request an automatic extension of time for filing their federal tax returns from the Internal Revenue Service will be granted a 6-month extension to file their Arizona returns: no separate request must be filed with the Arizona Department of Revenue.3 (The extension will be 5½ months for fiduciary returns.) Note that this request does not provide a further extension of time for paying any Arizona income tax liability: at least 90% of a taxpayer's reported Arizona income tax liability must still be paid by July 15 to avoid penalties and interest.	
		5. Contributions to certified school tuition organizations, public schools, and qualifying charitable organizations: Under current law, the date that taxpayers may elect to designate the taxable year within which these contributions apply remains April 15, 2020. State law does not authorize the Director or ADOR to alter the scope of these statutorily-provided credits."	
		Arizona General Tax Notice (GTN) 20-1 (4/1/20)	
		News Release on filing and payment deadline to 7/15 (3/20/20)  "ADOR Extends Income Tax Deadline to July 15, 2020  The Arizona Department of Revenue (ADOR) has announced it has moved the deadline for filing and paying state income taxes from April 15 to July 15, 2020 following direction today by Governor Doug Ducey.	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		This is consistent with Treasury Secretary Steve Mnuchin's	
		announcement that the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) has moved the	
		deadline for 2019 federal tax returns to July 15, 2020.	
		The announcement by ADOR includes individual, corporate and	
		fiduciary tax returns.	
		The new deadline means taxpayers filing state tax returns or	
		submitting payments after the previous April 15 deadline will not be	
		assessed late filing or late payment penalties.	
		Taxpayers anticipating they will need more time beyond the new	
		July 15 deadline to file state income taxes should consider filing for	
		an extension by submitting Arizona Form 204 by July 15. Taxpayers	
		do not need to submit Arizona Form 204 if they have already	
		received a federal extension from the IRS.	
		" (3/20/20)	
Arkansas	DFA News Release on extending	DFA News Release on extending individual income tax filing and	Arkansas Department of Finance and
	individual income tax filing and	payment to July 15 (3/27/20)	Administration Income Tax Website (3/27/20)
	payment to July 15 (3/27/20)		
		"ARKANSAS INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX APRIL 15 FILING AND	News Release (3/16/20)
	Governor Executive Order EO 20-	PAYMENT DEADLINE EXTENDED TO JULY 15 DUE TO	"Majority of Revenue Office Services May
	09 on (3/23/20)	CORONAVIRUS (COVID-19)	Be Completed Online
			LITTLE ROCK, Arkansas (March 16, 2020)
		Due to the ongoing public health emergency related to the novel	- As Arkansans consider Revenue Office-
	(July 15 – extend the 2019	Coronavirus/COVID- 19, the Governor has signed Executive Order 20-	related business, the Arkansas Department of
	individual income tax filing date	09 directing the Department of Finance and Administration to <b>extend</b>	Finance and Administration (DFA) offers the
	and individual income tax payment	the April 15 deadline for filing and payment of the following	majority of Revenue Office-related services
	date from April 15, 2020, to July 15,	Arkansas Individual Income Tax returns to July 15, 2020:	online at <u>mydmv.arkansas.gov</u> . From
	2020. This extension to July 15,	• 2019 Individual Income Tax Now Due: 7/15/2020	registering a vehicle to ordering a replacement
	2020 includes 2019 returns of	• 2019 Subchapter S Corporations Now Due: 7/15/2020	driver's license, there are numerous tasks that
	individuals income tax, Subchapter	• 2019 Fiduciary and Estates Now Due: 7/15/2020	may be completed from home.
	S Corporations, fiduciaries and	• 2019 Partnership Income Tax Now Due: 7/15/2020	"A key priority at DFA over the last few years
	estates, partnerships and composite	• 2019 Composite Returns Now Due: 7/15/2020	has been making as many of our services as
	returns. The April 15, 2020 to July 15, 2020 period will be disregarded	• The extension to July 15 is automatic and the taxpayer does not need to	possible available online," said DFA Secretary
	for purposes of calculation of	file for an extension.	Larry Walther. "I encourage Arkansans to
	interest and penalties. Interest and	• The April 15, 2020 to July 15, 2020 period will be disregarded for	explore these online resources as many of the
	penalties will begin to accrue on	purposes of calculation of interest and penalties. Interest and penalties	trips being made to the Revenue Office may not
	July 16, 2020. This extension does	will begin to accrue on July 16, 2020.	be required."
	not apply to 2020 estimated	• This extension does not apply to 2020 estimated Individual Income Tax	The online Revenue Office-related services
	Individual Income Tax payments	payments due on April 15 or June 15. The following filing and payment	include: • Pre-registering a new vehicle
	due on April 15 or June 15. The	deadlines for income tax are not affected:	Renewing a vehicle registration
	following filing and payment	• 2019 Corporation Income Tax Due: 4/15/2020	Transferring vehicle ownership
	deadlines for income tax are not	• 2020 Estimated Tax Payment Due: 4/15/2020	Ordering a personalized license plate
	affected: 2019 Corporation Income	• 2020 Estimated Tax Payment Due: 6/15/2020	Ordering a personalized license plate     Ordering a duplicate/replacement driver's
	Tax Due: 4/15/2020; 2020	2020 Zominated Tail Tay intelle Date () 13/2020	license
	141 Duc. 1/15/2020, 2020		HCCHSC

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
	Estimated Tax Payment Due:	No extension is provided in this notice for the payment or deposit of any	Estimating vehicle sales tax due
	4/15/2020; 2020 Estimated Tax	other type of Arkansas State tax including but not limited to:	Registering and paying sales tax
	Payment Due: 6/15/2020. No	• Sales and Use Tax • Withholding Tax • Motor Fuels Tax • Tobacco	Paying outstanding balances
	extension is provided in this notice	Products Tax • Alcohol Excise."	Duplicating vehicle registration
	for the payment or deposit of any		Checking title status
	other type of Arkansas State tax	Governor Executive Order EO 20-09 on (3/23/20)	• International Registration Plan – Online
	including but not limited to:		Registration
	• Sales and Use Tax • Withholding	"EXECUTIVE ORDER TO AMEND EXECUTIVE ORDER 20-03	• CDL – Submitting Medical Certification
	Tax • Motor Fuels Tax • Tobacco	FOR THE PURPOSE OF <b>EXTENDING THE STATE</b>	Changing notification address
	Products Tax • Alcohol Excise.)	INDIVIDUAL TAX FILING DEADLINE AS A RESULT OF	Requesting driver records
		COVID-19	• Updating renewal notice preference – Email or Text
		WHEREAS: On March 21, 2020, the United States Treasury	Ordering a Driver's License clearance letter
		Department and Internal Revenue Service announced the federal	Paying reinstatement fees
		income tax filing due date is extended from April 15, 2020 to July 15,	
		2020, and taxpayers may also defer federal income tax payments due	Additional DFA services that are available
		on April 15, 2020 to July 15, 2020, without penalties and interest,	online include filing a tax return, checking the
		regardless of the amount owed; and	status of a refund, making child support
		WHEREAS: Ark. Code Ann. 26-51-806 requires individual tax returns	payments, registering and paying business
		and tax payments to be submitted by April 15, 2020; and	taxes via the Arkansas Taxpayer Access Point
		WHEREAS: Ark. Code Ann. 26-18-505 authorizes the Secretary of	(ATAP).
		the Department of Finance and Administration to grant a	DFA's website may be found at
		reasonable extension of time to file any return required under any	www.dfa.arkansas.gov."
		state tax law upon written request for good cause shown. Good	
		cause includes when any taxpayer is affected by a disaster	
		emergency declared by the Governor; and	
		WHEREAS: There is an urgent need for the State of Arkansas to bring	
		relief to its citizens by extending the individual tax filing and	
		payment date to be consistent with the extensions granted by the	
		federal government; and	
		WHEREAS: It is not practical during this time to require Arkansas	
		citizens to submit a written request for a filing extension; and	
		WHEREAS: All individual taxpayers in this state have been	
		affected by this emergency;	
		NOW, THEREFORE, I, Asa Hutchinson, Governor of the State of	
		Arkansas, acting under the authority vested in me by Ark. Code Ann.	
		12-75-101, et seq., and \$20-7-110, do hereby amend executive order	
		EO 20-03, dated March 11, 2020, to declare a disaster emergency,	
		declare the State of Arkansas a disaster area, and order the	
		following:	
		(1) The provisions of Ark. Code Ann. §26-18-505(a)(1) requiring a	
		written request for an extension to file an individual income tax	
		return are hereby waived for the duration of this emergency.	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		(2) The provisions of Ark. Code Ann. §26-18-505(a)(4) requiring the promulgation of rules to waive the requirement for a written	
		request for an extension are hereby waived for the duration of	
		this emergency.	
		(3) The Secretary of the Department of Finance and Administration is	
		hereby ordered to extend the 2019 individual income tax filing	
		date and individual income tax payment date from April 15, 2020, to July 15, 2020. This extension includes 2019 returns of	
		Subchapter S Corporations, fiduciaries and estates,	
		partnerships and composite returns.	
California	FTB FAQ on teleworking (9/11/20)	FTB FAQ on teleworking (9/11/20)	Accounting deemed essential services in the state. (3/22/20)
	FTB FAQ on signatures (8/5/20)	"Teleworking and the "Stay at Home" order	
		About the "Stay at Home" Executive Order (N-33-20)	CDTFA COVID-19 State of Emergency
	CA FTB COVID-19 Coronavirus	On March 19, 2020, California Governor Gavin Newson issued	Webpage: (3/17/20) "COVID-19 State of Emergency
	special tax relief and assistance	Executive Order N-33-20 in response to the COVID-19 pandemic. The current state public health directives require all residents to stay at home	On March 12, 2020, Governor Newson issued
	<u>updates</u> (5/12/20)	in order to prevent the spread of the virus. As a result, many individuals	an Executive Order in response to the COVID-
	FTB COVID-19 FAQs	living in California who ordinarily did not telework from their homes	19 State of Emergency. Pursuant to this
		began to do so. In some instances, the individuals living in California	Executive Order, through May 11th, the
	CA BOE News Release on	that were now teleworking from their homes might be employed by	CDTFA has the authority to assist individuals
	Extension Of Time To File Personal	corporations that previously had no connections with California.  The following FAQs provide guidance as to the possible California	and businesses impacted by complying with a state or local public health official's imposition
	Property Statements To May 31,	franchise tax implications to corporations that previously had no	or recommendation of social distancing
	2020 Before Penalty Applies (5/7/20)	connections with California but now have an employee indefinitely	measures related to COVID-19. <b>This assistance</b>
	(3/1/20)	teleworking from California due to the Governor's Executive Order. The	includes granting extensions for filing
	BOE COVID-19 Impact on	responses to the FAQs are applicable until the Governor's Executive	returns and making payments, relief from
	Property Taxes FAQs (5/12/20)	Order is no longer in effect.	interest and penalties, and filing a claim for
		Will California treat a corporation that had no previous connections with California as doing business if it has an employee who is currently	refund. Taxpayers may request assistance by
	CFTA website (4/14/20)	teleworking in California due to Executive Order N-33-20?	contacting the CDTFA. Requests for relief of
	Governor's executive order N-40-20	No. California will not treat an out-of-state corporation whose only	interest or penalties or requesting an
	on small business relief (3/30/20)	connection to California is the presence of an employee who is	extension for filing a return may be made
	(1110)	currently teleworking in California due to Executive Order N-33-20	through our <u>online services</u> . Taxpayers may
	Governor Press Release on	as being actively engaged in a transaction for the purposes of financial or pecuniary gain or profit. Also, California will not	also request assistance in writing by sending
	Expanded Small Business Relief	include the compensation attributable to an employee who is	a letter to the address below or contacting us via email. We are also available to answer
	(3/30/20)	currently teleworking due to Executive Order N-33-20 in the	questions and provide assistance for taxpayers
	FTB COVID-19 FAQs (3/30/20	minimum payroll threshold set forth in California Revenue &	that call our Customer Service Center at 800-
	updated)	Taxation Code section 23101(b)(2)(4).	400-7115. This includes assistance if you are
		For California franchise tax purposes, what is doing business?	unable to make a timely tax payment.
	FTB Press Release (3/18/20)	For California franchise tax purposes, corporations are required to file a tax return and are subject to the minimum franchise tax if they are doing	California Department of Tax and Fee Administration
		business in California. "Doing business" means that a corporation has	Return Analysis Unit, MIC 35
	1	outsiness in Camorina. Doing outsiness incans that a corporation has	1 Total I maryon om, mic 33

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
	Executive Order (3/12/20),	sufficient connections to California so that the corporation has availed	PO Box 942879
	PRIOR Press release (3/12/20),	itself of the benefits provided by the state that it can be fairly subject to	Sacramento, CA 94279-0035" (3/17/20)
		the taxing authority of the state. Visit <u>Doing business in California</u> for	
	Governor Press Release (3/12/20)	more information.	Regarding (2), the CDTFA's emergency tax or
	delays state tax filing for individuals	What activities might result in a corporation being considered as doing	fee relief is available for business owners and
	and businesses	business in California?	feepayers directly affected by disasters declared
		Generally, a corporation will be considered as <u>doing business in</u>	as state of emergencies over the past three
	PRIOR FTB News release (3/13/20)	<u>California</u> if the corporation has actively engaged in any transaction for	years, may include extension of tax return
		the purpose of financial or pecuniary gain or profit. Accordingly, the	due dates, relief of penalty and interest, or
	PRIOR <u>FTB FAQs</u> (3/17/20):	corporation's connections to California do not need to be extensive in	replacement copies of records lost due to
	1 HOK <u>115 11108</u> (3/11/20).	order for it to be considered as doing business for California franchise	disasters. An extension of up to three months
	CA payroll taxes - EDD website	tax purposes. If the minimum thresholds for sales, property and payroll	to file and pay taxes is available in 32 of the
		attributed to California are exceeded, a corporation will be considered as doing business in California.	programs administered by the CDTFA (including sales and use tax, various fuel
	(3/20)	For California franchise tax purposes, what is Public Law 86-272?	taxes, and cigarette and tobacco products
		Public Law (PL) 86-272 states that if an out-of-state corporation sells	taxes) for taxpayers directly affected by
	San Francisco news release	tangible personal property in a jurisdiction and its employees' only	COVID-19 who, as a result, cannot meet
	(3/11/20)	activity in that jurisdiction pertains to the solicitation of sales, the out-of-	their filing and payment deadlines. Affected
		state corporation will not be subject to tax on the income it generates in	taxpayers may apply online for relief from
	Los Angeles County Treasurer and	the jurisdiction. In Wisconsin Dept. of Revenue v. Wm. Wrigley Jr. Co.,	penalties and interest and request online a
	Tax Collector, California: Statement	(1992) 505 U.S. 214, the United States Supreme Court held that even if	filing extension. Business owners and fee
	and FAQs From Keith Knox,	an out-of-state corporation engaged in activities that exceeded the	payers who need to obtain copies of CDTFA
	Treasurer and Tax Collector	solicitation of sales, as long as they were de minimis, the out-of-state	tax records will be able to receive
	Regarding COVID-19 and the April	corporation will continue to not be subject to tax on the income it	replacements free of charge.
	10 Property Tax Deadline (3/18/20)	generates in the jurisdiction. Visit <u>Public Law 86-272</u> for more	
		information.	CDTFA <u>Update</u> : (3/19/20)
	California Association of County	Will California treat an out-of-state corporation as exceeding the	"All California Department of Tax and Fee
	Treasurers and Tax Collectors:	protections of PL 86-272 for California franchise tax purposes if it has	Administration's (CDTFA) in-person classes
	California Association of County	an employee who is currently teleworking in California due to Executive	across the state have been postponed and will
	Treasurers and Tax Collectors	Order No. 33-N-20?	be rescheduled at a later date to ensure the
	(CACTTC) issues <u>statement</u> and	No. California will treat the presence of an employee who is	health and safety of CDTFA's customers and
	FAQs regarding April 10 Property	currently teleworking in California due to the Governor's Executive	team members and to support social distancing
	Tax Collection Deadline	Order as engaging in de minimis activities for purposes of P.L. 86-272 protection." (9/11/20)	safety measures as a result of COVID-19."
	Tax Conection Deadline	212 protection. (7/11/20)	CALCPA in contact with FTB and our other
	TDD I C	FTB FAQ on signatures (8/5/20)	state tax agencies and are awaiting more
	EDD Information Sheet on the	11D171Q OII SIGNATURES (0/3/20)	specifics.
	California treatment of payments	"Original signatures for paper returns and other documents	specifies.
	made to employees under the Section 139 disaster relief	Scenario: Now that the July 15, 2020 postponement date has expired,	https://www.cdtfa.ca.gov/services/covid19.htm
	Section 139 disaster feller	will FTB continue to accept other types of signatures on paper returns or	1
		other documents that need to be filed with an original signature?	California Department of Public Health website
	(7.1.45	Answer: Yes. For paper returns and other documents that must be signed	on coronavirus
	(July 15 – extension of filing and	with an original signature by you and/or your tax representative, we will	
	payment (including first and second		
	quarter estimated payments, LLC		

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
	taxes and fees, non-wage	not require an original signature through December 31, 2020, except for	
	withholding payments), waive	Power of Attorneys (POAs).	
	interest and penalty, for individuals	We will accept 2 signature alternative methods for paper returns:	
	and businesses.)	Method 1: An attached document that must be included with the	
		filed return that provides a copy of the original signature. The	
	(July 31 - Small Businesses Now	attached document should:	
	Have Until July 31, 2020 to File	<ul> <li>Identify what the document signature is for (Example:</li> </ul>	
	First Quarter Returns. the order	Corp XX, 2019 Form 100)	
	extends the statute of limitations to	<ul> <li>State "Refer to the attachment for a copy of the</li> </ul>	
	file a claim for refund by 60 days to	original signature" on the signature line	
	accommodate tax and fee payers.	<ul> <li>Method 2: A paper return with a faxed signature on the</li> </ul>	
	All businesses will have an extra 60	signature page	
	days to file claims for refund from	For all other documents, except POAs, filed with us that require an	
	CDTFA or to appeal a CDTFA	original signature, we will accept documents with photographed or	
	decision to the Office of Tax	digital copies of required signatures.	
	Appeals. CDTFA is providing a	You can also upload a document with a signature into MyFTB. Please	
	three-month extension for a tax	note that only PDF and Excel documents are currently accepted.	
	return or tax payment to any	These temporary procedures do not apply to filing a POA. Follow the	
	businesses filing a return for less	procedure on Submit a power of attorney if you need to submit a POA to	
	than \$1 million in tax. For the	us." (8/5/20)	
	approximate 99.5% of business		
	taxpayers below the \$1 million	CA FTB COVID-19 Coronavirus special tax relief and assistance	
	threshold for their current California	<u>updates</u> (5/12/20)	
	sales and use tax obligation, returns		
	for the 1st Quarter 2020 will now be	FTB COVID-19 FAQs (5/12/20, 3/30/20 previously updated)	
	due on July 31, 2020. The same	• <u>General</u>	
	provisions apply to the other tax and	<ul> <li><u>Filing tax returns and income tax payments</u></li> </ul>	
	fee programs administered by	<ul> <li>COVID-19 Economic impact payments - CARES Act</li> </ul>	
	CDTFA. The BOE tax filing	Collection Actions	
	deadline for business personal	• Estimate payments	
	property statements is extended	Original signatures for paper returns and other documents	
	from May 7, 2020, to May 31, 2020.	Filing Compliance Programs	
	The FTB extension to July 15	Audit Programs	
	applies to the filing of information	• Statute of limitations, postponements, and COVID-19	
	returns for any person or entity that made reportable transactions during	Nonresident nonwage withholding	
	2019. This extension does not apply	Real estate withholding	
	to the filing of FTB Form 593, for	• 1031 like-kind exchanges	
	the reporting of real estate	Individual status letter	
	withholding.	"Information returns, extensions to file, and postponement period	
	For paper returns and other	Scenario: Does the July 15, 2020 extension to file for any return due	
	documents that must be signed with	during the postponement period of March 12, 2020, through July 15,	
	an original signature by you and/or	2020, apply to information returns?	
	your tax representative during the	/ 11 J	
	your tax representative during the		

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
	postponement period of March 12,	Answer: Yes, the extension applies to the filing of information returns	
	2020, through July 15, 2020, we	for any person or entity that made reportable transactions during 2019.	
	will not require an original	This extension does not apply to the filing of FTB Form 593, for the	
	signature, except for Power of	reporting of <u>real estate withholding</u> "	
	Attorneys (POAs). We will accept 2		
	signature alternative methods for	" I will be traveling or living outside of the United States on the	
	paper returns: Method 1: An	original due date of April 15, 2020, which means my tax return and	
	attached document that must be	payment are due June 15, 2020. Do I qualify for the July 15, 2020	
	included with the filed return that	extension to file and pay taxes for 2019?	
	provides a copy of the original	Answer: Yes. If you file and pay by July 15, 2020, it will be considered	
	signature. The attached document	timely. If you need more time to file, the automatic extension due date	
	should: Identify what the document	for taxpayers traveling or living outside of the United States as of April	
	signature is for (Example: Corp XX, 2019 Form 100), State "Refer to the	15, 2020, remains December 15, 2020"	
	attachment for a copy of the original	"When will the current year notices and bills be mailed?	
	signature" on the signature line; or	FTB routinely holds current tax year notices until we have processed all	
	Method 2: A paper return with a	timely payments. This year, FTB plans to begin releasing Notices of Tax	
	faxed signature on the signature	Return Change (NTRC) with balances due and Statements of Tax Due	
	page. For all other documents,	for the 2019 tax year in August, after the new 7/15/20 due date to file a	
	except POAs, filed with us that	return and pay"	
	require an original signature, we	Totalii alia paj	
	will accept documents with	COVID-19 Economic impact payments - CARES Act	
	photographed or digital copies of	Are the payments that individuals receive from the federal government	
	required signatures. You can also	(i.e., \$1,200 [\$2,400 for individuals filing a joint return] and \$500 per	
	upload a document with a signature	qualifying child) under the recently enacted federal CARES Act subject	
	into MyFTB. Please note that only	to California income tax?	
	PDF and Excel documents are	No, these payments are not subject to California income tax.	
	currently accepted. These	Is the emergency increase in unemployment compensation benefits (in	
	temporary procedures do not apply	the amount of \$600 per week) that individuals receive under the recently	
	to filing a POA. Follow the	enacted federal CARES Act subject to California income tax?	
	procedure on Submit a power of	No, these payments are not subject to California income tax.	
	attorney if you need to submit a	Are the modifications for net operating losses (NOLs) in the recently	
	POA to us. We implemented a	enacted federal CARES Act applicable for California income and	
	temporary suspension on a number	franchise tax purposes?	
	of collection activities within our	No, these modifications for NOLs do not apply for California income	
	personal income tax, business entity	and franchise tax purposes.	
	tax, and nontax debt (court-ordered	Does California conform to the federal early withdrawal penalty waivers	
	debt and vehicle registration collection) programs through July	for distributions from qualified retirement accounts under the recently enacted federal CARES Act?	
	15, 2020: Wage attachments, bank	Yes, the federal early withdrawal penalty waivers for distributions from	
	levies, liens, and field agent	qualified retirement accounts under the federal CARES Act also applies	
	calls/visits are suspended;	for California income tax purposes"	
	Suspension of business entities with	101 Camorina income tax purposes	
	the Secretary of State (SOS) are		
	are beereury or blace (bob) are		1

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
	delayed; The Top 500 Delinquent	"Collection Actions	
	Taxpayers List is delayed	Have you delayed any collection activities?	
	An extension has been granted to	Similar to the IRS, we implemented a temporary suspension on a	
	taxpayers whose financial hardship	number of collection activities within our personal income tax, business	
	was scheduled to expire. We've	entity tax, and nontax debt (court-ordered debt and vehicle registration	
	suspended Requests, Demands, and	collection) programs through July 15, 2020:	
	related Notices of Proposed	Wage attachments, bank levies, liens, and field agent calls/visits	
	Assessment for prior year returns	are suspended	
	until July 15. In cases where an	Suspension of business entities with the Secretary of State	
	<u>applicable statute of limitations</u> expires during this period, we will	(SOS) are delayed	
	consider a claim for refund timely if	The <u>Top 500 Delinquent Taxpayers List</u> is delayed	
	filed on or before July 15,	An extension has been granted to taxpayers whose financial	
	2020. This extension applies to a	hardship was scheduled to expire"	
	letter claim or an amended return	Wa've guenonded Dequests Demonds and related Nations of	
	claiming an overpayment of tax.	We've suspended Requests, Demands, and related Notices of Proposed Assessment for prior year returns until July 15"	
	Per FTB, COVID-19 CARES Act -	Proposed Assessment for prior year returns until July 15	
	The CARES Act economic impact	"In cases where an applicable statute of limitations expires during this	
	payments from the federal	period, we will consider a claim for refund timely if filed on or before	
	government are not subject to	July 15, 2020. This extension applies to a letter claim or an amended	
	California income tax.	return claiming an overpayment of tax"	
	The CARES Act emergency		
	increase in unemployment	"Original signatures for paper returns and other documents	
	compensation benefits (in the	Scenario: You need to send us your paper return or other documents that	
	amount of \$600 per week) that	need to be filed with original signatures. During the postponement	
	individuals receive are not subject to	period of March 12, 2020 through July 15, 2020, it may be difficult to	
	California income tax. The CARES Act modifications for	obtain original signatures. Will FTB accept other types of signatures	
	NOLs do not apply for California	during the postponement period?	
	income and franchise tax purposes.	Answer: Yes. For paper returns and other documents that must be signed	
	The federal early withdrawal	with an original signature by you and/or your tax representative during	
	penalty waivers for distributions	the postponement period of March 12, 2020, through July 15, 2020, we will not require an original signature, except for Power of Attorneys	
	from qualified retirement accounts	(POAs).	
	under the federal CARES Act also	We will accept 2 signature alternative methods for paper returns:	
	applies for California income tax	Method 1: An attached document that must be included with the	
	purposes. California will not treat	filed return that provides a copy of the original signature. The	
	an out-of-state corporation whose	attached document should:	
	only connection to California is the	<ul> <li>Identify what the document signature is for (Example:</li> </ul>	
	presence of an employee who is	Corp XX, 2019 Form 100)	
	currently teleworking in California	<ul> <li>State "Refer to the attachment for a copy of the</li> </ul>	
	due to Executive Order N-33-20 as	original signature" on the signature line	
	being actively engaged in a	Method 2: A paper return with a faxed signature on the	
	transaction for the purposes of	signature page	
	financial or pecuniary gain or profit.		

Chata	C : 1/D.11	Citizen British in the Citizen		Out - I formation
State	Guidance/Date Also, California will not include the	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	h a t a a a a a a a a a a	Other Information
	compensation attributable to an	For all other documents, except POAs, filed with us the original signature, we will accept documents with pho-		
	employee who is currently	digital copies of required signatures.	nographed of	
	teleworking due to Executive Order	You can also upload a document with a signature into	MvFTB. Please	
	N-33-20 in the minimum payroll	note that only PDF and Excel documents are currently		
	threshold set forth in California	These temporary procedures do not apply to filing a P		
	Revenue & Taxation Code section	procedure on Submit a power of attorney if you need		
	23101(b)(2)(4). California will treat	us."		
	the presence of an employee who is			
	currently teleworking in California	CA BOE COVID-19 Impact on Property Taxes FAQs	<u>s</u> (5/12/20)	
	due to the Governor's Executive			
	Order as engaging in de minimis	CA BOE News Release on Extension Of Time To File		
	activities for purposes of P.L. 86-272 protection.)	Statements To May 31, 2020 Before Penalty Applies	(5/7/20)	
		Pursuant to Executive Order N-61-20 issued by California	ornia Gov.	
		Newsom, the tax filing deadline for business personal		
		statements is extended from May 7, 2020, to May 31,		
		deadline extension suspends the 10% penalty that wor		
		a taxpayer for late filings. Taxpayers impacted by the		
		due to COVID-19 will get more time to file their state	ements with their	
		local county assessors.  Guidance to County Assessors		
		The State Board of Equalization (BOE) has issued gu	idance to county	
		assessors regarding the deadline extension and the sus		
		penalties. The BOE has also clarified that since May 3		
		Sunday, a property statement that is mailed and postm		
		business day, which is Monday, June 1, 2020, will be		
		been timely filed. This extension applies to all County		
		state of California. (5/7/20)		
		CA FTB – COVID-19 – Extensions to File and Pay p	age (5/12/20)	
		• Calendar year filers		
		• Fiscal year filers		
		Estimated tax payments due dates		
		Real Estate Withholding		
		Nonresident/Nonwage Withholding *		
		Foreign Partner or Member Withholding		
		Calendar year filers		
			COVID-19 due dat	
		Return type	to file and pay	
		Personal	July 15, 2020	
		Partnership	July 15, 2020	
		LLC, taxed as a partnership	July 15, 2020	

Annual tax payment for 2020 Estimated annual fee payment for 2020 LLC, taxed as a corporation Single-member LLC owned by an S Corporation partnership, or a LLC, taxed as a partnership	July 15, 2020 July 15, 2020 July 15, 2020	April 15, 2020 June 15, 2020
LLC, taxed as a corporation Single-member LLC owned by an S Corporation	July 15, 2020	
Single-member LLC owned by an S Corporation	•	
	T 1 15 2020	April 15, 2020 November 16, 2020
partnership, or a LLC, taxed as a partnership	<b>n,</b> July 15, 2020	March 16, 2020 September 15, 2020
Annual tax payment for 2020	July 15, 2020	April 15, 2020
	•	June 15, 2020
	July 15, 2020	April 15, 2020 October 15, 2020
Annual tax payment for 2020	July 15, 2020	April 15, 2020
Estimated annual fee payment for 2020	July 15, 2020	June 15, 2020
<b>Estates and Trusts</b>	July 15, 2020	April 15, 2020 October 15, 2020
LP	July 15, 2020	March 16, 2020 October 15, 2020
LLP	July 15, 2020	March 16, 2020 October 15, 2020
C Corporation	July 15, 2020	April 15, 2020 November 16, 2020
S Corporation	July 15, 2020	March 16, 2020 September 15, 2020
<b>Exempt Organization - Form 199</b>	July 15, 2020	May 15, 2020 November 16, 2020
<b>Exempt Organization - Form 109</b>	July 15, 2020	April 15, 2020 November 16, 2020
July 31, 2020 to file first quarter returns. Updates for affected by COVID-19.  CDTFA COVID-19 page — "COVID-19 State of Emergency  Relief & Extensions for Filing Returns  Video Update: Additional Relief for Business Ta  Effective March 30, 2020 all taxpayers who file a red Million dollars will have an additional 3 months to between now and July 31, 2020.  If you qualify for this extension it is automatic and apply.  Review New Due Dates  If your tax liability of \$1 million or more, you may extension if you are unable to file and pay timely. To evaluated on a case-by-case basis and taxpayers will evaluated on a case-by-case basis and taxpayers will support the same affected by COVID-19.	expayers. eturn less than \$1 file their return, you do not need to still request an These requests will be ll be notified if their	
	Estates and Trusts  LP  LLP  C Corporation  S Corporation  Exempt Organization - Form 199  Exempt Organization - Form 109  CDTFA alerts - COVID-19 Update: Most small bu July 31, 2020 to file first quarter returns. Updates for affected by COVID-19.  CDTFA COVID-19 page — "COVID-19 State of Emergency  Relief & Extensions for Filing Returns  Video Update: Additional Relief for Business Tate Effective March 30, 2020 all taxpayers who file a r Million dollars will have an additional 3 months to between now and July 31, 2020.  If you qualify for this extension it is automatic and apply.  Review New Due Dates  If your tax liability of \$1 million or more, you may extension if you are unable to file and pay timely. To evaluated on a case-by-case basis and taxpayers will evaluated on a case-by-case basis and taxpayers will along the content of the content	Single-member LLC owned by any other entity  Annual tax payment for 2020  Estimated annual fee payment for 2020  Estates and Trusts  July 15, 2020  LP  July 15, 2020  LP  July 15, 2020  LP  July 15, 2020  C Corporation  July 15, 2020  S Corporation  July 15, 2020  Exempt Organization - Form 199  July 15, 2020  Exempt Organization - Form 109  July 15, 2020  Exempt Organization - Form 109  July 15, 2020  CDTFA alerts - COVID-19 Update: Most small businesses have until July 31, 2020 to file first quarter returns. Updates for CA taxpayers affected by COVID-19.  CDTFA COVID-19 page —  "COVID-19 State of Emergency  Relief & Extensions for Filing Returns  Video Update: Additional Relief for Business Taxpayers.  Effective March 30, 2020 all taxpayers who file a return less than \$1 Million dollars will have an additional 3 months to file their return, between now and July 31, 2020.  If you qualify for this extension it is automatic and you do not need to apply.  Review New Due Dates  If your tax liability of \$1 million or more, you may still request an extension if you are unable to file and pay timely. These requests will be evaluated on a case-by-case basis and taxpayers will be notified if their extension has been approved or denied. Please follow the directions

#### How to Request for an Extension to File Your Return or Prepayment

Extensions for Filing a Claim for Refund or Tax Appeal

The Executive Order issued on March 30, 2020, provides a 60-day extension for taxpayers to file a claim for refund for any refund that must otherwise be filed by July 31, 2020. The Executive Order also provides, through July 31, 2020, a 60-day extension for requesting a tax appeal with the Office of Tax Appeals.

Small Business Relief Payment Plans for Sales and Use Tax Effective April 2, 2020, small business taxpayers, those with less than \$5 million in taxable annual sales, can take advantage of a 12-month, interest-free, payment plan for up to \$50,000 of sales and use tax liability only.

Payment plan requests can be made through our <u>online services</u> system in the coming months. Please <u>fill out this form</u> and we will notify you when the system becomes available. Alternatively, you may contact our customer service center at 1-800-400-7115 (CRS:711) if you are interested in being notified.

Payment Plan FAQ

•••

### Field Office & Public Counter FAQs"

According to a member (5/1/20):

"California does not conform to some of the other changes made by the CARES Act, including those related to:

- Loan forgiveness related to the Paycheck Protection program
- NOL Carrybacks
- Charitable contributions
- Student loan forgiveness
- Business interest limitations
- Prior year alternative minimum tax liability (corporations)
- Health-savings accounts changes (California does not conform to health-savings account rules generally speaking)"

California has extended the due dates for both the  $1^{st}$  and  $2^{nd}$  quarter estimated payments to July 15.

# **CFTA** website (4/14/20)

4/02/20: <u>Governor announces</u> availability of 12 month payment plans for small businesses. <u>Learn more</u>.

3/30/20: Most <u>small businesses</u> now have until July 31, 2020 to file first quarter returns. <u>Find out more</u>.

- Executive Order Medical Supplies
- CDTFA Offers Immediate Interest-Free Payment Plans

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		Governor Newsom Grants Additional Relief for Business	
		<u>Taxpayers</u>	
		<ul> <li>CDTFA Temporarily Closes Public Counters in Field Offices</li> </ul>	
		CFTA News Release on additional relief for business taxpayers	
		(3/31/20)	
		"Governor Newsom Grants Additional Relief for Business	
		Taxpayers	
		Small Businesses Now Have Until July 31, 2020 to File First Quarter Returns	
		In accordance with the Executive Order issued by Governor Newsom	
		last night to expand tax relief for small business taxpayers, the California	
		Department of Tax and Fee Administration (CDTFA) announced today	
		that all small businesses will have an additional three months to file	
		returns and pay taxes administered by the department. Additionally, all	
		businesses will have an extra 60 days to file claims for refund from	
		CDTFA or to appeal a CDTFA decision to the Office of Tax	
		Appeals.	
		CDTFA is providing a three-month extension for a tax return or tax	
		payment to any businesses filing a return for less than \$1 million in	
		tax. For the approximate 99.5% of business taxpayers below the \$1	
		million threshold for their current California sales and use tax	
		obligation, returns for the 1st Quarter 2020 will now be due on July	
		31, 2020. The same provisions apply to the other tax and fee	
		programs administered by CDTFA. Qualifying taxpayers are not	
		required to file a request for extension or request relief from penalty or interest. This automatic extension will remain in effect through the	
		reporting of taxes and fees due on or before July 31, 2020.	
		"This expands on the relief previously granted to small businesses,	
		giving them an extra 90 days to file and pay any business taxes and	
		fees administered by CDTFA without incurring any penalties or	
		interest," said Director Nick Maduros. "By including the \$1 million	
		threshold, we're able to offer much-needed relief to small businesses	
		across the state while still maintaining the integrity of our local finance	
		system. Approximately 55% of the sales and use tax collected goes back	
		to our cities and counties, which count on this revenue to provide	
		essential public services."	
		In addition to the three-month extension of time to file and pay taxes, the	
		Executive Order issued by Governor Newsom last night also <b>provides</b>	
		business taxpayers with additional time to file claims for refund and	
		appeals to the Office of Tax Appeals. Taxpayers looking to make	
		refund claims with CDTFA during this period will have an	
		additional 60 days to file. Similarly, taxpayers seeking an appeal of a	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		CDTFA tax determination to the Office of Tax Appeals will have 60	
		additional days to file the appropriate request.	
		Additional information on the <u>relief offered</u> <u>California's COVID-19</u>	
		efforts" Governor Press Release on Expanded Small Business Relief	
		(3/30/20)	
		"Governor Newsom Signs Executive Order Providing Relief to	
		California Small Businesses	
		Order provides 90-day extension in state and local taxes, including sales	
		order extends licensing deadlines and requirements for a number of	
		industries Today, Governor Gavin Newsom signed an executive order that will	
		provide tax, regulatory and licensing extensions for businesses.	
		The executive order allows the California Department of Tax and	
		Fee Administration (CDTFA) to offer a 90-day extension for tax returns and tax payments for all businesses filing a return for less	
		than \$1 million in taxes. That means small businesses will have until	
		the end of July to file their first-quarter returns.	
		Additionally, the order extends the statute of limitations to file a claim for refund by 60 days to accommodate tax and fee payers.	
		Additionally, the Department of Consumer Affairs will waive continuing education requirements for several professions, also for the next 60 days	
		A copy of the <u>Governor's executive order</u> N-40-20 can be found <u>here</u> , and the text of the order can be found <u>here</u> .	
		For the latest on the state's COVID-19 response, visit <u>covid19.ca.gov.</u> "	
		FTB COVID-19 FAQs (3/30/20 updated)	
		(updated 3/30/20)	
		CA State Treasurer News Release (3/23/20)	
		"California State Treasurer Fiona Ma Provides Valuable New Information on Tax Relief and Food Access	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		View the tax relief list <a href="here">here</a> , the food list <a href="here">here</a> , and the small business list <a href="here">here</a> .  The tax list provides the latest news on changes in regulations and deadlines and phone numbers and links to relevant agencies"	
		FTB Press Release (3/18/20)	
		California has pushed its tax filing and payment <u>deadline to July 15</u> , waive interest and late filing and late payment penalties.	
		"The Franchise Tax Board (FTB) today announced updated special tax relief for all California taxpayers due to the COVID-19 pandemic.	
		FTB is postponing until July 15 the filing and payment deadlines for all individuals and business entities for:  • 2019 tax returns	
		<ul> <li>2019 tax return payments</li> <li>2020 1st and 2nd quarter estimate payments</li> <li>2020 LLC taxes and fees</li> <li>2020 Non-wage withholding payments</li> </ul>	
		"We are further extending tax filing deadlines for all Californians to July 15"	
		To give taxpayers a deadline consistent with that of the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) without the federal dollar limitations, FTB is following the federal relief described in Notice 2020-17. Since California conforms to the underlying code sections that grant tax postponements for emergencies, FTB is extending the relief to all California taxpayers. Taxpayers do not need to claim any special treatment or call FTB to qualify for this relief.	
		In line with <u>Governor Newsom's March 12 Executive Order</u> , FTB previously extended the due dates for filing and payment last week for affected taxpayers until June 15, with the qualification that the deadlines may be extended further if the IRS grants a longer relief period, as it did yesterday. <b>This announcement supersedes last week's announcement.</b>	
		For more details regarding FTB COVID-19 tax relief, please see our website at ftb.ca.gov and search COVID-19.  If possible, taxpayers should continue to file tax returns on time to get their refunds timely, including claiming the Earned Income Tax Credit and Young Child Tax Credit. During this public health emergency, FTB	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		continues to process tax returns, issue refunds, and provide phone and	
		live chat service to taxpayers needing assistance."	
		PRIOR FTB News Release (3/13/2020)	
		TRIOR TIB News Release (3/13/2020)	
		PRIOR FTB FAQs (3/17/20)	
		Governor Press Release (3/12/20) delays state tax filing by 60 days for individuals and businesses	
		individuals and businesses	
		"Governor Newsom Issues New Executive Order Further Enhancing	
		State and Local Government's Ability to Respond to COVID-19	
		Pandemic (3/12/20)	
		The Governor's order:	
		Waives the one-week waiting period for people who are unemployed	
		and/or disabled as a result of COVID-19;	
		Delays the deadline for state tax filing by 60 days for individuals and	
		businesses unable to file on time based on compliance with public health requirements related to COVID-19 filings;	
		The full executive order can be found here.	
		EDD Information Sheet on the California treatment of payments made to employees under the Section 139 disaster relief	
		employees under the Section 139 disaster feller	
		CA payroll taxes (March 2020 EDD website) – "Employers statewide	
		directly affected by the new coronavirus (COVID-19) may request up	
		to a 60-day extension of time from the EDD to file their state payroll reports and/or deposit payroll taxes without penalty or interest.	
		This extension may be granted under Section 1111.5 of the California	
		Unemployment Insurance Code (CUIC). A written request for extension	
		must be received within 60 days from the original delinquent date of the	
		payment or return."	
		San Francisco Mayor announced that small businesses may be able to	
		defer some business taxes: Defer "Business Taxes for Small	
		Businesses	
		In order to provide immediate cash-flow assistance to small businesses, Mayor Breed will be working with Treasurer Cisneros to notify small	
		businesses that the next round of quarterly businesses taxes can be	
		deferred. Businesses are required to pre-pay their first quarter business	
		taxes for current tax year by April 30th. This announcement will allow	
		businesses to not pre-pay, deferring payment due to February 2021. No	
		interest payments, fees, or fines will accrue as a result of the deferral.  This benefit will be offered to business with up to \$10 million in gross	
		This center will be offered to business with up to \$10 million in \$1035	1

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		receipts, benefiting approximately 8,050 businesses with an average \$5,400 tax payment deferral each."	
		The San Francisco deadline for prepayment of first quarter tax filings for businesses with up to \$10 million in gross receipts would be delayed from April to next February 2021. The move would help more than 8,000 businesses with an average \$5,400 tax payment. San Francisco	
		business license fees will be also deferred for three months.  Los Angeles County Treasurer and Tax Collector, California: Statement and FAOs From Keith Knox, Treasurer and Tax Collector Regarding	
		COVID-19 and the April 10 Property Tax Deadline (3/18/20)  California Association of County Treasurers and Tax Collectors:  California Association of County Treasurers and Tax Collectors  (CACTTC) issues statement and FAQs regarding April 10 Property Tax	
C 1 1	CO DOD A	Collection Deadline	GO DOD GOVED TO V. L. (4/6/20)
Colorado	CO DOR Announcement on April 2020 Sales Tax Deadline Extension	CO DOR Release on Nonresident Disaster Relief Worker Exemption/Subtraction	CO DOR COVID-19 Updates (4/6/20)
	(4/7/20)	Disaster Relief Work	***We encourage you to frequently check this page for updates, as our response to COVID- 19 is evolving.***
	CO DOR Income Tax Deadlines Website (4/6/20)	Disaster relief work includes repairing, renovating, installing, building, or rendering services that relate to infrastructure that has been damaged, impaired, or destroyed by a declared state disaster emergency or	Colorado Department of Revenue - In-Person
	CO DOR COVID-19 Updates (4/6/20)	providing emergency medical, firefighting, law enforcement, hazardous material, search and rescue, or other emergency service related to a state declared disaster emergency. The Governor has declared a disaster	Services Suspended  We are open for business online and by phone.  Please try to use one of the alternative contact methods listed below.
	Governor Executive Order 2020- 010 extending income tax payment deadlines (3/20/20)	emergency due to the presence of COVID-19 in Colorado.  Exemption  In the event any nonresidents perform disaster-related work in Colorado during a declared state disaster emergency, their wages for such work	Operations Modifications Tax Service Centers are closed for one month. Please review the <u>Available Services</u> section
	Vail, Colorado: A Message from the Mayor - deferring Town of Vail sales tax payments for a "period of time" (3/18/20)	would be exempt from Colorado taxation. The exemption would likely be achieved in most cases without the nonresident emergency worker having to file a Colorado income tax return.  Employers should not withhold Colorado income tax from any wages paid to any nonresident for disaster-related work. The wage withholding	below for more detailed information. Changes to Tax Deadlines and Requirements Income Tax Deadlines The income tax payment deadline has been extended for all Colorado taxpayers by 90 days until July 15, 2020. All income tax
	(July 15 – payment and filing deadline for all Colorado taxpayers state income taxes and estimated	exemption <i>does not apply</i> to any Colorado resident employees. More information can be found in the <u>Wage Withholding Guide</u> .  Subtraction  Nonresidents who perform disaster-related work during a declared state	returns that were required to be filed by April 15, 2020 are granted a six-month extension, and are due on or before October
	taxes is extended by 90 days until July 15, 2020 – and automatic 6 months extension to file until October 15, 2020. Interest from the	disaster emergency should not file a Colorado income tax return unless (1) they have other Colorado-source income or (2) Colorado income tax was withheld (erroneously) from their wages for the disaster-related work.	15, 2020. Click here for more information. Sales Tax Deadlines Colorado retailers that are required to file a sales tax return and remit sales tax on April
	due date of the payment until July 15, 2020 is waived. All income tax	If Colorado income tax was withheld for the disaster-related work during a declared state disaster emergency, the nonresident worker should enter	20, 2020 may extend their filing and remittance deadline to May 20, 2020. This is a one-time extension of the April 20, 2020

State Guidance/Date returns that were required to be filed by April 15, 2020 are granted an automatic six-month extension, and the filing is due on or before October 15, 2020. In addition, the deadline for estimated payments has also been extended for the 2020 tax year. The penalties for estimated payments are also waived until July 15, 2020. This extension and these waivers do not apply to payments due pursuant to a notice of deficiency, notice of final determination, demand for payment, installment agreement, closing agreement, or other agreement or requirement to pay. The relief does not apply to other returns, filings, or payments required to be made, including, but not limited to, withholding tax.) (Colorado retailers that are required

to file a sales tax return and remit sales tax on April 20, 2020 may extend their filing and remittance deadline to May 20, 2020. This is a one-time extension of the April 20, 2020 filing and remittance deadline for state and state-administered sales taxes. The extension does not apply to self-collecting homerule jurisdictions. The Department will waive penalties and interest that may accrue retailers that file their return and remit the full amount of state and state-administered sales tax due April 20, 2020 on or before May 20, 2020.)

(Coordinate with local governments to extend tax payment deadlines for property, sales and use taxes and

#### Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus

the amount of income (compensation earned) while working in Colorado on line 15 of the Subtraction from Income Schedule (DR 0104AD). This schedule should be included with the Nonresident Tax Calculation Schedule (DR 0104PN) and the Individual Income Tax Return (DR 0104) when submitting a return. Forms can be printed/downloaded from the Individual Income Tax Forms web page. Nonresidents can also file online using an Accepted Third Party Software.

This subtraction is only available to nonresident individuals. If you are a resident of Colorado, you are not eligible for this subtraction."

CO DOR Announcement on April 2020 Sales Tax Deadline Extension (4/7/20)

"Emergency Rule Adoption

On April 7, 2020, the Colorado Department of Revenue, Division of Taxation, adopted a temporary emergency rule to comply with Executive Order D 2020 023, which extends the filing and remittance deadline for certain sales taxes. Executive Order D 2020 023 specifically directs the Department to promulgate and issue emergency rules to extend the April 20, 2020 filing and remittance deadline to May 20, 2020. Furthermore, the April 20th due date will pass before permanent rules could be promulgated. Thus, emergency rules are necessary.

The emergency rule, as well as the statement of emergency justification and adoption, can be accessed using the hyperlink below. The emergency rule will be published in the Colorado Register on May 10. 2020

• Emergency Rule 39-26-105-5

The Department welcomes any comments you may have on the emergency rules. Comments can be submitted to dor taxrules@state.co.us. The Department is considering whether to undertake permanent rulemaking to make the temporary emergency rules permanent. The Department will solicit additional input from stakeholders and will consider any comments submitted prior to proposing permanent rulemaking." (4/7/20)

CO DOR Income Tax Deadlines Website (4/6/20)

"Income Tax Deadlines

2019 Income Tax Deadline Extension

The Colorado Department of Revenue has adopted emergency rules to change the due date for certain income tax payments to July 15, 2020.

Other Information

filing and remittance deadline for state and state-administered sales taxes. The extension does not apply to self-collecting homerule jurisdictions. The Department will waive penalties and interest that may accrue retailers that file their return and remit the full amount of state and state-administered sales tax due April 20, 2020 on or before May **20, 2020.** Click here for more information. **International Fuel Tax Agreement (IFTA)** 

The Colorado Department of Revenue (CDOR) is providing tax relief in the form of a temporary suspension of the requirements associated with the International Fuel Tax Agreement (IFTA) for any motor vehicle engaged in interstate disaster relief efforts as part of the COVID-19 relief effort until June 30, 2020. Review the Temporary Suspension of IFTA Requirements section below for more information.

Resources for Businesses & Tax Professionals

- Tax Professionals
- **Small Businesses**
- Tax Due Date Schedule Matrix

COVID-19 Public Health Updates The Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment (CDPHE) has been working hard to detect and contain COVID-19, and has been partnering with federal and local health departments. For the latest health information visit the CDPHE website.

### How to Call Us or Visit Us Online **Visit Our Website**

Colorado.gov/Tax is the best place to start when looking for general information. We have been making many improvements to the website and add new content regularly. You can access forms, how-to videos, guides for various tax types/topics and many more informational resources. You can also sign up to receive

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State  Guidance/Date  take whatever action they need to let them waive penalties and fees.)  (May 20 - extends the filing and remittance deadline for certain sales taxes from the April 20, 2020 filing and remittance deadline to May 20, 2020.)	The rules and the governor's executive order are specific to income tax payments that would otherwise have been due April 15, 2020. The executive order and the emergency rules generally do not affect or apply to fiscal years that have other tax due dates. These rules apply to:  • Income tax payments otherwise due April 15, 2020 for tax year 2019  • Any estimated income tax payment that would otherwise be due between April 15, 2020 and June 15, 2020.  No penalty or interest will be due for any payment covered by these rules that is made by July 15, 2020. Additionally, under existing income tax rules, all income tax returns that were required to be filed by April 15, 2020 are granted an automatic six-month extension, and are due on or before October 15, 2020.  The relief provided by these emergency rules is similar to the relief granted by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) with IRS Notice 2020-18. For more information, review Executive Order # D 2020-010 on the Governor's Office website and visit the CDOR COVID-19 Updates web page.  Please note that the extensions and waivers granted by this notice apply only to the payments and returns described above. They do not apply to other returns, filings, or payments required to be made, including, but not limited to, withholding tax required to be paid under sections 39-22-604 and 39-22-604.5, C.R.S. No extension has been granted for any payments due pursuant to a notice of deficiency, notice of final determination, demand for payment, installment agreement, closing agreement, or other agreement or requirement to pay. Scheduled Direct Debit Payments  The extension above does not automatically change income tax payments already scheduled to draft on or before April 15th, 2020. Coloradans wishing to cancel their currently scheduled direct debit payments in order to take advantage of the deadline extension can do so by emailing the Colorado Department of Revenue at DOR TaxpayerService@state.co.us. For expedited processing, taxpayers should put "Request Cancellation reques	regular email updates for various tax types and topics.  Also, many tax filing and account management tasks can be done by using Revenue Online. By filing and managing your tax account online, you will not need to visit an office to pick up paper forms. Click here to see what you can do using Revenue Online.  CO DOR COVID-19 Response webpage (3/24/20)  "Income Tax Deadline Extension Governor Jared Polis has extended the income tax payment deadline for all Colorado taxpayers by 90 days until July 15, 2020.  Interest from the due date of the payment until July 15, 2020 is waived. All income tax returns that were required to be filed by April 15, 2020 are granted an automatic sixmonth extension, and are due on or before October 15, 2020.  In addition, the deadline for estimated payments has also been extended for the 2020 tax year. The penalties for estimated payments are also waived until July 15, 2020. This extension and these waivers do not apply to payments due pursuant to a notice of deficiency, notice of final determination, demand for payment, installment agreement, closing agreement, or other agreement or requirement to pay.  This is similar to the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) extension, but applies to any income tax payment, regardless of the amount. Unlike the federal government, the state will not impose any caps on the amount of tax that can be deferred.  The Governor also directed the Colorado Department of Revenue (CDOR) to coordinate with local governments that choose to extend tax payment deadlines for property tax, and sales and use tax.

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		The Department is continually monitoring the evolving COVID-19	For more detailed information, review
		situation, and responding in real-time to address the questions and	Executive Order # D 2020-010 on the
		concerns of Coloradans. To help keep the public informed, CDOR has	Governor's Office website.
		set up a COVID-19 page where we will post all updates and changes	Please note that the extensions and waivers
		related to taxes, deadline extensions, services and penalties. Please visit	granted by this notice apply only to the
		the <u>COVID-19-Updates</u> web page for more information.	payments and returns described above. They
			do not apply to other returns, filings, or
		CO DOR COVID-19 Response webpage (3/24/20)	payments required to be made, including,
			but not limited to, withholding tax required to
		"Income Tax Deadline Extension	be paid under sections 39-22-604 and 39-22-
		Governor Jared Polis has extended the income tax payment deadline	604.5, C.R.S."
		for all Colorado taxpayers by 90 days until July 15, 2020. Interest	
		from the due date of the <i>payment</i> until July 15, 2020 is waived. All	Governor Executive Order 2020-010 extending
		income tax returns that were required to be filed by April 15, 2020	income tax payment deadlines (3/20/20)
		are granted an automatic six-month extension, and are due on or	
		before October 15, 2020.	"Ordering the Suspension of Statute to <b>Extend</b>
		In addition, the deadline for estimated payments has also been	the Income Tax Payment Deadlines Due to
		extended for the 2020 tax year. The penalties for estimated	the COVID-19 Disaster Emergency
		payments are also waived until July 15, 2020. This extension and	
		these waivers do not apply to payments due pursuant to a notice of	"Pursuant to the authority vested in the
		deficiency, notice of final determination, demand for payment,	Governor of the State of Colorado and, in
		installment agreement, closing agreement, or other agreement or	particular, pursuant to Article IV, Section 2 of
		requirement to pay.	the Colorado Constitution and the relevant
		This is similar to the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) extension, but	portions of the Colorado Disaster Emergency
		applies to any income tax payment, regardless of the amount. Unlike the	Act, C.R.S. § 24-33.5-701, et seq. (Act), I, Jared
		federal government, the state will not impose any caps on the amount of tax that can be deferred.	Polis, Governor of the State of Colorado,
			hereby issue this Executive Order ordering the suspension of statute to <b>extend the income tax</b>
		The Governor also directed the Colorado Department of Revenue (CDOR) to coordinate with local governments that choose to extend	payment deadlines for all Colorado
		tax payment deadlines for property tax, and sales and use tax.	taxpayers to quickly provide relief from
		For more detailed information, review Executive Order # D 2020-010 on	payment and penalties due to the coronavirus
		the Governor's Office website.	disease 2019 (COVID-
		Please note that the extensions and waivers granted by this notice	19) disaster emergency in Colorado.
		apply only to the payments and returns described above. They do	17) disuster emergency in colorado.
		not apply to other returns, filings, or payments required to be made,	I. Background and Purpose
		including, but not limited to, withholding tax required to be paid	
		under sections 39-22-604 and 39-22-604.5, C.R.S."	By this Executive Order, I am <b>temporarily</b>
			suspending the state income tax payment
		Governor Executive Order 2020-010 extending income tax payment	deadlines to provide relief to Colorado
		deadlines (3/20/20)	taxpayers and businesses.
			II. Directives
		"Ordering the Suspension of Statute to Extend the Income Tax	A. I temporarily suspend the deadline in
		Payment Deadlines Due to the COVID-19 Disaster Emergency	C.R.S. § 39-22-609 applicable to state income
			tax payments. I also direct the Executive

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		"Pursuant to the authority vested in the Governor of the State of	Director of the Colorado Department of
		Colorado and, in particular, pursuant to Article IV, Section 2 of the	Revenue (DOR) to promulgate and issue
		Colorado Constitution and the relevant portions of the Colorado Disaster	emergency rules to
		Emergency Act, C.R.S. § 24-33.5-701, et seq. (Act), I, Jared Polis,	extend the state income tax payment
		Governor of the State of Colorado, hereby issue this Executive Order	deadline by ninety (90) days to July 15, 2020,
		ordering the suspension of statute to extend the income tax payment	giving all Colorado taxpayers the option to
		deadlines for all Colorado taxpayers to quickly provide relief from	make any 2019 income tax payment that
		payment and penalties due to the coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-	would normally be due on April 15, 2020 by
		19) disaster emergency in Colorado.	July 15, 2020. I direct DOR to grant this
			extension to all individuals and businesses
		I. Background and Purpose	who pay income tax in Colorado. This
			payment extension applies to any qualifying
		By this Executive Order, I am temporarily suspending the state	income tax payment, regardless of the
		income tax payment deadlines to provide relief to Colorado	amount.
		taxpayers and businesses.	B. I temporarily suspend the deadline in
		II. Directives	C.R.S. § 39-22-609 applicable to estimated
		A. I temporarily suspend the deadline in C.R.S. § 39-22-609	income tax payments for the 2020 tax year. I
		<b>applicable to state income tax payments</b> . I also direct the Executive Director of the Colorado Department of Revenue (DOR) to promulgate	also direct the Executive Director of DOR to
		and issue emergency rules to	promulgate and issue emergency rules to extend the state payment deadline so that
		extend the state income tax payment deadline by ninety (90) days to	estimated payments due on and after April
		July 15, 2020, giving all Colorado taxpayers the option to make any	15, 2020 but on or before June 15, 2020, may
		2019 income tax payment that would normally be due on April 15,	now be paid any time on or before July 15,
		2020 by July 15, 2020. I direct DOR to grant this extension to all	2020 without penalty.
		individuals and businesses who pay income tax in Colorado. This	C. I direct DOR to coordinate with local
		payment extension applies to any qualifying income tax payment,	governments that choose to extend tax
		regardless of the amount.	payment deadlines for property, sales and
		B. I temporarily suspend the deadline in C.R.S. § 39-22-609	use taxes and take whatever action they need
		applicable to estimated income tax payments for the 2020 tax year. I	to let them waive penalties and fees during
		also direct the Executive Director of DOR to promulgate and issue	the crisis.
		emergency rules to extend the state payment deadline so that	
		estimated payments due on and after April 15, 2020 but on or before	III. Duration
		June 15, 2020, may now be paid any time on or before July 15, 2020	This Executive Order shall <b>expire thirty (30)</b>
		without penalty.	days from March 20, 2020, unless extended
		C. I direct DOR to coordinate with local governments that choose to	further by Executive Order."
		extend tax payment deadlines for property, sales and use taxes and	
		take whatever action they need to let them waive penalties and fees	Colorado officials <u>said</u> they would mirror IRS
		during the crisis.	guidance as it is updated amid the pandemic.
		III D	Vail, Colorado: A Message from the Mayor -
		III. Duration	deferring Town of Vail sales tax payments for a
		This Executive Order shall expire thirty (30) days from March 20,	"period of time" (3/18/20)
		2020, unless extended further by Executive Order."	

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		Colorado officials said they would mirror IRS guidance as it is updated	
		amid the pandemic.	
		Vail, Colorado: A Message from the Mayor - deferring Town of Vail	
		sales tax payments for a "period of time" (3/18/20)	
Connecticut	OCG -11 - OFFICE OF THE	<u>CARES Act:</u> The Connecticut Revenue Department has issued <u>two</u>	<u>Press Release</u> : (3/18/20):
	COMMISSIONER GUIDANCE	new Office of Commissioner Guidance publications: (1) OCG-10,	"Effective Immediately: DRS Branch Offices
	Regarding Depreciation of Qualified	dealing with the Connecticut tax implications of the CARES Act; and (2)	Closed to the Public
	Improvement Property for	OCG-11, dealing with the depreciation of qualified improvement	To protect health and safety, particularly the
	Connecticut Tax Purposes (7/6/20)	property for Connecticut tax purposes. (7/6/20)	risk of transmission of COVID-19, the
	OCC 10 OFFICE OF THE	000.11	Connecticut Department of Revenue Services
	OCG-10 - <u>OFFICE OF THE</u> <u>COMMISSIONER GUIDANCE</u>	OCG-11 OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONER GUIDANCE Regarding	(DRS) is suspending walk-in services to the
	Regarding the Connecticut Tax	Depreciation of Qualified Improvement Property for Connecticut Tax	public at its four branch offices, effective at the end of business Tuesday, March 17, 2020.
	Implications of the CARES Act	Purposes (7/6/20)	Acting Revenue Services Commissioner John
	(7/6/20)	1 uposes (1/0/20)	Biello is exercising this authority under Conn.
	(170/20)	Background on Federal Treatment	Gen. Stat. §4-8 and Conn. Gen. Stat. §12-2.
	DRS extends deadlines for filing	Buckground on reactar freatment	Effective immediately, and until further notice,
	certain administrative protests and	Prior to the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act	no walk-in services will be available to
	tax appeals (5/8/20)	("CARES Act"), the depreciable life of qualified improvement property	members of the public at DRS branch office
	Announcement 2020(7), COVID-	for federal purposes ("QIP") was 39 years. The CARES Act revised	locations in Hartford, Bridgeport, Waterbury,
	19 Extension of Deadlines for Filing	I.R.C. § 168(e) and (g) to provide QIP with a depreciable life of 15 years	and Norwich.
	Administrative Protests and	under the general depreciation system and a depreciable life of 20 years	All business with the DRS can be conducted
	Suspension of Deadlines for Filing	under the alternative depreciation system. The changes made by the	electronically, by telephone, or by written
	<u>Tax Appeals</u> (5/12/20)	CARES Act make QIP eligible for bonus depreciation and are applicable	correspondence. The professionals at DRS are
		to QIP placed in service after December 31, 2017.	prepared to continue to offer the highest level of
	CT DRS COVID-19 FAQs website	D D 1 2020 25 H	customer service.
	(issued 3/25/20, updated 4/2/20)	Revenue Procedure 2020-25 allows a taxpayer to change its depreciation	Business Hours:
	DOD Door Dologo Agreement	and claim the additional bonus depreciation under I.R.C. § 168 for QIP	• Monday to Friday, 8:30 a.m. – 4:30 p.m.
	DOR Press Release Announcement	placed in service by the taxpayer after December 31, 2017, in taxable	Telephone Assistance:
	on extending filing and payment of personal income tax returns until	year 2018, 2019 or 2020, pursuant to revisions to the CARES Act.  Taxpayers changing the depreciation method and claiming the additional	• 860-297-5962 (from anywhere)
	July 15, 2020 (3/24/20)	bonus depreciation may do so by either:	800-382-9463 (within CT Outside Greater  Heat Contains and a second a second and a second a second and a
	July 13, 2020 (3/24/20)	bonus depreciation may do so by citier.	Hartford area only)
	Press Release on business returns	☐ Filing Form 3115, Application for Change in Accounting Method,	860-297-4911 (Hearing Impaired, TDD/TT users only)
	(3/15/20)	with the taxpayer's timely federal income tax return for the year of	E-mail: drs@po.state.ct.us
	(	change, provided the I.R.C. § 481(a) adjustment reported on Form 3115	E-man; dis@po.state.ct.us
	(July 15 - extending the filing and	includes the amount of any adjustment attributable to all property; or	Website: https://portal.ct.gov/DRS
	payment deadline for personal	Filing an amended return or amended Form 1065, US Return of	*** Coste ** https://portal.ct.gov/DIG
	income tax returns 90 days, to July	Partnership Income, for the placed in service year of the qualified	Mailing Address:
	15, 2020. The extension also applies	improvement property on or before October 15, 2021.	Connecticut Department of Revenue Services
	to Connecticut estimated income tax		450 Columbus Boulevard, Suite 1
	payments for the first and second	Corporation Business Tax	Hartford, Connecticut 06103
	quarters of 2020. Form CT-1041		Please visit the <b>DRS</b> website for additional
	returns and payments for trusts and		information and updates."

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	extending the deadline for filing	2) What are the Connecticut tax implications of the CARES Act	
	certain protests with the DRS'	provisions that relate to the taxability of coronavirus-related distributions	
	Appellate Division by ninety (90)	from qualified retirement accounts?	
	days.)	1	
		The starting point in determining an individual's Connecticut income tax	
	(June 15 - business returns – The due	liability is the individual's federal adjusted gross income. Certain	
	date for returns and payments due	Connecticut modifications are made to arrive at Connecticut adjusted	
	between March 15, 2020, and June 1,	gross income. There are no Connecticut statutory modifications	
	2020, for the following tax types was	specific to coronavirus-related distributions for purposes of	
	extended: Pass-Through Entity Tax,	calculating Connecticut adjusted gross income. Therefore, to the	
	Unrelated Business Income Tax,	extent that these distributions are included or excluded from federal	
	Corporation Business Tax – filing	adjusted gross income in a particular year will dictate the	
	and payment extended to June 15,	Connecticut tax treatment of such distributions in such year.	
	2020. On March 16, 2020, DRS		
	announced that the due date for the	3) Are coronavirus-related distributions from a qualified retirement	
	annual state business tax returns	account, as allowed under the CARES Act, subject to Connecticut	
	listed above was extended 30 days	income tax withholding?	
	and payments are due on or before	-	
	June 15, 2020. The business income	Generally yes. The payer is required to withhold 6.99% from the	
	tax extension for corporation	distribution unless the recipient submits a Form CT-W4P to the	
	business tax, unrelated business	payer requesting that no or a lesser amount of Connecticut income	
	income tax, and pass-through entity	tax be withheld.	
	tax applies to fiscal year end filers		
	with a due date between March 15,	4) Are loans forgiven under the CARES Act, Paycheck Protection	
	2020, and May 31, 2020. The due	Program, subject to Connecticut corporation business tax or individual	
	date is NOT extended for estimated	income tax?	
	payments of corporation business		
	tax, unrelated business income tax,	No. The starting point in determining an individual's Connecticut income	
	and pass-through entity tax normally	tax liability is the individual's federal adjusted gross income. Certain	
	due between March 15, 2020, and	Connecticut modifications are made to arrive at Connecticut adjusted	
	June 1, 2020. The extended business	gross income. There is no Connecticut statutory modification to	
	income tax filing and payment	include these amounts in the calculation of Connecticut adjusted	
	deadlines do NOT apply to returns	gross income. Therefore, because loans forgiven under the	
	already on extension. The deadline	Paycheck Protection Program are excluded from federal adjusted	
	for filing an amended 2016 Form	gross income and there is no Connecticut modification to include	
	CT-1120, Form CT-1120CU, Form	these amounts in Connecticut adjusted gross income, such loan	
	CT-990T, or Form CT-1065/CT-	forgiveness is not subject to Connecticut income tax. The conclusion	
	1120SI has NOT been extended.)	is the same for purposes of the Connecticut corporation business tax.	
		5) How does the federal 5-year net operating loss ("NOL") carryback	
	(CT – CARES guidance –	provision enacted as a part of the CARES Act impact the Connecticut	
	Economic impact payment - There	corporation business tax and the Connecticut individual income tax?	
	is no Connecticut statutory	corporation outsiness tax and the connectical intervidual income tax:	
	modification to include the federal	Corporation Business Tax	
	modification to include the federal	Corporation Dualities 14A	

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	economic impact payments in		
	Connecticut adjusted gross income.	For corporation business tax purposes, Connecticut has its own	
	Therefore, as the federal economic	specific rules for NOLs that are not impacted by the federal	
	impact payments are not included in	carryforward and carryback rules.	
	federal adjusted gross income and		
	there is no Connecticut modification	Individual Income Tax	
	to include these payments in		
	Connecticut adjusted gross income,	For individual income tax purposes, the carryback of federal NOLs	
	said payments are not subject to	that affect an individual's Connecticut income tax liability are	
	Connecticut income tax.	applied consistent with the Connecticut Tax Court's decision in	
	Coronavirus-related distributions -	Adams v. Sullivan, 2014 WL 4413427 (July 24, 2014) and are subject	
	There are no Connecticut statutory	to the provisions of Conn. Gen. Stat. § 12-727(b).	
	modifications specific to		
	coronavirus-related distributions for	Note: The NOL provisions that were modified by the CARES Act do	
	purposes of calculating Connecticut	not affect an individual with a Connecticut source loss, but with no	
	adjusted gross income. Therefore,	corresponding federal loss. Such individuals must comply with	
	to the extent that these distributions	Conn. Agencies Regs. § 12-711(b)-6.	
	are included or excluded from		
	federal adjusted gross income in a	6) What are the Connecticut tax implications of the CARES Act	
	particular year will dictate the	provisions that relate to the excess business loss limitation applicable to	
	Connecticut tax treatment of such	noncorporate taxpayers under I.R.C. § 461(1)?	
	distributions in such year. The		
	payer is required to withhold 6.99%	The starting point in determining an individual's Connecticut income tax	
	from the distribution unless the	liability is the individual's federal adjusted gross income. Certain	
	recipient submits a Form CT-W4P	Connecticut modifications are made to arrive at Connecticut adjusted	
	to the payer requesting that no or a	gross income. There are no Connecticut statutory modifications	
	lesser amount of Connecticut	specific to the excess business loss limitation under I.R.C § 461(l) for	
	income tax be withheld. PPP loan	purposes of calculating Connecticut adjusted gross income.	
	forgiveness - There is no	Therefore, to the extent that such excess business loss limitation	
	Connecticut statutory modification	increases	
	to include these amounts in the	or decreases federal adjusted gross income in a particular year will	
	calculation of Connecticut adjusted	dictate the Connecticut tax treatment of such limitation in such year.	
	gross income. Therefore, because	(7/6/20)	
	loans forgiven under the Paycheck		
	Protection Program are excluded	DRS extends deadlines for filing certain administrative protests and tax	
	from federal adjusted gross income	appeals (5/8/20)	
	and there is no Connecticut	The Connecticut Department of Revenue Services (DRS) today	
	modification to include these	announced that it is extending the deadline for filing certain protests with	
	amounts in Connecticut adjusted	the DRS' Appellate Division by ninety (90) days. The DRS also issued	
	gross income, such loan forgiveness	guidance regarding the filing of tax appeals. (5/8/20)	
	is not subject to Connecticut income		
	tax. The conclusion is the same for	Announcement 2020(7), COVID-19 Extension of Deadlines for Filing	
	purposes of the Connecticut	Administrative Protests and Suspension of Deadlines for Filing Tax	
	corporation business tax. NOLs -	<u>Appeals</u> (5/12/20)	

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	For corporation business tax		
	purposes, Connecticut has its own	DRS Extends Application Deadline for Municipalities to Submit	
	specific rules for NOLs that are not	Neighborhood Assistance Act Proposals (5/5/20)	
	impacted by the federal		
	carryforward and carryback rules.	Connecticut extended the due date for 2019 individual income tax	
	For individual income tax purposes,	returns and payments to July 15, 2020. In addition, the deadlines to	
	the carryback of federal NOLs that	remit first and second estimated payments for taxable year 2020 have	
	affect an individual's Connecticut	also been extended to July 15, 2020.	
	income tax liability are applied		
	consistent with the Connecticut Tax	CT DRS COVID-19 FAQs website (4/2/20)	
	Court's decision in Adams v.		
	Sullivan, 2014 WL 4413427 (July	"DRS COVID-19 RESPONSE: FREQUENTLY ASKED	
	24, 2014) and are subject to the	QUESTIONS	
	provisions of Conn. Gen. Stat. § 12-	Issued: March 25, 2020	
	727(b). Note: The NOL provisions	Please check back regularly for updates.	
	that were modified by the CARES	From Acting Commissioner John Biello	
	Act do not affect an individual with	The Connecticut Department of Revenue Services (DRS) has responded	
	a Connecticut source loss, but with	quickly to the COVID-19 outbreak in order to protect our employees and	
	no corresponding federal loss. Such	the taxpayers we serve. We have followed directives from Governor	
	individuals must comply with Conn.	Lamont as well as guidance from the CDC. Although there is no good	
	Agencies Regs. § 12-711(b)-6.	time for a crisis, these events are unfolding during income tax filing	
	Excess business losses - There are	season, making it much more challenging. Public service is at the heart	
	no Connecticut statutory	of the DRS mission, and our team of tax professionals remains ready to	
	modifications specific to the excess	serve during these difficult times.	
	business loss limitation under I.R.C	General Information	
	§ 461(1) for purposes of calculating	Will DRS be available to assist taxpayers during the COVID-19 outbreak?	
	Connecticut adjusted gross income. Therefore, to the extent that such		
	excess business loss limitation	Yes. DRS employees are answering emails and phone calls; processing returns, payments, and refunds; and completing other essential agency	
	increases or decreases federal	functions.	
	adjusted gross income in a particular	How can I contact DRS during the COVID-19 outbreak?	
	year will dictate the Connecticut tax	If you have a question or need assistance, visit the <b>DRS website</b> for many	
	treatment of such limitation in such	answers and updated information. Taxpayers may also email DRS at	
	year. CT QIP guidance - QIP	drs@po.state.ct.us, or call DRS during regular business hours (between	
	guidance - Connecticut conforms to	8:30 a.m. to 4:30 p.m.) at 860-297-5962.	
	the changes made to the depreciable	Are DRS walk-in services available?	
	life of QIP by the CARES Act, but	No. Walk-in services at DRS branch offices in Hartford, Waterbury,	
	does not conform to the ability to	Norwich, and Bridgeport have been suspended until further notice.	
	claim bonus depreciation on such	What public announcements has DRS made in response to the	
	assets. If a company files an	COVID-19 outbreak and emergency declarations issued by Gov.	
	amended federal return to reflect the	Lamont?	
	QIP depreciation change, the	Where can I get more information about my federal stimulus check?	
	company must file the	(added 4/13/2020)	
	corresponding amended corporation		

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
State	business tax return to report the depreciation change, except that it must calculate the depreciation deduction for Connecticut purposes without regard to the provisions of I.R.C. § 168(k) (i.e., bonus depreciation). Alternatively, if a company files federal Form 3115 to claim additional QIP depreciation as a I.R.C. § 481(a) adjustment, it must report such adjustment on the corresponding corporation business tax return, except that such adjustment must be calculated for Connecticut purposes without regard to the provisions of I.R.C. § 168(k).)  (DRS fully closed)	Stimulus checks, also known as Economic Impact Payments, are administered by the federal government's Internal Revenue Service, not the Connecticut Department of Revenue Services. Click here for information on the IRS website.  3/30/2020: State Extends Filing and Payment Deadlines for Sales Tax and Room Occupancy Tax 3/30/2020: Connecticut's Single-Use Plastic Bag Fee Temporarily Suspended  3/30/2020: DRS issues waiver of certain International Fuel Tax Agreement requirements  3/20/2020: DRS extends filing, payment deadlines for personal income tax returns to July 15, 2020  3/17/2020: DRS branch offices closed to the public 3/16/2020: DRS extends filing deadline for certain annual state business tax returns Sales and Use Tax  Has DRS extended the filing and payment deadlines for sales tax returns? (added 3/30/2020)  Yes, within the parameters outlined below.  What small business taxpayers qualify for this relief? (added 3/30/2020)  Taxpayers that have \$150,000 or less in annual Sales Tax liability qualify for an automatic extension of time to file and pay. Similarly, taxpayers that have \$150,000 or less in annual Room Occupancy Tax also qualify for this relief. A taxpayer that collects both Sales Tax and Room Occupancy Tax must evaluate each tax separately to determine eligibility for relief.  How does a taxpayer determine if it is a qualified small business? (added 3/30/2020)  Taxpayers are required to utilize a calendar year look back period of January 1, 2019, through December 31, 2019. Any taxpayer that reported \$150,000 or less in tax during that period qualifies for the relief.  What returns are covered by this extension? (added 3/30/2020)  • For monthly Sales Tax and Room Occupancy Tax filers: returns and payments due March 31, 2020, and April 30, 2020, are extended to May 31, 2020.  • For guarterly Sales Tax and Room Occupancy Tax filers: returns	Other Information
		and payments due April 30, 2020, are extended to May, 31, 2020.	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		I filed my sales tax return and paid my taxes that are due on March 31, 2020, can DRS return the payment so I can take advantage of the extended May 31, 2020, due date? (added 3/30/2020)  No. If you scheduled a payment through the DRS Taxpayer Service Center (TSC), you can only cancel a payment two or more days prior to the scheduled payment date.	
		Plastic Bag Fee  Has the Plastic Bag Fee been suspended? (added 3/29/2020)  Yes. Pursuant to Executive Order No. 7N issued by Governor Lamont,	
		the Plastic Bag Fee is suspended from March 26, 2020, through May 15, 2020.  When are retailers required to begin collecting the Plastic Bag Fee again? (added 3/29/2020)  Patrillers will be required to collect the Plastic Bag Fee again starting.	
		Retailers will be required to collect the Plastic Bag Fee again starting May 16, 2020, unless otherwise notified.  Are retailers required to remit the Plastic Bag Fees that they collected through March 26, 2020? (added 3/29/2020)  Yes. Any retailer that collected Plastic Bag Fees through March 26,	
		2020, must remit those fees to DRS on the applicable sales and use tax return (Form OS-114).  Does sales tax apply if a retailer charges a customer for a plastic bag	
		during the temporary suspension? (added 3/29/2020) Yes. If a store charges a customer a fee for a plastic bag, the charge for the bag is subject to sales tax. Similarly, if a store charges a customer for a paper bag or a reusable bag, the charge for the paper bag or a reusable bag is also subject to sales tax.	
		Connecticut Earned Income Tax Credit (EITC)	
		I received a DRS letter requesting additional documentation to support my Connecticut EITC claim. Has DRS extended the 30-day deadline in the letter to submit this documentation? (added 4/01/2020)	
		Yes. The deadline to submit additional documentation for a Connecticut EITC claim has been extended to July 15, 2020.	
		Gift Tax Has DRS extended the filing and payment deadline for gift tax returns reporting gifts made during taxable year 2019? (added 4/02/2020)	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		Yes. The filing and payment deadline for gift tax returns reporting gifts	
		made during taxable year 2019 is automatically extended from April 15,	
		2020, to July 15, 2020. Gifts made during taxable year 2019 are reported	
		on Form CT-706/709. This extension does not apply to estate tax.	
		Individual Income Tax	
		Has DRS extended the filing and payment deadlines for individual	
		income tax returns?	
		Yes. On March 20, 2020, DRS announced that the due date for 2019	
		individual income tax returns and payments was extended to July 15,	
		2020, for Forms CT-1040, CT-1040NR/PY, and CT-1041.	
		Has DRS extended the filing and payment deadlines for individual	
		income tax return estimates?  Yes. The deadline to remit first and second quarter estimated payments	
		for taxable year 2020 has been extended to July 15, 2020.	
		Does the extension apply to withholding tax?	
		No.	
		Has DRS extended the filing and payment deadlines for trusts and	
		estates that file Form CT-1041?	
		Yes. Form CT-1041 returns and payments with a due date of April 15,	
		2020, have been extended to July 15, 2020.  How do I check the status of my state income tax refund?	
		To check the status of my state income tax refund:  To check the status of your state income tax refund, click here.	
		Will my refund be delayed?	
		The quickest way to receive your refund is to file electronically. Unless	
		we need to ask you for additional information to verify what you	
		submitted on your return, DRS does not anticipate processing delays.	
		I filed my return and paid my taxes before April 15, 2020, can DRS	
		return the payment so I can take advantage of the extended July 15 <sup>th</sup>	
		due date?  No. Once your return is filed and paid the payment cannot be returned.	
		I already filed my 2019 individual income tax return that would	
		have been due on April 15, 2020, and scheduled a payment of taxes	
		for April 15, 2020. Will this payment be automatically rescheduled	
		to July 15, 2020?	
		No. If you do nothing, the payment will be made on the date you	
		selected. To cancel and reschedule your payment:	
		If you scheduled a payment through the DRS Taxpayer Service  Contact (TSC) log back into your account and select "Concell  The service of the service o	
		Center (TSC): log back into your account and select "Cancel Payment". You can cancel a scheduled payment until the TSC	
		processes the payment, generally two business days before the	
		payment date.	
		If you scheduled a payment as part of filing your tax return	
		(authorizing an electronic funds withdrawal): you may cancel your	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		payment by emailing DRS at ct.efile@po.state.ct.us. Email DRS	
		to initiate a payment cancellation as soon as possible, but no less	
		than two business days prior to the scheduled payment date.	
		Include: your full name, last 4 digits of your social security	
		number, and dollar amount of payment.	
		• If you scheduled a payment by credit card or debit card: contact	
		the card processor to cancel the card payment.	
		After you cancel your payment, you must reschedule a new payment to go	
		out by the July 15, 2020 due date. You may make this payment using	
		the TSC or use a payment option listed on the DRS Income Tax Payment	
		Options webpage.	
		Has the deadline for filing an amended 2016 Form CT-1040, CT-	
		1040NR/PY, or CT-1041 been extended?	
		No.  Has DDS extended the filing and payment deadlines for Form CT	
		Has DRS extended the filing and payment deadlines for Form CT-1041 estimates? (added 4/8/2020)	
		Yes. The deadlines to remit first and second quarter estimated payments	
		for taxable year 2020 have been extended to July 15, 2020.	
		·	
		Business Income Tax	
		Has DRS extended the filing and payment deadlines for annual state	
		business tax returns?	
		Yes. On March 16, 2020, DRS announced that the due date for the annual	
		state business tax returns listed below was extended. The due date for	
		returns and payments due between March 15, 2020, and June 1, 2020, for	
		the following tax types was extended:	
		Corporation Business Tax;	
		Unrelated Business Income Tax; and	
		Pass-Through Entity Tax.	
		What is the extended due date for returns and payments of	
		corporation business tax (Form CT-1120 and Form CT-1120CU)?	
		The due date for filing returns is extended 30 days and payments are due on or before June 15, 2020.	
		What is the extended due date for returns and payments of unrelated	
		business income tax (Form CT-990T)?	
		The due date for filing returns is extended 30 days and payments are due	
		on or before June 15, 2020.	
		What is the extended due date for returns and payments of the pass-	
		through entity tax (Form CT-1065/CT-1120SI)?	
		The due date for filing returns is extended 30 days and payments are due	
		on or before June 15, 2020.	
		Was the due date extended for estimated payments of corporation	
		business tax, unrelated business income tax, and pass-through entity	
		tax normally due between March 15, 2020, and June 1, 2020?	

No.  Does the business income tax extension for corporation business tax, unrelated business income tax, and pass-through entity tax apply to fiscal year end filters with a due date between March 15, 2020, and May 31, 2020?  Yes. The extension applies to corporation business tax, unrelated business income tax, and pass-through entity tax returns that would otherwise be due between March 15, 2020, and May 31, 2020.  Do the extended business income tax filing and payment deadlines apply to returns already on extension?  No.  Has the deadline for filing an amended 2016 Form CT-1120, Form CT-1120CU, Form CT-990T, or Form CT-1166/CT-1120SI been extended?  No." (as of 4/2/20)  DOR Press Release Amouncement on extending filing and payment of personal income tax returns util July 15, 2020 (3/24/20)  "Department of Revenue Services extends filing and payment deadlines for personal income tax returns to July 15, 2020  At the direction of Governor Ned Lamont, the Connecticut Department of Revenue Services (ORS) is extending the filing and payment deadline for personal income tax returns to July 15, 2020.  The extension also applies to Connecticut estimated income tax payments for the first and second quarters of 2020.  This extension for Connecticut personal income tax return filing and payment aligns with the U.S. Treasury's announcement earlier Friday, where it indicated rederal income tax filings and payments would be extended until July 15, 2020.  Connecticut taxpayers who are owed a refund may still file with DRS. The easiest way to file — and the fastest way to receive a refund — is through online filing, including via the DRS online Taxpeyer Service Center, which is easy, secure, and free to use. Since Connecticut's personal income tax return begins with federal Adjusted Gross Income,
it is often beneficial to complete one's federal income tax return first.  Taxpayers are encouraged to <u>visit the DRS website</u> , where additional updates will be posted.

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		Business returns extended until June 15. Individuals' returns to	
		follow IRS relief.	
		"Effective Immediately: DRS Extends Filing Deadline for Certain	
		Annual State Business Tax Returns	
		(Hartford, CT) – The Connecticut Department of Revenue Services	
		(DRS) is using their statutory authority to grant an <u>automatic extension</u>	
		of Connecticut filing deadlines for certain annual tax returns in order to support businesses during the COVID-19 outbreak effectively	
		immediately. This is consistent with the emergency declarations signed	
		by Governor Lamont.	
		"DRS understands some business taxpayers may find it difficult to meet tomorrow's state tax filing deadline, given current circumstances," said	
		Commissioner Biello. "This extension is designed to support these	
		taxpayers, and tax practitioners, meet their responsibility to file returns	
		and remit payments. DRS encourages those with questions specific to	
		their own, individual circumstances to call or e-mail the agency."	
		Acting Commissioner of Revenue Services John Biello is exercising this	
		authority under Conn. Gen. Stat. §12-2(a)(5).	
		Effective immediately, the filing deadlines for certain annual tax	
		returns due on or after March 15, 2020, and before June 1, 2020, are	
		extended by at least 30 days. In addition, the payments associated	
		with these returns are also extended to the corresponding due date in June.	
		m June.	
		The impacted returns and the associated filing dates and payment	
		deadlines are set forth below:	
		• 2019 Form CT-1065/CT-1120 SI Connecticut Pass-Though Entity Tax Return: Filing date extended to April 15, 2020;	
		payment deadline extended to June 15, 2020,	
		• 2019 Form CT-990T Connecticut Unrelated Business	
		Income Tax Return: Filing date extended to June 15, 2020;	
		payment deadline extended to June 15, 2020 • 2019 Form CT-1120 and CT-1120CU Connecticut	
		Corporation Business Return: Filing date extended to June	
		15, 2020; payment deadline <b>extended to June 15, 2020</b>	
		Individuals in the present of presenting their Commentant in the	
		Individuals in the process of preparing their Connecticut income tax (Form CT-1040) returns due April 15, should be advised that DRS	
		will adjust due dates for filing and payment of state income taxes to	
		align with any specific, actionable announcement from the Internal	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		Revenue Service regarding due dates for the filing and payment of federal income taxes.	
		Taxpayers are encouraged to visit the DRS website for updates.	
		Those who need to contact DRS regarding their specific situation may email us at <u>DRS@po.state.ct.us</u> or call <u>860-297-5962</u> (from anywhere);	
		800-382-9463 (within CT, outside Greater Hartford area only); or 860-297-4911 (Hearing Impaired, TDD/TT users only)."	
		Additional updates will be posted to the <u>DRS website</u> . Following that announcement, DRS posted a <u>notice</u> .	
Delaware	DE DOR Technical Information Memorandum 2020-1 (3/23/20)	DE DOR Technical Information Memorandum 2020-1 (3/23/20)	Delaware DOR website on tax season and COVID-19
	(July 15 – filing and payment -	"DELAWARE DIVISION OF REVENUE (DOR) TECHNICAL INFORMATION MEMORANDUM 2020-1 SUBJECT: COVID-19 FILING EXTENSIONS	"While the State of Delaware has declared a state of emergency to prepare for the spread of coronavirus, state offices currently remain open.
	Corporate tentative returns, personal income tax returns, fiduciary income tax returns that would be due on April 15, 2020 will now be	March 23, 2020 This TIM is issued to outline the Delaware Division of Revenue's (DOR) response to COVID-19. As has been reported in IR 2020-58, the Internal Revenue Service has extended the time for filing of tax returns	During this uncertain time, we will do everything we can to assist taxpayers. However, all taxpayers are encouraged to utilize the Division of Revenue's online services at all
	due on July 15, 2020. Taxpayers may request an extension requesting additional time to file through	and payment of tax due from April 15, 2020 to July 15, 2020.  On March 12th, the Governor of Delaware issued a State of Emergency Declaration on COVID-19 that has been subsequently modified several	Revenue.Delaware.gov to ensure that they remain compliant with all tax filing and payment obligations. If you are unable to find a
	Revenue's online system. This will provide an automatic extension of time to file to October 15, 2020.	times. DOR activated its Continuity of Operations Plan that makes every effort to continue to provide taxpayer assistance and services throughout the State of Emergency in adherence with the Emergency	solution through Revenue's online services, please call our public service group at <b>302-577-8200</b> , and we will provide you guidance.
	Estimated personal income tax payments that are due on April 30, 2020 are extended to July 15, 2020.	Declaration. DOR continues to process tax returns, filings and refunds requests. As such, DOR strongly encourages all taxpayers to file as soon as possible if you have the necessary information to do so.	All returns and payments filed with the Division of Revenue will be processed as they are
	Please note that the second quarter payments remain due on June 15, 2020. Any extension forms that	Pursuant to 30 Del. C. § 1904(b), all final corporate income tax returns are due on the date that the corresponding federal return is due. By operation of law, all Delaware final corporate income tax	received. Online filing for most returns is available at <a href="https://revenue.delaware.gov/file/">https://revenue.delaware.gov/file/</a> . All returns received through electronic and
	would otherwise be submitted on paper may be submitted electronically to DOR at	returns (forms 1100) are now due on July 15, 2020 consistent with the corresponding federal return due date. Corporations may request an additional extension of time to file from the Internal Revenue Service	internet filing methods are processed directly into Revenue's system, thus allowing more expedient processing. Paper returns are
	DOR_PublicService@delaware.gov. Please note an extension only extends the due date for filing, not	and Delaware will grant the same extension, provided that a copy of the federal extension request is included with the Delaware final corporate return when it is filed.	processed as they are received and will be scanned into Revenue's system for processing, but please be aware that paper returns will take
	for payment. The payment deadline will be July 15, 2020 and penalties	Pursuant to 30 Del. C. § 511(a), the <b>Director of the DOR</b> (the "Director") has broad discretion to "grant reasonable extension[s]	longer to be processed.  If the situation changes, additional information
	and interest on underpayments will be calculated from that date, even if	of time for the payment of any tax or estimated tax", on such terms and conditions as the Director determines are appropriate.  Due to the current COVID 19 emergency in Delaware, the Director	will be available on this site."

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
State	a taxpayer requests an additional extension of time to file. Additionally, throughout the COVID-19 Emergency, DOR continues to work with taxpayers who owe outstanding balances. If you owe taxes to DOR and need assistance, you may reach our collections team via email at DOR_Collections@Delaware.gov.)	hereby grants extensions similar to those recently granted by the Internal Revenue Service. The relief outlined in this TIM will be automatically provided to all effected taxpayers as follows:  1. Corporate tentative returns that would be due on April 15, 2020 pursuant to 30 Del. C. § 1904(a) will now be due on July 15, 2020.  2. Personal income tax returns that would be due on April 30, 2020 will now be due on July 15, 2020. If a taxpayer needs additional time beyond the extended due date, taxpayers may request an extension requesting additional time to file through Revenue's online system. This will provide an automatic extension of time to file to October 15, 2020. This requires the submission of Form 1027, available on the Division of Revenue website.  3. Estimated personal income tax payments that are due on April 30, 2020 are extended to July 15, 2020. Please note that the second quarter payments remain due on June 15, 2020.  4. Fiduciary income tax returns that are due on April 30, 2020 will now be due on July 15, 2020. If a taxpayer needs additional time beyond the extended due date, the Division of Revenue reminds all taxpayers that they may file an extension requesting additional time to file. This will provide an automatic extension of time to file to October 15, 2020. This requires the submission of Form 400-EX, available on the Division of Revenue website.  Any extension forms that would otherwise be submitted on paper may be submitted electronically to DOR at DOR_PublicService@delaware.gov. Please note an extension only extends the due date for filing, not for payment. The payment deadline will be July 15, 2020 and penalties and interest on underpayments will be calculated from that date, even if a taxpayer requests an additional extension of time to file.  Additionally, throughout the COVID-19 Emergency, DOR continues to work with taxpayers who owe outstanding balances. If you owe taxes to DOR and need assistance, you may reach our collections team via email at DOR_Collections@Delaware.gov. For a	Legislature: The General Assembly has postponed session next week, March 17 through 19, and Legislative Hall is closed to the public through Monday, March 23.
		information about DOR's response to the COVID-19 crisis, please visit our website."	
District of Columbia	DC OTR Announcement on Important Real Property Tax Filing Deadline Extensions (4/30/20)  DC OTR TAX NOTICE 2020 – 05 COVID-19 FRANCHISE TAX	DC OTR Announcement extending treatment on nexus for telework in pandemic (9/3/20)  September 3, 2020  "OTR TAX NOTICE 2020 - 07 COVID-19 FRANCHISE TAX NEXUS	OTR Tax Notice 2020-01 Extended Real Property Tax Due Date for Hotels and Motels Relating to the First Half Tax Year 2020 (3/18/20) - A hotel or motel may pay its first half tax year 2020 real property tax installment

State	Guidance/Date
	<u>NEXUS</u> (4/10/20) and DC <u>OTR</u>
	Release OTR Tax Notice 2020-05
	COVID-19 Emergency Income and
	Franchise Tax Nexus (4/10/20)
	DC OTR News Release COVID-19
	<b>Emergency Income and Franchise</b>
	Tax Extension (4/9/20) and DC
	OTR <u>NOTICE 2020 – 03</u> COVID-
	19 EMERGENCY INCOME AND
	FRANCHISE TAX EXTENSION
	(4/9/20)
	DC OTR News Release COVID-19
	Real Property Tax Penalty &
	Interest Waiver Form and ASD-900
	RPT Waiver Request Form
	(4/8/20)
	DC OTR TAX NOTICE 2020 - 02
	COVID-19 EMERGENCY SALES
	AND USE TAX RELIEF (3/20/20)
	DC OTR Announcement on
	estimated taxes remain unchanged
	(3/26/20)
	Mayor Press Release (3/23/20)
	Wiayor Fress Release (5/23/20)
	(Inlants DC deadline Str
	(July 15 – DC - deadline for
	taxpayers to file and pay individual and fiduciary income tax returns,
	partnership tax returns, and

#### Guidance/Date Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus

On March 11, 2020, the Mayor of the District of Columbia declared a public emergency and a public health emergency caused by the coronavirus (COVID-19). See Mayor's Order 2020-045 dated March 11, 2020, and Mayor's Order 2020-46 dated March 11, 2020. The Mayor subsequently extended the declaration of a public emergency and a public health emergency through October 9, 2020. See Mayor's Orders 2020-050 dated March 20, 2020 and 2020-079 dated July 22, 2020. The Office of Tax and Revenue will not seek to impose corporation franchise tax or unincorporated business franchise tax nexus solely on the basis of employees or property used to allow employees to work from home (e.g., computers, computer equipment, or similar property) temporarily located in the District during the period of the declared public emergency and public health emergency, including any further extensions by the Mayor and for 90 days after the Mayor declares an end to the public emergency. Furthermore, the presence of employees under these conditions will not cause a business to lose the protections of Public Law 86-272. For additional information, please contact OTR's e-Services Unit at e-

DC OTR Announcement on Important Real Property Tax Filing Deadline Extensions (4/30/20)

services.otr@dc.gov or (202) 759-1946"

"In order to assist property owners impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic, the Office of Tax and Revenue (OTR) is further extending three important deadlines for property owners in the District of Columbia. Please see below for the new deadlines for property owners who wish to appeal their TY 2021 real property tax assessment, file an Exempt Property Annual Use report, as well as file an Income & Expense (I&E) report:

Real Property Tax Filing Deadlines:

Process	Updated Deadline
First Level Assessment Appeals (TY 2021)	May 15, 2020
Income and Expense Report	June 1, 2020
Exempt Property Annual Use Report	May 15, 2020

DC OTR TAX NOTICE 2020 – 05 COVID-19 FRANCHISE TAX NEXUS (4/10/20) and DC OTR Release OTR Tax Notice 2020-05 COVID-19 Emergency Income and Franchise Tax Nexus (4/10/20) Other Information

through June 30, 2020, and such payment made by such date shall be timely, to the extent it brings the tax liability current. Penalty and interest owed for prior periods are unaffected by the Act. No payment may be designated to a particular period. Further, a hotel or motel may not benefit from penalty and interest tax relief relating to sales and use taxes.

Proposed legislation: emergency legislation "COVID-19 Response Emergency Amendment Act of 2020" was introduced. It would: extend the deadline for real property tax payments for hotels from March 31 to June 30, allow other businesses to defer specified sales tax payments, provide a corporate filing extension to June 1 for the biennial report, and would extend unemployment compensation to taxpayers unemployed due to COVID-19. The bill would allow other businesses to remit sales taxes due in February and March but defer payment until September 20, without facing fees, fines, penalties, or interest. (3/12/20)

### DC OTR's Operations and COVID-19 website (3/13/20)

"Friday, March 13, 2020 The well-being of our employees and taxpayers is a top priority at the Office of Tax and Revenue (OTR). We continue to closely monitor the latest developments and follow the guidance from the Mayor and District officials, the Centers for Disease Control Prevention (CDC), and the World Health Organization (WHO) regarding the Coronavirus (COVID-

In line with the District Department of Health recommendation on mass gatherings, OTR is

19).

(July 15 - DC - deadline for taxpayers to file and pay individual and fiduciary income tax returns, partnership tax returns, and franchise tax returns is extended to July 15, 2020, and includes combined return filers. The deadlines for individual and business taxpayers to file their Tax Year 2020 estimated tax payments (Forms D-40ES, D-41ES, D-20ES, and D-30ES) remain unchanged. The first quarter payments are due April 15, 2020, and the second

quarter payments are due June 15, 2020. OTR will abate interest and waive penalties for failure to timely pay sales and use tax due for periods ending on February 29, 2020 and March 31, 2020, provided certain conditions are met. Taxpayers may continue to request an extension to file their income, partnership and franchise tax returns to October 15, 2020. All such extension requests must be made by filing the applicable extension form with OTR by July 15, 2020 and making all required payments for tax year 2019 by July 15, 2020. The deadlines to file Forms D-20ES, D-30ES, D-40ES and D-41ES and to make estimated tax payments remains unchanged. The first quarter payments are due April 15, 2020, and the second quarter payments are due June 15, 2020. The Office of Tax and Revenue will not seek to impose corporation franchise tax or unincorporated business franchise tax nexus solely on the basis of employees or property used to allow employees to work from home (e.g., computers, computer equipment, or similar property) temporarily located in the District during the period of the declared public emergency and public health emergency, including any further extensions by the Mayor and for 90

days after the Mayor declares an

employees under these conditions

will not cause a business to lose the

protections of Public Law 86-272.)

end to the public emergency.

Furthermore, the presence of

#### Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus

"On March 11, 2020, the Mayor of the District of Columbia declared a public emergency and a public health emergency caused by the coronavirus (COVID-19). See <a href="Mayor's Order 2020-045">Mayor's Order 2020-045</a> dated March 11, 2020, and <a href="Mayor's Order 2020-46">Mayor's Order 2020-46</a> dated March 11, 2020. The Mayor subsequently extended the declaration of a public emergency and a public health emergency through April 24, 2020. See <a href="Mayor's Order 2020-050">Mayor's Order 2020-050</a> dated March 20, 2020.

The Office of Tax and Revenue will not seek to impose corporation franchise tax or unincorporated business franchise tax nexus solely on the basis of employees or property used to allow employees to work from home (e.g., computers, computer equipment, or similar property) temporarily located in the District during the period of the declared public emergency and public health emergency, including any further extensions by the Mayor.

For additional information, please contact OTR's Customer Service Center at e-services.otr@dc.gov or (202) 759-1946." (4/10/20)

DC OTR News Release <u>COVID-19 Emergency Income and Franchise</u> <u>Tax Extension</u> (4/9/20) OTR <u>NOTICE 2020 – 03</u> COVID-19 EMERGENCY INCOME AND FRANCHISE TAX EXTENSION (4/9/20)

"The District of Columbia has extended the deadline to file and pay all income, partnership and franchise tax returns until July 15, 2020. This extension applies to all D-20, D-30, D-40, D-41, D-40B, and D-65 tax filers, and includes combined return filers. This extension is automatic and does not require taxpayers to apply.

Taxpayers may continue to request an extension to file their income, partnership and franchise tax returns to October 15, 2020. All such extension requests must be made by filing the applicable extension form with OTR by July 15, 2020 and making all required payments for tax year 2019 by July 15, 2020.

The deadlines to file Forms D-20ES, D-30ES, D-40ES and D-41ES and to make estimated tax payments remains unchanged. The first quarter payments are due April 15, 2020, and the second quarter payments are due June 15, 2020.

For additional information, please contact OTR's Customer Service Center at e-services.otr@dc.gov or (202) 759-1946."

DC OTR News Release <u>COVID-19 Real Property Tax Penalty & Interest Waiver Form</u> and <u>ASD-900 RPT Waiver Request Form</u> (4/8/20) This application is for property owners impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic for Tax Year 2020 first half real property taxes only.

#### Other Information

suspending all community outreach events until further notice.

#### **Individual Income and Business Taxes:**

OTR is open and operating on a normal schedule, Monday to Friday, 8:15 am to 5:30 pm. We do, however, recommend that taxpayers utilize our online portal, MyTax.DC.gov, for their tax matters, such as:

MyTax.DC.gov, for their tax matters, such as: Refund status;

Paying of individual income and business taxes; Registering a business;

Submitting a request for a Certificate of Clean Hands; and

Much more.

We strongly encourage taxpayers to file their individual income tax returns electronically.

OTR offers the following E-Filing options:

**Free File:** A unique free service which allows taxpayers to choose from a number of free tax prep software that works best for their tax situation.

**Fillable Form:** This free online version of form D-40 and schedules allows taxpayers to fill in their tax information, sign electronically and efile their return.

#### **Real Property Taxes:**

Real property tax matters can be conducted at OTR's website, otr.cfo.dc.gov under the "Real Property" tab. Property owners have the option of paying their property taxes online or by visiting any Wells Fargo branch in the District.

#### **Contact OTR:**

Taxpayers can also request assistance by calling OTR's Customer Service Center at (202) 727-4TAX. Anyone that is ill and is planning to visit OTR's Walk-In Center, we advise them to

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		DC OTR Coronavirus Information and Guidance Webpage (4/3/20)	postpone their visit until they consult with their
			healthcare provider.
		"April 3, 2020: OTR Warns About Scams Involving Federal Payments	
		For Individuals	We will announce updates on our website and
		March 26, 2020: <u>District of Columbia Estimated Tax Payment Deadlines</u>	on our social media platforms." (3/13/20)
		Remain Unchanged	
		March 24, 2020: Wells Fargo Closure of Several District Branches	
		March 23, 2020: Mayor Bowser and Chief Financial Officer DeWitt Announce 2019 Tax Filings and Payment Deadline Extended to July 15,	
		2020	
		March 20, 2020: Effective Monday, March 23, All Office of Tax and	
		Revenue Walk-In Centers Will Be Closed	
		March 20, 2020: OTR Announces Important Filing and Payment	
		Deadline Extensions for Business and Real Property Taxpayers	
		Guidance	
		Notice 2020-02: COVID-19 Emergency Sales and Use Tax Relief	
		Notice 2020-01: Extended Real Property Tax Due Date For Hotels And	
		Motels Relating To The First Half Tax Year 2020 Installment"	
		DC OTR Announcement on estimated taxes remain unchanged (3/26/20)	
		"District of Columbia Estimated Tax Payment Deadlines Remain Unchanged	
		Thursday, March 26, 2020	
		The Office of Tax and Revenue today announced that the deadlines for	
		individual and business taxpayers to file their Tax Year 2020 estimated	
		tax payments (Forms D-40ES, D-41ES, D-20ES, and D-30ES) remain	
		unchanged. The first quarter payments are due April 15, 2020, and the second quarter payments are due June 15, 2020."	
		second quarter payments are due june 13, 2020.	
		Mayor Press Release (3/23/20)	
		"Mayor Bowser and Chief Financial Officer DeWitt Announce 2019 Tax Filings	
		and Payment Deadline Extended to July 15, 2020	
		Today, Mayor Muriel Bowser and Chief Financial Officer Jeffrey	
		DeWitt announced that the deadline for taxpayers to file and pay their	
		2019 District of Columbia individual and fiduciary income tax	
		returns (D-40, D-41, and D-40B), partnership tax returns (D-65),	
		and franchise tax returns (D-20, D-30) is extended to July 15, 2020.	
		This means taxpayers will have an additional 90 days to file and pay	
		from the original deadline of April 15, 2020.	
		The Internal Revenue Service has also extended the federal filing and	
		payment deadline to July 15, 2020.	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus  The Office of Tax and Revenue (OTR) encourages taxpayers who are able to file their returns electronically to do so. For additional information, please contact OTR's Customer Service Center at (202) 727-4TAX (4829).  For the latest information and resources on COVID-19, go to coronavirus.dc.gov."  DC OTR TAX NOTICE 2020 - 02 COVID-19 EMERGENCY SALES AND USE TAX RELIEF (3/20/20)  "On March 17, 2020, the Council of the District of Columbia enacted the COVID-19 Response Emergency Amendment Act of 2020 ("Act"). See COVID-19 Response Emergency Amendment Act of 2020, effective March 17, 2020 (Act No. 23-0217). The Act amended D.C. Code § 47-4221 by expanding the authority of the Office of Tax and Revenue ("OTR") to abate interest and waive penalties for failure to timely pay sales and use tax due for periods ending on February 29, 2020 and March 31, 2020, provided certain conditions are met.  All vendors who are required to file sales and use tax returns on either a monthly or a quarterly basis are eligible for this relief, except for hotels and motels permitted to defer real property taxes under D.C. Code § 47-811(b). (For more information regarding the real property tax deferral, see OTR Notice 2020-01, Extended Real Property Tax Due Date for Hotels and Motels Relating to the First Half of Tax Year 2020 Installment). Any hotel or motel vendor registered with OTR with the NAICS code 72111, 721110, 72112 or 721120 is ineligible for this	Other Information
		Accordingly, OTR will automatically waive interest and penalties that would ordinarily be assessed for failure to timely pay sales and use tax due for periods ending on February 29, 2020 and March 31, 2020 as follows: • Monthly Filers. Eligible vendors who are required to file sales tax returns on a monthly basis must file an FR-800M as usual through MyTax.DC.gov on or before March 20, 2020 for the period ending February 29, 2020 and on or before April 20, 2020 for the period ending March 31, 2020. • Quarterly Filers. Eligible vendors who are required to file sales tax returns on a quarterly basis must file an FR-800Q as usual through MyTax.DC.gov on or before April 20, 2020 for the period ending March 31, 2020. • All eligible vendors must pay in full all sales and use taxes due for periods ending on February 29, 2020 and March 31, 2020 on or before July 20, 2020. Failure to pay in full by July 20, 2020 will result in interest and penalties accruing from your original payment due dates.	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		For additional information, please contact OTR's Customer Service Center at e-services.otr@dc.gov or (202) 759-1946." (4/20/20)	
Florida	FL DOR Press Release on CIT Extension (4/27/20)  FL DOR Executive Order of Emergency - #20-52-DOR-003 (4/27/20)  FL DOR Executive Order of Emergency - # 20-52-DOR-002, (3/26/20)  Summary of Florida sales tax relief (3/26/20)  (Note: The state does not impose a personal income tax.)  (6/1 – FL corporate income tax return payments and extension requests due, and 8/3 – returns filing due (for fiscal year ending 12/31/19 and 1/31/20) instead of the May 1 (for 12/31/19 taxpayers) and June 1 (for 1/31/20 taxpayers) original due dates. For fiscal years ending 2/29/20, 7/1 remains the payment deadline and the filing deadline is extended to 8/3 return (instead of originally 7/1). This emergency order does not change the current due dates for Florida CIT estimated payments due between April 1, 2020 and July 15, 2020. Florida CIT payments should be based on the corporation's best actimate of the amount that	Center at e-services.otr@dc.gov or (202) 759-1946." (4/20/20)  FL DOR Executive Order of Emergency - #20-52-DOR-003 (4/27/20)  FL DOR Press Release on CIT Extension (4/27/20)  "Apr. 27, 2020: Florida Department of Revenue Issues Emergency Order for Corporate Income Taxes  FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE: April 27, 2020  Department of Revenue Extends Due Dates for Certain Corporate Income Tax Returns and Payments  TALLAHASSEE, Fla Today, Department of Revenue Executive Director Jim Zingale issued an emergency order to extend filing deadlines for certain Florida corporate income tax (CIT) payments and returns, Order of Emergency Waiver/Deviation #20-52-DOR-003 extends the following due dates:  For entities with a fiscal year ending December 31, 2019:  The May 1, 2020, due date for Florida CIT returns is extended to August 3, 2020.  The May 1, 2020, due date for Florida CIT payments is extended to June 1, 2020.  The due date to submit a request for extension of time to file the return and make any tentative payment is extended to June 1, 2020.  For entities with a fiscal year ending January 31, 2020:  The June 1, 2020, due date for Florida CIT returns is extended to August 3, 2020.  The June 1, 2020, due date for Florida CIT payments or to submit a request for extension of time to file remains June 1, 2020.  For entities with a fiscal year ending February 29, 2020:  The July 1, 2020, due date for Florida CIT returns is extended to August 3, 2020.  The July 1, 2020, due date for Florida CIT payments or to submit a request for extension of time to file remains June 1, 2020.  For entities with a fiscal year ending February 29, 2020:  The July 1, 2020, due date for Florida CIT payments or to submit a request for extension of time to file remains July 1, 2020.  Florida CIT payments should be based on the corporation's best estimate of the amount that would be due with the returns.  Although the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) extended the due dates for all federal CIT payments, this emergency order does not change the current	News Release (3/15/20) "DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE "The Department of Revenue's Child Support Program is working to reduce when customers are required to visit a local child support office and is providing new connect/customer service options.  Efforts include rescheduling genetic testing sample collection appointments and postponing other types of appointments. The Program will soon be implementing the ability for parents to enter into written agreements over the phone, and the Program will be providing new fax, email and form drop-off processes.  The Department of Revenue's General Tax Administration (GTA) program is working with its tax processing vendor to ensure continuity in tax data and payment processing.  GTA is closely monitoring any future guidance issued by the Internal Revenue Service for potential corporate income tax due date extensions.  The Department has increased messaging on preventative measures through the deployment of DOH/CDC posters, ensured hand sanitizer is available, and increased cleaning of high-traffic areas in our public areas of our service centers."  Florida DOR website:  "The Florida Department of Revenue is monitoring developments pertaining to the novel coronavirus (COVID-19) and is following guidance from federal and state officials. We understand you may have some concerns and
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State Guidance/Date Broward County, Florida: Broward County Property Appraiser's Office COVID-19 **Update** (3/17/20) Pinellas County, Florida: Tangible Personal Property (TPP) Return update: As a result of COVID-19, all TPP accounts will be granted an automatic 45-day extension to file their TPP returns, extending the due date for the returns to May 15th, 2020. Miami Dade County, Florida: Deadline extended for taxpayers filing a tangible personal property return, Form DR-405, due to the unfortunate circumstances regarding the Coronavirus (COVID-19) (Taxes collected in February and due on or before March 20, 2020 waive penalty and interest for taxpayers who collected these taxes in 2/20 but unable to meet the due date if the taxes are reported and remitted by 3/31/20: Sales and Use Tax (includes Discretionary Sales Surtax), Tourist Development Tax (for counties administered by the Department), New Tire Fees (Solid Waste and Surcharge Return), Rental Car Surcharge (Solid Waste and Surcharge Return), Prepaid Wireless E-911 Fee, Lead Acid Battery Fees (Solid Waste and Surcharge Return), Dry-Cleaning Gross Receipts (Solid Waste and Surcharge Return). For the MARCH 2020 **REPORTING PERIOD - taxes** collected in March and due on or before April 20, 2020 - taxpayers

#### Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus

month following the close of a corporation's fiscal year or, for entities with fiscal years ending June 30, the first day of the fourth month following the close of a corporation's fiscal year. On March 9, 2020, Governor Ron DeSantis issued Executive Order Number 20-52, declaring a state of emergency in response to the recent COVID-19 outbreak. The Department has implemented the filing date extensions pursuant to subsection 213.055(2), F.S., which authorizes the Executive Director of the Department of Revenue to carry out certain actions during a declared state of emergency. On Thursday, April 9, 2020, the IRS extended the due dates for federal CIT returns and payments to July 15, 2020. For taxpayers who have additional questions, the Department has established a dedicated team to address tax-related issues pertaining to COVID-19 and created an email address, COVID19TAXHELP@floridarevenue.com. Visit the Department's webpage for COVID-19 updates. For more information or to sign up for email updates from the Department of Revenue, visit floridarevenue.com."

FL DOR Executive Order of Emergency - #20-52-DOR-003 (4/27/20)

FL DOR Executive Order of Emergency - # 20-52-DOR-002, (3/26/20)

## "STATE OF FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE

OFFICE OF THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

ORDER OF EMERGENCY WAIVER/DEVIATION (ORDER) # 20-52-DOR-002 (Sales and Use Tax and Related Taxes)

WHEREAS, on March 9, 2020. the Governor of the State of Florida, Ron DeSantisI issued Executive Order Number 20-52 (EO 20-52) in response to the recent COVID-19 outbreak and declared a state of emergency exists for the entire State of Florida. EO 20-52 authorizes each State agency to suspend any regulatory statute, including the authority to suspend statute and rule, if strict compliance would prevent, hinder or delay necessary action in coping with the emergency; and

WHEREAS, on March 131 20201 President Donald Trump declared the COVID -19 outbreak constituted a national emergency beginning March 1 2020; and

WHEREASI on March 16, 20201 Governor Ron DeSantis, directed the Florida Department of Revenue to provide flexibility on the deadlines of taxes due such as Sales and Use Tax (SUT) to

Other Information

dedicated team to address tax-related issues pertaining to COVID-19 and has created an email address.

<u>COVID19TAXHELP@FloridaRevenue.com</u>, where you can share your questions and concerns.

The Department encourages all taxpayers to conduct their business with us through online services. Visit our website at <a href="FloridaRevenue.com">FloridaRevenue.com</a> for information and answers to your questions; use our e-services applications to <a href="file and pay taxes">file and pay taxes</a>; or contact our call center at (850) 488-6800.

We understand you may have some concerns and uncertainty pertaining to COVID-19, and we are committed to being responsive to your needs."

Due to the COVID-19 virus, there may be new court or hearing requirements, such as appearing telephonically.

"If you are scheduled for a court hearing related to your child support case, please check with the local court where the hearing is scheduled.

If you are scheduled for a hearing with the Division of Administrative Hearings (DOAH) related to your child support case, please contact the DOAH clerk's office at 850-488-9675 to be transferred to Judge's assistant to determine if the hearing has been continued. Due to the COVID-19 virus, DOAH may have new requirements, such as appearing telephonically.

To learn about options for handling your child support case without visiting a local office, visit the <a href="Child Support Program COVID-19">COVID-19</a> page."

If you have any questions about COVID-19, or to learn more about the virus, please contact the Florida Department of Health.

not adversely affected by the COVID-19 outbreak are required to continue to file and remit on or before April 20, 2020, for taxpayers adversely affected (as defined in paragraph 2.C. below) by the COVID19 outbreak, the Department will extend the due date to April 30, 2020, for any of the Feb. mentioned above taxes collected in March Adversely affected is defined as: the business closed in March 2020 in compliance with a state or local government order issued in response to the COVID-19 outbreak and following the closure had no taxable transactions for the taxes listed in paragraph 2.8. above; or the business experienced sales tax collections in March 2020 that are less than 75% of March 2019 sales tax collections: or the business was established after

March 2019; or the business is

registered with the Department to

file quarterly.)

assist businesses that are adversely affected from the COVID-19 mitgation rreasures; and

...

WHEREAS, section 213.055(2), FS., authorizes the Executive Director of the Department of Revenue to carry out the following actions during a declared state of emergency:

- Extend the due date for tax returns and payments.
- Waive interest that accrues during the state of emergency on taxes due before and during the emergency period.

  NOW, THEREFORE, 1, Jim Zingate, as Executive Director of the Department of Revenue, authorize the following:
- 1. FEBRUARY 2020 REPORTING PERIOD

(Taxes collected in February and due on or before March 20, 2020)

The Department will waive the imposition of penalty and accrual of interest for those taxpayers who collected any of the following taxes in February 2020, but were unable to meet the due date, if the taxes are reported and remitted by March 31, 2020.

- 1) Sales and Use Tax (includes Discretionary Sales Surtax). [Sections 212.1 212.12(2)(a) and (b), and F.S.]
- 2) Tourist Development Tax (for counties administered by the Department).
  [Section 125.0104(3)(g), F.s.l
- 3) New Tire Fees (Solid Waste and Surcharge Return). (Sections 403.718(1) and 403.718(3)(a), F,s,l
- 4) Rental Car Surcharge (Solid Waste and Surcharge Return). [Section 212.0606(4), F.s.]
- 5) Prepaid Wireless E-911 Fee. [Section 365.172(9)(g)6., F. s.]
- 6) Lead Acid Battery Fees (Solid Waste and Surcharge Return). [Section 403.7185(3)(a), F. s.]
- 7) Dry-Cleaning Gross Receipts (Solid Waste and Surcharge Return), [Section 376.70, F.s.]
- 2. MARCH 2020 REPORTING PERIOD

(Taxes collected in March and due on or before April 20, 2020)

- A. Taxpayers not adversely affected by the COV)D-19 outbreak are required to continue to file and remit on or before April 20, 2020,
- B. For taxpayers adversely affected (as defined in paragraph 2.C. below) by the COVID19 outbreak, the Department will extend the due date to April 301 2020, for any of the following taxes collected in March.

Legislature: The Senate President issued memoranda on March 15 and 16 outlining the procedure to vote on the <u>General Appropriations Act</u> and <u>Special Procedures</u> for budget vote, respectively.

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		1) Sales and Use Tax (includes Discretionary Sales Surtax).  [Sections 212.11 1)(b), 212.12(2)(a) and and 212.12(3), Frs.]	
		2) Tourist Development Tax (for counties administered by the Department), (Section 125.0104(3)(g), F.S.]	
		3) New Tire Fees (Solid Waste and Surcharge Return). [Sections 403.718(1) and 403.718(3)(a), F.s.1	
		4) Rental Car Surcharge (Solid Waste and Surcharge Return). [Section 212.0606(4), F.s.l	
		5) Prepaid Wireless E-911 Fee. [Section 365.172(9)(g)6., F.s.l	
		6) Lead Acid Battery Fees (Solid Waste and Surcharge Return). [Section 403.7185(3)(a), F.s.l	
		7) Dry-Cleaning Gross Receipts (Solid Waste and Surcharge Return). [Section 376.70, F.s.]	
		C. Adversely affected is defined as:	
		1) The business closed in March 2020 in compliance with a state or local government order issued in response to the COVID-19 outbreak and following the closure had no taxable transactions for the taxes listed in paragraph 2.8. above; or	
		2) The business experienced sales tax collections in March 2020 that are less than 75% of March 2019 sales tax collections; or	
		3) The business was established after March 2019; or	
		4) The business is registered with the Department to file quarterly.	
		D. Taxpayers who fall within the definition of adversely affected but who are able to file and pay timely are encouraged to do so.	
		<u>CONTACT INFORMATION</u> : Affected persons with questions regarding this Order may contact the Department by email at <u>COVID19TAXHELP@floridarevenue.com</u> , or by telephone at (850) 488-6800.	
		Actions taken before the effective date of this Order that would have been allowed under this Order are ratified and approved.	
		If a new Executive Order issued by the Governor or a supplemental order issued by the State Coordinating Officer addresses any issue covered by this Order, the Executive Order or supplemental order supersedes this Order.	
		This Order takes effect immediately, applies to the State of Florida, is specific to the months set forth herein and without precedence for any	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		future months, and shall expire on the earlier of the expiration or	
		rescission of EO 20-52, or 1 1 :59 PM on May 8, 2020, unless	
		extended by me. Future actions, if any, will take into consideration the	
		requirement for a balanced state budget."	
		Summary of Florida sales tax relief (3/26/20)	
		The Florida Department of Revenue will provide interest and penalty	
		waivers for the <b>February</b> period payment (normally due March 20 <sup>th</sup> ) if	
		the payment is made by March 31st. The following types of taxes are	
		provided relief:	
		1) Sales and Use Tax (includes Discretionary Sales Surtax). [Sections	
		212.11 (1)(b), 212.12(2)(a) and (b), and 212.12(3), F.S.]	
		2) Tourist Development Tax (for counties administered by the Department). [Section 125.0104(3)(g), F.S.]	
		3) New Tire Fees (Solid Waste and Surcharge Return). [Sections	
		403.718(1) and 403.718(3)(a), F.S.]	
		4) Rental Car Surcharge (Solid Waste and Surcharge Return). [Section	
		212.0606(4), F.S .]	
		5) Prepaid Wireless E-911 Fee. [Section 365.172(9)(9)6., F.S.]	
		6) Lead Acid Battery Fees (Solid Waste and Surcharge Return).	
		[Section 403. 7185(3)(a), F. S.]	
		7) Dry-Cleaning Gross Receipts (Solid Waste and Surcharge Return). [Section 376.70, F.S.)	
		If your business is affected by the coronavirus, then the business will	
		also get interest and penalty relief as long as <b>March</b> 's taxes (normally	
		due April 20 <sup>th</sup> ) are paid by April 30 <sup>th</sup> . This applies to the same type of	
		taxes. Whether your business is considered "adversely affected by the	
		coronavirus" is defined as:	
		1) The business closed in March 2020 in compliance with a state or	
		local government order issued in response to the COVID-19 outbreak	
		and following the closure had no taxable transactions for the taxes	
		listed in paragraph 2.8. above; or 2) The business experienced sales tax collections in March 2020 that	
		are less than 75% of March 2019 sales tax collections; or	
		3) The business was established after March 2019; or	
		4) The business is registered with the Department to file quarterly.	
		(per member summary, 3/26/20)	
		Florida's Department of Revenue will offer flexibility on the deadlines	
		of taxes due, including corporate income taxes and sales taxes, to help	
		businesses adversely affected by the new coronavirus response efforts,	
		Gov. Ron DeSantis announced. Some corporate income tax payments can be deferred until the end of the	
		fiscal year, the Republican governor said 3/16/20 at a news conference.	
		mocar year, the republican governor said 3/10/20 at a news conference.	<u> </u>

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		Broward County, Florida: Broward County Property Appraiser's Office COVID-19 Update (3/17/20)  Pinellas County, Florida: Tangible Personal Property (TPP) Return update: As a result of COVID-19, all TPP accounts will be granted an automatic 45-day extension to file their TPP returns, extending the due date for the returns to May 15th, 2020.  Miami Dade County, Florida: Deadline extended for taxpayers filing a tangible personal property return, Form DR-405: Due to the unfortunate circumstances regarding the Coronavirus (COVID-19), the Miami-Dade County Property Appraiser, Pedro J. Garcia, will be giving special consideration to any business having difficulty filing their Tangible Personal Property Return (Form DR-405) by the April 1st, 2020 deadline. The Office of the Property Appraiser will be granting a 30-day extension for taxpayers whom fail to meet the deadline this year. An additional 15-day extension is also available for any taxpayer able to demonstrate an inability to file within the extension period. In order to receive an extension, a taxpayer must provide a request to our office by the April 1st, 2020 deadline and must also provide the name of the taxable entity, the tax identification number and the reason for the extension request.	
Georgia	GA DOR Press Release on extension of additional tax deadlines (4/16/20)  Coronavirus Tax Relief FAQ's (4/16/20)  GA DOR COVID-19 webpage (3/26/20)  GA DOR Press Release (3/25/20)  GSCPA Press Release on Governor Announce Extended Filing and Payment to 7/15 (3/23/20)  (July 15 - extending the 2019 income tax filing and payment deadline to July 15, 2020, without penalties or interest - for state income tax payments and state income tax returns due on April 15,	Coronavirus Tax Relief FAQs What payments and returns does the extension to pay and file apply to? Georgia income tax payments and GA income tax returns due on or after April 15, 2020 and before July 15, 2020. How long is the extension to pay and file? The extension is until July 15, 2020. Does the extension also apply to Georgia estimated income tax payments due on or after April 15, 2020 and before July 15, 2020? Yes, Georgia estimated income tax payments due on or after April 15, 2020 are also extended to July 15, 2020. Do taxpayers need to file any additional forms or call the Department to qualify for this automatic tax filing and payment relief? No. I filed my 2019 Individual Income tax return with a balance due to be withdrawn and want to change my payment date, can this be done? You may call 877-423-6711 to have your scheduled payment cancelled. You will have to initiate a separate payment either through GTC, check or credit card on or before the July 15, 2020 due date, to avoid late pay penalty and interest.	No official decision has been made yet to alter the State's filing or payment deadline. State continues to evaluate the situation and hopes to have a decision in the near future.  Georgia DOR website posting: (3/19/20) "NOTICE: Department of Revenue encouraging use of Online Services Due to concerns regarding COVID-19, the DOR is encouraging all taxpayers to conduct their business with the DOR through online services.  The Department is encouraging taxpayers and citizens to utilize online services. Please visit the links below for specific information for those online services and other important information:

State Guidance/Date 2020. This also includes state estimated income tax payments due on April 15, 2020 and June 15, 2020, for the taxpayer's 2020 taxable year. Additional extensions to conform to IRS deadlines extension - June 15 estimated payments extended to July 15, 2020, any income tax return and payment due after April 15, 2020 and before July 15, 2020 is now due on July 15, 2020, including additional corporate filers and other fiscal year income tax filers, statute of limitations to file a refund claim for a previous tax year has been extended to July 15, 2020, a 30-day extension for DOR to perform certain time sensitive actions (including audit or exams. protests or appeals, refund claims for previous tax years)if the last date to perform the action is on or after April 15, 2020 and before July 15, 2020. No extension is provided for the filing, payment, or deposit of any other type of state tax (including employee withholding and sales tax) or for the filing of any state information returns. Any statute of limitations relating to claiming prior year income tax refunds or credits that would have expired from April 15, 2020 and before July 15, 2020 is now extended to July 15, 2020. The Department will not use someone's relocation, that is the direct result of temporary remote work requirements arising from and during the Corona Virus pandemic, as the basis for establishing Georgia nexus or for exceeding the protections provided by P.L. 86-272

for the employer of the temporarily

Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus

Does the extension apply to the net worth tax that is included on applicable income tax returns?

Yes. It also applies to initial net worth tax returns due on or after April 15, 2020 and before July 15, 2020.

Does the extension apply if I am a fiscal year filer and my state income tax return is due on or after April 15, 2020 and before July 15, 2020? Yes, if your state income tax return for your fiscal year ending during 2019 is due on or after April 15, 2020 and before July 15, 2020, your due date is postponed to July 15, 2020. This would apply regardless of

What if I am unable to file my affected state income tax return by July 15, 2020?

whether that is the original due date or the due date on extension.

You must request an extension by July 15, 2020. If a federal extension is filed, Georgia will accept it and if one is not filed, Georgia Form IT-303 should be filed. If you file an extension by July 15, 2020, your tax return will be due on the normal extended due date (not 3 months after the normal extended due date). To avoid interest and penalties, by July 15, 2020 pay the tax you estimate as due with the appropriate Georgia form (corporations and those filing a composite return use Form IT-560C, individuals and fiduciaries use Form IT-560).

If my employees are working from home due to the Corona Virus pandemic, does that modify my company's nexus determination or the amount of my employee's Georgia wages and therefore my company's Georgia income tax withholding obligation?

In response to the remote work requirements associated with the Corona Virus <u>pandemic</u>, the Department will not use someone's relocation, that is the direct result of temporary remote work requirements arising from and during the Corona Virus pandemic, as the basis for establishing Georgia nexus or for exceeding the protections provided by P.L. 86-272 for the employer of the temporarily relocated employee. Also, if the employee is temporarily working in Georgia, wages earned during this time period would not be considered Georgia income and therefore the company is not required to withhold Georgia income tax.

The temporary protections provided under this guidance will extend for periods of time where:

- 1. There is an official work from home order issued by an applicable federal, state or local government unit, or
- 2. Pursuant to the order of a physician in relation to the COVID-19 outbreak or due to an actual diagnosis of COVID-19, the employee is working at home. Additionally, the subsequent 14 days are included in the time period to allow for a return to normal work locations.

Also:

Other Information

Alcohol and Tobacco

Compliance and Audit Services

Motor Vehicle Services

Taxes and Taxpayer Services

We appreciate your patience during this time."

All administrative hearings before the Georgia Office of State Administrative Hearings Judges have been cancelled for March 16 through March 31, 2020. These cancellations are for all hearing locations in every county of the State of Georgia. All hearings will be rescheduled.

Statewide Judicial Emergency and order

Legislature: General Assembly has <u>suspended</u> its session indefinitely.

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
State	relocated employee. Also, if the employee is temporarily working in Georgia, wages earned during this time period would not be considered Georgia income and therefore the company is not required to withhold Georgia income tax.)	<ol> <li>If the person remains in Georgia after the temporary remote work requirement has ended, the normal rules for determining nexus, the employee's wages, and the employer's income tax withholding obligation will apply.</li> <li>A company may not assert that solely having a temporarily relocated employee in Georgia, under the circumstances described above, creates nexus for the company or exceeds the protections of P.L. 86-272 for the company.</li> <li>Wages paid to a nonresident employee that normally works in Georgia but that is temporarily working in another state, under the circumstances described above, would be considered Georgia wages and the employer should continue to withhold Georgia income taxes.</li> </ol>	Other Information
		For purposes of computing Georgia income does Georgia follow any provisions of the CARES Act?  Not currently. The Cares Act as well as the 2019 Federal changes must be considered for adoption by the Georgia General Assembly. The current legislative session was put on hold due to the Corona Virus and no action has yet been completed.  Has the April 15, 2020 deadline for making a deductible contribution to Georgia's 529 Plan (Path2College 529 Plan) been extended to July 15, 2020?  Yes. As such a contribution made by July 15, 2020 may be deducted on an individual's 2019 Georgia income tax return, subject to the normal	
		dollar, etc. limitations.  Does this also provide the Department additional time to perform time sensitive acts (assess, etc.) in the same manner as the Internal Revenue Service.  Yes, a 30-day postponement is being granted for the Department to perform certain time sensitive acts if the last date for the performance of the action is on or after April 15, 2020 and before July 15, 2020. This includes persons that are under audit or examination, those who have	
		filed a protest or appeal, or those who filed a refund claim as provided in Georgia Code Section 48-2-49(e). As a result of the postponement of the time to perform time-sensitive actions, the 30-day period following the last date for the performance of time-sensitive actions will be disregarded in determining whether the performance of those actions is timely.  Does the relief extend the statute of limitations to file a refund or to claim certain credits for a prior year income tax return (for example a 2016 return that was originally due on April 15, 2017)?	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		Yes. Any statute of limitations relating to claiming prior year income tax refunds or credits that would have expired from April 15, 2020 and before July 15, 2020 is now extended to July 15, 2020.	
		Does the relief apply to the penalty for failing to pay estimated tax payments timely during 2019?  No.	
		Does the extension apply to Georgia sales tax collected?	
		No.	
		Does the extension apply to Georgia income tax withheld by businesses from their employees or to other amounts required to be withheld?	
		No.	
		Does the extension apply to other Georgia state taxes due?  No.	
		Are any other deadlines extended?	
		In addition to the tax deadline extension, all vehicle registrations that expire between March 16, 2020 and May 14, 2020 have been extended through May 15, 2020. This extension applies to all annual registrations, including personal passenger vehicles, commercial vehicles, vehicles registered in the International Registration Plan (IRP), and Temporary Operating Permits (TOPs) issued at the time of a vehicle purchase. Registrations that expired before March 16, 2020 do not qualify for this extension." (5/11/20 updated, originally, 4/16/20)	
		GA <u>DOR Press Release</u> on extension of additional tax deadlines (4/16/20)	
		"Georgia Extends Additional Tax Deadlines APRIL 16, 2020 The Georgia Department of Revenue (DOR) announced today that additional tax deadlines have been extended in conformance with the U.S. Treasury Department and Internal Revenue Service (IRS). Estimated Payments As announced a few weeks ago, the state estimated income tax payments due on April 15, 2020, were extended to July 15, 2020. As of today, the state estimated income tax payments due on June 15, 2020, have also been extended to July 15, 2020 (as well as any other estimated income tax payment due after April 15, 2020, and before July 15, 2020).	
		Additional Filers  Any income tax return and payment due after April 15, 2020, and before July 15, 2020, is now due on July 15, 2020. This extension adds additional corporate filers, as well as other fiscal year income tax filers, to the relief announced in March.	

#### Refund Claims for Previous Tax Years

Additionally, the statute of limitations to file a refund claim for a previous tax year has been extended to July 15, 2020, for refund claims that would have expired from April 15, 2020, and before July 15, 2020. Per state law, taxpayers have three years to amend an original return and this extension provides a few months of additional relief for taxpayers planning to amend their 2016 income tax returns.

#### **Extension for Time Sensitive Department Actions**

Finally, mirroring the IRS, a 30-day extension has been given to DOR to perform certain time sensitive actions if the last date for the performance of the action is on or after April 15, 2020, and before July 15, 2020. This includes actions regarding taxpayers who are under audit or examination, those who have filed a protest or appeal, or those who filed a refund claim for a previous tax year as provided in O.C.G.A. 48-2-49(e).

Just like the deadline extension announced in March, taxpayers are automatically eligible for this relief and do not need to file any additional paperwork with the Department.

In accordance with state law, the Revenue Commissioner may extend these deadlines since there has been a presidentially declared disaster. As a reminder, no extension has been provided for the filing, payment, or deposit of any other type of state tax (including employee withholding and sales tax) or for the filing of any state information returns. For more information, please visit the Department's Coronavirus Tax Relief FAQs page.

**GA DOR Website (4/14/20)** 

# "Department of Revenue Automatically Extending 2019 Filing Deadline

The Georgia Department of Revenue is automatically extending the 2019 income tax filing and payment deadline to July 15, 2020. Vehicle registrations that expire between March 16, 2020 and May 14, 2020 are being extended through May 15, 2020.

**Coronavirus Tax Relief Information**"

GA DOR Press Release (3/25/20)

# "Georgia Income Tax and Tag Renewal Deadlines Extended MARCH 25, 2020

ATLANTA – Governor Brian P. Kemp announced on Monday that the Georgia Department of Revenue (DOR), in conformance with the U.S. Treasury Department and Internal Revenue Service (IRS), is automatically extending the 2019 income tax filing and payment deadline to July 15, 2020, without penalties or interest.

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		"Aligning with this decision makes filing and paying state and federal	
		taxes as easy as possible for Georgia taxpayers due to the unprecedented	
		circumstances we are facing because of COVID-19," stated State	
		Revenue Commissioner David Curry.	
		Like the IRS, the relief provided by this extension is for state income	
		tax payments and state income tax returns due on April 15,	
		2020. This also includes state estimated income tax payments due on	
		April 15, 2020, for the taxpayer's 2020 taxable year. At the state	
		level, Georgia's income tax forms and integrated tax system rely on	
		federal tax information to establish a taxpayer's state liability. This in	
		practice means that a taxpayer would need to complete their federal	
		income tax filing before he or she would have the necessary information	
		to begin their state income tax filing. Because of this, the state	
		encounters significant challenges if the state deadline falls before the	
		federal filing deadline.	
		While the state relies on federal information for income tax, this is not	
		the case for many other tax types. As such, no extension is provided for	
		the filing, payment, or deposit of any other type of state tax	
		(including employee withholding and sales tax) or for the filing of	
		any state information returns.	
		Although the income tax deadline has been extended 90 days, taxpayers	
		can still file their returns any time before the July 15th deadline. As a	
		reminder, DOR issues most refunds within 21 days.	
		In addition to the tax deadline extension, all vehicle registrations that	
		expire between March 16, 2020, and May 14, 2020, have been extended	
		through May 15, 2020. This extension applies to all annual registrations,	
		including personal passenger vehicles, commercial vehicles, vehicles	
		registered in the International Registration Plan (IRP), and Temporary	
		Operating Permits (TOPs) issued at the time of a vehicle	
		purchase. Registrations that expired before March 16, 2020, do not qualify for this extension.	
		"Our top priority is keeping Georgians safe during this time of crisis, and	
		we can do our part by limiting unnecessary in-person contact in tag	
		offices," added Commissioner Curry.	
		In accordance with state law, the Revenue Commissioner may extend	
		both the tax and tag deadlines since there has been a presidentially	
		declared disaster."	
		decided disaster.	
		GA DOR COVID-19 webpage (3/26/20)	
		"Coronavirus Tax Relief Information	
		The Georgia Department of Revenue is automatically extending the	
		2019 income tax filing and payment deadline to July 15, 2020.	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		Vehicle registrations that expire between March 16, 2020 and May 14, 2020 are also being extended through May 15, 2020.  Press Release Coronavirus Tax Relief FAQ's  For more information about the COVID-19 virus, please visit:  • Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) for health information.  • Information about actions being taken by the U.S. government. In Spanish at https://gobierno.usa.gov/coronavirus.  • Information from the Department of Treasury, Coronavirus: Resources, Updates, and What You Should Know.  • COVID-19: State Services in Georgia	
		Coronavirus Tax Relief FAQs (3/26/20)	
		"What payments and returns does the extension to pay and file apply to?  Georgia income tax payments and GA income tax returns due on April	
		15, 2020.	
		How long is the extension to pay and file?	
		The extension is until July 15, 2020.	
		Does the extension also apply to Georgia estimated income tax payments due on April 15, 2020 for the taxpayer's 2020 taxable year?	
		Yes, Georgia estimated income tax payments due on April 15, 2020 for the taxpayer's 2020 tax year are also extended to July 15, 2020.	
		Do taxpayers need to file any additional forms or call the Department to qualify for this automatic tax filing and payment relief?	
		No.	
		Does the extension apply to the net worth tax that is included on applicable income tax returns?	
		Yes.	
		Does the extension apply if I am a fiscal year filer and my state income tax return is due on April 15, 2020?	
		Yes, if your state income tax return for your fiscal year ending during 2019 is due on April 15, 2020, your due date is postponed to July 15, 2020. This would apply regardless of whether that is the original due date or the due date on extension.	
		What if I am unable to file my state income tax return that would have been due on April 15, 2020 by July 15, 2020?	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		You must request an extension by July 15, 2020. If a federal extension	
		is filed, Georgia will accept it and if one is not filed, Georgia Form IT-	
		303 should be filed. If you file an extension by July 15, 2020, your tax	
		return will be due on the normal extended due date (not 3 months after	
		the normal extended due date). To avoid interest and penalties, by July	
		15, 2020 pay the tax you estimate as due with the appropriate Georgia	
		form (corporations and those filing a composite return use Form IT-	
		560C, individuals and fiduciaries use Form IT-560).	
		Has the April 15, 2020 deadline for making a deductible contribution to	
		Georgia's 529 Plan (Path2College 529 Plan) been extended to July 15, 2020?	
		Yes. As such a contribution made by July 15, 2020 may be deducted on	
		an individual's 2019 Georgia income tax return, subject to the normal dollar, etc. limitations.	
		Does the relief extend the statute of limitations to file a refund or to	
		claim certain credits for a prior year (for example a 2016 return that was originally due on April 15, 2017)?	
		No.	
		Does the relief apply to the penalty for failing to pay estimated tax payments timely during 2019?	
		No.	
		Does the extension apply to Georgia sales tax collected?	
		No.	
		Does the extension apply to Georgia income tax withheld by businesses	
		from their employees or to other amounts required to be withheld?	
		No.	
		Does the extension apply to other Georgia state taxes due?	
		No.	
		Are any other deadlines extended?	
		In addition to the tax deadline extension, all vehicle registrations that	
		expire between March 16, 2020 and May 14, 2020 have been extended	
		through May 15, 2020. This extension applies to all annual registrations,	
		including personal passenger vehicles, commercial vehicles, vehicles	
		registered in the International Registration Plan (IRP), and Temporary Operating Permits (TOPs) issued at the time of a vehicle	
		purchase. Registrations that expired before March 16, 2020 do not	
		qualify for this extension." (4/14/20)	
		GSCPA <u>Press Release</u> on Governor Announce Extended Filing and Payment to 7/15 (3/23/20)	
		"Georgia Tax Filing Deadline Extended	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		Breaking News – Georgia Tax Filing Deadline Extended to	
		7/15 - Minutes ago, Georgia Governor Brian Kemp issued a press	
		conference and announced that Georgia will conform with federal tax	
		<b>filing extensions</b> . The Internal Revenue Service (IRS) has delayed Tax	
		Day from April 15 to July 15.	
		The Georgia Society of CPAs (GSCPA) successfully advocated for the	
		state tax extension. In the days since COVID-19 began, GSCPA has	
		been working closely with the Georgia Department of Revenue	
		(GDOR) and the Governor's office to ask that the April 15 <sup>th</sup> deadline be	
		extended in order to provide relief for taxpayers and tax practitioners	
		affected by the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic.	
		GSCPA will share the official announcement and guidance once it	
		becomes available. Please stay tuned to GSCPA's social media channels	
		for breaking news.	
		For more information on this ongoing situation, please	
		visit our Coronavirus Resource Center. Please stay tuned to GSCPA's	
		social media channels for more breaking news.	
Hawaii	TAX INFORMATION RELEASE	TAX INFORMATION RELEASE NO. 2020-02 (REVISED) (5/4/20)	HI DOT Website (3/20/20)
	NO. 2020-02 (REVISED) (5/4/20)	WDF II "THE TEXT OF SALES OF THE LOCATION TO DIE.	(DOTANO C. 10. CM 1.10
	DOT W.1. (4/22/20)	"RE: Hawaii Tax Treatment of Various Federal COVID-19 Relief	"DOTAX Operational Status as of March 18,
	<u>DOT Website</u> – (4/23/20)	Programs and Payments  The numbers of this Tay Information Release (TIR) is to provide	2020 (8AM): DOTAX is using caution to
	DOT COVID 10 Website and EAOs	The purpose of this Tax Information Release (TIR) is to provide information about Hawaii tax treatment of the various COVID-19 relief	maintain Normal Operations to process returns, payments, and refunds and provide taxpayer
	DOT COVID-19 Website and FAQs (4/21/20)	programs and payments that the federal government has provided under	services. Please help us protect community
	(4/21/20)	the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act1 (CARES Act).	health by practicing social distancing. <b>Our</b>
	Tax Facts 2020-1 (4/2/20)	FEDERAL INCOME TAX TREATMENT	offices are CLOSED to the public. Please use
	1 dx 1 dcts 2020-1 (4/2/20)	Economic Impact Payments: Economic Impact Payments are not	secure web messaging on Hawaii Tax Online
	Tax Fact 2019-3	considered gross income and are therefore not subject to federal income	or call us at (808) 587-4242 if you have
	14x 14ct 2017 3	tax. Section 2201 of the CARES Act provides payments to qualifying	questions or need assistance.
	DOT ANNOUNCEMENT NO.	individual taxpayers of up to \$2,400, depending on adjusted gross	Tax filing and payment deadlines have been
	2020-01 (3/23/20)	income and filing status. Qualifying taxpayers may also receive \$500 per	maintained. Any returns or payments can be
	<u>=====================================</u>	qualifying child.	dropped off in the drop box outside the
	(July 20 – filing and payment of		building. Individuals expecting refunds should
	2019 income tax returns (does not	Unemployment Compensation: Under existing law, unemployment	file as soon as possible. Form N-11 (Hawaii
	include 2020 estimated payments)	compensation is included in gross income. The CARES Act does not	Resident Income Tax Return) can be filed for
	extended for all Affected Taxpayers,	provide for any special tax treatment for these amounts, thus, payments	free on Hawaii Tax Online.
	the due date for filing 2019 State	received under additional unemployment compensation are subject to	Click here for DOTAX updates regarding
	income tax returns due from April	federal income tax. • Pandemic Unemployment Assistance (PUA) under	COVID-19.
	20, 2020 to June 20, 2020 is	Section 2102 of the CARES Act provides up to \$648 per week for those	COVID-19
	postponed to July 20, 2020. Waives	who ordinarily may not be eligible for unemployment benefits, such as	March 19, 2020
	interest and penalties and additions	business owners, self-employed persons, independent contractors, and	Department of Taxation Notice – March 19,
	to tax for failure to file or pay if file	others, that are out of business or whose services are significantly	2020 -
	and pay by July 20. The relief	reduced as a direct result of the COVID-19 pandemic. • Federal	"DOT in person services are suspended.
	provided in this Announcement	Pandemic Unemployment Compensation (FPUC) under Section 2104 of	

State Guidance/Date applies solely to returns and payments for an Affected Taxpayer's 2019 taxable year due from April 20, 2020 to June 20, 2020. The relief provided in this Announcement does not include estimated income tax payments for the 2020 taxable year. For purposes of automatic extensions for Affected Taxpayers, the postponed payment deadline of July 20, 2020 will be used. This means that for Affected Taxpayers, "properly estimated tax liability" must be paid by July 20, 2020 rather than April 20, 2020 and returns must be filed by October 20, 2020. Affected Taxpayers subject to penalties or additions to tax despite the relief granted by this Announcement may seek reasonable cause waivers. The relief provided by this Announcement is limited to Hawaii income tax payments and does not extend to withholding tax, franchise tax, public service company tax, general excise tax, transient accommodations tax, estate tax, or any other tax not specifically identified for the relief provided by this Announcement. The Tax Announcement applies to individuals, trusts and estates, corporations, and other noncorporate tax filers as well as those who pay self-employment tax.)

(The Economic Impact Payments and loan proceeds from the PPP and EIDL programs are not subject to Hawaii income tax. Payments under the PUA and FPUC programs are subject to Hawaii income tax. Under current law, forgiven PPP

#### Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus

the CARES Act also provides an additional \$600 per week of unemployment compensation for employees who are eligible for unemployment benefits.

Small Business Loans: • The Paycheck Protection Program (PPP) under Section 1102 of the CARES Act provides forgivable loans to small businesses. The receipt of the loan funds, including PPP funds, are not subject to income tax. Regarding forgiveness of the PPP loans, Section 1106(i) of the CARES Act deems forgiven PPP debt, that would otherwise be included in gross income, to be excluded from gross income. Thus, loans forgiven under the PPP are not subject to federal income tax. • Economic Injury Disaster Loan Emergency Advances (EIDL Grant) are loan advances of up to \$10,000 made to small businesses under Section 1110 of the CARES Act. The EIDL Grant does not need to be repaid. The CARES Act does not provide any special tax treatment for these amounts, thus, the EIDL Grant is included in gross income and is subject to federal income tax.

- 1 Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act. Pub. L. No. 116-136.
- Economic Injury Disaster Loans (EIDL) provided under Section 7 of the Small Business Act2 allows for loans up to \$2,000,000 in some cases. The receipt of the loan funds, including EIDL funds, are not subject to federal income tax. The CARES Act does not provide any special tax treatment for EIDLs.

# HAWAII INCOME TAX TREATMENT

Under existing law, Hawaii's income tax treatment is identical to the federal income tax treatment in most cases. Therefore, the Economic Impact Payments and loan proceeds from the PPP and EIDL programs are not subject to Hawaii income tax. Payments under the PUA and FPUC programs are subject to Hawaii income tax.

Regarding the forgiveness of PPP loans, in general the forgiveness of a loan or cancellation of debt results in the amount that is forgiven being included in gross income. As discussed above, the CARES Act provides that forgiven PPP loan proceeds are not included in gross income for federal income tax purposes. For this special treatment to apply for Hawaii income tax purposes, the treatment must be adopted by the enactment of a Hawaii law. Thus, under current law, forgiven PPP loans are subject to Hawaii income tax. However, the Department of Taxation

# Other Information

To prevent the spread of COVID-19 virus, the Department requests that you do the following:

• Visit us online at http://tax.hawaii.gov for information and forms. • File returns and pay taxes online at http://hitax.hawaii.gov . • Deposit tax returns and/or tax payments in the "State Tax Office Drop Box". • Pick up frequently used forms located on the shelf. If you need assistance call (808) 587-4242 and tell the operator your situation. A determination will be made if an in-person meeting is required."

COVID-19 Advisory – March 18, 2020 Page Last Updated: March 19, 2020"

Legislature: The Legislature <u>is currently in recess</u>. No hearings will be scheduled until further notice. *See also* <u>SCR 242</u>.

loans are subject to Hawaii income tax. However, the Department of Taxation intends to recommend to the Hawaii State Legislature that Hawaii conform to the federal treatment of PPP loan forgiveness. Under existing law, unemployment compensation paid to employees and the receipt of loan funds, such as funds from PPP loans and EIDLs, are not subject to general excise tax (GET). GET will not be imposed on payments received under PUA, loan amounts forgiven under PPP, and EIDL Grants. These amounts will be treated as exclusions from gross receipts and should not be reported on GET returns.)

intends to recommend to the Hawaii State Legislature that Hawaii conform to the federal treatment of PPP loan forgiveness.

#### GENERAL EXCISE TAX TREATMENT

Under existing law, unemployment compensation paid to employees and the receipt of loan funds, such as funds from PPP loans and EIDLs, are not subject to general excise tax (GET).

The general rule is that amounts received by a business that replace income are subject to GET. Thus, grants or other payments that replace or supplement income are normally subject to GET. However, in light of the severity of the economic impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, GET will not be imposed on payments received under PUA, loan amounts forgiven under PPP, and EIDL Grants. These amounts will be treated as exclusions from gross receipts and should not be reported on GET returns.

A table summarizing State and federal tax treatment of CARES Act funds can be found at the end of this release. Additional information is available by calling the Technical Section at (808) 587-1577, or by email at tax.technical.section@hawaii.gov.

#### RONA M. SUZUKI Director of Taxation

2 15 U.S.C. 636. (The Small Business Act is not a new program but was temporarily expanded by the CARES Act.)
Summary of State and Federal Tax Treatment of CARES Act Funds

#### INDIVIDUAL INCOME PROGRAMS

**Economic Impact Payment** 

Payments made to qualifying individual taxpayers of up to \$2,400, depending on adjusted gross income and filing status. Qualifying taxpayers may also receive \$500 per qualifying child. No No No

Pandemic Unemployment Assistance (PUA)

Provides up to \$648 per week for those who ordinarily may not be eligible for unemployment benefits, such as business owners, self-employed persons, independent contractors, and others, that are out of business or whose services are significantly reduced as a direct result of the COVID-19 pandemic.

Yes Yes No

Federal Pandemic Unemployment Compensation (FPUC)

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		Additional \$600 per week of unemployment compensation for	
		employees who are eligible for unemployment benefits.	
		Yes Yes No	
		SMALL BUSINESS PPROGRAMS	
		Paycheck Protection Program (PPP)	
		Forgivable loans to small businesses. No No* No	
		Economic Injury Disaster Loan Emergency Advances (EIDL Grant)	
		Loan advances of up to \$10,000 made to small businesses, which does not need to be repaid.	
		Yes Yes No	
		Economic Injury Disaster Loans (EIDL)	
		Loans up to \$2,000,000. No No No	
		*DOTAX intended recommendation to Hawaii State Legislature."	
		(5/4/20)	
		<u>DOT Website</u> – (4/23/20)	
		"What's New	
		IRS Economic Impact Payment Update	
		Posted April 21, 2020	
		If you have not filed your 2018 or 2019 federal tax returns and have	
		dependents, you must take action by WEDNESDAY, APRIL 22,	
		<b>6:00AM, Hawaii Time</b> using the <u>IRS Non-Filer</u> tool, to ensure you	
		receive the full amount of your Economic Impact Payment.	
		Relief for Taxpayers Affected by the COVID-19 Emergency Posted March 23, 2020	
		2019 Income Tax Filing and Payment Deadline Extended to July 20,	
		2020; All Other Tax Filing and Payment Deadlines Unchanged	
		HONOLULU – As announced by Governor Ige today, the State of	
		Hawaii is granting special tax relief for State Income taxpayers similar to	
		the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) in response to the COVID-19	
		emergency.	
		<u>Tax Facts 2020-1</u>	
		Posted April 2, 2020	
		Estimated Income Tax for Corporations, S Corporations, Estates, and	
		Trusts	
		This Tax Facts provides general information about estimated	
		income tax for Corporations, S Corporations, Estates, and Trusts.	
		Tax Announcement 2020-01	
		Posted March 23, 2020	
		Relief for Taxpayers Affected by the COVID-19 Emergency	
		Governor David Y. Ige issued an Emergency Proclamation on	
		March 4, 2020, a Supplemental Emergency Proclamation on March 16,	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		2020, and a Second Supplemental Proclamation on March 21, 2020, relating to the COVID-19 emergency. Consistent with these Proclamations, the Department of Taxation (Department) will grant special tax relief for State income taxpayers." (4/23/20)	
		DOT COVID-19 Website and FAQs (4/21/20)	
		" Income Tax Deadline Extended to July 20, 2020 (posted March 23, 2020)	
		The Department of Taxation issued <u>Tax Announcement 2020-01</u> to grant special tax relief for State income taxpayers similar to the Internal Revenue Service (IRS).  The due date for filing 2019 State income tax returns due from April 20,	
		2020 to June 20, 2020 is postponed to July 20, 2020.  The due date for making 2019 State income tax payments due from April 20, 2020 to June 20, 2020 is postponed to July 20, 2020.  Additional action is not needed by Income taxpayers to participate in this	
		tax relief program.  The Tax Announcement applies to individuals, trusts and estates, corporations, and other non-corporate tax filers as well as those who pay self-employment tax.  The relief provided in the Announcement applies solely to returns and	
		payments for Tax Year 2019 due from April 20, 2020 to June 20, 2020, and does not include estimated income tax payments for the 2020 taxable year.  Filing and payment dates for all non-Income taxes (Withholding,	
		General Excise, Transient Accommodations, etc.) are unchanged.  Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs)	
		Q: Has the deadline for Tax Year 2020 estimated income tax payments been extended?  A: No, the relief provided in <a href="mailto:Tax Announcement 2020-01">Tax Announcement 2020-01</a> applies solely	
		to returns and payments for Tax Year 2019 due from April 20, 2020 to June 20, 2020. Unlike the IRS, it does not include estimated income tax payments for the 2020 taxable year.  Please refer to Tax Fact 2019-3 and the instructions to Form N-11	
		for more information on the requirements for estimated tax payments. Estimated payments can be calculated using 60% of the tax to be shown on your current year return or 100% of the tax shown on your tax return	
		for 2019. Because of changes experienced by businesses and individuals as a result of COVID-19, taxpayers will have the opportunity to adjust their estimated income payments based on their current situation. The	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		penalty for underpayment of estimated tax will be reconciled in 2021,	
		when the Income tax returns are due.	
		Q: Why hasn't the return/payment due date for all other taxes (e.g.,	
		General Excise, Transient Accommodations, etc.) been changed?	
		A: The due dates for all other returns and payments have not been	
		extended because they are necessary in enabling critical government	
		functions to continue. The tax revenues collected will enable the State to	
		offer other relief programs to address areas not being addressed by the	
		Federal government during this crisis. As business activity declines due	
		to COVID-19 and the Governor's Stay at Home order, many businesses	
		are seeing revenue and the associated tax obligations decline. By	
		receiving and processing tax returns, this provides the State with	
		valuable information to understand which businesses are operating and	
		the level of operations being sustained.  Q: I received a Statement of Taxpayer notice showing a tax liability	
		in the mail. Why are bills being sent out?	
		A: DOTAX is an essential government function and we are continuing	
		to operate. Statement of Taxpayer notices are sent every other month to	
		update taxpayers about their liabilities a shown in our records. This gives	
		the taxpayer an opportunity to work with us to correct any problems on	
		the liability as interest continues to accrue. Please refer to your	
		Statement of Taxpayer notice under Questions Concerning this	
		Statement for best point of contact to work with to address or correct	
		your liability.	
		Q:Can I get a payment extension, waiver, or deferment?	
		A: Please contact us to work with you to address or correct your	
		liability.	
		Tax Announcements and Media Releases:	
		Relief For Taxpayers Affected by the COVID-19 Emergency (News	
		Release) – March 23, 2020	
		Relief For Taxpayers Affected by the COVID-19 Emergency (Tax	
		Announcement) – March 23, 2020	
		Department of Taxation Notice – March 19, 2020	
		COVID-19 Advisory – March 18, 2020	
		Department of Taxation: COVID-19 Operational Status (News Release)	
		- March 18, 2020	
		Page Last Updated: April 21, 2020" (4/21/20)	
		DOT ANNOUNCEMENT NO. 2020-01 (3/23/20)	
		DEPARTMENT OF TAXATION ANNOUNCEMENT NO. 2020-01	
		RE: Relief for Taxpayers Affected by the COVID-19 Emergency	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		Governor David Y. Ige issued an Emergency Proclamation on March 4, 2020, a Supplemental Emergency Proclamation on March 16, 2020, and a Second Supplemental Proclamation on March 21, 2020, relating to the COVID-19 emergency. Consistent with these Proclamations, the Department of Taxation (Department) will grant special tax relief for State income taxpayers. Hawaii Income Tax Payment and Filing Deadlines for Tax Year 2019 Postponed	
		The Department has determined that any person with a 2019 State income tax filing requirement or payment due from April 20, 2020 to June 20, 2020, is affected by the COVID-19 pandemic for purposes of the relief described in this Announcement (Affected Taxpayer).	
		For all Affected Taxpayers, the due date for filing 2019 State income tax returns due from April 20, 2020 to June 20, 2020 is postponed to July 20, 2020.	
		For all Affected Taxpayers, the due date for making 2019 State income tax payments due from April 20, 2020 to June 20, 2020 is postponed to July 20, 2020.	
		The relief provided in this Announcement applies solely to returns and payments for an Affected Taxpayer's 2019 taxable year due from April 20, 2020 to June 20, 2020. The relief provided in this Announcement does not include estimated income tax payments for the 2020 taxable year.	
		What This Means for Individual Income Taxpayers	
		Individual income tax returns and payments for the 2019 taxable year that are due from April 20, 2020 to June 20, 2020 are now due by July 20, 2020. This relief applies to all individual income tax filers, including self-employed individuals. The Department will automatically provide this relief, there is no need to file additional forms to qualify for this relief.	
		What This Means for Corporate Income Taxpayers	
		Corporate income tax returns and payments for the 2019 taxable year that are due from April 20, 2020 to June 20, 2020 are now due July 20, 2020. This relief includes only payments for the 2019 taxable year and does not include payment of 2020 estimated taxes.	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		Income Tax Filing Extensions	
		The filing deadline for the 2019 taxable year for all Income Taxpayers is extended to July 20, 2020. Automatic extensions to file under section 235-98, Hawaii Revised Statutes (HRS), remain available. For purposes of automatic extensions for Affected Taxpayers, the postponed payment deadline of July 20, 2020 will be used. This means that for Affected Taxpayers, "properly estimated tax liability" must be paid by July 20, 2020 rather than April 20, 2020 and returns must be filed by October 20, 2020.	
		Individual Income Taxpayers expecting a refund should file as soon as possible. They are granted an automatic extension to file by October 20, 2020.	
		Penalties and Interest	
		Interest, penalties, and additions to tax for failure to file the returns or make the Hawaii income tax payments postponed by this Announcement will not accrue from April 20, 2020 to July 20, 2020. Interest, penalties, and additions to tax with respect to such postponed Hawaii income tax filings or payments will begin to accrue on July 21, 2020, if not paid by July 20, 2020.	
		Affected Taxpayers subject to penalties or additions to tax despite the relief granted by this Announcement may seek reasonable cause waivers under section 231-3(12), HRS.	
		The relief provided by this Announcement is limited to Hawaii income tax payments and does not extend to withholding tax, franchise tax, public service company tax, general excise tax, transient accommodations tax, estate tax, or any other tax not specifically identified for the relief provided by this Announcement.	
		Tax forms and information are available on the Department's website at tax.hawaii.gov. Additional information is available by calling the Technical Section at (808) 587-1577, or by email at tax.technical.section@hawaii.gov."	
Idaho	ID State Tax Commission Coronavirus and Idaho Taxes:	ID State Tax Commission Coronavirus and Idaho Taxes: Frequently Asked Questions and Answers (4/7/20)  "Below are answers to questions you may have about the coronavirus	ID Tax Commission News Release (3/27/20)  "Tax Commission closes customer service counters to public; still processing tax returns
		pandemic and Idaho taxes. If your question isn't addressed below, please	

<u>Frequently Asked Questions and</u> Answers (4/7/20)

ID Tax Commission Press Release (3/24/20)

(June 15 – filing and payment extension applies to all taxpayers – including individuals, businesses, and entities – regardless of the amount owed. Penalty and interest waived if file and pay the income tax they owe by June 15. Also extended deadline to apply for property tax relief programs from April 15 to June 15. We've extended the due date for income tax estimated payments that are normally due April 15 to June 15. This includes fiscal-year tax filers. The due date to apply for property tax reduction, deferral, or the 100% service-connected disabled veteran's benefit is now June 15. We don't expect any other property tax deadlines to change. You can get an automatic extension to file your return by October 15 if you pay enough of your total tax by June 15. To qualify, you need to do one of the following: Pay 100% of the income tax reported on your 2018 return (if you filed a return), or pay 80% of the estimated tax due on your 2019 return.)

assume business as usual and contact the Tax Commission. This list will be updated as new information becomes available.

# 1. Have you extended the deadlines for any taxes?

Idaho has extended the deadlines for the following:

- 2019 individual and business income tax returns. Returns and payments are now due June 15, 2020.
- Property tax reduction programs. The due date to apply for property tax reduction, deferral, or the 100% service-connected disabled veteran's benefit is now June 15. We don't expect any other property tax deadlines to change.

The due dates for all other tax types remain the same.

#### INCOME TAXES

2. Does the income tax payment extension include estimated quarterly payments?

Yes. We've extended the due date for income tax estimated payments that are normally due April 15 to June 15. This includes fiscal-year tax filers.

3. Can I get a filing extension if I can't file my 2019 individual income tax return by the new June 15 due date?

You can get an automatic extension to file your return by October 15 if you pay enough of your total tax by June 15. To qualify, you need to do one of the following:

- Pay 100% of the income tax reported on your 2018 return (if you filed a return)
- O Pay 80% of the estimated tax due on your 2019 return If you qualify for the automatic extension, file your extended tax return by October 15, 2020. See Form 51 for more information.
- I. Idaho requires me to include a copy of my federal tax return with my Idaho return, but the federal due date is July 15 while Idaho's deadline is June 15. What if I can't get my federal return done by the June 15 due date?

You can get an automatic extension to file your Idaho return by October 15 if you pay enough of your total state tax by June 15. With an extension, you can then file your Idaho tax return when you've completed your federal return. See question #2 above for more information.

5. Why does Idaho have a June 15 deadline for 2019 taxes instead of July 15 like the federal government?

Idaho's Constitution requires a balanced budget. So, tax money must be in before the fiscal year end (June 30) to keep this year balanced. See <u>Governor Little's proclamation</u> changing Idaho's due date.

The Idaho State Tax Commission has **closed its customer service counters to the public** in all its offices throughout the state due to Governor Little's order for Idahoans to shelter in place. However, the agency continues to process tax returns as they come in.

Taxpayers who need help can contact the Tax Commission by phone or email. They also can visit the agency's website

— <u>tax.idaho.gov</u> — to get answers to questions, make payments, and learn about free filing options. All offices also have drop boxes for payments, returns, and correspondence.

The state has extended the income tax filing and payment due date to June 15, 2020, to give taxpayers more time to file their returns during the coronavirus pandemic. Those who file and pay by June 15 won't owe penalty and interest.

"If you haven't filed yet, consider filing early, especially if you're expecting a refund," Tax Commission Chairman Tom Harris said. "The sooner we get your return, the quicker we can get your refund to you."

To contact the Tax Commission:

- Call (208) 334-7660 in the Boise area or toll free at (800) 972-7660
- Email <u>taxrep@tax.idaho.gov</u>

Want the most up-to-date status of your refund? Visit tax.idaho.gov/refund."

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		6. How do I change the date for my direct debit payment now that	
		2019 income tax payments are due on June 15 instead of April	
		15?	
		You can't change the payment date. However, we can cancel the	
		payment for you if you contact us no later than two days before the	
		scheduled payment date. Please call us at (208) 332-6632 to request	
		this. To schedule a new payment, use our free Quick Pay option.	
		7. Is the pandemic delaying tax refunds?	
		At this time, we don't see any delay in processing refunds. We've	
		issued most refunds within the <u>expected timeframes</u> . While many	
		refunds can be processed sooner — especially on e-filed returns —	
		some can take up to 11 weeks, especially if the return is incomplete	
		and we need to contact taxpayers for clarification.	
		8. Why aren't you extending the due dates for employers to report	
		and pay income tax withholding?	
		While we understand the economic stress that the COVID-19	
		pandemic is causing for employers, the income tax withheld from	
		employees' paychecks belongs to the State of Idaho — not the	
		employers — and it must be reported and remitted on time.	
		9. When will I get my stimulus payment?	
		The federal government is issuing stimulus payments, not the State of	
		Idaho. The IRS is working out the details to get the stimulus	
		payments to taxpayers and will be providing information through its	
		website about any action taxpayers may need to take. For more information, visit <u>irs.gov/coronavirus</u> .	
		SALES TAXES	
		10. Why aren't you extending the due dates for retailers to report or	
		remit sales tax receipts?	
		While we understand the economic stress that the COVID-19	
		pandemic is causing for all types of businesses, sales and use tax	
		receipts belong to the State of Idaho — not the retailers — and they	
		must be reported and remitted on time.	
		11. I'm a retailer that made no sales during my filing period. Do I	
		still have to file a sales tax return?	
		You must file a sales tax return even if you don't have any sales to	
		report. We call this a "\$0" return.	
		AUDITS	
		12. I'm working with a tax auditor. What's the best way to stay in	
		touch?	
		Please contact the auditor through email since all auditors are	
		working from home.	
		PAYMENT PLANS	
		13. I have a payment plan with you. How do I stay in touch?	
	L	I I V I V I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	<u> </u>

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		Please email us at paymentplanchange@tax.idaho.gov if you have	
		questions or need to make changes to your plan.	
		Page last updated April 2, 2020. Last full review of page: April 2, 2020.	
		This information is for general guidance only. Tax laws are complex and	
		change regularly. We can't cover every circumstance in our guides. This guidance may not apply to your situation. Please <u>contact us</u> with any	
		questions. We work to provide current and accurate information. But	
		some information could have technical inaccuracies or typographical	
		errors. If there's a conflict between current tax law and this information,	
		current tax law will govern." (4/7/20)	
		ID Tax Commission Press Release (3/24/20)	
		Income tax filing and payment deadline now June 15; property tax relief applications now due June 15.	
		In response to the COVID-19 pandemic, Governor Little has extended	
		the 2019 Idaho income tax filing and payment deadlines from April 15,	
		2020, to June 15, 2020. The extension applies to all taxpayers –	
		including individuals, businesses, and entities – regardless of the amount	
		owed. Penalty and interest won't apply if taxpayers file their return and pay the income tax they owe by June 15.	
		Governor Little also has extended the deadline to apply for property tax	
		relief programs from April 15 to June 15. The programs include:	
		Property Tax Reduction (circuit breaker)	
		Property Tax Deferral	
		100% Service-Connected Disabled Veterans Benefit	
		See Governor Little's <u>proclamation</u> for more information.	
Illinois	IL DOR Informational Bulletin FY	IL DOR Informational Bulletin FY 2020-29 May 2020 on worker	H.B. 5774, introduced on May 8, would amend
	<u>2020-29 May 2020</u> on worker	withholding (5/2020)	35 ILCS 200/21-27 (waiver of interest penalty)
	withholding (5/2020)		to provide that, for taxable year 2019 (payable
	Illinois DOR Informational Bulletin	Illinois withholding requirements for out-of-state employers who employ	in 2020), interest penalties will be waived for
	Illinois DOR <u>Informational Bulletin</u> FY 2020-24 March 2020 (3/25/20)	Illinois residents working from home due to COVID-19 Virus Outbreak	the delinquent payment of any property tax installment. H.B. 5768, introduced on May 5,
	1 1 2020 27 Water 2020 (3/23/20)	This bulletin is written to inform you of recent changes; it does not	would provide that if a disaster is declared by
	Governor's News Release on sales	replace statutes, rules and regulations, or court decisions.	Governor proclamation for all counties in the
	tax deferral for bars and restaurants	To: Out-of-state employers and their employees who normally work in	State due to a public health emergency, the first
	(3/19/20)	an out-of-state location but who will have performed normal work duties	installment of taxes due in that calendar year
		for more than 30 days in Illinois	will not be considered delinquent and will not
	Illinois Attorney General Website	Will III Will I	accrue interest for up to 90 days after the later
	(3/18/20)	Withholding Illinois Income Tax requirements for out-of-state	of (i) June 1 or (ii) the day after the date
		employers	specified on the real estate tax bill as the first installment annual due date. <u>H.B. 5772</u> ,
			mistamment annual due date. <u>n.b. 3772</u> ,

State Guidance/Date

IL DOR <u>Informational Bulletin</u> (March 2020)

# Chicago

Announcement of relief for businesses (3/20/20)

Announcement of \$100 Million Relief Package for Chicago's Small Businesses (3/19/20)

# **Cook County**

Assessor's Office <u>Suspends</u> <u>Assessment Notice Mailings</u> and Deadlines (3/19/20)

(July 15 - filing and payment relief to individuals and businesses for Illinois income tax returns is extended from April 15, 2020, to July 15, 2020 – for all taxpayers who file and pay their Illinois income taxes on April 15, 2020, are automatically extended until July 15, 2020. This relief applies to all individual returns, trusts, and corporations. The relief does not apply to partnerships. Penalties and interest will begin to accrue on any remaining unpaid balances as of July 16, 2020. You will automatically avoid interest and penalties on the taxes paid by July 15, 2020. This does NOT impact the first and second installments of estimated payments for 2020 taxes that are due April 15 and June 15. Taxpayers are required to estimate their tax liability for the year and make four equal installments. Taxpayers will not be assessed a late estimated payment penalty if the amount of the installments equals 90% or more of the current

Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus

Due to the COVID-19 virus pandemic, many state governors, including Illinois Governor JB Pritzker, have issued stay-at-home orders. Many employers, in response to the stay-at-home orders, have allowed certain employees to perform their work duties at home. As a result, out-of-state employers who normally would not be required to withhold Illinois income tax from employees that are Illinois residents may now be subject to Illinois withholding requirements. Employee compensation is subject to Illinois Income Tax Withholding when the employee has performed normal work duties in Illinois for more than 30 working days. If an Illinois resident employee has performed work for more than 30 working days from their home in Illinois for an out-of-state employer, the employer may be required to register with the Illinois Department of Revenue (IDOR) and withhold Illinois Income Tax from the employee. NOTE: This bulletin is not intended to impact the following employers: Out-of-state employers from states that have a reciprocal agreement with Illinois (Iowa, Kentucky, Michigan, Wisconsin) do not need to change the way that they currently operate. • Out-of-state employers who are registered as a withholding agent in Illinois should continue to withhold Illinois taxes. For information on Illinois withholding obligations, see Publication 130, Who is Required to Withhold Illinois Income Tax. Do employers have to register with IDOR if they have employee compensation that is subject to Illinois withholding? Although there are certain exemptions to Illinois withholding obligations, most employers must register. To register a business with IDOR, businesses may choose one of the following options: • Register electronically using MyTax Illinois. • Complete and mail Form REG-1, Illinois Business Registration Application. For more information about who is required to withhold, see Publication 130, Who Is Required to Withhold Illinois Income Tax.

Will there be penalties and interest if employers fail to withhold Illinois Income Tax from employees working from home because of the COVID-19 pandemic? **IDOR will waive penalties and interest for out-of-state employers who fail to withhold Illinois income taxes for Illinois employees where the sole reason for the Illinois withholding obligation is that the employee is working from home due to the COVID-19 pandemic.** 

IDOR encourages all employers that have withholding requirements to register with IDOR and withhold Illinois Income Tax as soon as applicable to avoid processing delays and increased correspondence.

What can an employee do to ensure that the correct amount of Illinois Income Tax Withholding has been reported? Employees that do not have Illinois income tax withheld by their employers could potentially owe

Other Information

introduced on May 8, would amend 35 ILCS 200/21-40 (ordinance for a delayed due date) to provide for an extension of property tax installment payments and waiver of penalties and interest. (5/12/20)

<u>Executive order 2020-14</u> from the Governor that is allowing temporary remote notarizing of documents.

(Note: A member reports that as of 3/31/20, IL DOR is not allowing electronically signed POAs; they require a physical signature still, even though it can be emailed to the DOR after signing.)

ISCPA in touch with DOR on possible 2020 quarterly estimated tax payment remedy. (3/27/20)

ISCPA Leg Reg Alert (3/25/20)

"COVID-19 Government Relations Daily Summary

ILLINOIS STATE INCOME TAX FILINGS AND PAYMENTS EXTENDED TO JULY 15th

-ICPAS ADVOCACY EFFORTS SUCCESSFUL-

This afternoon, Governor JB Pritzker announced that the Illinois Department of Revenue would follow the Internal Revenue Service in extending state tax return filings and payments until July 15th. This announcement was made during Governor Pritzker's daily COVID-19 Press Conference.

As reported in yesterday's ICPAS Government Relations COVID-19 Daily Summary, ICPAS has been in ongoing discussions with the Governor's staff and the Director of Revenue with regards to the legal interpretation of the

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
State	Guidance/Date year's liability or 100% of the previous year's liability. IL DOR has said only overpayments created by returns or extensions filed by 4/15 will apply to a 2020 Q1 estimate and be considered timely. Otherwise, any overpayments are applied to the quarter received. This is how the system defaults. IDOR will waive penalties and interest for out-of- state employers who fail to withhold Illinois income taxes for Illinois employees where the sole reason for the Illinois withholding obligation is that the employee is working from home due to the COVID-19 pandemic.)  (30 day extension for filing and payment of estate tax returns due between 3/16 – 4/15, interest not waived)  (April 30 – Chicago extended due dates for tax payments until April 30, 2020 for the following City of Chicago taxes: • Bottled Water tax • Checkout Bag tax • Amusement tax • Hotel Accommodation tax • Restaurant tax • Parking tax)	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus  money to Illinois and may be subject to estimated payment requirements. Estimated tax payments are required if employees reasonably expect their tax liability to exceed \$1,000 after subtracting their Illinois withholding, pass-through withholding, and various tax credits. For more information on estimated tax payments for individuals, see Form IL-1040-ES, Estimated Income Tax Payments for Individuals.  To ensure that the proper amount of Illinois Income Tax is being withheld, employees whose compensation is subject to Illinois Income Tax Withholding should complete and return to their employer a Form IL-W-4, Employee's and other Payee's Illinois Withholding Allowance Certificate and Instructions.  How much income tax should be withheld from employees' compensation? Generally, the rate for withholding Illinois Income Tax is 4.95 percent. However, employees may claim allowances and request additional income withheld by completing and providing an employer with a Form IL-W-4, Employee's and other Payee's Illinois Withholding Allowance Certificate and Instructions. Refer to Booklet IL-700-T, Illinois Withholding Income Tax Tables, for information about determining the amount of income tax to withhold from employees' compensation.  Where can additional information on Illinois Income Tax Withholding be found? For more information about Illinois Income Tax Withholding, refer to the following: • Publication 130, Who is Required to Withhold Illinois Income Tax • Publication 131, Withholding Income Tax Filing and Payment Requirements • Publication 121, Illinois Income Tax Withholding for Household Employees (for household employers) • Publication 110, Forms W-2, W-2G, and 1099 Filing and Storage Requirements for Employers and Payers • Booklet IL-700-T, Illinois Withholding Allowance Certificate and Instructions Additionally, visit IDOR's website at: tax.illinois.gov" (5/20)  Per a member who was in touch with the DOR (4/6/20)  "IL DOR has said only overpayments created by retur	Other Information  Illinois Income Tax Act and section 100.6000 of the Illinois Administrative Code, the tax policy implications and, the importance of alignment with the federal extension of filing and payments.  The Illinois CPA Society would like to extend our appreciation to Governor Pritzker and Director Harris for this decision that benefits taxpayers and tax preparers. Along with our advocacy to extend state filings and payments, we have also encouraged IDOR to provide formal guidance on these extensions. See IDOR COVID-19 Information for Illinois Taxpayers website for further information and guidance.  PRACTICE POINTER-While recognizing every client's circumstances are different, it is recommended that state tax returns be filed electronically and that if the taxpayer is owed a refund that it be requested to be disbursed electronically. Like other state government agencies, the Illinois Comptroller is operating with reduced staff and most likely there will be a delay in processing paper refund checks.  See AICPA State Filing Guidance for Coronavirus Pandemic here. NOTE: Does not reflect today's announcement and Illinois' extended filing and payment date.  We will continue to keep you updated on developments through the COVID-19 Government Relations Daily Summary. You may access our Digital Library of Daily Summaries for further information."
		Exemption ( E ) Numbers Due to COVID-17 Vitus Outbleak	be in on March 24.

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		To: All Organizations and Individuals with Illinois Sales Tax Exemption ("E") Numbers That Are Currently Pending Renewal  Due to staffing issues related to the ongoing COVID-19 virus pandemic, the Illinois Department of Revenue (IDOR) is unable to process most renewal applications for Illinois Sales Tax exemption ("E") numbers at this time. To allow time to process outstanding renewal applications, the Board of Appeals at IDOR has issued an order extending the Enumber expiration date by 90 days for impacted organizations and individuals.	
		Who will receive the 90-day extension? The Board of Appeals has extended expiration dates for certificate holders whose certificates expired within 60 days prior to the date of the Governor's "Stay At Home" Order issued March 21, 2020, and for those whose certificates expired or will expire within 60 days following the date of the Governor's "Stay At Home" Order.	
		Do I need to request the 90-day extension? No. <b>IDOR</b> is automatically extending the E-number expiration dates. Certificate holders do not need to take any action to be granted an extension.	
		Will I receive an updated exemption certificate? Yes. As with all Enumber renewals, IDOR will issue updated exemption certificates, but we will not issue you an updated exemption certificate until we have completed processing of your renewal application. How can I verify that an E-number is valid? You can verify an Enumber using MyTax Illinois at mytax.illinois.gov. The application is available by clicking the "Businesses" button on the MyTax Illinois home screen.	
		What if I have questions? If you have questions, email us at REV-E99@illinois.gov."  According to a clarification to a practitioner from Illinois DOR on the information bulletin on 7/15 filing and payment relief (3/27/20):	
		"We confirmed with the Illinois Department of Revenue ("IDOR") that the 7/15 extended filing and payment due date DOES NOT APPLY to partnerships. The original filing and payment due date for partnerships remains April 15, 2020.	
		On March 25 <sup>th</sup> the IDOR posted the attached announcement on its website moving the "2019 income tax filing and payment deadlines for all taxpayers who file and pay their Illinois income taxes on April 15, 2020" to align with the federal due dates. The alert states that "this relief	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		applies to all individual returns, trusts, and corporations" and does not	
		mention partnerships.	
		We followed up with the IDOR to see if the relief also applies to	
		partnerships and partnership withholding. The IDOR replied today	
		stating that it does NOT. The response states that they "are considering	
		what relief can be afforded partnerships, if any. The bulletin was	
		designed to align IL with federal deadlines that were extended from	
		April 15 to July 15 using our authority under 100.5020 and 100.6000.	
		The federal 1065 was due March 15, and no tax is paid with the	
		informational return, so we have nothing to base an extension for the IL-	
		1065 and payments." We have also been informed that the IDOR is	
		working on updating the alert posted to its website.	
		As of now, the relief does NOT apply to partnerships. We will update	
		when we hear more."	
		Illinois DOR Informational Bulletin FY 2020-24 March 2020 (3/25/20)	
		Illinois Income Tax Filing and Payment Extension	
		"In light of the recent Disaster Proclamation issued by Governor JB	
		Pritzker and by his direction, the Illinois Department of Revenue	
		(IDOR) is following the federal government in providing special tax	
		filing and payment relief to individuals and businesses in response to	
		the COVID-19 Outbreak. The filing deadline for Illinois income tax returns has been extended from April 15, 2020, to July 15, 2020.	
		This filing and payment relief includes: The 2019 income tax filing	
		and payment deadlines for all taxpayers who file and pay their	
		Illinois income taxes on April 15, 2020, are automatically extended	
		until July 15, 2020. This relief applies to all individual returns,	
		<b>trusts, and corporations.</b> This relief is automatic, taxpayers do not need	
		to file any additional forms or call IDOR to qualify. Penalties and	
		interest will begin to accrue on any remaining unpaid balances as of	
		July 16, 2020. You will automatically avoid interest and penalties on	
		the taxes paid by July 15, 2020. Even though the deadline has been	
		extended, IDOR encourages taxpayers expecting a refund to file as soon	
		as they can. The fastest, most secure way to receive a refund is to file tax	
		returns electronically and request direct deposit into a checking or	
		savings account. Taxpayers who have already filed a return can check	
		the status of their return by using the Where's My Refund? link located	
		at mytax.illinois.gov. Individuals may also utilize MyTax Illinois to make payments and look up their IL-PINs, amounts of any estimated tax	
		payments and look up their IL-PINs, amounts of any estimated tax payments they have made, and, when necessary, amounts reported on	
L		payments mey have made, and, when necessary, amounts reported on	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		Form 1099-G. Note: This does NOT impact the first and second	
		installments of estimated payments for 2020 taxes that are due April	
		15 and June 15. Taxpayers are required to estimate their tax	
		liability for the year and make four equal installments. Taxpayers	
		will not be assessed a late estimated payment penalty if the amount	
		of the installments equals 90% or more of the current year's liability	
		or 100% of the previous year's liability. Taxpayers can find more	
		information, including common questions and answers, on our website at	
		tax.illinois.gov. Questions may also be emailed to the department	
		through the email addresses listed on the left side of this bulletin under	
		"For more information.""	
		Illinois Attorney General Website (3/18/20)	
		"Estate Tax	
		IMPORTANT NOTICE	
		Due to closures related to COVID-19, the Attorney General's Office will	
		be operating with reduced staff. In recognition of this, Estates with	
		returns and payments due between March 16, 2020 and April 15,	
		2020 will receive a 30 day extension for filing and payment. Please	
		be aware that an extension of time to pay does not waive or abate	
		statutory interest and that payments must be sent to the Illinois	
		<b>State Treasurer.</b> A fillable form for making payment of the Illinois	
		Estate Tax to the Illinois State Treasurer can be downloaded from the	
		<u>Illinois State Treasurer's website</u> .	
		Please also be aware that there may not be staff available to receive	
		returns in person at the Springfield office.	
		Those filing returns in Chicago may access the James R Thompson	
		Center through the Lake Street entrance.	
		We *strongly* encourage estates to file returns and extension requests	
		by mail. For Cook, DuPage, Lake, and McHenry counties, file with the	
		Chicago office. For all other counties, file with the Springfield office.	
		Please contact the Estate Tax Section, Illinois Attorney General's Office	
		with any questions or problems: Estate Tax Section"	
		Estate Tax Section	
		Governor's News Release on sales tax deferral for bars and restaurants	
		(3/19/20)	
		"SALES TAX DEFERRAL FOR BARS AND RESTAURANTS	
		To help alleviate some of the unprecedented challenges facing bars and	
		restaurants due to COVID-19, Gov. Pritzker has directed the	
		Department of Revenue to defer sales tax payments for more than	
		24,000 small- and medium-sized bars and restaurants — accounting	
		for nearly 80% of all such entities statewide.	
		101 hearty 00 /0 of an such challes statewide.	1

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
State	Guidance/Date	Under the directive, eating and drinking establishments that incurred less than \$75,000 in sales tax liabilities last year will not be charged penalties or interest on payments due in March, April or May made late. The Department of Revenue estimates this will give relief to nearly 80% of bars and restaurants in Illinois.  Penalties and interest will be automatically waived; however, qualified taxpayers must still file their sales tax return even if they are unable to make a payment. Any taxpayers taking advantage of this relief will be required to pay their sales tax liabilities due in March, April and May in four installments starting on May 20 and extending through August 20. For more information, please view IDOR's informational bulletin available at tax.illinois.gov.  IL DOR Informational Bulletin (March 2020)  "Short-Term Relief from Penalties for Late Sales Tax Payments Due to COVID-19 Virus Outbreak	Other Information
		To: All Registered Illinois Retailers Operating Eating and Drinking Establishments In an effort to assist eating and drinking establishments impacted by the COVID-19 outbreak, effective immediately, the Illinois Department of Revenue (IDOR) is waiving any penalty and interest that would have been imposed on late Sales Tax payments from qualified taxpayers. Who is a qualified taxpayer eligible for relief? Taxpayers who are eligible for relief from penalties and interest on late Sales Tax payments are those operating eating and drinking establishments that incurred a total Sales Tax liability of less than \$75,000 in calendar year 2019. What are the reporting periods for which qualified taxpayers are allowed relief? Qualified taxpayers will not be charged penalties or interest on late payments for Sales Tax liabilities reported on Form ST-1, Sales and Use Tax and E911 Surcharge Return, that are due for the February, March, and April 2020 reporting periods. What must qualified taxpayers do to request relief? For most qualified taxpayers, IDOR will automatically waive penalties and interest. If you receive a notice from IDOR that imposes penalties and interest that you believe should have qualified for a waiver, you can respond to the notice to indicate that you believe you should have qualified for relief. IDOR will review the response and grant relief, if appropriate. Qualified taxpayers are required to file Form ST-1 for each reporting period by their original due dates, even if they are unable to make a payment. To qualify for relief, taxpayers must pay their liabilities due in March, April, and May 2020 on four dates	

starting on May 20, 2020. What are the four dates when my payments are due? The required payment schedule for liabilities reported on Form ST-1 is as follows: • One quarter (1/4) of the liability for the February, March, and April 2020 reporting periods is due May 20, 2020. • One quarter (1/4) of the liability for the February, March, and April 2020 reporting periods is due June 22, 2020. • One quarter (1/4) of the liability for the February, March, and April 2020 reporting periods is due July 20, 2020. • One quarter (1/4) of the liability for the February, March, and April 2020 reporting periods is due August 20, 2020. See the example in following chart: Reporting Period Liability Amount Payment Amount Due date February 2020 \$1,000 \$250 May 20, 2020 \$250 June 22,	State Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus  Other Information
March 2029 *\$1,000 \$250 May 20, 2020 \$250 June 22, 2020 \$250 July 20, 2020 \$250 July 20, 2020 \$250 August 20, 2020 April 2020 \$1,000 \$250 May 20, 2020 \$250 June 22, 2020 \$250 July 20, 2020 \$250 August 20, 2020 *Includes quarterly filers reporting liabilities on Form ST-1 for January, February, and March. Note that you must begin making full payment on the scheduled due date for liabilities beginning with the May 2020 reporting period, which is due June 22, 2020, and all reporting periods following. What if I have questions? Taxpayers with questions should visit the IDOR website at tax.illinois.gov or email us at REV.TA-Sales@illinois.gov."  Chicago From Law360 article on Chicago Again Extends Some Biz Tax Deadlines Due To Virus (4/16/20)  "Chicago will further extend the deadlines it already pushed back for certain transaction taxes generally collected and remitted by the city's restaurants and hotels, in response to the novel coronavirus pandemic."  Announcement of relief for businesses (3/20/20)  "Building on yesterday's announcement that the City is temporarily suspending debt collection, and limiting ticketing and towing practices, today's new economic relief package will temporarily defer all business fine collections as well as license renewal and late fees for Chicago's businesses until April 30, 2020. The City will also be temporarily suspending non-public safety related business, the City is also extending due dates for tax payments until April 30, 2020 for	State Guidance/Date	starting on May 20, 2020. What are the four dates when my payments are due? The required payment schedule for liabilities reported on Form ST-1 is as follows: • One quarter (1/4) of the liability for the February, March, and April 2020 reporting periods is due May 20, 2020. • One quarter (1/4) of the liability for the February, March, and April 2020 reporting periods is due June 22, 2020. • One quarter (1/4) of the liability for the February, March, and April 2020 reporting periods is due June 22, 2020. • One quarter (1/4) of the liability for the February, March, and April 2020 reporting periods is due August 20, 2020. • One quarter (1/4) of the liability for the February, March, and April 2020 reporting periods is due August 20, 2020. • See the example in following chart: Reporting Period Liability Amount Payment Amount Due date February 2020 \$1,000 \$250 May 20, 2020 \$250 June 22, 2020 \$250 July 20, 2020 \$250 August 20, 2020  March 2020 \$1,000 \$250 May 20, 2020 \$250 June 22, 2020 \$250 July 20, 2020 \$250 August 20, 2020  April 2020 \$1,000 \$250 May 20, 2020 \$250 June 22, 2020 \$250 July 20, 2020 \$250 August 20, 2020 *300 July 20, 2020 Ju

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		Amusement tax • Hotel Accommodation tax • Restaurant tax • Parking tax" (3/20/20)	
		City of Chicago, Illinois: Mayor Lightfoot Announces \$100 Million Relief Package for Chicago's Small Businesses Amid COVID-19 Outbreak (3/19/20)	
		Cook County, Illinois: Assessor's Office Suspends Assessment Notice Mailings and Deadlines: The Cook County Assessor's Office announced the temporary suspension of assessment notice mailings and appeal deadlines (3/19/20)	
Indiana	DOR <u>Press Release</u> on collections restarting (7/30/20)	DOR <u>Press Release</u> on collections restarting (7/30/20)  " <u>DOR Working to Get "Back on Track"</u> Restarting certain billing and collections actions	DOR's Downtown Indianapolis Location to Open by Appointment-Only June 15th The Indiana Department of Revenue's (DOR)
	DOR blog on due dates (5/13/20)	INDIANAPOLIS – The Indiana Department of Revenue (DOR) is restarting several previously delayed programs and initiatives that were	downtown Indianapolis office located in Indiana Government Center North will reopen
	Indiana DOR <u>Press Release</u> on additional filing and payment	temporarily modified due to COVID-19 "We are now beginning the process of slowly restarting certain	for in-person service starting June 15, 2020, by appointment only. (5/28/20)
	extensions (5/11/20)  Indiana DOR Website FAQs	billing, collections and protest processes. This will help Hoosiers stay or become compliant with their Indiana tax obligations while providing much-needed funding to support public services."	DOR Customer Walk-In Centers Reopening for Appointment-Only Service (5/22/20)
	(4/16/20)	The following timeline for DOR's "Back on Track" plan details what Indiana tax filers can expect in the coming months:	The Indiana Department of Revenue (DOR) is now accepting appointments for in-person
	DOR Press Release (4/17/20)  Indiana DOR press release (4/6/20)	<ul> <li>July 2020</li> <li>Customers with outstanding tax liabilities for corporate, individual and special taxes, that were due prior to March 2020,</li> </ul>	customer service starting May 26, 2020. Locations reopening include the district offices in Bloomington, Clarksville, Columbus,
	DOR Press Release - DOR Announces "Helping Hoosiers" COVID-19 Relief Services (3/31/20)	<ul> <li>will begin receiving notices and bills via U.S. mail.</li> <li>Business and special tax customers that did not file required tax returns due from Jan. – March 2020, will receive a Proposed Assessment Notice via U.S. mail.</li> </ul>	Evansville, Fort Wayne, Kokomo, Lafayette, Merrillville, Muncie, South Bend and Terre Haute, along with DOR's Motor Carrier Services customer center. The Indianapolis walk-in center will be open for appointments
	<u>Press Release</u> (3/19/20)	<ul> <li>Aeronautics/aircraft and motor carrier oversize/overweight customers with outstanding liabilities or civil penalties will begin receiving bills via U.S. mail.</li> </ul>	starting June 15. (5/22/20)
	Governor Executive Order 20-05 (3/19/20)	Tax liabilities that have reached the tax warrant stage, will resume being worked by county sheriffs and United Collections Bureau (UCB), DOR's outside collections partner.      Tax liabilities that have reached the tax warrant stage, will resume being worked by county sheriffs and United Collections partner.	Indiana DOR website: (3/17/20) Attention: Effective March 18, 2020, all Indiana Department of Revenue customer walk-in centers will temporarily close for in-person
	PRIOR <u>Bulletin announcement</u> (3/16/20)	<ul> <li>Any employers who did not file their WH-3 (withholding) forms, due Jan. 31, 2020, will receive a bill via U.S. mail.</li> <li>The time allowed to submit a legal protest returns to 60 days.</li> <li>The time allowed to request a protest rehearing returns to 30</li> </ul>	assistance. Customers are encouraged to call or email DOR directly in addition to using available online services. Click <u>here</u> for more
	(July 15 – individual and corporate tax returns - filing and payments extended from April 15 and April	days.  August 2020	information. (3/17/20) Indiana DOR Announcement (3/17/20):

Guidance/Date 20. Those originally due May 15 are due August 17, 2020. It includes estimate payments due April 15 are now due July 15. All other tax return filings and payments remain unchanged. As a result of the extensions for estimated payments. for Individual and Corporate filers who file on a calendar year basis this means that the 1st estimated payment, normally due in April. will now be due after the 2nd estimated payment which remains due in June. Business trust filings and payments remain due on their current monthly cycle due dates. If your business is closed temporarily and has no tax revenue for a filing period, you must file a return indicating \$0 for that period (\$0 return). If a business is permanently closed, an Indiana tax account is no longer needed. Please complete Form BC-100. Due dates for sales tax, withholding and all other taxes collected by merchants have not been extended. All filing and payment deadlines and rules remain in effect. Due to the COVID-19 outbreak, Indiana DOR will accept a Federal power of attorney (POA) to serve temporarily as the Indiana POA until further notice in certain circumstances: The tax/form type on the Federal POA matches or is similar to the Indiana tax/form for which the person seeks to represent the client; The requested representation is only for non-legal matters. (Any temporary acceptance of the Federal POA would not extend to protests of assessments or refund denial matters.): and The Federal POA was executed on or before March 6,

State

#### Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus

- The Offer in Compromise time frame for submission of records returns to normal.
- Business and special tax customers that have not filed the required tax returns for April - May 2020, will receive a Proposed Assessment Notice via U.S. mail.

# September 2020

- Individuals with tax liabilities associated with their 2019 tax return (filed in 2020), will begin receiving bills via U.S. mail.
- Special tax customers that did not file required tax returns due in June 2020, will receive a Proposed Assessment Notice via U.S. mail.
- Business customers will receive notices and bills for taxes due prior to March 2020, via U.S. mail. Warrants issued for these customers will be pursued by sheriffs and UCB.
- Processing of expired or expiring Registered Retail Merchant Certificates (RRMCs) will resume. Impacted businesses will be required to pay taxes owed for their RRMC to remain active.

# October 2020

- Individual income tax filers who have a discrepancy between their federal and Indiana Adjusted Gross Income (AGI), will receive a bill via U.S. mail, if there are additional taxes owed.
- Special tax customers that did not file required tax returns due in July 2020, will receive a Proposed Assessment Notice via U.S. mail.
- Business customers that did not file expected tax returns for 2020, will receive a reminder notice via U.S. mail.
- Involuntary collections actions (including levies) will restart for selected cases on Oct. 1, 2020.

"As we restart billing and collection operations, DOR Customer Service team members stand ready to answer questions and assist. It is critically important that anyone who receives a DOR mailing take immediate action. Please do not ignore letters and notices. We are here to help," added Commissioner Grennes.

For more information on DOR's Back on Track Plan, visit our coronavirus website at <a href="https://documents.com/

DOR Press Release - <u>DOR Announces "Helping Hoosiers" COVID-19 Relief Services</u> (3/31/20)

# **Audit & Legal Protest Relief**

Suspending all in-person field audit work and working collaboratively with all entities currently under audit via correspondence and teleconference to meet statutory requirements.

#### Other Information

# DOR Temporarily Suspends In-Person Services

INDIANAPOLIS -- In concert with Governor Eric Holcomb's guidance and with the utmost concern for the health and safety of Hoosiers and DOR employees,

all Indiana Department of Revenue (DOR) inperson customer services will be temporarily suspended beginning at 4:30 p.m. on Tuesday, March 17, 2020. ...

DOR team members are continuing to provide customer service by phone and email, Monday through Friday, 8 a.m. – 4:30 p.m., local time. Customers have the following service options:

- Call DOR's individual customer service line at 317-232-2240.
- Call a specific District Office—contact information can be found on DOR's website at dor.in.gov/3390.htm.
- Call DOR's Motor Carrier Services at 317-615-7200.
- Contact a specific DOR business unit using a list of phone numbers and email addresses available at dor.in.gov/3325.htm.
- Email DOR using the online form at dor.in.gov/3392.htm.

Additionally, customers can visit DOR's website at <u>dor.in.gov/4331.htm</u> to take advantage of online services available.

DOR continues to monitor the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) regarding possible changes to filing and payment due dates, and is prepared to follow suit. Those decisions will be shared as soon as they are made.

Any changes to this guidance, additional modifications to normal operations or changes to tax filing and payment deadlines will be posted on <u>DOR's website</u>, as well as DOR's social media accounts.

DOR advises all customers to follow the Indiana State Department of Health (ISDH) and Centers for Disease Control (CDC) guidelines. Their websites contain extremely valuable information and guidance.

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
State	Guidance/Date  2020. [the date Governor Holcomb issued Executive Order 20-02, decreeing a public health emergency]. The Indiana Department of Revenue will not use someone's relocation, that is the direct result of temporary remote work requirements arising from and during the COVID-19 pandemic health crisis, as the basis for establishing Indiana nexus or for exceeding the protections provided by P.L. 86-272 for the employer of the temporary relocated employee.  The temporary protections provided under this guidance will extend for periods of time where: there is an official work from home order issued by an applicable federal, state or local government unit, or pursuant to the order of a physician in relation to the COVID-19 outbreak or due to an actual diagnosis of COVID-19, plus 14 days to allow for return to normal work locations. If the person remains in Indiana after the temporary remote work requirement has ended, nexus may be established for that employer. Likewise, an employer may not assert that soley having a temporarily relocated employee in Indiana under the circumstances described above creates nexus for the business or exceeds the protections of P.L. 86-272 for the employer. Individual estimated payments originally due on June 15, 2020, are now due on or before July 15, 2020, are now due on or before July 15, 2020, are now due on or before July 15, 2020, is now extended to July 15, 2020 (including	Suspending the non-filer desk audit letter distributions. Modifying desk audit record verification requirements (including Schedule C expense verification). Suspending all in-person protest hearings. Extending the current 60-day legal protest window an additional 60 days for a total of 120 days. Extending the current 30-day protest rehearing window an additional 60 days for a total of 90 days. Adjusting all legal protest final decisions to delay triggering of downstream statutes of limitation. Allowing the use of a valid/current Federal Power of Attorney form in lieu of Indiana's State Power of Attorney forms in certain circumstances. Eliminating all possible remaining requirements for wet signatures."  DOR blog on due dates (5/13/20)  "Below are additional extended Indiana deadlines:  Individual estimated payments originally due on June 15, 2020, are now due on or before July 15, 2020.  The deadline for filing a claim for refund of income tax set to expire between April 1 and July 14, 2020, is now extended to July 15, 2020 (including refunds of withholding or estimated tax paid in 2016).  Corporate estimated payments due on April 20, May 20 or June 22, 2020, are now due on or before July 15, 2020.  Corporate tax returns due on May 15, June 15 or July 15, 2020, are now due on August 17, 2020. This includes forms IT-20, IT-41, IT-65, IT-20S, FIT-20, IT-6WTH and URT-1."  Indiana DOR Press Release on additional filing and payment extensions (5/11/20)  "DOR Announces Additional Filing and Payment Extensions Individuals and corporations benefit from extended due dates INDIANAPOLIS – The Indiana Department of Revenue (DOR) announces additional extensions for the filing and payment of certain individual and corporate tax returns to provide further relief during the COVID-19 health crisis. These extensions are in addition to the ones previously announced on March 19, 2020.  In conjunction with the additional federal extensions provided by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) under Notice 2020-23, DOR has extended the fol	Other Information  Bulletin announcement (3/16/20)

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
	refunds of withholding or estimated	Individual estimated payments originally due on June 15, 2020, are now	
	tax paid in 2016). Corporate	due on or before July 15, 2020.	
	estimated payments due on April	The deadline for filing a claim for refund of income tax set to expire	
	20, May 20 or June 22, 2020, are	between April 1 and July 14, 2020, is now extended to July 15, 2020	
	now due on or before July 15, 2020.	(including refunds of withholding or estimated tax paid in 2016).	
	The corporate tax returns listed	Corporate estimated payments due on April 20, May 20 or June 22,	
	below due on May 15, June 15 or	2020, are now due on or before July 15, 2020.	
	July 15, 2020, are now due on	The corporate tax returns listed below due on May 15, June 15 or July	
	August 17, 2020. This includes	15, 2020, are now due on August 17, 2020. This includes forms IT-20,	
	forms IT-20, IT-41, IT-65, IT-20S,	IT-41, IT-65, IT-20S, FIT-20, IT-6WTH and URT-1.	
	FIT-20, IT-6WTH and URT-1.)	"Our team is constantly monitoring IRS actions and taking the steps	
	(Eller - Demonstrate & Designation	required to help Hoosiers who may be experiencing difficulty during the	
	(Filing, Payment & Registration	COVID-19 pandemic," stated DOR Commissioner Bob Grennes.	
	Extensions Extending cortain individual and	DOR announced several other filing and payment deadline extensions in	
	Extending certain individual and corporate filing and payment	mid-March. All changes related to the COVID-19 pandemic can be	
	deadlines.	found on DOR's Coronavirus webpage at dor.in.gov/7078.htm.	
	Extending certain motor carrier	Customers with questions about individual income taxes may call DOR	
	permitting, registration and	Customer Service at 317-232-2240. Customers with specific questions regarding corporate income taxes may call 317-232-0129. Customer	
	International Fuel Tax Agreement	Service is available to take calls Monday through Friday, 8 a.m. – 4:30	
	(IFTA) filing and payment	p.m., EST. Customers may also email DOR using the online form at	
	requirements.	dor.in.gov/3392.htm." (5/11/20)	
	Extending expiring Registered	<u>dor.m.gov/35/2.mm</u> . (5/11/20)	
	Retail Merchant Certificates	Indiana DOR Website FAQs (5/4/20)	
	(RRMC) to June 30, 2020.	(**************************************	
	Implementing case-specific penalty	DOR Press Release (4/17/20)	
	adjustments for late filing and		
	payments.	"Business Tax Deadlines Remain Unchanged for Upcoming Months	
	<b>Expedited Refund Processing</b>	DOR clarifies deadlines for Hoosier Businesses	
	Continuing all tax processing, ID	INDIANAPOLIS – The Indiana Department of Revenue (DOR) has	
	protection, fraud detection and	recently announced several tax filing and payment deadline extensions	
	refund processing operations.	as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic, however, filing and payment	
	Reallocating resources to accelerate	requirements and dates for taxes collected by businesses remain	
	certain refund case reviews and	unchanged.	
	approvals.	All recently announced extensions for state individual and corporate tax	
	<b>Debt Collection Relief</b>	filing and payment deadlines are listed on DOR's Coronavirus web page at dor.in.gov/7078.htm.	
	Suspending the creation of most tax	Business taxes, including sales, withholding income, food and beverage,	
	filing bills, new warrants and liens.	county innkeeper's and heavy equipment rental excise tax remain due on	
	Prior audit and legal bills will	the standard due dates as listed on DOR's website at	
	continue to be issued to protect statutes of limitation.	dor.in.gov/3344.htm. Interest and penalties will apply if filing and	
		payment deadlines are missed and will not be automatically waived.	
	Suspending creation of new sheriff and collection agency collection		
	cases.		
	cases.		

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
	Suspending outbound collection call activity to focus additional resources on assisting Hoosiers with	Filing on time is critical. After completing the required filing, if a business owner is unable to make a scheduled payment, payment plans are available" (4/17/20)	
	payment support and other customer-care questions. Suspending creation of new levy	" <u>COVID-19 FAQs</u> (5/4/20) COVID-19 FAQs	
	and garnishment involuntary collection actions.  Canceling current levy and	When are my business trust payments due? (RST, FAB, WH, CIT) Business trust filings and payments remain due on their current monthly cycle due dates.	
	garnishment involuntary collection actions.	My business is closed and I have no tax revenue to report, what do I need to do?	
	Offering installment payment plan agreements up to 60 months.  Working with Hoosiers to modify existing installment payment agreements.  Moving existing payment plan due	A return must be filed even when no tax is due unless the Indiana tax account has been closed using Form BC-100. If your business is closed temporarily and has no tax revenue for a filing period, you must file a return indicating \$0 for that period (\$0 return). If a business is permanently closed, an Indiana tax account is no longer needed. Please complete Form BC-100.	
	dates to July 15, 2020, upon request. Suspending payment plan terminations for missed payments.	Will I still get my tax refund/ Is DOR still processing returns?  Yes. All systems and operations are currently operating. DOR is currently processing individual tax returns resulting in refunds at normal	
	Audit & Legal Protest Relief Suspending all in-person field audit work and working collaboratively with all entities currently under	speed (10 days electronically filed, 18 days paper-filed). You can check the status of your refund <u>online</u> or by calling 317-233-4018. DOR continues to maintain all operations at this time except for walk-in areas. Customers may still contact DOR via phone or email.	
	audit via correspondence and teleconference to meet statutory requirements.	When are estimated payments due for filers who file on a calendar year basis?	
	Suspending the non-filer desk audit letter distributions.  Modifying desk audit record	As a result of the extensions for estimated payments, for Individual and Corporate filers who file on a calendar year basis this means that the 1st estimated payment, normally due in April, will now be due after the 2nd estimated payment which remains due in June.	
	verification requirements (including Schedule C expense verification). Suspending all in-person protest	Will filing and payment deadlines for merchant collected taxes be extended (e.g. sales, FAB, CIT, withholding taxes)?	
	hearings. Extending the current 60-day legal protest window an additional 60	Due dates for sales tax, withholding and all other taxes collected by merchants have not been extended. All filing and payment deadlines and rules remain in effect.	
	days for a total of 120 days.  Extending the current 30-day protest rehearing window an additional 60	What do I do if I don't have a power of attorney on file with my client in the state of Indiana, but do have a Federal power of attorney?	
	days for a total of 90 days.  Adjusting all legal protest final decisions to delay triggering of downstream statutes of limitation.	Due to the COVID-19 outbreak, Indiana DOR will accept a Federal power of attorney (POA) to serve temporarily as the Indiana POA until further notice in certain circumstances:	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
	Allowing the use of a valid/current Federal Power of Attorney form in lieu of Indiana's State Power of Attorney forms in certain circumstances. Eliminating all possible remaining requirements for wet signatures. Hardship & Offer-In-Comprise (OIC) Support Relaxing certain record submission	<ul> <li>The tax/form type on the Federal POA matches or is similar to the Indiana tax/form for which the person seeks to represent the client;</li> <li>The requested representation is only for non-legal matters. (Any temporary acceptance of the Federal POA would not extend to protests of assessments or refund denial matters.); and</li> <li>The Federal POA was executed on or before March 6, 2020. [the date Governor Holcomb issued Executive Order 20-02, decreeing a public health emergency]</li> <li>If my employees are working from home during the COVID-19</li> </ul>	
	requirements for new case creation. Extending the time frame for record submission on all pending hardship cases until July 31, 2020. Extending new hardship and OIC case processing deadlines. Supporting all requests to adjust payment plan terms.)	In response to the new remote work requirements associated with the COVID-19 pandemic, the Indiana Department of Revenue will not use someone's relocation, that is the direct result of temporary remote work requirements arising from and during the COVID-19 pandemic health crisis, as the basis for establishing Indiana nexus or for exceeding the protections provided by P.L. 86-272 for the employer of the temporary relocated employee.  The temporary protections provided under this guidance will extend for	
	(In response to the new remote work requirements associated with the COVID-19 pandemic, the Indiana Department of Revenue will not use someone's relocation, that is the direct result of temporary remote work requirements arising from and during the COVID-19 pandemic health crisis, as the basis for establishing Indiana nexus or for exceeding the protections provided by P.L. 86-272 for the employer of	periods of time where:  1. there is an official work from home order issued by an applicable federal, state or local government unit, or  2. pursuant to the order of a physician in relation to the COVID-19 outbreak or due to an actual diagnosis of COVID-19, plus 14 days to allow for return to normal work locations.  If the person remains in Indiana after the temporary remote work requirement has ended, nexus may be established for that employer. Likewise, an employer may not assert that soley having a temporarily relocated employee in Indiana under the circumstances described above creates nexus for the business or exceeds the protections of P.L. 86-272 for the employer." (5/4/20 updated, originally posted 4/16/20)	
	the temporary relocated employee. The temporary protections provided under this guidance will extend for periods of time where:  1. there is an official work from home order issued by an	Indiana DOR press release (4/6/20)  "Indiana DOR Waiving Tax on Donated COVID-19 Supplies Waiver includes medical supplies, food, cleaning supplies and other items	
	applicable federal, state or local government unit, or  2. pursuant to the order of a physician in relation to the COVID-19 outbreak or due to an actual diagnosis of	The Indiana Department of Revenue (DOR) is taking steps to encourage the donation of medical supplies and other goods to help fight the COVID-19 pandemic.  On March 6, 2020, Governor Eric Holcomb issued Executive Order 20-02, declaring a public health disaster emergency in Indiana due to the	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
	COVID-19, plus 14 days to	coronavirus (COVID-19). Later, on March 19, 2020, Gov. Holcomb	
	allow for return to normal	issued Executive Order 20-05 to provide the following tax incentives for	
	work locations.	COVID-19 donations:	
	If the person remains in Indiana	Manufacturers making donations of medicine, medical supplies or	
	after the temporary remote work	other eligible items to fight the COVID-19 pandemic in Indiana will	
	requirement has ended, nexus may	not incur a use tax obligation for those donations; and	
	be established for that employer.	Groups or organizations making donations of medicine, medical	
	Likewise, an employer may not	supplies or other goods will not incur a use tax obligation for those	
	assert that soley having a	donations if sales tax was not paid when receiving the item.	
	temporarily relocated employee in	"Gov. Holcomb is inspiring us all to do everything we can to help	
	Indiana under the circumstances	Hoosiers during this medical emergency," said DOR Commissioner Bob	
	described above creates nexus for	Grennes. "Waiving use tax for COVID-19 supplies will empower more	
	the business or exceeds the	companies and organizations to help Hoosiers battle the spread of	
	protections of P.L. 86-272 for the	COVID-19."	
	employer.)	The tenter in the continue to make it to be a standard or it was a second of the standard or it is a second or it is at	
		Use tax typically applies to retail transactions when items are not subject	
		to sales tax at the time of purchase. Eligible items for the COVID-19	
	(Property taxes extended from April	use tax waiver include, but are not limited to:	
	1 to June 30. The waiver does not	Medicine	
	apply to tax payments which have	Medical supplies (such as personal protective equipment, ventilators	
	been escrowed by financial	and dialysis machines)	
	institutions on behalf of property	Food donated to food banks or other charities helping feed those in	
	taxpayers.)	need because of the COVID-19 crisis.	
	(Manufacturers making donations of	Clothing, bedding or personal care products donated to homeless	
	medicine, medical supplies or other	shelters or other charities helping those displaced or in jeopardy because of the COVID-19 crisis.	
	eligible items to fight the COVID-		
	19 pandemic in Indiana will not	Soaps, sanitizers, disinfectants, detergents and other cleaning supplies to medical facilities and the charities mentioned above.	
	incur a use tax obligation for those	Building supplies, beds and other materials used to construct and	
	donations; and Groups or	furnish field hospitals or other temporary medical facilities.	
	organizations making donations of	furnish field hospitals of other temporary medical facilities.	
	medicine, medical supplies or other	Companies and organizations must get approval from DOR to use the	
	goods will not incur a use tax	COVID-19 waiver by emailing COVID19donations@dor.in.gov and	
	obligation for those donations if	providing the following information:	
	sales tax was not paid when	Name of the donor.	
	receiving the item. Eligible items	The donor's Tax ID or Federal Employer Identification Number (FEIN).	
	for the COVID-19 use tax waiver	Identify if the donor is the manufacturer or purchaser of the donated	
	include, but are not limited to:	items.	
	Medicine; Medical supplies (such as	A list of all items donated, including the cost or purchase price of the	
	personal protective equipment,	items.	
	ventilators and dialysis machines);	The organization(s) receiving the listed items.	
	Food donated to food banks or other	A confirmation by the receiving organization(s) that the items have been	
	charities helping feed those in need	or will be donated. Email confirmations are accepted.	
	because of the COVID-19 crisis;		

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
State	Clothing, bedding or personal care products donated to homeless shelters or other charities helping those displaced or in jeopardy because of the COVID-19 crisis; Soaps, sanitizers, disinfectants, detergents and other cleaning supplies to medical facilities and the charities mentioned above; Building supplies, beds and other materials used to construct and furnish field hospitals or other temporary medical facilities.)	After reviewing the information, DOR will confirm if the donation has been approved for the waiver. If approved, the donor will not be required to report the use tax on their next sales and use tax return, their income tax return or a consumer use tax return.  Eligible donations made prior to March 19, 2020, will be considered; however, donation of such items will not entitle the donor to a refund of any sales or use tax previously paid to DOR or to a vendor.  Any changes to this guidance, additional modifications to normal operations or changes to tax filing and payment deadlines will be posted on DOR's website, as well as DOR's social media accounts." (4/6/20)  Governor Executive Order 20-05 (3/19/20)  "Department of Revenue (IDOR):  A. The Indiana Department of Revenue shall take such action as is necessary to ensure Indiana conforms to the relief provided by the United States Treasury Department and Internal Revenue Service under Notice 2020-17 by providing for an extension of time related to state income tax liabilities.  B. Property taxes remain due on May 1 1, 2020, however counties are to waive penalties on payments made after May 1 1, 2020, for a period of 60 days. This waiver does not apply to tax payments which have been escrowed by financial institutions on behalf of property taxpayers.  C. Subject to the approval of the IDOR, manufacturers making donations of medicine, medical supplies, or other goods in furtherance of fighting the COVID- 19 pandemic will not be subject to Indiana use tax on those items donated. Further, subject to the approval of the IDOR, groups or organizations that are not manufacturers who make any donations of medicine, medical supplies, or other goods will not incur a use tax obligation if sales tax had not been paid on such items. In either instance, such donations shall not be construed to be a retail transaction subject to sales or use tax. Donation of such items will not entitle the donor to a refund of any sales or use tax previously paid to the department or to a vendo	Other Information
		DOR Press Release (3/31/20)	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		"DOR Announces "Helping Hoosiers" COVID-19 Relief Services	
		Supporting Hoosier Taxpayers During the Health Emergency	
		Today, the Indiana Department of Revenue (DOR) outlined <b>temporary</b>	
		taxpayer relief initiatives recently implemented to support Hoosiers	
		during the statewide COVID-19 health emergency.	
		DOR's COVID-19 service enhancements include:	
		Filing, Payment & Registration Extensions	
		Extending certain individual and corporate filing and payment <u>deadlines</u> .	
		Extending certain motor carrier permitting, registration and International	
		Fuel Tax Agreement (IFTA) filing and payment requirements.	
		Extending expiring Registered Retail Merchant Certificates (RRMC) to	
		June 30, 2020.	
		Implementing case-specific penalty adjustments for late filing and	
		payments.	
		<b>Expedited Refund Processing</b>	
		Continuing all tax processing, ID protection, fraud detection and refund	
		processing operations.	
		Reallocating resources to accelerate certain refund case reviews and	
		approvals.	
		Debt Collection Relief	
		Suspending the creation of most tax filing bills, new warrants and liens.	
		Prior audit and legal bills will continue to be issued to protect statutes of limitation.	
		Suspending creation of new sheriff and collection agency collection cases.	
		Suspending outbound collection call activity to focus additional	
		resources on assisting Hoosiers with payment support and other	
		customer-care questions.	
		Suspending creation of new levy and garnishment involuntary collection	
		actions.	
		Canceling current levy and garnishment involuntary collection actions.	
		Offering installment payment plan agreements up to 60 months.	
		Working with Hoosiers to modify existing installment payment	
		agreements.	
		Moving existing payment plan due dates to July 15, 2020, upon request.	
		Suspending payment plan terminations for missed payments.	
		Audit & Legal Protest Relief	
		Suspending all in-person field audit work and working collaboratively	
		with all entities currently under audit via correspondence and	
		teleconference to meet statutory requirements.	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		Suspending the non-filer desk audit letter distributions.	
		Modifying desk audit record verification requirements (including	
		Schedule C expense verification).	
		Suspending all in-person protest hearings.	
		Extending the current 60-day legal protest window an additional 60 days	
		for a total of 120 days.	
		Extending the current 30-day protest rehearing window an additional 60 days for a total of 90 days.	
		Adjusting all legal protest final decisions to delay triggering of downstream statutes of limitation.	
		Allowing the use of a valid/current Federal Power of Attorney form in	
		lieu of Indiana's State Power of Attorney forms in certain circumstances.	
		Eliminating all possible remaining requirements for wet signatures.	
		Hardship & Offer-In-Comprise (OIC) Support	
		Relaxing certain record submission requirements for new case creation.	
		Extending the time frame for record submission on all pending hardship cases until July 31, 2020.	
		Extending new hardship and OIC case processing deadlines.	
		Supporting all requests to adjust payment plan terms.	
		Customer Service Options	
		Except for in-person services, all tax processing systems and operations	
		are operating smoothly. <u>Customer Service</u> team members are here to	
		help via phone, correspondence, email and online services Monday	
		through Friday 8 a.m 4:30 p.m. local time.	
		Governor Executive Order 20-12 (3/26/20)	
		- extends the filing deadline for Indiana property tax exemptions from April 1 <sup>st</sup> to June 30 <sup>th</sup> . Application for these property tax exemptions	
		is generally accomplished by filing an Indiana Form 136.	
		- provides for "[s]uspension of the deadline for submitting property tax	
		exemption applications found under Ind. Code §§ 6-1.1-11-3 &3.5	
		from April 1, 2020, until Tuesday, June 30, 2020."	
		(No indication that the state intends to extend the general property tax	
		return filing deadline (5/15).)	
		D D. 1 (2/10/20)	
		Press Release (3/19/20) "DOR Announces Filing and Payment Extensions	
		To provide additional support for Hoosiers during the 2020 spring	
		filing season	
		INDIANAPOLIS – Today, Governor Eric Holcomb announced the	
		Indiana Department of Revenue (DOR) is extending certain filing and	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		payment deadlines to align with the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) and support Hoosiers during the COVID-19 health crisis.  "Last night, the IRS announced tax payment extensions for individual and corporate returns. We understand that Hoosiers need that same relief and our teams are swiftly taking steps to make that happen," commented DOR Commissioner Bob Grennes.  "Since COVID-19 is impacting so many, in addition to the payment extensions announcement by the IRS, we are also extending the associated Indiana tax return filing deadlines."  Individual tax returns and payments, along with estimated payments originally due by April 15, 2020 are now due on or before July 15, 2020. Returns included are the IT-40, IT-40PNR, IT-40RNR, IT-40ES, ES-40 and SC-40.  Corporate tax returns and payments, along with estimated payments originally due by April 15 or April 20 are now due on or before July 15, 2020. Those originally due on May 15, 2020, are now due on August 17, 2020. Returns included are the IT-20, IT-41, IT-65, IT-20S, FIT-20, URT-1, IT-6, FT-QP and URT-Q.  All other tax return filings and payment due dates remain unchanged.  If Hoosiers need additional time to file, they can request an extension. Instructions for those extensions can be found on DOR's website. If an individual requests a federal extension, Indiana automatically extends the state deadline and there is no need to file anything additional.  Executive Order 20-05, signed March 19, provides that property taxes	
		remain due on May 11, 2020, however counties are to waive penalties on payments made after May 11, 2020, for a period of 60 days. The waiver does not apply to tax payments which have been escrowed by financial institutions on behalf of property taxpayers. (3/19/20)  PRIOR Bulletin announcement (3/16/20)	
Iowa	IDR Releases New State Tax Guidance: Iowa Nonconformity CARES Act of 2020 (7/14/20)	The Iowa Department of Revenue has issued guidance addressing the State's conformity to provisions of the <u>CARES Act</u> as well as its treatment of <u>GILTI and FDII</u> . (8/2/20)	News Release (3/18/20) "In response to COVID-19, the Iowa Department of Revenue is changing the way it helps taxpayers in need of assistance. <b>Taxpayers with</b>
	Iowa Nonconformity: Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act of 2020 (6/2/20)	IDR Releases New State Tax Guidance: Iowa Nonconformity CARES Act of 2020 (7/14/20)	questions should call the taxpayer services phone line at 515-281-3114 or 1-800-367-3388 or email the Department at <a href="mailto:idr@iowa.gov">idr@iowa.gov</a> ,
	Iowa DOR COVID-19 webpage with FAQs- Income Tax (5/29/20)	Iowa Nonconformity: Coronavirus Aid, Relief, & Economic Security (CARES) Act of 2020 The Department has published guidance describing Iowa's nonconformity with provisions of the CARES Act of 2020 that commonly affect income taxes for individuals and businesses for tax years beginning in calendar	rather than visiting the Department in the Hoover Building at the Iowa Capitol Complex in Des Moines.  Additionally, the Department anticipates the possibility that the Internal Revenue Service

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State	Guidance/Date  Lawa DOR COVID 10 wakaita with	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
	Iowa DOR COVID-19 website with	year 2018 or 2019. Iowa generally conforms with federal tax changes, to	(IRS) will delay certain due dates. If and when
	FAQs (4/9/20)	the extent they affect Iowa income taxes, for tax years beginning on or	this occurs, the Department plans to change
	Press Release of Governor signs	after January 1, 2020.	its deadlines.
	additional state public health	Iowa Nonconformity: Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic	The Iowa Property Assessment Appeal Board (PAAB) can be reached by email at
	emergency <u>declaration</u> (3/20/20):	Security Act of 2020 (6/2/20)	paab@iowa.gov or by phone at 515-725-0338."
	emergency deciaration (3/20/20).	Security Act of 2020 (0/2/20)	paab@iowa.gov or by phone at 313-723-0336.
	Press Release on extended filing and	Iowa has not conformed with any of these federal tax changes to the	Legislature: The Senate <u>adjourned</u> at 11:45 p.m.
	payment (3/19/20)	extent they apply to any tax year beginning prior to January 1, 2020. The	until 10:00 a.m. on Wednesday, April 15, or as
	payment (3/13/20)	relevant retroactive tax provisions are identified below. <b>The</b>	otherwise deemed necessary by the Legislative
	Press Release on extended	Department is developing nonconformity guidance for release in the	Council. The House adjourned at 12:12 AM
	withholding deposits (3/19/20)	near future that will include a detailed description of these	until the appropriate time to reconvene.
	winning deposits (e/15/20)	provisions and instructions for how to report these differences on	
	Order 2020-01 Granting Certain	Iowa returns.	
	Extensions Under Iowa Code	Also, note that these CARES Act nonconformity issues for tax years	
	Section 421.17(30) Due to	2018 and 2019 are in addition to other retroactive nonconformity issues	
	Proclamation of Disaster	resulting from the Taxpayer Certainty and Disaster Relief Act of 2019,	
	Emergency (3/19/20)	enacted on December 20, 2019. The Department has already issued	
		nonconformity guidance on that Act, which is available on the <b><u>Iowa</u></b>	
	(July 31 deadline – for return filing	Nonconformity: Taxpayer Certainty and Disaster Tax Relief Act of	
	and payment due 3/19-7/31 –	2019 page.	
	individual, composite, fiduciary,	If Iowa's conformity with these or other provisions is changed in the	
	corporation, franchise tax,	future by the Iowa General Assembly, which is set to reconvene on June	
	partnership, S corp, credit union –	3, 2020, the Department will issue guidance related to those changes.	
	no late filing or underpayment	Iowa generally conforms with tax provisions of the CARES Act to	
	penalties. Interest starting 8/1/20.	the extent they affect Iowa income taxes for tax years beginning on	
	Relief does not apply to estimated	or after January 1, 2020.	
	taxes. Relief includes fiscal year	Potrogetive previsions of the CAPES Act with which I away does not	
	returns. The filing and payment	Retroactive provisions of the CARES Act with which Iowa does not conform:	
	extension applies to any tax return	Paycheck Protection Program (PPP) under the CARES Act.	
	and associated tax payment listed in	Section 1102 of the CARES Act establishes a loan program for	
	Order 2020-01 with a due date on or	qualifying small businesses to incentivize such businesses to keep	
	after March 19, 2020, but before	workers on payroll despite possible financial strain due to the COVID-	
	July 31, 2020. The filing and payment extension does not apply to	19 pandemic. Under the PPP, loans may be forgiven if the funds are used	
	estimated tax payments. A	as permitted under the CARES Act. A taxpayer's PPP loan that is	
	calendar-year filer's 1st quarter and	forgiven and properly excluded from federal gross income under section	
	2nd quarter 2020 estimated	1106 of the CARES Act in a tax year beginning on or after January 1,	
	payments are due on April 30, 2020,	2020, will also qualify for exclusion from income for Iowa tax purposes.	
	and June 30, 2020, respectively.	However, Iowa is not conformed with section 1106 of the CARES Act	
	Estimated taxes were specifically	for tax years beginning prior to January 1, 2020. If a taxpayer receives	
	excluded from the relief in Order	PPP loan forgiveness for a tax year beginning prior to January 1, 2020,	
	2020-01. The estimated tax	that discharge of indebtedness may be considered income for Iowa tax	
	underpayment penalty relief		
	and of payment penalty rener	l	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
	provided in Order 2020-03 only	purposes, unless the income qualifies for exclusion under another	
	applies to certain estimated tax	applicable provision of federal or Iowa law.	
	installments due for tax years that	Modification of Limitation on Losses for Taxpayers Other than	
	begin in 2020. For example, 2019	Corporations (Excess Business Losses) under the CARES Act.	
	estimated tax payments for calendar	Section 2304 of the CARES Act temporarily suspended the excess	
	year filers were due in four	business loss limitation under Internal Revenue Code (IRC) section	
	installments (e.g. April 30, June 30,	461(l) for tax years 2018 through 2020. Iowa was not conformed with	
	September 30, January 31, 2020)	the excess business loss limitation for tax year 2018, so the temporary	
	and these penalties are imposed for	suspension of the excess business loss limitation in the CARES Act	
	failure to make adequate estimated	should have no effect on the calculation of net income on 2018 Iowa	
	payments on time. Those estimated	income tax returns. For tax year 2019, the excess business loss limitation	
	payments are not covered by these	will apply for Iowa tax purposes, even though the limitation does not	
	Orders. Penalties calculated on the	apply for federal purposes.	
	2019 <b>IA 2210</b> , <b>2210F</b> , or <b>2210S</b>	Modification of Limitation on Business Interest under the CARES	
	(individuals) or 2019 <b>IA 2220</b>	Act.	
	(corporations and financial	Section 2306 of the CARES Act makes several changes to the limitation	
	institutions subject to franchise tax)	on the deduction of business interest under IRC section 163(j). In	
	still must be paid with the Iowa	relevant part, the provision increases, at the election of the taxpayer, the	
	return. The same outcome would	percentage of a taxpayer's adjusted taxable income (ATI) used in	
	apply to fiscal-year filers for tax	calculating the deduction limitation from 30% to 50% for tax years 2019	
	years that began in 2018 or 2019	and 2020. The provision provides that the ATI increase does not apply to	
	with due dates that fall within the	partnerships in tax year 2019, and instead includes special rules that	
	period covered by Order 2020-01.	ultimately affect a partner's business interest limitation calculation	
	Because estimated payments were	beginning in tax year 2020. Iowa is not conformed with this change to	
	specifically excluded from Order	the extent it applies retroactively to tax year 2019. Specifically, the ATI	
	2020-01, underpayment penalties	percentage used in calculating the deduction limitation is 30% for Iowa	
	due on required payments during the	tax purposes in tax year 2019, even though many taxpayers have the	
	period covered by that order and	option to use 50% for federal purposes.	
	those returns will still apply.	Depreciation of Qualified Improvement Property (QIP) under the	
	Previously extended tax returns that	CARES Act.	
	have an extended due date on or	Section 2307 of the CARES Act provides that qualified improvement	
	after March 19, 2020, but before	property, as defined under section 168(e)(6) of the IRC, placed in service	
	July 31, 2020, benefit from the	after December 31, 2017, may be classified as 15-year MACRS property	
	filing extension to July 31, 2020.	for federal depreciation purposes and is assigned a class life of 20 years	
	Note, however, that under Iowa law	for ADS purposes. Iowa does not conform to this treatment for tax years	
	an automatic extension only extends	2016 through 2019, and instead treats qualified improvement property	
	the time to file a return, not to pay	placed in service during those tax years as 39-year property. Bonus	
	the tax. Therefore, taxpayers with	depreciation under IRC section 168(k) is not allowed for Iowa tax	
	tax due prior to March 19, 2020	purposes for any tax year.	
	may accrue interest on the balance	Iowa generally conforms with tax provisions of the CARES Act to	
	of unpaid tax. The suspension of	the extent they affect Iowa income taxes for tax years beginning on	
	interest only applies to interest that	or after January 1, 2020. (7/14/20)	
	accrues between March 19, 2020,	L. DOD COVID 10 11 11 14 EAO. L. T. (5/20/20)	
	and July 31, 2020. Order 2020-03	<u>Iowa DOR COVID-19 webpage with FAQs- Income Tax</u> (5/29/20)	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
	allows taxpayers to use their 2018		
	income tax liability (or 110% of	"If my business receives a federal Paycheck Protection Program	
	their 2018 liability for high income	(PPP) loan that is later forgiven and excluded from gross income for	
	taxpayers) to compute safe harbor	federal income tax purposes under section 1106 of the federal	
	estimates for 2020 estimated tax	CARES Act, will that income tax exclusion also apply for Iowa	
	installment payments with a due	income tax purposes?	
	date on or after April 30, 2020, and	A taxpayer's PPP loan that is forgiven and properly excluded from	
	before July 31, 2020. For most	federal gross income under section 1106 of the federal CARES Act in a	
	individuals, this additional relief	tax year beginning on or after January 1, 2020, will also qualify for	
	will apply to their 1st and 2nd	exclusion from income for Iowa tax purposes. However, Iowa is not	
	quarter estimates for tax year 2020	conformed with section 1106 of the federal CARES Act for tax years	
	due on or before April 30, 2020, and	beginning prior to January 1, 2020. If a taxpayer receives PPP loan	
	June 30, 2020. A taxpayer will not	forgiveness for a tax year beginning prior to January 1, 2020, that	
	be subject to penalties for	discharge of indebtedness may be considered income for Iowa tax	
	underpayment of estimated tax with	purposes, unless the income qualifies for exclusion under another	
	respect to both installments due on	applicable provision of federal or Iowa law. The Department of Revenue	
	April 30, 2020, and June 30, 2020,	will provide additional guidance on this topic in the future if necessary.	
	if the individual pays the following	Will the federal COVID-19 economic impact payments be taxable in	
	amounts for each installment	Iowa?	
	payment:	No. The COVID-19 economic impact payments authorized in section	
	27.5% of their 2018 Iowa tax	2201 of the federal CARES Act, whether in the form of a rebate or a	
	liability for a taxpayer whose	refundable tax credit, will not be included in Iowa taxable income or	
	2018 federal adjusted gross	added back as part of an individual's reportable federal income tax	
	income (as adjusted for any Iowa	refund for Iowa individual income tax purposes.	
	decoupling including bonus	Will the presence of employees temporarily telecommuting from	
	depreciation/section 179	within Iowa solely as a result of states of emergency declared in	
	adjustment) is greater than	response to COVID-19 establish Iowa income tax nexus for a	
	\$150,000, or greater than \$75,000	business that does not otherwise have nexus in this state?	
	for a married filing separate	No. The Iowa corporate income tax is imposed on all corporations	
	taxpayer; or	"doing business" within the state or deriving income from sources within	
	25% of their 2018 Iowa tax	Iowa. Business entities that do not owe taxes but which are "doing	
	liability for any other taxpayer.	business" in the state are required to file Iowa returns. The term "doing	
	As a result, for taxpayers who	business" is used in a comprehensive sense and includes all activities or	
	computed their tax year 2019 safe	any transactions for the purpose of financial or pecuniary gain or profit.	
	harbor estimates using their 2018	Having employees working within the state of Iowa meets the definition	
	tax liability, and had no change in	of "doing business" in Iowa and subjects a company to the Iowa	
	their withholding since 2019, their	corporate income tax, unless the business qualifies for the protections of	
	1st and 2nd quarter safe harbor	Public Law 86-272.	
	estimated payments for tax year	However, in light of the unusual circumstances presented by the	
	2020 will match their tax year 2019	COVID-19 pandemic in which workers are required or strongly	
	required quarterly estimated	encouraged by state and federal governments to remain at home and	
	payment. However, any taxpayer	limit social contact, the Department does not believe that the presence of	
	who takes advantage of the	employees who normally work outside of Iowa, but who are now	
	underpayment penalty relief	working remotely from within the state solely as a result of the COVID-	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
	provided in Order 2020-03 must add	19 pandemic state of emergency represents the same type of business	
	the remaining amount due for these	activity on the part of the employer contemplated by the law.	
	installments to their next installment	Therefore, while Iowa's state of emergency in response to COVID-19,	
	due on or after July 31, 2020. For	or similar declared state of emergency in the state where the worker	
	most individuals, this will increase	normally worked prior to the COVID-19 pandemic, remains in effect,	
	the required 3rd quarter estimate	the Department will not consider the presence of one or more employees	
	due September 30, 2020. Failure to	working remotely from within Iowa solely due to the COVID-19	
	pay the increased required	pandemic, by itself, sufficient business activity within the state to	
	installment by the taxpayer's first	establish Iowa corporate income tax nexus. Nor does the Department	
	due date on or after July 31, 2020,	consider such presence by non-sales employees due to the pandemic	
	will be considered an underpayment	sufficient, by itself, to cause a corporation to lose the protections of	
	of estimated taxes for the	Public Law 86-272.	
	installment. The relief granted in	The position contained in this document only applies to states of	
	Order 2020-03 is available to any	emergency declared in response to COVID-19. This position does not	
	taxpayer required to make a tax year	extend to other facts and circumstances.	
	2020 estimated income tax payment	Will Iowa individual income tax filing and withholding	
	on or after April 30, 2020, but	requirements change as a result of temporary telecommuting due to	
	before July 31, 2020. If an overpaid	COVID-19?	
	an installment, the overpayment	No, Iowa individual income tax and withholding requirements have not	
	will be carried to the next	been modified by the COVID-19 pandemic.	
	installment due. The underpayment	Compensation for personal services rendered within the state of Iowa is	
	of estimated tax penalty is	subject to Iowa income tax, unless that income is exempted by a specific	
	calculated separately for each	provision of Iowa law. Generally, an employer maintaining an office or	
	quarter. To avoid penalties, the	transacting business within this state is required to withhold for	
	taxpayer must timely pay at least	employees.	
	25% (or 27.5% for a high income	Iowa individual residents are subject to tax on their entire income,	
	taxpayer) of the 2018 income tax	wherever earned, so an Iowa resident's income tax return filing	
	liability with the 1st quarter income	requirements should not be affected by temporary telecommuting in	
	tax estimate and by the due date of	Iowa or another state. Nonresidents of Iowa who normally work in Iowa	
	the 2nd quarter installment, the	but are temporarily telecommuting in another state, or who normally	
	taxpayer must pay at least 50% (or	work outside of Iowa but are temporarily telecommuting in Iowa, may	
	55% for a high income taxpayer) of	need to adjust their income apportionment or their Iowa income tax	
	the 2018 income tax liability, if the	return filing requirement.	
	relief granted in Order 2020-03 is	Note, however, that Iowa has a reciprocal agreement with the state of	
	utilized. Individuals may be able to	Illinois. This agreement provides that any wages or salary made by an	
	reduce or eliminate the amount of	Iowa resident working in Illinois is taxable only to Iowa and not to	
	one or more of your required	Illinois, and that any wages or salary made by an Illinois resident	
	installments by using the annualized	working in Iowa is taxable only to Illinois and not to Iowa. This may	
	income installment method	eliminate or reduce wage sourcing issues with respect to these	
	calculated on the IA 2210 Schedule	individuals. View more information on this <b>Iowa-Illinois Reciprocal</b>	
	AI. Individuals who cannot pay	<u>Agreement</u> ." (5/29/20)	
	quarterly estimates may apply to the		
	Department for a waiver of	Iowa DOR COVID-19 website with FAQs (4/9/20)	
	underpayment penalty.		

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
	Deadlines for the IA 1041 Fiduciary	"On March 19, 2020, the Director of the Department of Revenue issued	
	Income Tax Return filed by estates	Order 2020-01 granting certain filing and payment extensions pursuant	
	and trusts are extended by the	to Iowa Code section 421.17(30) following the Governor's Proclamation	
	Order, but the Order does not extend	of Disaster Emergency in response to the recent outbreak of the COVID-	
	payment and filing deadlines related	19 virus.	
	to the IA 706 Inheritance Tax	IDR Orders & News Releases	
	Return. The regular deadline for	<ul> <li><u>Iowa Issues Order related to Estimated Tax Payments</u> (April 9,</li> </ul>	
	paying Iowa inheritance tax	2020)	
	reported on an IA 706 is the last day	<ul> <li>Order 2020-03: Granting Certain Penalty Relief Under Iowa</li> </ul>	
	of the 9th month following the death	Code Section 421.17(30) (April 9, 2020)	
	of the decedent. <u>A taxpayer's PPP</u>	<ul> <li><u>Iowa Small Business Relief Tax Deferral Program still</u></li> </ul>	
	loan that is forgiven and properly	accepting applications (April 8, 2020)	
	excluded from federal gross income	Order 2020-02: Granting Certain Extensions Under Iowa Code	
	under section 1106 of the federal	Section 441.37(1)(a)(1) (April 2, 2020)	
	CARES Act in a tax year beginning	Order 2020-01: Granting Certain Extensions Under Iowa Code	
	on or after January 1, 2020, will also	Section 421.17(30) (March 19, 2020)	
	qualify for exclusion from income	Iowa to extend filing and payment deadline for income tax and	
	for Iowa tax purposes. The	other tax types (March 19, 2020)	
	COVID-19 economic impact	Iowa to extend income tax withholding deposit due date (March	
	payments authorized in section 2201 of the federal CARES Act, whether	19, 2020)	
	in the form of a rebate or a	<ul> <li>News from the Iowa Department of Revenue - Appeals</li> </ul>	
	refundable tax credit, will not be	Operations (March 18, 2020)	
	included in Iowa taxable income or	• News from the Iowa Department of Revenue (March 18, 2020)	
	added back as part of an	_	
	individual's reportable federal	Iowa Small Business Relief Program	
	income tax refund for Iowa	The Iowa Department of Revenue is still accepting applications for the	
	individual income tax purposes.	Small Business Relief Tax Deferral.	
	The Department does not believe	The Iowa Department of Revenue (IDR), Iowa Economic Development	
	that the presence of employees who	Authority (IEDA), and the Governor's Office partnered to provide a	
	normally work outside of Iowa, but	small business relief program to businesses impacted by the COVID-19	
	who are now working remotely	pandemic. While the IEDA deadline for a small business relief grant has	
	from within the state solely as a	expired, IDR will continue receiving applications from businesses	
	result of the COVID-19 pandemic	requesting a tax deferral. Complete and submit a <u>Small Business Relief</u>	
	state of emergency represents the	Tax Deferral application to request deferral. Additional details are	
	same type of business activity on	available within the Frequently Asked Questions below.	
	the part of the employer	Evacuantly Asked Questions	
	contemplated by the law.	Frequently Asked Questions This guidance decument is intended to answer frequently asked	
	Therefore, while Iowa's state of	This guidance document is intended to answer frequently asked questions from taxpayers relating to these recent events. <b>This page will</b>	
	emergency in response to COVID-	be updated periodically as questions are received by the	
	19, or similar declared state of	Department, so please consult this page regularly before contacting	
	emergency in the state where the	the Department. Additional information from other state agencies and	
	worker normally worked prior to the	the Governor's Office can be found at coronavirus.iowa.gov/.	
	COVID-19 pandemic, remains in	the Governor's office can be found at coronavirus.iowa.gov/.	

effect, the Department will not consider the presence of one or more employees working remotely from within Iowa solely due to the COVID-19 pandemic, by itself, sufficient business activity within the state to establish Iowa corporate income tax nexus. Nor does the Department consider such presence by non-sales employees due to the pandemic sufficient, by itself, to cause a corporation to lose the protections of Public Law 86-272. Iowa individual income tax and withholding requirements have not been modified by the COVID-19 pandemic. Iowa individual residents are subject to tax on their entire income, wherever earned, so an Iowa resident's income tax return filing requirements should not be affected by temporary telecommuting in Iowa or another state. Nonresidents of Iowa who normally work in Iowa but are temporarily telecommuting in another state, or who normally work outside of Iowa but are temporarily telecommuting in Iowa, may need to adjust their income apportionment or their Iowa income tax return filing requirement. Iowa Nonconformity: Coronavirus Aid, Relief, & Economic Security (CARES) Act of 2020 - The Department has published guidance describing Iowa's nonconformity with provisions of the CARES Act of 2020 that commonly affect income taxes for individuals and businesses for tax years beginning in calendar year 2018 or 2019. Iowa generally conforms with federal tax changes, to the extent they affect Iowa income taxes, for tax years

If you have a question that is not answered below, please submit your question through the <u>Request for Tax Guidance</u>. The Department is monitoring the Request for Tax Guidance page daily to prioritize and get taxpayers the information they need as quickly as possible.

### Iowa Small Business Relief Program

### Who is eligible for the deferral and waiver of penalty and interest?

All sales tax and/or withholding tax permit holders can apply by filling out the <u>Small Business Relief Tax Deferral</u> application. Factors considered during application review: industry type; current standing with the Department; and, economic loss related to COVID-19.

### What exactly does "tax deferral" mean?

If a tax deferral is granted by the Iowa Department of Revenue, a taxpayer will be given 60 days to pay their balance due for the applicable taxes. Penalties would be waived and interest would be waived for the first 60 days after the original due date. Interest would begin to accrue 61 days after the original due date on the original tax due.

# What taxes are included in the deferral and waiver of penalty and interest?

Sales tax, including any consumer's use tax reported by a taxpayer on a sales tax return, and withholding tax are included. Retailer's use tax and consumer's use tax are not eligible.

### Does this apply to returns or just payments due?

Returns and payments for sales and withholding, due between March 20, 2020 and April 30, 2020 are eligible.

# When will I hear back from the Department?

The Department will contact you, either in writing or by phone, if a tax deferral was requested. Our goal is to respond to applications received within two weeks.

### What if the 60-day deferral isn't sufficient?

If you need additional time to pay your balance due, please contact the Department to discuss payment arrangements.

# What if I'm unable to make payments for more than one sales and/or withholding tax return? Do I need to request assistance for each return?

No. For example, if you were unable to pay the return due March 20, and you anticipate not being able to pay the return due April 30, both payments can be deferred now. Please indicate on your application what periods you are asking to be deferred.

# Can I request a refund of the sales tax and/or withholding tax I already submitted to the Department?

No, the Department will not refund payments already remitted.

beginning on or after January 1, 2020. A Retroactive provisions of the CARES Act with which Iowa does not conform:

Paycheck Protection Program (PPP) under the CARES Act.

A taxpayer's PPP loan that is forgiven and properly excluded from federal gross income under section 1106 of the CARES Act in a tax year beginning on or after January 1, 2020, will also qualify for exclusion from income for Iowa tax purposes. However, Iowa is not conformed with section 1106 of the CARES Act for tax years beginning prior to January 1, 2020. If a taxpayer receives PPP loan forgiveness for a tax year beginning prior to January 1, 2020, that discharge of indebtedness may be considered income for Iowa tax purposes, unless the income qualifies for exclusion under another applicable provision of federal or Iowa law. Modification of Limitation on Losses for **Taxpayers Other than Corporations** (Excess Business Losses) under the CARES Act - Iowa was not conformed with the excess business loss limitation for tax year 2018, so the temporary suspension of the excess business loss limitation in the CARES Act should have no effect on the calculation of net income on 2018 Iowa income tax returns. For tax year 2019, the excess business loss limitation will apply for Iowa tax purposes, even though the limitation does not apply for federal purposes. Modification of Limitation on Business Interest under the CARES Act - Iowa is not conformed with this change to the

### Property Tax

On March 19, 2020, Governor Reynolds issued another <u>Proclamation of Disaster Emergency</u> temporarily suspending the imposition of penalty and interest on certain property tax payments.

### Are property tax payment deadlines extended?

The Governor has issued a proclamation that waives penalty and interest that would have accrued if someone did not pay property tax by April 1, 2020. If someone doesn't pay by April 1, 2020, the person would still be technically "delinquent," he or she just wouldn't owe penalty and interest for the late payment. Treasurers will still have authority to send a delinquency notice if payment is not received ahead of April 1, 2020.

#### Income Tax

**NOTE:** If you need to cancel a scheduled Income Tax payment, view the *Need to cancel a Direct Debit payment?* instructions from **Do You Owe Tax? Here Are Your Payment Options**.

# Is the Department still processing tax refunds and rent reimbursements?

Yes, so far the Department's operations have not been affected by the changes related to the Department's safety procedures. State income tax refunds currently are being processed at about the 30-day mark. Taxpayers can check the status of their refunds at the Department's website where's my refund page.

# Does the filing and payment extension affect the deadline for filing amended returns and requesting refunds for previous income tax years?

No, the filing and payment extension only applies to affected returns with a due date on or after March 19, 2020, but before July 31, 2020. Under Iowa law, a claim for refund or credit must be filed within 3 years of the date the return became due, or within 1 year of the date the payment of tax was made, whichever is later. For example, a refund request related to tax previously paid with a 2016 individual income tax return filed on April 30, 2017, must be made on an amended individual income tax return no later than April 30, 2020, in order to be considered timely.

# The Order mentions estates and trusts, does the filing and payment extension affect IA 706 Inheritance Tax Returns?

No. Deadlines for the IA 1041 Fiduciary Income Tax Return filed by estates and trusts are extended by the Order, but the Order does not

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
	extent it applies retroactively to tax year 2019. Specifically, the ATI percentage used in calculating the deduction limitation is 30% for Iowa tax purposes in tax year 2019, even though many taxpayers have the option to use 50% for federal purposes. Depreciation of Qualified Improvement Property (QIP) under the CARES Act - Iowa does not conform to this treatment for tax years 2016 through 2019, and instead treats qualified improvement property placed in service during those tax years as 39-year property. Bonus depreciation under IRC section 168(k) is not allowed for Iowa tax purposes for any tax year.)	extend payment and filing deadlines related to the IA 706 Inheritance Tax Return. The regular deadline for paying Iowa inheritance tax reported on an IA 706 is the last day of the 9th month following the death of the decedent.  Does the filing and payment extension apply to taxpayers that file returns on a fiscal-year basis?  Yes, the filing and payment extension applies to any tax return and associated tax payment listed in Order 2020-01 with a due date on or after March 19, 2020, but before July 31, 2020. The filing and payment extension does not apply to estimated tax payments. For information about estimated tax payments, see the <i>Estimated (Income Tax) Payments</i> section below.  Does the due date extension apply to previously extended returns? Yes, previously extended tax returns that have an extended due date on or after March 19, 2020, but before July 31, 2020, benefit from the filing extension to July 31, 2020, granted in Order 2020-01. Note, however, that under Iowa law an automatic extension only extends the time to file a return, not to pay the tax. Therefore, taxpayers with tax due prior to	Other Information
	(Sales tax and/or withholding tax permit holders can apply for the Small Business Relief Tax Deferral. Factors considered during application review: industry type; current standing with the Department; and, economic loss related to COVID-19 – provides 60 days penalties and interest waived. Sales tax, including any consumer's use tax reported by a taxpayer on a sales tax return, and withholding tax are included. Retailer's use tax and consumer's use tax are not eligible. Returns and payments for sales and withholding, due between March 20, 2020 and April 30, 2020 are eligible.)  (Property tax - waives penalty and interest that would have accrued if someone did not pay property tax by April 1, 2020.)	March 19, 2020 (the start date of Order 2020-01) may accrue interest on the balance of unpaid tax. The suspension of interest provided in Order 2020-01 only applies to interest that accrues between March 19, 2020, and July 31, 2020. If you believe you were assessed interest on unpaid tax for the period covered by Order 2020-01, please contact the Department using the information provided on your Notice of Assessment.  Example: Corporation XYZ's 2018 tax year began on July 1, 2018, and ended June 30, 2019. Corporation XYZ paid 90% of the tax due with regard to its 2018 IA 1120 by the original filing deadline of October 31, 2019. Therefore, Corporation XYZ was automatically granted a 6-month extension, until April 30, 2020, to file its 2018 IA 1120 return. Because this April 30, 2020, extended deadline falls within the time period covered in the Order, and because the IA 1120 is a return listed in the Order, corporation XYZ has until July 31, 2020, to file its 2018 IA 1120. Interest is due on any remaining tax due with regard to its 2018 IA 1120 from November 1, 2019, until such time the tax is paid, except that interest is not due during the period covered by the Order (March 19, 2020, through July 31, 2020).  Can a taxpayer change the date of a scheduled IA 1040V payment setup for ACH payment by tax preparation software?  No. The taxpayer cannot change the date of a scheduled tax payment, but they can send an email to idreft@iowa.gov and ask them to cancel the payment. To do this, the taxpayer must be specific about what they want to accomplish. For example, I wish to cancel the final 2019	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		individual income tax payment, in the amount of \$X,XXX. The	
		taxpayers must include their name and the last 4 digits of their social	
		security number.	
		If the taxpayer wishes to schedule a new payment they can accomplish this using <b>eFile &amp; Pay</b> , this option will be available for balance due	
		payments April 24, 2020. Another option is to complete an IA 1040V	
		payment voucher and mail this form, along with a check, to the address	
		noted on the form by the extended due date.	
		eFile and Pay can also be used to pay estimated income tax payments.	
		After enrolling users have the ability to review payment history or cancel	
		scheduled payments. For more information visit <b>eFile &amp; Pay</b> .	
		Estimated (Income Tax) Payments	
		Does the filing and payment extension apply to required estimated	
		income tax payments?	
		No.  Are income toy estimated payments still required to be made by	
		Are income tax estimated payments still required to be made by their regular due date?	
		Yes. For example, a calendar-year filer's 1st quarter and 2nd quarter	
		2020 estimated payments are due on April 30, 2020, and June 30, 2020,	
		respectively.	
		Does the penalty waiver provided in Order 2020-01 or the estimated	
		tax underpayment penalty relief provided in Order 2020-03 apply to	
		penalties for underpayment of tax year 2018 or 2019 estimated taxes	
		(IA 2210 penalties) required to be paid with the return?  No. Estimated taxes were specifically excluded from the relief in Order	
		2020-01. The estimated tax underpayment penalty relief provided in	
		Order 2020-03 only applies to certain estimated tax installments due for	
		tax years that begin in 2020. For example, 2019 estimated tax payments	
		for calendar year filers were due in four installments (e.g. April 30, June	
		30, September 30, January 31, 2020) and these penalties are imposed for	
		failure to make adequate estimated payments on time. Those estimated	
		payments are not covered by these Orders. Penalties calculated on the	
		2019 IA 2210, 2210F, or 2210S (individuals) or 2019 IA 2220	
		(corporations and financial institutions subject to franchise tax) still must be paid with the Iowa return. The same outcome would apply to fiscal-	
		year filers for tax years that began in 2018 or 2019 with due dates that	
		fall within the period covered by Order 2020-01. Because estimated	
		payments were specifically excluded from Order 2020-01,	
		underpayment penalties due on required payments during the period	
		covered by that order and those returns will still apply. See the	
		appropriate forms for more details.	

Specific to Individuals

What safe harbors from underpayment penalties are available to individuals under existing Iowa statute and rule for estimated payments for tax year 2020?

There are a number of statutory and rule-based safe harbor protections from underpayment penalties available for individuals required to make estimated payments of tax under Iowa law for tax year 2020. Iowa determines underpayment of estimated tax for individuals in generally the same manner as provided under the Internal Revenue Code. Generally, taxpayers who will owe less than \$200 in tax after withholding for the taxable year will not face a penalty for underpayment of estimated tax. Individuals may also avoid an underpayment penalty if current year payments (estimated payments + withholding) made by the installment due dates equal or exceed one of the following:

- A. 100% of the individual's 2019 Iowa tax liability, or 110% for high income taxpayers. A high income taxpayer includes any taxpayer whose 2019 federal adjusted gross income (as adjusted for any Iowa decoupling including bonus depreciation/section 179 adjustment) is greater than \$150,000 (\$75,000 for married filing separate federal returns).
- B. 90% of the tax liability on the taxpayer's 2020 income or annualized income as determined on form IA 2210 and IA 2210 Schedule AI.

For more information on estimated income tax payments and underpayment penalties for individuals, see **Estimated income Tax Payments** and Iowa Administrative Code chapter **701—49**. Also see below for additional relief from certain 2020 estimated income tax underpayment penalties granted in Order 2020-03.

Has the Department granted any additional underpayment penalty relief for tax year 2020, because I intend to rely on my 2019 tax liability for computing my safe harbor estimates for tax year 2020, but my 2019 tax return will not be complete until the extended Iowa filing deadline of July 31, 2020?

Yes. As explained below, Order 2020-03 allows taxpayers to use their 2018 income tax liability (or 110% of their 2018 liability for high income taxpayers) to compute safe harbor estimates for 2020 estimated tax installment payments with a due date on or after April 30, 2020, and before July 31, 2020. For most individuals, this additional relief will apply to their 1st and 2nd quarter estimates for tax year 2020 due on or before April 30, 2020, and June 30, 2020.

A taxpayer will not be subject to penalties for underpayment of estimated tax with respect to both installments due on April 30, 2020, and June 30, 2020, if the individual pays the following amounts for each installment payment:

27.5% of their 2018 lowa tax liability for a taxpayer whose 2018 [cdertal adjusted gross income (as adjusted for an interval of their 2018 lowa tax liability for any other taxpayer; or 25% of their 2018 lowa tax liability for any other taxpayer.  As a result, for taxpayers who computed their tax year 2019 safe harbor estimates using their 2018 tax liability, and had no change in their withholding since 2019, their Ist and 2014 quarter aharbor estimated payments for tax year 2020 will match their tax year 2019 required quarterly estimated payment.  However, any taxpayer who takes advantage of the underpayment penalty relief provided in Order 2020-03 must add the remaining amount due for these installments to their next installment on or after July 31, 2020. For most individuals, this will increase the required 37 quarter estimate due September 30, 2020. Failure to pay their cinesaed required installment by the taxpayer's first due date on or after July 31, 2020, will be considered an underpayment of estimated taxes for the installment.  Example 1: Taxpayer A is an individual with a 2018 federal adjusted gross income as modified for lowa pusies of 18 follows a 2018 IA 1040 lowa Individual lincome Tax Return that covered a period of 12 months, and showed a total tax due of \$5.000.  Taxpayer A's Ist and 2nd installments of 2020 quartery estimated tax are due on April 30, 2020, and June 30, 2020 the cits started tax are due to April 30, 2020, and June 30, 2021 to estimated tax on or before the April 30, 2020, and June 30, 2021 to estimated tax on or before the April 30, 2020, and June 30, 2020. Taxpayer A will not be subject to a penalty for underpayment of estimated tax for the 1st and 2nd quarter of 2020.  Taxpayer A pays \$1,250 (i.e., \$5,000 x 0.25) in estimated tax on or before the April 30, 2020 due date, and pays \$1,250 in estimated tax on or before the April 30, 2020 due date, and pays \$1,250 in estimated tax on or before the April 30, 2020 due tax on deep and the subject to a penalty for underpayment of esti
pay pursuant to Order 2020-03 (\$2,500) must be added to Taxpayer A's 3rd quarter safe harbor estimated payment for 2020. In other words, Taxpayer A adds \$1,250 (i.e., \$3,750 - \$2,500) to the \$1,875 3rd quarter installment, and therefore must pay at least \$3,125 (i.e., \$1,250 + \$1,875) as a 3rd quarter estimate by September 30, 2020 in order to avoid an underpayment penalty for the 3rd quarter.

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		B filed a 2018 IA 1040 Iowa Individual Income Tax Return that	
		covered a period of 12 months, and showed a total tax due of	
		\$20,000. Taxpayer B also had a 2019 tax liability of \$25,000 on	
		Taxpayer B's 2019 Iowa individual income tax return.	
		Taxpayer B's 1st installment of 2020 quarterly estimated tax is due	
		on April 30, 2020. Taxpayer B pays \$5,500 (i.e., \$20,000 × 0.275) in	
		estimated tax on or before the April 30, 2020, due date.	
		Taxpayer B's 2nd installment of 2020 quarterly estimated tax is due	
		on June 30, 2020. Taxpayer B pays \$5,500 (i.e., \$20,000 × 0.275) in	
		estimated tax on or before the June 30, 2020, due date. As a result,	
		Taxpayer B will not be subject to a penalty for underpayment of	
		estimated tax for the 1st and 2nd quarter of 2020.	
		Taxpayer B's 3rd installment of 2020 quarterly estimated tax is due	
		on September 30, 2020. Taxpayer B pays \$6,875 (i.e., \$25,000 x	
		0.275) in estimated tax on September 30, 2020.	
		Taxpayer B is subject to an underpayment penalty for the 3rd	
		installment payment because Taxpayer B did not pay the additional	
		estimated tax required under Order 2020-03. To avoid underpayment penalty, Taxpayer B should have added to the 3rd installment	
		payment the difference between the 1st and 2nd required installment	
		payments required without regard to the relief provided in Order	
		2020-03 (\$6,875 $\times$ 2 = \$13,750) less the 1st and 2nd required	
		installment payments required to be made under Order 2020-03	
		(\$5,500 $\times$ 2 = \$11,000). Thus, Taxpayer B should have paid at least	
		\$9,625 by September 30, 2020 (i.e., (\$13,750 - \$11,000) + \$6,875).	
		Is the relief granted in Order 2020-03 available even if I file my 2019	
		Iowa income tax return prior to July 31, 2020?	
		Yes, the relief granted in Order 2020-03 is available to any taxpayer	
		required to make a tax year 2020 estimated income tax payment on or	
		after April 30, 2020, but before July 31, 2020.	
		What if I rely on the underpayment relief provided in Order 2020-	
		03 in computing and paying my applicable safe harbor estimated	
		payments for 2020, but my minimum estimated installment	
		payments using the regular underpayment penalty exceptions are	
		later determined to be lower when I complete my 2020 Iowa income	
		tax return?	
		You will be considered to have overpaid your installment and the	
		overpayment will be carried to the next installment due. The	
		underpayment penalty relief provided in Order 2020-03 is in addition to	
		any existing underpayment penalty exceptions already provided by Iowa	
		law.	

Does Order 2020-03 indicate that a taxpayer will not be assessed any estimated tax underpayment penalty if they pay 50% of the 2018 income tax liability with the 2nd installment?

This is only true if the taxpayer also timely paid at least 25% (or 27.5% for a high income taxpayer) of the 2018 income tax liability with the 1st quarter income tax estimate. By the due date of the 2nd quarter installment the taxpayer must pay at least 50% (or 55% for a high income taxpayer) of the 2018 income tax liability, if the relief granted in Order 2020-03 is utilized. The underpayment of estimated tax penalty is calculated separately for each quarter.

What relief is available if I believe my income for tax year 2020 will vary substantially between different quarters because of economic disruptions caused by COVID-19?

Iowa law permits a taxpayer to compute estimated tax underpayment penalty using the annualized income installment method if your income varied during the year. You may be able to reduce or eliminate the amount of one or more of your required installments by using the annualized income installment method calculated on the IA 2210 Schedule AI.

# What if I cannot pay my quarterly estimates because of economic hardship caused by COVID-19?

Individuals who cannot pay quarterly estimates may apply to the Department for a waiver of underpayment penalty. The penalty for underpayment of estimated tax may be waived in the following situations:

- A. The underpayment was due to casualty, disaster, or other unusual circumstances, or
- B. The underpayment was made by an individual who retired after having attained age 62, or who became disabled in the tax year for which the estimated payment was due or in the preceding tax year, and the underpayment was due to reasonable cause and not due to willful neglect. To apply for a waiver from the estimated income tax underpayment penalty, use the **Penalty Waiver Request**, 78-629.

For more information on estimated income tax payments and underpayment penalties for individuals, see **Estimated Income Tax Payments** and Iowa Administrative Code Chapter **701—49**.

Specific to Corporations and Financial Institutions
What safe harbors are available to corporations and financial institutions under Iowa statute and rule for estimated payments for tax year 2020?

There are a number of statutory and rule-based safe harbor protections available for corporations and financial institutions making estimated payments of tax under Iowa law for tax year 2020. Corporations and financial institutions may avoid a penalty for underpayment of estimated

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		tax if certain requirements are met, but unlike individuals, Iowa law does	
		not allow corporations and financial institutions to apply for the two	
		underpayment penalty waiver provisions described under the question	
		"What if I cannot pay my quarterly estimates because of economic	
		hardship caused by COVID-19?". For details on the corporations and	
		financial institutions underpayment penalty exceptions, see Iowa Code	
		section 422.89 and Iowa Administrative Code rules 701—56.5(2)	
		(corporations) and <u>701—61.5</u> (2) (financial institutions). Is any additional relief available to corporations and financial	
		institutions required to make tax year 2020 estimated payments due	
		prior to July 31?	
		Order 2020-03 allows taxpayers to use their 2018 income or franchise	
		tax liability to compute safe harbor estimates for tax year 2020	
		installment payments with a due date on or after April 30, 2020, and	
		before July 31, 2020. This relief is available to taxpayers that file on a	
		calendar-year or fiscal-year basis, but it only applies to estimated	
		payments due for a tax year beginning during calendar year 2020 (i.e.	
		tax year 2020). However, any taxpayer who takes advantage of the	
		underpayment penalty relief provided in Order 2020-03 must add the	
		remaining amount due for these installments to their next installment due	
		on or after July 31, 2020. Failure to pay the increased required	
		installment by the taxpayer's first due date on or after July 31, 2020, will	
		be considered an underpayment of estimated taxes for the installment.	
		Pursuant to Order 2020-03, corporations or financial institutions who	
		filed a 2018 Iowa income tax return that covered a period of 12 months	
		and showed an Iowa tax liability will not be subject to penalties for underpayment of estimated tax for tax year 2020 quarterly estimated	
		payments with a due date on or after April 30, 2020, and before July 31,	
		2020, if the taxpayer pays at least 25% of the 2018 Iowa tax liability for	
		each 2020 installment due during that period.	
		<b>Example 1:</b> Corporation ABC, a calendar-year filer, filed a 2018 IA	
		1120 Iowa Corporate Income Tax Return with the Department	
		showing a tax due of \$50,000.	
		Corporation ABC's 1st installment of 2020 quarterly estimated tax is	
		due on April 30, 2020. Corporation ABC pays \$12,500 (i.e., \$50,000	
		$\times$ 0.25) in estimated tax prior to the April 30, 2020 due date.	
		Corporation ABC's 2nd installment of 2020 quarterly estimated tax	
		is due on June 30, 2020. Corporation ABC makes another	
		installment payment of \$12,500 in estimated tax prior to June 30,	
		2020. Corporation ABC will not be subject to a penalty for	
		underpayment of estimated tax for the 1st and 2nd quarter of 2020.	
		Corporation ABC timely files its 2019 IA 1120 Iowa Corporate	
		Income Tax Return on July 31, 2020, showing a tax due of \$60,000,	
	_1	and computes 2020 safe harbor quarterly estimates of \$15,000 (i.e.,	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		\$60,000 x 0.25) using its 2019 Iowa return. The difference between	
		these 2020 safe harbor estimates for the 1st two quarters (\$15,000 x	
		2 = \$30,000) and the safe harbor payments it was required to pay	
		pursuant to Order 2020-03 (\$25,000) must be added to its 3rd quarter	
		safe harbor estimate payment for 2020. In other words, Corporation	
		ABC adds \$5,000 (i.e., \$30,000 - \$25,000) to its \$15,000 3rd quarter	
		installment, and therefore must pay at least \$20,000 (i.e., \$5,000 +	
		\$15,000) as a 3rd quarter estimate by September 30, 2020 in order to	
		avoid an underpayment penalty for the 3rd quarter.	
		<b>Example 2:</b> Corporation XYZ, a calendar-year filer, filed a 2018 IA	
		1120 Iowa Corporate Income Tax Return with the Department	
		showing a tax due of \$75,000. Corporation XYZ also had a 2019 tax	
		liability of \$160,000 on the 2019 IA 1120 Iowa Corporate Income Tax Return.	
		Corporation XYZ's 1st installment of 2020 quarterly estimated tax is due on April 30, 2020. Corporation XYZ pays \$18,750 (i.e., \$75,000)	
		$\times$ 0.25) in estimated tax on or before the April 30, 2020 due date.	
		Corporation XYZ's 2nd installment of 2020 quarterly estimated tax	
		is due on June 30, 2020. Corporation XYZ pays \$18,750 (i.e.,	
		\$75,000 $\times$ 0.25) in estimated tax on or before the June 30, 2020 due	
		date. As a result, Corporation XYZ will not be subject to a penalty	
		for underpayment of estimated tax for the 1st and 2nd quarter of	
		2020.	
		Corporation XYZ's 3rd installment of 2020 quarterly estimated tax is	
		due on September 30, 2020. Corporation XYZ pays \$40,000 (i.e.,	
		\$160,000 x 0.25) in estimated tax on September 30, 2020.	
		Corporation XYZ is subject to an underpayment penalty for the 3rd	
		installment payment because Corporation XYZ did not pay the	
		additional estimated tax required under Order 2020-03. To avoid	
		underpayment penalty, Corporation XYZ should have added to the	
		3rd installment payment at least the difference between the 1st and	
		2nd required installment payments required without regard to the	
		2018 safe harbor provisions relief provided in Order 2020-03	
		$(\$40,000 \times 2 = \$80,000)$ less the 1st and 2nd required installment tax	
		payments required to be made under Order 2020-03 (\$18,750 x 2 =	
		\$37,500). Thus, Corporation XYZ should have paid at least \$82,500	
		by September 30, 2020 (i.e., (\$80,000 – \$37,500) + \$40,000).	
		Is the relief granted in Order 2020-03 available even if the taxpayer	
		files its 2019 Iowa income or franchise tax return prior to July 31,	
		2020?	
		Yes, the relief granted in Order 2020-03 is available to any taxpayer	
		required to make a tax year 2020 estimated income or franchise tax	
		payment on or after April 30, 2020, but before July 31, 2020.	

What if the taxpayer relies upon the underpayment relief provided in Order 2020-03 in computing and paying the applicable safe harbor estimated payments for 2020, but the minimum estimated installment payments using the regular underpayment penalty exceptions are later determined to be lower when the 2020 Iowa income or franchise tax return is completed?

The taxpayer will be considered to have overpaid its installment and the overpayment will be carried to the next installment due. The underpayment penalty relief provided in Order 2020-03 is in addition to any existing underpayment penalty exceptions already provided by Iowa law.

For a calendar-year filer that has two tax year 2020 installments covered by Order 2020-03, does the Order indicate that the taxpayer will not be assessed any estimated tax underpayment penalty if the taxpayer pays 50% of the 2018 income tax liability with the 2nd installment?

This is only true if the taxpayer also timely paid at least 25% of the 2018 income or franchise tax liability with the 1st quarter income tax estimate. By the due date of the 2nd quarter installment, the taxpayer must pay at least 50% of the 2018 income or franchise tax liability, if the relief granted in Order 2020-03 is utilized. The underpayment of estimated tax penalty is calculated separately for each quarter.

What relief is available if the taxpayer believes its income for tax year 2020 will vary substantially between different quarters because of economic disruptions caused by COVID-19?

Iowa law permits a taxpayer to compute estimated tax underpayment penalty using the annualized income installment method if its income varied during the year. A taxpayer may be able to reduce or eliminate the amount of one or more of its required installments by using the annualized income installment method calculated on the IA 2220.

# What if a taxpayer cannot pay its quarterly estimates because of economic hardship caused by COVID-19?

While the Department sympathizes with taxpayers' economic hardship caused by COVID-19, Iowa law does not allow corporations and financial institutions to apply for the two underpayment penalty waiver provisions described for individuals under "What if I cannot pay my quarterly estimates because of economic hardship caused by COVID-19?"

### Sales and Use Tax

Have the sales and use tax due dates and payment dates been extended?

No, the Department has not extended any sales and use tax due date. The filing and payment due date for sales and use tax remain as normal. But,

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		as described below, taxpayers can apply for relief on a case-by-case basis from March 24 through March 30.  Are there any options related to sales and use tax payments or filings?  The Iowa Department of Revenue worked with the Iowa Economic Development Authority (IEDA) and the Governor's Office to provide assistance to businesses impacted by COVID-19. From March 24 through March 31, IEDA accepted applications for small business relief grants as well as tax deferral. While the IEDA is no longer awarding grants, the Iowa Department of Revenue will continue receiving applications to grant tax deferral. Complete and submit a Small Business Relief Tax Deferral application to request deferral. Submitting an application does not guarantee assistance. The Iowa Department of Revenue tax deferral request applies to deferring payment of tax, waiving penalty, and waiving interest for 60 days.  Taxpayers that are not granted relief through the application process described above may be qualified for relief from penalty (but not interest) if they meet one of the reasons described in Iowa Code section 421.27. Requests for a penalty waiver are made on the Department's Penalty Waiver Request, 78-629.	
		Does the extension for withholding payments by semi-monthly depositors that are due on March 25, 2020, to the new due date of April 10, 2020, also apply to bulk filers?  Yes, the extension relates to both the semi-monthly data and payment regardless of whether the taxpayer chooses to file themselves or through a service provider.  Is there a way to request an extension for withholding payments and other withholding filings not covered by the Order?  The Iowa Department of Revenue worked with the Iowa Economic Development Authority (IEDA) and the Governor's Office to provide assistance to businesses impacted by COVID-19. From March 24 through March 31, IEDA accepted applications for small business relief grants as well as tax deferral. While the IEDA is no longer awarding grants, the Iowa Department of Revenue will continue receiving applications to grant tax deferrals. Complete and submit a Small Business Relief Tax Deferral application to request deferral. Submitting an application does not guarantee assistance. The Department referral is in regards to deferring payment of tax, as well as waiving penalty and interest.	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		Taxpayers that are not granted relief through the application process described above may be qualified for relief from penalty (but not interest) if they meet one of the reasons described in Iowa Code section 421.27. Requests for a penalty waiver are made on the Department's Penalty Waiver Request, 78-629." (4/9/20)	
		Press Release of Governor signs additional state public health emergency declaration (3/20/20):  "Today, Gov. Reynolds issued an additional State Public Health Emergency Declaration effective immediately providing additional regulatory relief to Iowans impacted by this public health disaster. She will hold a press conference today at 2:30 p.m., details on that are forthcoming.  The declaration relaxes a number of restrictions and regulations and provides relief from other statutes and state regulations:  Temporarily suspends penalties and interest as it relates to the	
		collection of property taxes until the end of this proclamation.  Full text of the proclamation can be found below, or click <a href="here">here</a> Press Release on extended filing and payment (3/19/20)  "Iowa to extend filing and payment deadline for income tax and other tax types.	
		The Iowa Department of Revenue today extended the filing and payment deadline for several state tax types, including income tax. The changes, prompted by COVID-19, are designed to provide flexibility to hardworking Iowans whose lives have been disrupted. The changes are a result of an <u>order</u> signed earlier today by Director of Revenue Kraig Paulsen.	
		<ul> <li>The order extends filing and payment deadlines for income, franchise, and moneys and credits taxes with a due date on or after March 19, 2020, and before July 31, 2020, to a new deadline of July 31, 2020.</li> <li>Specifically, the order includes:</li> <li>IA 1040 Individual Income Tax Return and all supporting forms and schedules</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>IA 1040C Composite Return and all supporting forms and schedules</li> <li>IA 1041 Fiduciary Return and all supporting forms and schedules</li> <li>IA 1120 Corporation Income Tax Return and all supporting forms and schedules</li> <li>IA 1120F Franchise Tax Return for Financial Institutions and all supporting forms and schedules</li> </ul>	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		IA 1065 Iowa Partnership Return and all supporting forms and	
		schedules	
		• IA 1120S S Corporation Return and all supporting forms and	
		schedules	
		<ul> <li>Credit Union Moneys and Credits Tax Confidential Report</li> </ul>	
		What does the deadline extension apply to?	
		The tax returns listed above and any tax due associated with those	
		returns if the due date is on or after March 19 but before July 31 of this	
		year. The extension does not apply to estimated tax payments.	
		Who does the deadline extension apply to?	
		Iowa residents or other taxpayers doing business in Iowa who are	
		required to file the Iowa returns listed above.	
		How are penalties and interest handled?	
		No late-filing or underpayment penalties shall be due for qualifying	
		taxpayers who comply with the extended filing and payment deadlines in	
		this order. Interest on unpaid taxes covered by this order shall be due	
		beginning on August 1, 2020.	
		State income tax refunds currently are being processed at about the 30-	
		day mark. Taxpayers can check the status of their refunds at the	
		Department's website where's my refund page.	
		Taxpayers and tax professionals who need assistance can contact the	
		<b>Department</b> by email at <u>idr@iowa.gov</u> or call the taxpayer services	
		phone line at 515-281-3114 or 1-800-367-3388."	
		Press Release on extended withholding deposits (3/19/20)	
		"The Iowa Department of Revenue today extended one income tax	
		withholding deposit due date for certain taxpayers. The change,	
		prompted by COVID-19, is designed to provide flexibility to disrupted	
		businesses. The extension is a result of an <u>order</u> signed earlier today by	
		Director of Revenue Kraig Paulsen.	
		The order extends the income tax withholding deposit due date for	
		the period ending March 15, 2020, from March 25, 2020, to the new	
		deposit due date April 10, 2020. It applies to Iowa residents or other	
		taxpayers doing business in Iowa who remit income tax withholding	
		on a semi-monthly basis.	
		How are penalties and interest handled?	
		No late-filing or underpayment penalties shall be due for qualifying	
		taxpayers who comply with the extended filing and payment	
		deadlines in this order. Interest on unpaid taxes covered by this	
		order shall be due beginning on April 11, 2020.	
		State income tax refunds currently are being processed at about the 30-	
		day mark. Taxpayers can check the status of their refunds at the	
		Department's website where's my refund page.	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		Taxpayers and tax professionals who need assistance can contact the	
		Department by email at <a href="mailto:idr@iowa.gov">idr@iowa.gov</a> or call the taxpayer services	
		phone line at 515-281-3114 or 1-800-367-3388."	
Kansas	Executive Order 20-37 (5/26/20)	Executive Order 20-37 (5/26/20)	DOR <u>NOTICE 20-01</u> (3/23/20)
	Kansas DOR Notice 20-02 on waiving interest and penalty for first quarter estimated taxes of individuals and corporations	<ol> <li>The Department of Revenue shall extend the deadline for filing the 2019 calendar year tax returns for individual income tax, fiduciary income tax, corporate income tax, and privilege tax to July 15, 2020. The payment due date for such taxes shall also be extended to July 15, 2020, and no penalty or interest shall be imposed if paid on or before July 15, 2020.</li> <li>The Department of Revenue shall extend to July 15, 2020, the deadline for filing the 2019 fiscal year tax returns for fiduciary income tax, corporate income tax, and privilege tax</li> </ol>	"TAXPAYER ASSISTANCE  Additional copies of this notice, forms or publications are available from our web site,
	(4/2/20)	with due dates between April 15, 2020 and July 15, 2020. The payment due date for such taxes shall be extended to July 15, 2020, and no penalty or interest shall be imposed if paid on or before July 15, 2020.	www.ksrevenue.org. If you have questions about this Notice, please contact:
	Kansas DOR <u>Press Release</u> (3/24)	<ol><li>The Department of Revenue shall extend the filing date for homestead and property tax relief refund claims to October 15, 2020.</li></ol>	Taxpayer Assistance Center Kansas Department
	DOR <u>NOTICE 20-01</u> (3/23/20)	<ol> <li>This order does not change laws, regulations, or rules regarding estimated tax payments due April 15, 2020.</li> </ol>	of Revenue kdor_tac@ks.gov Hearing Impaired TTY: 785-296-6461 Fax: 785-291-3614"
	Governor press release (3/23/20)	5. In the event the State of Disaster Emergency originally proclaimed on March 12, 2020, is lifted or expires prior to July 15, 2020, the Department of Revenue shall continue to exercise appropriate discretion to effectuate the waivers of penalties and interest for	
	(July 15 - extending tax filing and payment deadlines to July 15, 2020,	payments made up to July 15, 2020, as contemplated in this order.	
	and waiving any interest and	<ol><li>All other laws, regulations, or rules relating to taxes remain in effect.</li></ol>	
	penalties for returns and payments		
	and first quarter 2020 estimated	"Kan. Governor Extends Tax Deadlines Amid Pandemic	
	payments made on or before July	By <u>Jaqueline McCool</u> · May 28, 2020, 2:46 PM EDT	
	15, 2020 - for Individual Income	Kansas has extended its tax filing and payment deadlines to July 15 as a	
	Tax, Fiduciary Income Tax,	response to the COVID-19 pandemic under an executive order issued by	
	Corporate Income Tax and Privilege	the governor Thursday.	
	Tax - for calendar year tax returns		
	and fiscal filers with due dates	The order, signed by Democratic Gov. Laura Kelly, extends to July 15	
	between April 15, 2020 and July 15,	the deadline for filing and payment of individual income, fiduciary	
	2020, to conform to the extended	income, corporate income and privilege tax returns for the 2019 tax year.	
	due date of July 15, 2020.	The deadline for property tax refund claims has been extended to Oct.	
	Homestead or property tax relief refund claims has extended the	15, according to the order."	
	deadline for filing 2019 claims to	$1^{st}$ Quarter Estimated Due date $-4/15$ , however, interest and penalties	
	October 15, 2020. For the	are waived for first quarter if paid before July 15. 2 <sup>nd</sup> Quarter Estimated	
	Individual Income Tax, Corporate	Due date – 6/15.	
	Income Tax, Privilege Tax, the		
	Director of Taxation will waive any	Kansas DOR Notice 20-02 on waiving interest and penalty for first	
	applicable penalty and interest for	quarter estimated taxes of individuals and corporations (4/2/20)	
	taxpayers whose first-quarter 2020		
	estimated tax payments are made	"WAIVER OF PENALTY AND INTEREST FOR ESTIMATED TAX	
	after April 15, 2020 but on or before	PAYMENTS FOR INDIVIDUAL AND CORPORATE INCOME	
	July 15, 2020. 1st Quarter Estimated	TAXES AND PRIVILEGE TAX	
	Due date $-4/15$ , however, interest	(APRIL 2, 2020)	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
	and penalties are waived for first	20-02	
	quarter if paid before July 15. 2 <sup>nd</sup>	Prompted by events surrounding the novel coronavirus-19, the	
	Quarter Estimated Due date $-6/15$ .)	Department of Revenue is providing the following notice regarding the	
		waiver of penalty and interest for the first quarter 2020 estimated tax	
		payments due April 15, 2020:	
		WAIVER OF PENALTY AND INTEREST	
		Individual Income Tax, Corporate Income Tax, Privilege Tax	
		The Director of Taxation will waive any applicable penalty and interest for taxpayers whose first-quarter 2020 estimated tax payments are made	
		after April 15, 2020 but on or before July 15, 2020.	
		"	
		Kansas DOR <u>Press Release</u> (3/24/20)	
		"Governor Laura Kelly signs executive orders for extensions on taxes and driver's license and vehicle renewals	
		03/24/2020	
		Topeka - On Monday, March 23, 2020, Governor Laura Kelly signed	
		two executive orders regarding the Kansas Department of Revenue	
		and the extensions of tax return filings, as well as driver's license and	
		vehicle registrations.	
		See Governor <u>press release</u> (3/23/20) here:	
		https://governor.kansas.gov/governor-kelly-announces-four-executive-orders-to-aid-kansans-during-covid-19-pandemic/	
		#20-12	
		Click to view Executive Order #20-12	
		F 4 0 1 1/20 12	
		Executive Order #20-13	
		Kelly signed Executive Order #20-13, extending tax filing deadlines to	
		July 15, 2020, and waiving any interest and penalties for returns and	
		payments made on or before July 15, 2020. In the event the State of	
		Disaster Emergency originally proclaimed on March 12, 2020, is lifted	
		or expires prior to July 15, 2020, the Department of Revenue shall	
		continue to exercise appropriate discretion to make effective the waivers of penalties and interest for payments made up to July 15,	
		2020. This order is intended to bring Kansas' tax filing procedures in	
		line with federal IRS measures in response to the COVID-19 pandemic.	
		Click to view the Executive Order #20-13	
		Click to view KDOR Notice # 20-01	
		Governor Press Release on Executive Order #20-13	
		"Kelly signed Executive Order #20-13, extending tax filing deadlines	
		to July 15, 2020, and waiving any interest and penalties for returns	
	I	1 to only 20, 2000, and maring my meet of the permitted for returns	1

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		and payments made on or before July 15, 2020. In the event the State of Disaster Emergency originally proclaimed on March 12, 2020, is lifted or expires prior to July 15, 2020, the Department of Revenue shall continue to exercise appropriate discretion to make effective the waivers of penalties and interest for payments made up to July 15, 2020. This order is intended to bring Kansas' tax filing procedures in line with federal IRS measures in response to the COVID-19 pandemic."	
		DOR NOTICE 20-01 (3/23/20)  "CHANGES TO FILING AND PAYMENT DUE DATES FOR HOMESTEAD OR PROPERTY TAX RELIEF REFUND CLAIMS AND INDIVIDUAL, FIDUCIARY AND CORPORATE INCOME TAX, AND PRIVILEGE TAX (MARCH 23, 2020)	
		Prompted by events surrounding the novel coronavirus-19, the Department of Revenue is providing the following guidance regarding changes to filing due dates.	
		Homestead or Property Tax Relief Refund Claims	
		Homestead or property tax relief refund claims are due on April 15th. However, due to current circumstances, the Director of Taxation has extended the deadline for filing 2019 claims to October 15, 2020. Those claiming a refund are encouraged to submit their claims as soon as possible, and not to wait until the end of the extension period. Only the regular claim form needs to be submitted; no special forms will be required.	
		Filing and Payment Deadlines for the following Calendar Year Filers Individual Income Tax Fiduciary Income Tax Corporate Income Tax Privilege Tax	
		The filing deadline for calendar year tax returns for Individual Income Tax, Fiduciary Income Tax, Corporate Income Tax and Privilege Tax is April 15th. However, due to current circumstances, the Director of Taxation has extended the deadline for filing the 2019 tax returns for Individual Income Tax, Fiduciary Income Tax, Corporate Income Tax and Privilege Tax to conform to the extended due date of July 15, 2020, established by the Internal Revenue Service. Recognizing the extended filing deadline, the payment due date has also been extended to July 15, 2020. This means if the balance due is paid on or before July 15, 2020, no penalty and interest will be	
		imposed. Those filing returns are encouraged to file as soon as possible,	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		and not to wait until the end of any extended period. Only regular return forms need to be submitted; no special forms will be required.	
		Filing and Payment Deadlines for the following Fiscal Year Filers with Due Dates Prior to July 15, 2020 Fiduciary Income Tax Corporate Income Tax Privilege Tax	
		The filing deadline for fiscal year filers for Fiduciary Income Tax, Corporate Income Tax and Privilege Tax is the 15th day of the fourth month following the end of the taxable year. However, due to current circumstances, the Director of Taxation has extended the deadline for filing the 2019 tax returns for Fiduciary Income Tax, Corporate Income Tax and Privilege Tax returns of fiscal filers with due dates between April 15, 2020 and July 15, 2020, to conform to	
		the extended due date of July 15, 2020, established by the Internal Revenue Service. Recognizing the extended filing deadline, the payment due date has also been extended to July 15, 2020. This means if the balance due is paid on or before July 15, 2020, no	
I		penalty and interest will be imposed. Those filing returns are	
I		encouraged to file as soon as possible, and not to wait until the end of	
		any extended period. Only regular return forms need to be submitted; no	
Kentucky	Kentucky DOR <u>FAQs on COVID</u> relief (7/17/20)	special forms will be required."  Kentucky DOR FAQs on COVID relief (7/17/20)	Kentucky enacted legislation 3/30/20 - S.B. 150 requires the Department of Revenue <b>to provide</b>
	DOR News Release (3/22/20)	"The following answers address specific questions asked by CPAs and other tax preparers with regard to the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and	the same extensions as offered by the <u>U.S.</u> <u>Department of the Treasury</u> and the <u>Internal</u>
	KY DOR COVID Response Page (3/22/20)	Economic Security Act (also known as the CARES Act) passed by Congress on March 27, 2020.  Does Kentucky recognize the net operating loss (NOL) carrybacks	Revenue Service in response to the novel coronavirus and to waive penalties and interest.
	KYCPA – posting local	allowed for up to five years that was included in the CARES Act?  No. The Kentucky General Assembly would have to adopt this	Under the bill's tax provisions, tax districts are
	jurisdictions extensions to tax/fee deadlines (3/26/20)	amendment to the Internal Revenue Code by amending KRS Chapter 141 to enact the particular provision at issue before Kentucky taxpayers could carryback an NOL in calculating their Kentucky income taxes.	authorized to suspend or extend return deadlines for taxable net profits or gross receipts during the state's declared
	(July 15 – <u>KY</u> - extending the 2019 Kentucky income tax return filing	Without adopting this provision, Kentucky taxpayers will have to make adjustments on their Kentucky income tax return to account for	emergency, which was issued March 6 and contains no stated end date.
	and payment due date from April 15, 2020 to July 15, 2020 for individual, corporate, limited	federal/state differences.  Does Kentucky recognize the suspension of the 80% limitation on net operating losses (NOLs) included in the CARES Act?	<u>KYCPA</u> – posting local jurisdictions extensions to tax/fee deadlines (3/26/20)
	liability, fiduciary, and pass-through filers with filing and payment	No. The Kentucky General Assembly would have to adopt this amendment to the Internal Revenue Code by amending KRS Chapter 141 to enact the particular provision at issue before Kentucky taxpayers	KY DOR COVID Response Page (3/22/20)
	deadlines of April 15, 2020 will now be due July 15, 2020. Waiving late filing and payment penalties	could utilize NOLs in excess of the 80% limitation in calculating their Kentucky income taxes. Without adopting this provision, Kentucky	Kentucky DOR website (3/16/20)

State	Guidance/Date
State	(and interest as well as that is in legislation enacted 3/30/20) on 2019 Kentucky income returns that are filed and paid by July 15, 2020. The calculation and application of penalties, fees and interest corresponding to Kentucky income tax filings and payments now due on July 15, 2020 for individual, corporate and limited liability filers shall begin on July 16, 2020. The Kentucky relief applies only to income taxes. Tax districts are authorized to suspend or extend return deadlines for taxable net profits or gross receipts during the state's declared emergency. This income tax relief is applicable to individual, corporate, limited liability, fiduciary and pass-through filers with filing and payment deadlines of April 15, 2020. For filers who submit an automatic return filing extension, the due date for returns previously due April 15, 2020, but now due July 15, 2020, shall be October 15, 2020 for individual, fiduciary and pass-through filers, and November 15, 2020 for C corporation filers.)
	(Kentucky FAOs on COVID relief

(Kentucky FAQs on COVID relief The following answers address specific questions asked by CPAs and other tax preparers with regard to the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (also known as the CARES Act) passed by Congress on March 27, 2020.

Does Kentucky recognize the net operating loss (NOL) carrybacks

#### Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus

taxpayers will have to make adjustments on their Kentucky income tax return to account for federal/state differences.

<u>Does Kentucky recognize the charitable contribution limitation increase</u> included in the CARES Act?

No. The Kentucky General Assembly would have to adopt this amendment to the Internal Revenue Code by amending KRS Chapter 141 to enact the particular provision at issue before Kentucky taxpayers could increase their available deduction in calculating their Kentucky income taxes. Without adopting this provision, Kentucky taxpayers will have to make adjustments on their Kentucky income tax return to account for federal/state differences.

Does Kentucky recognize the increase to the net business interest expense limitation included in the CARES Act?

No. The Kentucky General Assembly would have to adopt this amendment to the Internal Revenue Code by amending KRS Chapter 141 to enact the particular provision at issue before Kentucky taxpayers could increase their business interest expense deduction in calculating their Kentucky income taxes. Without adopting this provision, Kentucky taxpayers will have to make adjustments on their Kentucky income tax return to account for federal/state differences.

Does Kentucky recognize the "above the line" charitable contribution deduction, which was an amendment by the CARES Act to IRC Section 62?

No. The Kentucky General Assembly would have to adopt this amendment to the Internal Revenue Code by amending KRS Chapter 141 to enact the particular provision at issue before Kentucky taxpayers could recognize the charitable contribution deduction allowed under IRC Section 62 in calculating their Kentucky income taxes. Without adopting this provision, Kentucky taxpayers will have to make adjustments on their Kentucky income tax return to account for federal/state differences. Does Kentucky recognize the CARES Act amendment to IRC Section 461 that amended the Business Loss Limitation?

No. The Kentucky General Assembly would have to adopt this amendment to the Internal Revenue Code by amending KRS Chapter 141 to enact the particular provision at issue before Kentucky taxpayers could utilize the changes to the federal business loss limitation rules in calculating their Kentucky income taxes. Without adopting this provision, Kentucky taxpayers will have to make adjustments on their Kentucky income tax return to account for federal/state differences.

#### Other Information

"Communication from the Kentucky Department of Revenue

**In-person Assistance Suspended** 

(March 16, 2020) Effective immediately, the Kentucky Department of Revenue (DOR) will not receive walk-in customers for tax filing assistance, collections cases, or other tax-related issues due to concerns surrounding the 2019 novel coronavirus (COVID-19). Previously scheduled appointments will be cancelled and rescheduled if possible.

DOR representatives are available by phone or email. Taxpayer Service Center (TSC) locations and contact information may be found on the <u>DOR Service Center</u> page. Please note that wait and response times will be much longer than usual because DOR has reduced the number of employees at the Frankfort central office and all TSCs.

Please visit the <u>Contact Us</u> page for other DOR contact options.

To reduce the community spread of COVID-19, DOR is taking these precautions. Promoting the health and well-being of our employees and our customers are our priorities. We apologize for any inconvenience."

KYCPA Coronavirus Resource Page (3/24/20)

allowed for up to five years that was included in the CARES Act? No. The Kentucky General Assembly would have to adopt this amendment to the Internal Revenue Code by amending KRS Chapter 141 to enact the particular provision at issue before Kentucky taxpayers could carryback an NOL in calculating their Kentucky income taxes. Without adopting this provision, Kentucky taxpayers will have to make adjustments on their Kentucky income tax return to account for federal/state differences. Does Kentucky recognize the suspension of the 80% limitation on net operating losses (NOLs) included in the CARES Act? No. The Kentucky General Assembly would have to adopt this amendment to the Internal Revenue Code by amending KRS Chapter 141 to enact the particular provision at issue before Kentucky taxpayers could utilize NOLs in excess of the 80% limitation in calculating their Kentucky income taxes. Without adopting this provision, Kentucky taxpavers will have to make adjustments on their Kentucky income tax return to account for federal/state differences. Does Kentucky recognize the charitable contribution limitation increase included in the CARES Act?

No. The Kentucky General
Assembly would have to adopt this
amendment to the Internal Revenue
Code by amending KRS Chapter
141 to enact the particular provision
at issue before Kentucky taxpayers
could increase their available
deduction in calculating their

Does Kentucky follow a "same as federal" income tax position for the treatment of a forgiven loan received by businesses under the Paycheck Protection Program that was established by the CARES Act? Yes. Loans forgiven under the CARES Act Paycheck Protection Program that are excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes and also for Kentucky income tax purposes.

Does Kentucky follow the provisions of IRS Notice 2020-32 clarifying that certain otherwise deductible business expenses incurred in the taxpayer's business related to the Paycheck Protection Program are not deductible expenses?

Yes. The Department of Revenue takes a "same as federal" position that certain otherwise deductible business expenses incurred in the taxpayer's business related to the Paycheck Protection Program are not deductible on a Kentucky return because the expenses are now allocable to taxexempt income.

The following answers address common questions asked with regard to information previously published on the DOR website regarding tax filing and payment requirements and statutory limitation periods in response to COVID-19.

Will the filing and tax payment deadline date changes to 7/15/20 impact the statutory period limiting the time in which taxpayers may claim a refund or the Department may audit a return?

Yes. For taxpayers: If the statutory period limiting the time for claiming a refund expired on or after April 1, 2020, and before July 15, 2020, then the expiration is postponed until July 15, 2020.

For DOR: If the statutory period for auditing and making an additional assessment expires on or after April 6, 2020, and before July 15, 2020, the Department will have an additional 30 days after the expiration date to audit and assess additional taxes.

Regarding returns due on July 15, 2020: The statutory period for claiming a refund will begin on July 15, 2020, including for a claim for refund on a return filed prior to that date. This means the 4-year statute of limitations period begins July 15, 2020, and ends July 15, 2024, and the 6 year period ends July 15, 2026.

Does the deferral of the time prescribed by law for filing and payment of income taxes authorized in response to COVID-19 affect when interest begins to accrue on a claim for refund based on an overpayment of tax reflected on a timely filed annual return?

Yes. For taxpayers filing annual returns on the basis of the calendar year, or on the basis of a fiscal year where the annual return is due during the period on or after April 1, 2020, and before July 15, 2020 (in either case, originally or pursuant to a valid extension granted), the interest on overpayments under KRS 141.044, KRS 141.207, and KRS

State  Guidance/Date  Kentucky income taxes. Without adopting this provision, Kentucky taxpayers will have to make adjustments on their Kentucky income tax return to account for federal/state differences.  Does Kentucky recognize the increase to the net business interest expense limitation included in the CARES Act?  Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus  141.235(3) will begin to accrue ninety (90) days after a 2020. The timing for the accrual of interest on overpay year taxpayers whose annual returns are due outside the after April 1, 2020, and before July 15, 2020, is not che after April 1, 2020, and before July 15, 2020, is not che increase to the net business interest expense limitation included in the increase to the net business interest expense limitation included in the increase to the net business interest expense limitation included in the increase to the net business interest expense limitation included in the increase to the net business interest expense limitation included in the increase to the net business interest expense limitation included in the increase to the net business interest expense limitation included in the increase to the net business interest expense limitation included in the increase to the net business interest expense limitation included in the increase to the net business interest expense limitation included in the increase to the net business interest expense limitation included in the increase to the net business interest expense limitation included in the increase to the net business interest expense limitation included in the increase to the net business interest expense limitation included in the increase to the net business interest expense limitation included in the increase to the net business interest expense limitation included in the increase to the net business interest expense limitation included in the increase to the net increase to the n	ayments by fiscal the period on or hanged.  ked with regard to
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adjustments on their Kentucky income tax return to account for federal/state differences.  Does Kentucky recognize the increase to the net business interest expense limitation included in the CARES Act?  after April 1, 2020, and before July 15, 2020, is not che following answers address common questions ask telecommuting employees in response to COVID-19.  Can a business continue to withhold income tax in the jurisdiction where the employer is located?	hanged.  ked with regard to
income tax return to account for federal/state differences.  Does Kentucky recognize the increase to the net business interest expense limitation included in the CARES Act?  The following answers address common questions ask telecommuting employees in response to COVID-19.  Can a business continue to withhold income tax in the jurisdiction where the employer is located?	ked with regard to
federal/state differences.  Does Kentucky recognize the increase to the net business interest expense limitation included in the CARES Act?  The following answers address common questions ask telecommuting employees in response to COVID-19.  Can a business continue to withhold income tax in the jurisdiction where the employer is located?	
Does Kentucky recognize the increase to the net business interest expense limitation included in the CARES Act? telecommuting employees in response to COVID-19.	
increase to the net business interest expense limitation included in the CARES Act?  Can a business continue to withhold income tax in the jurisdiction where the employer is located?	
expense limitation included in the CARES Act?  Can a business continue to withhold income tax in the jurisdiction where the employer is located?	
<u>CARES Act?</u> jurisdiction where the employer is located?	
	e state and local
No. The Kentucky General The Kentucky Department of Revenue does not admin	
Assembly would have to adopt this occupational, or other excise taxes imposed by cities, or	
amendment to the Internal Revenue local jurisdictions in this state. For Kentucky state inc	
Code by amending KRS Chapter employers employing Kentucky residents, and/or nonr	
141 to enact the particular provision reside in states with which Kentucky has a reciprocal a	
at issue before Kentucky taxpayers need to change their current withholding practices during	O I
could increase their business interest when these employees are working from home. Requi	
expense deduction in calculating withholding of tax in either case remain unchanged by	y restrictions
their Kentucky income taxes. related to the COVID-19 public health emergency.	
Without adopting this provision,	
Kentucky taxpayers will have to Can an employee who is temporarily telecommuting c	
make adjustments on their Kentucky taxes to the state and local jurisdiction where the empl	
income tax return to account for  The Kentucky Department of Revenue does not admin	
federal/state differences. occupational, or other excise taxes imposed by cities, o	
Does Kentucky recognize the local jurisdictions in this state. For Kentucky state inc	
"above the line" charitable employers employing Kentucky residents and/or nonre	
contribution deduction, which was reside in states with which Kentucky has a reciprocal a	
an amendment by the CARES Act need to change their current withholding practices during the control of the cont	
to IRC Section 62? when these employees are working from home. These	
No. The Kentucky General Kentucky state income tax obligations remain unchang	nged by restrictions
Assembly would have to adopt this related to the COVID-19 public health emergency.	
amendment to the Internal Revenue	-1
Code by amending KRS Chapter 141 to enact the particular provision  Does the presence of an employee working in Kentuck jurisdiction due to restrictions related to the COVID-1	
at issue before Kentucky taxpayers  emergency create a nexus for tax purposes in Kentucky taxpayers  invited by the control of	ky or any local
could recognize the charitable <a href="jurisdiction?">jurisdiction?</a> The Kentucky Department of Revenue (DOR) does not be the charitable of the countribution deduction allowed	ot administer
<b>↓</b> 1	
under IRC Section 62 in calculating license, occupational, or other excise taxes imposed by their Kentucky income taxes.	
Without adopting this provision,  Without adopting this provision,  Kentucky state income tax nexus determinations on a control of the contro	
Kentucky taxpayers will have to basis." (7/17/20)	i case-uy-case
make adjustments on their Kentucky	
Extensions on tax and fee deadlines by jurisdiction (4/	1/13/20)
Extensions on tax and rec deadnines by jurisdiction (4/	TI 13/20)

income tax return to account for federal/state differences. Does Kentucky recognize the CARES Act amendment to IRC Section 461 that amended the Business Loss Limitation? No. The Kentucky General Assembly would have to adopt this amendment to the Internal Revenue Code by amending KRS Chapter 141 to enact the particular provision at issue before Kentucky taxpayers could utilize the changes to the federal business loss limitation rules in calculating their Kentucky income taxes. Without adopting this provision, Kentucky taxpayers will have to make adjustments on their Kentucky income tax return to account for federal/state differences. Does Kentucky follow a "same as federal" income tax position for the treatment of a forgiven loan received by businesses under the Paycheck Protection Program that was established by the CARES Act? Yes. Loans forgiven under the CARES Act Paycheck Protection Program that are excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes and also for Kentucky income tax purposes.

Does Kentucky follow the provisions of IRS Notice 2020-32 clarifying that certain otherwise deductible business expenses incurred in the taxpayer's business related to the Paycheck Protection Program are not deductible expenses?

Yes. The Department of Revenue takes a "same as federal" position that certain otherwise deductible business expenses incurred in the taxpayer's business related to the

Kentucky DOR COVID-19 website (4/2/20)

## "Tax Deadline Changed

The Kentucky income tax return filing and payment date has been extended to July 15, 2020.

COVID-19 Kentucky Income Tax Relief - 2019 and 2020 (April 2, 2020) At the direction of Governor Beshear and SB 150, the Kentucky Department of Revenue (DOR) will adopt the same income tax relief set forth in Internal Revenue Service (IRS) Notice 2020-18, Relief for Taxpayers Affected by Ongoing Coronavirus Disease 2019 Pandemic. This income tax relief is applicable to individual, corporate, limited liability, fiduciary and pass-through filers with filing and payment deadlines of April 15, 2020. This relief includes:

- Kentucky income tax return filings currently due on April 15, 2020 for individual, corporate, limited liability, fiduciary and pass-through filers, shall now be due July 15, 2020;
- Kentucky income tax payments currently due on April 15, 2020 for individual, corporate, limited liability, fiduciary and passthrough filers, shall now be due July 15, 2020;
- The calculation and application of penalties, fees and interest corresponding to Kentucky income tax filings and payments now due on July 15, 2020 for individual, corporate and limited liability filers shall begin on July 16, 2020; and
- For filers who submit an automatic return filing extension, the due date for returns previously due April 15, 2020, but now due July 15, 2020, shall be October 15, 2020 for individual, fiduciary and pass-through filers, and November 15, 2020 for C corporation filers.

If you have questions regarding the COVID-19 tax relief, please call our taxpayer assistance lines at (502) 564-4580.

# **Businesses Encouraged to Submit Electronic Filings and Payments of Sales Tax Returns**

(March 31, 2020) The Department of Revenue is aware that restrictions due to the COVID-19 pandemic may make it difficult for some taxpayers to complete a paper sales tax return or submit payment by paper check. DOR encourages businesses to submit electronic filings and electronic payments of sales tax returns.

Instructions for how to submit returns and payments electronically are available at

https://onestop.portal.ky.gov/OneStopPortal/Content/Documents/eFileQuickStartUserGuide.pdf.

If you need assistance with this process, please contact the Division of Sales and Use Tax at (502) 564-5170."

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
	Paycheck Protection Program are not deductible on a Kentucky return because the expenses are now allocable to tax-exempt income.)	"The Kentucky Department of Revenue would extend tax filing and payment deadlines to July 15 in response to the novel coronavirus pandemic under a recently passed bill by the state Legislature.  S.B. 150 passed the state House and Senate without opposition Thursday (3/26/20 and signed by the Governor 3/30/20). The bill would require the department to provide the same extensions as offered by the U.S. Department of the Treasury and the Internal Revenue Service in response to the novel coronavirus and to waive penalties and interest.  Under the bill's tax provisions, tax districts are authorized to suspend or extend return deadlines for taxable net profits or gross receipts during the state's declared emergency, which was issued March 6 and contains no stated end date.  The measure was introduced Feb. 5 by Sens. Ralph Alvarado, R-Winchester, and Danny Carroll, R-Paducah, and would take immediate effect. It has been sent to the Democratic Gov. Andy Beshear for consideration." It was signed by the Governor on 3/30/20.	
		<ul> <li>Kentucky Income Tax Return Filing Date Extended to July 15 (March 22, 2020)</li> <li>At the direction of Governor Beshear, the Kentucky Department of Revenue (DOR) will adopt most of the Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) income tax relief described in recent Internal Revenue Service (IRS) Notice 2020-18.</li> <li>This includes: <ul> <li>Extending the 2019 Kentucky income tax return filing due date from April 15, 2020 to July 15, 2020.</li> <li>Late filing penalties will be waived for 2019 Kentucky income returns that are filed by July 15, 2020.</li> <li>Kentucky income tax payments due on April 15, 2020 are deferred for 90 days to July 15, 2020.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Late payment penalties will be waived for income tax payments deferred from April 15, 2020 to July 15, 2020. However, interest still applies to the deferred income tax payments because Kentucky law prohibits the waiver of interest.</li> <li>The Kentucky relief applies only to income taxes.</li> </ul>	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		Additional guidance on COVID-19 Kentucky income tax relief will soon	
		be available on <u>DOR's website</u> ."	
		WV DOD COVID D	
		KY DOR COVID Response Page (3/22/20)	
		"The KYCPA are working with the Governor's office and the	
		Department of Revenue to try and get the interest waived as well." (Per	
		KPCPA, 3/24/20)	
		KYCPA – posting local jurisdictions extensions to tax/fee deadlines	
		(3/26/20)	
		"Several Jurisdictions are extending tax/fee deadlines. KyCPA is	
		collecting the list and providing that information here.	
		KyCPA is currently collecting updated deadlines. Check back daily for	
		additional information.	
		Click the CSV file below to download the list of extensions on tax	
		and fee deadlines by Jurisdiction and their contact information.	
		CSV File	
		Tax filing/Regulatory fee filing dates as provided by the Jurisdiction.	
		Any questions should be directed toward the specific Jurisdiction.  If you would like to post your updated tax/fee deadlines please fill	
		out this form."	
Louisiana	Update on Personal Income LA	Update on Personal Income LA (7/31/20)	S.B. 498, scheduled for a third reading and final
	(7/31/20)	`	passage on May 12, authorizes the tax collector
		"Under recently enacted Louisiana legislation, claimants who are	to allow extensions of time to file and pay taxes
	Louisiana DOR Revenue	eligible to receive a temporary federal emergency increase in	in the event of a gubernatorially declared
	Information Bulletin 20-012 on	unemployment compensation benefits, in addition to the maximum	disaster. The bill would also allow the tax
	sales tax March and April 2020	weekly benefit amounts or any additional federal base benefit, must	collector to allow extensions of time to file and
	penalty relief (5/22/20)	submit to state income tax withholding at a rate of 4%. However, under federal law, withholding from unemployment insurance must be	pay taxes in the event of a presidentially declared disaster and also allow the suspension
	LDR Revenue Ruling 20-002	voluntary in order to conform with federal funding requirements.	of the accrual of interest for all or part of the
	(3/30/20)	Therefore, the Louisiana Workforce Commission has enacted an	extension period. <u>HCR 40</u> , heard by the
	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	emergency regulation providing that whenever additional federal	Committee on Ways and Means on May
	LDR COVID-19 Response	benefits are in effect, the statutory 4% withholding rate is not mandatory.	11, directs the Department of Revenue to
	<u>Webpage</u> (3/27/20)	Rather, a claimant may voluntarily elect to have state income taxes	develop and make public data on the projected
		withheld at the 4% rate."	impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on
	Revenue Information Bulletin No.	A = 22 (H.D. C2) L = 2020 = 2020 H.A.C.	Louisiana business revenue in 2020 and on net
	20-009 on filing and payment extension to July 15 (3/23/20)	Act 33 (H.B. 62), Laws 2020, effective August 29, 2020; LAC 40:IV.383, Declaration of Emergency, Louisiana Workforce	operating loss carry forward deductions for future tax filings. HCR 43, heard by the
	CACHSIOII to July 13 (3/23/20)	Commission, effective August 29, 2020" (7/31/20)	Committee on Ways and Means on May 11,
	Revenue Information Bulletin No.	Commission, criccure August 27, 2020 (7/31/20)	would temporarily suspend the corporation
	20-008 and News Release (March	Louisiana DOR Revenue Information Bulletin 20-012 on sales tax	franchise tax and the initial tax (levied on
	19, 2020)	March and April 2020 penalty relief (5/22/20)	corporations or other entities for the first

State	Guidance/Date
State	Guidance/Date
	New Orleans
	Announcement (3/17/20)
	(July 15 – filing and payment extension relief for income and franchise tax returns and payments due on April 15 and May 15, 2020 are extended to July 15. No penalties or interest assessed if return and payment are submitted by July 15. For fiscal year filers with an income tax or franchise tax return and payment due date between March 1 and May 30, 2020, the automatic extension for the return and payment is sixty days from the original due date. An extension period shall run from July 16, 2020, to the general extension date of November 15, 2020 for individual, fiduciary, and partnership returns and December 15, 2020, for corporation returns. Income and franchise – corporation changes from 5/15 to 7/15, income –
	fiduciary, individual, and partnership (including composite return) changes to 7/15. Interest and penalties shall accrue beginning on
	July 16, 2020, on the outstanding balance of tax due. Estimated taxes are not covered in the relief.  According to the DOR, the first and
	second quarterly declaration payments remain due on April 15
	and June 15, respectively. The Department shall automatically waive any UET penalty otherwise due for the April 15 and June 15, 2020 declaration payments provided
	the following criteria are met: a. The taxpayer pays the April 15 and June 15, 2020, declaration payments

Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus

Revenue Information Bulletin No. 20-012 May 22, 2020 Sales Tax

Additional Sales Tax Relief Provisions Related to COVID-19

On May 14, 2020, Governor John Bel Edwards issued Proclamation JBE 2020-59 to extend certain emergency declaration provisions related to the COVID-19 public health emergency.

The purpose of this guidance is to grant relief to sales tax filers for the March and April 2020 sales tax periods and to provide clarification on notices relative to the February 2020 sales tax period.

March and April 2020 Sales Tax Periods

The March and April 2020 sales tax returns1 and payments were due April 20 and May 20, 2020, respectively. Due to the ongoing public health emergency and in an effort provide relief to businesses in Louisiana, the Department of Revenue will grant automatic penalty relief to taxpayers under certain conditions.

To qualify for penalty relief2, the taxpayer must file the March and April 2020 sales tax returns and remit the sales tax and any deficiency interest by June 30, 2020. If a taxpayer is unable to remit the sales tax and any deficiency interest by this date, penalty relief will be granted if the taxpayer submits and enters into an Installment Request for Business Taxes by June 30, 2020.

Taxpayers may submit an Installment Request for Business Taxes by completing and mailing in Form R-19027 or by applying online through the Louisiana Taxpayer Access Point online system.

For the March 2020 sales tax period, the Department has sent self-assessment bills to taxpayers who filed a March 2020 sales tax return but did not remit all tax shown due on the return. Pursuant to this bulletin, taxpayers are not required to pay the penalties shown due on the notice if the tax and interest is remitted by June 30, 2020 (or the taxpayer submits and enters into an Installment Request for Business Taxes by June 30, 2020.)

February 2020 Sales Tax Period

In Revenue Information Bulletin 20-008, the February 2020 sales tax returns payments were extended from March 20, 2020, to May 20, 2020. In the event a taxpayer receives any collection type notice resulting from

Other Information

accounting period in which the entity becomes subject to the corporation franchise tax) to mitigate some of the financial losses suffered by businesses as a result of COVID-19. HCR 34, considered by the Committee on Ways and Means on May 4, would temporarily suspend the severance taxes levied on oil, natural gas, distillate, and condensate to provide relief to the oil and natural gas industries from the impact of COVID-19 On May 8, the Louisiana Economic Recovery (LAER) Task Force issued its Phase I Report, which recommends, among other things, centralized sales tax collection, net operating loss carrybacks, and suspension or elimination of the franchise tax. The Task Force, comprises private sector business leaders, is tasked with advising lawmakers on economic recovery in the wake of the COVID-19. The goal of the Task Force is to develop practical and specific policy recommendations to jumpstart the Louisiana economy in the short term and lay the foundation for continued economic resurgence in the months and years to come. More information about the task force can be found on its website.

Revenue Information Bulletin No. 20-008 (March 19, 2020)
"Department Operations

Until further notice, the Baton Rouge Headquarters Office remains open to the public, but taxpayers and their representatives are encouraged to use online customer service options as set forth in the March 16 News Release. The New Orleans and Lafayette Regional Office are closed to the public."

Louisiana DOR News Release (3/16/20)

"Department of Revenue encourages online cust service options during COVID-19 public health emergency

March 16, 2020

State Guidance/Date timely. b. The amount paid on the April 15, 2020, declaration payment is at least 90% of the amount paid on the April 15, 2019, declaration payment. c. The amount paid on the June 15, 2020, declaration payment is at least 90% of the amount paid on the June 17, 2019, declaration payment. Corresponding relief is granted for fiscal year filers. 2. The Department shall consider any late filed pass-through entity tax Act 442 election for the 2019 tax year filed on or after April 16, 2020, but before July 16, 2020, as filed timely. Corresponding relief is granted for fiscal year filers. 3. The Department extends the deadline for a credit transfer or for the execution of a binding agreement to transfer such credit for 2019 income and franchise returns by 30 days. Corresponding relief is granted for fiscal year filers. The credit transfer must include any applicable

(To qualify for penalty relief2, the taxpayer must file the March and April 2020 sales tax returns and remit the sales tax and any deficiency interest by June 30, 2020. If a taxpayer is unable to remit the sales tax and any deficiency interest by this date, penalty relief will be granted if the taxpayer submits and enters into an Installment Request for Business Taxes by June 30, 2020.)

statutorily mandated transfer fee.

submission of the credit transfer

documentation.)

This fee remains due at the time of

#### Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus

an unfiled February 2020 sales tax return, the taxpayer may disregard this notice from the Department. Such notices have been voided in the Department's records and no action is necessary by the taxpayer.

1 For purposes of this bulletin, March and April 2020 sales tax returns includes the following taxes: General Sales and Use Tax, Direct Marketer Sales Tax, Automobile Rental Excise Tax, Hotel Occupancy Tax, Ernest N. Morial New Orleans Exhibition Hall Authority Food and Beverage Tax, and Ernest N. Morial New Orleans Exhibition Hall Authority Tour and Service Contractor Taxes. 2 Penalty relief includes relief from the following penalties: late filing and late payment penalties (LA R.S. 47:1602) and negligence penalty (LA R.S. 47:1604.1)." (5/22/20)

February 2020 sales tax due May 20<sup>th</sup>, March 2020 sales tax due April 20<sup>th</sup>, 1st quarter withholding tax due April 30th.

LDR Revenue Ruling 20-002 (3/30/20)

"Revenue Ruling 20-002

March 30, 2020

Income Tax Income Tax Relief Provisions for COVID-19 Public Health Emergency

On March 11, 2020, Governor John Bel Edwards declared a statewide public health emergency as a result of the imminent threat posed to Louisiana citizens by the outbreak of a respiratory disease caused by a novel coronavirus known commonly as COVID-19. On March 22, 2020, additional measures, including a general stay-at-home order to the public, were enacted.

The purpose of this ruling is to provide guidance and relief provisions relative to income tax, as follows:

1. Safe harbor provision for declaration payments for the 2020 tax year; 2. Allowance for late filed elections for pass-through entity tax; and 3. Extension of time to acquire tax credit or execute a binding agreement to transfer a tax credit.

## First and Second Quarter 2020 Declaration Payments

Overview of Declaration Payments, Penalty, and Exceptions Individuals are required by statute1 to file and pay declarations of estimated income tax with the Louisiana Department of Revenue ("Department"). Declarations are required if the Louisiana individual income tax liability can reasonably be expected to exceed \$1,000 after deducting all allowable credits. 2 The purpose of requiring declaration filings and payments is to ensure income tax is paid timely

#### Other Information

BATON ROUGE – During the state's COVID-19 declared public health emergency, the Louisiana Department of Revenue (LDR) encourages taxpayers take advantage of the online customer service option available through its website. As part of the statewide effort to slow the spread of the virus, and in keeping with state and federal guidance, LDR is joining other state agencies in reducing the amount of face-to-face interaction at state facilities.

#### **Individuals**

Taxpayers can file their state individual income tax returns, make payments and check their refund status through **Louisiana File Online**, the state's free web portal for individual filers, at

www.revenue.louisiana.gov/fileonline.

Taxpayers who have questions and cannot get through on the phone can submit <u>email inquiries</u> through the Contact page of the LDR website.

#### Businesses

Businesses can pay all state business taxes and file returns for state sales, tobacco, withholding and seve other state tax types, request corporate income filing extensions and apply for payment plans through the Louisiana Taxpayer Access Point (LaTAP) at <a href="https://www.revenue.louisiana.gov/LaTAP">www.revenue.louisiana.gov/LaTAP</a>.

Businesses can also submit state, parish and municipe sales tax returns and payments through the **Parish E-File** portal at www.revenue.louisiana.gov/parishe-file

### **Tax Practitioners**

ate	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		throughout the tax year as the individual earns the income. Individual	Tax professionals can submit email inquiries throu
	(The filing and payment deadline	income taxpayers are generally exempt from this requirement because	Contact page of the LDR website on a variety of t
	for the February 2020 sales tax and	their income tax is withheld by employers as withholding tax and	including corporate, individual and sales taxes.
	excise tax is extended to May 20,	remitted directly to the Department. Individuals then claim a credit for	
	2020 - automatic extension - waive	taxes withheld by employers when preparing and filing their individual	"We appreciate the patience of all of our individu
	penalty and interest)	income tax returns.	business taxpayers as the state manages this publi
	Olympia Character Constitution	11 A D C 47 11C 4	health emergency," Secretary of Revenue Kimber
	(New Orleans waive fines, fees, interest and penalties on sales tax	1 LA R.S. 47:116 et seq. 2 LA R.S. 47:116(A); For taxpayers with married filing jointly status, the	
	payments due to the City for 60	amount is doubled to \$2,000.	Lewis Robinson said. "We are taking these steps
	days)	amount is doubled to \$2,000.	an abundance of caution and in the interest of the
	days)	For the 2020 tax year, generally, the first declaration payment is due on	and well-being of our taxpayers and employees."
		or before April 15, 2020, and the second declaration payment is due on	The Louisiana Supreme Court ordered changes to
		or before June 15, 2020, and the second declaration payment is due on or before June 15, 2020.3 If an individual is required to pay declarations	state court schedules due to the COVID-19 outbr
		of estimated tax, but fails to do so, the Underpayment of Estimated Tax	
		("UET") penalty is added to the tax due.4 However, LA R.S. 47:118(D)	Legislature: Senate President Page Cortez and Sp
		provides five exceptions; if any one exception is satisfied, the penalty is	of the House of Representatives Clay Schexnayd
		not assessed by the Department.5 Some of the more common exceptions	decided to temporarily adjourn the 2020 Regular
		include:	Legislative Session until March 31, 2020.
		1. The taxpayer does not owe more than \$1,000 after consideration of	L. C.
		credits and tax withholdings. 2. The taxpayer's current year payments	Louisiana Governor <u>letter</u> requesting disaster assistance
		equal or exceed the previous year's tax liability for each installment	assistance
		period. 3. The taxpayer's current year payments equal or exceed 90% of	Revenue Information Bulletin No. 20-008 and
		the tax computed on annualized income for the period ending based on	News Release (March 19, 2020)
		calendar quarters. Title 47 of the <b>Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950</b>	(Water 19, 2020)
		provide no mechanism or authority for the Secretary to extend the	"Department Operations
		statutory due date of declaration payments for individuals.6	Department operations
		However, for the 2020 tax year, the Secretary may waive the UET	Until further notice, the Baton Rouge
		penalty if the taxpayer requests a waiver by May 17, 2022 (one year after the statutory due date of the return) and the taxpayer has	Headquarters Office remains open to the public,
		acted in good faith in failing to make estimated payments. The	but taxpayers and their representatives are
		Secretary may presume the taxpayer acted in good faith if the	encouraged to use online customer service
		failure to make estimated payments was attributable to	options as set forth in the March 16 News
		extraordinary circumstances beyond the individual's control.8	Release. The New Orleans and Lafayette
			Regional Office are closed to the public.
		Ruling	Additional Information
		Due to the public health emergency resulting from the COVID-19	
		pandemic, taxpayers are physically unable to visit their tax preparers to	The Department encourages stakeholders to
		prepare 2019 individual tax returns. By extension, without the completed	monitor press releases and other information
		2019 individual income tax return, taxpayers cannot base	posted on the Governor's Office and
			Department's websites. Additional extensions
		3 LA R.S. 47:117(A)(1); LDR Form IT-	and guidance from the Department will be published in the form of a Revenue Information
		540ESi; Farmers and fisherman are exempt from this requirement as	Bulletin.
		provided by LA R.S. 47:117(B) 4 LA R.S. 47:118(A) 5 LDR Form R-	Duncuii.

State Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
State Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus  210Ri (2019 Tax Year) provides an overview of each of the five exceptions and the underlying calculations. Approximately 1.63% and 2.20% of individual income taxpayers were assessed UET penalty in 2017 and 2018, respectively. 6 As authorized by LA R.S. 47:1514, the Secretary has administratively extended the filing of various tax returns and their associated payments (See Revenue Information Bulletins 20-008 and 009). However, declaration payments required by LA R.S. 47:116 et seq. are neither "returns" nor the "payment of tax due" as reflected on "returns". Thus the general authority to extend a return and payment of tax due is inapplicable to declaration payments. 7 LA R.S. 47:118(I) 8 LA R.S. 47:118(I)(1)  their 2020 declaration payments on the prior year's income or liability. Therefore, in consideration of these extraordinary circumstances, the Department shall automatically waive any UET penalty otherwise due for the April 15 and June 15, 2020 declaration payments provided the following criteria are met:  1. The taxpayer pays the April 15 and June 15, 2020, declaration payments timely. 2. The amount paid on the April 15, 2019, declaration payment is at least 90% of the amount paid on the April 15, 2019, declaration payment is at least 90% of the amount paid on the June 17, 2019, declaration payment. For fiscal year filers, the same UET penalty wavier is granted; fiscal year filers must follow the same criteria provided above but substitute the first and second declaration payment due dates as appropriate based on the filers' taxable year.  Late Filed Elections for Pass-Through Entity Tax  Overview of Act 442 Election  Act 442 of the 2019 Regular Session authorizes a voluntary election by any S corporation, or entity taxed as a partnership for federal income tax purposes, to pay tax on its income.9 For the 2019 tax year, the election must be filed by April 15, 2020. However, a late filed election must be filed by April 15, 2020. However, a late filed election mus	Other Information  1 For purposes of this bulletin, February 2020 sales tax means and includes the following taxes: General Sales and Use Tax, Direct Marketer Sales Tax, Automobile Rental Excise Tax, Hotel Occupancy Tax, Ernest N. Morial New Orleans Exhibition Hall Authority Food and Beverage Tax, and Ernest N. Morial New Orleans Exhibition Hall Authority Tour and Service Contractor Taxes.  2 Audited accounts are those accounts in which a field or correspondence audit was conducted by one of the Field Audit Tax Divisions (Income, Sales, or Excise) and preliminary findings were issued. This does not include routine account adjustments issued by the Taxpayer Compliance Divisions or the Criminal Investigations Division."

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		of existing filing and payments extensions provided by LDR RIB 20-008.  For fiscal year filers with an election due between March 1 and May 30, 2020, any late filed election for the 2019 tax year filed on or after the fifteenth day of the fourth month after the close of the taxable year but before the fifteenth day of the seventh month after the close of the taxable year shall be considered filed timely in light of the COVID-19 public health emergency and in consideration of existing filing and payments extensions provided by RIB 20-008.	
		9 LA R.S. 47:287.732.2(A)(1) 10 LA R.S. 47:287.732.2(A)(2)  Extension of Time to Transfer Credits (2019 Tax Period Only) Overview of Time Limitations to Transfer Credits and Proclamation No. JBE 2020-27 Louisiana utilizes a variety of tax credits that offset income and corporation franchise taxes to incentivize taxpayers to engage in certain behaviors such as create jobs, invest in certain business sectors, and donate to particular organizations or causes. These tax credits have different characteristics: refundable, nonrefundable, transferable, and nontransferable. Transferable credits are sold or exchanged between the person who earns the credit and a taxpayer who purchases and utilizes the credit on a Louisiana income or franchise tax return.	
		In order for a taxpayer who purchases a credit to use the credit on a return, Louisiana law11 requires that either (1) the effective date of the transfer of the tax credit or (2) the execution of a binding agreement to transfer the tax credit must occur on or before the due date of the return, without regard to any extension granted. Title 2912 also grants the governor the authority in times of emergency or disasters to issue executive orders, proclamations, and regulations and to amend and rescind them related to the emergency or disaster. The statute also provides that any executive order, proclamation, or regulation issued during an emergency shall have the force and effect of law.	
		Based upon general credits provisions of the applicable statute13, there exists no ability to extend the time for either the effective date of the transfer of a tax credit or the execution of a binding agreement to transfer the tax credit beyond the due date of the return for a taxable year. However, on March 13, 2020, Governor John Bel Edwards issued Proclamation JBE 2020-27 (the "Proclamation") which provided additional measures for the COVID-19 public health emergency.	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		Provisions 14 of the Proclamation state that any state department, agency, or political subdivision is allowed to extend any non-essential deadline for a period of no longer than 30 days if the extension is deemed necessary to respond to the COVID-19 threat. The Proclamation also provides that the state of emergency due to COVID-19 extends until April 9, 2020, unless terminated or extended. Ruling  Based on the existing public health emergency, the Department finds that the deadline to transfer a credit is a non-essential deadline and an extension is necessary to respond to the COVID-19 threat.  Therefore, in consideration thereof, the Department extends the deadline	
		11 LA R.S. 47:1675(H)(1)(e) 12 LA R.S. 29:724(A) 13 LA R.S. 47:1675(H)(1)(e) 14 Section 4 of Proclamation JBE 2020-27	
		for a credit transfer or for the execution of a binding agreement to transfer such credit by 30 days for income and franchise tax returns with an original due date between March 1 and May 30, 2020.15	
		For 2019 calendar year filers of returns for individual income tax, corporation income, composite partnership income tax and fiduciary income tax, the extended deadline is June 15, 2020. For fiscal year filers with an income or franchise tax return filing and payment due date between March 1 and May 30, 2020, the extended deadline is thirty days from the original due date of the return.	
		In consideration of the public health emergency and general stay-at-home order, the Department rules as follows: 1. The Department shall automatically waive any UET penalty otherwise due for the April 15 and June 15, 2020 declaration payments provided the following criteria are met: a. The taxpayer pays the April 15 and June 15, 2020, declaration payments timely. b. The amount paid on the April 15, 2020, declaration payment is at least 90% of the amount paid on the April 15, 2019, declaration payment. c. The amount paid on the June 15, 2020, declaration payment is at least 90% of the amount paid on the June 17, 2019, declaration payment. Corresponding relief is granted for fiscal year filers. 2.	
		The Department shall consider any late filed Act 442 election for the 2019 tax year filed on or after April 16, 2020, but before July 16, 2020, as filed timely. Corresponding relief is granted for fiscal year filers. 3. The Department extends the deadline for a credit transfer or for the execution of a binding agreement to transfer such credit	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coror	navirus	Other Information
		for 2019 income and franchise returelief is granted for fiscal year filer include any applicable statutorily nemains due at the time of submissidocumentation."  LDR COVID-19 Response Webpage	s. The credit transfer must nandated transfer fee. This fee ion of the credit transfer (3/27/20)	
		"COVID-19: Louisiana State Tax For Due to the COVID-19 public health ed Department of Revenue (LDR) has explained as the contract tax types and links to the relevant Revenue LDR will update the information on the Last updated March 27, 2020	emergency, the Louisiana extended the filing and payment due of below provides details on eligible evenue Information Bulletins.	
		Тах Туре	Form	
		Excise – Automobile Rental (Feb. 2020)	R-1329E: Automobile Rental Excise Tax Return	
		Excise – Beer (Feb. 2020)	R-5621: Louisiana State and Parish and Municipal Beer Tax Return	
		Excise – Wine (Feb. 2020)	R-5696L: Louisiana Tax Return for Wines Shipped Direct to Consumers	
		Income & Franchise – Corporation*	CIFT-620: 2019 Corporation Income and 2020 Franchise Tax	
		Income – Fiduciary*	IT-541: 2019 Fiduciary Income Tax Return	
			IT-540: 2019 Louisiana Resident Income Tax Return	
		Income – Individual*	IT-540B: 2019 Louisiana Nonresident and Part-Year Resident Income Tax Return	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coro	onavirus	Other Information	
			R-1035: Louisiana Consumer Use Tax Return	May 15, 2020	July
		In a constant and in *	IT-565: 2019 Partnership Return of Income	April 15, 2020	July
		Income – Partnership*	R-6922: 2019 Composite Partnership Tax Return	May 15, 2020	July
		Sales – Direct Marketer (Feb. 2020)	R-1031E: Direct Marketer Sales Tax Return	March 20, 2020	May
		Sales – Ernest N. Morial Convention Center Tour and Service Contractor (Feb. 2020)	R-1030: Ernest N. Morial Convention Center Service Contractor Tax Return/Tour Tax Return	March 20, 2020	May
		Sales – General (Feb. 2020)	R-1029: Louisiana Department of Revenue Sales Tax Return	March 20, 2020	May
		Sales – Hotel/Motel (Feb. 2020)	R-1029HME: Hotel/Motel Sales Tax Return	March 20, 2020	May
		Sales – New Orleans Exhibition Hall Authority Food and Beverage (Feb. 2020)	R-1325: New Orleans Exhibition Hall Authority Additional Hotel Room Occupancy Tax and Food and Beverage Tax Return	March 20, 2020	May
		Sales – Occupancy (Feb. 2020)	R-1029DSE: Louisiana Stadium and Exhibition District; Ernest N. Morial Exhibition Hall Authority; Hotel/Motel Sales Tax Return	March 20, 2020	May
		Sales – Online Hotel Forums (Feb. 2020)	R-1029DSO: Online Hotel Forums - Louisiana Stadium and Exhibition District and Ernest N. Morial Exhibition Hall Authority Hotel/Motel Sales	March 20, 2020	Мау
			R-1029SWO: Online Hotel Forums - Statewide Hotel/Motel Return	March 20, 2020	May

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		* Fiscal-year filers should refer to the appropriate Revenue Information Bulletin for extension details."	
		Revenue Information Bulletin No. 20-009 on filing and payment extension to July 15 (3/23/20) "Income Tax Administrative	
		Income and Franchise Tax Return Extensions and Other Matters Related to COVID-19	
		On March 11, 2020, Governor John Bel Edwards declared a statewide public health emergency as a result of the imminent threat posed to Louisiana citizens by the outbreak of a respiratory disease caused by a novel coronavirus known commonly as COVID-19. On March 22, 2020, additional measures, including a general stay-at-home order to the public, were enacted. The Department of Revenue ("Department") continues to actively monitor this ongoing situation in concert with the Governor's Office.	
		The purpose of this guidance is to provide filing and payment extension relief for income and franchise tax returns and payments due on April 15 and May 15, 2020, and to share other important information with our stakeholders.	
		Income and Franchise Tax Returns and Payments Extensions	
		The following chart sets forth the (pre-guidance) due dates for the 2019 income and franchise tax returns: Income Tax Type - Tax Return Due Date Partnership - IT-565 - 2019 - Partnership Return of Income - April 15, 2020 - R-6922 - 2019 - Composite Partnership Tax Return - May 15, 2020	
		Individual - May 15, 2020	
		IT-540 - 2019 LA Resident Income Tax Return - May 15, 2020 IT-540B - 2019 LA Nonresident and Part-Year Resident Income Tax Return - May 15, 2020 R-1035 - LA Consumer Use Tax Return - May 15, 2020	
		Fiduciary IT-541 – 2019 - Fiduciary Income Tax Return - May 15, 2020	
		Corporation	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
State	Guidance/Date	CIFT-620 – 2019 - Corporation Income and 2020 Franchise Tax - May 15, 2020  The due date for these returns and any payments due with the returns is extended to July 15, 2020. This is an automatic extension and no extension request is necessary.  No penalties or interest will be assessed provided that the return and payment are submitted to the Department by the July 15, 2020, extension date.  For fiscal year filers with an income tax or franchise tax return and payment due date between March 1 and May 30, 2020, the automatic extension for the return and payment is sixty days from the original due date.  According to the DOR, estimated taxes are not covered in the relief. The first and second quarterly declaration payments remain due on April 15 and June 15, respectively.  Additional Extensions  As provided above, the filing and payment deadline for income and franchise tax returns has been administratively extended to July 15, 2020. If a taxpayer (individual, corporation, fiduciary, or partnership) requires additional time to file the return, an extension request may be submitted on the applicable extension form based on the tax type. The extension date of November 15, 2020 for individual, fiduciary, and partnership returns and December 15, 2020, for corporation returns.  However, interest and penalties shall accrue beginning on July 16, 2020, on the outstanding balance of tax due.  Department Operations  As provided by Proclamation No. 33 JBE 2020, all state office buildings, including the Baton Rouge Headquarters Office, are closed to the public. Essential functions of the Department shall continue. All online customer service options remain fully functional; taxpayers and their	Other Information
		representatives are encouraged to use these options as set forth in the March 16 News Release.  Additional Information	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		The Department encourages stakeholders to monitor press releases and other information posted on the Governor's Office and Department's websites. Additional extensions and guidance from the Department will be published in the form of a Revenue Information Bulletin."  Revenue Information Bulletin No. 20-008 and News Release (March 19, 2020)	
		"Sales Tax, Excise Tax, Administrative  Tax Return Extensions and Other Matters Related to COVID-19 On March 11, 2020, Governor John Bel Edwards declared a statewide public health emergency as a result of the imminent threat posed to Louisiana citizens by the outbreak of a respiratory disease caused by a novel coronavirus known commonly as COVID-19. The Department of Revenue ("Department") continues to actively monitor this ongoing situation in concert with the Governor's Office.	
		The purpose of this guidance is to provide filing and payment extension relief for certain taxes due on March 20, 2020, and to share other important information with our stakeholders.  February 2020 Sales Tax Return	
		The February 2020 sales tax returns and payments 1 are due on March 20, 2020. The filing and payment deadline for the February 2020 sales tax period is extended to May 20, 2020. This is an automatic extension and no extension request is necessary.  The Department will waive delinquency penalties and compromise interest associated with delinquent sales tax remittances as long as	
		the return and payment are received by the extended due date of May 20, 2020.  Taxpayers cannot utilize the Parish E-File or Sales Tax Online filing systems to take advantage of this filing and payment extension relief. Sales tax returns and payments must be submitted via LaTAP or by paper filing. All electronic filing and payment mandates contained	
		within Title 61 of the Louisiana Administrative Code relative to sales tax are temporarily suspended. No penalties will be assessed for a taxpayer's failure to file a sales tax return electronically or remit sales tax by electronic funds transfer.  February 2020 Excise Taxes Returns	

The February 2020 excise tax returns and payments for (1) Wine Shipped Direct to Consumers and (2) Louisiana State and Parish and Municipal Beer Tax are due on March 20, 2020. The filing and payment deadline for these February 2020 excise tax periods is extended to May 20, 2020. This is an automatic extension and no extension request is necessary.  The Department will waive delinquency penalties and compromise interest associated with delinquent excise tax remittances as long as the return and payment are received by the extended due date of May 20, 2020.  Assessments, Audits, and Litigation  As provided by Section 5 of Proclamation No. JBE 2020-30, the prescription of all tax assessments issued by the Department pursuant to Part III entitled "Assessment and Collection Procedures" of Chapter 18 of Title 47 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes is suspended effective March 16, 2020. The suspension of prescription of all Department tax assessments will remain in effect until April 13, 2020. This suspension of prescription of an assessment with the Louisiana Board of Tax Appeals and for the time delays for a papeals in Louisiana Board of Tax Appeals and for the time delays for appeals in Louisiana Board of Tax Appeals and for the time delays for appeals in Louisiana courts filed by taxpayers and the Department.  The Department will grant an automatic extension on any outstanding audit or litigation matter, including but not limited to.	State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
proposed assessments, protests, requests for information, discovery requests, and continuances. Except for system-generated assessments on self-assessed returns, the Department will take no action in issuing formal assessments on audited accounts until at least April 13, 2020.2  Collection Activity  The Department is temporarily suspending collection activity by distraint and sale on delinquent taxpayer accounts. However, delinquency interest and penalties will continue to accrue in accordance with statute on unpaid balances."	State	Guidance/Date	The February 2020 excise tax returns and payments for (1) Wine Shipped Direct to Consumers and (2) Louisiana State and Parish and Municipal Beer Tax are due on March 20, 2020. The filing and payment deadline for these February 2020 excise tax periods is extended to May 20, 2020. This is an automatic extension and no extension request is necessary.  The Department will waive delinquency penalties and compromise interest associated with delinquent excise tax remittances as long as the return and payment are received by the extended due date of May 20, 2020.  Assessments, Audits, and Litigation  As provided by Section 5 of Proclamation No. JBE 2020-30, the prescription of all tax assessments issued by the Department pursuant to Part III entitled "Assessment and Collection Procedures" of Chapter 18 of Title 47 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes is suspended effective March 16, 2020. The suspension of prescription of all Department tax assessments will remain in effect until April 13, 2020. This suspension of prescription is applicable to the time delay for a taxpayer's petition to appeal for redetermination of an assessment with the Louisiana Board of Tax Appeals and for the time delays for appeals in Louisiana courts filed by taxpayers and the Department.  The Department will grant an automatic extension on any outstanding audit or litigation matter, including but not limited to, proposed assessments, protests, requests for information, discovery requests, and continuances. Except for system-generated assessments on self-assessed returns, the Department will take no action in issuing formal assessments on audited accounts until at least April 13, 2020.2  Collection Activity  The Department is temporarily suspending collection activity by distraint and sale on delinquent taxpayer accounts. However, delinquency interest and penalties will continue to accrue in	Other Information
accordance with statute on unpaid balances."			-	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		"Department of Revenue extends state sales tax deadline due to	
		coronavirus public health emergency	
		Businesses have additional time to file returns due this month for sales	
		and excise taxes collected by the Louisiana Department of Revenue	
		(LDR). The extended deadline is May 20, 2020, for applicable returns	
		and payments that were due Friday, March 20.	
		The extension applies to sales, beer excise and wine excise tax returns	
		and payments for the February 2020 tax period. By state law, sales and	
		excise tax returns for any monthly tax period are generally due on the	
		20 <sup>th</sup> day of the following month. However, LDR is extending this	
		month's deadline due to the public health emergency caused by the	
		coronavirus pandemic. This is an automatic extension and no extension	
		request is necessary.	
		LDR will waive penalties and interest for applicable returns and	
		payments received by the extended May 20 deadline.	
		For more information, including a full list of all taxes eligible for this relief, read Revenue Information Bulletin 20-008."	
		Tener, read Revenue information bunetin 20-008.	
		New Orleans	
		Announcement (3/17/20)	
		Mayor LaToya Cantrell announced that, in response to the COVID-19	
		outbreak, the City of New Orleans is waiving fines, fees, interest and	
		penalties on sales tax payments due to the City for 60 days. In	
		addition, the City will extend the renewal period for ABOs up to 30 days	
36.	0.000	without penalty.	0 1 (0/10/20)
Maine	Governor Press Release (3/26/20)	Governor Press Release (3/26/20)	Announcement on Operations (3/18/20)
	(July 15 extend filing and	Covernor Mills Extends State Income Toy Doyment Deadling to July	"Maine Revenue Services Announces Public
	(July 15 – extend filing and payment from April 15 to July 15 –	Governor Mills Extends State Income Tax Payment Deadline to July 15, 2020	Access Limited To Only Accepting Tax Payments
	waive late fees and interest. This	13, 4040	1 ayments
	includes any final and estimated	Governor Janet Mills and Commissioner of the Department of	Taxpayers may still seek assistance via
	Maine income tax payments due by	Administrative and Financial Services Commissioner Kirsten Figueroa	telephone.
	April 15, 2020. Any failure-to-pay	announced today that the State will <b>extend the deadline for Maine</b>	r
	penalties and interest will be abated	income tax payments from April 15, 2020 to July 15, 2020. The	AUGUSTA – To prevent the spread of the
	for the period of April 16, 2020,	change aligns with the Federal government's recent extension of the	COVID-19 virus, Maine Revenue Services
	through July 15, 2020. Sales tax	Federal tax filing deadline to July 15, 2020.	("MRS"), a part of the Department of
	and payroll payments will continue		Administrative and Financial Services, is
	as normal.)	"Aligning Maine's tax filing and payment deadlines with the federal	announcing it is limiting public access to MRS
		government and waiving late fees and interest payments will ease the	facilities. This change goes into effect
		number of things that Maine businesses and taxpayers have to think	Thursday, March 19, 2020.

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		about during this difficult time," said DAFS Commissioner Kirsten Figueroa.  The State extended the payment deadline of April 15, 2020, to July 15, 2020. This includes any final and estimated Maine income tax payments due by April 15, 2020. Any failure-to-pay penalties and interest will be abated for the period of April 16, 2020, through July 15, 2020.	This limitation is made with regard to the latest Maine CDC guidelines. MRS' facilities at 51 Commerce Drive in Augusta will only be available to the public for purposes of accepting tax payments. MRS' facilities at 135 Presumpscot Street in Portland continue to be closed to the public.
		The extended filing deadline for Maine income tax returns is automatically tied to any federal extension. Therefore, the filing deadline of April 15, 2020, for 2019 Maine income tax returns, is automatically extended to July 15, 2020. This includes Form 1040ME (Maine Individual Income Tax Return), Form 1041ME (Maine Income Tax Return for Estates and Trusts), and Form 1120ME (Maine Corporate Income Tax Return).  Sales tax and payroll payments will continue as normal. For questions about Maine income tax, contact Maine Revenue Services (MRS) at (207) 626-8475 or visit the MRS website at <a href="www.maine.gov/revenue">www.maine.gov/revenue</a> .	Taxpayers seeking telephone assistance may still call MRS during normal telephoneassistance hours from 9:00 a.m. to 4:00 p.m. All MRS telephone and email contact information is available at: www.maine.gov/revenue/contact.html. This includes the Taxpayer Service Center at (207) 624-9784 and the Property Tax Division at (207) 6245600.  MRS has not determined a date to resume
			normal building access. At this moment, MRS does not expect the COVID-19 situation to significantly impact tax return processing."
Maryland	Tax Alert 07-24 on MD on Federal CARES Act (7/20/20)	Tax Alert 07-24 on MD on Federal CARES Act (7/20/20)  Maryland Impact of the federal CARES Act on 1) Business Interest	Maryland Secretary of State – Governor  Executive Order 20-03-30-04 – Authorizing  Remote Notarizations (3/30/20)
	Tax Alert 05-04-20 on Employer Withholding Requirements (5/5/20)  Tax Alert 04-14-20A	Expense Deduction, 2) Limitation of Excess Business Losses for Noncorporate Taxpayers, 3) Net Operating Losses, and 4) QIP Bonus Depreciation In response to the COVID-19 pandemic, the United States Congress passed the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act, also known as the CARES Act.	The Comptroller of Maryland agency has set up a dedicated email address — <a href="mailto:taxpayerrelief@marylandtaxes.gov">taxpayerrelief@marylandtaxes.gov</a> — to assist businesses with extension-related questions.
	FAQs (updated 4/14/20)  MD COT Tax Alert 04-14-20B on	The CARES Act became law on March 27, 2020. The Act temporarily altered several tax provisions enacted under the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act	Business owners can also call the Comptroller's Ombudsman at 410-260-4020.
	Employer Withholding (4/14/20)  MD Comptroller of the Treasury	(TCJA) intended to increase cash flow and reduce the income tax burden on corporations, partnerships, and individuals. Relief includes: the temporary and retroactive reinstatement of Net Operating Loss (NOL)	Maryland Department of Assessments and Taxation website (3/17/20)
	Information on New Filing Deadlines (4/9/20)	carryback provisions for tax years 2018, 2019, and 2020 previously repealed under the TCJA in Internal Revenue Code (IRC) § 172; a decreased limitation on business interest expenses subject to deduction	"Tax Credits - Please be advised that effective 3/16/2020, SDAT's Tax Credits office will be closed to the public until further notice. All tax
	Maryland Comptroller of the Treasury <u>Tax Alert 04-20 –</u> temporary acceptance of digital signatures (4/9/20)	in tax years 2019 and 2020 under IRC § 163(j); and the elimination of loss limitations imposed on noncorporate taxpayers by the TCJA under IRC § 461(l) for tax years 2018, 2019, and 2020. The CARES Act also provided a technical correction giving qualified business improvements	credit applications can be filed online through <a href="http://www.taxcredits.sdat.maryland.gov">http://www.taxcredits.sdat.maryland.gov</a> .

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		(QIP) a 15-year recovery period, thereby making those assets eligible for	Charter Business Services & Personal Property
	Maryland Secretary of State –	100% bonus depreciation under IRC § 168.	Assessments – Please be advised that effective
	Governor Executive Order 20-03-		3/16/2020, SDAT's Charter & Personal
	30-04 – Authorizing Remote	As a conformity state, Maryland generally conforms to federal income	Property public counter located at State Center
	Notarizations (3/30/20)	tax laws except where the Maryland Legislature has enacted decoupling	in Baltimore will be closed to the public until
1	Maryland State Department of	legislation. Additionally, Maryland law provides that if the revenue impact of an IRC amendment for a taxable year that begins in the	further notice.
I	Assessments and Taxation website	calendar year in which the amendment is enacted is greater than \$5	
1	(4/7/20):	million, the amendment does not affect the determination of Maryland	Nearly all charter and personal property filings
1	(1/1/20).	taxable income for that tax year1; that is, Maryland automatically	can be made online, and to do so please visit
	COVID-19 Unemployment	decouples from those federal changes. The revenue impact is determined	Maryland Business Express
1	Insurance Information (4/6/20)	by the Bureau of Revenue Estimates in a report issued 60 days after an	(www.businessexpress.maryland.gov) to
1		amendment to the IRC2. In its report dated June 12, 20203, the Bureau	register your business, order business documents, and file annual reports and personal
	MD UI COVID Tax Relief FAQs –	of Revenue Estimates concluded that each of the key provisions would	property tax returns.
	(4/6/20)	have an impact of greater than \$5 million in each year affected, 2018,	property tax returns.
		2019 and 2020. However, the Maryland decoupling statute permits	Places has a designed that affirmations 2/16/2020
	MD COT Press Release on	decoupling only for the purposes of calculating Maryland taxable	Please be advised that effective 3/16/2020, SDAT's Real Property Offices will only accept
	Temporary Stop of Processing	income for the year in which the amendment is enacted4. Therefore,	telephone and written appeals. All in-person
	Paper Returns on April 15 (4/6/20)	Maryland is automatically decoupled from the CARES Act	real property assessment appeal hearings will be
	M 1 10 11 61	provisions affecting tax year 2020, but conforms to CARES Act	suspended until further notice.
	Maryland Comptroller of the	provisions affecting tax years 2018 and 2019.	Suspended until ruraner netter
	<u>Treasury COVID-19 Frequently</u> <u>Asked Questions (FAQs) (4/2/20)</u>	The Memiland impact of each leav provision is discussed helesy	Real Property Assessment Appeal Form -
	Asked Questions (FAQs) (4/2/20)	The Maryland impact of each key provision is discussed below.	Property tax assessment notices were mailed to
	Maryland Tax Alert 04-01-20 on tax	Business Interest Expense Deduction	Group 2 property owners on Friday, December
	filing and payment relief update	Prior to the CARES Act, Federal law limited the allowed deduction for	27, 2019. A map of which properties fall into
	(4/1/20)	business interest expense to the sum of: (1) business interest income for	Groups 1, 2, and 3 and their respective years for
	()	the taxable year; (2) 30% of the adjusted taxable income of the 1 Tax-	reassessment can be viewed here.
	Maryland Secretary of State –	General Article (TG) § 10-108(c) of the Annotated Code of Maryland. 2	
	Governor Executive Order 20-03-	TG § 10-108(b) 3 https://www.marylandtaxes.gov/reports/static-	The deadline to file an appeal is February 10,
1	30-04 – Authorizing Remote	files/revenue/federalimpact/CARES_Act_60_Day_Report_Final_2020.p	2020."
	Notarizations (3/30/20)	df 4 TG § 10-108(a) TTY: Maryland Relay 711 taxpayer for the taxable	
1		year; and (3) the floor plan financing interest of such a taxpayer for the	MACPA sent <u>letter</u> to Maryland Congressional
1	Prior Tax Alert on filing and	taxable year. IRC § 163(j). Maryland conforms to the federal law on	legislators urging Treasury and IRS to
	payment extension (3/20/20	business interest expense; prior to the enactment of the CARES Act,	immediately release details of filing relief.
	originally, updated 4/1/20)	no Maryland modification had been required. The CARES Act §	(3/14/20)
		2306 amended IRC § 163 to raise the percentage of adjusted taxable	
	News Release on filing and payment	income that may be included in the business interest expense deduction	"I am writing to ask that you contact the
	for individuals and corps changed to	from 30% to 50% for all business types, except partnerships5, for	Treasury Department and the IRS to urge that
	7/15 and sales tax not due 3/20/20	taxable years beginning in 2019 and 20206. Additionally, in the case of any taxable year beginning in 2020, a taxpayer may elect to substitute its	they immediately release specific details on
	(3/20/20)	2019 taxable income in the calculation of its business interest expense	pending tax filing and payment relief.
I	N. D. L	deduction7, unless 2019 is a short taxable year8. <b>If a taxpayer amends</b>	O. March 11 Trans at Co. 11 March 12
l	News Release on payment deadline	their federal 2018 or 2019 return to increase the business interest	On March 11, Treasury Secretary Mnuchin and
<u> </u>	7/15 (3/17/20)	Men reactar 2010 of 2017 return to increase the business interest	President Trump announced that the

PRIOR <u>Comptroller of Maryland</u> <u>News Release/Bulletin</u> (3/11/20)

(July 15 – filing and payment extension for individuals, corporate, pass through entity, and fiduciary taxpayers income taxes – waive interest and penalty for late payments made by July 15. Fiscal and calendar year filers with tax years ending January 1, 2020 through March 31, 2020 are also eligible for the July 15, 2020 filing and payment extension. The due date for March quarterly estimated payments that is normally due April 15 is extended to July 15, 2020. The state of Maryland has extended the due date for filing June 15<sup>th</sup> estimated tax payment to July 15<sup>th</sup>. The extension for filing of returns and payment of income tax owed also extends the statute of limitations for filing a claim for refund of income tax. The extension of time for filing returns and payment of tax has been extended to apply to estate tax. Any estate with a return due date after April 1, 2020 and before July 15, 2020 may file the return on or before July 15, 2020. This extension affects the estates of decedents dying between July 1, 2019 and October 14, 2019. Estates that had previously filed a request for extension and whose due date falls between April 1, 2020 and July 14, 2020 are also affected. Estate tax returns for those estates that file a request for extension by July 15, 2020 must submit the Maryland estate tax return on or before

expense deduction, they may also amend their Maryland return based on the reduced federal adjusted gross income. No decoupling modification for business interest expense is required for amended returns for tax years 2018 or 2019. Any NOL generated in tax years 2018 or 2019 may be carried forward to tax year 2020. Maryland is decoupled from IRC § 163 as amended by the CARES Act § 2306, as it applies to a tax year beginning in 2020. A decoupling modification is required to add back to federal taxable income any amount included in the federal business interest expense deduction that exceeds 30% of federal taxable income. This decoupling modification may affect the amount of NOL that may be carried forward. NOLs incurred in tax year 2020 may not be carried back.

**Limitation of Excess Business Losses for Noncorporate Taxpavers** Prior to the CARES Act, an individual, trust, or estate, could offset up to \$250,000 (\$500,000 for individuals filing jointly) of nonbusiness income with business losses. Any loss beyond that limit could be carried forward as an NOL. Maryland has conformed to this provision; no Maryland modification has been required. The CARES Act § 2304 amended IRC § 461(1) to eliminate the limitation on individuals, trusts, and estates and allow them to use business losses to offset the full amount of their nonbusiness income for tax years 2018 through 20209. Any excess loss is considered an NOL. Maryland conforms to this provision as it applies to tax years 2018 and 2019. If a taxpayer amends their 2018 or 2019 federal returns to use business losses to offset the full amount of their nonbusiness income, they may also amend their Maryland return for those years. Any excess loss maybe carried forward. Maryland is decoupled from IRC § 461(1) as amended by the CARES Act § 2304 as it applies to tax year 2020. At the Maryland level, noncorporate taxpayers' business losses incurred in tax year 2020 may only offset up to \$250,000 (\$500,000 for joint filers) of nonbusiness income. A decoupling modification is required to add back to federal taxable income any deduction of business loss that exceeds \$250,000 (\$500,000 for joint filers). This decoupling modification may affect the amount of NOL that may be carried forward. NOLs incurred in tax year 2020 may not be carried back. 5 For partnerships, this amendment only applies to taxable years beginning in 2020, but 50% of any excess business interest expense allocated from a partnership for any taxable year beginning in 2019 shall be treated as business interest that is paid or accrued by the partner in the partner's first taxable year beginning in 2020 and that is not subject to the partner's § 163(j) limit in 2020.

Administration would instruct the IRS to extend the tax filing season for certain individuals and businesses affected by the coronavirus. Following those announcements, the president invoked the Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act to declare a national emergency. An emergency declaration may unlock tax filing and late payment relief for individuals and businesses. Extending certain filing deadlines along with payment and interest relief are critical to alleviate the uncertainty about this year's tax filing season.

The MACPA and the AICPA has publicly urged and been in close communication with the Treasury Department and the IRS to provide filing, payment, and interest relief to all taxpayers in light of the uncertainty and challenges caused by the spread of the COVID-19 pandemic.

While I appreciate the Administration's public support to the taxpaying public, I am greatly concerned that the Treasury Department and the IRS have yet to provide specific details on how relief will be administered and who it might cover. Immediate, clear guidance and specific details on tax filing and payment relief are critically needed to help tax practitioners and their clients.

Relief for all taxpayers is desperately needed in light of the uncertainty and challenges caused by the spread of the COVID-19 pandemic. Tax practitioners and our clients anxiously await details from the Administration in the midst of this fast-moving emergency situation."

State Guidance/Date Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus Other Information January 15, 2021. For individuals IRC § 163(j)(10)(A)(ii). 6 IRC § 163(j)(10)(A)(i) 7 IRC § who request a federal extension by 163(j)(10)(B)(i) 8 IRC § 163(j)(10)(B)(ii) 9 IRC § 461(l)(2)(B) TTY: July 15, 2020, the Maryland tax Maryland Relay 711 NOLs Prior to the passage of the federal Tax Cuts return is due by October 15, 2020. and Jobs Act (TCJA) in 2017, IRC § 172 allowed taxpayers to carryback For corporations who request a NOLs for up to two years, with an election for 5 years in some cases. federal extension by July 15, 2020, Maryland decoupled from the five-year election, which had been found in IRC § 172(b)(1)(H), with the result that Maryland allowed a the Maryland tax return is due by November 15, 2020. The cessation carryback for up to two years only. The TCJA repealed the carryback federally, allowing a 20-year NOL carryforward to offset up to 80% of of collections is effective immediately and shall continue until taxable income each year for tax years beginning after December 31, 2017. This change by the TCJA rendered Maryland's decoupling moot; 30 days after the lifting of the state of emergency by the Governor. the Maryland statute 10 specifically decoupled from IRC § 172(b)(1)(H), Pursuant to this action, the which was repealed by the TCJA. Maryland reverted to conformity by Comptroller's office will not send default, and for tax years beginning after December 31, 2017, no out lien warning notices, issue liens, carryback has been allowed, only carryforward11. Maryland also attach bank accounts, hold up the conformed to the 80% limitation. Prior to the CARES Act, Maryland renewal of any license including conformed to IRC § 172; no Maryland modification has been required Maryland driver's licenses, or offset for tax years beginning after December 31, 2017. The CARES Act § vendor payments for Maryland 2303 amended the NOL provisions enacted under the TCJA to allow a taxes. The agency will temporarily five-year carry back for NOLS and suspend the 80% carryforward stop processing paper tax returns on limitation for tax years beginning after December 31, 2017 and before April 15. The Office will recognize January 1, 2021 (2018, 2019, and 2020)12. As a result, businesses may the temporary nature of a business' amend their federal 2018 tax year returns to carryback current year interim workplace model and losses and offset federal taxable income for tax years as far back as employee deployment in light of 2013. Losses incurred in 2019 and 2020 may be carried back as far as and during the current health 2014 and 2015, respectively, at the federal level. Maryland conforms to emergency and will not use these this provision as it applies to tax years 2018 and 2019. NOLs temporary measures to impose incurred in tax years 2018 and 2019 may be carried back for up to business nexus, to alter the sourcing five years. If a taxpayer incurred a federal NOL in tax year 2018 or of business income, or to impose 2019, and they amend prior year federal returns to carry the NOL additional withholding requirements back, they may also amend their Maryland returns for each year a on the employer.) federal amended return was filed. Please note, the IRS has implemented procedures for quick refunds due to the carryback of NOLs, but Maryland has no such procedures; taxpayers must file (The Comptroller's office will amended returns to claim the state refund. Maryland is decoupled temporarily accept images of signatures (scanned and from IRC § 172 as amended by the CARES Act § 2303 as it applies photographed) and digital signatures to tax year 2020. Taxpayers may continue to carry forward losses incurred in tax years beginning after December 31, 2017; they may on certain documents. The scope is not amend prior year returns to carry back current year federal limited to the determination and collection of liabilities. As part of NOLs incurred in tax year 2020. Additionally, any NOLs carried this initiative, the limited documents forward from prior years is limited to 80% of Maryland taxable include extensions of statute of income for 2020. The remaining unused NOL may be carried forward to tax year 2021. Because tax year 2020 NOLs may not be limitations on assessment or

carried back at the Maryland level, taxpayers may deplete a 2020

collection, waivers of statutory

State Guidance/Date Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus Other Information notices of deficiency and consents federal NOL by carrying it back before the federal NOL is depleted at the Maryland level. A decoupling modification is required for to assessment, or agreements to specific tax matters or tax liabilities each year to which a 2020 NOL is carried back at the federal level, (closing or settlement agreements). as allowed by the CARES Act. A decoupling modification is also In addition, the Comptroller's office required to add back to tax year 2020 any NOL carryforward that will allow Comptroller employees exceeds 80% of taxable income for the tax year. The modification is to send and accept documents via determined using Maryland Form 500DM and instructions. Pro secure email. Any taxpayer can forma federal returns must be completed in order to determine the request that a secure email be sent **decoupling modification.** Example 1. Taxpayer A incurred a federal by a Comptroller employee. NOL of \$100,000 in tax year 2019. The taxpayer amends its federal Alternatively, the Comptroller will returns to offset its 2018 income of \$110,000, bringing 2018 federal accept password protected taxable income to \$10,000, 10 TG § 10-210.1(b)(2) 11 COMAR attachments using certain programs. 03.04.03.07.B. 12 IRC § 172(b)(1)(D) TTY: Maryland Relay 711 and In order to send a document with the receives a federal refund. Taxpayer A may amend its 2018 Maryland digital signature, the taxpayer or return to carry back the 2019 NOL. Example 2. In tax year 2020, representative must include a Taxpayer B incurs a federal NOL of \$100,000. Taxpayer B amends prior statement, either in the form of an year federal returns to carry the NOL back. The NOL offsets income of attached cover letter or within the \$80,000 in 2018, and reduces 2019 income of \$90,000 to \$70,000 at the federal level. 2018 and 2019 Maryland returns may not be amended to body of the email, saving to the effect: "The attached [name of carryback the 2020 NOL. Prior to tax year 2021, the 2020 NOL is document] includes [name of depleted at the federal level; taxpayer used its entire 2020 NOL by taxpayer]'s valid signature and the carrying it back to 2018 and 2019. However, at the Maryland level, taxpayer intends to transmit the Taxpayer B may use Form 500DM to carry forward the 2020 NOL to attached document to the reduce 2021 income by up to 80% of 2021 Maryland taxable income. Comptroller of Maryland."1 The For further discussion of net operating losses and associated Maryland choice to transmit documents addition and subtraction modifications, please see Administrative electronically is solely that of the Release 18. Qualified Improvement Property and Bonus taxpaver. The office will consider **Depreciation** The CARES Act § 2307 made a technical correction to the the temporary nature of a business's TCJA, allowing qualified improvement property (OIP) placed in service interim workplace model and after December 31, 2017, to be classified as 15-year property and employee deployment in light of the eligible for federal 100% bonus depreciation. The CARES Act current health emergency in making accomplishes the correction by amending IRC § 168(e) and (g). This a nexus determination, whether the provision is effective as if it were included in the TCJA, and applies to business correctly sourced income. tax years beginning after December 31, 2017. Maryland has legislatively and whether the business properly decoupled from federal bonus depreciation, except when it is taken by a withheld and reported employee manufacturer, by decoupling from IRC § 167(a) and (k) 13. Prior to the state withholding.) passage of the CARES Act, Maryland had not been specifically decoupled from IRC § 168(e)(3)(E)(vii), which the CARES Act (The Office will consider the amended to classify QIP as 15-year property. The shortened depreciation temporary nature of a business' period for QIP will have an unknown, but likely not significant, impact interim workplace model and on revenue. Therefore, Maryland conforms to the provision that employee deployment in light of the classifies OIP as 15-year property as it applies to all tax years current health emergency in making beginning after December 31, 2017. QIP placed in service in tax a nexus determination, whether the years 2018 and beyond is 15-year property, and may be depreciated

business correctly sourced income,

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State	and whether the business properly	as such. Because Maryland has legislatively decoupled from federal	Outer information
	withheld and reported employee	bonus depreciation, non-manufacturers may not take bonus	
	state withholding.)	depreciation on QIP at the Maryland level, even though the	
		property qualifies for federal bonus depreciation. July 2020"	
	(June 1 – extended Feb, Mar., and	property quantities for reactur bonds depreciation, vary 2020	
	April filings and payments to June 1	Tax Alert 05-04-20 on Employer Withholding Requirements (5/5/20)	
	for sales and use tax, withholding		
	payments, admissions and	"THIS ALERT SUPERSEDES THE PREVIOUS ALERT ISSUED 5-01	
	amusement tax, tobacco tax, motor	EMPLOYER WITHHOLDING REQUIREMENTS FOR	
	carrier and motor fuel taxes, Bay	TELEWORKING EMPLOYEES DURING THE COVID-19	
	restoration fees.)	EMERGENCY On March 5, 2020, Governor Lawrence J. Hogan, Jr.	
		proclaimed a state of emergency and a catastrophic health emergency	
	(July 31 - unclaimed property	related to COVID-19. The following tax alert addresses withholding	
	reports and payments for insurance	questions received by the Office of the Comptroller of Maryland due to	
	companies for 2019 calendar year	the unprecedented situation caused by the COVID-19 pandemic.	
	are extended from April 30.)	Employer Withholding Requirements	
		Maryland employer withholding requirements are not affected by the	
	(Cessation of collection efforts is	current shift from working on the employer's premises to teleworking	
	effective immediately until 30 days	because taxability is determined by the employee's physical presence.	
	after the lifting of the state of	Generally, Maryland imposes income tax, and therefore a withholding	
	emergency by the Governor.	requirement on employers, for employees domiciled in Maryland,	
	Comptroller's office will not send	statutory residents of Maryland1, and non-residents receiving Maryland-	
	out lien warning notices, issue liens, attach bank accounts, hold up the	sourced income. Income is deemed Maryland-sourced income when the	
	renewal of any license including	income is compensation for services performed in Maryland. Residents	
	Maryland driver's licenses, or offset	of Virginia, Washington D.C., West Virginia, and Pennsylvania who	
	vendor payments for Maryland	earn wages, salaries, tips, and commission income for services	
	taxes.)	performed in Maryland are exempt from Maryland state income tax, and	
	taxes.)	therefore, withholding, because Maryland has a reciprocal agreement with these states. Unlike the aforementioned states, Delaware has not	
	(While the 1st quarter contribution	entered into a reciprocal agreement with the state of Maryland.	
	and wage reports for UI will be due	Compensation paid to a Maryland nonresident who is teleworking in	
	on April 30, 2020, we will consider	Maryland is Maryland-sourced income, and therefore, subject to	
	tax payments for the 1st quarter to	withholding.	
	be received timely if received by	The Comptroller's Office does not intend to change or alter the facts and	
	June 1, 2020.)	circumstances it has consistently used to determine nexus or income	
		sourcing. As has always been the case, the Office reviews and considers	
	(The May 15, 2020 deadline for all	the specific facts and circumstances of each taxpayer in order to make a	
	owners of income producing real	fair determination. In doing so going forward, the Office understands	
	property to submit Income and	that many businesses have been required or otherwise found it necessary	
	Expense Questionnaires under Tax-	during the COVID-19 health emergency to temporarily alter their	
	Property Article § 8-105 will be	workplace model and deployment of their employees. The Office	
	extended to July 15, 2020.	further understands that this was done in order to comply with the	
	The deadline to submit 2020 Annual	various gubernatorial executive orders and health department and CDC	
	Reports and Personal Property Tax	recommendations on social distancing. Consequently, the Office will	

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	Returns for businesses will be	recognize the temporary nature of a business' interim workplace model	
	automatically extended to July 15,	and employee deployment in light of and during the current health	
	2020. April 15 Franchise Tax	emergency and will not use these temporary measures to impose	
	Return and April 15 franchise tax	business nexus, to alter the sourcing of business income, or to impose	
	payment due dates will be extended	additional withholding requirements on the employer.	
	to 30 days after the state of	Frequently Asked Questions:	
	emergency is rescinded. Expiration	1. My business is based in Virginia with offices in Maryland and	
	dates for trade names and name	Washington D.C. Both of my employees are Maryland residents.	
	reservations, as well as entity	Generally, one works in the Maryland office and the other in the	
	forfeiture dates will also be	Washington D.C. office. Both are presently teleworking in Maryland.	
	extended to 30 days after the state of	Do I have a Maryland withholding requirement?	
	emergency is rescinded.)	Yes. Your employees are Maryland residents and are subject to tax on	
		all income earned.	
	MD - Maryland is automatically	2. My business is based in Maryland with offices in Virginia and	
	decoupled from the CARES Act	Washington D.C. Both of my employees are Maryland residents. One	
	provisions affecting tax year 2020,	works in the Maryland office and the other in the Washington D.C.	
	but conforms to CARES Act	office. Do I have a Maryland withholding requirement?	
	provisions affecting tax years 2018	Yes. Your employees are Maryland residents and are subject to tax on	
	and 2019. Business Interest	all income earned.	
	<b>Expense Deduction.</b> If a taxpayer	3. My business is based in Virginia with offices in Maryland and	
	amends their federal 2018 or 2019	Washington D.C. Both of my employees are Virginia residents.	
	return to increase the business	Generally, one works in the Maryland office and the other in the	
	interest expense deduction, they	Washington D.C. office. Both are teleworking in Virginia. Do I have a	
	may also amend their Maryland	Maryland withholding requirement?	
	return based on the reduced federal	No. Your employees are not Maryland residents and they are not	
	adjusted gross income. No	performing services in the state. Even if they were providing services in	
	decoupling modification for	the state, they would be exempt from withholding due to Maryland's	
	business interest expense is required	reciprocal agreement with Virginia.	
	for amended returns for tax years	4. My business is based in Delaware with an office in Maryland. My	
	2018 or 2019. Any NOL generated	employee resides in Delaware but generally works in the Maryland	
	in tax years 2018 or 2019 may be	office. He is currently teleworking in Delaware. Do I have a Maryland	
	carried forward to tax year 2020.	withholding requirement?	
	Maryland is decoupled from IRC §	Yes. Delaware has not entered into a reciprocal agreement with	
	163 as amended by the CARES Act	Maryland. You have a withholding requirement for the wages paid as	
	§ 2306, as it applies to a tax year	compensation for services rendered in the Maryland office because it is	
	beginning in 2020. A decoupling	Maryland-sourced income, but no withholding requirement for the wages paid as compensation during the time your employee is	
	modification is required to add back	teleworking.	
	to federal taxable income any amount included in the federal	5. My business is based in Delaware with an office in Maryland. My	
	business interest expense deduction	employee resides in Delaware but generally works in the Maryland	
	that exceeds 30% of federal taxable	office. He is currently teleworking in Maryland. Do I have a Maryland	
	income. This decoupling	withholding requirement?	
	modification may affect the amount	Yes. Delaware has not entered into a reciprocal agreement with	
	of NOL that may be carried	Maryland. You have a withholding requirement for the wages paid as	
	of NOL that may be carried	waiyiand. Tou have a withholding requirement for the wages paid as	

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	forward. NOLs incurred in tax year	compensation for services rendered in the Maryland office and those	
	2020 may not be carried back.	paid for services rendered while teleworking in Maryland." (5/5/20)	
	<b>Limitation of Excess Business</b>		
	Losses for Noncorporate	1 Active duty military and the spouses of active duty military are not	
	Taxpayers. Maryland has	deemed statutory residents when their presence in Maryland is solely the	
	conformed to this provision; no	result of military orders.	
	Maryland modification has been		
	required. Maryland conforms to	<u>Tax Alert 04-14-20A</u>	
	this provision as it applies to tax		
	years 2018 and 2019. If a taxpayer	"THIS ALERT SUPERSEDES PREVIOUS ALERT ISSUED 4-1.	
	amends their 2018 or 2019 federal	IMPACT OF COVID-19 ON MARYLAND TAX FILING On March 5,	
	returns to use business losses to	2020, Governor Lawrence J. Hogan, Jr. proclaimed a state of emergency	
	offset the full amount of their	and a catastrophic health emergency related to COVID-19. The	
	nonbusiness income, they may also	following tax alert addresses actions taken by the Governor and the	
	amend their Maryland return for	Office of the Comptroller of Maryland due to the unprecedented	
	those years. Any excess loss maybe	situation caused by the COVID-19 pandemic. This tax alert includes	
	carried forward. Maryland is	updates based on additional guidance issued by the IRS on April 9,	
	decoupled from IRC § 461(l) as	2020. Tax deadline relief has been expanded to additional returns, tax	
	amended by the CARES Act § 2304	payments and claims for refund, and generally applies to all taxpayers	
	as it applies to tax year 2020. At the	that have a filing or payment deadline falling on or after April 1, 2020	
	Maryland level, noncorporate	and before July 15, 2020. Please note, the information in this Tax Alert	
	taxpayers' business losses incurred	applies only to those tax filings under authority of the Comptroller, as	
	in tax year 2020 may only offset up	described below. Taxpayers may need to consult other state agencies	
	to \$250,000 (\$500,000 for joint	regarding any possible extensions for other tax filings (e.g., personal	
	filers) of nonbusiness income. A	property, unemployment insurance).	
	decoupling modification is required	Extension of Time for Income Tax Filing and Income Tax Payments	
	to add back to federal taxable	Due to the COVID-19 pandemic and associated restrictions on activity,	
	income any deduction of business	the federal government extended the deadline for filing 2019 income tax	
	loss that exceeds \$250,000	returns and submitting 2019 income tax payments by 90 days, to July 15,	
	(\$500,000 for joint filers). This	2020. Maryland individual, corporate, pass through entity, estate and	
	decoupling modification may affect the amount of NOL that may be	fiduciary taxpayers are afforded the same relief at the Maryland level. Unlike the federal extension, which included only those taxpayers who	
	carried forward. NOLs incurred in	owed under a certain amount of tax, the Maryland extension applies to	
	tax year 2020 may not be carried	all taxpayers. By law, 2019 tax returns for businesses and individuals	
	back. 5 For partnerships, this	are due no later than April 15, 20201. Due to the state of emergency, the	
	amendment only applies to taxable	Comptroller finds that good cause exists to extend the time to file an	
	years beginning in 2020, but 50% of	income tax return. The deadline to file a 2019 income tax return is July	
	any excess business interest expense	15, 2020. Interest and penalty shall be assessed on any unpaid tax from	
	allocated from a partnership for any	July 15, 2020 until the date the tax is paid. Fiscal year filers with tax	
	taxable year beginning in 2019 shall	years ending January 1, 2020 through March 31, 2020 are also eligible	
	be treated as business interest that is	for the July 15, 2020 extension for filing returns and payment. The	
	paid or accrued by the partner in the	payment due date for quarterly estimated tax payments2 for the periods	
	partner's first taxable year	ending March 31, 2020 is generally April 15, 2020. Due to the state of	
	beginning in 2020 and that is not	emergency, the due date is extended to July 15, 2020. Additionally, the	

State Guidance/Date Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus Other Information subject to the partner's § 163(j) due date for estimated payments for the second quarter of 2020, limit in 2020. IRC § originally due on June 15, 2020, is extended to July 15, 2020. The **163(j)(10)(A)(ii).** . Maryland extension to July 15, 2020 for filing of returns and payment of 2019 conforms to this provision as it taxes, as well as estimated tax payments for the first and second quarters applies to tax years 2018 and 2019. of 2020, is automatic; no filing or request is required to take advantage NOLs incurred in tax years 2018 of the extended deadline. Individual taxpayers who are paying by check and 2019 may be carried back for up or money order should submit their payment, along with Maryland Form to five years. If a taxpayer incurred PV, by July 15, 2020. If no tax is due and you requested a federal a federal NOL in tax year 2018 or extension, you do not need to file a Form PV, 500E, or take any other 2019, and they amend prior year action to obtain an automatic extension to October 15 for individuals, federal returns to carry the NOL and to November 15 for corporations. Please note, the deadline to file a back, they may also amend their federal extension is generally April 15. Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, Maryland returns for each year a the deadline to request an extension to file 2019 federal taxes has also federal amended return was filed. been extended to July 15, 2020. However, the extension due date Please note, the IRS has remains October 15, 2020 for individuals, and November 15, 2020 for implemented procedures for quick corporations. Effectively, the extension is reduced from the usual six refunds due to the carryback of months to three months for individuals, and from the usual seven months NOLs, but Maryland has no such to four months for corporations. For individuals who request a federal extension by July 15, 2020, the Maryland tax return is due by October procedures: taxpavers must file amended returns to claim the state 15, 2020. For corporations who request a federal extension by July 15, 2020, the Maryland tax return is due by November 15, 2020. For more refund. Maryland is decoupled from IRC § 172 as amended by the information on federal filing deadlines, please consult guidance issued CARES Act § 2303 as it applies to by the IRS. The extension for filing of returns and payment of income tax year 2020. Taxpayers may tax owed also extends the st tatute of limitations for filing a claim for refund of income tax for tax year 2019. Claims for refund from tax year continue to carry forward losses incurred in tax years beginning after 2019 must be filed no later than July 15, 2023. The statute of limitations December 31, 2017; they may not for filing a claim of refund of income tax for tax year 2016 is also amend prior year returns to carry extended. Typically, a claim for refund must be filed by three years from back current year federal NOLs the due date of the return3. Due to the state of emergency, claims for incurred in tax year 2020. refund from tax year 2016 must be submitted on or before July 15, 2020. Additionally, any NOLs carried The extension of time for filing returns and payment of tax has been extended to apply to estate tax. Typically, an estate tax return must be forward from prior years is limited to 80% of Maryland taxable income filed by nine months after the date of the death of the decedent. Any for 2020. The remaining unused estate with a return due date after April 1, 2020 and before July 15, 2020 NOL may be carried forward to tax may file the return on or before July 15, 2020. This extension affects the year 2021. Because tax year 2020 estates of decedents dying between July 1, 2019 and October 14, 2019. NOLs may not be carried back at Estates that had previously filed a request for extension and whose due the Maryland level, taxpayers may date falls between April 1, 2020 and July 14, 2020 are also affected. No deplete a 2020 federal NOL by action is required to take advantage of this extension; the extension is carrying it back before the federal automatic. Because the due date for estates of decedents dying between NOL is depleted at the Maryland July 1, 2019 and October 14, 2019 is now July 15, 2020, any request for level. A decoupling modification is a six-month extension beyond the July 15, 2020 due date to file the required for each year to which a estate tax return must be submitted by July 15, 2020. As usual, a request 2020 NOL is carried back at the for extension does not extend the time to pay the estate tax due beyond

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	federal level, as allowed by the	July 15, 2020; the tax must be submitted with the request for extension.	
	CARES Act. A decoupling	Estate tax returns for those estates that file a request for extension by	
	modification is also required to add	July 15, 2020 must submit the Maryland estate tax return on or before	
	back to tax year 2020 any NOL	January 15, 2021.	
	carryforward that exceeds 80% of	Electronic filing continues to be the most efficient way to file taxes and	
	taxable income for the tax year. The	to request a refund. iFile and bFile, on the Comptroller's website, allow	
	modification is determined using	you to file individual and corporation income tax returns electronically	
	Maryland Form 500DM and	for free. Cessation of collection efforts Pursuant to the proclamation of a	
	instructions. Pro forma federal	state of emergency, and a catastrophic health emergency, the Governor	
	returns must be completed in order	issued an Order, entitled "Extending Certain Licenses, Permits,	
	to determine the decoupling	Registrations, and Other Governmental Authorizations, and Authorizing	
	modification. Qualified	Suspension of Legal Time Requirements," dated March 12, 2020 and	
	Improvement Property and Bonus	amended on March 30, 2020. Pursuant to certain authority granted to the	
	<b>Depreciation</b> - Maryland conforms	Comptroller under the Annotated Code of Maryland and the Governor's	
	to the provision that classifies QIP	Executive Order, the Comptroller is suspending the following provisions	
	as 15-year property as it applies to	of the Annotated Code of Maryland, Tax General Article ("TG") §13-	
	all tax years beginning after	601(a), (b); § 13-701(a), (b); and §13-807; §13-811(c),(e) related to the	
	December 31, 2017. QIP placed in	Comptroller's cessation of collection efforts. This cessation is effective	
	service in tax years 2018 and	immediately and shall continue until 30 days after the lifting of the state	
	beyond is 15-year property, and	of emergency by the Governor. Pursuant to this action, the Comptroller's	
	may be depreciated as such.	office will not send out lien warning notices, issue liens, attach bank	
	Because Maryland has legislatively	accounts, hold up the renewal of any license including Maryland driver's	
	decoupled from federal bonus	licenses, or offset vendor payments for Maryland taxes. Taxpayers	
	depreciation, non-manufacturers	receiving notices from the Comptroller's Office during the current	
	may not take bonus depreciation on	COVID-19 crisis should contact the email address on the notice for	
	QIP at the Maryland level, even	additional information. Further, taxpayers who are currently on a	
	though the property qualifies for	payment plan for delinquent business and/or income taxes and are	
	federal bonus depreciation.	unable to make those payments due to the COVID-19 crisis should	
		contact this office at the following to discuss delaying payments:	
		Business taxpayers: cdcollectionbizz@marylandtaxes.gov Individual	
		income tax taxpayer: COVID19@marylandtaxes.gov To allow this	
		Office to respond quickly to requests for delaying payments,	
		Comptroller Franchot suggests that the following information is	
		provided: Individual Taxpayers: name, address, daytime phone number	
		and the last four digits of the taxpayer's social security number; Business	
		Taxpayers: business name, contact name, daytime telephone number,	
		central registration number (CR) or federal identification number	
		(FEIN). Extensions for Other Business Taxes Electronic filing remains	
		the most efficient way to file Maryland business tax returns. bFile	
		allows you to file many business tax returns online for free. Sale and use	
		tax Generally, sales and use tax returns are due on or before the 20th	
		day of the month that follows the month in which a vendor made a retail	
		sale4. The payment of sales and use tax must accompany the return5.	
		The Comptroller may extend the time to file a sales and use tax return	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		for reasonable cause6. The Comptroller is extending the time to file	
		sales and use tax returns for sales taking place in February, March, April,	
		and May of 2020 to July 15, 2020. Sales and use tax returns, and their	
		accompanying payments, may be submitted by July 15, 2020 without	
		incurring interest or penalties. Do not combine separate reporting	
		periods into a single return. Instead, please file the separate returns	
		reflecting the sales and the tax collected for each filing period as if they	
		had been filed according to their original due dates. Withholding	
		Generally, every employer must withhold estimated income tax from	
		employees' wages and submit estimated payments to the Comptroller7.	
		The Comptroller is extending the time to make withholding payments to	
		July 15, 2020. Any withholding payments due for periods including	
		February, March, April and May, 2020, may be submitted by July 15,	
		2020 without incurring interest or penalties. Do not combine	
		withholding for separate reporting periods into a single return. Instead,	
		please file the separate returns reflecting the tax withheld for each filing	
		period as if they had been filed according to their original due dates. For	
		information on employer withholding requirements for teleworking	
		employees, please see Tax Alert 4-14-20B EMPLOYER	
		WITHHOLDING REQUIREMENTS FOR TELEWORKING	
		EMPLOYEES DURING THE COVID-19 EMERGENCY. Admissions	
		and amusement tax The due date for returns and payments of admissions	
		and amusement tax is usually the 10th day of the month that follows the	
		month in which the person has gross receipts subject to the admission	
		and amusement tax, and for other periods that the Comptroller specifies	
		by regulation8. The payment must accompany the return9. The	
		Comptroller is authorized to abate interest and late charges for cause	
		shown. Abatements may be made by the Comptroller without a request	
		if qualification can be determined on an automated basis 10. The	
		Comptroller is extending the due date for admissions and amusements	
		tax returns to July 15, 2020. Admissions and amusements returns and	
		payments for gross receipts from February, March, April, May and June,	
		2020 may be submitted by July 15, 2020 without incurring interest or penalties. Do not combine admissions and amusement tax for separate	
		<u> </u>	
		reporting periods into a single return. Instead, please file the separate returns reflecting the admissions and amusement tax collected for each	
		filing period as if they had been filed according to their original due	
		dates.	
		The Comptroller is extending the due date for beer tax payment to	
		July 15, 2020. Beer tax payments may be submitted by July 15, 2020	
		without incurring interest or penalties.	
		The Comptroller is extending the due date for tobacco tax returns and	
		payments to July 15, 2020. Manufacturers' returns for activity from	
		February, March, April and May, 2020 may be submitted by July 15,	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		2020 without incurring interest or penalties The Comptroller is	
		extending the due date for cigarette and other tobacco products	
		wholesalers' returns and payments to July 15, 2020. Returns and	
		payments for products to which wholesalers took possession in	
		February, March, April, and May, 2020, may be submitted by July 15,	
		2020 without incurring interest or penalties The Comptroller is	
		extending the due date for returns and payments for licensed retailers	
		and tobacconists to July 15, 2020. Returns and payments may be	
		submitted by July 15, 2020 without incurring interest or penalties The	
		Comptroller is extending the due date for motor carrier and motor fuel	
		tax returns and payments to July 15, 2020. Motor carrier and motor fuel	
		tax returns and payments otherwise due in March, April, May, or June,	
		2020, may be submitted no later than July 15, 2020, without incurring	
		interest or penalties23 The Comptroller is extending the due date for	
		Bay restoration fees to July 15, 2020. Bay restoration fees due on April	
		20th for the period January - March 2020 may be paid no later than July	
		15, 2020 without incurring interest or penalties The deadline to report	
		and pay unclaimed property for insurance companies for calendar year	
		2019 is extended to July 31, 2020. Companies should continue to report	
		the unclaimed property amounts and make payment at the same time.	
		MD COT <u>Tax Alert 04-14-20B on Employer Withholding</u> (4/14/20)	
		Update from Federation of Tax Administrators (4/14/20)	
		"The state of Maryland has extended the due date for filing June 15th estimated tax payment to July 15th."	
		MD Comptroller of the Treasury Information on New Filing Deadlines (4/9/20)	
		Maryland Comptroller of the Treasury <u>Tax Alert 04-20 – temporary</u> <u>acceptance of digital signatures</u> (4/9/20)	
		"04-20 Temporary Acceptance of Digital Signatures Effective	
		immediately, the Comptroller of Maryland will follow Internal Revenue	
		Service ("IRS") guidance regarding digital signatures for limited	
		documents. To assist taxpayers and the tax practitioner community	
		during the current state of emergency, the Comptroller's office will	
		temporarily accept images of signatures (scanned and	
		photographed) and digital signatures on certain documents. The	
		scope is limited to the determination and collection of liabilities. As	
		part of this initiative, the limited documents include extensions of	
		statute of limitations on assessment or collection, waivers of	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		statutory notices of deficiency and consents to assessment, or	
		agreements to specific tax matters or tax liabilities (closing or	
		settlement agreements). In addition, the Comptroller's office will	
		allow Comptroller employees to send and accept documents via	
		secure email. Any taxpayer can request that a secure email be sent	
		by a Comptroller employee. Alternatively, the Comptroller will	
		accept password protected attachments using certain programs. In	
		order to send a document with the digital signature, the taxpayer or	
		representative must include a statement, either in the form of an	
		attached cover letter or within the body of the email, saying to the	
		effect: "The attached [name of document] includes [name of	
		taxpayer]'s valid signature and the taxpayer intends to transmit the	
		attached document to the Comptroller of Maryland."1 The choice to transmit documents electronically is solely that of the taxpayer. The	
		Comptroller's office continues to review standards for electronic	
		signatures on other documents in order to reduce the burden on	
		taxpayers and tax professionals during this time.	
		1 To the extent the document is one	
		subject to the requirements of Tax General § 1-203, the requirements of	
		§ 1203 must continue to be adhered to." (4/9/20)	
		Maryland State Department of Assessments and Taxation website	
		(4/7/20):	
		"The Maryland Department of Assessments and Taxation announced	
		that various deadlines have been extended as part of the Hogan	
		administration's response to COVID-19:	
		o The May 15, 2020 deadline for all owners of income producing real	
		property to submit Income and Expense Questionnaires under Tax-	
		Property Article § 8-105 will be <b>extended to July 15, 2020.</b> The deadline to graphy it 2020 Appendix and Remarks	
		o The deadline to submit 2020 Annual Reports and Personal	
		Property Tax Returns for businesses will be automatically extended to July 15, 2020.	
		<ul> <li>April 15 Franchise Tax Return and April 15 franchise tax</li> </ul>	
		payment due dates will be extended to 30 days after the state of	
		emergency is rescinded.	
		Expiration dates for trade names and name reservations, as well	
		as entity forfeiture dates will also be extended to 30 days after the	
		state of emergency is rescinded." (4/7/20)	
		Maryland Secretary of State – Governor Executive Order 20-03-30-04 –	
		Authorizing Remote Notarizations (3/30/20)	
		Per a member (4/6/20):	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		http://www.labor.maryland.gov/employment/unemployment.shtml	
		Maryland Comptroller of the Treasury COVID-19 Frequently Asked	
		Questions (FAQs) (4/2/20)	
		"Comptroller of Maryland COVID-19 Tax Relief Frequently Asked	
		Questions April 2, 2020	
		On March 5, 2020, Governor Lawrence J. Hogan, Jr. proclaimed a state	
		of emergency and a catastrophic health emergency related to COVID-19.	
		Pursuant to certain authority granted to the Comptroller under the	
		Annotated Code of Maryland and the Governor's Executive Order of	
		March 12, 2020, the Office of the Comptroller announced the extension of certain Maryland tax filing and payment deadlines in response to the	
		ongoing COVID-19 emergency. Below are answers to frequently asked	
		questions related to the relief granted by the Comptroller's Office.	
		These questions and answers are intended to address common questions	
		received by this office about Maryland tax filing and payment deadlines,	
		collection efforts, and services being offered and may be updated	
		periodically to include new questions and answers, or if circumstances change. Please visit www.irs.gov for information on changes to federal	
		filing payments and deadlines.	
		Filing and Payment Deadlines	
		Q1. What Maryland taxes and fees are included in the relief being	
		offered by the Comptroller's Office? A1. Extensions of time to file and	
		pay have been granted for both individuals and businesses with returns	
		and payments due in March, April, and May of 2020. The extensions apply to specific returns and payments due for income tax (individual,	
		corporation, pass-through entity, and fiduciary), sales and use tax,	
		employer withholding tax, admissions and amusement tax, alcohol tax,	
		tobacco tax, motor fuel tax, motor carrier tax, Bay Restoration Fee, and	
		Unclaimed Property reporting for insurance companies.	
		NOTE: The relief being offered regarding taxes due is only a	
		postponement of the payment of those taxes without the additional imposition of a penalty or interest during the deferment period. It is	
		NOT an extinguishment or cancellation of that tax debt. Q2. Do I have	
		to be sick, or quarantined, or have any other impact from COVID-19 to	
		qualify for filing or payment relief? A2. No, you do not have to be sick,	
		or quarantined, or have any other impact from COVID-19 to qualify for	
		relief. You only need to have a return or payment due to the	
		Comptroller of Maryland in March, April, or May of 2020 as detailed on	
		the table listed in Answer 3 below. Q3. What are the extended due dates for filing returns and making payments under this relief? A3. Please see	
		the table below for a detailed listing of filings and payments with	
		extended due dates. Description Original Extended Due Date Due	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		Date Income Taxes 2019 Personal Income Tax Return and Payment	
		4/15/2020 7/15/2020 2019 Corporation Income Tax Return and Payment	
		4/15/2020 7/15/2020 2019 Pass-through Entity Income Tax Return and	
		Payment 4/15/2020 7/15/2020 2019 Fiduciary Income Tax Return and	
		Payment 4/15/2020 7/15/2020 2019 Fiscal year income tax filers with	
		tax years ending between January 1, 2020 and March 31, 2020 15th day	
		of 4th month after the end of the tax year 7/15/2020 Quarterly estimated	
		income tax payments – first quarter (January 1March 31) 4/15/2020	
		7/15/2020 Deadline to claim a 2019 refund of income taxes 4/15/2023	
		7/15/2023 Deadline to claim a 2016 refund of income taxes 4/15/2020	
		4/15/2020 (no extension) Deadline for individuals to file a federal	
		extension request which automatically grants a Maryland extension to	
		October 15, 2020 4/15/2020 7/15/2020 Deadline for corporations to file	
		a federal extension request which automatically grants a Maryland extension to November 15, 2020 4/15/2020 7/15/2020	
		Other Business Taxes February 2020, March 2020, and April 2020 Sales	
		and Use Tax Returns and Payments	
		20th day of the month following the month in which a sale was made	
		6/1/2020	
		February 2020, March 2020, and April 2020 Employer Withholding Tax	
		Returns and Payments	
		Various dates depending on number of employees	
		6/1/2020	
		February 2020, March 2020, and April 2020 Admissions and	
		Amusement Tax Returns and Payments	
		10th day of the month following the month in which a person has gross	
		receipts subject to the tax 6/1/2020	
		February 2020, March 2020, and April 2020 Alcoholic Beverage Tax	
		Return and Payment	
		Various, depending on license type	
		6/1/2020	
		January – March 2020 Quarterly Bay Restoration Fee Return and	
		Payment Payment	
		4/20/2020 6/1/2020	
		February 2020, March 2020, and April 2020 Tobacco Tax Return and	
		Payment - Manufacturers	
		15th day of the month reporting the previous month's activity	
		6/1/2020	
		January – March 2020 Quarterly Motor Carrier (IFTA) Return and	
		Payment	
		4/30/2020 6/1/2020	
		TTY: Maryland Relay 711	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		February 2020, March 2020, and April 2020 Motor Fuel Tax Return and	
		Payment	
		Last day of the month following the month is which there is a sale or use	
		of motor fuel	
		6/1/2020	
		2019 Unclaimed Property Reporting for Insurance Companies 4/30/2020	
		7/31/2020	
		Q4. Is Maryland offering any relief to fiscal year income tax filers with	
		due dates other than April 15, 2020? A4. Yes. Fiscal year filers with	
		tax years ending January 1, 2020 through March 31, 2020 are also	
		eligible for the July 15, 2020 extension for filing returns and payment.	
		Q5. Do I have to do anything to request the extended due dates? A5. No. The due dates listed above in Answer 3 are automatic extensions.	
		You do not need to file any special request to take advantage of these	
		extension dates. Q6. Maryland has extended the due date to file the first	
		quarterly estimated income tax payment to July 15, 2020. What about	
		the second quarter estimated payments due on June 15, 2020? Have they	
		been postponed as well? A6. No, second quarter 2020 estimated	
		income tax payments are still due on June 15, 2020. First quarter 2020	
		estimated income tax payments are postponed from April 15 to July 15,	
		2020. The Comptroller will continue to monitor the IRS's guidance on	
		this matter and will update these answers if there is any change. Q7.	
		Does the relief apply to the filing of Maryland estate tax returns or the	
		payment of estate tax? A7. No. The extension for filing returns and	
		payment of tax does not affect the due dates for the filing of estate tax	
		returns or payment of estate tax. Q8. I haven't filed my 2019 income tax	
		return that would have been due on April 15 yet, but I expect to file it by	
		July 15. What do I need to do?  A8. Nothing, except file and pay any tax due with your return by July	
		15. You don't need to file any additional forms or call the Comptroller	
		to qualify for this automatic Maryland tax filing and payment relief. If	
		you expect a refund, you are encouraged to file your return as soon as	
		you can so that you can receive your refund. Filing electronically with	
		direct deposit is the quickest way to get refunds. If you need more time	
		beyond July 15 to file your return, request an automatic federal	
		extension of time to file, and you will automatically be granted a	
		Maryland extension of time to file. See Answer 9 for additional	
		information on tax filing extensions. Q9. What if I am unable to file my	
		2019 income tax return that would have been due on April 15 by July 15,	
		2020? A9. If no tax is due and you requested a federal extension, you do	
		not need to file a Form PV, 500E, or take any other action to obtain an	
		automatic extension to October 15 for individuals, and to November 15	
		for corporations. Please note, the deadline to file a federal extension is	
		generally April 15. Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, the deadline to	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		request an extension to file 2019 federal taxes has also been extended to	
		July 15, 2020. However, the extension due date remains October 15,	
		2020 for individuals, and November 15, 2020 for corporations. For	
		individuals who request a federal extension by July 15, 2020, the	
		Maryland tax return is due by October 15, 2020. For corporations who	
		request a federal extension by July 15, 2020, the Maryland tax return is	
		due by November 15, 2020. For more information on federal filing	
		deadlines, please consult guidance issued by the IRS. Q10. Is the	
		Comptroller's relief available to non-residents required to file Maryland	
		returns? A10. Yes, the extension of time to file and pay extends to both	
		residents and non-residents who are required to file Maryland returns.	
		Q11. The IRS has imposed certain income limitations on federal income	
		tax relief related to COVID19. Do those income limitations apply to	
		Maryland COVID-19 tax relief? A11. No. There are no income	
		limitations for the tax relief being offered by the Comptroller. Q12. I	
		have an electronic payment scheduled for April 15, 2020. Will the	
		Comptroller automatically change the date of my payment to July 15,	
		2020? A12. No. The Comptroller will only change the date of a	
		scheduled payment if specifically instructed by the taxpayer to do so.	
		Q13. If an individual or business already previously submitted an	
		extension of time to file a 2019 income tax return, will the extension	
		request be affected? A13. No. The Comptroller will honor any	
		previously filed extension requests without any further action required	
		by the taxpayer. The extension dates remain unchanged. Individuals	
		who filed a federal or Maryland extension request have until October 15,	
		2020 to file an income tax return. Corporations that filed a federal or	
		Maryland extension request have until November 15, 2020 to file an	
		income tax return. Q14. Will the Comptroller mail quarterly Bay	
		Restoration Fee returns to taxpayers as usual? A14. Yes, the	
		Comptroller will send taxpayers subject to the Bay Restoration Fee their	
		quarterly returns after the end of the first quarter. However, the due date	
		for the return and payment have been extended to June 1, 2020. Q15.	
		Will the Comptroller mail Admissions and Amusement tax returns to taxpayers as usual? A15. Yes, the Comptroller will send taxpayers	
		subject to the Admissions and Amusement tax their monthly or quarterly	
		returns as scheduled. However, the due date for the returns and	
		payments otherwise due in March, April, and May have been extended	
		to June 1, 2020. Q16. Is the Comptroller's office still processing returns	
		and refund requests? A16. Yes. The Comptroller's office continues to	
		process returns and refund requests. Electronic filing continues to be the	
		most efficient way to file taxes and request a refund. iFile and bFile, on	
		the Comptroller's website, allow you to file individual and corporation	
		income tax returns electronically for free. If you choose to file your	
		request for refund via paper return, please note that processing may be	
		request for returne via paper return, prease note that processing may be	1

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		delayed due to staffing limitations during the COVID-19 emergency.	
		Q17. I am required to file my business taxes on a monthly basis. When	
		I file my business tax returns (e.g. sales and use tax, withholding,	
		admissions and amusement tax, alcohol tax) on June 1, 2020 must I file	
		separate returns for March, April, and May 2020, or can I file one	
		consolidated return? A17. You must file separate returns for business	
		taxes due in March, April, and May of 2020. Q18. Is there an extension	
		for insurance companies to file the 2019 unclaimed property report and	
		payment?	
		A18. Yes. The deadline to report and pay unclaimed property for	
		insurance companies for calendar year 2019 is extended to July 31,	
		2020. Insurance companies should continue to report the unclaimed	
		property amounts and make payment at the same time. Q19. I have a tax	
		question. Can I still get help from the Comptroller's office? A19. Yes.	
		While our branch offices and call centers are temporarily closed during	
		the COVID-19 emergency, taxpayer assistance is still available by email.	
		You can send your tax questions to taxhelp@marylandtaxes.gov. Q20.	
		Are extensions being offered for other Maryland taxes, such as personal	
		property tax or unemployment insurance? A20. The extensions discussed in this FAQ document only apply to taxes administered by the	
		Comptroller of Maryland. You may need to consult other state agencies	
		regarding any possible extensions for other tax filings, such as personal	
		property tax or unemployment insurance. A list of websites for other	
		Maryland agencies can be found at www.maryland.gov.	
		Cessation of Collection Efforts Q21. I owe taxes to the State of	
		Maryland. What is the impact of the COVID-19 emergency on	
		collection actions by the Comptroller? A21. The Comptroller's office	
		will not send out lien warning notices, issue liens, attach bank accounts,	
		hold up the renewal of any license including Maryland driver's licenses,	
		or offset vendor payments for taxes administered by the Comptroller's	
		office. Taxpayers receiving notices from the Comptroller's Office during	
		the current COVID-19 emergency should contact the email address on	
		the notice for additional information. Q22. I am currently on a payment	
		plan for delinquent business and/or individual taxes. Due to the	
		COVID-19 emergency, I can't make my regularly scheduled payments.	
		What should I do? A22. Taxpayers who are currently on a payment plan	
		for delinquent business and/or income taxes and are unable to make	
		those payments due to the COVID-19 emergency should contact this	
		office at the following to discuss delaying payments: • Business	
		taxpayers: cdcollectionbizz@marylandtaxes.gov • Individual income tax	
		taxpayer: COVID19@marylandtaxes.gov	
		To allow this Office to respond quickly to requests for delaying	
		payments, Comptroller Franchot suggests that the following information	
		is provided: • Individual Taxpayers: name, address, daytime phone	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		number and the last four digits of the taxpayer's social security number;	
		• Business Taxpayers: business name, contact name, daytime telephone	
		number, central registration number (CR) or federal identification	
		number (FEIN)." (4/2/20)	
		Maryland Comptroller of the Treasury <u>Tax Alert 04-01-20</u> (4/1/20)	
		"04-01-20 THIS ALERT SUPERSEDES PREVIOUS ALERT ISSUED	
		3-20. IMPACT OF COVID-19 ON MARYLAND TAX FILING On	
		March 5, 2020, Governor Lawrence J. Hogan, Jr. proclaimed a state of	
		emergency and a catastrophic health emergency related to COVID-19.	
		The following tax alert addresses actions taken by the Governor and the	
		Office of the Comptroller of Maryland due to the unprecedented	
		situation caused by the COVID-19 pandemic. Please note, the	
		information in this Tax Alert applies only to those tax filings under	
		authority of Comptroller, as described below. Taxpayers may need to	
		consult other state agencies regarding any possible extensions for other	
		tax filings (e.g., personal property, unemployment insurance).	
		Extension of Time for Income Tax Filing and Income Tax Payments	
		Due to the COVID-19 pandemic and associated restrictions on activity,	
		the federal government extended the deadline for filing 2019 income tax	
		returns and submitting 2019 income tax payments by 90 days, to July 15,	
		2020. Maryland individual, corporate, pass through entity, and fiduciary	
		taxpayers are afforded the same relief at the Maryland level. Unlike the	
		federal extension, which included only those taxpayers who owed under	
		a certain amount of tax, the Maryland extension applies to all taxpayers.	
		By law, 2019 tax returns for businesses and individuals are due no later	
		than April 15, 20201. Due to the state of emergency, the Comptroller	
		finds that good cause exists to extend the time to file	
		an income tax return. The deadline to file a 2019 income tax return is	
		July 15, 2020. Interest and penalty shall be assessed on any unpaid	
		tax from July 15, 2020 until the date the tax is paid. Fiscal year	
		filers with tax years ending January 1, 2020 through March 31, 2020	
		are also eligible for the July 15, 2020 extension for filing returns and payment. The due date for March quarterly estimated payments of	
		<b>2020 taxes is also extended to July 15, 2020.</b> The payment due date for	
		quarterly estimated tax payments2 for the period ending March 31, 2020	
		is generally April 15, 2020. Due to the state of emergency, the due date	
		is extended to July 15, 2020. The extension to July 15, 2020 for filing	
		of returns and payment of 2019 taxes, as well as estimated tax	
		payments for the first quarter of 2020, is automatic; no filing or	
		request is required to take advantage of the extended deadline3.	
		Individual taxpayers who are paying by check or money order should	

submit their payment, along with Maryland Form PV, by July 15, 2020.  If no tax is due and you requested a federal extension, you do not need to file a Form PV, 500E, or take any other action to obtain an automatic extension to October 15 for for individuals, and to November 15 for corporations. Please note, the deadline to file a federal extension is generally April 15. Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, the deadline to request an extension to file 2019 federal taxes has also been extended to July 15, 2020. However, the extension due date remains October 15, 2020 for individuals, and November 15, 2020 for origorations.  Effectively, the extension is reduced from the usual six months to three months for individuals, and from the usual seven months to four months for corporations. For individuals who request a federal extension by July 15, 2020, the Maryland tax return is due by October 15, 2020.  For corporations who request a federal extension by July 15, 2020, and the Maryland tax return is due by October 15, 2020.  For corporations who request a federal extension by July 15, 2020, the Maryland tax return is due by November 15, 2020. Pro more information on federal filing deadlines, please consult guidance issued by the 18.8. The extension for filing of returns and payment of income tax owed also extends the statute of limitations for filing a claim for refund of income tax owed also extends the statute of limitations for filing a claim for refund from tax year 2019 must be filed no later than July 15, 2023. The extension for filing of returns and payment of income tax owed does not extend the statute of limitations for filing a claim for refund from tax year 2019 must be filed no later than April 15, 2020. The extension for filing of returns and payment of income tax owed does not extend the statute of limitations for filing a claim for refund from tax year 2016 must be filed no later than April 15, 2020. The extension for filing of returns and payment of income tax owed does not extend the statute of limitations	State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
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Computation of confection efforts. This cessation is effective				
immediately and shall continue until 30 days after the lifting of the				
state of emergency by the Governor. Pursuant to this action, the				

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		Comptroller's office will not send out lien warning notices, issue	
		liens, attach bank accounts, hold up the renewal of any license	
		including Maryland driver's licenses, or offset vendor payments for	
		Maryland taxes. Taxpayers receiving notices from the Comptroller's	
		Office during the current COVID-19 crisis should contact the email	
		address on the notice for additional information. Further, taxpayers who	
		are currently on a payment plan for delinquent business and/or income	
		taxes and are unable to make those payments due to the COVID-19	
		crisis should contact this office at the following to discuss delaying	
		payments: Business taxpayers: cdcollectionbizz@marylandtaxes.gov	
		Individual income tax taxpayer: COVID19@marylandtaxes.gov To	
		allow this Office to respond quickly to requests for delaying payments,	
		Comptroller Franchot suggests that the following information is provided: Individual Taxpayers: name, address, daytime phone number	
		and the last four digits of the taxpayer's social security number; Business	
		Taxpayers: business name, contact name, daytime telephone number,	
		central registration number (CR) or federal identification number	
		(FEIN). Extensions for Other Business Taxes Electronic filing remains	
		the most efficient way to file Maryland business tax returns. bFile	
		allows you to file many business tax returns online for free.	
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		Sale and use tax Generally, sales and use tax returns are due on or	
		before the 20th day of the month that follows the month in which a	
		vendor made a retail sale4. The payment of sales and use tax must	
		accompany the return5. The Comptroller may extend the time to file a	
		sales and use tax return for reasonable cause6. The Comptroller is	
		extending the time to file sales and use tax returns for sales taking	
		place in February, March, and April of 2020 to June 1, 2020. Sales	
		and use tax returns, and their accompanying payments, may be	
		submitted by June 1, 2020 without incurring interest or penalties.	
		Do not combine separate reporting periods into a single return.	
		Instead, please file the separate returns reflecting the sales and the	
		tax collected for each filing period as if they had been filed	
		according to their original due dates.	
		WW. 11 6 11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
		Withholding Generally, every employer must withhold estimated	
		income tax from employees' wages and submit estimated payments to	
		the Comptroller?. The Comptroller is extending the time to make	
		withholding payments to June 1, 2020. Any withholding payments	
		due for periods including February, March, and April 2020, may be submitted by June 1, 2020 without incurring interest or penalties.	
		Do not combine withholding for separate reporting periods into a single return. Instead, please file the separate returns reflecting the tax withheld	
		return, misteau, piease me the separate returns reflecting the tax withheld	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		for each filing period as if they had been filed according to their original	
		due dates.	
		Admissions and amusement tax The due date for returns and payments	
		of admissions and amusement tax is usually the 10th day of the month	
		that follows the month in which the person has gross receipts subject to	
		the admission and amusement tax, and for other periods that the	
		Comptroller specifies by regulation8. The payment must accompany the	
		return9. The Comptroller is authorized to abate interest and late charges	
		for cause shown. Abatements may be made by the Comptroller without a	
		request if qualification can be determined on an automated basis 10. The	
		Comptroller is extending the due date for admissions and amusements tax returns to June 1, 2020. Admissions and	
		amusements returns and payments for gross receipts from	
		February, March, and April 2020 may be submitted by June 1, 2020	
		without incurring interest or penalties. Do not combine admissions	
		and amusement tax for separate reporting periods into a single	
		<b>return</b> . Instead, please file the separate returns reflecting the admissions	
		and amusement tax collected for each filing period as if they had been	
		filed according to their original due dates. Alcohol taxes A person who	
		holds a Class E, F, or G alcoholic beverage license must file an alcoholic	
		beverage tax return by the 25th day of the month following the month	
		the person sells any alcoholic beverage11. Manufacturer and wholesaler	
		returns are generally due by the 10th day of the month that follows the	
		month the manufacturer or wholesaler sells an alcoholic product12.	
		Resident and nonresident dealers' returns are due by the 15th day of the	
		month following a month in which a nonresident dealer delivers beer	
		into the state13. Direct wine shippers must file alcoholic beverage returns quarterly14. Payment of the alcoholic beverage tax, in the	
		manner prescribed by the Comptroller, must accompany the return 15.	
		The Comptroller is extending the due date for alcohol tax returns	
		and payments to June 1, 2020. Alcohol tax returns (both those that	
		include payments and those that do not include payments) covering	
		sales in February, March, and April 2020, may be submitted by	
		June 1, 2020, without incurring interest or penalties.	
		Beer taxes must be prepaid 16. However, the Comptroller may	
		increase or decrease the amount of prepayment17. <b>The Comptroller is</b>	
		extending the due date for beer tax payment to June 1, 2020. Beer	
		tax payments may be submitted by June 1, 2020 without incurring	
		interest or penalties.	
		<b>Tobacco taxes</b> In general, manufacturers' tobacco tax returns and	
		payments are due by the 15th of each month, reporting the previous	
		month's activity 18. Manufacturers must submit payment with the return 19. <b>The Comptroller is extending the due date for tobacco tax</b>	
		15turn 15. The Comptroner is extending the due date for tobacco tax	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		returns and payments to June 1, 2020. Manufacturers' returns for	
		activity from February, March, and April 2020 may be submitted by	
		June 1, 2020 without incurring interest or penalties. Do not combine	
		tobacco tax for separate reporting periods into a single return.	
		Instead, please file the separate returns reflecting the tobacco tax	
		remitted for each filing period as if they had been filed according to their	
		original due dates. Cigarette and other tobacco products wholesalers'	
		returns and payments are due by the 21st of the month that follows the	
		month in which the wholesaler took possession of the product20. <b>The</b>	
		Comptroller is extending the due date for cigarette and other	
		tobacco products wholesalers' returns and payments to June 1,	
		2020. Returns and payments for products to which wholesalers took	
		possession in February, March, and April 2020, may be submitted	
		by June 1, 2020 without incurring interest or penalties. Wholesalers	
		who first possess in the state unstamped cigarettes must pay the tax by	
		buying and affixing tax stamps21. Wholesalers must continue to	
		purchase and affix tax stamps to products that will be sold; wholesalers	
		may not sell unstamped cigarettes. Licensed retailers and tobacconists	
		must file returns with payment quarterly for tax liabilities in the	
		preceding quarter22. Generally, liabilities incurred between October 21	
		and January 21 are due by April 21. The Comptroller is extending the	
		due date for returns and payments for licensed retailers and	
		tobacconists to June 1, 2020. Returns and payments may be	
		submitted by June 1, 2020 without incurring interest or penalties.	
		Motor carrier and motor fuel taxes The Comptroller is extending	
		the due date for motor carrier and motor fuel tax returns and	
		payments to June 1, 2020. Motor carrier and motor fuel tax returns	
		and payments otherwise due in March, April, or May 2020, may be	
		submitted no later than June 1, 2020, without incurring interest or	
		penalties23.	
		Do not combine motor carrier or motor fuel for separate reporting	
		periods into a single return. Instead, please file the separate returns	
		reflecting the tax for each filing period as if they had been filed	
		according to their original due dates.	
		Tire recycling and Bay restoration fees Tire recycling reports and fees	
		are submitted semi-annually in January and July. As such, no change to	
		the tire recycling reports and fees due date will be made at this time.	
		The Comptroller is extending the due date for Bay restoration fees	
		to June 1, 2020. Bay restoration fees due on April 20th for the period	
		January - March 2020 may be paid no later than June 1, 2020	
		without incurring interest or penalties.	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
,5 0000		Unclaimed Property Reporting for Insurance Companies Unclaimed	
		property reports and payments for insurance companies for each	
		calendar year are due by April 30th of the following year24. <b>The</b>	
		deadline to report and pay unclaimed property for insurance	
		companies for calendar year 2019 is extended to July 31, 2020.	
		Companies should continue to report the unclaimed property	
		amounts and make payment at the same time.	
		24	
		PRIOR Tax Alert on filing and payment extension (3/20/20)	
		V D I (100 (20 (20 (20 (20 (20 (20 (20 (20 (20 (	
		News Release on sales tax not due 3/20/20 (3/20/20)	
		"Comptroller Franchot: SALES & USE TAX NOT DUE TODAY	
		Businesses who paid March Sales & Use Tax early may request	
		refund  ANNA POLIS Md. (March 20, 2020) LIDDA TED: Puginaggag who	
		ANNAPOLIS, Md. (March 20, 2020) - UPDATED: Businesses who paid their Maryland Sales & Use Taxes for March early may	
		request a refund of their payment by emailing	
		taxpayerrelief@marylandtaxes.gov or by calling 410-260-4020. To	
		assist businesses affected by the economic impact of COVID-19,	
		Comptroller Peter Franchot wants to remind business owners that he has	
		extended business-related tax filing deadlines. Sales and Use Tax	
		payments that typically would be due today do not have to be paid	
		until June 1.	
		The extension applies to certain business returns with due dates	
		during the months of March, April and May 2020 for businesses	
		filing sales and use tax, withholding tax, and admissions &	
		amusement tax, as well as alcohol, tobacco and motor fuel excise	
		taxes, tire recycling fee and bay restoration fee returns.	
		Business taxpayers who file and pay by the extended due date will	
		receive a waiver of interest and penalties.	
		"Our state's top priority is safeguarding public health for Marylanders,	
		but we must also protect the financial health of our economy," said Comptroller Franchot. "This extension will provide much-needed relief	
		to our business owners as they adjust to changes in consumer behavior,	
		to our business owners as they adjust to changes in consumer behavior, tourism trends and employee workforce output."	
		The Maryland Comptroller's Office also will offer a 90-day	
		extension of income tax filings & payments from April 15 to July 15,	
		2020. Comptroller Franchot said both Maryland individual and	
		corporate income taxpayers will be afforded the same relief for state	
		income tax payments. No interest or penalty for late payments will	
		be imposed if 2019 tax payments are made by July 15, 2020.	
		Fiscal and calendar year filers with tax years ending January 1,	
		2020 through March 31, 2020 are also eligible for the July 15, 2020	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		payment extension. The due date for March quarterly estimated	
		payments is extended to July 15, 2020.	
		The agency has set up a dedicated email	
		address — <u>taxpayerrelief@marylandtaxes.gov</u> — to assist businesses	
		with extension-related questions. Business owners can also call the	
		Comptroller's Ombudsman at 410-260-4020."	
		PRIOR News Release on payment deadline 7/15 (3/17/20)	
		Maryland Income Tax PAYMENT Deadline Extended to July 15, 2020	
		"No interest of penalty for late payment to be imposed if 2019 tax	
		payments made by July 15, 2020	
		ANNAPOLIS, Md. (March 17, 2020) - Following today's press	
		conference from the White House where it was announced there would	
		be a 90-day extension of the April 15th deadline for federal income tax	
		payments, Maryland Comptroller Peter Franchot has announced that	
		Maryland business and individual income taxpayers will be afforded	
		the same relief. No interest or penalty for late payments will be	
		imposed if 2019 tax payments are made by July 15, 2020.	
		"Right now, Maryland taxpayers and businesses must stay focused on	
		their health and keeping their lights on, both in their homes and	
		businesses," Comptroller Franchot said. "Extending the due date for	
		Maryland state individual and business income tax payments helps	
		us keep cash flowing in our economy and into employees' bank accounts."	
		Taxpayers who take advantage of the federal extension to file their	
		return, which is separate from the relief granted today to pay their	
		taxes, will continue to be automatically granted an extension on their	
		Maryland tax filings. No additional extension forms are required.	
		Fiscal year filers with tax years ending January 1, 2020, through	
		March 31, 2020, are also eligible for the July 15, 2020 extension.	
		Previously -	
		Maryland also has delayed filing for businesses, with those returns	
		now <u>not due until June 1</u> .	
		Maryland extension of business tax filing deadline:	
		"The June 1st extension applies to certain business returns with due dates	
		during the months of March, April and May 2020 for businesses filing	
		sales and use tax, withholding tax, and admissions & amusement tax, as	
		well as alcohol, tobacco and motor fuel excise taxes, tire recycling fee	
		and bay restoration fee returns.	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		Business taxpayers who file and pay by the extended due date will receive a waiver of interest and penalties."  "Maryland will also extend our corporate and individual income tax return filing deadlines if the IRS announces an extension."  "If the IRS extends its April 15 <sup>th</sup> filing deadline for corporate and individual income tax returns, Maryland will conform to the decision of the IRS."	
		"Any change to individual income tax return filing deadline dependent on IRS action."	
Massachusetts	TIR 20-12: FURTHER EXTENSION OF LATE-FILE AND LATE- PAY PENALTY RELIEF FOR CERTAIN BUSINESS TAXPAYERS AFFECTED BY THE COVID-19 STATE OF EMERGENCY (9/16/20)  830 CMR 62C.16.2: Sales and Use Tax Returns and Payments (9/16/20)  Massachusetts DOR FAQ update (9/15/20)  TIR 20-10: Revised Guidance on the Massachusetts Tax Implications of an Employee Working Remotely due to the COVID-19 Pandemic (7/21/20)  830 CMR 62.5A.3: Massachusetts Source Income of Non-Residents Telecommuting due to the COVID- 19 Pandemic (EMERGENCY REGULATION) (7/21/20)  TIR 20-9: Massachusetts Tax	TIR 20-12: FURTHER EXTENSION OF LATE-FILE AND LATE-PAY PENALTY RELIEF FOR CERTAIN BUSINESS TAXPAYERS AFFECTED BY THE COVID-19 STATE OF EMERGENCY (9/16/20)  "Status: TIR; Issued  Tax type: Sales tax on meals; Room occupancy excise  Summary: This Technical Information Release ("TIR") announces that the Department of Revenue will waive any late-file or late-pay penalties imposed under G.L. c. 62C, § 33 for returns and payments otherwise due during the period March 20, 2020 through April 30, 2021, for certain taxpayers with meals tax and room occupancy excise obligations. To be eligible for a penalty waiver, vendors, operators and intermediaries must file their returns and remit payments on or before May 20, 2021. This TIR supersedes TIR 20-7."  830 CMR 62C.16.2: Sales and Use Tax Returns and Payments (9/16/20)  Status: Emergency Regulation Promulgated 9/16/2020  Tax Type: Sales (including Sales tax on meals) and Use Tax  Summary: This emergency regulation amendment adds a new section (7) which suspends return filing and payment remittance obligations for certain vendors during the COVID-19 pandemic. Specifically, the sales and use tax filing and payment schedule for vendors, whose cumulative sales and use tax liability in the 12-month period ending February 29, 2020 is less than \$150,000, shall be as follows. Returns and payments	Legislation – H.4598.  Governor filed legislation (H4593) to deal with the revenue issues. (3/27/20)  Massachusetts DOR webpage on COVID-19 (3/18/20)  Massachusetts is waiving penalties, automatic 6 months, and will follow federal relief if any.  "DOR is actively monitoring the latest developments regarding the COVID-19 coronavirus. Updated: March 18, 2020.  Overview and Resources  DOR is actively monitoring the latest developments and is following guidance from the Department of Public Health and the federal Centers for Disease Control and Prevention with respect to the coronavirus outbreak.  We are taking all necessary precautions as we continue to conduct business as usual in order to support our customers.  All DOR tax and child support walk-in centers are closed until further notice. If you need assistance, please visit the DOR and CSE websites.
	Implications of Selected Provisions of the Federal CARES Act (7/13/20) Informational Guideline Release (IGR) No. 20-10 – Application for	otherwise due during the period beginning March 20, 2020 and ending April 30, 2021, inclusive, shall be suspended. All such returns and payments, including any local option amounts, shall be due on May 20, 2021. This suspension does not apply to marijuana retailers as defined in M.G.L. c. 94G, § 1, marketplace facilitators or vendors selling motor	Contact centers can be reached at the following numbers:  • Tax (617) 887-6367 or (800) 392-6089 (toll-free in Massachusetts)

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
	Authority from the Commissioner	vehicles. Such vendors shall continue to file returns and make payments	• <b>Child Support:</b> (800) 332-2733, (local
	of Revenue to Abate Local Taxes	in accordance with the rules set forth in 830 CMR 62C.16.2(3)-(6)."	callers) (617) 660-1234)
	and Charges (July 2020)		Online transactions
		Massachusetts DOR FAQ update (9/15/20)	<ul> <li>To make tax payments, check on your</li> </ul>
	TIR 20-7: Extension of Late-File		refund, and more,
	and Late- Pay Penalty Relief for	"Additional filing and payment due dates extended for certain	visit MassTaxConnect.
	Certain Business Taxpayers	taxpayers	
	Affected by the COVID-19 State of	Deadline for Filing Returns and Making Payments Further	<ul> <li>To access your child support account,</li> </ul>
	<u>Emergency</u> (6/18/20)	Extended to May 20, 2021 for Certain Vendors Collecting Room	visit the CSE Case Manager. (Visit
		Occupancy Excise and Sales and Use Taxes	the CSE website for additional ways to
	830 CMR 62C.16.2: Sales and Use	The deadline for filing returns and making payments otherwise due	make child support payments.)
	Tax Returns and Payments (updated	during the periods beginning March 20, 2020 through April 30, 2021 has	We apologize for any inconvenience. Please use
	6/18/20)	now been extended to May 20, 2021. The Department previously	the online self-service options"
		extended the deadline to June 20, 2020, and again to September 20,	The Probate Court is closed March 16 <sup>th</sup>
		2020.	and 17 <sup>th</sup> . The Child Support team is
	830 CMR 64G.1.1: Massachusetts	Meals, Sales and Use Tax Return Filing and Payment Deadline	continuing to work with the Probate
	Room Occupancy Excise (updated	Extended	Court to develop a plan to handle child
	6/18/20)	As with the prior announcements, the new due date for sales and use tax	support cases.
		(including sales tax on meals) returns and payments applies to vendors	**
	Working Draft Technical	with cumulative liability for sales and use tax (including local option)	Get important updates from DOR as
	<u>Information Release – TIR-20-XX</u>	under \$150,000 in the 12-month period ending February 29, 2020. The	they happen. Just <b>sign up</b> with your
	Massachusetts Tax Implications of	extended due date applies to sales, use and meals taxes collected by	email.
	Selected Provisions of the Federal	eligible vendors in the period beginning February 1, 2020 through April	One-stop connection to DOR by phone or
	<u>CARES Act</u> (6/4/20)	30, 2021.	email."
		Penalty Waiver for Other Meals Tax Vendors	Governor Baker issues a "stay-at-home"
	DOR <u>Directive 20-1: Acceptance of</u>	For vendors with cumulative liability for meals taxes of \$150,000 or	advisory this morning. Accounting services
	Electronic Signatures (4/21/20)	more during the 12-month period ending February 29, 2020, penalties	have been deemed essential. The language is
		will be waived for late filing and late payment with respect to returns	below is from the full list is
	DOR TIR 20-5: Massachusetts Tax	and payments due March 2020 through April 2021 returns. Interest will	
	Implications of an Employee	continue to accrue.	"Professional services (such as legal and
	Working Remotely due to the	Room Occupancy Excise Return Filing and Payment Deadline	accounting services) and payroll and employee
	<u>COVID-19 Pandemic</u> (4/21/20)	Extended for Operators	benefit services, when necessary to assist in
	020 CMD CO 54 C 35	As with the prior announcements, the new due date for room occupancy	compliance with legally mandated activities and
	830 CMR 62.5A.3: Massachusetts	returns and payments applies to operators with cumulative liability for	critical sector services or where failure to
	Source Income of Non-Residents	room occupancy excise under \$150,000 for the 12-month period ending	provide such services during the time of the
	Telecommuting due to COVID-19	February 29, 2020. The extended due date applies to room occupancy	order would result in significant prejudice"
	(EMERGENCY REGULATION)	excise (including local option) collected by operators in the period	
	(4/21/20)	beginning February 1, 2020 through April 30, 2021. The extended due	
	DOD To shad and Information Polymer	date does not apply to intermediaries.	
	DOR Technical Information Release	Penalty Waiver for Other Room Occupancy Vendors	
	(TIR 20-4) on filing and payment	For operators with cumulative liability for room occupancy excise of	
	relief for personal income and	\$150,000 or more during the 12-month period ending February 29, 2020,	
	corporate excise taxpayers (4/3/20)	and all intermediaries, penalties will be waived for late filing and late	

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	830 CMR 62.6M.1: Community	payment for returns and payments due in March 2020 through April	
	Investment Tax Credit (3/20/20)	2021. Interest will continue to accrue." (9/15/20)	
	830 CMR 175M.8.1:	TIR 20-10: Revised Guidance on the Massachusetts Tax Implications of	
	Administration and Collection of	an Employee Working Remotely due to the COVID-19 Pandemic	
	Paid Family and Medical Leave	(7/21/20)	
	Contributions (3/20/20)		
		I. Introduction	
	TIR 20-2: Late-File and Late- Pay	This Technical Information Release ("TIR") provides Massachusetts tax	
	Penalty Relief for Certain Business	relief in situations in which employees work remotely due solely to the	
	Taxpayers Affected by the COVID-	2019 Coronavirus ("COVID-19") pandemic. In response to the COVID-	
	<u>19 State of Emergency</u> (3/19/20)	19 pandemic, Massachusetts and other states have declared states of	
		emergency and issued temporary social-distancing measures and other	
	830 CMR 62C.16.2: Sales and Use	restrictions. Many businesses have implemented work-from-home	
	Tax Returns and Payments	requirements for their employees in response to government orders and	
	(3/19/20)	public health recommendations.	
		TIR 20-5 announced rules intended to minimize sudden disruption for	
	830 CMR 64G.1.1: Massachusetts	employers and employees during the COVID-19 state of emergency.	
	Room Occupancy Excise (3/19/20)	TIR 20-5 is hereby superseded. This TIR revises and restates TIR 20-5	
		to ensure that businesses have sufficient time to prepare for the	
	Massachusetts DOR webpage on	cessation of these temporary rules. The rules announced in this TIR	
	COVID-19 (3/18/20)	are effective until the earlier of December 31, 2020, or 90 days after	
		the state of emergency in Massachusetts is lifted. As of that date, the	
		rules set forth in this TIR will cease to be in effect and the presence	
	(July $15 - MA$ - moves the state	of an employee in Massachusetts, even if due solely to a Pandemic-	
	income tax filing and payment	Related Circumstance (as defined below), will trigger the same tax	
	deadline to match the July 15	consequences as under Massachusetts law more generally.	
	deadline for filing federal individual	This TIR announces that, while the rules in this TIR remain in effect,	
	and first and second installments of	the presence of one or more employees working remotely in	
	estimated taxes, estate and trust	Massachusetts due to (a) a government order issued in response to	
	income taxes and partnership	the COVID-19 pandemic, (b) a remote work policy adopted by an	
	composite returns. Corporate excise	employer in good faith compliance with federal or state government	
	taxes will have until July 15 with no	guidance or public health recommendations relating to COVID-19,	
	penalty for late filing or late	or (c) the worker's compliance with quarantine, isolation directions	
	payment but interest is not waived.	relating to a COVID-19 diagnosis or suspected diagnosis, or advice	
	The July 15, 2020 due date applies	of a physician relating to COVID-19 exposure[1] (collectively,	
	to personal income tax, estate and	"Pandemic-Related Circumstances") will not, by itself, create a	
	trust income tax, and income tax	withholding obligation with respect to such employees. See 830	
	due with a partnership composite	CMR 62.5A.3. This TIR also announces that, while the rules in this TIR	
	return with an April 15, 2020 due	remain in effect, one or more employees working remotely in	
	date. It also applies to an April,	Massachusetts solely due to a Pandemic-Related Circumstance,	
	2020 tax installment owed by a	including the presence of business property reasonably needed for	
	personal income taxpayer with	such persons' use while working remotely, will not subject a	
		business to a sales and use tax collection obligation or to the	
	respect to deemed repatriated	business to a sales and use tax conection obligation of to the	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
	income. Interest applies to corporate	corporate excise (or corporate apportionment adjustments) by	
	excise tax payments made after	reason of that fact. Additionally, this TIR explains that businesses	
	4/15. While individual / fiduciary	claiming a nexus exemption under Sections III-V must maintain	
	returns are automatically extended if	written records sufficient to substantiate the existence of a	
	the payment is made 7/15,	Pandemic-Related Circumstance with respect to the employee(s)	
	corporations are NOT automatically	<b>triggering the application of these rules</b> . Lastly, this TIR explains the	
	extended if the payment is made on	application of the Massachusetts Paid Family and Medical Leave	
	7/15. They need to extend on $4/15$ ,	("PFML") program where an employee works remotely in a	
	or else penalties could apply from	different state due to a Pandemic-Related Circumstance.	
	7/15 through the final filing /	II. Personal Income and Withholding Tax	
	payment date. Taxpayers that	For Massachusetts personal income tax purposes, Massachusetts	
	previously filed their 2019 returns	residents are generally taxed on all of their income from whatever	
	but have not yet made the associated	sources derived. M.G.L. c. 62, § 2. Non-residents are taxed on items of	
	payments have until July 15, 2020	gross income from sources within the Commonwealth, including income	
	to make such payments. The	derived from or connected with any trade or business, including any	
	Commissioner has determined that	employment, in Massachusetts. M.G.L. c. 62, § 5A. Wage income paid	
	the first and second installments of	to an individual that is subject to the Massachusetts personal income tax	
	estimated tax, due April 15, 2020	generally must be withheld upon for each payroll period by his or her	
	and June 15, 2020, respectively, will	employer. M.G.L. c. 62B, § 2.	
	now be due July 15, 2020. The	The Department of Revenue (the "Department") has promulgated	
	Commissioner will waive late-file	emergency regulation 830 CMR 62.5A.3: Massachusetts Source Income	
	and late-pay penalties for corporate	of Non-Residents Telecommuting due to the COVID-19 Pandemic, to	
	excise (including financial	explain the sourcing and withholding rules applicable to employees who	
	institution and insurance premiums	are telecommuting due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Pursuant to the	
	excise) returns and payments due on	regulation, until the earlier of December 31, 2020, or 90 days after	
	April 15, 2020, when those returns	the state of emergency in Massachusetts is lifted, all compensation	
	and payments are filed and made by	received for services performed by a non-resident who, immediately	
	July 15, 2020. By law, interest will	prior to the Massachusetts COVID-19 state of emergency was an	
	still accrue on any amounts not paid	employee engaged in performing such services in Massachusetts,	
	by April 15, 2020. The waiver of	and who began performing services from a location outside	
	penalties applies to corporate excise	Massachusetts due to a Pandemic-Related Circumstance, will	
	returns and payments with an	continue to be treated as Massachusetts source income subject to	
	original due date of April 15, 2020,	personal income tax under M.G.L. c. 62 and personal income tax	
	including those of certain S	withholding.	
	corporations and non-profits that	Other states have adopted or are adopting similar sourcing rules due to	
	file on a fiscal-year basis and have	similar declared states of emergency. A resident employee who,	
	tax returns and payments due April	immediately prior to the Massachusetts COVID-19 state of emergency	
	15, 2020. Corporate excise	was an employee engaged in performing services from a location outside	
	taxpayers with an April 15, 2020	of Massachusetts, and who began performing such services in	
	return due date that seek an	Massachusetts due to a state's COVID-19 state of emergency or other	
	automatic six- or seven-month	Pandemic-Related Circumstance, will be eligible for a credit for taxes	
	extension, as applicable, must still	paid to that other state, to the extent provided under G.L. c. 62, § 6(a). In	
	pay the amount required for such	addition, the employer of such an employee is not obligated to withhold	
	extension by April 15, 2020. The	Massachusetts income tax for the employee to the extent that the	

			T
State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
	Corp. Q1 estimated payment is due	employer is required to withhold income tax with respect to the	
	3/15, and the return is due $4/15$ .	employee in such other state.[2]	
	Any overpayment on the MA CIT	III. Sales and Use Tax	
	return is applied to Q2, not Q1.	In general, a vendor has nexus for sales and use tax collection purposes	
		if it is engaged in business in the Commonwealth. M.G.L. c. 64H, §	
	For purposes of this Directive, when	1. Generally, a vendor is engaged in business in the Commonwealth if it	
	a taxpayer seeks to use an <u>electronic</u>	has a physical presence in Massachusetts, including having one or more	
	signature it must include a	of its employees in Massachusetts, or if it makes sufficient sales into	
	statement, either in the cover letter	Massachusetts in a calendar year. <i>Id.</i> ; M.G.L. c. 64H, § 34(a). During	
	or in the email transmitting the	the period that the rules in this TIR remain in effect, the presence of one	
	electronically signed document, that	or more employees working remotely from Massachusetts, due solely to	
	says, to the effect, as follows: "The	a Pandemic-Related Circumstance, will not in and of itself trigger nexus	
	attached [insert document name]	for sales and use tax collection purposes.	
	includes [insert name of taxpayer or	IV. Corporate Excise	
	representative]'s valid signature and	A business corporation is generally subject to an excise due under	
	the taxpayer intends to transmit the	M.G.L. c. 63 when it does business in Massachusetts. M.G.L. c. 63, §§	
	document to the Massachusetts	1 and 39. A business corporation is generally considered to be doing	
	Department of Revenue."	business in Massachusetts when it has one or more employees	
	The Department will work	conducting business activities on its behalf in Massachusetts. 830 CMR	
	cooperatively with taxpayers to	63.39.1(3)(b)(5), $(5)(b)(3)$ . During the period that the rules in this TIR	
	allow for electronic signatures on	remain in effect, the Department will not consider the presence of one or	
	various administrative forms,	more employees working remotely from Massachusetts solely due to a	
	including with respect to the	Pandemic-Related Circumstance, including the presence of business	
	signatures of taxpayers, their	property reasonably needed for such persons' use while working	
	representatives, or Department	remotely, to be sufficient in and of itself to establish corporate nexus. In	
	employees. The administrative	addition, such presence will not, of itself, cause a corporation to lose the	
	forms for which the Department will	protections of Public Law 86-272. Relatedly, for corporate	
	allow electronic signatures will	apportionment purposes, (1) services performed by such persons in	
	include but not be limited to: Form	Massachusetts will not increase the numerator of the employer's payroll	
	A-37: Consent Extending the Time	factor, and (2) the presence in Massachusetts of business property	
	for Assessment of Taxes, Form B-	reasonably needed for such persons' use while working remotely will	
	37: Special Consent Extending the	not increase the numerator of the employer's property factor.[3]	
	Time for Assessment of Taxes,	V. Pass-through Entities	
	Form DR-1: Office of Appeals	Pass-through entities (S corporations and entities treated as partnerships	
	Form and Form M-2848: Power of	for tax purposes) must withhold personal income tax on compensation	
	Attorney and Declaration of	paid for services performed if the compensation is Massachusetts source	
	Representative.[1] For other forms	income under the rules set out in Section II of this TIR. In addition, pass-	
	not listed herein, the Department	through entities may also be required to file annual returns. Specifically,	
	will work with taxpayers to confirm	partnerships having a usual place of business in Massachusetts must file	
	the parties' declaration of intent to	information returns. M.G.L. c. 62C, § 7. S corporations that have nexus	
	sign electronically.	in Massachusetts must file corporate excise returns. M.G.L. c. 62C, § 11;	
		M.G.L. c. 62, § 17A. In determining whether a partnership has a usual	
	The rules announced in this TIR are	place of business in Massachusetts or whether an S corporation has	
	effective until the earlier of	corporate nexus with the Commonwealth, the Department will apply the	

State Guidance/Date Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus Other Information December 31, 2020, or 90 days after rules and limitations set out in Section IV of this TIR to employees, the state of emergency in partners and S corporation shareholders who began working remotely in Massachusetts is lifted. As of that Massachusetts due to a Pandemic-Related Circumstance. Further, in date, the rules set forth in this TIR such cases, the Department will apply those rules and limitations to determine Public Law 86-272 protection and payroll factor and property will cease to be in effect and the presence of an employee in factor apportionment for pass-through entities. Massachusetts, even if due solely to VI. Recordkeeping Requirement a Pandemic-Related Circumstance To be eligible for the rules stated in Sections III-V of this TIR, (as defined below), will trigger the businesses must maintain written records sufficient to substantiate the same tax consequences as under existence of a Pandemic-Related Circumstance with respect to the Massachusetts law more generally. employee(s) triggering the application of such rules. For example, a This TIR announces that, while the business that seeks to rely on a work policy, quarantine, or isolation rules in this TIR remain in effect, directions must retain a written copy of such policy or directions to the presence of one or more claim the applicability of such rules. employees working remotely in VII. Paid Family and Medical Leave Massachusetts due to (a) a Under the Massachusetts PFML program, businesses are required to government order issued in response collect and remit PFML contributions on behalf of individuals who to the COVID-19 pandemic, (b) a perform services in Massachusetts. M.G.L. c. 175M, § 1. During the remote work policy adopted by an period that the rules in this TIR remain in effect, an individual who employer in good faith compliance previously performed services outside of Massachusetts and was not with federal or state government subject to PFML will not become subject to PFML solely because the individual is temporarily working from home in Massachusetts due to a guidance or public health recommendations relating to Pandemic-Related Circumstance. Likewise, an individual who COVID-19, or (c) the worker's previously performed services in Massachusetts but is temporarily compliance with quarantine. working from home outside of Massachusetts solely due to a Pandemicisolation directions relating to a Related Circumstance continues to be subject to the PFML rules. The COVID-19 diagnosis or suspected Executive Office of Labor and Workforce Development intends to issue diagnosis, or advice of a physician additional guidance regarding the application of the PFML rules once relating to COVID-19 exposure[1] the rules in this TIR cease to be in effect. (collectively, "Pandemic-Related Circumstances") will not, by itself, July 21, 2020 create a withholding obligation with TIR 20-10 respect to such employees. See 830 [1] For the sake of clarification, an employee's compliance with a CMR 62.5A.3. This TIR also required quarantine, written isolation directions, or written orders of a announces that, while the rules in physician includes such orders relating to the employee's exposure, this TIR remain in effect, one or illness, or vulnerability as well as orders affecting a family member of more employees working remotely the employee as a result of which the employee needs to be at home to care for the family member or to provide childcare. in Massachusetts solely due to a Pandemic-Related Circumstance, [2] The rules stated in this TIR do not in any way impact the 183-day including the presence of business computation that applies to determine the existence of a statutory property reasonably needed for such "resident" within the meaning of M.G.L. c. 62, § 1(f). persons' use while working [3] Similarly, a corporate employee who began working in another state remotely, will not subject a business solely due to a Pandemic-Related Circumstance will not be deemed to to a sales and use tax collection cause the corporation to be subject to tax in that state for purposes of

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus		Other Information
	obligation or to the corporate excise	determining the corporation's right to apportion or for purposes of		
	(or corporate apportionment	application of the principles of throwback or throwout. See 830 CMR		
	adjustments) by reason of that	63.38.1(5)." (7/21/20)		
	fact. Additionally, this TIR explains			
	that businesses claiming a nexus	830 CMR 62.5A.3: Massachusetts Source Inc	come of Non-Residents	
	exemption under Sections III-V	Telecommuting due to the COVID-19 Pandemic (EMERGENCY		
	must maintain written records	REGULATION) (7/21/20)		
	sufficient to substantiate the	D 4 mm	05/04/0000	
	existence of a Pandemic-Related	DATE:	07/21/2020	
	Circumstance with respect to the			
	employee(s) triggering the	ORGANIZATION:	Massachusetts Departmen	
	application of these rules. Lastly,			
	this TIR explains the application of	REGULATORY AUTHORITY:	Massachusetts General La	
	the Massachusetts Paid Family and		174650011465005 001141 20	
	Medical Leave ("PFML") program	OFFICIAL VERSION:	Published by the Massach	
	where an employee works remotely	OFFICIAL VERSION:	Published by the Massach	
	in a different state due to a	"EMERGENCY REGULATION		
	Pandemic-Related Circumstance.	830 CMR: DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE		
		830 CMR 62:00: INCOME TAX		
		830 CMR 62:00 is amended by adding the fol	llowing section:	
		830 CMR 62.5A.3: Massachusetts Source Income of Non-Residents		
	Massachusetts tax implications of	Telecommuting due to the COVID-19 Pandemic		
	the federal CARES Act - Individual	Skip table of contents		
	Income Tax Provisions - (1) 2020	TABLE OF CONTENTS		
	Recovery Rebates to Individuals -	(1) Scope of Regulation; Background; Outl	line of Topics; Effective	
	Since the advance payment of a	<u>Date</u>		
	credit under the Act is not	(2) Definitions		
	includable in federal gross income,	(3) Massachusetts Source Income for Non-	<b>Residents Telecommuting</b>	
	it is not includable in Massachusetts	due to Pandemic-Related Circumstances		
	gross income and thus not subject to	(4) Sourcing Rules in Other States		
	the Massachusetts personal income	(4) Sourcing Rules in Other States		
	tax. (2) Expansion of	TOP		
	Unemployment Benefits -	ShowTable of Contents		
	All payments of unemployment	(1) Scope of Regulation; Background; Outlin	ne of Topics; Effective	
	compensation, including amounts	Date		
	authorized under the Act, are	(a) Scope of Regulation. 830 CMR 62.5A		
	includable in both federal and	rules that apply to income earned by a non-res	1 0	
	Massachusetts gross income and	telecommutes on behalf of an in-state busines	ss from a location outside	
	subject to Massachusetts personal	the state due to the COVID-19 pandemic.		
	income tax. (3) Tax-favored	(b) Background. In response to the COVID-		
	Withdrawals for Retirement Plans -,	Massachusetts and other states have declared states of emergency and		
	There is no Massachusetts analog to	issued temporary social-distancing measures		
	the Code § 72(t) penalty.	restrictions. Many businesses and employees		
	Therefore, this change has no	telecommuting arrangements in response to the	ne pandemic.	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
	practical Massachusetts tax impact.	For Massachusetts personal income tax purposes, Massachusetts	
	(4) Loans from Qualified Employer	residents are generally taxed on all of their income from whatever	
	Retirement Plans - for	sources derived. M.G.L. c. 62, § 2. Non-residents are taxed on items of	
	Massachusetts purposes a loan from	gross income from sources within the Commonwealth, including income	
	a qualified employer plan will be	derived from or connected with any trade or business, including any	
	treated as a distribution to the extent	employment, in Massachusetts. M.G.L. c. 62, § 5A(a). Wage income	
	it is so treated for federal purposes.	paid to an individual that is subject to the Massachusetts personal	
	(5) Temporary Waiver of Required	income tax generally must be withheld upon for each payroll period by	
	Minimum Distribution Rules for	his or her employer. M.G.L. c. 62B, § 2.	
	Certain Retirement Plans and	830 CMR 62.5A.3 sets forth general rules applicable to non-resident	
	Accounts - because Massachusetts	employees who are telecommuting on behalf of an in-state business from	
	has no analog to the federal	a location outside the state due to the COVID-19 pandemic, and explains	
	penalties at issue, these changes	the parallel treatment that will be accorded to resident employees with	
	have no practical Massachusetts tax	income tax liabilities in other states that have adopted similar sourcing	
	impact. (6) Allowance of Partial	rules.	
	Above-the-Line Deduction for	(c) Outline of Topics. 830 CMR 62.5A.3 is organized as follows:	
	Charitable Contributions -	1. Scope of Regulation; Background; Outline of Topics;	
	Massachusetts does not adopt the	Effective Date	
	addition of subsection (22) to Code	2. Definitions	
	§ 62(a) because Massachusetts	3. Massachusetts Source Income for Non-Residents	
	generally follows Code § 62(a) as in	Telecommuting due to Pandemic-Related Circumstances	
	effect on January 1, 2005, with the	4. Sourcing Rules in Other States	
	exception of Code §	(d) Effective Date. 830 CMR 62.5A.3 is effective through the earlier	
	62(a)(1). However, for tax years	of December 31, 2020, or 90 days after the date on which the Governor	
	beginning on or after January 1,	of the Commonwealth gives notice that the state of emergency declared	
	2021, Massachusetts law separately	in Executive Order 591 is no longer in effect.	
	allows a deduction for charitable	(2) Definitions	
	contributions, with no itemization	Unless the context requires otherwise, for the purposes of 830 CMR	
	requirement.[14] The forthcoming	62.5A.3, the following definitions apply:	
	Massachusetts charitable deduction	Massachusetts COVID-19 State of Emergency, the state of emergency	
	remains in effect and is unaffected	declared in Executive Order 591.	
	by the Act. (7) Modification of	Non-Resident, any natural person who is not a Massachusetts resident.	
	Limitation on Charitable	Pandemic-Related Circumstances, generally include the following	
	Contributions During 2020 -	situations; (a) a government order issued in response to the COVID-19	
	Massachusetts does not follow the	pandemic, (b) a remote work policy adopted by an employer in	
	Act's temporary easing of the limitation in Code § 170 for	compliance with federal or state government guidance or public health	
	9	recommendations relating to the COVID-19 pandemic, (c) the worker's compliance with quarantine, isolation directions relating to a COVID-19	
	personal income tax purposes. The forthcoming Massachusetts	diagnosis or suspected diagnosis, or advice of a physician relating to	
	charitable deduction remains in	COVID-19 exposure, or (d) any other work arrangement in which an	
	effect and is unaffected by the	employee who performed services at a location in Massachusetts prior to	
	Act. (8) Exclusion for Certain	the Massachusetts COVID-19 state of emergency performs such services	
	Employer Payments of Student	for the employer from a location outside Massachusetts during a period	
	Loans - Massachusetts does not	in which 830 CMR 62.5A.3 is in effect.	
	Loans - Massachusetts does not	III WINCH OUU CIVIK U2.JA.J IS III CHECU.	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
	conform to the revisions made by	Resident, any natural person domiciled in Massachusetts or any natural	
	the Act. Therefore, qualified	person who is not domiciled in Massachusetts but who maintains a	
	education loan payments made by	permanent place of abode in Massachusetts and spends in the aggregate	
	an employer are not excluded from	more than 183 days of the tax year in Massachusetts, including days	
	an employee's Massachusetts gross	spent partially in and partially out of Massachusetts.	
	income. Likewise, Massachusetts	(3) Massachusetts Source Income for Non-Residents Telecommuting	
	does not conform to the	due to Pandemic-Related Circumstances	
	disallowance of the deduction for	Under M.G.L. c. 62, § 5A(a), income of a non-resident derived from a	
	interest paid by an employee on	trade or business, including any employment, carried on in the	
	such loans. (9) Modification of	Commonwealth is sourced to Massachusetts. Pursuant to this rule, all	
	Limitation on Losses for Taxpayers	compensation received for services performed by a non-resident who,	
	Other than Corporations -	immediately prior to the Massachusetts COVID-19 state of emergency	
	Massachusetts did not adopt Code §	was an employee engaged in performing such services in Massachusetts,	
	461(l) as enacted in the TCJA.	and who is performing services from a location outside Massachusetts	
	Therefore the suspension of the	due to a Pandemic-Related Circumstance will continue to be treated as	
	limitation has no impact for	Massachusetts source income subject to personal income tax under	
	Massachusetts tax purposes.	M.G.L. c. 62, § 5A and personal income tax withholding pursuant to	
	(10) Use of Health Savings	M.G.L. c. 62B, § 2.	
	Accounts, Flexible Spending	(4) Sourcing Rules in Other States	
	Accounts, and Archer Medical	Other states have adopted or may adopt sourcing rules similar to the rule	
	Savings Accounts for Telehealth	in 830 CMR 62.5A.3(3). A resident employee who, immediately prior	
	Services and Over-the-Counter	to the Massachusetts COVID-19 state of emergency was an employee	
	Medical Products - With respect to	engaged in performing services from a location outside of	
	Code §§ 106 and 223,	Massachusetts, and who began performing such services in	
	Massachusetts follows the Code as	Massachusetts due to a Pandemic-Related Circumstance, will be eligible	
	currently in effect and therefore	for a credit for income taxes paid to the state where the employee was	
	excludes from gross income	previously providing services, to the extent provided under M.G.L. c. 62,	
	reimbursements from an HSA or	§ 6(a). In addition, the employer of such employee is not obligated to	
	FSA for medicine or drugs without	withhold Massachusetts income tax to the extent the employer remains	
	a prescription and allows a	required to withhold income tax with respect to the employee in such	
	deduction for contributions to, and	other state.	
	excludes from gross income		
	reimbursements from, an HSA in	Regulatory Authority:	
	relation to certain remote care	830 CMR 62.5A.3: M.G.L. c. 14, § 6(1); M.G.L. c. 62C, § 3" (7/21/20)	
	services for plan years beginning		
	prior to or on December 31,	TIR 20-9: Massachusetts Tax Implications of Selected Provisions of the	
	2021.[23] However, because	Federal CARES Act (7/13/20)	
	Massachusetts follows Code § 220		
	as amended and in effect on January	A. Introduction	
	1, 2005, Massachusetts does not	On March 27, 2020, Public Law No. 116-136, the federal "Coronavirus	
	exclude reimbursements for these	Aid, Relief and Economic Security Act," also known as the CARES Act	
	expenses when paid by an Archer	(the "Act") was signed into law. The Act contains a number of tax	
	MSA. C. Corporate and Business	provisions, some of which have Massachusetts tax implications. This	
	Tax Provisions - (1) Small Business		

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	Loan (PPP) Forgiveness - For a	Technical Information Release ("TIR") explains the impact of selected	
	borrower subject to Massachusetts	provisions of the Act on Massachusetts taxation.[1]	
	personal income tax, any amount	This TIR addresses the following provisions of the Act:	
	forgiven under § 1106 of the Act is	Individual income tax provisions:	
	includable in gross income and	<ul> <li>2020 recovery rebates to individuals</li> </ul>	
	subject to tax, and there is no	Expansion of unemployment benefits	
	disallowance of deductions	<ul> <li>Tax-favored withdrawals from retirement funds</li> </ul>	
	attributable to the payment of	<ul> <li>Loans from qualified employer retirement plans</li> </ul>	
	expenses resulting in the	<ul> <li>Temporary waiver of required minimum distribution rules for</li> </ul>	
	forgiveness of the loan. For	certain retirement plans and accounts	
	purposes of the corporate excise, Massachusetts follows the Code as	<ul> <li>Allowance of partial above-the-line deduction for charitable</li> </ul>	
	currently in effect. Therefore any	contributions	
	amount forgiven for a corporate	<ul> <li>Modification of limitation on charitable contributions during</li> </ul>	
	borrower under § 1106 of the Act	2020	
	would be excluded from	Exclusion for certain employer payments of student loans	
	Massachusetts gross income, and	<ul> <li>Modification of limitation on losses for taxpayers other than</li> </ul>	
	any deductions disallowed in	corporations	
	accordance with IRS Notice 2020-	• Changes to health savings accounts, flexible spending accounts,	
	32 would likewise be disallowed for	and Archer medical savings accounts	
	Massachusetts tax purposes. Costs	Corporate and business tax provisions:	
	and expenses paid using PPP loan	Small business loan forgiveness	
	amounts that are ultimately forgiven	<ul> <li>Modifications to the limits on net operating losses</li> </ul>	
	are not eligible for any of the credits	Modifications to limitation on business interest deduction	
	authorized under either M.G.L. c. 62	Technical amendments regarding qualified improvement	
	or M.G.L. c. 63. (2) Modifications	property	
	to the Limitations on Net Operating	Modification of limitation on charitable contributions during	
	Losses - The suspension of Code §	2020	
	172 limitations has no impact for	For Massachusetts personal income tax purposes, gross income means	
	Massachusetts tax purposes.	federal gross income as defined under the Internal Revenue Code	
	(3) Modifications to Limitation on	("Code"), with certain modifications required under G.L. c. 62, §§ 6F and 2(a).[2] General Laws, chapter 62 defines the term "Code" as the	
	Business Interest Deduction - Massachusetts adopts these changes	Internal Revenue Code as amended on January 1, 2005 and in effect for	
	subject to the rules outlined in TIR	the taxable year, with certain exceptions.[3] Therefore, for purposes of	
	19-17. (4) Technical Amendments	determining Massachusetts gross income for personal income tax	
	Regarding Qualified Improvement	purposes, Massachusetts generally follows the provisions of the Code as	
	Property - Massachusetts adopts the	amended and in effect on January 1, 2005. In certain instances,	
	changes made by the Act with	however, Massachusetts specifically adopts provisions of the Code as	
	respect to the depreciable life of	currently in effect. For Massachusetts corporate excise purposes, gross	
	QIP for property placed in service	income means federal gross income as defined under the Code, with	
	after December 31, 2017. However,	certain modifications, as amended and in effect for the taxable year. [4]	
	because Massachusetts is decoupled		
	from the bonus depreciation rules in	B. Individual Income Tax Provisions	
	Code § 168(k), the Massachusetts	(1) 2020 Recovery Rebates to Individuals	

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	depreciation deduction for QIP must	Section 2201 of the Act adds new Code § 6428, which, subject to certain	
	be calculated under Code § 168	limitations, provides a refundable credit to individual taxpayers against	
	without regard to § 168(k).	federal income taxes in an amount equal to the sum of \$1,200 (\$2,400	
	(5) Modification of Limitation on	for taxpayers filing joint returns) plus \$500 for each "qualifying child"	
	Charitable Contributions During	as defined in Code § 24(c). The credit may be claimed for the 2020	
	2020 - Massachusetts adopts the	taxable year (i.e., it will be claimed on returns filed in 2021), but will be	
	temporary easing of the limitation	refunded in advance in 2020. The credit is based on the adjusted gross	
	for corporate excise purposes.	income reported on the taxpayer's 2019 or 2018 return and phases out at	
	The state of the s	higher amounts of adjusted gross income.	
	<b>Massachusetts Tax Implications</b>	Massachusetts gross income is federal gross income with certain	
	of Selected Provisions of the	modifications not relevant here.[5] Since the advance payment of a	
	Federal CARES Act –	credit under the Act is not includable in federal gross income, it is	
	Individual income tax provisions:	not includable in Massachusetts gross income and thus not subject	
	• 2020 recovery rebates to	to the Massachusetts personal income tax.	
	individuals	(2) Expansion of Unemployment Benefits	
	Since the advance payment of a	Sections 2101-2116 of the Act provide for an emergency expansion of	
	credit under the Act is not	unemployment benefits. Section 2102 temporarily extends benefits to	
	includable in federal gross income,	individuals who are not otherwise eligible for state and federal	
	it is not includable in Massachusetts	unemployment benefits or who are unable to work as a direct result of	
	gross income and thus not subject to	the COVID-19 public health emergency, including self-employed	
	the Massachusetts personal income	individuals, independent contractors, and those with a limited work	
	tax.	history. Under sections 2102, 2104 and 2107, all recipients of state-paid	
	Expansion of unemployment	unemployment compensation, including those who have otherwise	
	benefits	exhausted the benefits they were entitled to under state or federal law,	
	All payments of unemployment	and those temporarily eligible under section 2102 of the Act, may collect	
	compensation, including amounts	unemployment compensation for a maximum of 39 weeks instead of the	
	authorized under the Act, are	usual 26 weeks between January 27, 2020 and December 31, 2020.[6]	
	includable in both federal and	Additionally, any unemployment compensation received between April	
	Massachusetts gross income and	5, 2020 and July 31, 2020 will include a \$600 per week increase under	
	subject to Massachusetts personal	section 2104 of the Act.	
	income tax.	Under the 2005 Code (and under current Code), federal gross income	
	Tax-favored withdrawals from	includes unemployment compensation.[7] No provision of the Act	
	retirement funds	excludes these payments from federal gross income. Therefore, all	
	Coronavirus-related distributions	payments of unemployment compensation, including amounts	
	will be included in Massachusetts	authorized under the Act, are includable in both federal and	
	gross income at the same time and	Massachusetts gross income and subject to Massachusetts personal	
	in the same amounts as they are	income tax.	
	included in federal gross income.	(3) Tax-favored Withdrawals for Retirement Plans	
	The exemption from the additional	The Act establishes tax-favorable rules for withdrawals from certain	
	10% tax under Code § 72(t) has no	retirement plans.[8] Under Code § 72(t), early distributions from certain	
	practical Massachusetts tax impact.	retirement plans generally are subject to an additional 10% tax. The Act	
	Although Massachusetts conforms	exempts from the additional tax any early distribution that is a	
	to the Code as currently in effect	"coronavirus-related distribution." [9] A coronavirus-related distribution	
	with respect to section 72, there is	is a distribution that is made from an eligible retirement plan to a	

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	no Massachusetts analog to the	qualified individual from January 1, 2020, to December 30, 2020, up to	
	Code § 72(t) penalty.	an aggregate limit of \$100,000 from all plans and IRAs.[10] The Act	
	Loans from qualified employer	also provides for coronavirus-related distributions to be included in a	
	retirement plans	taxpayer's income ratably over a three-year period unless a taxpayer	
	Massachusetts adopts the current	elects otherwise.[11]	
	Code with respect to federal	Massachusetts gross income is federal gross income with certain	
	retirement provisions, specifically	modifications not relevant here. [12] Therefore, <b>coronavirus-related</b>	
	Code §§ 72, 401 through 420, and	distributions will be included in Massachusetts gross income at the	
	457. Therefore, for Massachusetts	same time and in the same amounts as they are included in federal	
	purposes a loan from a qualified	gross income. The exemption from the additional 10% tax under	
	employer plan will be treated as a	Code § 72(t) has no practical Massachusetts tax impact. Although	
	distribution to the extent it is so	Massachusetts conforms to the Code as currently in effect with	
	treated for federal purposes.	respect to section 72, there is no Massachusetts analog to the Code §	
	Temporary waiver of required	72(t) penalty.	
	minimum distribution rules for	(4) Loans from Qualified Employer Retirement Plans	
	certain retirement plans and	The Act modifies the rules applicable to loans from qualified employer	
	accounts	retirement plans. Pursuant to Code § 72(p), a loan to an employee from	
	Massachusetts adopts the current	such a plan is treated as a distribution for tax purposes unless it falls	
	Code with respect to federal	under one of several exceptions. Under one such exception, a loan is	
	annuities under Code § 72 and other	generally not treated as a distribution to the extent that the loan does not	
	retirement provisions, specifically	exceed a certain dollar amount. The Act increases that threshold from	
	Code §§ 401 through 420, and 457,	\$50,000 to \$100,000 for loans made during the 180-day period	
	excluding 402A and	beginning on March 27, 2020.[13] In addition, where a qualified	
	408(q). However, because	individual with an outstanding loan from a qualified employer plan has a	
	Massachusetts has no analog to the	loan due date that occurs during the period beginning on March 27, 2020	
	federal penalties at issue, these	and ending on December 31, 2020, such due date will be delayed for one	
	changes have no practical	year.[14]	
	Massachusetts tax impact.	Massachusetts adopts the current Code with respect to federal	
	Allowance of partial above-the-	retirement provisions, specifically Code §§ 72, 401 through 420, and	
	line deduction for charitable	457. Therefore, for Massachusetts purposes a loan from a qualified	
	contributions	employer plan will be treated as a distribution to the extent it is so	
	Massachusetts does not adopt the	treated for federal purposes.	
	addition of subsection (22) to Code	(5) Temporary Waiver of Required Minimum Distribution Rules	
	§ 62(a) because Massachusetts	for Certain Retirement Plans and Accounts	
	generally follows Code § 62(a) as in	The Act amends Code §§ 401 and 402, to waive temporarily minimum	
	effect on January 1, 2005, with the	distribution requirements and rules, and associated penalties, for rollover	
	exception of Code §	distributions for certain retirement plans, including individual retirement	
	62(a)(1). However, for tax years	plans, annuities and deferred compensation plans, for 2020.[15]	
	beginning on or after January 1,	Massachusetts adopts the current Code with respect to federal	
	2021, Massachusetts law separately	annuities under Code § 72 and other retirement provisions,	
	allows a deduction for charitable	specifically Code §§ 401 through 420, and 457, excluding 402A and	
	contributions, with no itemization	408(q). However, because Massachusetts has no analog to the	
	requirement.[17] The forthcoming	federal penalties at issue, these changes have no practical	
	Massachusetts charitable deduction	Massachusetts tax impact.	

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	remains in effect and is unaffected	(6) Allowance of Partial Above-the-Line Deduction for Charitable	
	by the Act.	Contributions	
	<ul> <li>Modification of limitation on</li> </ul>	Code § 170 provides a deduction for charitable contributions. Prior to	
	charitable contributions during	the Act, the federal deduction could be claimed by an individual only if	
	2020	the individual itemized deductions. The Act amends Code § 62(a) by	
	For individuals, Massachusetts	adding new paragraph (22), which allows an individual who does not	
	follows Code § 170 as amended and	itemize to deduct up to \$300 of qualified charitable contributions for	
	in effect on January 1, 2005.	taxable years beginning after December 31, 2019.[16]	
	Therefore, Massachusetts does not	Massachusetts does not adopt the addition of subsection (22) to Code	
	follow the Act's temporary easing	§ 62(a) because Massachusetts generally follows Code § 62(a) as in	
	of the limitation in Code § 170 for	effect on January 1, 2005, with the exception of Code §	
	personal income tax purposes. The	62(a)(1). However, for tax years beginning on or after January 1,	
	forthcoming Massachusetts	2021, Massachusetts law separately allows a deduction for charitable	
	charitable deduction remains in	contributions, with no itemization requirement.[17] The	
	effect and is unaffected by the Act.	forthcoming Massachusetts charitable deduction remains in effect	
	<ul> <li>Exclusion for certain employer</li> </ul>	and is unaffected by the Act.	
	payments of student loans	(7) Modification of Limitation on Charitable Contributions During	
	Massachusetts follows Code §§ 127	2020	
	and 221 as amended and in effect on	In general, the deduction for charitable contributions by an individual	
	January 1, 2005.[23] Consequently,	taxpayer may not exceed 50% of the taxpayer's adjusted gross income,	
	Massachusetts does not conform to	with certain modifications. [18] The Act temporarily eases that	
	the revisions made by the	limitation with respect to certain cash contributions to charitable	
	Act. Therefore, qualified education	organizations made during calendar year 2020.[19] With regard to	
	loan payments made by an employer	individuals, a deduction for 2020 cash contributions will be allowed up	
	are not excluded from an	to the amount of the taxpayer's contribution base less all other charitable	
	employee's Massachusetts gross	contributions allowed.[20]	
	income. Likewise, Massachusetts	For individuals, Massachusetts follows Code § 170 as amended and	
	does not conform to the	in effect on January 1, 2005. Therefore, Massachusetts does not	
	disallowance of the deduction for	follow the Act's temporary easing of the limitation in Code § 170 for	
	interest paid by an employee on	personal income tax purposes. The forthcoming Massachusetts	
	such loans.	charitable deduction remains in effect and is unaffected by the Act.	
	Modification of limitation on	(8) Exclusion for Certain Employer Payments of Student Loans The Act expends the definition of "educational assistance" excludible	
	losses for taxpayers other than	The Act expands the definition of "educational assistance" excludible from gross income under Code § 127(c) to include qualified education	
	corporations	loan payments (as defined in Code § 221(d)(1)) made by an employer	
	For personal income taxpayers,	after March 27, 2020 and before January 1, 2021. The exclusion applies	
	Massachusetts follows Code § 461	to payments by an employer of principal or interest on any qualified	
	as amended and in effect on January	education loan incurred by an employee for the education of the	
	1, 2005. Consequently,	employee.[21] The Act also amends Code § 221(e)(1) to disallow a	
	Massachusetts does not adopt Code § 461(1) as enacted in the TCJA.	deduction for interest paid on such qualified loan by the employee on an	
	0 ()	amount that is excluded from gross income under the Act. [22]	
	Therefore, the suspension of the	Massachusetts follows Code §§ 127 and 221 as amended and in effect	
	limitation has no impact for	on January 1, 2005.[23] Consequently, Massachusetts does not	
	Massachusetts tax purposes.[26]	conform to the revisions made by the Act. Therefore, qualified	
<u> </u>		comorm to the revisions made by the Act. Therefore, qualified	

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	Changes to health savings	education loan payments made by an employer are not excluded	
	accounts, flexible spending	from an employee's Massachusetts gross income. Likewise,	
	accounts, and Archer medical	Massachusetts does not conform to the disallowance of the deduction	
	savings accounts	for interest paid by an employee on such loans.	
	With respect to Code §§ 106 and	(9) Modification of Limitation on Losses for Taxpayers Other than	
	223, Massachusetts follows the	Corporations	
	Code as currently in effect and	For tax years beginning after December 31, 2017 and before January 1,	
	therefore excludes from gross	2026, P.L. 115-97, commonly known as "The Tax Cuts and Jobs Act"	
	income reimbursements from an	("TCJA") limited the deductions attributable to any business of a non-	
	HSA or FSA for medicine or drugs	corporate taxpayer under new Code § 461(1).[24] The Act suspends	
	without a prescription and allows a	those limitations. [25]	
	deduction for contributions to, and	For personal income taxpayers, Massachusetts follows Code § 461 as	
	excludes from gross income	amended and in effect on January 1, 2005. Consequently,	
	reimbursements from, an HSA in	Massachusetts does not adopt Code § 461(l) as enacted in the TCJA.	
	relation to certain remote care	Therefore, the suspension of the limitation has no impact for	
	services for plan years beginning	Massachusetts tax purposes.[26]	
	prior to or on December 31,	(10) Use of Health Savings Accounts, Flexible Spending Accounts,	
	2021.[27] However, because	and Archer Medical Savings Accounts for Telehealth Services and	
	Massachusetts follows Code § 220	Over-the-Counter Medical Products	
	as amended and in effect on January	In general, a taxpayer may deduct amounts contributed to, and exclude	
	1, 2005, Massachusetts does not	from gross income reimbursements from, his or her Health Savings	
	exclude reimbursements for these	Account ("HSA"), Flexible Spending Account ("FSA"), or Archer	
	expenses when paid by an Archer	Medical Savings Account ("Archer MSA") for certain health care	
	MSA.	costs. Under the Act, Code §§ 106(f), 220(d)(2)(A), and 223(d)(2) were	
	Corporate and business tax	amended to allow amounts paid or expenses incurred for medicine or	
	provisions:	drugs without a medical prescription to be covered by an HSA, FSA, or	
	Small business loan	Archer MSA. These changes apply to amounts paid or expenses	
	forgiveness	incurred after December 31, 2019. The Act also amended Code §	
	For purposes of personal income	223(c)(2) to allow, for plan years beginning on or before December 31,	
	tax, Massachusetts generally	2021, high-deductible health plans with an HSA to cover telehealth and	
	follows the Code as amended and in	other remote care services, even if the taxpayer fails to have a deductible	
	effect on January 1,	for such services. This change became effective upon the enactment of	
	2005. Therefore, for a borrower	the Act on March 27, 2020.	
	subject to Massachusetts personal	With respect to Code §§ 106 and 223, Massachusetts follows the	
	income tax, any amount forgiven	Code as currently in effect and therefore excludes from gross	
	under § 1106 of the Act is	income reimbursements from an HSA or FSA for medicine or drugs	
	includable in gross income and	without a prescription and allows a deduction for contributions to,	
	subject to tax, and there is no	and excludes from gross income reimbursements from, an HSA in	
	disallowance of deductions	relation to certain remote care services for plan years beginning	
	attributable to the payment of	prior to or on December 31, 2021.[27] However, because	
	expenses resulting in the	Massachusetts follows Code § 220 as amended and in effect on	
	forgiveness of the loan. For	January 1, 2005, Massachusetts does not exclude reimbursements	
	purposes of the corporate excise,	for these expenses when paid by an Archer MSA.	
	Massachusetts follows the Code as		

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
	currently in effect. Therefore any	C. Corporate and Business Tax Provisions	
	amount forgiven for a corporate	(1) Small Business Loan Forgiveness	
	borrower under § 1106 of the Act	Section 1106 of the Act provides loan forgiveness to small businesses	
	would be excluded from	for certain loans made pursuant to the Paycheck Protection Program	
	Massachusetts gross income, and	("PPP") under the Small Business Act. [28] A borrower is eligible for	
	any deductions disallowed in	loan forgiveness equal to the amount spent (but not exceeding the	
	accordance with IRS Notice 2020-	principal amount of the loan) by the borrower during an 8-week period	
	32 would likewise be disallowed for	after the origination date of the loan on the following items:	
	Massachusetts tax purposes. Costs	• payroll costs;	
	and expenses paid using PPP loan	<ul> <li>interest payments on mortgage obligations incurred before</li> </ul>	
	amounts that are ultimately forgiven	February 15, 2020;	
	are not eligible for any of the credits	<ul> <li>payments of rent on any lease in force before February 15,</li> </ul>	
	that may be claimed under either	2020; and	
	G.L. c. 62 or G.L. c. 63.	• utility payments, for which service began before February 15,	
	Modifications to the limits on	2020.	
	net operating losses	Under the Act, any amount of cancelled indebtedness that would	
	Massachusetts does not conform to	otherwise be includable in the gross income of the borrower under the	
	the NOL rules under Code § 172 in	Code for federal income tax purposes is excluded from gross	
	computing taxable income. For	income. [29] In addition, no deduction is allowed for an expense that is	
	corporations, the NOL deduction is	otherwise deductible if both (1) the payment of the expense results in	
	determined under G.L. c. 63, §§	forgiveness of a loan made under the PPP and (2) the income associated	
	30.4(ii) and 30.5. Additionally,	with the forgiveness is excluded from gross income pursuant to the	
	Massachusetts does not allow an	Act.[30]	
	NOL deduction for personal income	For purposes of personal income tax, Massachusetts generally	
	tax purposes. [33] Therefore the	follows the Code as amended and in effect on January 1,	
	suspension of Code § 172	2005. Therefore, for a borrower subject to Massachusetts personal	
	limitations has no impact for	income tax, any amount forgiven under § 1106 of the Act is	
	Massachusetts tax purposes.	includable in gross income and subject to tax, and there is no	
	Further, Massachusetts does not allow NOLs to be carried back and	disallowance of deductions attributable to the payment of expenses	
		resulting in the forgiveness of the loan. For purposes of the	
	deducted under any circumstances.[34]	corporate excise, Massachusetts follows the Code as currently in	
	Modifications to limitation on	effect. Therefore any amount forgiven for a corporate borrower	
	business interest deduction	under § 1106 of the Act would be excluded from Massachusetts	
		gross income, and any deductions disallowed in accordance with IRS	
	Massachusetts adopts the current Code with respect to Code § 163 for	Notice 2020-32 would likewise be disallowed for Massachusetts tax	
	both personal income tax and	purposes. Costs and expenses paid using PPP loan amounts that are	
	corporate excise purposes.	ultimately forgiven are not eligible for any of the credits that may be	
	Therefore, Massachusetts adopts	claimed under either G.L. c. 62 or G.L. c. 63.	
	these changes subject to the rules	(2) Modifications to the Limitations on Net Operating Losses	
	outlined in TIR 19-17.	The Act suspends several limitations on the amount of net operating loss	
	Technical amendments	("NOL") that can be claimed by a business under Code § 172, including	
		the rule limiting the NOL deduction to 80% of taxable income.[31] In addition, the Act allows federal NOLs incurred in 2018 through 2020 to	
	regarding qualified	,	
	improvement property	be carried back and deducted in prior years.[32]	

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	Massachusetts follows the current	Massachusetts does not conform to the NOL rules under Code § 172	
	Code with respect to Code § 168,	in computing taxable income. For corporations, the NOL deduction	
	except for § 168(k), for purposes of	is determined under G.L. c. 63, §§ 30.4(ii) and 30.5. Additionally,	
	both the personal income tax and	Massachusetts does not allow an NOL deduction for personal	
	corporate excise. Therefore,	income tax purposes.[33] Therefore the suspension of Code § 172	
	Massachusetts adopts the changes	limitations has no impact for Massachusetts tax purposes. Further,	
	made by the Act with respect to the	Massachusetts does not allow NOLs to be carried back and deducted	
	depreciable life of QIP for property	under any circumstances.[34]	
	placed in service after December 31,	(3) Modifications to Limitation on Business Interest Deduction	
	2017. However, Massachusetts is	Code § 163(j) limits the deductibility of business interest for tax years	
	decoupled from the bonus	beginning after December 31, 2017.[35] This provision generally limits	
	depreciation rules in Code § 168(k).	the deductibility of net interest expense to 30% of a taxpayer's adjusted	
	Consequently, the Massachusetts	taxable income.[36] The amount of net business interest expenses in	
	depreciation deduction for QIP must	excess of the current year limitation is carried forward and treated as	
	be calculated under Code § 168	business interest paid or accrued in the following year. Business interest	
	without regard to § 168(k).	is defined by the Code as any interest paid or accrued on debt that is	
	<ul> <li>Modification of limitation on</li> </ul>	"properly allocable to a trade or business" and does not include	
	charitable contributions during	investment interest.[37] The limitation does not apply to taxpayers with	
	2020	average gross receipts of less than \$25 million over the preceding three	
	Massachusetts follows the Code as	taxable years, or to taxpayers engaged in certain trades.[38]	
	currently in effect for purposes of	Section 2306 of the Act amends Code § 163(j) by inserting a special rule	
	the corporate excise. Therefore,	for tax years 2019 and 2020 that potentially increases a taxpayer's	
	Massachusetts adopts the temporary	current year business interest deduction (1) by increasing the limitation	
	easing of the charitable contribution	on the deduction to 50% of adjusted taxable income (with special rules	
	limitation for corporate excise	for partnerships), and (2) by allowing an election to use 2019 adjusted	
	purposes. 7/13/20)	taxable income in calculating the limitation for tax year 2020.	
		Massachusetts adopts the current Code with respect to Code § 163	
		for both personal income tax and corporate excise purposes.	
		Therefore, Massachusetts adopts these changes subject to the rules	
	(Technical Information Release	outlined in TIR 19-17.	
	("TIR") 20-2 announced that the	(4) Technical Amendments Regarding Qualified Improvement	
	Department of Revenue (the	Property	
	"Department") would waive any	The Act makes changes to the depreciable life of "qualified	
	late-file or late-pay penalties	improvement property" ("QIP") as defined in Code §	
	imposed under G.L. c. 62C, § 33 for	168(e)(6)(A).[39] Prior to the Act, the depreciable life of QIP was 39	
	returns and payments due during the	years. Under the Act, QIP is assigned a 15-year depreciable life under	
	period March 20, 2020 through May	MACRS, the modified accelerated cost recovery system, and a 20-year	
	31, 2020, for certain taxpayers. This	depreciable life under ADS, the alternative depreciation system. [40] The	
	TIR announces that the Department	change under MACRS makes QIP eligible for bonus depreciation under	
	will extend the penalty waiver to	Code § 168(k). In addition, the definition of QIP was modified by the	
	returns and payments due through	Act to include only improvements "made by the taxpayer." [41] The	
	August 31, 2020 for those same	changes apply to QIP placed in service after December 31, 2017.	
	taxpayers.)	Massachusetts follows the current Code with respect to Code § 168,	
		except for § 168(k), for purposes of both the personal income tax	

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		and corporate excise. Therefore, Massachusetts adopts the changes	
l		made by the Act with respect to the depreciable life of QIP for property placed in service after December 31, 2017. However,	
I		Massachusetts is decoupled from the bonus depreciation rules in	
I		Code § 168(k). Consequently, the Massachusetts depreciation	
		deduction for QIP must be calculated under Code § 168 without	
		regard to § 168(k).	
		(5) Modification of Limitation on Charitable Contributions During	
		2020	
		In general, the deduction for charitable contributions by a corporate	
		taxpayer may not exceed 10% of the corporation's taxable income, with	
		modifications.[42] The Act temporarily eases that limitation with	
		respect to certain cash contributions made to charitable organizations	
		during calendar year 2020.[43] With regard to corporations, the Act	
		allows a deduction for 2020 cash contributions in an amount up to 25% of the taxpayer's taxable income less the amount of all other charitable	
		contributions allowed.[44]	
		Massachusetts follows the Code as currently in effect for purposes of	
		the corporate excise. Therefore, Massachusetts adopts the	
		temporary easing of the charitable contribution limitation for	
		corporate excise purposes." (7/13/20)	
		Informational Guideline Release (IGR) No. 20-10 – Application for	
		Authority from the Commissioner of Revenue to Abate Local Taxes and	
		Charges (July 2020)	
		TIR 20-7: Extension of Late-File and Late- Pay Penalty Relief for	
		Certain Business Taxpayers Affected by the COVID-19 State of	
		<u>Emergency</u> (6/18/20)	
		Technical Information Release ("TIR") 20-2 announced that the	
		Department of Revenue (the "Department") would waive any late-file or	
		late-pay penalties imposed under G.L. c. 62C, § 33 for returns and	
		payments due during the period March 20, 2020 through May 31, 2020,	
		for certain taxpayers. This TIR announces that the Department will	
		extend the penalty waiver to returns and payments due through August	
		31, 2020 for those same taxpayers. The following taxpayers are eligible	
		for the waiver:	
		• Vendors with meals tax return and payment obligations	
		pursuant to G.L. c. 62C, § 16 that do not otherwise qualify for relief announced in Emergency Regulation 830 CMR	
		62C.16.2(7)[1] promulgated by the Department on June 18,	
		2020; and	
		2020, and	1

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		<ul> <li>Operators and intermediaries with room occupancy excise return and payment obligations pursuant to G.L. c. 62C, § 16 that do not otherwise qualify for relief announced in Emergency Regulation 830 CMR 64G.1.1(11)[2] promulgated by the Department on June 18, 2020.</li> <li>TIR 20-2 is superseded. The relief announced in this TIR is a waiver of penalties only; statutory interest will continue to accrue. The penalty waiver offered in this TIR is limited to the taxpayers and tax periods outlined above. Applications for waiver of penalties for sales tax other than sales tax on meals, or other circumstances not covered above, will be handled on a case-by-case basis based on reasonable cause. See Administrative Procedure 633: Guidelines for the Waiver and Abatement of Penalties.</li> <li>[1] 830 CMR 62C.16.2(7) suspends sales and use tax return filing and payment remittance obligations for vendors whose cumulative sales and use tax liability in the 12-month period ending February 29, 2020 is less than \$150,000. These provisions do not apply to marijuana retailers as defined in M.G.L. c. 94G, § 1, marketplace facilitators or vendors selling motor vehicles. Such vendors shall continue to file returns and make payments in accordance with the rules set forth in 830 CMR 62C.16.2(3)-(6).</li> </ul>	
		[2] 830 CMR 64G.1.1(11)(g) suspends room occupancy return filing and payment remittance obligations for operators whose cumulative liability in the 12-month period ending February 29, 2020 is less than \$150,000. These provisions do not apply to intermediaries. Intermediaries shall continue to file returns and make payments in accordance with the rules set forth in 830 CMR 64G.1.1(11).  830 CMR 62C.16.2: Sales and Use Tax Returns and Payments (updated 6/18/20)	
		Status: Emergency Regulation Promulgated 6/18/2020  Tax Type: Sales (including Sales tax on meals) and Use Tax	
		"Summary: This emergency regulation amendment adds a new section (7) which suspends return filing and payment remittance obligations for certain vendors during the COVID-19 pandemic. Specifically, the sales and use tax filing and payment schedule for vendors, whose cumulative sales and use tax liability in the 12-month period ending February 29, 2020 is less than \$150,000, shall be as follows. Returns and payments otherwise due during the period beginning March 20, 2020 and ending	

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		August 31, 2020, inclusive, shall be suspended. All such returns and payments, including any local option amounts, shall be due on September 20, 2020. This suspension does not apply to marijuana retailers as defined in M.G.L. c. 94G, § 1, marketplace facilitators or vendors selling motor vehicles. Such vendors shall continue to file returns and make payments in accordance with the rules set forth in 830 CMR 62C.16.2(3)-(6)."	
		"Emergency Amendment Promulgated 6/18/2020 - New Section (7) (7) Sales Tax Filing and Payment Schedule For Certain Vendors During COVID-19 Pandemic  Notwithstanding 830 CMR 62C.16.2(3)-(6), with respect to vendors whose cumulative liability in the 12-month period ending February 29, 2020 for returns required to be filed under M.G.L. c. 62C, § 16(h) and (i) is less than \$150,000, returns and payments otherwise due during the period beginning March 20, 2020 and ending August 31, 2020, inclusive, shall be suspended. All such returns and payments, including any local option amounts, shall be due on September 20, 2020. This suspension does not apply to marijuana retailers as defined in M.G.L. c. 94G, § 1, marketplace facilitators or vendors selling motor vehicles. Such vendors shall continue to file returns and make payments in accordance with the rules set forth in 830 CMR 62C.16.2(3)-(6)." (updated 6/18/20)	
		830 CMR 64G.1.1: Massachusetts Room Occupancy Excise (updated 6/18/20)  Emergency Amendment Promulgated 6/18/2020 - New Subsection (11)(g)	
		"(g) Returns and Payments During COVID-19 Pandemic. Notwithstanding 830 CMR 64G.1.1(11)(a)-(f), with respect to operators whose cumulative liability in the 12-month period ending February 29, 2020 for returns required to be filed under M.G.L. c. 62C, § 16(g) is less than \$150,000, returns and payments otherwise due during the period beginning March 20, 2020 and ending August 31, 2020, inclusive, shall be suspended. All such returns and payments, including any local option amounts, shall be due on September 20, 2020. This suspension does not apply to intermediaries. Intermediaries shall continue to file returns and make payments in accordance with the rules set forth in 830 CMR 64G.1.1(11)(a)-(f)."	
		Working Draft Technical Information Release – TIR-20-XX  Massachusetts Tax Implications of Selected Provisions of the Federal	

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		<u>CARES Act</u> (6/4/20)	
		Summary: This working draft Technical Information Release ("TIR") describes the Massachusetts tax implications of the federal "Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security Act," also known as the CARES Act, which was signed into law on March 27, 2020. This TIR explains the impact of selected provisions of the Act on Massachusetts personal income tax and corporate and business taxes.	
		"Table of Contents A. Introduction B. Individual Income Tax Provisions C. Corporate and Business Tax Provisions	
		A. Introduction  On March 27, 2020, Public Law No. 116-136, the federal "Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security Act," also known as the CARES Act (the "Act") was signed into law. The Act contains a number of tax provisions, some of which have Massachusetts tax implications. This Technical Information Release ("TIR") explains the impact of selected provisions of the Act on Massachusetts taxation.[1] This TIR addresses the following provisions of the Act: Individual income tax provisions:  • 2020 recovery rebates to individuals • Expansion of unemployment benefits • Tax-favored withdrawals from retirement funds • Loans from qualified employer retirement plans • Temporary waiver of required minimum distribution rules for certain retirement plans and accounts • Allowance of partial above-the-line deduction for charitable contributions • Modification of limitation on charitable contributions during 2020 • Exclusion for certain employer payments of student loans • Modification of limitation on losses for taxpayers other than corporations • Changes to health savings accounts, flexible spending accounts, and Archer medical savings accounts  Corporate and business tax provisions: • Small business loan forgiveness • Modifications to the limits on net operating losses	

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		Technical amendments regarding qualified improvement	
		property	
		<ul> <li>Modification of limitation on charitable contributions during</li> </ul>	
		2020	
		For Massachusetts personal income tax purposes, gross income means	
		federal gross income as defined under the Internal Revenue Code	
		("Code"), with certain modifications required under G.L. c. 62, §§ 6F	
		and 2(a).[2] General Laws chapter 62 defines the term "Code" as the	
		Internal Revenue Code as amended on January 1, 2005 and in effect for	
		the taxable year, with certain exceptions. [3] Therefore, for purposes of	
		determining Massachusetts gross income for personal income tax	
		purposes, Massachusetts generally follows the provisions of the Code as	
		amended and in effect on January 1, 2005. In certain instances,	
		however, Massachusetts specifically adopts provisions of the Code as	
		currently in effect. For Massachusetts corporate excise purposes, gross	
		income means federal gross income as defined under the Code, with	
		certain modifications, as amended and in effect for the taxable year. [4] <b>B.</b> Individual Income Tax Provisions	
		(1) 2020 Recovery Rebates to Individuals	
		Section 2201 of the Act adds new Code § 6428, which, subject to certain	
		limitations, provides a refundable credit to individual taxpayers against	
		federal income taxes in an amount equal to the sum of \$1,200 (\$2,400	
		for taxpayers filing joint returns) plus \$500 for each "qualifying child"	
		as defined in Code § 24(c). The credit may be claimed for the 2020	
		taxable year (i.e., it will be claimed on returns filed in 2021), but will be	
		refunded in advance in 2020. The credit is based on the adjusted gross	
		income reported on the taxpayer's 2019 or 2018 return and phases out at	
		higher amounts of adjusted gross income.	
		Massachusetts gross income is federal gross income with certain	
		modifications not relevant here. G.L. c. 62, § 2(a). Since the advance	
		payment of a credit under the Act is not includable in federal gross	
		income, it is not includable in Massachusetts gross income and thus	
		not subject to the Massachusetts personal income tax.	
		(2) Expansion of Unemployment Benefits	
		Sections 2101-2116 of the Act provide for an emergency expansion of	
		unemployment benefits. Section 2102 temporarily extends benefits to	
		individuals who are not otherwise eligible for state and federal	
		unemployment benefits or who are unable to work as a direct result of	
		the COVID-19 public health emergency, including self-employed	
		individuals, independent contractors, and those with a limited work	
		history. Under sections 2102, 2104 and 2107, all recipients of state-paid	
		unemployment compensation, including those who have otherwise exhausted the benefits they were entitled to under state or federal law,	
1		and those temporarily eligible under section 2102 of the Act, may collect	
	L	and those temporarry engine under section 2102 of the Act, may confect	

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		unemployment compensation for a maximum of 39 weeks instead of the	
		usual 26 weeks between January 27, 2020 and December 31, 2020.[5]	
		Additionally, any compensation received between April 5, 2020 and July	
		31, 2020 will include a \$600 per week increase under section 2104 of the	
		Act.	
		Under the 2005 Code (and under current Code), federal gross income	
		includes unemployment compensation.[6] No provision of the Act	
		excludes these payments from federal gross income. Therefore, all	
		payments of unemployment compensation, including amounts	
		authorized under the Act, are includable in both federal and	
		Massachusetts gross income and subject to Massachusetts personal	
		income tax.	
		(3) Tax-favored Withdrawals for Retirement Plans	
		The Act establishes tax-favorable rules for withdrawals from certain	
		retirement plans. [7] Under Code § 72(t), early distributions from certain	
		retirement plans are subject to an additional 10% tax. The Act exempts	
		from the additional tax any early distribution that is a "coronavirus-	
		related distribution".[8] The aggregate amount of distributions received	
		by an individual that may be treated as coronavirus-related distributions cannot exceed \$100,000.[9]	
		Massachusetts conforms to the Code as currently in effect with respect to	
		section 72. However, there is no Massachusetts analog to the Code §	
		72(t) penalty. Therefore, this change has no practical Massachusetts	
		tax impact.	
		(4) Loans from Qualified Employer Retirement Plans	
		The Act modifies the rules applicable to loans from qualified employer	
		retirement plans. Pursuant to Code § 72(p), a loan to an employee from	
		such a plan is treated as a distribution for tax purposes unless it falls	
		under one of several exceptions. Under one such exception, a loan is	
		generally not treated as a distribution to the extent that the loan does not	
		exceed a certain dollar amount. The Act increases that threshold from	
		\$50,000 to \$100,000 for loans made during the 180-day period	
		beginning on March 27, 2020.[10] In addition, where a qualified	
		individual with an outstanding loan from a qualified employer plan has a	
		loan due date that occurs during the period beginning on March 27, 2020	
		and ending on December 31, 2020, such due date will be delayed for one	
		year.[11]	
		Massachusetts adopts the current Code with respect to federal retirement	
		provisions, specifically Code §§ 72, 401 through 420, and 457.	
		Therefore, for Massachusetts purposes a loan from a qualified	
		employer plan will be treated as a distribution to the extent it is so	
		treated for federal purposes.	
		(5) Temporary Waiver of Required Minimum Distribution Rules	
		for Certain Retirement Plans and Accounts	

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		The Act amends Code §§ 401 and 402, to waive temporarily minimum	
		distribution requirements and rules, and associated penalties, for rollover	
		distributions for certain retirement plans, including individual retirement	
		plans, annuities and deferred compensation plans, for 2020.[12]	
		Massachusetts adopts the current Code with respect to federal annuities	
		under Code § 72 and other retirement provisions, specifically Code §§	
		401 through 420, and 457, excluding 402A and	
		408(q). However, because Massachusetts has no analog to the	
		federal penalties at issue, these changes have no practical	
		Massachusetts tax impact.	
		(6) Allowance of Partial Above-the-Line Deduction for Charitable	
		Contributions	
		Code § 170 provides a deduction for charitable contributions. Prior to	
		the Act, the federal deduction could be claimed by an individual only if	
		the individual itemized deductions. The Act amends Code § 62(a) by	
		adding new paragraph (22), which allows an individual who does not	
		itemize to deduct up to \$300 of qualified charitable contributions for	
		taxable years beginning after December 31, 2019.[13]	
		Massachusetts does not adopt the addition of subsection (22) to Code	
		§ 62(a) because Massachusetts generally follows Code § 62(a) as in	
		effect on January 1, 2005, with the exception of Code §	
		62(a)(1). However, for tax years beginning on or after January 1,	
		2021, Massachusetts law separately allows a deduction for charitable	
		contributions, with no itemization requirement.[14] The	
		forthcoming Massachusetts charitable deduction remains in effect	
		and is unaffected by the Act.	
		(7) Modification of Limitation on Charitable Contributions During	
		2020	
		In general, the deduction for charitable contributions by an individual	
		taxpayer may not exceed 50% of the taxpayer's adjusted gross income,	
		with certain modifications.[15] The Act temporarily eases that	
		limitation with respect to certain cash contributions to charitable	
		organizations made during calendar year 2020.[16] With regard to	
		individuals, a deduction for 2020 cash contributions will be allowed up	
		to the amount of the taxpayer's contribution base less all other charitable	
		contributions allowed.[17]	
		For individuals, Massachusetts follows Code § 170 as amended and in	
		effect on January 1, 2005. Therefore, Massachusetts does not follow	
		the Act's temporary easing of the limitation in Code § 170 for	
		personal income tax purposes. The forthcoming Massachusetts	
		charitable deduction remains in effect and is unaffected by the Act.	
		(8) Exclusion for Certain Employer Payments of Student Loans	
		The Act expands the definition of "educational assistance" excludible	
		from gross income under Code § 127(c) to include qualified education	

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		loan payments (as defined in Code § 221(d)(1)) made by an employer	
		after March 27, 2020 and before January 1, 2021. The exclusion applies	
		to payments by an employer of principal or interest on any qualified	
		education loan incurred by an employee for the education of the	
		employee.[18] The Act also amends Code § 221(e)(1) to disallow a	
		deduction for interest paid on such qualified loan by the employee on an	
		amount that is excluded from gross income under the Act.[19]	
		Massachusetts follows Code §§ 127 and 221 as amended and in effect on	
		January 1, 2005. G.L. c. 62, § 1(c). Consequently, Massachusetts does	
		not conform to the revisions made by the Act. Therefore, qualified	
		education loan payments made by an employer are not excluded	
		from an employee's Massachusetts gross income. Likewise,	
		Massachusetts does not conform to the disallowance of the deduction	
		for interest paid by an employee on such loans.	
		(9) Modification of Limitation on Losses for Taxpayers Other than	
		Corporations	
		For tax years beginning after December 31, 2017 and before January 1,	
		2026, P.L. 115-97, commonly known as "The Tax Cuts and Jobs Act"	
		("TCJA") limited the deductions attributable to any business of a non-	
		corporate taxpayer under new Code § 461(1).[20] The Act suspends	
		those limitations. [21]	
		For personal income taxpayers, Massachusetts follows Code § 461 as	
		amended and in effect on January 1, 2005. Consequently,	
		Massachusetts did not adopt Code § 461(1) as enacted in the TCJA.	
		Therefore the suspension of the limitation has no impact for	
		Massachusetts tax purposes.[22]	
		(10) Use of Health Savings Accounts, Flexible Spending Accounts,	
		and Archer Medical Savings Accounts for Telehealth Services and	
		Over-the-Counter Medical Products	
		In general, a taxpayer may deduct amounts contributed to, and exclude	
		from gross income reimbursements from, his or her Health Savings	
		Account ("HSA"), Flexible Spending Account ("FSA"), or Archer	
		Medical Savings Account ("Archer MSA") for certain health care	
		costs. Under the Act, Code §§ 106(f), 220(d)(2)(A), and 223(d)(2) were	
		amended to allow amounts paid or expenses incurred for medicine or	
		drugs without a medical prescription to be covered by an HSA, FSA, or	
		Archer MSA. These changes apply to amounts paid or expenses incurred after December 31, 2019. The Act also amended Code §	
		223(c)(2) to allow, for plan years beginning on or before December 31,	
		2021, high-deductible health plans with an HSA to cover telehealth and	
		other remote care services, even if the taxpayer fails to have a deductible	
		for such services. This change became effective upon the enactment of	
		the Act on March 27, 2020.	
		the Act on March 21, 2020.	

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		With respect to Code §§ 106 and 223, Massachusetts follows the	
		Code as currently in effect and therefore excludes from gross	
		income reimbursements from an HSA or FSA for medicine or drugs	
		without a prescription and allows a deduction for contributions to,	
		and excludes from gross income reimbursements from, an HSA in	
		relation to certain remote care services for plan years beginning	
		prior to or on December 31, 2021.[23] However, because	
		Massachusetts follows Code § 220 as amended and in effect on	
		January 1, 2005, Massachusetts does not exclude reimbursements	
		for these expenses when paid by an Archer MSA.	
		C. Corporate and Business Tax Provisions	
		(1) Small Business Loan Forgiveness	
		Section 1106 of the Act provides loan forgiveness to small businesses	
		for certain loans made pursuant to the Paycheck Protection Program	
		("PPP") under the Small Business Act. [24] A borrower is eligible for	
		loan forgiveness equal to the amount spent (but not exceeding the	
		principal amount of the loan) by the borrower during an 8-week period	
		after the origination date of the loan on the following items:	
		• payroll costs;	
		<ul> <li>interest payments on mortgage obligations incurred before February 15, 2020;</li> </ul>	
		• payments of rent on any lease in force before February 15, 2020; and	
		<ul> <li>utility payments, for which service began before February 15, 2020.</li> </ul>	
		Under the Act, any amount of cancelled indebtedness that would	
		otherwise be includable in the gross income of the borrower under the	
		Code for federal income tax purposes is excluded from gross	
		income.[25] In addition, no deduction is allowed for an expense that is	
		otherwise deductible if both (1) the payment of the expense results in	
		forgiveness of a loan made under the PPP and (2) the income associated	
		with the forgiveness is excluded from gross income pursuant to the	
		Act.[26]	
		For purposes of personal income tax, Massachusetts generally follows	
		the Code as amended and in effect on January 1, 2005. Therefore, for a	
		borrower subject to Massachusetts personal income tax, any amount	
		forgiven under § 1106 of the Act is includable in gross income and	
		subject to tax, and there is no disallowance of deductions attributable to	
		the payment of expenses resulting in the forgiveness of the loan. For	
		purposes of the corporate excise, Massachusetts follows the Code as	
		currently in effect. Therefore any amount forgiven for a corporate	
		borrower under § 1106 of the Act would be excluded from	
		Massachusetts gross income, and any deductions disallowed in	
		accordance with IRS Notice 2020-32 would likewise be disallowed	

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		for Massachusetts tax purposes. Costs and expenses paid using PPP	
		loan amounts that are ultimately forgiven are not eligible for any of	
		the credits authorized under either M.G.L. c. 62 or M.G.L. c. 63.	
		(2) Modifications to the Limitations on Net Operating Losses	
		The Act suspends several limitations on the amount of net operating loss	
		("NOL") that can be claimed by a business under Code § 172, including	
		the rule limiting the NOL deduction to 80% of taxable income. [27]	
		Massachusetts does not conform to the NOL rules under Code § 172 in	
		computing taxable income. For corporations, the NOL deduction is	
		determined under G.L. c. 63, §§ 30.4(ii) and 30.5. Additionally,	
		Massachusetts does not allow an NOL deduction for personal income tax	
		purposes. G. L. c. 62, § 2(d)(1)(C). <b>Therefore the suspension of Code</b>	
		§ 172 limitations has no impact for Massachusetts tax purposes.	
		(3) Modifications to Limitation on Business Interest Deduction	
		Code § 163(j) limits the deductibility of business interest for tax years	
		beginning after December 31, 2017. [28] This provision generally limits	
		the deductibility of net interest expense to 30% of a taxpayer's adjusted	
		taxable income. [29] The amount of net business interest expenses in	
		excess of the current year limitation is carried forward and treated as	
		business interest paid or accrued in the following year. Business interest	
		is defined by the Code as any interest paid or accrued on debt that is	
		"properly allocable to a trade or business" and does not include	
		investment interest.[30] The limitation does not apply to taxpayers with	
		average gross receipts of less than \$25 million over the preceding three	
		taxable years, or to taxpayers engaged in certain trades.[31]	
		Section 2306 of the Act amends Code § 163(j) by inserting a special rule	
		for tax years 2019 and 2020 that potentially increases a taxpayer's	
		current year business interest deduction (1) by increasing the limitation	
		on the deduction to 50% of adjusted taxable income (with special rules	
		for partnerships), and (2) by allowing an election to use 2019 adjusted	
		taxable income in calculating the limitation for tax year 2020.	
		Massachusetts adopts the current Code with respect to Code § 163	
		for both personal income tax and corporate excise purposes.	
		Therefore, Massachusetts adopts these changes subject to the rules	
		outlined in TIR 19-17.	
		(4) Technical Amendments Regarding Qualified Improvement	
		Property The Act makes changes to the depreciable life of "qualified"	
		improvement property" ("QIP") as defined in Code §	
		168(e)(6)(A).[32] Prior to the Act, the depreciable life of QIP was 39	
		years. Under the Act, QIP is assigned a 15-year depreciable life under	
		MACRS, the modified accelerated cost recovery system, and a 20-year	
		depreciable life under ADS, the alternative depreciation system. [33] The	
		change under MACRS makes QIP eligible for bonus depreciation under	
		change under MACKS makes Qir engible for bollus depreciation under	

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		Code § 168(k). In addition, the definition of QIP was modified by the	
		Act to include only improvements "made by the taxpayer." [34] The	
		changes apply to QIP placed in service after December 31, 2017.	
		Massachusetts follows the current Code with respect to Code § 168,	
		except for subsection 168(k), for purposes of both the personal income	
		tax and corporate excise. Therefore, <b>Massachusetts adopts the changes</b>	
		made by the Act with respect to the depreciable life of QIP for	
		property placed in service after December 31, 2017. However,	
		because Massachusetts is decoupled from the bonus depreciation	
		rules in Code § 168(k), the Massachusetts depreciation deduction for	
		QIP must be calculated under Code § 168 without regard to §	
		168(k).	
		(5) Modification of Limitation on Charitable Contributions During 2020	
		In general, the deduction for charitable contributions by a corporate	
		taxpayer may not exceed 10% of the corporation's taxable income, with	
		modifications. The Act temporarily eases that limitation with respect to	
		certain cash contributions made to charitable organizations during	
		calendar year 2020.[35] With regard to corporations, a deduction for	
		2020 cash contributions will be allowed in an amount up to 25% of the	
		taxpayer's taxable income less the amount of all other charitable	
		contributions allowed.[36]	
		Massachusetts follows the Code as currently in effect for purposes of the	
		corporate excise. Therefore, Massachusetts adopts the temporary easing	
		of the limitation for corporate excise purposes.	
		WORKING DRAFT FOR PRACTITIONER AND PUBLIC	
		COMMENT 6/4/2020	
		[1] This TIR does not contain an exhaustive list of the Massachusetts tax	
		implications of the Act. The changes discussed in this TIR are those	
		identified by the Department of Revenue as most likely to be of interest	
		to taxpayers and their advisers.	
		[2] G.L. c. 62, § 2(a).	
		[3] G.L. c. 62, § 1(c).	
		[4] G.L. c. 63, § 30(3).	
		[5] Act, §§ 2102(a)(3)(A)(i) and (c)(2).	
		[6] Code § 85.	
		[7] Act, § 2202(a).	
		[8] Id at § 2202(a)(1).	
		[9] Id at § 2202(a)(2).	
		[10] Id at § 2202(b)(1). [11] Id at § 2202(b)(2).	
		[11] Id at § 2202(b)(2). [12] Id at § 2203(a)(I)(i).	
		[12] Id at § 2203(a)(1)(1). [13] Id at § 2204.	
		113 10 at § 2204.	

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		[14] See G.L. c. 62, § 3B(a)(13).	
		[15] Code § 170(b)(1).	
		[16] Act, § 2205(a).	
		[17] <i>Id</i> at § 2205(a)(2)(A)(i).	
		[18] <i>Id</i> at § 2206(a).	
		[19] <i>Id</i> at § 2206(b).	
		[20] TCJA § 11012.	
		[21] Act, § 2304.	
		[22] See TIR 18-14: Impact of Selected Provisions of the Federal Tax	
		Cuts and Jobs Act on Massachusetts Personal Income Tax under Chapter	
		62.	
		[23] See G.L. c. 62, § 1(c).	
		[24] See 15 U.S.C. § 636(a)(36).	
		[25] Act, § 1106(i). [26] IRS Notice 2020-32.	
		[27] Act, § 2303.	
		[28] TIR 18-14: Impact of Selected Provisions of the Federal Tax Cuts	
		and Jobs Act on Massachusetts Personal Income Tax under Chapter 62	
		and TIR 19-17: Application of Code § 163(j) Interest Expense	
		Limitation to Corporate Taxpayers.	
		Elimitation to Corporate Taxpayers.	
		830 CMR 62.6M.1: Community Investment Tax Credit (3/20/20)	
		Ct. t. o. F'. o. 1 D. o. 1 tt' o. o. Doo o. 1 o. t' o. o. 1 tt o. M. o. 1 20 2020	
		Status: Final Regulation; Promulgation date: March 20, 2020	
		Tax type: Corporate Excise; Personal Income Tax	
		1 ax type. Corporate Excise, reisonal income rax	
		Summary: This regulation explains the calculation of the community	
		investment tax credit allowed for cash contributions to a community	
		partner or community partnership fund. The credit is allowed to both	
		chapter 62 and 63 taxpayers and is codified at G.L. c. 62, § 6M and c.	
		63, § 38EE. This regulation is being amended to reflect statutory	
		changes to the credit's total cumulative caps and effective dates and is	
		consistent with changes made by the Department of Housing and	
		Community Development to 760 CMR 68:00, Community Investment	
		Grant and Tax Credit Program.	
		_	
		DATE: 03/20/2020	

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		REGULATORY Massachusetts General Laws	
		AUTHORITY:	
		OFFICIAL Published by the Massachusetts Register VERSION:	
		TIR 20-2: Late-File and Late- Pay Penalty Relief for Certain Business Taxpayers Affected by the COVID-19 State of Emergency (3/19/20)	
		Relief for restaurant and hospitality sectors - waive penalties and interest for meals tax and occupancy tax March 20 – May 31.	
		This Technical Information Release announces that the Department of Revenue will waive any late-file or late-pay penalties imposed under G.L. c. 62C, § 33 for returns and payments due during the period March 20, 2020 through May 31, 2020, for certain taxpayers with meals tax and room occupancy excise obligations.	
		"This Technical Information Release ("TIR") announces that the Department of Revenue ("Department") will waive any late-file or late-pay penalties imposed under G.L. c. 62C, § 33 for returns and payments due during the period March 20, 2020 through May 31, 2020, for the following taxpayers:  • Vendors with meals tax return and payment obligations pursuant to G.L. c. 62C, § 16 that do not otherwise qualify for relief announced in Emergency Regulation 830 CMR 62C.16.2(7)¹ promulgated by the Department on March 19, 2020; and	
		Operators and intermediaries with room occupancy excise return and payment obligations pursuant to G.L. c. 62C, § 16 that do not otherwise qualify for relief announced in Emergency Regulation 830 CMR 64G.1.1(11)² promulgated by the Department on March 19, 2020.  This is a waiver of penalties only; statutory interest will continue to accrue. To be eligible for a penalty waiver, vendors, operators and intermediaries must file their returns and remit payments on or before June 20, 2020. The penalty waiver offered in this TIR is limited to the taxpayers and tax periods outlined above. Applications for waiver of	

penalties for sales tax other than sales tax on meals, or other circumstances not covered above, will be handled on a case-by-case basis based on reasonable cause. See Administrative Procedure	Other Information
633: Guidelines for the Waiver and Abatement of Penalties."  830 CMR 62C.16.2: Sales and Use Tax Returns and Payments (3/19/20)  "Status: Emergency Regulation Promulgated 3/19/2020  Tax Type: Sales (including Sales tax on meals) and Use Tax  Summary: This emergency regulation amendment adds a new section (7) which suspends return filing and payment remittance obligations for certain vendors during the COVID-19 State of Emergency declared by the Governor. Specifically, the sales and use tax filing and payment schedule for vendors, whose cumulative sales and use tax hability in the 12-month period ending February 29, 2020 is less than \$150,000, shall be as follows. Returns and payments due to the use of unity of the suspended. All such returns and payments shall be due on June 20, 2020. This suspension does not apply to marijuana retailers as defined in M.G.L. c. 94G, § 1, marketplace facilitators or vendors selling motor vehicles. Such vendors shall continue to file returns and make payments in accordance with the rules set forth in 830 CMR 62C.16.2(3)-(6)."  830 CMR 64G.1.1: Massachusetts Room Occupancy Excise (3/19/20)  "Status: Emergency Regulation Promulgated 3/19/2020  Tax Type: Room Occupancy Excise  Summary: This emergency regulation amendment adds a new subsection (11)(g) which suspends return filing and payment schedule for operators, whose cumulative liability in the 12-month period ending February 29, 2020 is less than \$150,000, shall be as follows. Returns and payments due during the period beginning March 20, 2020 and ending May 31, 2020, inclusive, shall be suspended. All such returns and payments, including any local option amounts, shall be due on June 20, 2020. This suspension does not apply to intermediaries. Intermediaries shall continue to file returns and make payments in	

	Massachusetts DOR webpage on COVID-19 (3/18/20)	
		Í
	Massachusetts is waiving penalties, automatic 6 months, and will follow federal relief if any.	
	<ul> <li>"DOR is actively monitoring the latest developments regarding the COVID-19 coronavirus. Updated: March 18, 2020DOR recognizes that our customers may need assistance with various tax, child support, and municipal obligations due to the impact of the coronavirus. We are here to help and taxpayers are advised of the following support tools and measures during this public health emergency: <ul> <li>In many instances, taxpayers automatically receive at least six extra months to file their tax returns, as long as they satisfy certain tax payment requirements. See <u>AP 604: Extensions of Time to File Tax Returns</u>.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>DOR may also waive penalties under certain circumstances if a taxpayer is late in paying their tax obligation and will work with impacted taxpayers to waive such penalties. See <u>AP</u> 633: Guidelines for the Waiver and Abatement of Penalties.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>In the event mail service is delayed, you can ensure that returns, payments and refunds are received if you elect to submit them or receive them by electronic means.</li> </ul>	
	• In the event the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) issues tax relief to taxpayers with federal filing obligations, DOR is prepared to follow the IRS in offering similar relief for taxpayers with Massachusetts tax filing obligations"	
DOT Announcement Treasury: Digital Signatures Permitted on Paper Forms (9/8/20)	DOT Announcement Treasury: Digital Signatures Permitted on Paper Forms (9/8/20)	
Revenue administrative bulletin, RAB 2020-9, addressing the application of the sales and use tax industrial processing exemption to personal protective equipment and safety equipment used to prevent the spread of infectious diseases, such as COVID-19. (7/14/20)	Treasury reminds taxpayers and tax professionals that the use of digital signatures is allowed on forms, even those forms that cannot be filed electronically.  The use of digital signatures assists in reducing in-person contact and lessens the risk to taxpayers and tax professionals during the COVID-19 pandemic, allowing both groups to work remotely and to file forms timely.  "Our main priority during the COVID-19 pandemic is to protect the	
	Digital Signatures Permitted on Paper Forms (9/8/20)  Revenue administrative bulletin, RAB 2020-9, addressing the application of the sales and use tax industrial processing exemption to personal protective equipment and safety equipment used to prevent the spread of infectious diseases, such as	COVID-19 coronavirus. Updated: March 18, 2020DOR recognizes that our customers may need assistance with various tax, child support, and municipal obligations due to the impact of the coronavirus. We are here to help and taxpayers are advised of the following support tools and measures during this public health emergency:  • In many instances, taxpayers automatically receive at least six extra months to file their tax returns, as long as they satisfy certain tax payment requirements. See AP 604: Extensions of Time to File Tax Returns.  • DOR may also waive penalties under certain circumstances if a taxpayer is late in paying their tax obligation and will work with impacted taxpayers to waive such penalties. See AP 633: Guidelines for the Waiver and Abatement of Penalties.  • In the event mail service is delayed, you can ensure that returns, payments and refunds are received if you elect to submit them or receive them by electronic means.  • In the event the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) issues tax relief to taxpayers with federal filing obligations, DOR is prepared to follow the IRS in offering similar relief for taxpayers with Massachusetts tax filing obligations"  DOT Announcement Treasury: Digital Signatures Permitted on Paper Forms (9/8/20)  Revenue administrative bulletin, RAB 2020-9, addressing the application of the sales and use tax industrial processing exemption to personal protective equipment and safety equipment used to prevent the spread of infectious diseases, such as afecty equipment used to prevent the spread of infectious diseases, such as timely.

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2 3332	Executive Order No. 2020-132	paper forms to be signed digitally lessens the risk of in-person contact.	
	allowing electronic signatures	We continue to work with taxpayers and tax professionals with filing	
	(6/25/20)	requirements during this uncertain time."	
		The state of Michigan's individual income tax return, corporate income	
	DOT FAQ about City Income Tax	tax return and sales, use and withholding tax return already use an	
	and Telecommuting	electronic signature when filed electronically. Each year, more than 80%	
		of Michigan's individual income tax returns are filed electronically.	
	DOT NOTICE on AUTOMATIC	Some forms used by taxpayers and tax professionals are typically	
	EXTENSION OF STATE AND	printed, signed and mailed to the state Treasury Department. These	
	INCOME TAX FILING	forms are downloaded from Treasury's website or obtained by tax	
	<u>DEADLINES</u> (4/17/20)	professionals.	
		The Michigan Department of Treasury does not specify which digital	
	DOT <u>SUW Penalty and Interest</u>	signature product or method tax professionals must use. There are	
	Waiver Notice (4/14/20)	several commercial products available.	
		Individuals with questions should contact Treasury through	
	Governor Executive Order 2020-26	the <u>Treasury Self-Service website</u> . Businesses with questions should	
	and Press Release (3/27/20)	inquire through self-service options using Michigan Treasury Online.	
	MIDOTDOOD	To learn more about Michigan's forms, go	
	MI DOT <u>Press Release</u> and <u>Notice</u>	to www.michigan.gov/treasuryforms." (9/8/20)	
	(3/17/20 and 3/18/20)		
	(July 15 – July 15 (individual) and	<b>PPE Exemption:</b> The <b>Michigan</b> Department of Treasury has issued a	
	July 31 (corporate) – $\underline{MI}$ – state and	revenue administrative bulletin, RAB 2020-9, addressing the application	
	city individual income tax returns,	of the sales and use tax industrial processing exemption to personal	
	July 31 – corporate income tax	protective equipment and safety equipment used to prevent the spread of	
	returns for state and city – includes	infectious diseases, such as COVID-19. The Department has also	
	first and second quarter estimated	released a summary of comments received during the public comment	
	payments originally due April 15	period for the RAB. (7/14/20)	
	and June 15 (individual) and April		
	30 (corporate) are due July 15	"A. Eligible PPE and safety equipment. PPE or safety	
	(individual) and July 30 (corporate)	equipment is eligible for the industrial processing exemption if it	
	<ul> <li>waives penalty and interest. Any</li> </ul>	meets all the following criteria:	
	applicable penalties and interest will	1. It is purchased by the industrial processor or another	
	not begin to accrue until July 16,	person engaged in an industrial processing activity on	
	2020 for any remaining unpaid	behalf of an industrial processor, including purchases	
	balances due on July 15, 2020, and	made directly by an employee of an industrial processor;	
	will not begin to accrue until August	2. It is used for the safety of employees or other authorized	
	1, 2020 for any remaining unpaid	personnel; and	
	balances due on July 31, 2020. the	3. It is used in an industrial processing activity.  B. Apportionment. If property is used for both an exempt and	
	Department will extend the due date for all Michigan income tax returns	nonexempt activity, the exemption must be apportioned based on	
	or payments due between April 15,	the percentage of exempt use to total use determined by a	
	2020 and July 30, 2020. The	reasonable formula approved by Treasury. [14] Apportioning dual-	
	automatic extension is limited to	use property is a fact-intensive inquiry and formulas will vary	
	automatic extension is innited to	use property is a ract-intensive inquiry and formulas will vary	

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	returns and payments due under the	depending on any given situation. The taxpayer bears the burden	
	Michigan Income Tax Act. An	of proving the total exempt use of the property in any request to	
	annual city income tax returns	apportion the industrial processing exemption.[15] For safety	
	otherwise due on April 15, 2020	equipment used by employees in the context of electric and gas	
	(individual) and April 30, 2020	providers, please see RAB 2018-4, which addresses equipment	
	(corporate), and any accompanying	used in those industries that are simultaneously used for both	
	city income tax payment (including	exempt and nonexempt activities throughout the utility	
	estimated city income tax extension	systems.[16]	
	payments due April 15 and April	C. Examples.	
	30) due with the return, will instead	<b>Example 1:</b> Industrial Processor purchases face masks for	
	be due on July 15, 2020 (individual)	employees to wear while working on the production line (and	
	and July 31, 2020 (corporate)	engaged in an industrial processing activity) to help stop the	
	respectively. Any applicable	spread of infectious disease.[17] The masks are exempt.	
	penalties and interest will not begin	Example 2: Industrial Processor purchases face masks for	
	to accrue until July 16, 2020 for any	employees to wear during receipt of unprocessed metals for	
	remaining unpaid balances due on	vehicle manufacturing before the metals are placed in raw	
	July 15, 2020, and will not begin to	materials storage, to help stop the spread of infectious	
	accrue until August 1, 2020 for any	disease. Receipt and storage of raw materials is not an industrial	
	remaining unpaid balances due on	processing activity.[18] The masks are taxable.	
	July 31, 2020. The Hearings	Example 3: Industrial Processor purchases face masks for	
	Division will now be <u>accepting</u>	employees in its marketing department to wear to stop the spread	
	requests for informal conference via	of infectious disease. Marketing is not an industrial processing	
	email to <u>Treas</u>	activity.[19] The masks are taxable.	
	Hearings@Michigan.gov. Treasury	<b>Example 4:</b> Industrial Processor purchases a thermometer to	
	also has a new Form 5713 (Request	screen production employees for high body temperature prior to	
	for Hearing/Informal Conference)	allowing them to enter the facility, where industrial processing	
	which may be submitted to request	activity occurs. The thermometer is exempt, but only to the	
	an informal conference. It is located in the forms and instructions section	extent used to scan employees engaged in an industrial	
		processing activity. That is, the exemption must be apportioned.	
	under the Treasury Hearings and	<b>Example 5:</b> Industrial Processor purchases signage to	
	Appeals website located at www.michigan.gov/treasuryhearing	encourage all of its employees to practice good hand hygiene and social distancing. The signage is taxable.	
	s. The form is not mandatory;	Example 6: Industrial Processor purchases hand sanitizer for	
	however, use of the form is highly	use by production line employees prior to entering, and while	
	recommended as it ensures that all	working on, the production line (and engaged in an industrial	
	required information is properly	processing activity) and for employees that are not engaged in an	
	submitted with the request.	industrial processing activity. The hand sanitizer is exempt when	
	Revenue administrative bulletin,	used by production line employees, [20] but taxable when used by	
	RAB 2020-9 addresses the	nonproduction employees; therefore, the exemption must be	
	application of the sales and use tax	apportioned." (7/14/20)	
	industrial processing exemption to	(// 1 // 20)	
	personal protective equipment and	Sales Tax Exemption: Michigan H.B. 6033, introduced July 23, would	
	safety equipment used to prevent the	provide a sales tax exemption for the sale of personal protective	
	spread of infectious diseases, such	r	
	spread of infectious diseases, such		

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	as COVID-19. The Michigan	equipment and supplies to a qualified employer for use or consumption	
	Department of Treasury reminds	in a business activity of the qualified employer.	
	taxpayers and tax professionals that	Use Tax Exemption: Michigan H.B. 6034, introduced July 23, would	
	the use of digital signatures is	provide a use tax exemption for the storage, use, or consumption of	
	allowed on forms, even those forms	personal protective equipment and supplies sold to a qualified employer	
	that cannot be filed electronically.	for use or consumption in a business activity of the qualified employer.	
	The Michigan Department of	<b>Employer Tax Credit: Michigan</b> <u>H.B. 6035</u> , introduced July 23, would	
	Treasury does not specify which	allow a qualified employer, for tax years that begin on and after January	
	digital signature product or method	1, 2020, to claim a tax credit in an amount equal to a percentage of the	
	tax professionals must use. There	purchase price paid during the tax year to purchase personal protective	
	are several commercial products	equipment and supplies for its employees in New Jersey." (8/2/20)	
	available.)		
		Executive Order No. 2020-132 allowing electronic signatures (6/25/20)	
	(May 20 - In recognition of the		
	continued disruption of businesses	"To mitigate the spread of COVID-19, protect the public health, limit the	
	required to file returns and remit	number of people interacting at public gatherings, encourage social	
	sales, use, and withholding taxes,	distancing, and provide essential protections to vulnerable Michiganders,	
	the Department of Treasury is	it is reasonable and necessary to temporarily suspend rules and procedures	
	waiving penalty and interest for the	relating to service of process and provision of notice as to certain	
	late payment of tax or the late filing	administrative proceedings and the use of electronic signatures. State	
	of any monthly or quarterly return	administrative entities must be able to continue to conduct public business	
	due on April 20, 2020. The waiver	during this emergency, including actions to respond to the COVID-19	
	will be effective for a period of 30	pandemic, without unduly compromising public health, safety, and	
	days; therefore, any monthly or	welfare."	
	quarterly payment or return		
	currently due on April 20, 2020 may	DOT FAQ about City Income Tax and Telecommuting	
	be submitted to the Department		
	without penalty or interest through	"City Income Taxes and Telecommuting FAQ	
	May 20, 2020.	What is telecommuting?	
	April 20 - small businesses	Telecommuting, or working remotely, is the concept of working at home	
	scheduled to make their monthly	through a computer or telephone.	
	sales, use and withholding tax	If an employer is located in a Michigan city that imposes a city income	
	payments on March 20 can postpone	tax, are the wages of a nonresident who telecommutes from home	
	filing and payment requirements	subject to tax?	
	until April 20. Waive all penalties	No, the nonresident is not subject to tax on wages earned while	
	and interest for 30 days.)	telecommuting from a location outside the city.	
		For example, Bill lives in Grand Ledge and primarily works from his	
		office in Lansing. His income is generally taxable by the city of Lansing.	
		On occasion, Bill works (telecommutes) from his home in Grand Ledge.	
		The income Bill earns from the hours he works from his home are NOT	
		taxable by the city of Lansing.	

## How does a nonresident allocate telecommuting wages to nontaxable income on a city income tax return?

Nonresident city income tax returns provide a schedule for nonresidents that allocates wages between taxable city income and nontaxable city income, based either on days worked or hours worked.

Please note: Some tax preparation software does not accommodate hourly allocation.

## What documentation is required for a nonresident to allocate telecommuting wages to nontaxable income?

The employee should keep a work log of the days worked outside the city. Employers should provide employees with a letter stating the dates that employees were directed to work from home. The employees are not required to submit the work log and employer letter with a city income tax return, but taxpayers should still retain the documents and may be required to furnish the documents upon request by a city tax administrator.

## How did the Michigan Department of Treasury conclude that telecommuters are not subject to city income tax?

There is no provision in the City Income Tax Act (CITA) that permits cities to tax wages earned outside of the city. CITA defines "compensation" as:

"....salary, pay or emolument given as compensation or wages for work done or services rendered, in cash or in kind, and includes but is not limited to the following: salaries, wages, bonuses, commissions, fees, tips, incentive payments, severance pay, vacation pay and sick pay." MCL 141.604(2)

Nonresidents are taxed on:

"...salary, bonus, wage, commission, and other compensation for services rendered as an employee for work done or services performed *in the city...*" MCL 141.613(a)

Therefore, nonresidents of a city that imposes a city income tax under the City Income Tax Act are not subject to city income tax on compensation earned while telecommuting from a location that is physically outside of the city."

## DOT NOTICE REGARDING ELECTRONIC REQUESTS FOR INFORMAL CONFERENCES (4/17/20)

"In response to the Governor's stay at home order, the Hearings Division will now be accepting requests for informal conference via email to Treas-Hearings@Michigan.gov.

Please be advised that submissions to this email address are not automatically encrypted. It is the taxpayer's responsibility to ensure

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		sensitive data that should be protected is properly encrypted prior to	
I		submission. Sensitive data may also be redacted for protection.	
I		Treasury also has a new Form 5713 (Request for Hearing/Informal	
I		Conference) which may be submitted to request an informal conference.	
I		It is located in the forms and instructions section under the Treasury	
I		Hearings and Appeals website located at	
I		www.michigan.gov/treasuryhearings. The form is not mandatory;	
I		however, use of the form is highly recommended as it ensures that all	
I		required information is properly submitted with the request."	
I		DOT NOTICE on AUTOMATIC EXTENSION OF STATE AND	
I		INCOME TAX FILING DEADLINES (4/17/20)	
I			
I		This departmental notice provides taxpayers with combined information	
I		on the extensions of time to file Michigan income tax returns and remit tax and the waivers from penalty and interest that the Department will	
I		grant based on Executive Order 2020-26 and Internal Revenue Service	
I		(IRS) Notice 2020-23.	
I			
I		Governor Whitmer issues Executive Order 2020-26. Executive Order	
I		2020-26, issued on March 27, 2020, automatically extended certain deadlines for filing and paying state and city income taxes in Michigan.	
I		The automatic extension generally allowed for returns and payments	
I		otherwise due in April 2020 to be filed in July 2020 without accrual of	
I		penalty and interest. This 3-month extension to file returns and pay tax	
I		generally accorded with the same relief provided by the IRS for federal	
I		taxpayers with returns and payments due on April 15, 2020 (IRS Notice	
I		2020-17).	
I		IRS issues Notice 2020-23. On April 9, 2020 the IRS issued supplemental	
I		guidance through Notice 2020-23 providing extensions to July 15, 2020	
I		for any individual, fiduciary or corporation with a return or payment due	
I		between April 15, 2020 and July 15, 2020. Notice 2020-23 therefore	
I		expanded the automatic extension to include the second quarter estimated tax payment and fiscal year income tax returns and payments due on or	
I		after April 15, 2020, and before July 15, 2020.	
I		10, 2020, and octobe vary 10, 2020.	
I		Michigan's conformity with IRS Notice 2020-23. To conform to the	
I		automatic extensions for returns and estimated income tax payments	
I		granted through Notices 2020-17 and 2020-23, the Department will	
I		extend the due date for all Michigan income tax returns or payments due between April 15, 2020 and July 30, 2020. The automatic	
		due between April 13, 2020 and July 30, 2020. The automatic	

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		extension is limited to returns and payments due under the Michigan Income Tax Act.	
		City income tax. This departmental notice does not apply to city income taxes, which remain extended only as provided by Executive 2020-26 or as otherwise indicated by each respective city. Taxpayers should contact their respective city income tax administrators for information regarding that city's potential conformity with Notice 2020-23.	
		State income tax extension dates. Because the extensions within the Executive Order and this departmental notice are generally applicable to any return or payment due between April 15, 2020 and July 30, 2020, the following due dates have been modified: the filing and payment of the annual return, the application and payment of tax for any extension of time to file the annual return, and payment of first and second quarter estimated payments. These extensions are automatic — there is no need for taxpayers to include any additional information upon the filing of the return or otherwise contact the Department in advance to request an extension.	
		1. Extension of Annual Return Filing and Payment Date for Calendar and Fiscal Filers. The due date for the filing of the return and payment of tax based on the due date of the annual return has been automatically extended.	
		• State Individuals, Fiduciaries, and Composite Filers — For calendar and fiscal individual, fiduciary, and composite taxpayers that file state returns otherwise due between April 15, 2020 and before July 15, 2020, the return and payment of tax has been automatically extended to July 15, 2020.	
		• State Corporate Filers— For calendar and fiscal corporate state income tax filers with returns otherwise due between April 30, 2020 and before July 31, 2020, the return and payment of tax has been automatically extended to July 31, 2020.	
		2. Extension of Date for Application and Payment for Extension Requests Individual and corporate taxpayers may generally request an extension of time to file the annual return provided, however, that tax is paid by the due date of the original return. For purposes of paying that tax, the due date of the original return is the filing date of the annual return as established by Executive Order 2020-26 or this departmental notice. A taxpayer requesting an extension of time to file an annual return must therefore file an application and pay any tax with that extension request by the respective annual return filing date in July 2020. The due date of	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
State	Guidance/Date	the extended annual return, however, will not be modified by Executive Order 2020-26 or this departmental notice. The following general rules will apply for most taxpayers seeking an extension of time to file the annual return: • Individuals — An individual taxpayer requesting a 6-month extension of time to file a state income tax return must submit that request and pay the appropriate amount of tax by July 15, 2020, but the extended annual return remains due on October 15, 2020.  • Corporations — A calendar-year corporate taxpayer requesting an 8-month extension of time to file a state corporate income tax return must submit that request and pay the appropriate amount of tax by July 31, 2020, but the extended annual return remains due on December 31, 2020. A fiscal-year corporate taxpayer with an annual return due on June 30, 2020 must submit an extension request and pay the appropriate amount of tax by July 31, 2020, but the extended annual return remains due on February 28, 2021.  3. Extension of Estimated Payments Date for Q1 and Q2 2020 Executive Order 2020-26 extended the date to remit the quarterly estimated tax payment due for the first quarter of 2020. To conform with IRS Notice 2020-23, this departmental notice similarly extends the date for second quarter estimated payments for the state income tax. Accordingly, for most filers, the first and second quarter estimated payments are due on July 15, 2020. For certain fiscal filers, any estimated payments are due on July 15, 2020 and before July 15, 2020 is due on July 15, 2020.  With regard to any extension authorized by Executive Order 2020-26 and this departmental notice, penalty and interest will not accrue for the period for which that extension is automatically effective. Penalty and interest for late filing of the return will therefore not accrue between April 15, 2020 and July 15, 2020 for most corporations. However, the suspension of penalty and interest is limited to the automatic extensions authorized under Executive Order 2020-26 and this depa	Other Information

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		Additional information can be found at <a href="www.michigan.gov/taxes">www.michigan.gov/taxes</a> ." (4/17/20)	
		DOT <u>SUW Penalty and Interest Waiver Notice</u> (4/14/20)	
		"PENALTY AND INTEREST WAIVED FOR 30 DAYS FOR MONTHLY AND QUARTERLY SALES, USE, AND WITHHOLDING RETURNS DUE APRIL 20, 2020	
		Issued: April 14, 2020	
		Executive Order 2020-33 declared both a state of emergency and state of disaster across Michigan related to the spread of the novel coronavirus (COVID-19). In recognition of the continued disruption of businesses required to file returns and remit sales, use, and withholding taxes, the Department of Treasury is waiving penalty and interest for the late payment of tax or the late filing of any monthly or quarterly return due on April 20, 2020. The waiver will be effective for a period of 30 days; therefore, any monthly or quarterly payment or return currently due on April 20, 2020 may be submitted to the Department without penalty or interest through May 20, 2020.	
		This waiver applies to the 2020 first quarter return that is required to be filed with the Department on April 20, 2020. Taxpayers required to remit tax with the 2020 first quarter return may therefore submit the payment and return to the Department without penalty or interest through May 20, 2020.	
		This waiver also includes sales, use, and withholding returns or payments due on April 20, 2020 as a result of the previous 30-day waiver of penalty and interest for payments or returns due on March 20, 2020 (See Notice). Taxpayers originally required to remit tax and file returns on March 20, 2020 therefore have until May 20, 2020 to remit tax and fire returns without penalty and interest.	
		Taxpayers may still remit tax and file a return as of the original due date and are encouraged do so. However, penalty and interest for any failure to do so will automatically be waived in accordance with this Notice. The waiver is limited to sales, use, and withholding returns and payments due on April 20, 2020. Any payment or return otherwise due after that date will not be eligible for the current waiver. The waiver is not available for accelerated sales, use or withholding tax filers. Those taxpayers should continue to file returns and remit any tax due as of the original due dates." (4/14/20)	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		Governor Executive Order 2020-26 and Press Release (3/27/20)	
		Press Release (3/27/20)	
		Governor Whitmer Signs Executive Order Changing City, State Income Tax Filing Deadlines to July 2020	
		Governor Whitmer Signs Executive Order Changing City, State Income Tax Filing Deadlines to July 2020  Taxpayers Must Submit State and City of Detroit Income Tax Returns, Payments by Midnight on July 15  LANSING, Mich. – Today, Governor Gretchen Whitmer signed Executive Order 2020-26, which pushes all April 2020 state and city income tax filing deadlines in Michigan to July 2020, as a part of continued efforts to help Michiganders during the COVID-19 pandemic. Effective immediately, state of Michigan and city of Detroit income tax returns and payments due on April 15 are now due before midnight on July 15. Other state of Michigan cities with income taxes due on April 15 will now be due on July 15, while cities with income taxes due on April 30 will now be due on July 31.	
		The new filing and payment deadlines come after the Internal Revenue Service changed its deadline to July 15 to provide tax assistance due to the COVID-19 pandemic. For the benefit and convenience of taxpayers, both the beginning and end of the state of Michigan and city of Detroit income tax filing season are the same as the IRS.  To view Order 2020-26, click the link below:  • EO 2020-26"	
		Summary of Executive Order 2020-26 (from a member):	
		"2019 Income Tax Returns and Balance Due Michigan conforms to the federal provisions for 2019 individual and fiduciary income tax returns normally due April 15. The tax return along with any balance due reported on the return are automatically extended to July 15, 2020. Likewise, corporate income tax returns due April 30 and related balances due are automatically extended to July 31, 2020.	
		No extension has been provided to taxpayers that are still subject to the Michigan Business Tax. Taxpayers with certificated credits that previously opted into the MBT remain subject to the MBT through the final year of the credit.	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		The Michigan Revenue Act requires the state to pay interest on refund claims starting 45 days after the later of the return due date or the date the return is filed. Based on the Executive Order, the return due date for determining interest is based on July 15, 2020 for returns that would normally be due April 15, 2020 and July 31, 2020 for returns that would normally be due on April 30, 2020. Additionally, the 3% supplemental interest applicable under the Revenue Act for individual and fiduciary income tax refund claims issued 60 days or more after filing the claim will not apply to a 2019 income tax return for which the filing deadline was extended by the Executive Order.	
		2020 Estimated Tax Payments First quarter 2020 Michigan estimated income tax liability for all taxpayers are not due until July 15, 2020. No relief is currently provided for second quarter estimated tax payments, which are due June 15, 2020 for calendar year taxpayers.	
		City Income Tax Relief The Executive Order also extends the city income tax filing and payment requirements, including the first quarter estimated tax payment. For state administered city income tax (i.e., Detroit), the April 15 filing and payment due date is extended to July 15. For locally administered city income tax (i.e., all cities other than Detroit), the April 30 filing and payment due date is extended to July 31. Nothing needs to be filed with the state or cities to take advantage of these extensions."	
		EXECUTIVE ORDER No. 2020-26	
		"Extension of April 2020 Michigan income tax filing deadlines	
		The novel coronavirus (COVID-19) is a respiratory disease that can result in serious illness or death. It is caused by a new strain of coronavirus not previously identified in humans and easily spread from person to person. There is currently no approved vaccine or antiviral treatment for this disease.	
		On March 10, 2020, the Michigan Department of Health and Human Services identified the first two presumptive-positive cases of COVID-19 in Michigan. On that same day, I issued Executive Order 2020-4. This order declared a state of emergency across the state of Michigan under section 1 of article 5 of the Michigan Constitution of 1963, the Emergency Management Act, 1976 PA 390, as amended, MCL 30.401-	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		.421, and the Emergency Powers of the Governor Act of 1945, 1945 PA 302, as amended, MCL 10.3133.	
		The COVID-19 pandemic has caused extreme disruption to the lives and livelihoods of all Michiganders. To protect the public health of this state and to provide essential relief to Michigan taxpayers during this	
		unprecedented state of emergency, it is reasonable and necessary to temporarily suspend certain rules and procedures so as to automatically extend to July 2020 certain deadlines for filing and	
		paying state and city income taxes in Michigan. This temporary relief comports with the filing and payment extensions the Internal Revenue Service has provided to federal taxpayers,	
		Acting under the Michigan Constitution of 1963 and Michigan law, I order the following:	
		1. Strict compliance with rules and procedures under sections 315, 681, and 685 of the Income Tax Act of 1967 ("Income Tax Act"), 1967 PA 281, as amended, MCL 206.315, 206.681, and 206.685, is temporarily suspended so as to extend the deadline for all taxpayers required to file an annual state income tax return in April 2020, as follows:	
		a. An annual state income tax return otherwise due on April 15, 2020 will instead be due on July 15, 2020.	
		b. An annual state income tax return otherwise due on April 30, 2020 will instead be due on July 31, 2020.	
		2. Strict compliance with rules and procedures under sections 311 and 685 of the Income Tax Act, MCL 206.311 and 206.685, is temporarily suspended so as to extend the deadline for all taxpayers to pay state income taxes in connection with an annual state income tax return in April 2020, as follows:	
		a. A state income tax payment otherwise due on April 15, 2020 will instead be due on July 15, 2020.	
		b. A state income tax payment otherwise due on April 30, 2020 will instead be due on July 31, 2020.	
		3. Strict compliance with rules and procedures under sections 301(1) and 681(2) of the Income Tax Act, MCL 206.301(1) and 206.681(2), is temporarily suspended so as to <b>extend until July 15, 2020 the</b>	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		deadline for all taxpayers required to pay esti taxes that would otherwise be due on April 15	
		4. Strict compliance with rules and procedures und of 1941 PA 122, as amended, MCL 205.24 and 2 temporarily suspended so as to ensure that penal failure to file a state income tax return or failuremome taxes are aligned with the extensions sto 3 of this order. Any applicable penalties and begin to accrue until July 16, 2020 for any rep balances due on July 15, 2020, and will not be August 1, 2020 for any remaining unpaid bala 31, 2020.	205.27, is  Ities and interest for  ure to pay state set forth in sections 1 I interest will not maining unpaid egin to accrue until
		5. Strict compliance with rules and procedures to 1941 PA 122, MCL 205.30, is temporarily susticiarify that interest at the rate provided in Monadded to a refund for amounts paid for tax ye 45 days after the claim for the refund is filled date by which a return must be filed under se order, whichever is later. Additional interest 205.30(4) or (5) shall not apply to a 2019 incompliance which the filing deadline was extended under order.	pended so as to CL 205.30(3) will be ear 2019 beginning or 45 days after the ection 1 of this under MCL me tax return for
		6. Strict compliance with rules and procedures u 43, and 64(1) of the City Income Tax Act, 196 amended, MCL 141.641, 141.643, and 141.664( suspended so as to extend the deadline for all tax file an annual city income tax return in April 202	4 PA 284, as 1), is temporarily apayers required to
		a. An annual city income tax return otherwise d 2020, and any accompanying city income tax the return, will instead be due on July 15, 202	payment due with
		b. An annual city income tax return otherwise d 2020, and any accompanying city income tax the return, will instead be due on July 31, 202	payment due with
		7. Strict compliance with rules and procedures und the City Income Tax Act, MCL 141.664(2), is te so as to extend the deadline for all taxpayers req estimated city income tax extension payments in follows:	emporarily suspended uired to pay

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		a. An estimated city income tax extension payment otherwise due on April 15, 2020 will instead be due on July 15, 2020.	
		b. An estimated city income tax extension payment otherwise due on April 30, 2020 will instead be due on July 31, 2020.	
		8. Strict compliance with rules and procedures under sections 62 and 63 of the City Income Tax Act, MCL 141.662 and 141.663, is temporarily suspended so as to extend the deadline for all taxpayers required to pay estimated city income taxes in April 2020, as follows:	
		a. An estimated city income tax payment otherwise due on April 15, 2020 will instead be due on July 15, 2020.	
		b. An estimated city income tax payment otherwise due on April 30, 2020 will instead be due on July 31, 2020.	
		9. Strict compliance with rules and procedures under sections 64 and 82 of the City Income Tax Act, MCL 141.664 and 141.682, is temporarily suspended so as to ensure that penalties and interest for failure to file a city income tax return or failure to pay city income taxes are aligned with the extensions set forth in sections 6 to 8 of this order. Any applicable penalties and interest will not begin to accrue until July 16, 2020 for any remaining unpaid balances due on July 15, 2020, and will not begin to accrue until August 1, 2020 for any remaining unpaid balances due on July 31, 2020.	
		10. Strict compliance with rules and procedures under section 43 of the City Income Tax Act, MCL 141.643, is temporarily suspended so as to clarify that, except for a refund under MCL 141.661, interest at the rate established in MCL 205.30 will be added to a refund for an overpayment of taxes for tax year 2019 beginning 45 days after the claim for the refund is filed or 45 days after the date by which a return must be filed under section 6 of this order, whichever is later.	
		11. The extensions in this order are automatic. Taxpayers do not need to file any additional forms or call the Michigan Department of Treasury to qualify.	
		12. This order is effective immediately."	
		MI DOT <u>Press Release</u> and <u>Notice</u> (3/17/20 and 3/18/20)	

"Small businesses that have experienced disrupted operations due to the COVID-19 pandemic now have additional time to make their sales, use and withholding tax monthly payment, according to the Michigan Department of Treasury.  Effective immediately, small businesses scheduled to make their monthly sales, use and withholding tax payments on March 20 can postpone filing and payment requirements until April 20. The state Treasury Department will waive all penalties and interest for 30 days.   Specific information about Treasury providing tax assistance to small businesses due to COVID-19 can be found in SUW Penalty and Interest Waiver Notice	
use and withholding tax monthly payment, according to the Michigan Department of Treasury.  Effective immediately, small businesses scheduled to make their monthly sales, use and withholding tax payments on March 20 can postpone filing and payment requirements until April 20. The state Treasury Department will waive all penalties and interest for 30 days.   Specific information about Treasury providing tax assistance to small businesses due to COVID-19 can be found in SUW Penalty and Interest Waiver Notice.	
Effective immediately, small businesses scheduled to make their monthly sales, use and withholding tax payments on March 20 can postpone filing and payment requirements until April 20. The state Treasury Department will waive all penalties and interest for 30 days.   Specific information about Treasury providing tax assistance to small businesses due to COVID-19 can be found in SUW Penalty and Interest Waiver Notice.	
Effective immediately, small businesses scheduled to make their monthly sales, use and withholding tax payments on March 20 can postpone filing and payment requirements until April 20. The state Treasury Department will waive all penalties and interest for 30 days.   Specific information about Treasury providing tax assistance to small businesses due to COVID-19 can be found in SUW Penalty and Interest Waiver Notice.	
monthly sales, use and withholding tax payments on March 20 can postpone filing and payment requirements until April 20. The state Treasury Department will waive all penalties and interest for 30 days.   Specific information about Treasury providing tax assistance to small businesses due to COVID-19 can be found in SUW Penalty and Interest Waiver Notice.	
businesses due to COVID-19 can be found in <u>SUW Penalty and Interest</u> <u>Waiver Notice</u> .	
The waiver is not available for accelerated sales, use or withholding tax filers. Businesses with questions should call the Treasury Business Tax Call Center at 517-636-6925.	
Information around this outbreak is changing rapidly. The latest information is available	
at Michigan.gov/Coronavirus and CDC.gov/Coronavirus."	
	COVID-19 response website
	linnesota responds to COVID-
	eassure you that the Minnesota
	evenue remains open and ready
(addresses COVID-19 abatement guidelines) (undeted 7/17/20)  You may ask us to abate (cancel) late-payment or late-filing penalties or Payment's top pri	
guidelines) (updated //1//20)	riority is the health and safety of
COVID 10 pendemic	nd employees. That means that g some of the services we offer:
1 1 (4/2/20)	wing guidance from the
enconstances that may support your request metade it you.	Department of Health to help
FAQs for Individuals (updated • Cannot take care of your affairs for a time because you or a limit the spread	ead of COVID-19.
4/24/20, updated 4/8/20, originally member of your immediate family become seriously ill • We still offer	r in-person meetings and walk-
	out may modify them to allow
	e between people.
	urely drop off tax returns and
	tside our St. Paul office
The state of the s	-to-face interaction. Please put in a sealed envelope.
3.07	tax deadline changed?
Tito no month	federal and Minnesota
	ne tax returns are due April 15,

Willingsota Fress Release on	
extended filing and payment to 7/15	
(3/23/20)	
DOR Press Release Announcement	Tax
on extending filing and payment	
until July 15 (3/23/20)	"If v
	chan
Minnesota DOR COVID-19	refle
response website (3/23/20)	Char
Minnesota DOR COVID-19	May
response website (3/18/20)	retu
	Yes.
(July 15 – filing and payment of the	for a
2019 Minnesota Individual Income	2017
Tax without any penalty and	
interest. This does relief not include	If the
estimated taxes for 2020 due April	
15, 2020, but it does include 2019	
estimated taxes and extension tax	
payments for the 2019 tax year. At	
this time, estimated tax payments	
for 2020 are due April 15, 2020.	
Taxpayers can request relief from	Wha
penalty and interest for late	inco
payments for reasonable cause,	inco
including emergency declarations	Taxr
by the president and governor due to	a cop
COVID-19. First-quarter estimated	retur
tax payments are due April 15,	and 2
2020. You can request to apply any	allu
refund on your 2019 tax return to	This
your 2020 estimated taxes.	inclu
However, if the refund results from	men
a payment made after April 15, it	
will not prevent an Underpayment	
of Estimated Tax penalty on your	
2020 return. The actual date of your	
payment will be used to calculate	
the penalty. Taxpayers may	
calculate their 2020 estimated tax	If th
payments on 75% of their 2018	
payments on 13% of their 2018	<u> </u>

Guidance/Date

Minnesota Press Release on

State

#### Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus

- Pay any underpayment of tax as soon as you:
  - o Are financially able to so
  - O Become aware of the underpayment (7/17/20)

### Tax Law Change FAQs for Individuals (7/28/20)

"If we have not yet adjusted a taxpayer's 2017 or 2018 return for law changes enacted on May 30, 2019, you may file an amended return that reflects these changes. We updated our guidance on our <u>Tax Law</u> Change FAOs for Individuals page.

## May taxpayers amend their 2017 or 2018 Minnesota income tax return for other reasons?

Yes. If taxpayers amend their 2017 or 2018 Minnesota income tax return for any reason, include all applicable adjustments related to the tax year 2017 and 2018 Minnesota law changes.

#### If the taxpayer:

- **Received** our 2017 or 2018 Minnesota tax law change adjustments, include these adjustments in the amended return
- **Did not receive** our 2017 or 2018 Minnesota tax law change adjustments, include these adjustments along with the other adjustments on their amended returns

# What if taxpayers are also amending their 2017 or 2018 federal income tax return?

Taxpayers filing an amended federal income tax return must also send us a copy of the amended federal return, along with the amended Minnesota return, within 180 days of filing the federal return. <u>Use the updated 2017</u> and 2018 Minnesota forms and instructions on our website.

This includes amending federal returns due to recent law changes, including:

- Taxpayer Certainty and Disaster Tax Relief Act of 2019
- Setting Every Community Up for Retirement Enhancement (SECURE) Act
- Families First Coronavirus Response Act
- Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act
- Paycheck Protection Program Flexibility Act of 2020

## If the taxpayer:

#### Other Information

2020. We continue to monitor actions by the IRS and will update this information as necessary.

What if I cannot file and pay my taxes on time due to COVID-19?

Please contact the department if you cannot file and pay on time due to COVID-19 illness or a related situation.

You may ask us to abate (cancel) penalties and interest for late filing or payment if you have a reasonable cause. See Penalty

Abatement Information for Individuals.

Are free tax preparation services affected?

Yes. To help slow the spread of COVID-19 in Minnesota, many free income tax preparation sites across the state are suspending their services.

## What if I plan to use a free tax preparation site?

Contact the site to see if it's open and for updated hours of operation. View our site directory for locations, hours, and contact information. Check back periodically to see if your site's hours have changed.

## Can I file my tax return online for free?

You may be eligible to file your return electronically for free. <u>View our list of providers to see if you qualify.</u>

Who can I contact with questions? If you have questions, call us at 651-556-3000 or 1-800-657-3666, or use our email form. Thank you for your understanding and patience as we move through this unique situation together." (3/18/20)

## Minnesota DOR webpage (3/17/20):

"Our St. Paul office is open and available for walk-in services. We ask that you stay home if you or anyone in your household have cold or flu-like symptoms. We are also available by telephone and email. For more information, see Our Response to COVID-19."

State	Guidanas/Data
State	Guidance/Date
	<u>liability</u> . We encourage taxpayers who have filed a 2019 return to use
	their actual 2019 liability. At this
	time, estimated tax payments for
	2020 are due April 15, 2020.
	Taxpayers can request relief from
	penalty and interest for late
	payments if they have a reasonable
	cause or are negatively affected by
	the COVID-19 pandemic. <u>See</u>
	Abatement Information for
	Individuals or Abatement
	<u>Information for Businesses</u> . The
	extended due date does not include
	Corporation Franchise, S
	Corporation, Partnership, or
	Fiduciary taxes, though these
	taxpayers can receive an automatic
	filing extension. Federal estate tax
	returns and payments due between
	April 1, 2020, and July 15, 2020,
	have been extended to July 15,
	2020, as a result of <u>IRS Notice</u>
	2020-66. The Minnesota payment
	and filing deadlines for estates that
	do not have a federal filing or
	payment obligation are included in
	this extension. The Minnesota due
	date has not changed for
	Corporation Franchise, S
	Corporation, Partnership, or
	Fiduciary taxes. However, under
	state law: corporations receive an
	automatic extension to file their
	Minnesota return to the later of 7
	months after the due date or the date
	of any federal extension to file;
	S corporations, partnerships, and
	fiduciaries receive an automatic
	extension to file their state return to
	the date of any federal extension to
	file. The payment due date for these
	business returns has not changed.
	<u>Taxpayers can request relief from</u>
	•

#### Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus

- **Received** our 2017 or 2018 Minnesota tax law change adjustment, include the adjustments in the amended return
- **Did not receive** our 2017 or 2018 Minnesota tax law change adjustment, include all Minnesota tax law change adjustments along with the other adjustments on their amended returns." (7/28/20)

**Minnesota:** Penalty Abatement for Businesses (addresses COVID-19 abatement guidelines) (updated 7/17/20)

"COVID-19 Abatement Guidelines

You may ask us to abate (cancel) late-payment or late-filing penalties or interest if you have a reasonable cause or are negatively affected by the COVID-19 pandemic.

Circumstances that may support your request include if you:

- Cannot take care of your affairs for a time because you or a member of your immediate family become seriously ill
- Become unable to pay your debts as they become due because you have a significant loss of income
- Lose your job, or your business has to close, which makes paying the tax an undue hardship
- Have a significant interruption of your business or employment and cannot manage it with insurance or other financial resources
- Have a history of filing and paying your taxes on time
- Make any partial payments of tax on or near the due date
- Pay any underpayment of tax as soon as you:
  - o Are financially able to so
  - $\circ$  Become aware of the underpayment (7/17/20)

DOR Update (4/10/20)

## "Estimated payment guidance for 2020 Income Tax Estimated Payments

As part of the state's continued response to COVID-19, the Minnesota Department of Revenue is providing additional guidance that taxpayers can use to calculate their 2020 estimated tax payments.

# When are first quarter Minnesota estimated payments due for tax year 2020?

The first quarter 2020 estimated income tax payments for individuals, calendar year S-corporations, partnerships, and fiduciaries are still due April 15, 2020. This date is different than the federal payment date.

#### Other Information

Legislature: According to both the <u>House</u> and the <u>Senate</u> website, from March 17 through April 14, floor sessions and committee hearings will be called when legislative leaders have agreed-upon legislation that needs to be acted upon.

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
	late-filing or late-payment penalties	The due date for calendar year corporate franchise taxpayers was March	
	and interest for reasonable cause,	15, 2020.	
	including emergency declarations	What are the options to calculate 2020 estimated tax?	
	by the president and governor due to	To avoid penalty, interest, or additional tax charges, you must base your	
	COVID-19. See Abatement	2020 estimated tax payments on one of the following options:	
	<u>Information for Businesses</u> .	• 90% of estimated liability in 2020,	
	We have temporarily stopped	• 100% of actual liability in 2019 (110% for individuals if your	
	issuing new: levies from bank	adjusted gross income was more than \$150,000)	
	accounts, wages, or other income;	• 75% of actual liability in 2018.	
	professional license revocations;	<b>Note:</b> If you have filed your 2019 return, we encourage you to use your	
	sales tax permit revocations;	actual liability for 2019.	
	seizures of property. The	What if I need additional relief?	
	department will <u>not seek to establish</u>	Taxpayers can request additional relief from penalty and interest for	
	nexus for any business tax solely	reasonable cause, or in the event of emergency declarations by the	
	because an employee is temporarily	president and governor due to COVID-19. See Penalty Abatement	
	working from home due to the	<u>Information for Individuals</u> and <u>Abatement Information for Businesses</u> .	
	COVID-19 pandemic. The	Where do I go with additional questions?	
	department will not seek to establish	See Our Response to COVID-19, or contact us.	
	nexus for any business tax solely	<ul> <li>Income Tax and Withholding Division</li> </ul>	
	because an employee is temporarily	o <b>Phone:</b> 651-296-3781 or 1-800-652-9094 (toll-free)	
	working from home due to the	o <b>Email:</b> <u>individual.incometax@state.mn.us</u>	
	COVID-19 pandemic. Minnesota	<ul> <li>Corporate Franchise Tax Division</li> </ul>	
	residents: Your income tax filing	o <b>Phone:</b> 651-556-3000 or 1-800-657-3666 (toll-free"	
	requirements will not change solely	(4/10/20)	
	because of telecommuting.		
	COVID-19 economic impact	Minnesota DOR COVID-19 Response website (4/14/20)	
	payments are not required to be paid back, and they are not included in		
	the calculation of: Federal income,	"Our Response to COVID-19	
	Minnesota income, and Income for		
	Minnesota income, and income for Minnesota's property tax refund.		
	We have temporarily stopped	Tax Information	
	issuing new: Levies from bank	Income Taxes [-]	
	accounts, wages, or other income,	Beware of COVID-19 Stimulus Payment Scams	
	Professional license revocations,	The IRS will issue COVID-19 economic impact payments to individual	
	Sales tax permit revocations,	taxpayers; check the <u>IRS Economic Impact Payments page</u> for updates.	
	Seizures of property. We may	The Minnesota Department of Revenue does not have a role in issuing	
	continue to take other actions to	these or other federal payments.	
	collect tax debts or other debts		
	referred to the department. See	Additional Time for 2010 Individual Income Toy	
	Collection Information for details.)	Additional Time for 2019 Individual Income Tax	
		We are providing additional time until July 15, 2020, for taxpayers to	
	(April 20 – extend payment of sales	file and pay 2019 Minnesota Individual Income Tax without any penalty	
		and interest. (Read our announcement.)	
	taxes - 30-day sales and use tax	and mercot. (reda our announcement.)	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
	grace period for businesses, as	This includes all estimated and other income tax payments for tax year	
	identified in Executive Order 20-04,	2019 that would otherwise be due April 15, 2020. It does not include:	
	required to suspend or reduce	<ul> <li>Individual or business estimated tax payments for Minnesota</li> </ul>	
	services until March 27 – can pay	income tax due April 15 for the 2020 tax year. See Estimated	
	sales taxes by April 20. Businesses	Taxes.(below) for more guidance.	
	need to file March return. Relief	<ul> <li>Individual Use Tax payments.</li> </ul>	
	only for monthly filers. 30 day	Corporation Franchise, S Corporation, Partnership, or Fiduciary	
	gambling tax payment grace period	taxes, though these taxpayers can receive an automatic filing	
	and a 60 day Minnesotacare tax	extension. See Business Taxes (below) for details.	
	filing extension for 3/16 return.)	The IRS extended the deadline for 2019 federal income tax returns,	
		payments, and 2020 estimated payments to July 15, 2020, for individuals	
	(Property taxes - consulting with	and businesses. (Go to IRS.gov for details.)	
	counties about possible relief	We are analyzing how other taxes may be impacted and will	
	options for property taxes. First-	communicate any additional changes by email and on our website.	
	half payments are due May 15,	Why is the department offering more time to file and pay?	
	2020. The department does not have	As Minnesota responds to the COVID-19 situation, we are providing this	
	authority to delay payments or abate (cancel or reduce) property taxes,	grace period for 2019 Individual Income Tax for those who need it. We	
	which are collected by counties in	encourage:	
	Minnesota.)	Minnesotans who expect refunds to file as soon as they are	
	Willinesota.)	ready.	
		Minnesotans who do not need extra time to file and pay to do so	
		as soon as possible to help support our state's response to	
		COVID-19.	
		What if I cannot file or pay by July 15?	
		You may ask us to cancel or reduce penalties, additional tax charges, and	
		interest for late filing or payment if you have a reasonable cause or are	
		negatively affected by the COVID-19 pandemic.	
		You may request this relief, called an abatement, after we notify you of a	
		penalty. See Penalty Abatement Information for Individuals or Penalty	
		Abatement Information for Businesses.	
		You should pay your tax by the due date unless you are financially	
		unable to make the payment.	
		Business Taxes [-]	
		Disaster Assistance for Businesses	
		If your business is affected by COVID-19, you may qualify for state and	
		federal assistance programs that are now available. For details, see the	
		Minnesota Department of Employment and Economic Development	
		website.	
		Sales Tax Payment Grace Period	
		We are extending the grace period on Sales and Use Tax payments to	
		May 20, 2020, for businesses required to suspend or reduce services	
		under Executive Order 20-04. See Sales and Use Tax for details.	

### **Gambling Tax Payment Grace Period**

We are extending the grace period on Lawful Gambling Tax payments to May 20, 2020, for organizations that request an extension for their March 20 or April 20 payment. See Gambling Taxes for details.

## MinnesotaCare Payment Grace Period

We are granting a 60-day grace period for MinnesotaCare tax payments due April 15. We will also grant a 60-day filing extension on request for annual MinnesotaCare returns that were due March 16. <u>See</u> MinnesotaCare Taxes for details.

## **Occupation Tax Grace Period**

We are granting a 60-day payment grace period for Occupation Tax annual payments due May 1, 2020. See Occupation Tax for details.

### **Business Income Taxes**

The Minnesota due date has not changed for Corporation Franchise, S Corporation, Partnership, or Fiduciary taxes. However, under state law:

- C corporations receive an automatic extension to file their Minnesota return to the later of 7 months after the due date or the date of any federal extension to file.
- S corporations, partnerships, and fiduciaries receive an automatic extension to file their state return to the date of any federal extension to file.

The payment due dates for 2019 taxes and 2020 estimated taxes have not changed.

## If You Underpay or Cannot Pay by the Due Date

You may ask us to cancel or reduce penalties, additional tax charges, and interest for late filing or payment if you have a reasonable cause or are negatively affected by the COVID-19 pandemic.

You may request this relief, called an abatement, after we notify you of a penalty. See <u>Penalty Abatement Information for Individuals</u> or <u>Penalty Abatement Information for Businesses</u>.

You should pay your tax by the due date unless you are financially unable to make the payment.

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## **Options to Calculate 2020 Estimated Tax**

To avoid penalty, interest, or additional tax charges, you must calculate your 2020 estimated tax payments on one of the following options:

- 90% of estimated liability in 2020
- 100% of actual liability in 2019 (110% for individuals if your adjusted gross income was more than \$150,000)
- 75% of actual liability in 2018

**Note:** If you have filed your 2019 return, we encourage you to use your actual liability for 2019.

## If You Underpay or Cannot Pay by the Due Date

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		You may ask us to cancel or reduce penalties, additional tax charges, and	
		interest for late filing or payment if you have a reasonable cause or are	
		negatively affected by the COVID-19 pandemic.	
		You may request this relief, called an abatement, after we notify you of a	
		penalty. See Penalty Abatement Information for Individuals or Penalty	
		Abatement Information for Businesses.	
		You should pay your tax by the due date unless you are financially	
		unable to make the payment.	
		Property Tax [–]	
		Property Tax Payments	
		Property taxes are paid to counties in Minnesota, and the payment	
		deadlines are set by state law. First-half payments are due May 15, 2020.	
		The department does not have authority to delay payments or abate	
		(cancel or reduce) property taxes. For more information, see COVID-19	
		Property Tax FAQs.	
		Frequently Asked Questions [–]	
		We are gathering frequently asked questions from our customers on the	
		following pages. We have heard your questions and will do our best to	
		answer them:	
		• <u>FAQs for Individuals</u> (updated April 24, 2020)	
		• <u>FAQs for Businesses</u> (updated April 14, 2020)	
		<ul> <li>Property Tax FAQs (published April 15, 2020)</li> </ul>	
		Services and Resources	
		Tax or Debt Collection Relief [–]	
		If you're experiencing financial hardship due to COVID-19 and are	
		concerned about paying your tax debt or other agency debt, please	
		contact us. We can discuss available options to assist you.	
		For more information, see Collection Information or contact us:	
		Dhono. 651 556 2002 and 2000 657 2000	
		<b>Phone:</b> 651-556-3003 or 1-800-657-3909 <b>Fax:</b> 651-556-5116	
		Email: mdor.collection@state.mn.us	
		In-Person Services [–] Starting April 17, 2020, our St. Paul office is temporarily closed to	
		protect the health of our customers and employees.	
		We are providing a self-service station with request forms, pens, and	
		envelopes so you can:	
		Ask us to mail forms and instructions to you	
		Request additional tax information	
		Order copies of your previous tax returns	
		Submit tax returns or payments	
		5 Submit tax foldins of payments	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		Place your tax return, payment, or service request in the secure drop-box	
		outside our front door. Put all materials in a sealed envelope (available at	
		the self-service station).	
		Free Tax Preparation Services [–]	
		To help slow the spread of COVID-19 in Minnesota, many <u>free income</u>	
		<u>tax preparation sites</u> across the state are suspending their services.	
		What if I plan to use a free tax preparation site?	
		Contact the site to see if it's open and for updated hours of	
		operation. View our site directory for locations, hours, and contact	
		information. Check back periodically to see if your site's hours have	
		changed.	
		Can I file my tax return online for free? You may be eligible to electronically file your return for free. View our	
		list of providers to see if you qualify." (5/4/20, originally posted 4/14/20)	
		iist of providers to see if you quarry. (3/4/20, originally posted 4/14/20)	
		FAQs for Individuals (4/24/20)	
		"COVID-19 FAQs for Individuals	
		We will be updating and adding new FAQs as they become available.	
		For the latest information, return to this page and see Our Response to	
		COVID-19.	
		File and Pay [-]	
		I'm temporarily telecommuting due to COVID-19. Will my	
		Minnesota Individual Income Tax filing requirement for tax year	
		2020 be affected?	
		It depends if you're a Minnesota resident, part-year resident, or	
		nonresident.	
		Minnesota residents: Your income tax filing requirements will	
		not change solely because of telecommuting.	
		Nonresidents or part-year residents: You may need to	
		apportion your income based on the number of days you	
		work from home. Nonresidents need to divide the number of	
		days worked in Minnesota by the total number of days worked. For more information, see:	
		Income Tax Fact Sheet 1, Residency	
		<ul> <li>Income Tax Fact Sheet 1, Residency</li> <li>Income Tax Fact Sheet 2, Part-Year Residents</li> </ul>	
		• Income Tax Fact Sheet 3, Nonresidents  Are the Minnesota Estate Tax filing and payment deadlines	
		extended to July 15, 2020, as a result of IRS Notice 2020-66?	
		Yes. Under state law:	
		The Minnesota Estate Tax filing deadline is automatically	
		extended for either six months after the original due date or any	
		extension granted by the IRS under Internal Revenue Code,	
		section 6081, whichever is longer.	
	1	,	1

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		The Minnesota Estate Tax Payment deadline is either nine	
		months after the date of death or any extension granted by the	
		IRS under I.R.C., section 6161	
		Federal estate tax returns and payments due between April 1, 2020, and	
		July 15, 2020, have been extended to July 15, 2020, as a result of IRS	
		Notice 2020-66. The Minnesota payment and filing deadlines for estates	
		that do not have a federal filing or payment obligation are included in	
		this extension.	
		What if I underpay or cannot pay my tax by the due date?	
		You may ask us to cancel or reduce penalties, additional tax charges, and	
		interest for late filing or payment if you have a reasonable cause or are	
		negatively affected by the COVID-19 pandemic.	
		You may request this relief, called an abatement, after we notify you of a	
		penalty. See Penalty Abatement Information for Individuals or Penalty	
		Abatement Information for Businesses.	
		You should pay your tax by the due date unless you are financially	
		unable to make the payment.	
		Can I reschedule a payment if I need more time to pay?	
		Yes. We recognize the COVID-19 situation may cause financial	
		challenges. If you do not need extra time, we encourage you to file and pay as soon as possible to help support our state's response to COVID-	
		19.	
		If you need to reschedule a payment, follow the instructions below,	
		based on how your payment was originally scheduled.	
		• Through our website: Go to the e-Services Payment System and	
		select View or Cancel a Payment, by 5 p.m. Central Time on the	
		scheduled payment date. Cancel your original payment. Then	
		schedule a new payment through the system as you normally would.	
		• Through your tax software: Call us at 651-296-3781 or 1-800-	
		652-9094 (toll-free) to cancel your original payment, at least three	
		business days before the scheduled payment date. Then schedule or	
		make a new payment by another method. For options, see Make a	
		Payment.	
		Can taxpayers get an extension to file a 2019 Minnesota Individual	
		Income Tax return by paying 90% of the tax due by July 15 (similar	
		to IRS Notice 2020-18)? Filers have until October 15 to file before we charge a late-filing penalty.	
		They do not have to submit a separate form requesting an extension to	
		file.	
		Filers can avoid a late-payment penalty on their 2019 return if they do all	
		of the following:	
		1. Pay 90% of the tax due on or before July 15, 2020.	
		2. File their return by October 15, 2020.	
		3. Pay the remaining tax when they file the return.	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		Taxpayers can request relief from late-filing or late-payment penalties	
		and interest if they have a reasonable cause or are negatively affected by	
		the COVID-19 pandemic. See Abatement Information for Individuals.	
		<b>Note:</b> The due date for paying a tax is identified in statute, which has not	
		changed. However, we will not assess any penalties or interest if an	
		individual pays their 2019 individual income tax by July 15.	
		If a taxpayer files by April 15, 2020, when will the statute of	
		limitations for that return begin?	
		The statute of limitations begins April 15, 2020. See Statute of	
		<u>Limitations</u> for more information.	
		Estimated Tax [–]	
		Will Minnesota let taxpayers base their first-quarter 2020 estimated	
		income tax payments on their 2018 liability?	
		Yes. Taxpayers may calculate their 2020 estimated tax payments on 75%	
		of their 2018 liability. We encourage taxpayers who have filed a 2019	
		return to use their actual 2019 liability. For more information, see Our	
		Response to COVID-19 (under Estimated Taxes).	
		If I make an overpayment for tax year 2019 on July 15 and file my	
		income tax return by October 15, will the overpayment apply to	
		estimated payments for tax year 2020?	
		First-quarter estimated tax payments are due April 15, 2020. You can	
		request to apply any refund on your 2019 tax return to your 2020	
		estimated taxes. However, if the refund results from a payment made	
		after April 15, it will not prevent an Underpayment of Estimated Tax	
		penalty on your 2020 return. The actual date of your payment will be	
		used to calculate the penalty.  How do overpayments from tax year 2019 apply to estimated	
		payments for tax year 2020?	
		First-quarter estimated tax payments for 2020 are due April 15, 2020. If	
		you request to apply your 2019 refund to tax year 2020 estimated	
		payments, the refund is applied to the unpaid installments in the order	
		they are due. If the refund results from a payment made after April 15,	
		the actual date of your payment will be used to calculate the	
		Underpayment of Estimated Tax penalty on your 2020 return.	
		When will the estimated payment tax forms for 2020 be available on	
		the department website?	
		For instructions to calculate estimated tax payments for 2020, see	
		Estimated Tax.	
		You can create a payment voucher to mail with your check or money	
		order using our Payment Voucher System.	
		Will there be an impact on the underpayment of estimated tax	
		penalties that are normally computed to April 15?	
		At this time, estimated tax payments for 2020 are due April 15, 2020.	
		Taxpayers can request relief from penalty and interest for late payments	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		if they have a reasonable cause or are negatively affected by the COVID-	
		19 pandemic. See Abatement Information for Individuals or Abatement	
		<u>Information for Businesses</u> .	
		COVID-19 Payments [–]	
		Beware of COVID-19 Stimulus Payment Scams	
		The IRS will issue COVID-19 economic impact payments to individual	
		taxpayers; check the <u>IRS Economic Impact Payments page</u> for updates.	
		The Minnesota Department of Revenue does not have a role in issuing	
		these or other federal payments.	
		Be on the lookout for potential fraud. The department and IRS will	
		never call, text, or email you to verify your banking information for any	
		stimulus payment or refund. See Fraud and Scam Alerts for more	
		information.	
		Are COVID-19 stimulus payments taxable?	
		No. COVID-19 economic impact payments are not required to be paid	
		back, and they are not included in the calculation of:	
		Federal income	
		Minnesota income	
		Income for Minnesota's property tax refund	
		For more information, see the <u>IRS Economic Impact Payment</u>	
		<u>Information Center</u> .	
		Can I update my direct deposit information with you for my	
		COVID-19 payment?	
		No. The IRS will issue COVID-19 economic impact payments directly	
		to individuals who qualify for a payment. The payment amount and	
		method (check or direct deposit) will be based on your most recent	
		federal tax return.	
		The Minnesota Department of Revenue does not have a role in issuing	
		these or other federal payments.	
		<b>Note:</b> The IRS is providing a way to track your payment and update	
		your direct deposit information with them. For details, see Economic	
		Impact Payments on the IRS website.	
		Debt Collection [-]	
		If you're experiencing financial hardship due to COVID-19 and are	
		concerned about paying your tax debt or other agency debt, please	
		contact us. We can discuss available options to assist you.	
		<b>Phone:</b> 651-556-3003 or 1-800-657-3909	
		Fax: 651-556-5116	
		Email: mdor.collection@state.mn.us	

# Will the department start new enforced collection actions, such as levies and other seizures, during this pandemic?

Recognizing the financial impact of COVID-19, we have temporarily stopped issuing new:

- Levies from bank accounts, wages, or other income
- Professional license revocations
- Sales tax permit revocations
- Seizures of property

We may continue to take other actions to collect tax debts or other debts referred to the department. See Collection Information for details.

FAQs for Businesses (updated 5/4/20, updated 4/20/20)

### "COVID-19 FAOs for Businesses

We will be updating and adding new FAQs as they become available. For the latest information, return to this page and <u>see Our Response to COVID-19</u>.

## Business Taxes [-]

Will Minnesota impose nexus for business taxes on a company solely due to an employee who is temporarily telecommuting from a Minnesota location due to COVID-19?

No. The department will not seek to establish nexus for any business tax solely because an employee is temporarily working from home due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

Will Minnesota waive use tax requirements when manufacturers, other groups, or organizations donate medicine, medical supplies, or other goods to fight the COVID-19 pandemic in the state?

The department does not have the authority to waive any legally due sales or use taxes.

What if I underpay or cannot pay my tax by the due date?

You may ask us to cancel or reduce penalties, additional tax charges, and interest for late filing or payment if you have a reasonable cause or are negatively affected by the COVID-19 pandemic.

You may request this relief, called an abatement, after we notify you of a penalty. See <u>Penalty Abatement Information for Individuals</u> or <u>Penalty Abatement Information for Businesses</u>.

You should pay your tax by the due date unless you are financially unable to make the payment.

# Is the state extending the corporate deadline to July 15, 2020, or do we need to make extension payments on April 15?

The Minnesota filing and payment due dates have not changed for Corporation Franchise Tax. Under state law:

• C corporations receive an automatic extension to file their Minnesota return to the later of 7 months after the due date or the date of any federal extension to file.

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		To avoid a late -payment penalty, C corporations must pay 90%	
		of the tax due on the return by the due date (April 15, in this	
		case).	
		You may ask us to cancel or reduce penalties, additional tax charges, and	
		interest for late filing or payment if you have a reasonable cause or are	
		negatively affected by the COVID-19 pandemic. See Abatement	
		Information for Businesses.	
		Will you extend the payment of the first-quarter 2020	
		MinnesotaCare Tax due April 15, 2020?	
		Yes. We will grant a 60-day grace period for MinnesotaCare monthly	
		and quarterly estimated tax payments due April 15, 2020. These	
		payments are now due June 15. This grace period is automatic and	
		applies to Provider Tax, Hospital Tax, Surgical Center Tax, Wholesale	
		Drug Distributor Tax, and Legend Drug Use Tax.	
		See Minnesota Care Taxes for more information.	
		Debt Collection [-]	
		Will the department start new enforced collection actions, such as levies	
		and other seizures, during this pandemic?	
		Recognizing the financial impact of COVID-19, we have temporarily	
		stopped issuing new:	
		Levies from bank accounts, wages, or other income  Performance III and the second to the second	
		Professional license revocations	
		Sales tax permit revocations	
		Seizures of property	
		We may continue to take other actions to collect tax debts or other debts	
		referred to the department. See Collection Information for details.  If you're experiencing financial hardship due to COVID-19 and are	
		concerned about paying your tax debt or other agency debt, please	
		contact us. We can discuss available options to assist you.	
		contact us. We can discuss available options to assist you.	
		<b>Phone:</b> 651-556-3003 or 1-800-657-3909	
		Fax: 651-556-5116	
		Email: mdor.collection@state.mn.us" (5/4/20, posted 4/20/20)	
		DOR Press Release Announcement on extending filing and payment	
		until July 15 (3/23/20)	
		Additional Time to File and Pay Minnesota 2019 Individual Income Tax	
		Date of Release	
		March 23, 2020	
		ST. PAUL, Minn In line with the state's continued peacetime	
		emergency response to COVID-19, the Minnesota Department of	
		Revenue has announced that taxpayers filing their annual Minnesota	
		Individual Income Tax return for tax year 2019 now have until	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		Wednesday, July 15, 2020, to file and make their payments without	
		any penalties or interest.	
		"Extending the individual tax filing deadline will provide much-needed	
		relief to Minnesotans impacted by COVID-19," said Governor Tim	
		Walz. "As we work together to combat the spread of this virus, my	
		Administration will do everything we can to ease the burden on families	
		across the state."	
		Both the IRS and Revenue will accept federal and state 2019	
		individual income tax returns and payments through July 15, 2020,	
		without assessing penalties or interest.	
		"As Minnesota responds to the COVID-19 situation, we are providing	
		this filing and payment grace period for 2019 to those who need it," said	
		Revenue Commissioner Cynthia Bauerly. "We also encourage	
		Minnesotans who do not need extra time to pay, to file and pay as soon	
		as possible to do your part in providing on-going support to COVID-19	
		response across the state."	
		Minnesota is allowing additional time for making 2019 state	
		individual income tax filings and payments to July 15, 2020, without	
		any penalty and interest being applied. This includes estimated tax	
		payments for individual income taxes due for the 2019 tax year.	
		This grace period does not include estimated tax payments for	
		individual income taxes due April 15, 2020, for the 2020 tax year.	
		Revenue is analyzing how other tax types may be impacted by this	
		announcement. Up-to-date information will be available on the	
		department's COVID-19 website, including how to request abatements	
		for penalty and interest for other taxes.	
		Get the latest news and updates from the Minnesota Department of	
		Revenue by following the department on <u>Facebook</u> and <u>Twitter</u> or by	
		signing up for our <u>email subscription list</u> .	
		Shane Delaney	
		651-556-6397	
		shane.m.delaney@state.mn.us	
		Prior Minnesota DOR COVID-19 response website (3/18/20)	
		Filot Willinesota DOK COVID-19 Tespolise website (5/16/20)	
		April 20 – extend payment of sales taxes - 30-day sales and use tax grace	
		period for businesses required to suspend or reduce services until March	
		27 – can pay sales taxes by April 20. Businesses need to file March	
		return. Relief only for monthly filers.	
		return. Reflet only for monthly friets.	
		"Sales Tax Payment Extension for Eligible Businesses	
		We are granting a 30-day Sales and Use Tax grace period for	
		businesses required to suspend or reduce services under Executive	
		Order 20-04. See Sales and Use Tax for details."	
		Order 20-04. See Sales and Ose Tax for details.	

State Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
	"Has the income tax deadline changed?  No. At this time, federal and Minnesota individual income tax returns are due April 15, 2020. We continue to monitor actions by the IRS and will update this information as necessary.  What if I cannot file and pay my taxes on time due to COVID-19?  Please contact the department if you cannot file and pay on time due to COVID-19 illness or a related situation. You may ask us to abate (cancel) penalties and interest for late filing or payment if you have a reasonable cause. See Penalty Abatement Information for Individuals."	
Mississippi  MS DOR Extended Income Tax Filing Deadline - Notice 80-20- 002 (5/6/20)  MS DOR Notice 80-20-001 (5/1/20)  MS DOR Press Release on waive interest and penalties until end of pandemic (3/26/20)  MS DOR Notice 2020-01(3/23/20)  (July 15 – MS- Mississippi has extended the due date for filing income tax returns and making first quarter and second quarter estimated payments to July 15, 2020. This extension applies to Individual Income Tax returns, Corporate Income and Franchise Tax returns, and Fiduciary Income Tax returns. If a taxpayer files for an extension of time to file the return, the return will be due on October 15, 2020. Penalty and interest accrual has been suspended effective March 15, 2020 and will continue until the end of the	Individuals."  MS DOR COVID-19 Webpage (5/6/20)  Extended Income Tax Filing Deadline - Notice 80-20-002 (5/6/20)  EXTENDED INCOME TAX FILING DEADLINE  After consultation with the Governor, Lieutenant Governor and Speaker of the House of Representatives, Mississippi has extended the due date for filing income tax returns and making first quarter and second quarter estimated payments to July 15, 2020. This extension applies to Individual Income Tax returns, Corporate Income and Franchise Tax returns, and Fiduciary Income Tax returns.  PRIOR MS DOR Notice 80-20-001 (5/1/20)  MS DOR Press Release on waive interest and penalties until end of pandemic (3/26/20)  Mississippi Department of Revenue Response to Requests for Relief  Extensions of Filing Deadlines   The Commissioner has the authority, by statute, to extend all sales/ use and local tax levies by only one month without requiring the imposition of interest. As of this time, we have not extended the time to file returns; however, we are agreeing to delay the imposition of interest and penalty on any unpaid tax balance for the period covered by the presidentially declared national emergency.	MS DOR COVID-19 Response Webpage (3/23/19)

Ctrt	C : Love / Dete	C'il and Dalin David and Commercial	Other Teferment's a
State	Guidance/Date  The press release issued by the	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
	1 *	Property taxes are assessed and collected at the local government	
	Department of Revenue on March	levels in Mississippi. The Department of Revenue does not have the	
	26, 2020 stated that penalty and	authority to extend any of these deadlines.	
	interest would not be charged on	In addition, the Commissioner was sweeted ammunol to entend the	
	prior or new liabilities during the	In addition, the Commissioner was granted approval to extend the	
	period of the presidentially declared	following deadlines:	
	national emergency. This applies to the other tax types administered by	TItd Aliti Ddlinth	
	the Department and does not apply	• Homestead Application Deadline –the homestead application deadline has been extended until May 1, 2020.	
	to income tax. The penalty and		
	interest structure applicable to	• First Monday of April Tax Sale - the tax sale deadline has been	
	income tax are provided in this	extended to May 4, 2020, which is the first Monday of May for the	
	notice. Withholding tax payments	following counties: Amite, Quitman, and Sunflower.	
	for the month of April are extended	Personal Property Renditions – the due date for Personal Property	
	until May 15, 2020. The extension	Renditions furnished by taxpayers to the County Tax Assessor has been	
	does not apply to sales tax, use tax,	extended for thirty (30) days. They will be due on May 1, 2020. Since	
	or any other tax types, but the	the due date is now May 1, 2020, the 10% increase in assessment penalty	
	Department will not impose interest	for failure to provide to Assessor will also be extended to May 1, 2020.	
	and penalty on any sales/use and	101 familie to provide to Assessor will also be extended to May 1, 2020.	
	local tax levies unpaid tax balance	• Real and Personal Property Land Rolls Deadline –the due date for Real	
	for the period covered by the	and Personal Land Rolls furnished from County Tax Assessors to	
	presidentially declared national	Boards of Supervisors has been extended for thirty (30) days. At the	
	emergency. The Department will	discretion of each county's board of supervisors, the extension is	
	consider an extension of time to file	available, if needed. The land rolls could be due on the first Monday in	
	and pay on a case-by-case basis.	August which will be on August 3, 2020.	
	We will agree to abate penalty and	rugust which will be on rugust 3, 2020.	
	interest on any audits closed during	Affordable Rental Housing Deadline –the due date for the owner of	
	this period of national emergency	affordable rental housing to provide an accurate statement of the actual	
	and where the taxpayer agrees to	net operating income to the county tax assessor has been extended for	
	settle the audit without appeal and	fifteen (15) days. The statements will be due April 15, 2020.	
	pay the tax due. During the period		
	of national emergency, Mississippi	Penalty and Interest Waiver	
	will not change withholding		
	requirements for businesses based	Mississippi has taken the steps to suspend the accrual of interest and	
	on the employee's temporary	penalty on all new assessments and all prior liabilities. Penalty and	
	telework location. Mississippi	interest accrual has been suspended effective March 15, 2020 and	
	residents are taxable on their total	will continue until the end of the national emergency.	
	income, regardless of where they		
	work. However, we will not impose	Audits and Filing Requirements	
	any new withholding requirements		
	on the employer. Mississippi will	Our audit staff is continuing to work on open audits. We will take what	
	not use any changes in the	steps we can to resolve issues to minimize any audit controversies. <b>We</b>	
	employees temporary work	will agree to abate penalty and interest on any audits closed during	
	locations due to the pandemic to	this period of national emergency and where the taxpayer agrees to	

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State	Guidance/Date  impose nexus or alter apportionment of income for any business while temporary telework requirements are in place. We accept these appeals via electronic means now and believe that because we accept appeals through this manner there is no additional burden placed on a taxpayer to timely appeal. Additionally, there is no statutory provision to allow us to extend this deadline, which is currently 60 days for most actions of the agency. Mississippi will accept electronic document delivery, digital signatures, and electronic forms of payment. We are not aware of any requirements that a taxpayer must use certified mail in any response to this agency. Certainly, if this situation presents itself, we will accept anything received via regular mail.)	settle the audit without appeal and pay the tax due. We will work with taxpayers to extend deadlines for production of records and will commit to executing extensions where needed.  During the period of national emergency, Mississippi will not change withholding requirements for businesses based on the employee's temporary telework location. Mississippi residents are taxable on their total income, regardless of where they work. However, we will not impose any new withholding requirements on the employer. Mississippi will not use any changes in the employees temporary work locations due to the pandemic to impose nexus or alter apportionment of income for any business while temporary telework requirements are in place.  Electronic Mail and Electronic Payments  Mississippi will accept electronic document delivery, digital signatures, and electronic forms of payment. We are not aware of any requirements that a taxpayer must use certified mail in any response to this agency. Certainly, if this situation presents itself, we will accept anything received via regular mail. The Department will still be using certified mail where it is required to by statute. There are statutory deadlines for response times to appeal actions of this agency. We accept these appeals via electronic means now and believe that because we accept appeals through this manner there is no additional burden placed on a taxpayer to timely appeal. Additionally, there is no statutory provision to allow us to extend this deadline, which is currently 60 days for most actions of the agency."  MS DOR Notice 2020-01(3/23/20)  "In consultation with Governor Tate Reeves and our legislative leadership, The Mississippi Department of Revenue is providing relief to individual and business taxpayers due to the COVID-19 pandemic.  The deadline to file and pay the 2019 individual income tax and corporate income tax is extended until May 15, 2020. Penalty and interest will not accrue on the extension period through May 15, 2020.	Other Information

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		Withholding tax payments for the month of April are extended until May 15, 2020.	
		The extension does not apply to Sales Tax, Use Tax, or any other tax	
		<b>types</b> . These returns should be filed and paid on the normal due date.	
		The extension also does not apply to payments on prior liabilities.  However, the Department will consider an extension of time to file	
		and pay on a case-by-case basis. These requests should be directed to	
		our customer service line at 601-923-7700.	
		We recognize that our extension does not coincide with the federal	
		extension. However, we cannot extend the deadlines beyond the fiscal	
		year end of June 30. To do so would jeopardize the ability of our state	
		leadership to balance the fiscal year budget."	
		MS DOR COVID-19 Response Webpage	
Missouri	City of St. Louis Collector of	City of St. Louis Collector of Revenue Website on Earnings Tax Forms	Press Release (3/21/20)
	Revenue Website on Earnings Tax	and Information (8/12/20)	"To alleviate public congestion in local license
	Forms and Information (8/12/20)	"*Covid-19 Withholding and Refund Policy	offices, DOR has implemented automatic extensions for expiring driver licenses and
	DOR Press Release – on second	Employees who have been working remotely due to Covid-19 or in	motor vehicle registrations. These extensions
	quarter estimated tax payments	conjunction with the acting City of St. Louis Health Commissioner's	are effective immediately:
	delayed from 6/15 to 7/15 (4/13/20)	Order should be treated as working at their original, principal place	Vehicle owners with registrations or license
		of work for Earnings Tax purposes.	plates expiring in March and April have
	Press Release – on extending filing and payment to 7/15 (3/21/20)	The acting Health Commissioner's Order required all non-exempt City	been granted an automatic two-month extension. Owners will be able to continue
	and payment to 7/13 (3/21/20)	of St. Louis employers to "facilitate employees working remotely" but is	operating their vehicles on Missouri
	(July 15 – filing and payment for	completely neutral to the location of the remote work site. It does not	roadways without penalty until they can
	individuals and corporations and	order employees to work outside the City nor require any individual who	apply for renewal.
	trusts or estates income tax returns –	is employed outside the City, to work remotely in their City Home.	The time frame in which a vehicle safety
	automatic relief. April 15 and June 15 estimated tax payments for	Employers should continue to withhold on those employees in the same	and emission inspection is valid for March
	individuals and corporations relief	manner as they did prior to the temporary relocation of their employees.	and April license plate expirations has also been extended an additional 60 days.
	to July 15. Penalties and interest	and the second s	Applicants for title will not be assessed a
	relief if pay and file return or	Under these circumstances, days worked out of the city due to a	late title penalty when visiting a license
	request extension by July 15.	temporary reassignment caused by Covid-19 or the acting Health	office, effective immediately; this waiver
	Penalties and interest will begin to accrue on any remaining unpaid	Commissioner's Order may not be included in the Non-Residency Deduction formula on Form E-1R when claiming a refund for tax year	will continue through April 30, 2020.
	balances as of 7/16/20.)	2020."	Valid Missouri driver licenses, nondriver licenses and noncommercial instruction permits
			with original expiration dates of March 1, 2020,
	(July 15 - St. Louis Earnings Tax	DOR <u>Press Release</u> – on second quarter estimated tax payments delayed	through April 30, 2020, have been granted an
	has been extended to July 15.	from 6/15 to 7/15 (4/13/20)	automatic 60-day extension:
	Employees who have been working remotely due to Covid-19 or in		The approved extension does not waive the
	remotery due to Covid-19 of III		mandatory retesting requirement for persons

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	conjunction with the acting City of	"Department of Revenue extends deadline to make June estimated	who have allowed their license to expire for
	St. Louis Health Commissioner's	tax payment	more than 184 days. Also, individuals who were
	Order should be treated as working		provided notice to complete additional testing
	at their original, principal place of	The Missouri Department of Revenue announced today that it is	as part of a medical review program
	work for Earnings Tax purposes.	extending the June 15, 2020, estimated tax payment deadline to July	requirement may be granted an additional 60
	Employees who have been working	15, 2020. This announcement mirrors federal guidance issued last week	days to comply with such requirements."
	remotely due to Covid-19 or in	by the <u>Internal Revenue Service</u> .	
	conjunction with the acting City of		
	St. Louis Health Commissioner's	The Department previously extended the deadline for estimated tax	
	Order should be treated as working	payments due on April 15, 2020, to July 15, 2020. Today's	
	at their original, principal place of	announcement provides additional relief to individuals and	
	work for Earnings Tax purposes.)	corporations by also extending the due date for the 2nd quarterly	
		estimated payment, originally due June 15, 2020, to July 15, 2020.  On March 21, the Department announced that it was extending the	
	(July 15 – Kansas City - extend the	deadline to file income tax returns from April 15, 2020, to July 15, 2020.	
	KC Earnings Tax due date to July	Income tax payment deadlines for individual and corporate income	
	15)	returns with a due date of April 15, 2020, were also extended until July	
		15, 2020. This payment relief applies to all individual income tax	
		returns, income tax returns filed by C Corporations, and income tax	
		returns filed by trusts or estates. The Department is automatically	
		providing this relief, so filers do not need to take any additional steps to	
		qualify.	
		Individuals and corporations may still request an extension to file until	
		Oct. 15, 2020, if they cannot meet the new July 15 filing deadline. An	
		extension to file is not an extension to pay taxes owed. Penalties and	
		interest will begin to accrue on any remaining unpaid balances as of July	
		16, 2020. Individuals and corporations that file their return or request an	
		extension of time to file by July 15, 2020, will automatically avoid	
		interest and penalties on tax paid by July 15." (4/13/20)	
		<u>Press Release</u> – on extending filing and payment to 7/15 (3/21/20)	
		"GOVERNOR PARSON PROTECTS MISSOURI'S MOST	
		VULNERABLE CITIZENS AND WORKERS IMPACTED BY	
		COVID-19	
		FINANCIAL RELIEF FOR MISSOURI FAMILIES	
		Providing peace of mind and financial security for Missouri workers and	
		families moving forward as we combat COVID-19 is a top priority for	
		Governor Parson. The Department of Revenue has contributed to our	
		state's response by easing the burden and short-term uncertainty facing	
		our state.	
		our state.	

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		Mirroring the federal guidance issued by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS), the Missouri Department of Revenue (DOR) will provide special filing and payment relief to individuals and corporations:  Filing deadline extended: The deadline to file income tax returns has been extended from April 15, 2020, to July 15, 2020.  Payment relief for individuals and corporations: Income tax payment deadlines for individual and corporate income returns with a due date of April 15, 2020, are extended until July 15, 2020. This payment relief applies to all individual income tax returns, income tax returns filed by C Corporations, and income tax returns filed by trusts or estates. The Department of Revenue will automatically provide this relief, so filers do not need to take any additional steps to qualify.  This relief for individuals and corporations will also include estimated tax payments for tax year 2020 that are due on April 15, 2020.  Penalties and interest will begin to accrue on any remaining unpaid balances as of July 16, 2020. Individuals and corporations that file their return or request an extension of time to file by July 15, 2020, will automatically avoid interest and penalties on the tax paid by July 15"  St. Louis City Collector's website noting the due date for St. Louis Earnings Tax has been extended to July 15 to match the state and federal due dates.  Kansas City Mayor Lucas offered an ordinance that was adopted unanimously yesterday by the KC Council to extend the KC Earnings Tax due date in a similar manner to July 15.	
Montana	MT DOR COVID FAQ on Extensions and Payments (4/8/20)  News Release on extending filing and payment to 7/15 (3/20/20)  MT DOR Announcement on Federal Stimulus Payments to Individuals are Tax-Free (4/1/20)  Press Release on unemployment rules (3/17/20)	MT DOR COVID-19 FAQs on extensions and payments (6/2/20)  "What payments are postponed from April 15 to July 15?  The payment deadlines that are extended are the taxes due with the 2019 income tax return for individuals, estates and trusts.  The payment of the first installment of 2020 estimated tax for individuals, estates and trusts that was due April 15, 2020 is also postponed to July 15, 2020. However, the second installment of estimated tax is still due on June 15. The due dates to pay taxes for other tax types are not postponed."  Email from DOR to practitioners 5/11/20 -	

	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
State	(July 15 - extended filing and	"Second quarter payments of 2020 Montana estimated taxes for	One moment
	payment for individual income	individuals, estates and trusts are due at their usual date – June 15.	
	taxpayers to July 15, lenient in	The due date for first quarter estimated payments was extended to July	
	waiving penalties and interest	15, along with the due date for 2019 Montana income tax returns and	
	associated with late tax payments,	payments.	
	estimated tax payments for the first	The due dates for other tax types have not been extended.	
	quarter extended to July 15. The due	There's more information available in our Payments FAQ."	
	date for the second quarter remains		
	unchanged.)		
		MT DOR COVID FAQ on Extensions and Payments (4/8/20)	
		"What payments are postponed from April 15 to July 15?	
		The payment deadlines that are extended are the taxes due	
		with the 2019 income tax return for individuals, estates	
		and trusts.	
		The payment of the first installment of 2020 estimated tax	
		for individuals, estates and trusts that was due April 15,	
		2020 is also postponed to July 15, 2020. However, the	
		second installment of estimated tax is still due on June 15.	
		The due dates to pay taxes for other tax types are not	
		postponed.  Will the calculation of the 2019 interest on underpayment of	
		estimated tax change?	
		No, the date used to calculate underpayment of estimated	
		taxes does not change.	
		If you did not pay all the estimated taxes owed for the	
		2019 quarterly installments, no additional underpayment	
		of estimated taxes will be assessed based on the	
		postponement of the payment due date.	
		Is the extended due date also postponed?	
		No, the extended due date is not postponed. The	•
		automatic extension for individuals, estates and trusts is	
		still October 15, 2020.	
		If the change of due date for the federal return has an effect in what	
		is taxable or deductible on my federal return, does Montana income	
		tax conform to the federal treatment?	
		In general, if the postponement of the federal due date	
		results in an amount being includable or deductible from	
		gross income—for example the deductibility of	
		contributions to an IRA before July 15—then the same	
		amount is includable or deductible for Montana tax	
		purposes." (4/8/20)	

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		MT DOR Announcement on Federal Stimulus Payments to Individuals	
		<u>are Tax-Free</u> (4/1/20)	
		"The Montana Department of Revenue has determined	
		that payments from the federal government related to the COVID-19	
		outbreak are exempt from state income tax.	
		Many Montanans are expected to receive payments from the CARES	
		Act, passed in late March."	
		News Release on extending filing and payment to 7/15 (3/20/20)	
		"MONTANA – Governor Steve Bullock today <b>extended the payment</b>	
		and filing deadlines for 2019 individual income taxpayers to July 15	
		in accordance with the new federal filing deadline.	
		"Montanans across the state have been impacted by COVID-19 and	
		extending the deadline gives taxpayers breathing room without	
		having to worry about interest or penalties," Governor Bullock said.	
		"I encourage all Montanans who expect a refund to file as soon as they	
		can to have additional income during this difficult time.	
		Extending the state filing deadline is in line with an announcement from	
		the IRS to extend its deadlines for federal income tax filing and	
		payments to July 15.	
		The Montana Department of Revenue will be lenient in waiving penalties and interest associated with late tax payments and the	
		department will work with taxpayers on an individual basis.	
		department will work with taxpayers on an individual basis.	
		Press Release on unemployment rules (3/17/20)	
		"Montana Changes Unemployment rules during Coronavirus	
		Effective March 17, 2020 the Montana Department of Labor issues a	
		rule change related to unemployment benefits some highlights. If a	
		person is asked to leave work or not report due to the virus they are	
		deemed to be laid off. A person is subject to a quarantine they are also	
		deemed to be laid off.	
		But what about the employer you ask? Employers are relieved of charges	
		arising from COVID-19 layoff. The department <b>may</b> also extend the	
		time to file wage reports and pay unemployment insurance	
		contributions. If the department decides to take this action we will	
		include it in a future message. You can read the entire rule change	
		here:"	
Nebraska	<b>General Information Letter 29-</b>	General Information Letter 29-20-2, Treatment of Alternative	Legislature: In light of growing concerns
	20-2, Treatment of Alternative	<b>Employment Arrangements Due to the COVID-19 National</b>	regarding the new coronavirus (COVID-19), the
	Employment Arrangements Due	Emergency for Purposes of Calculating Employment Levels Under	Legislature will not meet on Tuesday, March
	to the COVID-19 National	the Nebraska Advantage Act (5/28/20)	

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State	Emergency for Purposes of	Guidance Renet Frovisions for Coronavirus	17, and the session will remain adjourned until
	Calculating Employment Levels	From email article -	reconvened by the Speaker of the Legislature.
	Under the Nebraska Advantage	"The Nebraska Department of Revenue won't require employers to track	second of the speaker of the Beginstature.
	Act (5/28/20)	workers' locations to calculate new-employee counts in order to qualify	
		for state tax incentives while the coronavirus pandemic continues, the	
	DOR FAQ on withholding (5/19/20)	department said.	
	Revenue Ruling 99-20-1,	Under the Nebraska Advantage Act , companies making investments	
	Signature Requirements	and creating new full-time jobs can get certain tax breaks. The	
	(3/24/20)	department said in a Thursday general information letter that full-time	
		jobs are usually calculated by the number of hours worked at a qualified	
	Executive Order No. 20-06	project under the act. However, the department said it would not require	
	(3/19/20)	employers to track the locations of workers who were previously	
		working at a project site but now work remotely due to the pandemic.	
	(July 15 – extend tax filing and		
	payment deadline to July 15, 2020	Instead, the department will consider all employees who worked at a	
	for state income tax payments and	qualified project prior to March 13 as continuing to work there even if	
	estimated payments that were	the company has allowed them or required them to work from an	
	originally due on April 15, 2020.	alternative location.	
	The Tax Commissioner may grant		
	penalty or interest relief upon	Republican Gov. Pete Ricketts declared a state of emergency due to the	
	request depending on individual	pandemic on March 13.	
	circumstances. To request relief,	The letter's provisions on trealing hours and calculating new appleases	
	please complete and mail a Request	The letter's provisions on tracking hours and calculating new employees are in effect from March 13 to Jan. 21, 2021, or until 30 days after the	
	for Abatement of Penalty, Form 21,	end of the emergency, whichever is later.	
	or Request for Abatement of	end of the emergency, whichever is fater.	
	Interest, Form 21A, with an	Additionally, employees hired after March 13 who begin work from an	
	explanation of how you were	alternative location and then begin work at a project location by the	
	impacted. DOR will not require	expiration date of the letter will be considered to have worked at the	
	employers to change the state	project from the date of their hiring, the department said.	
	which was previously	project from the date of their mining, the department said.	
	established in their payroll systems for income tax	Both workers who started at a qualified project and then moved to an	
	withholding purposes for	alternative location and workers who began at an alternative location and	
	employees who are now	then moved to the project location will be considered to have Nebraska	
	telecommuting or temporarily	source income and employers should withhold Nebraska income tax for	
	relocated to a work location	them, the department said." (6/4/20)	
	within or outside Nebraska due	•	
	to the COVID-19 pandemic. A	DOR FAQ on withholding (5/19/20)	
	change in work location is not		
	required beginning with the	"Do employers/payors need to change income tax withholding for	
	date the emergency was	employees who were working onsite in one state before the COVID-19	
	declared, March 13, 2020, and	pandemic, but who are now temporarily working from an alternate site	
	ending on January 1, 2021,	in another state?	

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	unless the emergency is extended.)	No. DOR will not require employers to change the state which was previously established in their payroll systems for income tax withholding purposes for employees who are now telecommuting or temporarily relocated to a work location within or outside Nebraska due to the COVID-19 pandemic. A change in work location is not required beginning with the date the emergency was declared, March 13, 2020, and ending on January 1, 2021, unless the emergency is extended.  Revenue Ruling 99-20-1, Signature Requirements (3/24/20)  Unless fraud is indicated, for most forms and filings, for which there is no separate DOR filing system, DOR will accept as a taxpayer signature, any mark, handwritten or digitally rendered that is, applied with actual or apparent intention to authenticate the filing as being approved and made by the signer. However, a Power of Attorney (Form 33 or otherwise), the Nebraska Extension of Statute of Limitations Agreements Forms 872N or 872N-MF, and Nebraska Tax Return Copy Request (Form 23) must have a handwritten taxpayer signature. Such signatures will be accepted on forms and filings properly submitted to DOR whether the documents are mailed, faxed, or transmitted to DOR by secure electronic means.	
		DOR will not require the original document if transmitted by fax or electronic means.  Governor Press Release – (3/23/20)  "Gov. Ricketts Announces Extended Tax Deadline, Overviews the State's Continuity Plans  Today, Governor Pete Ricketts announced that Nebraskans will have until July 15, 2020 to pay state income taxes. For Nebraskans impacted by COVID-19, this change will give them additional flexibility. Nebraskans who are not impacted by the virus should consider filing by the traditional April 15th date.  Jason Jackson, Director of the Nebraska Department of Administrative Services, joined the Governor to provide an update on the State's continuity plans. When possible, the State is allowing teammates greater flexibility to work remotely during the pandemic, while ensuring that Nebraskans continue to receive excellent service from all agencies.  During today's briefing, Gov. Ricketts also noted that it is National Agriculture Week. Throughout the week, he will highlight steps taken	

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		by ag producers and companies in Nebraska to serve the public during the COVID-19 outbreak.	
		Todd Becker, President & CEO of Green Plains, joined the Governor to talk about his company's work to provide essential supplies to Nebraskans. Green Plains, an ethanol producer, is donating industrial alcohol to the State for conversion into hand sanitizer. In turn, the State will supply the sanitizer to cities and counties that need it.	
		ABOUT THE JULY 15, 2020 STATE INCOME TAX DEADLINE	
		As a result of the COVID-19 pandemic and actions taken by national health authorities to limit the spread of the disease, the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) recently granted federal income tax relief to taxpayers. The IRS has automatically extended the tax filing and payment deadlines for federal income taxes from April 15, 2020 to July 15, 2020. The official release from the IRS can be found by clicking here.	
		The State of Nebraska is providing this same income tax relief to state income taxpayers. The tax filing deadline will automatically be extended to July 15, 2020 for state income tax payments and estimated payments that were originally due on April 15, 2020. Nebraskans who are able to pay earlier are encouraged to do so to help the State manage its cash flow.	
		For Nebraskans affected by the COVID-19 pandemic in ways that impair their ability to comply with their state tax obligations for taxes administered by the Nebraska Department of Revenue, the Tax Commissioner may grant penalty or interest relief depending on individual circumstances. To request relief, please complete and mail a Request for Abatement of Penalty, Form 21, or Request for Abatement of Interest, Form 21A, with an explanation of how you were impacted."	
		Executive Order No. 20-06 (3/19/20) CORONAVIRUS- RELIEF FOR RESTAURANT & BAR OPERATIONS (3/19/20)	
Nevada	(Note: The state does not impose a personal income tax.)		Nevada Department of Revenue fully closed.  Announcement (3/16/20):  "Department of Taxation closed.  Governor Sisolak has directed that all state agencies close state offices to the public as soon as possible. The Department of Taxation will be

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			following suit and closing all our offices, Carson City, Reno, Henderson and Las Vegas, to the public at 5:00PM today, March 16, 2020. All taxpayers are advised to file and pay their taxes through the online portal, mail or via drop box at the Taxation offices. Again, all Taxation offices will be closed to the public.
			It is anticipated that mail and lock box services will be still available with potential interruptions. More guidance will be forth coming on this topic.
			The important work that the Department does, funds vital services to the state and local governments, there are essential functions of the Department and this does not mean that we stop our important work. The employees of the Department will also be assisting all taxpayers with any questions or concerns they may have. Many of our employees have the ability to work from home and will continue to do so during this difficult time.
			Many taxpayer questions can be answered on the Departments FAQs page at: <a href="https://tax.nv.gov/FAQs/About_Taxes_FAQ_s/">https://tax.nv.gov/FAQs/About_Taxes_FAQ_s/</a> .
			Please direct any additional questions you may have to the Call Center at (866) 962-3707.  Specific taxpayer questions should be sent to CV19@tax.state.nv.us. PLEASE NOTE IN THE SUBJECT LINE "TAXPAYER QUESTION" TO ENSURE YOUR EMAIL WILL BE SENT TO THE APPROPRIATE AUTHORITY. We appreciate your flexibility as this situation remains fluid."
New Hampshire	NH DRA Technical Information Release (TIR 2020-001) (3/20/20)  NH DRA Press Release (3/30/20)	NH DRA <u>Technical Information Release</u> (TIR 2020-001) (3/20/20)  "COVID-19 Pandemic Relief for Business Tax and Interest & Dividends Tax	NHSCPA is working with the Governor's office, legislature, and DOR on trying to get a filing and payment extension and interest and penalty relief. (3/24/20)

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	NH DRA Website Announcement (3/23/20)	In response to conditions caused by the COVID-19 pandemic, the New	
	(3/23/20)	Hampshire Department of Revenue Administration (DRA) will	
		grant relief to all Business Tax (Business Profits Tax and Business Enterprise Tax) and Interest & Dividends Tax taxpayers concerning	
		New Hampshire's automatic 7-month filing extension and the	
		estimated tax payment safe harbor (Section A). The DRA will also	
	(June 15 - DRA will offer additional	offer additional return filing and payment due date relief for certain	
	relief from applicable interest and	taxpayers that qualify (Section B).	
	penalties for certain qualifying	taxpayers that quality (Section D).	
	Business Tax and Interest &	SECTION A Relief for All Business Tax and Interest & Dividends	
	Dividends Tax taxpayers impacted	Tax Taxpayers Impacted by the COVID-19 Pandemic	
	by the COVID-19 pandemic who	The deadline to file or pay the Business Tax or Interest & Dividends Tax	
	are unable to pay an amount due on	for tax year 2019 remains unchanged, except for certain qualifying	
	April 15, 2020, provided that	taxpayers as provided in Section B. Tax year 2019 Business Tax and	
	payment of any remaining unpaid	Interest & Dividends Tax returns and any payments due for calendar	
	balance is made by June 15, 2020.	year taxpayers continue to be due on April 15, 2020. Additionally, first	
	This relief is available for any	quarter estimate payments for tax year 2020 calendar year Business Tax	
	Business Tax or Interest &	and Interest & Dividends Tax taxpayers are also due on April 15, 2020.	
	Dividends Tax return or extension	Under current law, taxpayers who have paid their tax in full by the return	
	payment due on April 15, 2020 as	due date are entitled to an automatic 7-month extension of the time to	
	well as any Business Tax or Interest	file the New Hampshire Business Tax or Interest & Dividends Tax	
	& Dividends Tax quarterly	return. The automatic 7-month extension allows the taxpayer to defer	
	estimated tax payment due on April	filing of their return for up to 7 months from the original return due date	
	15, 2020. Interest and penalties will	without incurring the failure to file penalty. However, if a taxpayer	
	accrue without any relief on such	ultimately determines that they owe additional tax when they file their	
	payments that are not satisfied as of	return under the extended due date, interest and penalties still apply.	
	June 16, 2020. Taxpayers that	In order to provide relief to taxpayers required to file returns on	
	qualify for this additional relief may	April 15, 2020 who are unable to accurately calculate their tax year	
	still take advantage of the automatic	2019 liability for purposes of qualifying for the automatic 7month	
	7-month extension of the time to file	extension due to the current COVID-19 pandemic, the DRA will not	
	their tax return under the	assess any applicable interest or penalties against taxpayers who file	
	circumstance described above, as	their returns and pay any remaining balance due within the	
	long as their extension payment is	automatic 7-month extension, if by April 15, 2020 they have paid an	
	received by June 15, 2020 in an	amount no less than their total tax year 2018 tax liability.	
	amount equal to either their tax year		
	2018 total tax liability or tax year	If your tax is paid in full as of the April 15, 2020 due date, you are not	
	2019 total tax liability. The	required to file an extension form with the DRA; the extension is granted	
	automatic 7-month extension of the	automatically. If a taxpayer needs to make an additional payment to the	
	time to file the tax year 2019 return	DRA in order to qualify for the return filing extension, they may do so	
	will be measured from the April 15,	by making a payment electronically on the e-File section of the DRA	
	2020 due date and will therefore be	website, or by filing the one-page Form BT-EXT for Business Tax or	
	due no later than November 15, 2020. Relief is available for certain	Form DP-59-A for Interest & Dividends Tax, accompanied by the payment by April 15, 2020. As stated above, <b>taxpayers will qualify for</b>	
	BPT, BET and I&D taxpayers who	this extension of time to file returns due on April 15, 2020, if by	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
	are impacted by the COVID-19	April 15, 2020 they have paid an amount equal to at least either	
	pandemic and unable to pay the	their tax year 2018 total tax liability or tax year 2019 total tax	
	amount due on April 15, 2020.	liability.	
	Those qualifying taxpayers will		
	have until June 15, 2020 to remit	Additionally, Business Tax and Interest & Dividends Tax taxpayers	
	payment without typical penalties	whose yearly liability exceeds certain thresholds are required to make	
	and interest. This extended due date	quarterly estimated tax payments for the current tax year beginning on	
	is in addition to the expansion of the	April 15, 2020. For calendar year Business Tax taxpayers, tax year 2020	
	qualifications for the automatic	quarterly estimate payments are due on April 15, June 15, September 15,	
	extension and the estimate payment	and December 15 of 2020, with at least 25% due in each quarter. For	
	safe harbor. Taxpayers who qualify	Interest & Dividends Tax taxpayers, tax year 2020 quarterly estimate	
	for this specific relief are Business	payments are due on April 15, June 15, and September 15 of 2020, and	
	Tax taxpayers who owed \$50,000 or	January 15 of 2021, with at least 25% due in each quarter. The failure to	
	less in taxes (total BPT and BET tax	make estimated tax payments in the appropriate amount would normally	
	liability) for tax year 2018 and I&D	result in the application of underpayment penalties. A statutory safe	
	taxpayers who owed \$10,000 or less	harbor for penalty relief exists so long as the taxpayer pays 100% of	
	in taxes for tax year 2018. BPT,	their prior year liability via four quarterly estimated tax payments.	
	BET and I&D taxpayers who have	Calendar year taxpayers impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic who	
	paid at least the amount they owed	make their tax year 2020 estimated tax payments in at least the	
	for the 2018 tax year by April 15,	amount of their tax year 2018 total tax liability, or their tax year	
	2020, will not be subject to any	2019 total tax liability, will not incur any underpayment of estimated	
	penalties or interest, so long as they	tax penalties if their 2020 liability ultimately exceeds the estimated	
	file their returns and pay tax year	payments made. Taxpayers electing to utilize their tax year 2018	
	2019 in full within the automatic	total tax liability for purposes of calculating their 2020 estimated tax	
	seven-month extension, by	liability must make a payment equal to at least 25% of the tax year	
	November 15, 2020. Existing safe	2018 total tax liability by each of the four quarterly estimate due	
	harbors will be expanded to allow	dates in order to avoid the application of underpayment penalties.	
	for no penalties due to the		
	underpayment of estimates if 2020	SECTION B Additional Relief for Certain Qualifying Business Tax	
	quarterly payments total 100 percent	and Interest & Dividends Tax Taxpayers	
	of what was owed in tax year 2018,		
	with at least 25 percent due in each	The DRA will offer additional relief from applicable interest and	
	quarter. Taxpayers may also elect to	penalties for certain qualifying Business Tax and Interest &	
	continue using existing acceptable	Dividends Tax taxpayers impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic who	
	methods to calculate their quarterly	are unable to pay an amount due on April 15, 2020, provided that	
	estimated payments, such as	payment of any remaining unpaid balance is made by June 15, 2020.	
	annualizing their income or using	This relief is available for any Business Tax or Interest & Dividends	
	their tax year 2019 liability, if	Tax return or extension payment due on April 15, 2020 as well as	
	known.)	any Business Tax or Interest & Dividends Tax quarterly estimated	
		tax payment due on April 15, 2020. Interest and penalties will accrue	
		without any relief on such payments that are not satisfied as of June	
		16, 2020.	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
Suite		Taxpayers that qualify for this additional relief may still take advantage of the automatic 7month extension of the time to file their tax return under the circumstance described above, as long as their extension payment is received by June 15, 2020 in an amount equal to either their tax year 2018 total tax liability or tax year 2019 total tax liability. The automatic 7-month extension of the time to file the tax year 2019 return will be measured from the April 15, 2020 due date and will therefore be due no later than November 15, 2020.  A taxpayer shall qualify for this additional payment relief as	
		follows:  - Business Tax taxpayers whose tax year 2018 total tax liability was \$50,000 or less.	
		- Interest & Dividends Tax taxpayers whose tax year 2018 total tax liability was \$10,000 or less.	
		The relief described in this Technical Information Release applies only to calendar year Business Tax and Interest & Dividends Tax taxpayers with April 15, 2020 due dates. In light of rapidly changing circumstances, the DRA may issue further or clarifying guidance at a later date. Additional information is available by contacting Taxpayer Services at (603) 230-5920.	
		Individuals who need auxiliary aids for effective communication in programs and services of the Department of Revenue Administration are invited to make their needs and preferences known to the N.H. Department of Revenue Administration, 109 Pleasant Street, Concord, NH 03301 or by contacting them at (603) 230-5920."	
		NH DRA Press Release (3/30/20)	
		"NH Department of Revenue Offers Relief for Business, Interest & Dividends Taxes Relief allows 98% of taxpayers to file and pay for tax year 2019 by June 15th without penalties or interest; Safe harbors created to ease complications associated with federal tax day extension	
		In response to conditions caused by the COVID-19 pandemic, the New Hampshire Department of Revenue Administration (NHDRA) will grant automatic relief to Business Profits Tax (BPT), Business Enterprise Tax (BET) and Interest & Dividends Tax (I&D) taxpayers in the form of payment relief and expansion of automatic filing extensions and penalty	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		safe harbors. Details of the relief are outlined in a Technical Information Release issued by NHDRA on March 30, which can be viewed at www.revenue.nh.gov/tirs/documents/2020001.pdf.	
		What is the payment relief and who qualifies? Relief is available for certain BPT, BET and I&D taxpayers who are impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic and unable to pay the amount due on April 15, 2020. Those qualifying taxpayers will have until June 15, 2020 to remit payment without typical penalties and interest. This extended due date is in addition to the expansion of the qualifications for the automatic extension and the estimate payment safe harbor.  Taxpayers who qualify for this specific relief are Business Tax taxpayers who owed \$50,000 or less in taxes (total BPT and BET tax liability) for tax year 2018 and I&D taxpayers who owed \$10,000 or less in taxes for tax year 2018. These thresholds account for 98 percent	
		What do I need to pay on April 15th (or June 15th, if applicable) to qualify for extensions and safe harbors? Filing Extension Under current law, if 2019 BPT, BET, and I&D taxes were paid in full by April 15th, taxpayers are entitled to an automatic seven-month extension to file their return without incurring a failure to file penalty. Since the IRS extended the federal tax filing deadline for tax year 2019 to July 15, 2020, BPT, BET and I&D taxpayers may have trouble accurately calculating the final amount of taxes owed to New Hampshire, meaning they may not have paid in full by April 15th, deeming them ineligible for the traditional automatic seven-month filing extension.  To provide relief for those faced with this scenario, BPT, BET and I&D taxpayers who have paid at least the amount they owed for the 2018 tax year by April 15, 2020, will not be subject to any penalties or interest, so long as they file their returns and pay tax year 2019 in	
		full within the automatic seven-month extension, by November 15, 2020.  Estimate Safe Harbor  Tax year 2020 quarterly estimated tax payments are also due on April 15, 2020 for BPT, BET, and I&D Taxpayers. Normally, a failure to make quarterly estimated tax payments in the appropriate amount would result in underpayment penalties at the time the return is filed. Existing safe harbors will be expanded to allow for no penalties due to the underpayment of estimates if 2020 quarterly payments total 100 percent of what was owed in tax year 2018, with at least 25 percent due in each	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		quarter. Taxpayers may also elect to continue using existing acceptable	
		methods to calculate their quarterly estimated payments, such as	
		annualizing their income or using their tax year 2019 liability, if known.	
		What does it mean when the payment relief is combined with the	
		extensions and safe harbors?	
		The chart below breaks down the deadlines and thresholds under	
		NHDRA's COVID-19 relief program.	
		BPT and BET Taxes	
		2020 Estimates	
		Based on quarterly payments of 2018 or 2019 taxes	
		2019 Return or Extension Payment	
		Based on 100% of 2018 or 2019 taxes owed	
		Return Filing Due on Extension	
		2018 taxes owed less than or equal to \$50,000	
		1st Quarter – June 15	
		2nd Quarter – June 15	
		June 15	
		November 15	
		2018 taxes owed greater than \$50,000	
		1st Quarter – April 15	
		2nd Quarter – June 15	
		April 15 November 15	
		I&D Tax	
		2020 Estimates	
		Based on quarterly payments of 2018 or 2019 taxes	
		2019 Return or Extension Payment	
		Based on 100% of 2018 or 2019 taxes owed	
		Return Filing Due on Extension	
		2018 taxes owed less than or equal to \$10,000	
		1st Quarter – June 15	
		2nd Quarter – June 15 June 15	
		November 15	
		2018 taxes owed greater than \$10,000	
		1st Quarter – April 15	
		2nd Quarter – June 15	
		April 15 November 15	
		WTL:1: f1-4b - i	
		"This relief expands the circumstances typically required for taxpayers	
		to qualify for an automatic filing extension, and protects taxpayers from	
		penalties and interest they may have otherwise faced from complications	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		associated with the July 15 federal due date," said NHDRA	
		Commissioner Lindsey Stepp. "We sympathize with taxpayers during	
		this uncertain time and anticipate this relief will help put them at ease as	
		we all continue to navigate this rapidly changing situation."	
		NHDRA's Taxpayer Services Division is available to answer all filing	
		questions. Contact the Taxpayer Services Division by phone at (603)	
		230-5000 (select option 2), Monday through Friday, 8:00 am to 4:30 pm.	
		Although extra staff will be on standby to assist with taxpayer inquiries,	
		taxpayers could experience longer than usual wait times on phones.	
		About the New Hampshire Department of Revenue Administration The	
		New Hampshire Department of Revenue Administration (NHDRA) is	
		responsible for fairly and efficiently administering the tax laws of the	
		State of New Hampshire. NHDRA collects approximately 80% of New Hampshire's general taxes. During Fiscal Year 2019, NHDRA collected	
		\$2.15 billion in taxes, most of which went to the New Hampshire	
		General Fund and Education Trust Fund. NHDRA also provides	
		assistance to municipalities in budgeting, finance and real estate	
		appraisal.	
		NHDRA administers and collects the following taxes at the state level:	
		Business Enterprise Tax, Business Profits Tax, Communications	
		Services Tax, Interest and Dividends Tax, Meals and Rooms Tax,	
		Medicaid Enhancement Tax, Nursing Facility Quality Assessment,	
		Tobacco Tax, Taxation of Railroads, Utility Property Tax, Real Estate	
		Transfer Tax; and the following taxes at	
		the local level: Property Tax, Excavation Tax, Timber Tax. To learn	
		more about NHDRA, please visit www.revenue.nh.gov."	
		NH DRA Website announcement (3/30/20)	
		"NH DRA Offers Relief for Business, Interest & Dividends Taxes	
		March 30, 2020	
		In response to conditions caused by the COVID-19 pandemic, NHDRA	
		will grant automatic relief to Business Tax and Interest & Dividends Tax	
		taxpayers in the form of payment relief and expansion of automatic	
		filing extensions and penalty safe harbors. Details of the relief are	
		outlined in a <u>Technical Information Release 2020-001</u> ."	
		PRIOR NH DRA Website Announcement (3/23/20)	
		"April Tax Deadlines	
		March 23, 2020	
		At this time, the state of New Hampshire has not extended the	
		deadline to file or pay the Business Tax (Business Profits Tax and	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		Business Enterprise Tax), Interest & Dividends Tax, Meals & Rentals Tax, or any other tax administered by the New Hampshire Department of Revenue Administration (DRA).  Tax Year 2019 Business Tax and Interest & Dividends Tax Returns are due on April 15, 2020. Taxpayers who have paid their tax in full by the return due date are entitled to an automatic 7-month extension of the time to file your New Hampshire Business Tax or Interest & Dividends Tax return. No extension form is required.  First quarter estimate payments for calendar year Business Tax and Interest & Dividends taxpayers are also due on April 15, 2020.  Meals & Rentals Tax returns and payments for the month of March are also due on April 15, 2020.  The DRA continues to monitor the situation and will communicate any changes to New Hampshire's tax filing or payment deadlines on our website."	
New Jersey	NOTICE on Sales Tax and Surcharges for COVID-19 Precautions (7/24/20)  NJ DOT Telecommuter COVID-19 Employer and Employee FAQ (5/6/20 updated, originally 3/31/20)  NJ DOT website on due dates (4/15/20)  Governor signed SB 2338 on 4/14/20 to extend the 4/15/20 deadline to 7/15/20.  NJ Society of CPAs Update — (4/14/20)  Governor Press Release (4/13/20)  NJ Society of CPAs Update on bill passed extending to 7/15 personal	NOTICE on Sales Tax and Surcharges for COVID-19 Precautions (7/24/20)  Sales Tax and Surcharges for COVID-19 Precautions Some businesses have begun to include a surcharge for COVID-19 precaution and prevention costs (e.g., COVID-19 Fee, Coronavirus Fee, PPE Fee, Sanitation Fee, Cleaning Fee, etc.) on customers' invoices. Determining if the surcharge to cover COVID-19 costs, such as masks, gloves, and cleaning supplies, is subject to Sales Tax depends on whether the service provided or the product sold by a business is taxable. The definition of "sales price," which is set forth at N.J.S.A. 54:32B- 2(00)(1) states that:  1. (1) Sales price is the measure subject to Sales Tax and means the total amount of consideration, including cash, credit, property, and services, for which personal property or services are sold, leased, or rented, valued in money, whether received in money or otherwise, without any deduction for the following:  O(A) The seller's cost of the property sold; O(B) The cost of materials used, labor or service cost, interest, losses, all costs of transportation to the seller, all taxes imposed on the seller, and any other expense of the seller;	Governor signed SB 2338 on 4/14/20 to extend the 4/15/20 deadline to 7/15/20.  NJ Society of CPAs Update – (4/14/20) New Jersey Extends Most Tax Deadlines, Here's the List April 14, 2020  Governor Murphy has signed legislation to extend the April 15 personal income tax and corporate business tax filing and payment deadlines to July 15. The New Jersey Division of Taxation has published a comprehensive list of return due dates. Here are some highlights: What's been extended:  2019 gross income tax returns and payments, including trusts 2019 corporate business tax returns and payments First quarter 2020 GIT/CBT estimated tax payments First quarter 1041 estimates Partnership returns and payments

and corporate taxes and Governor to sign it on April 14. (4/13/20)

NJ Society of CPAs update on tax extension legislation (4/13/20)

NJ Governor <u>Press Release</u> on filing extension to July 15 (4/1/20)

NJ Division of Taxation webpage (bottom), 3/30/20

(July 15 - NJ - extends the filing deadline for all New Jersey Corporate Business Tax and **Individual Gross Income Tax** Returns to July 15 for GIT and CBT filers. The legislation extends: 2019 gross income tax returns and payments, including trusts, 2019 corporate business tax returns and payments, first quarter 2020 GIT/CBT estimated tax payments, first quarter 1041 estimates, partnership returns and payments, and partnership filing fees and licensed professional fees. Penalties and interest will not be imposed on the balance of 2019 income tax due between the original due date and July 15. The following have NOT been extended: second quarter 2020 estimated tax payments, sales and use tax filings and remittances, payroll tax remittances, and inheritance taxes. The Division of Taxation will accept images of signatures (scanned or photographed) and digital signatures on documents related to the determination or collection of tax liability. In addition, the Division of Taxation will allow Division

A separately stated surcharge, regardless of what it is called, to cover the cost of COVID-19 precautions is an expense that a seller incurs in order to perform a service or sell a product. As the surcharge is part of the sales price, the taxability of a COVID-19 precautions surcharge depends on the taxability of the service provided or the product sold. Thus, if a service or product a business is offering is not subject to Sales Tax, then the COVID-19-related surcharge is also not subject to tax. If the transaction is for a service or product that is subject to Sales Tax, then the COVID-19-related surcharge is subject to tax.

#### **Examples:**

- A restaurant adds a "COVID-19 Fee" to a customer's bill for meals and beverages to cover the costs of personal protective equipment and sanitation supplies used by employees. When this expense is passed along to the customer, it becomes part of the sales price, regardless of whether it is included in a lumpsum charge for the product or as an itemized surcharge because it is part of the restaurant's overhead cost. Therefore, since the meals and beverages are taxable, the COVID-19 Fee is also taxable.
- A hair salon adds a "Coronavirus Fee" to a customer's bill for a haircut and color services to cover the costs of personal protective equipment and sanitation supplies used by employees. When this expense is passed along to the customer, it becomes part of the sales price, regardless of whether it is included in a lump-sum charge for the sale or separately itemized to the customer, because it is part of the hair salon's overhead cost. Therefore, since the haircut and color services are not subject to Sales Tax, the Coronavirus Fee is also not subject to tax.
- A dentist office adds a "PPE Fee" to a patient's bill to cover the costs of personal protective equipment used by employees. When this expense is passed along to the customer, it becomes part of the sales price, regardless of whether it is included in a lump-sum charge for the product or as an itemized surcharge because it is part of the dentist office's overhead cost. Therefore, since the dental service is not taxable, the PPE Fee is also not taxable." (7/24/20)

NJ - <u>S.B. 2690</u>, introduced July 9, prohibits the imposition of the corporation business tax on foreign (out-of-State) corporations whose only contact with the State is the employment of a State resident who is temporarily working remotely from the State resident's domicile due to a public health emergency (as defined therein). (7/15/20)

• Partnership filing fees and licensed professional fees

Penalties and interest will not be imposed on the balance of 2019 income tax due between the original due date and July 15.

#### What has NOT been extended:

- Second quarter 2020 estimated tax payments (NJSCPA continues to advocate for second quarter estimated tax payments to be extended to July 15 to match the federal extension.)
- Sales and use tax filings and remittances
- Payroll tax remittances (including those imposed by the New Jersey Department of Labor and Workforce Development)
- Inheritance taxes

The Division of Taxation will accept images of signatures (scanned or photographed) and digital signatures on documents related to the determination or collection of tax liability. In addition, the Division of Taxation will allow Division employees to accept documents via email and to transmit documents to taxpayers established through secured messaging systems. Please continue to check the <u>Division of Taxation COVID-19 page</u>.

NJ Society of CPAs Update on bill passed extending to 7/15 personal and corporate taxes and Governor signed it on April 14. (4/13/20)

NJ Society of CPAs update on tax extension legislation (4/13/20)

NJSCPA <u>Press Release</u> on tax filing extension questions (4/6/20)

"Update on New Jersey Tax Filing Extension Questions

April 6, 2020

On April 1, Governor Murphy, Senate President Sweeney and Assembly Speaker Coughlin State Guidance/Date

employees to accept documents via email and to transmit documents to taxpavers established through secured messaging systems. A separately stated surcharge, regardless of what it is called, to cover the cost of COVID-19 precautions is an expense that a seller incurs in order to perform a service or sell a product. As the surcharge is part of the sales price, the taxability of a COVID-19 precautions surcharge depends on the taxability of the service provided or the product sold. Thus, if a service or product a business is offering is not subject to Sales Tax, then the COVID-19-related surcharge is also not subject to tax. If the transaction is for a service or product that is subject to Sales Tax, then the COVID-19-related surcharge is subject to tax.)

(The Division will temporarily waive the impact of the legal threshold which treats the presence of employees working from their homes in New Jersey as sufficient nexus for out-of-state corporations. *In the event that employees are* working from home solely as a result of closures due to the coronavirus outbreak and/or the employer's social distancing policy, no threshold will be considered to have been met. During the temporary period of COVID-19 pandemic, wage income will continue to be sourced as determined by the employer in accordance with the employer's *iurisdiction.*)

#### Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus

<u>Telecommuter COVID-19 Employer and Employee FAQ</u> (5/6/20 updated, originally 3/31/20)

"As our Federal and State governments continue to react to the COVID-19 pandemic in real-time with a primary focus on limiting travel, large gatherings and the movement of our citizens, many businesses are executing contingency plans which require their employees to work remotely where possible. The reassignment of work locations and/or the displacement of workers due to health safety precautions raises many employer and employee concerns.

Sales Tax

Does an out-of-State seller have to register and collect New Jersey Sales Tax if the seller's employees are working from home in New Jersey as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic?

As a result of the COVID-19 pandemic, several employees have been required to work from their New Jersey home. The Division will temporarily waive the Sales Tax nexus standard which is generally met if an out-of-State seller has an employee working in this State. Thus, as long as the out-of-State seller did not maintain any physical presence other than employees working from home in New Jersey and is below the economic thresholds the Division will not consider the out-of-State seller to have nexus for Sales Tax purposes during this time period.

Employer Withholding Tax

Does the Division plan to issue any written guidance to employers in your state regarding how to source the wages of their employees who regularly work in your state but who are (or will be) telecommuting from an out-of-state home office or who are (or will be) temporarily relocated at an out-of-state employer location? Does the answer differ if the temporary relocation is to another office of the employer or the employee's home office?

New Jersey sourcing rules dictate that income is sourced based on where the service or employment is performed based on a day's method of allocation. However, during the temporary period of the COVID-19 pandemic, wage income will continue to be sourced as determined by the employer in accordance with the employer's jurisdiction.

The Reciprocal Personal Income Tax Agreement between New Jersey and Pennsylvania eliminates wage sourcing issues for these employees as there is agreement to not tax the wages of a resident of the other state. Would the Division advise employers in your state to not change the current work state set-up for employees in their payroll systems who are now telecommuting or are temporarily relocated at an out-of-state employer location?

Other Information

issued a joint statement announcing that New Jersey's income tax filing deadline and corporation business tax filing deadline would be extended from April 15 to July 15. That April 1 statement, as well as the original tax filing extension legislation (A-3841/S-2300, SB2338), which has not been signed by the Governor, covered only personal income tax and CBT, leaving many unanswered questions around the extension of payment deadlines, abatement of penalties and interest, first and second quarter estimated payments, sales tax filings, estates and trusts, and more. In our conversations with the Governor's office, legislative leaders and the Division of Taxation, the NJCPA has learned that legislation is necessary to put a comprehensive solution into play. Legislators and the Governor's office are currently working on that legislative solution.

Over the weekend, the NJCPA State Tax Task Force and Society staff developed a set of recommendations that were provided to legislative leaders and the Governor's office.

With the April 15 deadline looming, it's likely that legislation will be introduced in a few days, but an exact timeline remains unclear. The legislation will have to be approved by the Assembly and Senate and signed by the Governor. Guidance would then be published by the Treasury Department.

Per an April 6 NJ Spotlight article: "Any delay that lasts beyond April 15 would force the Murphy administration to take some sort of executive action to ensure that tax payments to the state can still be put off, or at least to make sure no penalties or interest will be charged to those who wait until July 15 to file."

The NJCPA will remain in contact with lawmakers and officials at the Division and provide updates to members."

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		The Division would not require employers to make that change for this	
		temporary situation. However, employers must consider their unique	NJSCPA Press Release on Extension to July 15
		circumstances and make that decision.	(4/1/20)
		If the answer to the above is yes, will the Division waive under-	
		withheld tax, penalties, and/or interest for employers for this period	New Jersey Extends Tax Deadline to July 15
		if examined by the Division at a later date?	April 1, 2020
		Relief may be granted on a case by case basis if circumstances warrant.	
		Will the Division permit extensions for the filing of employment tax	This morning, Governor Murphy, Senate
		returns and deposits or relief from interest and penalties (like the	President Sweeney and Assembly Speaker
		California Employment Development Division did in its guidance	Coughlin issued a joint statement announcing
		issued on March 9, 2020)?	the New Jersey's tax filing deadline is
		There is currently no extension of time granted for withholding tax	extended from April 15 to July 15 and the
		payments.	state fiscal year will be extended to September
		The Division is not aware of any extensions granted for employment tax	30.
		returns at this time. However, the Department of Labor administers this	This outcome comes after two weeks of tireless
		program.	efforts by NJCPA staff, members and our
		Does the Division plan to alter its audit enforcement approach for	friends in the Governor's office and legislature.
		telecommuters for calendar year 2020 as a result of widespread	NJCPA members, your voices were heard.
		telecommuting arrangements being instituted by employers to	Good news has been in short supply the last few
		reduce the further spread of the virus?	weeks. We hope that this announcement will
		The Division does not intend to change its audit program at this time.	provide CPAs and taxpayers with some much
		The Division's current audit program already includes the review of	needed relief.
		sourcing of income.	We know questions still remain regarding
			quarterly payments and other issues. We will
		Personal Income Tax	work to get additional guidance to share with
		Will the Division grant due date extensions for the filing of personal	members.
		income tax returns and tax remittances or relief from interest and	Here is the official statement issued this
		penalties related to the 2019 tax year?	morning by Governor Phil Murphy, Senate
		In order to maintain consistency with the federal income tax extension,	President Sweeney and Assembly Speaker
		the Governor, Senate President and Assembly Speaker announced they	Coughlin:
		will work to extend the due date to file and make payment until July	"The ongoing COVID-19 pandemic has caused
		15th. Please check back with the Division's website for updates and	hardships, financial strain, and disruptions for
		specific information as it becomes available.	many New Jerseyans and New Jersey
		Will the Division permit the individual employees to reconcile their	businesses. As part of our response, we have
		2020 nonresident income allocation on their 2020 state individual	reached agreement that the state income tax
		income tax returns if employers maintain their existing work state	filing deadline and the corporation business tax
		data in their payroll systems?	filing deadline will be extended from April 15th
		Taxpayers may use a different allocation if warranted. The Division may	to July 15th.
		request supporting documentation for the allocation.  If the answer to the above is yes, will the Division waive applicable	"Additionally, as part of the whole-of- government effort that is going into fighting
			COVID-19, we have agreed that the state fiscal
		penalties and/or interest for individual taxpayers for this period	
		upon the filing of their 2020 tax returns and/or if examined at a later	year should be extended to September 30th. This will allow the Administration and the
		date?	
			Legislature to focus fully on leading New

The Division is unable to waive interest as it is mandated by N.J.S.A.  54A:9-5. Relief from applicable penalties may be granted on a case by case basis if circumstances warrant.  Does the Division plan to issue any written guidance to individual taxpayers regarding how to source their wages for individual income tax purposes if they are performing services as a telecommuter or as a worker temporarily relocated to an out-of-state employer location?  New Jersey sourcing rules dictate that income is sourced based on where the service or employment is performed based on a day's method of allocation. However, during the temporary period of COVID-19 pandemic, wage income will continue to be sourced as determined by the employer in accordance with the employer's jurisdiction.  The Reciprocal Personal Income Tax Agreement between New Jersey and Pennsylvania climinates wage sourcing issues for these employees as there is agreement to not tax the wages of a resident of the other state." (5/6/20 updated, 3/31/20 originally)  NJSCPA continues to advocate for second quarter estimated tax payments to be extended to July 15 to match the federal extension.  (4/16/20)  "2019 Return Due Dates On April 14, 2020 Governor Murphy signed into law the "COVID-19 Fiscal Mitigation Act" (S-2338/A-3918) that extends the due date for certain taxpayers to file and make payments originally due on April 15, 2020 to July 15, 2020.  Individual Gross Income Tax, Partnership, and Corporation Business Tax calendar year filers now have until July 15th to file and pay these taxes, including 1st quarter estimated tax payments.  Penalties and interest will not be imposed on the balance of 2019 income tax due between the original due date and July 15.  All other returns and payments are due on their original due date (including 2nd quarter estimated tax payments.  Penalties and interest will not be imposed on the balance of 2019 income tax due between the original due date on their original due date including 2nd quarter estimated tax payments.  Penal	ormation
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This page was last updated on Wednesday, April 15, 2020.  automatically equation (annual and question)	use and NJ Senate on 3/20. It was
(annual and qu	ed into law on 4/1/20. It would
T	ally extend time to file and pay
11 USL T UHU 1 AACS	nd quarterly) state gross income tax or
Corporation out	on business tax returns (due on or or or 115) if the IRS and federal
the state of the s	ent extends filing or payment due date
government ex	for federal returns. Press release
funds, collected from a consumer or withheld for an employee, to New $(3/16/20)$	of reactal fetuliis. Fress release

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus  Other Inform	nation
		Jersey. Since the business would have already collected or withheld these amounts there will be no extension granted.  • Annual Returns (Individual)  • Annual Returns (Corporation & Partnership)  • Trust Fund Taxes  • Non-Trust Fund Taxes	
		Individual Income Tax Due Date	
		Return Return Number Name April May June July	
		NJ-1040 Resident Individua I Gross Income Tax Return	
		NJ- Nonresid 1040NR ent Individua I Gross Income Tax return	
		NJ-1041 Fiduciary Return 15	
		NJ- Composit 1080C e Nonresid ent Return	
		NJ- Estimated 1040ES Payments (1st Quarter)	
		NJ- Estimated 15 1040ES Payments (2nd Quarter)	
		" (4/15/20)	

Governor signed  $\underline{SB\ 2338}$  on 4/14/20 to extend the 4/15/20 deadline to 7/15/20.

Governor Press Release (4/13/20)

"Governor Murphy Announces Intention to Sign Legislation Extending Tax Filing Deadline

04/13/2020

# Bill Requires New Budget Proposal by August 25

Governor Phil Murphy today announced his intention to sign into law a bill extending New Jersey's income and corporate tax filing deadline to July 15. The bill received final passage in the Legislature today and will be signed by the Governor tomorrow.

"As we continue to battle the COVID-19 pandemic, it is imperative that we give both the state and our residents every opportunity to endure financially," **said Governor Murphy.** "Pushing this deadline into the summer will give us additional time to combat the virus and get as many taxpayers as possible back on sound financial footing."

The Covid-19 Fiscal Mitigation Act, SB 2338, extends the deadline for both Gross Income Tax and Corporation Business Tax filings, aligning New Jersey with the new federal deadline announced late last month. Additionally, the bill extends State Fiscal Year 2020 to September 30, 2020. The bill also extends the deadline for the quarterly payment due this week to July 15. The second quarter payment will still be due on June 15.

In addition to extending the filing deadline, the bill requires the State Treasurer to report by May 22, 2020 on the financial condition of the budget for Fiscal Years 2020 and 2021 and requires that by August 25, the Governor will submit a revised budget proposal for Fiscal Year 2021...." (4/13/20)

<u>NJ Society of CPAs Update</u> on bill passed extending to 7/15 personal and corporate taxes and Governor to sign it on April 14. (4/13/20)

# "New Jersey Extends Tax Deadlines, Here's the List April 13, 2020

Today, the New Jersey Legislature passed a <u>bill</u> to extend the April 15 personal income tax and corporate business tax filing and payment deadlines to July 15. Governor Murphy has announced his intention to sign the bill tomorrow.

The New Jersey Division of Taxation has published a comprehensive list of <u>return due dates</u>. Here are some highlights:

### What's been extended:

- 2019 gross income tax returns and payments, including trusts
- 2019 corporate business tax returns and payments
- First quarter 2020 GIT/CBT estimated tax payments
- First quarter 1041 estimates
- Partnership returns and payments
- Partnership filing fees and licensed professional fees

Penalties and interest will not be imposed on the balance of 2019 income tax due between the original due date and July 15.

## What has NOT been extended:

- Second quarter 2020 estimated tax payments
- Sales and use tax filings and remittances
- Payroll tax remittances (including those imposed by the New Jersey Department of Labor and Workforce Development)
- Inheritance taxes

The Division of Taxation will accept images of signatures (scanned or photographed) and digital signatures on documents related to the determination or collection of tax liability. In addition, the Division of Taxation will allow Division employees to accept documents via email and to transmit documents to taxpayers established through secured messaging systems.

Please continue to check the Division of Taxation COVID-19 page.

NJ Society of CPAs update on tax extension legislation (4/13/20)

# "Tax Extension Legislation Passed by New Jersey Senate

April 13, 2020

Today, the New Jersey Senate passed a bill to extend the April 15 personal income tax and corporate business tax filing and payment deadlines to July 15.

The NJCPA had advocated for broader relief that would grant extensions for all tax-related filing and payment deadlines and also urged the bill's sponsors to modify the legislation to specifically clarify that first and second quarter estimated payments, pass-through entities and informational returns are included in the July 15 extension. The bill was passed without any such modifications. The Assembly is expected to pass the bill this afternoon, and Governor Murphy is expected to sign the bill tomorrow.

What's next? We're working closely with the New Jersey Division of Taxation to get detailed guidance on exactly what is and isn't extended to July 15. We will share that information as soon as we receive it."

NJ Governor Press Release on filing extension to July 15 (4/1/20)

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		"Joint Statement by Governor Murphy, Senate President Sweeney, and Assembly Speaker Coughlin	
		Governor Phil Murphy, Senate President Steve Sweeney and Assembly Speaker Craig Coughlin issued the following joint statement today on the tax filing deadline and the state budget timetable: "The ongoing COVID-19 pandemic has caused hardships, financial strain, and disruptions for many New Jerseyans and New Jersey businesses. As part of our response, we have reached agreement that the <b>state income tax filing deadline and the corporation business tax filing deadline will be extended from April 15<sup>th</sup> to July 15<sup>th</sup>. "Additionally, as part of the whole-of-government effort that is going into fighting COVID-19, we have agreed that the state fiscal year</b>	
		should be extended to September 30 <sup>th</sup> . This will allow the Administration and the Legislature to focus fully on leading New Jersey out of this crisis, and to allow for a robust, comprehensive, and well-informed budget process later in the year.  "We are committed to working together to enact the necessary legislation and supplemental appropriations to accomplish these goals."	
		NOTE – the NJSCPA is working with the DOT to get confirmation and clarification on the below guidance.	
		NJ DOT website on extended filing for individual gross income tax and corporate business tax (4/1/20)	
		"COVID-19 RELATED Information	
		Extension of due dates for Individual Gross Income Tax and Corporation Business Tax – In order to maintain consistency with the federal income tax extension, the Governor, Senate President and Assembly Speaker announced they will work to extend the due date to file and make payments for these taxes until July 15th. Please continue to check back at this website for updates and specific information as it becomes available"	
		No decision has been made yet on the filing and payment date change." (3/31/20)	
		"Murphy will 'almost certainly' announce state tax-filing extension but won't say when	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		A final decision is still pending, but it sounds like Gov. Phil Murphy	
		may soon be granting New Jersey taxpayers a temporary reprieve from	
		next month's fast-approaching deadline to file state income taxes.	
		Over a week ago, state lawmakers sent the governor bipartisan	
		legislation that would put off the April 15 deadline for both filing	
		state income taxes and making payments to settle any tax obligations	
		they still owe, citing concerns about the ongoing novel coronavirus	
		pandemic as a reason to provide more time this year. That's something President Donald Trump's administration has already	
		done at the federal level as many Americans have lost their jobs or have	
		faced other hardships caused by the pandemic. The new deadline for	
		filing federal income taxes and making payments is July 15.	
		But Murphy has yet to take similar action at the state level, sowing some	
		confusion among taxpayers as the April 15 deadline — at least for state	
		income taxes — draws nearer.	
		"When a reporter asked Murphy about the issue on Thursday during the	
		governor's daily press briefing on the state's ongoing response to the	
		pandemic, Murphy said he will "almost certainly" be granting state	
		<b>taxpayers an extension.</b> But he stopped short of saying how soon there	
		will be an announcement, and exactly how long of a delay will be	
		granted."	
		(per <u>Article</u> why.org, 3/29/20)	
		NJ Division of Taxation webpage (bottom), 3/30/20	
		"3/30/20 - Tele-Commuting and Corporate Nexus - As a result of	
		COVID-19 causing people to work from home as a matter of public	
		health, safety, and welfare, the Division will temporarily waive the	
		impact of the legal threshold within N.J.S.A. 54:10A-2 and N.J.A.C.	
		18:7-1.9(a) which treats the presence of employees working from	
		their homes in New Jersey as sufficient nexus for out-of-state corporations. In the event that employees are working from home	
		solely as a result of closures due to the coronavirus outbreak and/or	
		the employer's social distancing policy, no threshold will be	
		considered to have been met.	
New Mexico	Modified enforcement extended	Modified <u>enforcement extended</u> through July (the Department is	Press Release (3/26/20)
	through July 31 (7/2/20)	extending some modifications to its collection and enforcement efforts	
		through July 31) (7/2/20)	"MVD closes field offices statewide
	Tax Relief for COVID-19:	"The Taxation and Revenue Department is extending some	For the safety of the public and to help halt the
	Extension of Time to File and Pay	modifications to its collection and enforcement efforts through July 31.	spread of the COVID-19 virus, all MVD offices
	New Mexico Taxes 3/25/2020	The modifications were originally announced March 30 to help	around the state will be closed effective
	Revised per IRS Notice 2020-18	taxpayers facing financial difficulty because of the public health	immediately and until further notice.
		emergency.	und unit 1510101 Notice.

State	Guidance/Date	
	and 6/30/20 Revised per HB-6	
	<u>2020 Special Session</u> (6/30/20)	
	NM TRD <u>Bulletin</u> and <u>Press</u>	
	Release on filing and payment	
	extension (3/20/20)	
	(July 15 – extend filing and	
	payment for personal, fiduciary, and	
	corporate income tax returns and	
	withholding tax and payments due	
	between April 15 and July 15 and	
	withholding tax returns and	
	payments due between March 25	
	and July 25 may be submitted	
	without penalty by July 25, 2020.	
	Waive late-filing and late-payment penalties. Not waive interest.	
	Personal, fiduciary, and corporate	
	income tax returns, return payments	
	and estimated payments, with a	
	filing or payment due date of April	
	15th are postponed to July 15th,	
	2020. HB-6 allows for taxpayers	
	who file their return by July 15th,	
	2020 to have until April 15, 2021 to	
	pay the tax due in full without	
	getting assessed late payment	
	penalty or interest. Please note,	
	failure to file a return by July 15th,	
	2020 will exclude the taxpayer from	
	the penalty and interest relief	
	through April 15, 2021.	
	Withholding being reported and	
	associated payments due between March 25th, 2020 and July 25th,	
	2020 may be submitted without	
	penalty no later than July 25th,	
	2020. This return filing extension	
	does not apply to gross receipts tax,	
	governmental gross receipts tax,	
	compensating tax, leased vehicle	
	gross receipt receipts, leased vehicle	
	surcharge (reported using CRS), or	

### Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus

The most severe collection activities, including new liens, seizures and injunctions, are now on hold through July 31.

Other modified enforcement activities that will continue include:

- ☐ Taxpayers on payment plans will be offered an additional deadline extension of 30 days, for a total of 90 days, and taxpayers will be encouraged to make good faith payments to prevent defaults.
- ☐ Taxpayers undergoing field or desk audits will be offered the opportunity to request an extension or a waiver giving them more time to produce records.
- ☐ A program that automatically garnishes state tax refunds for payment of federal tax debts remains suspended.
- ☐ Potentially noncompliant taxpayers will be offered managed audits, a voluntary program that can result in a waiver of penalty and interest for 180 days.

Most regular enforcement and collection efforts will resume Aug. 1.

Meanwhile, staff continues to prioritize review and approval of refund requests, business credits and abatements of taxes due, resolving tax protests and clearing identity verification questions on income tax refunds to ensure they are legitimate.

"Combined with the penalty and interest relief enacted during the special legislative session, the State is offering taxpayers experiencing financial strain many options to ease the burden," said Taxation and Revenue Secretary Stephanie Schardin Clarke.

District Offices are accepting appointments and can be contacted at the numbers." (7/2/20)

<u>Tax Relief for COVID-19</u>: Extension of Time to File and Pay New Mexico Taxes (includes an overview of the tax relief provided by H.B. 6) (Rev. July 8)

<u>Tax Relief for COVID-19: Extension of Time to File and Pay New Mexico Taxes 3/25/2020 Revised per IRS Notice 2020-18 and 6/30/20</u> Revised per HB-6 2020 Special Session (6/30/20)

The New Mexico Taxation and Revenue Department (TRD) has announced that New Mexico taxpayers qualify for extended return and payment deadlines due to the Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) pandemic (emergency declaration) by the Federal Government and the

Other Information

MVD offices have been open on an appointment-only basis since March 16. Appointments were only being scheduled on services that could not be obtained online. Previously scheduled appointments will be postponed, and MVD staff will be contacting affected customers.

"We understand this will be difficult on customers and we will make every effort to assist customers with emergency needs throughout this closure. Keeping New Mexico safe must be everyone's first priority right now," said Taxation and Revenue Secretary Stephanie Schardin Clarke. "We are looking into what we can do to ensure that anyone whose license or vehicle registration expires through no fault of their own during the closure is not penalized."

Privately operated MVD businesses were ordered to close Tuesday along with other non-essential businesses.

Many transactions can be conducted at <a href="mailto:mvdonline.com">mvdonline.com</a>, including renewing vehicle registrations, renewing driver's licenses (except for first-time Real ID licenses), updating insurance or address information, renewing disability placards, paying driving citations and more. To access online services, use the "online services" pull-down menu at mvdonline.com and choose "eservices".

The U.S. Department of Homeland Security this week postponed the requirement for Real ID credentials to board commercial aircraft or enter certain federal facilities until Oct. 1, 2021. That means New Mexicans who need a Real ID compliant license for federal purposes now have an extra year to obtain one.

The MVD Call Center will remain operational and can be reached at - 1-888-683-4636."

State Guidance/Date

any other tax program that is not listed above. HB-6 allows for taxpayers who have filed their CRS returns timely, including the extension above for withholding and normal due dates for gross receipts tax and compensating tax that have been unable to pay timely to have until April 25th, 2021 to pay the tax due in full without getting assessed late payment penalty or interest. Please note, failure to file a return by the due date will exclude the taxpayer from the penalty and interest relief through April 25, 2021. There is an extension to pay property tax that was originally due between April 10, 2020 to May 10, 2020 by May 10, 2021 without being assessed penalty and interest. This bill also provides relief for health care providers, excluding hospitals licensed by the Department of Health, with an exemption for monies received by the federal government through payments pursuant to the federal Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act of 2020 (CARES Act).

Note, monies from the CARES Act are only taxable if they are monies received to cover the receipts of services or property sold that are normally taxable under the Gross Receipts and Compensating Tax Act.)

Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus

COVID-19 statewide public health emergency declaration (Executive Order 2020-004) by the Governor of New Mexico, Michelle Lujan Grisham. These extensions affect personal income tax, fiduciary income tax, corporate income tax, and withholding tax. This bulletin will also provide an overview of the tax relief provided by HB-6 which was passed during the 2020 special legislative session and signed into law by Governor Michelle Lujan Grisham on June 29, 2020.

The New Mexico extensions and postponed due dates are as follows:

- Personal, fiduciary, and corporate income tax returns, return payments, and estimated payments, with a filing or payment due date of April 15th are postponed to July 15th, 2020. TRD will not assess penalty or interest if such tax due is paid in full no later than July 15th, 2020 due to the federal postponement. In addition, HB-6 allows for taxpayers who file their return by July 15th, 2020 to have until April 15, 2021 to pay the tax due in full without getting assessed late payment penalty or interest. Please note, failure to file a return by July 15th, 2020 will exclude the taxpayer from the penalty and interest relief through April 15, 2021.
- Personal, fiduciary, and corporate income returns, return payments, and estimated payments due between April 16th and July 14th, 2020 may be submitted without penalty no later than July 15th, 2020. In addition, HB-6 allows for taxpayers who have filed their return by July 15th, 2020 to have until April 15, 2021 to pay the tax due in full without getting assessed late payment penalty or interest. Please note, failure to file a return by the due date will exclude the taxpayer from the penalty and interest relief through April 15, 2021.
- The withholding tax return and payment extension includes withholding reported and paid using the combined reporting system (CRS). Withholding being reported and associated payments due between March 25th, 2020 and July 25th, 2020 may be submitted without penalty no later than July 25th, 2020. This return filing extension does not apply to gross receipts tax, governmental gross receipts tax, compensating tax, leased vehicle gross receipt receipts, leased vehicle surcharge (reported using CRS), or any other tax program that is not listed above.
- In addition, HB-6 allows for taxpayers who have filed their CRS returns timely, including the extension above for withholding and normal due dates for gross receipts tax and compensating tax that have been unable to pay timely to have until April 25th, 2021 to pay the tax due in full without getting assessed late payment penalty or interest.

Other Information

PRIOR Press Release (3/17/20) - TRD district offices open by appointment only

<u>Press Release</u> (3/15/20) - MVD offices to operate by appointment only.

NM TRD Bulletin (Rev. 3/25/20)

"All TRD district offices are currently open on an appointment-only basis as part of the State's efforts to limit inperson contact in response to the COVID-19 public health emergency. Appointments at district offices can be made through the following numbers:

Santa Fe District: 505-827-0920 Albuquerque District: 505-841-6262 Roswell District: 575-627-2900 Las Cruces District: 575-528-6140 Farmington District: 505-599-9701 Compliance Bureau: QRU – 505-470-3462

ALBUQUERQUE Taxation and Revenue Department 5301 Central NE P.O. Box 8485 Albuquerque, NM 87198-8485

SANTA FE Taxation and Revenue Department Manuel Lujan Sr. Bldg. 1200 S. St. Francis Dr. P.O. Box 5374 Santa Fe, NM 87502-5374

FARMINGTON Taxation and Revenue Department 3501 E. Main St., Suite N P.O. Box 479 Farmington, NM 87499-0479 LAS CRUCES Taxation and Revenue Department 2540 S. El Paseo Bldg. #2 P.O. Box 607 Las Cruces, NM 88004-0607

ROSWELL Taxation and Revenue Department 400 Pennsylvania Ave., Suite 200 P.O. Box 1557 Roswell, NM 88202-1557

Call Center: 1-866-285-2996

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		Please note, failure to file a return by the due date will exclude the	General Information. FYIs and Bulletins
		taxpayer from the penalty and interest relief through April 25, 2021.	present general information with a minimum of
		Additional miliaformidal by IID Constant in the other lives 12, 42	technical language. All FYIs and Bulletins may
		Additional relief provided by HB-6, not previously addressed in this publication includes an extension to pay property tax that was originally	be obtained without charge from all local tax offices, the Tax Information and Policy Office
		due between April 10, 2020 to May 10, 2020 by May 10, 2021 without	in Santa Fe and the Department's Internet site.
		being assessed penalty and interest. For individuals who would like to	in Sunta Te and the Bepartment's internet site.
		know more about this please contact your County Officials.	This information is as accurate as possible at
		This bill also provides relief for health care providers, excluding	time of publication. Subsequent legislation, new
		hospitals licensed by the Department of Health, with an exemption for	state regulations and case law may affect its
		monies received by the federal government through payments pursuant	accuracy. For the latest information please
		to the federal Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act of	check the Taxation and Revenue Department's
		2020 (CARES Act).  Note, monies from the CARES Act are only taxable if they are monies	web site at www.tax.newmexico.gov.
		received to cover the receipts of services or property sold that are	This publication provides instructions or
		normally taxable under the Gross Receipts and Compensating Tax Act.	general information to the taxpayer. It does not
		If you have questions about a specific type of income from the CARES	constitute a regulation or ruling as defined
		Act please email policy.office@state.nm.us.	under Section 7-1-60, New Mexico Statutes
			Annotated, 1978. Taxpayers and preparers are
		Per Federation of Tax Administrators (4/13/20)	responsible for being aware of New Mexico tax laws and rules. Consult the Department directly
		New Mexico extended estimated payments.	if you have questions or concerns about
		NM TRD <u>Bulletin</u> (Rev. 3/25/20) and <u>Press Release</u> (3/20/20)	information provided in this Bulletin."
		NM TRD <u>Bulletin</u> (Rev. 3/25/20)	
		"Tax Relief for COVID19: Extension of Time to File and Pay New	
		Mexico Taxes (Revised per IRS Notice 2020-18)	
		The New Mexico Taxation and Revenue Department (TRD) has	
		announced that New Mexico taxpayers qualify for extended return	
		and payment deadlines due to the Coronavirus Disease 2019	
		(COVID-19) pandemic (emergency declaration) by the Federal	
		Government and the COVID-19 statewide public health emergency	
		declaration (Executive Order 2020-004) by the Governor of New Mexico Michelle Lujan Grisham. <b>These extensions affect personal</b>	
		income tax, fiduciary income tax, corporate income tax, and	
		withholding tax.	
		On March 20th, 2020, Sacretory Stanhania Sahandin Clarks and animal	
		On March 20th, 2020, Secretary Stephanie Schardin Clarke authorized extensions for payment of personal, fiduciary, and corporate income	
		tax, as well as withholding tax, with her authority under Section 7-1-13	
		NMSA 1978. On March 21st, the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) issued	
		a press release (IR-2020-58) and guidance (Notice 2020-18)	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
State	Guidance/Date	automatically postponing the federal filing due dates for personal, fiduciary, and corporate income tax. For more information on IRS extensions click here.  The New Mexico extensions and postponed due dates are as follows:  • Personal, fiduciary, and corporate income tax returns, return payments, and estimated payments, with a filing or payment due date of April 15th are postponed to July 15th, 2020. TRD will not assess penalty or interest if such tax due is paid in full no later than July 15th, 2020 due to the federal postponement.  • Personal, fiduciary, and corporate income estimated payments due between April 16th and July 14th, 2020 may be submitted without penalty no later than July 15th, 2020. However, interest will be due on payments made after their original due date because TRD and the Secretary have no authority under Section 7-1-13 NMSA 1978 to waive interest otherwise due.  • The withholding tax payment extension includes withholding reported and paid using the combined reporting system (CRS). Withholding being reported and associated payments due between March 25th, 2020 and July 25th, 2020 may be submitted without penalty no later than July 25th, 2020. However, interest will be due on payments made after March 25th, 2020 because TRD and the Secretary have no authority under Section 7-1-13 NMSA 1978 to waive interest otherwise due.  The extensions do not apply to gross receipts tax, governmental gross receipts tax, compensating tax, leased vehicle gross receipt receipts, leased vehicle surcharge (reported using CRS), or any other tax program that is not listed above.  Affected taxpayers do not have to call or write in to TRD. Currently, TRD is working on making system changes to reflect these extensions. If you receive a letter in the mail regarding these taxes for the periods listed above, please feel free to write to TRD or disregard the letter.	Other Information
		Please note, if you are able and would like to pay and file your New Mexico returns you can file and pay free of charge through TRD's Taxpayer Access Point (TAP). If you have filed a return and you are due a refund, the Department is processing those returns and refunds. You can check your refund status through TAP. TAP is available here: https://tap.state.nm.us/Tap/_/	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		In addition, all relief workers affiliated with a recognized government or philanthropic organization assisting in the relief activities New Mexico may be entitled to additional relief per Section 7-1-83 NMSA 1978. Visit the Department's web site at http://www.tax.newmexico.gov for forms and instructions"	
		Press Release on filing and payment extension (3/20/20)	
		New Mexico extends income and payroll tax deadlines	
		Gov. Michelle Lujan Grisham and Taxation and Revenue Department Secretary Stephanie Schardin Clarke announced Friday that New Mexicans will have an extra 90 days to file and pay their 2019 personal income taxes in recognition of the economic hardships many are facing as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic. Taxpayers will have until July 15 to file and pay any taxes due.	
		The deadline for 2019 corporate income taxes also will be extended until July 15. In addition, the state is extending deadlines for employers to remit withholding taxes. Taken together, these actions comprise hundreds of millions of dollars of immediate fiscal support to New Mexico's economy.	
		"The unprecedented public health crisis caused by COVID-19 is also causing great financial hardship for New Mexico residents and small businesses," said Governor Michelle Lujan Grisham. "These actions represent one piece of our overall efforts to support our businesses and families during this emergency."	
		Taxpayers who elect to take advantage of the income tax extensions will not be assessed penalties as long as payment is received by July 15, 2020. Under New Mexico law, however, interest will accrue on any unpaid balances from April 15 forward.	
		Withholding tax is withheld from employee wages and remitted to the state each month. Under today's action, withholding taxes normally due on the 25th of March, April, May and June will now be due on July 25.	
		The state will waive any penalties for withholding taxes not remitted during the grace period. However, under state law, interest will accrue from the original due date. The governor expressed support for	

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		waiving or refunding any interest owed by taxpayers taking advantage of the extensions announced today.	
		The extension is intended to ease the cash flow problems many businesses face as a result of closures or reduced customer traffic and may prevent some businesses from laying off employees.	
		"We understand that this unprecedented public health emergency is placing enormous financial strain on many residents and businesses. These tax extensions will allow individuals and businesses in New Mexico to keep more money in their pockets for the next three months and to better weather this storm," said Taxation and Revenue Secretary Stephanie Schardin Clarke.	
		The Department also is assigning extra staff to help process income tax returns to expedite the payment of any refunds due to taxpayers who have already filed.	
		Anyone who has filed a return and is due a refund can check the status of that refund through the Taxpayer Access Point (TAP) at tax.newmexico.gov.	
		Taxpayers are encouraged to file electronically or through the TAP system, if possible, to expedite their returns. Paper returns are still being accepted but will take longer to process."	
New York (and NYC)	NY enacted <u>SB 8832</u> — allows tax preparers to file their client's NYS tax returns with an electronic signature. Taxpayers and practitioners can permanently	NYS DTF - Technical Memorandum TSB-M-20(1)C, (2)I Corporation Tax Income Tax on E-File Authorizations (TR-579 forms) for Taxpayers Using a Paid Preparer for Electronically Filed Tax Returns (10/6/20) This memorandum provides guidance regarding the use of an electronic	As part of NYSSCPA's ongoing efforts to support the needs of our members, they <u>issued a letter</u> to the New York State Department of Taxation and Finance (NYSDTF) seeking clarification on the N-20-8 notice regarding the
	submit to NY state tax authorization forms with an electronic signature instead of the traditional wet signature. (8/24/20)	signature on tax documents collected by tax preparers under Tax Law §171-aa. Taxpayer Signature Required on Electronic Return Authorizations Taxpayers using a tax return preparer or other electronic return originator (ERO) to electronically file their return are required to sign and date the applicable e-file authorization (Form TR-579) in order	payments of estimated taxes. (6/12/20)  "Notice N-20-8 which changes the 2020 estimated tax installment dates states that "penalties with respect to the underpayment of
	Tax Department response to novel coronavirus (COVID-19)  NYS DOTF – N-20-8	to authorize electronic filing. This authorization occurs after reviewing their return and ensuring the return information on the TR-579 matches the information on the return. The taxpayer must return the completed TR-579 to the ERO and may do so by electronic means	estimated tax for individuals and fiduciaries will be calculated based on these revised dates" of June 15th for the first installment and July 15th for the second.
	Announcement Regarding June Estimated Tax Payments (6/11/20)	(for example, by fax or email). EROs must retain the signed TR-579s for a period of three years. EROs do not send TR-579s to the Tax Department unless the Tax Department requests them to do so. New Option for Taxpayers to Use Electronic Signature to Sign TR-579s	For clarification, does this mean that taxpayers who have underpaid the first quarter will be penalized as of June 15th, rather than July 15th

State

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NYS DOTF N-20-7 Notice on
Changes on 2019 NYS Personal

Income Tax Return (6/10/20)

NYS DOTF Notice N-20-6-Extension for the Abatement of Penalties and Interest for Sales and Use Tax due to the Novel Coronavirus, COVID-19 (Updated May 21, 2020)

<u>N-20-5</u>, Temporary Authorization to Use Digital Signatures on Certain Documents Due to the Novel Coronavirus, COVID-19, Extended to 7/15. (5/20/20)

NYS <u>Notice N-20-3</u> - Temporary Authorization to Use Digital Signatures on Certain Documents Due to the Novel Coronavirus, COVID-19 (4/28/20)

Executive Order 202.32 (5/21/20)

Executive Order Number 202.31 on extending digital signatures for duration of the pandemic – was previously until 5/9 and then 6/7 and now through the pandemic (5/14/20)

Governor Executive Order 202.15 on accept electronic signature (4/9/20)

NY State Department of Taxation and Finance N-20-2 – March 2020 (3/30/20)

NYSDTF Covid-19 response website 3/30/20

NYSDTF Bulletin 3/29/20

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Effective immediately, electronic signatures may be used by taxpavers on all TR-579s. If the software provides electronic signature capability and the other requirements set forth below are also met, a TR-579 that is electronically signed by the taxpayer is acceptable. If taxpayers use an electronic signature, the software and the ERO must be able to verify the taxpayer's identity. Electronic signatures appear in many forms and may be created by many different technologies. The Tax Department does not require that any specific technology be used. Examples of acceptable electronic signature technologies include: • A handwritten signature input onto an electronic signature pad. • A handwritten signature, mark or command input on a display screen by means of a stylus device. • A digitized image of a handwritten signature that is attached to an electronic record. • A typed name (for example, typed at the end of an electronic record or typed into a signature block on a website form by a signer). • A digital signature. • A mark captured as a scalable graphic.

The software must record the following data: • Digital image of the signed form. • Date and time of the signature. • Taxpaver's computer IP address (Remote transaction only). • Taxpayer's login identification user name (Remote transaction only). • Identity verification: Taxpayer's knowledge-based authentication passed results and for in-person transactions, confirmation that government picture identification has been verified. • Method used to sign the record (for example, typed name); or a system log; or other audit trail that reflects the completion of the electronic signature process by the signer. Note: The ERO must provide this information to the Tax Department upon request. Identity Verification Requirements The electronic signing process must be associated with a person. Accordingly, ensuring the validity of any electronically signed record begins with identification and authentication of the taxpayer. The electronic signature process must be able to generate evidence of the person the electronic form of signature belongs to, as well as generate evidence that the identified person is actually associated with the electronic record. If there is more than one taxpayer for the electronic record, the electronic signature process must be designed to separately identify and authenticate each taxpayer. The identity verification requirements must be in accordance with National Institute of Standards and Technology, Special Publication 800-63, Digital Identity Guidelines, Level 2 assurance level and knowledgebased authentication or higher assurance level. Electronic Signature via In-Person Transaction An in-person transaction for electronic signature is one in which the taxpayer is electronically signing the form and the ERO is physically present with the taxpayer at the time of signing. The ERO must validate the taxpayer's identity for in-person transactions

Other Information

as per N-20-2? If that is the case, we would appreciate specific guidance on this matter (including with respect to abatement of penalties) since it is a change in treatment of guidance that was used to provide advice and instruction to our clients.

A second issue is the treatment of extension payments that, if resulting in an overpayment, will be applied to 2020 estimated tax. Will that overpayment applied to the now first quarter of June 15th be considered as paid timely or will it be subject to an underpayment penalty since the due date for the first quarter is one month earlier?

The third issue is the method of calculating the underpayment on the annualized income method. Will the June 15th first installment still be calculated using the first 3 months and the second installment using 5 months? Or can we use 5 and 6 months respectively? The issue here is that if taxpayers are required to use 3 months, it is likely that the annualized method will be a distorted method since Pause began only at the end of the period.

A fourth issue is related to payments that have been scheduled for automatic withdrawals. Prior to N-208, the first quarter installment payment was scheduled for July 15th and the second quarter June 15th. Will those dates now be reversed in the payment system resulting in a different amount than expected being withdrawn from a taxpayer's bank account? This could create serious issues. How is DTF addressing this?" (6/12/20)

New York Senate bill <u>S.8386</u>, introduced on May 21, 2020 and <u>summary</u> - Authorizes businesses to designate work performed remotely due to the outbreak of COVID-19 to have been performed at its normal work location for state and local tax purposes for the

State Guidance/Date Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus Other Information unless there is a multi-year business relationship between the taxpaver duration of the state disaster emergency NYSDTF Website 3/30/20 and the ERO. A multi-year business relationship is one in which the declared pursuant to executive order 202. ERO has originated tax returns for the taxpayer for a prior tax year and has identified the taxpayer using the identity verification process Executive Order No. 202.12 From EY Payroll alert (5/28/20) (3/28/20)described below. For in-person transactions, the ERO must inspect a "New York Senate bill would allow valid government picture identification; compare picture to presenter; businesses to treat income earned working and record the name, social security number, address, and date of birth. Governor Press Release on abate from home, outside New York due to interest for 60 days for sales and use Examples of government picture identification (ID) include: a driver's COVID-19, as exempt from NY income tax license, employer ID, school ID, state ID, military ID, national ID, voter taxes (3/20/20) and withholding New York Senate bill <u>S.8386</u>, introduced on ID, visa, or passport. NY Dept of Revenue and Taxation May 21, 2020, would provide relief to website (3/20/20) businesses whose employees are working Verify that the name, social security number, address, date of birth, and from home outside of New York State due to other personal information on the record are consistent with the Notice 2020-01 on abatement of COVID-19 by confirming that such telework information provided through record checks with the applicable agency penalties and interest for sales and is due to the necessity of the employer and or institution or through credit bureaus or similar databases. For in use tax due 3/20 and paid within 60 not the convenience of the employee and is person transactions, the identity verification through a records days of due date (3/20) exempt from New York income tax and check is optional. Electronic Signature Via Remote Transaction A income tax withholding. remote transaction for electronic signature is one in which the taxpayer FEMA website on NY disaster The bill would apply only for the period that is electronically signing the form and the ERO is not physically present declaration employers mandated employees work from with the taxpayer. For remote transactions, the ERO must record the (3/20/20)home pursuant to the emergency declaration name, social security number, address, and date of birth of the in New York Executive Order 202. Should the taxpaver. Verify that the name, social security number, address, date of bill become law, it would be effective Governor Executive Order (3/20/20) birth, and other personal information on record are consistent with the immediately but would apply only to the information provided through record checks with the applicable agency time covered by the executive order, which NYS Department of Taxation and or institution or through credit bureaus or similar databases. Note: An is currently March 7, 2020 through Finance Coronavirus Response electronic signature via remote transaction does not include a September 7, 2020. Website (3/16/20) taxpayer's handwritten signature on the TR-579 sent to the ERO by Under New York's convenience-of-theelectronic or other means of delivery. Identity Verification The employer rule, the employer is required to software used for the electronic signature process may use credit records, **New York City:** Additional withhold New York state income tax from all also known as credit reports, to verify the taxpayer's identity. Identity Business Tax Filing Extensions and wages paid to the employee if (1) the the COVID-19 Outbreak (5/22/20) verification may consist of a record check with a credit reporting agency. employee spent at least one day in the year in A credit reporting agency uses information from the taxpayer's credit New York and (2) the reason the employee is report to generate knowledge-based authentication questions. This action NYC DOF FINANCE working from home outside of the state is for may create an entry on the credit report called a soft inquiry. The MEMORANDUM 20-2 (3/19/20) the employee's own convenience. If the software used for the electronic signature process should include an reason the employee is working from home is advisory to taxpayers stating the use of third party data for identity (July 15 – extended filing and for the convenience of the employer, work verification; how third party data is used for identity verification; if a payment until July 15, 2020, for from home is excluded from the nonresident soft inquiry will be generated and the effect, if any, on the credit report, New York State personal income income tax withholding requirement. (TSB-Mcredit scores, and reporting to lenders; and how the inquiry may appear tax and corporation tax returns and 06(5) I.)on the credit report. The software should also include an advisory to fiduciaries (estates and trusts) taxpayers stating the Tax Department will not be given view of or access Thus far, the New York Department of Tax originally due on April 15, 2020. and Finance has not issued guidance pursuant to a taxpayer's credit report, nor will the credit reporting company or any Waives interest and penalties. to COVID-19 and the so-called "convenienceother identity verification third party have access to the taxpayer's tax Taxpayers can defer all related tax of-the-employer rule," leaving businesses information. The process of identity verification through the use of a

payments (including installments of

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estimated taxes for the 2020 tax year, due on April 15, 2020, to July 15, 2020, without penalties and interest, regardless of the amount owed. If you are unable to file your 2019 return by July 15, 2020, you can request an automatic extension to file your return. The personal and corporate return will be due on October 15, 2020 (and the fiduciary income tax return will be due September 30, if the extension request is filed by July 15, 2020, and you properly estimate and pay your 2019 tax liability with your extension request. No extension is provided in this notice for the payment or deposit of any other type of state tax, or for the filing of any state information return. Remittance of income tax withheld by employers required to be made using Form NYS-1, Return of Tax Withheld, must be made on time. For the period from the date (April 7, 2020) of this Executive Order through May 9, 2020 (then extended to 6/7/20 and then until 7/15), the Department of Taxation and Finance is authorized to accept digital signatures in lieu of handwritten signatures on documents related to the determination or collection of tax liability. Tax is temporarily authorized to accept digital signatures in place of handwritten signatures on documents related to the determination or collection of tax liability. Through the end of the disaster emergency. Tax will allow taxpavers and their representative(s) holding a valid power of attorney (POA) to digitally sign documents

record check with a credit reporting company or other identity verification third party for purposes of electronically signing does not require additional consents from the taxpayer beyond those obtained for preparing and filing their taxes, nor does it violate any of the secrecy provisions of the Tax Law. Identity Verification Failure When an ERO uses tax preparation software to interact with the taxpayer for purposes of obtaining an electronic signature on a TR-579, the software will enable the identity verification using knowledge-based authentication questions. If the taxpaver fails the knowledge-based authentication questions after three attempts, then the ERO must obtain a handwritten signature on the TR-579. Electronic Records Electronic signatures must be linked to their respective electronic records to ensure that the signatures cannot be excised, copied, or otherwise transferred to falsify an electronic record. After the electronic record has been signed, it must be tamper-proof. Therefore, techniques must be employed that lock a document and prevent it from being modified. Storage systems must have secure access control to ensure that the electronic records cannot be modified. Additionally, storage systems must also contain a retrieval system that includes an indexing system, and the ability to reproduce legible and readable hardcopies of electronically stored records. ERO Signature Where an ERO signature is required on a TR-579, an ERO may sign by means of a rubber stamp, mechanical device, or computer software program (in accordance with TSB-M05(1)C, (1)I, (1)S, (1)M, Alternative Methods of Signing for Tax Return Preparers). The signed form must include either a facsimile of the ERO's signature or the ERO's printed name. The ERO is personally responsible for affixing the signature to the applicable TR-579. The signed form must be retained for three years from the return due date or the NYS received date, whichever is later. EROs do not send TR-579s to the Tax Department unless the Tax Department requests they do so. (10/6/20)

NY enacted <u>SB 8832</u> – signed by the Governor 8/24/20 – <u>permanent</u> <u>legislation</u> allows tax preparers to file their client's NYS tax returns with an electronic signature. (8/24/20)

Taxpayers and practitioners can permanently submit to NY state tax authorization forms with an electronic signature instead of the traditional wet signature. New York and Hawaii were the only states in the nation that prohibited this.

<u>Learn about the history</u> of the NYSSCPA's role in passing the esignature bill on behalf of our members.

with uncertainty as to how the Department would rule on the matter should employers reach the conclusion that income employees earn working from home outside of New York during the COVID-19 emergency is exempt from New York income tax and income tax withholding.

The New York Department of Tax and Finance has received numerous requests to issue guidance similar to that contained in S. 8386. For instance, on April 10, 2020, the New York Bar Association issued a letter of recommendation urging COVID-19 relief through the convenience-of-the-employer rule." (5/28/20)

NY - <u>S.B. 8386</u>, referred to the Budget and Revenue Committee on May 21, would provide that for the duration of the state disaster emergency under Executive Order 202, a business which has required some or all of its employees to work remotely as a result of COVID-19, may designate the remote work as having been performed at the location the work was performed prior to the declaration of the emergency for all state and local tax purposes, including but not limited to, apportionment. (6/2/20)

S.B. 8394, referred to the Budget and Revenue Committee on May 21, would exempt certain personal protective clothing and equipment from sales and use tax. (6/2/20)

S.B. 8138, passed by the Assembly and returned to the Senate on May 28, would amend the New York Real Property Tax Law to create a new Article 9-A addressing special deferments and installment payments during the COVID-19 State of Emergency. (6/2/20)

S.B. 8411, passed by the Assembly and returned to the Senate on May 27, provides, for New York City corporation, unincorporated business, and bank tax purposes, decoupling

State Guidance/Date such as: waivers of statutes of limitations on assessment or collection, waivers of statutory notices of deficiency and consents to assessment, consents to audit changes and BCMS conferee orders, statements of proposed audit changes, closing and other agreements between Tax and taxpayers, petitions for advisory petitions and BCMS conferences, other requests for taxpayer relief, and audit method elections. Tax cannot accept a digitally signed POA. When submitting a digital signature to Tax, to eliminate mailing documents to the extent possible, taxpayers, POAs, and Tax employees can use all existing and previously allowable means of receiving and transmitting documents, such as via fax or established secured messaging systems. The choice to transmit documents to Tax electronically is solely that of the taxpayer. If the taxpayer is not able to fax the executed document or to provide it through secure messaging, the taxpaver may use email with attachments to transmit the document to Tax. The document must be in one of the file types specified in section 1 above, that is, tiff, jpg, jpeg, PDF, Microsoft Office suite, or Zip. Individuals and fiduciaries should consider the estimated tax payment due on June 15, 2020, as the 1st installment payment towards the 2020 tax year.

Individuals and fiduciaries should

consider the estimated tax payment

due on July 15, 2020, as the 2nd

installment payment of the 2020

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As guidance becomes available, we will post on the <a href="mailto:nysscpa.org/covid19">nysscpa.org/covid19</a> page.

"IF A TAX DOCUMENT IS AUTHORIZED BY THE COMMISSIONER TO BE FILED ELECTRONICALLY, THEN ANY ASSOCIATED E-FILE AUTHORIZATION PRESCRIBED BY THE COMMISSIONER MAY BE SIGNED USING AN ELECTRONIC SIGNATURE COMPLIANT WITH ANY INSTRUCTIONS PRESCRIBED BY THE COMMISSIONER. (C) AN E-FILE AUTHORIZATION SIGNED ELECTRONICALLY IN THE MANNER SET FORTH IN SUBSECTION (B) OF THIS SECTION SHALL HAVE THE SAME FORCE AND EFFECT AS A HANDWRITTEN SIGNATURE AND MAY BE PROVIDED TO A TAX PREPARER BY ELECTRONIC MEANS."

"Under the current law, individual filers are able to use an electronic signature to file their own NYS tax returns. For federal tax returns, tax preparers are able to use an electronic signature to file a federal tax return to the IRS on behalf of their clients." (8/24/20)

S.B. 8819, the Welcome Heroes Tax Relief Act of 2020, referred to the Rules Committee on July 20, would provide that an out-of-state business that conducts operations in New York for the purpose of performing COVID-19 emergency related work or services during the COVID-19 period (as defined therein) will not be considered to have established a level of presence that would require it to register, file and/or remit state or local taxes or that would require it or its out-of-state employees to be subject to any state licensing or registration requirements. However, outof-state businesses and out-of-state employees will be required to pay transaction taxes and fees including, but not limited to, fuel taxes or sales and compensating use taxes on materials or services subject to sales and compensating use taxes, hotel taxes, car rental taxes or fees that the out-of-state affiliated business or out-of-state employee purchases for use or consumption in New York during the COVID-19 period, unless these taxes are otherwise exempted during the COVID-19 period. (8/2/20)

Sales Tax Exemption for Facemasks: New York <u>S.B. 8732</u>, referred to the Rules Committee on July 13, would provide for a sales and use tax exemption for cloth face coverings used to prevent the spread of the coronavirus, COVID-19. The bill is identical to <u>A.B. 10570</u>. (8/2/20)

NYS DOTF – N-20-8 Announcement Regarding June Estimated Tax Payments (6/11/20)

Other Information

from the CARES Act's taxpayer-favorable modifications to: (1) IRC § 163(j) business interest limitations (rather than the enacted budget bill's decoupling from only the CARES Act's increased limitation threshold from 30 percent to 50 percent provided by IRC § 163(j)(10)(A)(i)); (2) IRC § 172 net operating loss deduction; and (3) IRC § 461(l) excess business loss deduction for individuals and flow-through entities. (6/2/20)

NEW YORK STATE BAR ASSOCIATION TRUSTS AND ESTATES LAW SECTION REPORT OF THE TAXATION COMMITTEE REQUEST FOR FURTHER NEW YORK TAX POSTPONEMENT RELIEF THROUGH JULY 15, 2020 (5/7/20)

From Article in Law 360 (4/16/20)

"NY Bill Seeks To Block Tax Credits To Cos. Getting Bailouts

New York would prohibit companies receiving federal corporate bailout money from claiming New York tax credits for three years after they buy back their own shares, under a bill recently introduced in the state Assembly.

NYSCPA update on electronic signature (4/10/20)

New York Governor Andrew Cuomo issued an executive order that, among other things, temporarily authorizes the state tax department to accept digital signatures on certain documents. The order, located under the third from last bullet point, reads as follows:

"For the period from the date of this Executive Order through May 9, 2020, the Department of Taxation and Finance is authorized to accept digital signatures in lieu of handwritten signatures on documents related to the determination or collection of tax liability. The

State Guidance/Date tax year. Penalties with respect to the underpayment of estimated tax for individuals and fiduciaries will be calculated based on these revised dates. Any amendments made to the IRC after March 1, 2020, will not apply to New York State or New York City personal income tax.2 Therefore, any retroactive changes made to the IRC after March 1, 2020, should not be taken into account when filing your 2019 New York State personal income tax return. For example, the federal CARES Act3 made retroactive changes to the IRC on March 27, 2020. Although these changes may impact your 2019 federal income tax return. they should not be reflected on your 2019 New York State personal income tax return. NY enacted SB 8832 – signed by the Governor 8/24/20 allows tax preparers to file their client's NYS tax returns with an electronic signature and permanently submit to NY state tax authorization forms with an electronic signature instead of the traditional wet signature. Effective immediately, electronic signatures may be used by taxpayers on all efile authorizations, TR-579s.)

(NYC – April 25 - waive penalties for late filing, late payment, and underpayment penalties for business and excise taxes due between 3/16/20 and 4/25/20 – can *request* waiver of penalties on late filed extension or return or separate request. Interest is not waived – from the original due date.)

### Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus

"Announcement Regarding June Estimated Tax Payments Pursuant to Governor Cuomo's Executive Order # 202.12, the Tax Department extended the April 15, 2020, due date to July 15, 2020, for New York State personal income tax and corporation tax returns originally due on April 15, 2020, and for all related tax payments, including estimated tax payments, that were due on April 15, 2020. See N-20-2, Announcement Regarding Relief from Certain Filing and Payment Deadlines due to the Novel Coronavirus, COVID-19. The due date for estimated tax payments due on June 15, 2020, for personal income, fiduciary, and corporate taxpayers remains in place. Accordingly, for purposes of 2020 estimated tax payments:

- Individuals and fiduciaries should consider the estimated tax payment due on June 15, 2020, as the 1st installment payment towards the 2020 tax year.
- Individuals and fiduciaries should consider the estimated tax payment due on July 15, 2020, as the 2nd installment payment of the 2020 tax year. Penalties with respect to the underpayment of estimated tax for individuals and fiduciaries will be calculated based on these revised dates." (6/11/20)

NYS DOTF N-20-7 Notice on Changes on 2019 NYS Personal Income Tax Return (6/10/20)

"Impact of Changes to the Internal Revenue Code (IRC) on the 2019 New York State Personal Income Tax Returns

### General

Due to changes in the Tax Law as part of the 2020-2021 New York State budget1, any amendments made to the IRC after March 1, 2020, will not apply to New York State or New York City personal income tax.2 Therefore, any retroactive changes made to the IRC after March 1, 2020, should not be taken into account when filing your 2019 New York State personal income tax return. For example, the federal CARES Act3 made retroactive changes to the IRC on March 27, 2020. Although these changes may impact your 2019 federal income tax return, they should not be reflected on your 2019 New York State personal income tax return. For information on these and other federal changes to the IRC, visit the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) website at www.irs.gov.

Filing your 2019 New York State personal income tax return Individuals, Partnerships, Estates, and Trusts

### Other Information

Commissioner of Taxation and Finance shall determine which documents this directive shall apply to and shall further define the requirements for accepted digital signatures."

The Society, for many years, has advocated for preparers to be able to use electronic signatures on behalf of their clients as they can do on the federal level, having made this issue one of its major <u>legislative priorities</u>. The global pandemic made this issue much more important given the number of people homebound, and so the Society pressed its argument even further <u>in</u> a recent letter to the governor's office.

The Society has already reached out to Albany for further clarification and guidance. We will update this story as new information becomes available." (4/10/20)

NYSSCPA update to members (4/13/20) "As many of you know, a top legislative priority for the NYSSCPA has long been the expanded use of electronic signatures on New York State tax returns. The requirement of a "wet signature" is a pain point for our members and their clients due to federal authorization forms accepting e-signatures while NY State tax forms require a physical signature for both individuals and business returns.

Recently, the Society received an **Executive** 

Order signed by Governor Cuomo authorizing the New York State Department of Taxation and Finance (NYSDTF) to accept electronic signatures for New York State Tax Returns through May 9, 2020. Excerpt of Section 29-a of Article 2-B of the Executive Law

For the period from the date (April 7, 2020) of this Executive Order through May 9, 2020, the Department of Taxation and Finance is authorized to accept digital signatures in lieu of handwritten signatures on documents related to the determination or collection of

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		• If you file your 2019 return using software, software developers that	tax liability. The Commissioner of Taxation
		produce e-file approved commercial software for New York State	and Finance shall determine which documents
		personal income tax have been advised not to update the 2019 federal	this directive shall apply to and shall further
		income tax computation for New York State income tax purposes to	define the requirements for accepted digital
		account for any changes made to the IRC after March 1, 2020.	signatures.
		Therefore, the software should correctly compute the federal amounts	What this means for you
		to be used on your New York State personal income tax return.	This temporary suspension of "wet signatures"
		•If you file your 2019 return without software, you must compute any	allows for quicker and easier submission of
		federal amounts using the federal forms the IRS made available prior	New York State tax returns and ensures the
		to March 1, 2020. You can find copies of these federal forms by	safety of our members and their clients since no
		visiting our website at www.tax.ny.gov (search: decouple).4 Amended	direct contact in pursuit of a signature is
		returns (individuals, partnerships, estates, and trusts)	required.
		•Regardless of whether you filed your original return using software, if	NYSSCPA Action
		you file an amended federal return due solely to changes made to the	We have made a request to NYSDTF for
		IRC after March 1, 2020, do not file an amended return with New York	clarification on the significance of a May 9,
		State.	2020 due date and will disseminate additional
		1 Part WWW of Chapter 58 of the Laws of 2020 2 Tax Law Article 22	guidance as soon as it becomes available.
		and Administrative Code of the City of New York Chapter 17 3 Public	Please do check <u>nysscpa.org/covid19</u> for
		Law 116-136 4 The federal forms available on the Tax Department's	ongoing updates." (4/13/20)
		website are only for the purpose of filing your 2019 New York State	NIVOCODA A A
		personal income tax return. They should not be filed with the IRS.	NYSSCPA Actions:
		•If you need to amend your federal or New York State return to make adjustments that are not related to changes made to the IRC after	Request for Extension of Time to File UBT Returns for Individual and Single-Member
		March 1, 2020, and you use software to prepare an amended New York	LLCs and for Business Corporation Tax
		State return, your software should correctly compute the federal	Returns
		amounts to be used on your amended New York State return.	Keturis
		•If you need to amend a previously filed 2019 Form IT-201, Form IT-	Guidance for Filing UBT Returns for Individual
		203, Form IT-204, or Form IT-205, are not using software, and need to	and Single-Member LLCs and for Business
		amend your return to make adjustments that are not related to changes	Corporation Tax Returns
		to the IRC after March 1, 2020, use the federal forms the IRS made	<u>Corporation Fair Federics</u>
		available prior to March 1, 2020, to recompute any federal amounts.	NYSSCPA Letter to Gov. Cuomo Requesting
		You can find copies of these federal forms by visiting our website at	Acceptance of eSignatures
		www.tax.ny.gov (search: decouple).4" (6/10/20)	Letter on Small Business Payroll Funding to
			Rep. Velazquez
		Tax Department response to novel coronavirus (COVID-19)	Letter on Small Business Payroll Funding to
		* ` '	Rep. Suozzi
		From NY DOTF email Reminder of due date of 6/15/20:	60 Day Interest Abatement Authorized for Sales
			and Use Taxes
		Corporation tax (New York C corporation and New York S	New IRS Notice 2020-18 - Grant of Relief
		corporation) estimated tax payments for calendar year file	<u>Update on NYSSCPA Request for Extension</u>
		Personal income tax (and MCTMT if applicable) estimated tax	<u>for TC201/TC309</u>
		payments	Tax Deadline Moved to July 15
		<ul> <li>Partnership and LLC estimated tax payments (NYS and MCTMT if</li> </ul>	Letter to Gov. Cuomo - New York State Tax
		applicable)	Filing Deadline Extension Request

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
State	Guidance, Date	(For payments required to be made on behalf of nonresident partners	Senate Request for Tax Filing Relief for
		and members and C corporations)	America Act Support
		• S corporation estimated tax payments (For payments required to be	NYSSCPA Member Update – Tax Deadlines,
		made on behalf of nonresident shareholders)	OMB Memo and Event Status
			Tax Filing and Payment Relief Needed
		New York City: Additional Business Tax Filing Extensions and the	NYSSCPA Works to Extend Tax Deadlines
		COVID-19 Outbreak (5/22/20)	
			NYSCPA letter requesting waiving wet
		NYS DOTF Notice N-20-6-Extension for the Abatement of Penalties	signature requirement for e-file authorization
		and Interest for Sales and Use Tax due to the Novel Coronavirus,	(3/24/20)
		<u>COVID-19</u> (Updated May 21, 2020)	"On halaffactal Na Wall Grand Garden of
		"F 4 ' C 4 A1 4 4 CD 14' 11 4 4 C C 1 111	"On behalf of the New York State Society of
		"Extension for the Abatement of Penalties and Interest for Sales and Use	Certified Public Accountants (NYSSCPA), an organization representing more than 24,000
		Tax due to the Novel Coronavirus, COVID-19	CPAs in public practice, business, government
		The Tax Commissioner's authority to abate interest, in addition to late	and education, we applaud your leadership in
		filing and payment penalties, for taxpayers who were required to file	this unprecedented time. Your efforts to
		returns and remit sales and use taxes by March 20, 2020, for the sales tax	combat the spread of the novel coronavirus
		quarterly period that ended February 29, 2020, was scheduled to expire	(COVID-19) have been truly inspiring and have
		on May 19, 2020. Governor Cuomo's Executive Order 202.32 has	provided a sense of calm and reassurance to all
		temporarily extended this authority.	New Yorkers and the country as a whole. We
		As a result, those who were unable to timely file and pay quarterly and	are especially grateful for your recent
		annual sales tax returns that were due on March 20, 2020, as a result of	announcement extending the deadline to file
		COVID-19, must now file and pay any amount due by June 22, 2020, in	New York State income tax returns until July
		order for the relief outlined in N-20-1, Announcement Regarding the	15. This action will help New Yorkers who are
		Abatement of Penalties and Interest for Sales and Use Tax due to the	facing hardship.
		Novel Coronavirus, COVID-19, to apply.	
		See Tax relief for quarterly and annual filers sales tax vendors affected	We write today to raise a critical issue the
		by COVID-19 for more information on how to apply for relief."	accounting profession is facing in relation to the
		F ( O.1 202 22 (5/21/20)	novel coronavirus (COVID-19) – the
		Executive Order 202.32 (5/21/20) The authority of the Commissioner of Taxation and Finance to abate late	requirement for tax preparers to obtain a "wet signature" when filing a New York State tax
		filing and payment penalties pursuant to section 1145 of the Tax Law is	return on behalf of a client – and ask for your
		hereby expanded to authorize abatement of interest and penalties for a	assistance.
		period of up to 100 days for taxpayers who were required to file returns	assistance.
		and remit sales and use taxes by March 20, 2020, for the sales tax	By way of background, under New York State
		quarterly period that ended February 29, 2020. (May 21)	law and applicable regulations, all tax filers are
		1	able to use an electronic signature to file their
			own New York State tax returns. Tax preparers
		N-20-5, Temporary Authorization to Use Digital Signatures on Certain	filing New York State tax returns on behalf of
		Documents Due to the Novel Coronavirus, COVID-19, Extended to	clients, however, may not utilize an electronic
		7/15. (5/20/20)	signature on an efile authorization form – they
			must obtain a "wet signature" from their client
			instead. New York State regulation does set

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		"Temporary Authorization to Use Digital Signatures on Certain	forth a process known as a "Business
		Documents Due to the Novel Coronavirus, COVID-19, Extended	Analysis/Risk Assessment" that can be
		Pursuant to the authority of Governor Cuomo's Executive Order 202.31,	undertaken by the New York State Department
		the Commissioner is extending the period during which the Department	of Taxation and Finance (NYSDTF) to
		will accept digital signatures until July 15, 2020. At that time, the	authorize electronic signatures on e-file
		Commissioner will determine whether there is a continuing need to	authorization forms, but, to date, this process
		allow for the acceptance of digital signatures due to the COVID-19 State	has not been completed.
		emergency.	
		As a result, the provisions outlined in N-20-3, Temporary Authorization	Earlier this week, in order to slow the current
		to Use Digital Signatures on Certain Documents Due to the Novel	pandemic, New York State was put on PAUSE.
		Coronavirus, COVID-19, will continue to apply until July 15, 2020."	Nonessential businesses are closed, gatherings of any size for any reason are cancelled, and all
		Per article pix 11 5/7/20, article 5/7/20 and law 360 article, 5/6/20,	New Yorkers are directed to practice social
		NY Governor announced at news conference on 5/5/20 that remote	distancing – by staying home and keeping six
I		workers who worked in NY more than 14 days, NY will tax as of now:	feet of space from others when in public. We
I			believe the expanded use of electronic
I		"We're not in a position to provide any subsidies right now because we	signatures on e-file authorizations forms this tax
I		have a \$13 billion deficit," Cuomo said.	season could provide an immediate and
I		"So there's a lot of good things I'd like to do, and if we get federal	additional safeguard to mitigate the spread of
I		funding, we can do, but it would be irresponsible for me to sit here	the novel coronavirus (COVID-19).
I		looking at a \$13 billion deficit and say I'm gonna spend more money,	W 1 6 40 N 11 11 1
		when I can't even pay the essential services," he added. (5/6/20)	We are, therefore, respectfully requesting that you consider invoking your authority
I		Executive Order Number 202.31 on extending digital signatures for	pursuant to Section 29-a of Article 2-B of the
I		duration of the pandemic – was previously until 5/9 and then 6/7 and	Executive Law to suspend/modify the
I		now through the pandemic (5/14/20)	requirement that tax preparers must obtain
I			a "wet signature" on an e-file authorization
1		" authorizing the Department of Taxation and Finance to accept	form when filing a New York State tax
1		digital signatures in lieu of handwritten signatures on documents related	return on behalf of a client. Temporarily
I		to the determination or collection of tax liability, is hereby modified to	granting this relief would go a long way in
I		authorize such acceptance for the duration of the disaster emergency."	ensuring certified public accountants –
I		NVC Nation N 20 2 Tamponomy Authorization to Use Digital	essential workers - and their loved ones
I		NYS <u>Notice N-20-3</u> - Temporary Authorization to Use Digital Signatures on Certain Documents Due to the Novel Coronavirus,	remain healthy and out of harm's way during this pandemic. It will also facilitate
1		COVID-19 (4/28/20)	revenue reaching the state in a more timely
I		COVID-19 (4/28/20)	manner.
I		"Temporary Authorization to Use Digital Signatures on Certain	mannet.
I		Documents Due to the Novel Coronavirus, COVID-19	The NYSSCPA looks forward to continuing
I		Documents Due to the Prover Colonavirus, CO VID 17	working with you and your administration and
I		Pursuant to Governor Cuomo's Executive Order 202.15 issued in	stands ready to provide any and all assistance to
I		response to the Coronavirus COVID-19 situation, the Department of	the State of New York during this uncertain
I		Taxation and Finance (Tax) is <b>temporarily authorized to accept digital</b>	time. Thank you for your attention to this
I		signatures in place of handwritten signatures on documents related	matter."
1		to the determination or collection of tax liability. This notice defines	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		the requirements for Tax's acceptance of digital signatures and sets forth	NYDept of Finance and Taxation Coronavirus
		the types of documents to which digital signatures may be applied.	response webpage
		1. Digital signatures: Types of Documents and Requirements for	
		Acceptance by Tax Through May 9, 2020, Tax will allow taxpayers	Accounting deemed essential services in the
		and their representative(s) holding a valid power of attorney (POA)	state. (3/22/20)
		to digitally sign documents such as: waivers of statutes of limitations	
		on assessment or collection, waivers of statutory notices of deficiency	NYS Department of Taxation and Finance
		and consents to assessment, consents to audit changes and BCMS	Coronavirus Response Website (3/16/20)
		conferee orders, statements of proposed audit changes, closing and	
		other agreements between Tax and taxpayers, petitions for advisory	"The New York State Tax Department, along
		petitions and BCMS conferences, other requests for taxpayer relief,	with the Governor's office and other agencies
		and audit method elections. Tax cannot accept a digitally signed	throughout the state, is responding to the spread
		POA.	of coronavirus (COVID-19) with information
		Tax will accept digital signatures that use encryption techniques to	for those affected. We will update this page as
		provide proof of original and unmodified documentation on one of the following file types: tiff, jpg, jpeg, PDF, Microsoft Office suite, or Zip.	new information becomes available.
		When submitting a digital signature to Tax, the taxpayer or POA must	XXV. 1 Circut mail and the latest terms of the latest term
		include a verification statement, either in the form of an attached cover	We know your first priority is to keep your family safe and well. It's our first priority too. It
		letter or within the body of the email, to the effect: The attached [name	you have questions including which counties
		of document] includes [name of taxpayer/POA]'s valid signature and the	are currently affected, how to protect yourself,
		taxpayer/POA intends to transmit the attached document to the	or where to be tested, visit the New York State
		Department of Taxation and Finance.	Department of Health website at Novel
		2. Specific Documents that may be signed using a digital signature	Coronavirus (COVID-19) New York State is
		The Commissioner of Taxation and Finance has determined that this	Ready. It's linked to in the banner at the top of
		directive will apply to the types of documents described in Section 1	every New York State agency website.
		above. While the following list is not intended to be an exclusive or	We also understand many of you have concerns
		exhaustive list, the following documents are specifically included among	about your income tax or other tax returns.
		those that Tax will accept if digitally executed on or before May 9, 2020:	We're listening and taking steps to help. Other
		• New York State E-File Signature Authorizations for documents (Form	agencies are also providing assistance and
		TR-579 – all series) • Request for Innocent Spouse Relief (Form IT-285)	we're linking to those at the bottom of this
		<ul> <li>Consent Extending Period of Limitation for Assessment of Taxes</li> </ul>	page.
		(Form AU-1) • Consent Extending Period of Limitation for Assessment	
		of Sales and Use Taxes Under Articles 28 and 29 of the Tax Law (Form	These are the questions we're hearing from you
		AU-2.10 Consent to Extension of time) • Consent to Field Audit	together with our response. If you don't see your
		Adjustment (Forms AU-251, AU-251.8, DO-356) • Statement of	question below, please ask us using our
		Proposed Audit Change for Sales and Use Tax (Form AU-346)	<u>Taxpayer Experience survey</u> . We will add
			general questions and answers here. As always,
		• Statement of Proposed Audit Change for [Cigarette and Tobacco	if you need immediate assistance with a tax
		Products, Highway Use Tax, Petroleum Business Tax, Gasoline and	question, please <u>contact us</u> .
		Similar Motor Fuel Tax, Alcoholic Beverage Tax] (Form DO-475 series	
		- various taxes) • Statement of Proposed Audit Change (Form DTF-	Questions and answers
		960-E) • Closing Agreements • Voluntary Disclosure and Compliance	Will my refund be delayed?
		Agreements • Test Period Audit Method Election (Form AU-377.12) •	Unless we need to ask you for additional
		Statistical Sampling Audit Agreement to Project Tax (Form AU-377.2) •	information to verify what you submitted on

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		Test Period Audit Method Election Agreement for NYS Payroll Tax	your return, we do not anticipate processing
		Audits (Form DTF-377.14) • Request for Conciliation Conference	delays.
		(Form CMS-1-MN) • Consent to Bureau of Conciliation & Mediation	
		Services (BCMS) Proposed Resolution (Form CMS-8) • Request to	Will the call center be open?
		Cancel BCMS Conference (Form DTF-941 Withdrawal of Protest) •	Yes, our call center will remain open.
		Petitions for Advisory Opinion (Form AD-1.8)	We are very proud of our call center
		Note: To be accepted, the digital signature on the authorized document	representatives and their ability to continue to
		must comply with the requirements set forth in section 1.	assist no matter what comes their way. One way
		3. Electronic transmission of digitally signed documents to Tax	we assist during events like this is to provide
		When submitting a digital signature to Tax, to eliminate mailing	telephone support for those who need help or
		documents to the extent possible, taxpayers, POAs, and Tax	information about COVID-19. Tax Department
		employees can use all existing and previously allowable means of	employees provided critical assistance around
		receiving and transmitting documents, such as via fax or established	the clock during 9/11, Hurricane Irene, and
		secured messaging systems. The choice to transmit documents to	Superstorm Sandy and they're here for you now.
		Tax electronically is solely that of the taxpayer. If the taxpayer is not	There may be extended time on hold if you
		able to fax the executed document or to provide it through secure	need to call us and we greatly appreciate your
		messaging, the taxpayer may use email with attachments to transmit	patience.
		the document to Tax.	Here's how you can help reduce calls but still
		Communications via unencrypted email over the internet are not secure.	get the information you need in most cases:
		Except for minimal identifying information in the body of the email, for	Check your refund status online or by
		example, name, last four digits of a taxpayer identification number	calling our automated phone system;
		(TIN), you should keep sensitive information out of the subject line and	you'll reduce hold times overall,
		body of emails and should use password-protected encrypted	including for those calling with urgent
		attachments as much as possible. The document must be in one of the file types specified in section 1 above, that is, tiff, jpg, jpeg, PDF,	questions about COVID-19.
		Microsoft Office suite, or Zip.	• Look for answers online whenever
		wherosoft Office suite, of Zip.	possible before you call. <b>Tip</b> : We've
		Note: An N-Notice is generally issued to announce a singular event,	added Top Recommendations for the
		such as an update to a previously issued tax form or instruction, or to	most commonly searched information
		announce a new due date for filing returns and making payments of tax	on our website. If you don't see what
		because of a natural disaster. The department does not revise previously	you need, try the Search Tax box at the
		issued N-Notices." (4/28/20)	<ul><li>top right corner of our webpages.</li><li>Let us know on social media if you</li></ul>
		155ded 14 140deed. (1/20/20)	· ·
		Governor Executive Order 202.15 on accept electronic signature (4/9/20)	have a general question. Our team will point you in the right direction with the
		20.01101 <u>21.00041.0 01301</u> 202110 on accept clocaroline dignature (117/20)	links you need. We're on <u>Facebook</u> ,
		<b>"IN ADDITION</b> , by virtue of the authority vested in me by Section 29-a	Twitter, and YouTube.
		of Article 2-B of the Executive Law to issue any directive during a	1 witter, and 100100c.
		disaster emergency necessary to cope with the disaster, I hereby issue	Are you extending filing deadlines?
		the following directives for the period from the date of this Executive	At this time, the New York State Tax
		Order through May 9, 2020:	Department has not extended the deadline to
			file personal income tax or other tax returns.
			We will update this page if new information
		For the period from the date of this Executive Order through May 9,	becomes available.
		2020, the Department of Taxation and Finance is authorized to accept	occomes available.

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		digital signatures in lieu of handwritten signatures on documents related to the determination or collection of tax liability. The Commissioner of Taxation and Finance shall determine which documents this directive shall apply to and shall further define the requirements for accepted digital signatures." (4/9/20)  NY State Department of Taxation and Finance N-20-2— March 2020 (3/30/20)	The FSA sites are closing. Where can I find help with filing?  We are adding resources to help you choose and use free filing software that meets your needs. For everything you'll need, see our Filing Season Resource Center.  Resources
		"Announcement Regarding Relief from Certain Filing and Payment Deadlines due to the Novel Coronavirus, COVID-19  On March 7, 2020, Governor Andrew M. Cuomo declared a State Disaster Emergency for all of New York State due to the impact of the novel coronavirus, COVID-19 outbreak.	<ul> <li>New York State Department of Health: Novel Coronavirus (COVID- 19) New York State is Ready</li> <li>IRS: Coronavirus tax relief</li> <li>New York State Office of the Attorney General: Guidance on Coronavirus Resources and Warnings about Consumer Scams"</li> </ul>
		The Governor has subsequently issued <u>Executive Order No. 202.12</u> authorizing the Commissioner to provide relief from certain tax filing and payment deadlines. Accordingly, the Commissioner has extended the April 15, 2020, due date to July 15, 2020, for New York State personal income tax and corporation tax returns originally due on April 15, 2020.	Legislature: For purposes of efficiency and the public health and safety of members and staff, the session will be postponed until later this week, possibly Wednesday.
		Except as specified below, this extension applies to returns for individuals, fiduciaries (estate and trusts), and corporations taxable under Tax Law Articles 9, 9-A and 33. In addition, the Commissioner is allowing taxpayers to defer all related tax payments due on April 15, 2020, to July 15, 2020, without penalties and interest, regardless of the amount owed.	
		Taxpayers do not need to file any additional forms or call the Tax Department to request or apply for this relief. The returns due on April 15, 2020, will automatically be granted the filing and payment deadline extension and relief from penalties and interest. Taxpayers who are due a refund are urged to file as soon as possible.	
		<ul> <li>• 2019 returns due on April 15, 2020, and related payments of tax or installments of tax, including installments of estimated taxes for the 2020 tax year, will not be subject to any failure to file, failure to pay, late payment, or underpayment penalties, or interest if filed and paid by July 15, 2020.</li> <li>• If you are unable to file your 2019 return by July 15, 2020, you can request an automatic extension to file your return. Your return will be due on October 15, 2020,1 if the extension request is filed by July</li> </ul>	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		<ul> <li>15, 2020, and you properly estimate and pay your 2019 tax liability with your extension request.</li> <li>• Interest, penalties, and additions to tax with respect to such extended tax filings and payments will begin to accrue on July 16, 2020.</li> <li>• If you already have filed your 2019 return and scheduled your direct debit payment, your direct debit payment will not be automatically rescheduled to occur on July 15, 2020. You must cancel and schedule a new direct debit payment. For detailed instructions on canceling and scheduling direct debit payments, see our website at www.tax.ny.gov (search: COVID).</li> <li>1 Fiduciary income tax returns are due September 30, 2020, for</li> </ul>	
		calendar-year taxpayers who request an automatic extension to file by July 15, 2020.  Exceptions	
		<ul> <li>No extension is provided in this notice for the payment or deposit of any other type of state tax, or for the filing of any state information return.</li> <li>Remittance of income tax withheld by employers required to be made using Form NYS-1, Return of Tax Withheld, must be made on time.</li> </ul>	
		Note: An N-Notice is generally issued to announce a singular event, such as an update to a previously issued tax form or instruction, or to announce a new due date for filing returns and making payments of tax because of a natural disaster. The department does not revise previously issued N-Notices."	
		NYSDTF Bulletin 3/29/20 N-20-2, Announcement Regarding Relief from Certain Filing and Payment Deadlines due to the Novel Coronavirus, COVID-19	
		Governor Cuomo has issued an executive order authorizing the Commissioner to provide relief from certain tax filing and payment deadlines.	
		Accordingly, the Commissioner has extended the April 15, 2020 due date to July 15, 2020, for New York State personal income tax and corporation tax returns originally due on April 15, 2020. In addition, the Commissioner is allowing taxpayers to defer all related tax payments due on April 15, 2020, to July 15, 2020, without penalties and interest, regardless of the amount owed.	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		To view the guidance issued, visit N-20-2, Announcement Regarding Relief from Certain Filing and Payment Deadlines due to the Novel Coronavirus, COVID-19.	
		For additional information, visit <u>Tax Department response to novel coronavirus (COVID-19)</u> .	
		Executive Order No. 202.12 (3/28/20)	
		"Paragraph 28 of section 171 of the Tax Law, to the extent it limits the allowable period that the Tax Commissioner can disregard when a disaster emergency has been declared, in order to authorize the Tax Commissioner to disregard a period or more than 90 days* but not more than 100 days"  NYSDTF Website 3/30/20	
		"Tax relief for New Yorkers impacted by COVID-19 Update: The Tax Department has extended the due date for New York State personal income tax and corporation tax returns originally due on April 15, 2020, to July 15, 2020."	
		NYSDTF Covid-19 response website 3/30/20	
		Are you extending deadlines to file or pay? Individuals, fiduciaries, and corporations New York State personal income tax and corporation tax returns originally due on April 15, 2020, have been extended to July 15, 2020. In addition, all related tax payments due on April 15, 2020, may be deferred to July 15, 2020, without penalties and interest, regardless of the amount owed. For guidance, see N-20-2, Announcement Regarding Relief from Certain Filing and Payment Deadlines due to the Novel Coronavirus, COVID-19.	
		Sales tax vendors Sales tax payments and returns were due March 20, 2020; however, penalty and interest may be waived for quarterly and annual filers who were unable to file or pay on time due to COVID-19. See <u>Tax relief for quarterly and annual sales tax vendors affected by COVID-19</u> to request relief from penalty and interest. For guidance, see <u>N-20-1</u> , Announcement Regarding the Abatement of Penalties and Interest for Sales and Use Tax due to the Novel	
		Coronavirus, COVID-19.	

# Will there be relief for penalties and interest? Individuals, fiduciaries, and corporations

New York State personal income tax and corporation tax returns originally due on April 15, 2020, have been extended to July 15, 2020. In addition, all related tax payments due on April 15, 2020, may be deferred to July 15, 2020, without penalties and interest, regardless of the amount owed.

For guidance, see N-20-2, Announcement Regarding Relief from Certain Filing and Payment Deadlines due to the Novel Coronavirus, COVID-19

# Sales tax vendors

Sales tax payments and returns were due March 20, 2020; however, penalty and interest may be waived for quarterly and annual filers who were unable to file or pay on time due to COVID-19. See <u>Tax relief for quarterly and annual sales tax vendors affected by COVID-19</u> to request relief from penalty and interest.

For guidance, see N-20-1, Announcement Regarding the Abatement of Penalties and Interest for Sales and Use Tax due to the Novel Co

# Can I cancel and reschedule a payment due with a return or extension, or an estimated tax payment?

If you already scheduled your return, extension, or estimated tax payment due on April 15, 2020, your direct debit payment will not be automatically rescheduled to occur on July 15, 2020. You must cancel and schedule a new direct debit payment.

To cancel a payment scheduled to be withdrawn from your bank account on a future date, you **must** submit your request to cancel the scheduled payment at least two business days before the scheduled settlement date. Use *View and cancel scheduled payments* in your Online Services account to cancel the payment.

To schedule a new payment for a later date, see <u>How to submit a</u> payment using your Online Services account.

If you don't have an Online Services account, see <u>Create account</u>. If you need assistance creating an account or would prefer to cancel your scheduled direct debit payment by phone, please call 518-485-7884 to speak with a representative.

# Can I cancel a scheduled payment related to an existing bill?

If you have been directly impacted by the novel coronavirus (COVID-19) outbreak and you are unable to make your regularly scheduled payments to the Tax Department, please contact us at 518-457-5434 during regular business hours—Monday through Friday, 8:30 a.m.—4:30 p.m. For faster service, please have your Social Security number or employer identification number (EIN) available when you call. Our representatives can assist you with the following payment issues related to existing bills:

• installment payment agreement (IPA) payments,

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
State	Guidance/Date	income execution payments, and     other collection-related matters."  Governor's statement – (3/26/20)  "New York State's income tax filing deadline is delayed until July 15, 2020. Because New York State requires electronic filing, the date for filing state personal income taxes automatically travels with the federal filing date, which is now July 15. Further guidelines will be released soon."  New York State Deadline Moved to July 15 — Governor News Conference (minute 43)  Articles on Governor and State Budget Director comments —  "New York will follow the IRS in waiving penalties and interest for late tax returns and payments filed by July 15, Robert F. Mujica, the state budget director, said Friday at a news conference with Gov. Andrew M. Cuomo (D).  The state will also waive penalties and interest on sales tax collections due Friday from businesses, Mujica said. The sales tax deadline will stand, but penalties and interest won't be charged.  The sales tax action was welcomed by state Sen. James Skoufis (D), who led a group of 31 lawmakers pressing for it, as well as Greg Biryla, state director of the National Federation of Independent Business. "Small businesses need flexibility in the immediate term and will need structural support and reform throughout this crisis to survive and eventually thrive," Biryla said in a statement.  Revenue delays stemming from the payments deadline extension further complicate the state budget outlook, as the clock continues to tick toward the April 1 due date for legislative action on the \$178 billion plan that Cuomo proposed in January." (Bloomberg Tax, 3/20/20)  "New York state's income tax filing deadline is being moved to July 15 to comply with the federal government's decision to push back the traditional filing date due to the coronavirus outbreak.  "The (state) deadline is the federal dealline," Gov. Andrew Cuomo's Budget Director Robert Mujica said during a news conference Friday on the ongoing corona virus response." (per Times Union, 3/20/20)	Other Information
		"Following on the federal announcement, New York State announced it, too, is extending the tax filing deadline to July 15 along with federal deadline." (per Ontown media, 3/20/20)	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		"We are tied to the federal deadline so our deadline will move to the end	
		of July."	
		Governor Executive Order (3/20/20)	
		No. 202.8: Continuing Temporary Suspension and	
		Modification of Laws Relating to the Disaster Emergency	
		Governor Press Release on abate interest for 60 days for sales and use	
		taxes (3/20/20)	
		taxes (3/20/20)	
		"The authority of the Commissioner of Taxation and Finance to abate	
		late filing and payment penalties pursuant to section 1145 of the Tax	
		Law is hereby expanded to also authorize abatement of interest, for a	
		period of 60 days for a taxpayers who are required to file returns and	
		remit sales and use taxes by March 20, 2020, for the sales tax quarterly	
		period that ended February 29, 2020."	
		NY D	
		NY Dept of Revenue and Taxation website (3/20/20):	
		"Sales tax payments and returns were due 3/20/20; however, penalty and	
		interest may be waived for quarterly and annual filers who were unable to file or pay on time due to COVID-19."	
		to the of pay on time due to COVID-19.	
		FEMA website on NY disaster declaration	
		(3/20/20)	
		"New York Covid-19 Pandemic (DR-4480)	
		Incident Period: January 20, 2020 and continuing.	
		Major Disaster Declaration declared on March 20, 2020"	
		NYS <u>agrees</u> to waive fines for businesses that miss sales tax deadline of	
		3/20/20. ( <u>3/20/20)</u>	
		"Gov. Andrew Cuomo made that announcement today in response to	
		requests from many businesses such as restaurants and bars that	
		have been closed this week due to the coronavirus outbreak. It was	
		confirmed by his budget director, Robert Mujica. The sales tax, which	
		businesses collect from their customers, will still be due eventually."	
		(per Syracuse.com, 3/20/20)	
		NYS Department of Taxation and Finance Coronavirus Response	
		<u>Website</u> (3/16/20)	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		"At this time, the New York State Tax Department has not extended the deadline to file personal income tax or other tax returns. We will update this page if new information becomes available."	
		NYC DOF FINANCE MEMORANDUNM 20-4 (3/20/20)  "Real Property Transfer Tax Filing Extensions and the COVID-19 Outbreak (3/20/20)	
		The New York City Department of Finance (DOF) recognizes that taxpayers and return preparers affected by the COVID-19 outbreak may be unable to meet certain New York City filing and payment deadlines. Therefore, DOF Commissioner Jacques Jiha is exercising his authority under the Administrative Code of the City of New York to allow for a waiver of penalties for all New York City Real Property Transfer Tax returns due between March 15, 2020, and April 25, 2020. Taxpayers may request to have the penalties waived on a late-filed return, or in a separate request. If you file a return or make a tax payment in accordance with this Finance Memorandum, you will not be subject to any late filing, late payment, or underpayment penalties. For purposes of the above filings, while late filing and late payment penalties are waived, interest, where applicable, at the appropriate underpayment rate, must be paid on all tax payments received after the original due date calculated from the original due date to the date of payment. Any taxpayer that receives a Notice asserting a late filing, late payment or underpayment penalty for a return due during this period may submit an abatement request to DOF and the penalty will be waived.  Penalty Abatements You may request an abatement by writing to NYC	
		Department of Finance RPTT Billing Unit 66 John Street – 13th Floor New York, NY 10038 You may also send an email to RPTTPenaltyInterest@finance.nyc.gov. Please include the letter identification on your notice, or your EIN."	
		NYC DOF FINANCE MEMORANDUM 20-2 (3/19/20)	
		The guidance allows for a waiver of penalties for DOF-administered business and excise taxes due between March 16, 2020, and April 25, 2020. Taxpayers may request to have the penalties waived on a late-filed extension or return, or in a separate request. There is no waiver of interest.	
		"Business Tax Filing Extensions and the COVID-19 Outbreak	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		The New York City Department of Finance (DOF) recognizes that	
		taxpayers and return preparers affected by the COVID-19 outbreak may	
		be unable to meet certain New York City filing and payment deadlines.	
		Therefore, DOF Commissioner Jacques Jiha is exercising his authority	
		under the Administrative Code of the City of New York to allow for <b>a</b>	
		waiver of penalties for DOF-administered business and excise taxes	
		due between March 16, 2020, and April 25, 2020. Taxpayers may	
		request to have the penalties waived on a late-filed extension or	
		return, or in a separate request. If you file an extension or return or	
		make a tax payment in accordance with these rules, you will not be	
		subject to any late filing, late payment, or underpayment penalties.	
		For purposes of the above filings, while late filing and late payment	
		penalties are waived, interest, where applicable, at the appropriate	
		underpayment rate, must be paid on all tax payments received after	
		the original due date calculated from the original due date to the	
		date of payment. All paper filings under this announcement should	
		be marked "COVID-19" on the top center of the first page. The	
		same relief will be provided to adversely affected electronic filers.	
		Penalty Abatements You may request an abatement by writing to:	
		NYC Department of Finance P.O. Box 5564 Binghamton, NY 13902-	
		5564 You may also use our online portal at	
		www.nyc.gov/dofaccount, or send an email to	
		Penalty_Abatements@finance.nyc.gov. Please include the letter	
		identification on your notice, or your EIN."	
		NYC – rental property filings extended	
		Section 11 of NYC Emergency Executive Order 102 (3/20/20)	
		NYC – extended 3/24/20 deadline to file with rental property filings	
		and certifications of income and expenses with the Tax Commission	
		on TC 201 and TC 309 to a date no earlier than 30 days after the	
		expiration of this order.	
		onpilation of any order.	
		Notice 2020-01 on abatement of penalties and interest for sales and use	
		tax due 3/20 and paid within 60 days of due date (3/20)	
		N-20-1	
		"Announcement Regarding the Abatement of Penalties and Interest	
		for Sales and Use Tax due to the Novel Coronavirus, COVID-19 On	
		March 7, 2020, Governor Andrew M. Cuomo declared a State Disaster	
		Emergency for all of New York State due to the impact of the novel	
		coronavirus, COVID-19 (virus) outbreak. The Governor has	
		subsequently issued an executive order expanding the Tax	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		Commissioner's authority to abate late filing and payment penalties to also allow the Commissioner to abate interest on quarterly sales and use tax filings and remittances with a due date of March 20, 2020 for those who were unable to timely file and pay as result of the COVID-19 virus, such as:  • taxpayers who were unable to meet tax filing, payment, or other deadlines because key employees were treated or suspected to have COVID-19; • taxpayers whose records necessary to meet tax filing, payment, or other deadlines are not available due to the outbreak; • taxpayers who have difficulty in meeting tax filing, payment, or other deadlines because of closure orders or similar business disruptions directly resulting from the outbreak; and • taxpayers whose tax practitioners were unable to complete work to meet tax filing, payment, and other deadlines on behalf of their clients due to the outbreak.  Returns must be filed and the amount due must be paid within 60 days of the due date for this relief to apply. Exception Sales Tax Vendors who are required to file returns on a monthly basis and participants in the Promptax program for sales and use tax or prepaid sales tax on fuel are not eligible for this relief. How to obtain relief Taxpayers seeking interest and penalty abatements for COVID-related filing and payment delays may request relief by visiting the Department's website at www.tax.ny.gov. From the Department homepage, taxpayers can click on Tax Department response to novel coronavirus (COVID-19) to find instructions on how to apply for relief. Alternatively, taxpayers that receive a penalty notice from the Tax Department for failure to file returns or make payments due March 20, 2020, should follow the instructions on the notice to request abatement of interest and late filing or late payment penalties that would otherwise apply. Abatements of penalties and rate of interest on late payments not made by the date required by law or not covered by this announcement will be handled on a case-by-case basis."	
North Carolina	Notice: North Carolina's Reference to the Internal Revenue Code Updated - Impact on North Carolina Corporate and Individual Income Tax Returns (7/20/20)  Important Notice: North Carolina Makes It Easier to Qualify for the Medical and Dental Expense Deduction - Impact on 2019 North Carolina Individual Income Tax Returns (7/9/20)	CARES Act Conformity: The North Carolina Department of Revenue has issued guidance that identifies and explains the decoupling of North Carolina law from certain federal tax provisions in the Further Consolidated Appropriations Act of 2020 and the CARES Act.  Notice: North Carolina's Reference to the Internal Revenue Code Updated - Impact on North Carolina Corporate and Individual Income Tax Returns (7/20/20)  On June 30, 2020, Governor Cooper signed into law Session Law 2020-58 (House Bill 1080). This legislation updated North Carolina's reference to the Internal Revenue Code (the "Code") from January 1, 2019, to May 1, 2020. This means changes made to the Code as of May	On June 30, 2020, North Carolina Governor Roy Cooper signed legislation (S.L. 2020-58 (H.B. 1080), Laws 2020) advancing the Internal Revenue Code (IRC) conformity to May 1, 2020 in order to incorporate provisions in the CARES Act. Though conformity is advanced, North Carolina will decouple from certain provisions including changes to the interest deduction limitation under IRC Sec. 163(j), the five-year net operating loss (NOL) carryback, and the suspension of the 80% limitation upon the deduction of NOLs. The enacted legislation also makes changes to the computation of

State

Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus

Appropriations Act of 2020 ("FCAA") and the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act ("CARES Act"), (collectively, "federal tax provisions") apply when calculating an individual's or corporation's State income tax liability to the extent North Carolina follows the federal tax provisions and does not decouple from the changes. The purpose of this notice is to identify and explain the decoupling of North Carolina law from certain federal tax provisions in the FCAA and CARES Act.1 If the decoupling provisions impact a taxpayer's State income tax liability, specific instructions are provided for completing, or amending, the 2019 corporate or individual income tax return. Any impact to the 2020 corporate or individual income tax returns will be addressed in the instructions for the 2020 income tax returns, which should be released in early January 2021. Importantly, certain federal tax provisions do not apply to North Carolina because of previously existing differences between federal and State law including: (1) North Carolina begins with federal adjusted gross income ("AGI") instead of federal taxable income ("FTI"), (2) North Carolina does not conform to the federal standard deduction amount (3) North Carolina does not conform to federal itemized deductions, and (4) North Carolina does not conform to federal

The Department issued an important notice dated July 9, 2020, to address the enhanced medical and dental expense deduction threshold for tax year 2019. 2 Provisions 1, 2, and 3 apply only to individual income tax. Provision 4 applies to both individual and corporate income

**Decoupling Provisions Impacting Individuals** Mortgage Insurance Premiums

• Federal Provision – Extended the treatment of mortgage insurance premiums as qualified residence interest through tax year 2020. • State Provision – Mortgage insurance premiums are not treated as qualified residence interest. • 2019 Individual Income Tax Return – You must not include the amount of mortgage insurance premium on Form D-400 Schedule S, Part C, Line 16.

Cancellation of Qualified Principal Residence Indebtedness • Federal Provision – Continued to exclude from gross income the cancellation of qualified principal residence debt through tax year 2020. • State Provision – Cancelation of qualified principal residence debt is included in the calculation of NC taxable income through tax year 2020. • 2019 Individual Income Tax Return – You must include the cancelation of debt income on Form D-400 Schedule S, Part A, Line 5.

Other Information

affiliated debt for purposes of the franchise tax base. From Grant Thornton summary. (7/29/20)

NCDOR Actions on COVID-19 website (3/17/20):

NCACPA Update on DOR update (3/20/20)

# "Department of Revenue Update

March 20, 2020 3:16 pm

We just received the following updates from the Department of Revenue, which we have been given permission to share with our members ahead of the forthcoming Notice that will be published:

- Once the Internal Revenue Service posts their official notice, the North Carolina **Secretary of Revenue will automatically** extend the time for filing North Carolina individual income, corporate, and franchise taxes to July 15, 2020 as well.
- The North Carolina Department of Revenue will not charge penalties for those filing and paying their taxes after April 15, 2020, as long as they file and pay their tax before July 15, 2020.
- The NCDOR and the Secretary of Revenue will mirror the IRS changes as much as possible under current law. However, unless state law is changed, tax payments received after April 15 will be charged interest, accruing from April 15 until the date of payment.
- This extension only applies to individual, corporate, and franchise returns and payments due April 15, 2020. It does not apply to trust taxes such as sales and use or withholding taxes.

Our conversations continue with the state legislature to seek relief on issues tied to state law, including interest on late payments."

1, 2020, including changes made by the Further Consolidated bonus depreciation or larger Section 179 limits.2

NCACPA Update on DOR update (3/20/20)

Guidance/Date

Interest (5/4/20)

NC DOR Press Release on Waiving

NC DOR Press Release on

Expanded Relief (3/31/20)

NC DOR Important Notice:

Penalty Relief for Taxpayers

Department of Revenue Expands

Affected by Coronavirus Disease

2019 (COVOID-19) (3/31/20)

**Questions** for Relief Offered in

deadline extended to July 15 -

Response to COVID-19 Outbreak

NC DOR Press Release on tax filing

NC DOR Frequently Asked

(3/24/20)

(3/21/20)

Prior NC DOR Press Release on Payment Penalties Waived Through July 15 (3/19/20)

Notice - N.C. Department of Revenue Offers Penalty Waivers Related to State of Emergency (3/17/20)

(July 15 – filing and payment for corporate income and franchise taxes, individual income tax returns, partnership tax returns, estates and trusts tax returns, extended from April 15, waive penalties and interest as long as file and pay tax by July 15. Under the new law signed by Governor Roy Cooper, the NCDOR will not charge interest

State Guidance/Date from April 15, 2020 through July 15, 2020 on underpayments of individual income, corporate income, and franchise tax on tax returns due to be filed between April 15, 2020, through July 15, 2020. The relief also applies to estimated income tax payments due between the same dates. Taxpayers that need additional time to file beyond the July 15th deadline can submit a request for an additional extension with the IRS or with the Department on or before July 15, 2020. These changes do not apply to trust taxes, such as sales and use or withholding taxes. Expansion of North Carolina Tax Penalty Relief from March 15, 2020 through July 15, 2020. The Department expands relief from the following penalties for failing to obtain a license, to file a return, or to pay taxes: • Failure to obtain a license (G.S. 105-236(a)(2)); • Failure to file a return (G.S. 105-236(a)(3)); • Failure to pay tax (G.S. 105-236(a)(4); and • The penalties regarding informational returns. The Department will not assess penalties for failure to obtain a license, failure to file a return, or failure to pay a tax that is due on March 15, 2020 through July 15, 2020, if the corresponding license is obtained, return is filed, or tax is paid on or before July 15, 2020. The relief from Late Action

Penalties applies to the following

Withholding Tax: • Sales and Use

Tax; • Scrap Tire Disposal Tax;

• Income and Franchise Tax; •

tax types:

Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus

Qualified Tuition and Related Expenses • Federal Provision – Extended the deduction for qualified tuition and related expenses through tax year 2020. • State Provision – Qualified tuition and related expenses are not deductible. • 2019 Individual Income Tax Return – You must include the amount of qualified tuition and related expenses on Form D-400 Schedule S, Part A, Line 5.

Net Operating Loss ("NOL") Carryback Incurred in Tax Years 2018, 2019, and 2020 • Federal Provision – Provided a five (5) year carryback for NOLs incurred in tax years 2018, 2019, and 2020 • State Provision – An NOL incurred in 2018, 2019, and 2020 carried back for federal tax purposes must be added to a taxpayer's AGI for tax years 2013 through 2019. Farming losses under the provisions of Code § 172(b)(1)(B) do not need to be added under this provision. Note. The amount added back to a taxpayer's AGI may be deducted in five equal installments beginning in tax year 2021. • 2019 Individual Income Tax Return – You must add the amount of loss that originated in tax year 2020 used to offset your 2019 federal AGI to Form D-400 Schedule S, Part A, Line 5.

NOL Limit of Eighty Percent of Taxable Income for Tax Years 2018, 2019, and 2020 • Federal Provision - Suspended the 80% NOL carryforward deduction limitation under Code § 172 until tax year 2021 for NOLs incurred during tax years 2018, 2019, and 2020. • State Provision – An NOL carryforward deduction taken in tax years 2019 or 2020 resulting from an NOL incurred in tax years 2018 or 2019 income must be added to a taxpayer's AGI to the extent that the federal deduction exceeds the amount allowed under the provisions of Code § 172 as enacted as of January 1, 2019. Note. The amount added back to a taxpayer's AGI may be deducted in five equal installments beginning in tax year 2021. • 2019 Individual Income Tax Return – You must add the amount by which the 2018 NOL carryforward deduction exceeds the amount allowed under the provisions of Code § 172(a)(2)(B) as enacted as of January 1, 2019 to Form D-400 Schedule S, Part A, Line 5.

Business Interest Expense Limitation • Federal Provision – Increased the limit on deductions for business interest expense under Code § 163(j) from 30% to 50% of a taxpayer's adjusted taxable income for tax years 2019 and 2020. • State Provision – The business interest expense deduction under Code § 163(j) remains at 30% of adjusted taxable income. • 2019 Individual Income Tax Return – You must add the amount of business interest expense deducted on the federal return in excess of the 30% of adjusted taxable income limitation on Form D-400 Schedule S, Part A, Line 5.

Other Information

Notice - N.C. Department of Revenue Offers
Penalty Waivers Related to State of Emergency
(3/17/20) (see prior column for details)

N.C. Department of Revenue Service Centers Closed to the Public (3/17/20):

"North Carolina Secretary of Revenue Ronald G. Penny announced today that all North Carolina Department of Revenue (NCDOR) service centers in the state would be closed to the public through at least April 1, 2020, in light of Governor Cooper's State of Emergency related to COVID-19

"The safety of our employees and the people of our state are our top concern," Penny said.

"Most services for taxpayers can be handled through our website and by phone. Our agents are available to assist taxpayers with their questions remotely during this unprecedented time. We will work with taxpayers to consider penalty waivers on a case-by-case basis."

Taxpayers are encouraged to file their taxes online. Most taxpayers can file online for free at:

www.NCDOR.gov/NCfreefile

NCDOR online services: www.ncdor.gov

NCDOR phone numbers:

General information: 1-877-252-3052; Individual income tax refund inquiries: 1-877-252-4052

Review Frequently Asked Questions for taxpayers." (3/17/20)

# NCDOR website (3/17/20):

NCDOR Service Centers remain closed to the public. Taxpayers are encouraged to utilize online and phone services to the greatest extent possible. Call 1-877-252-3052 for assistance. NC response on COVID-19 information

NCACPA Coronavirus Resource Page

State Guidance/Date

Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus

Other Information

White Goods Disposal Tax; • Motor Vehicle Lease and Subscription Tax; • Solid Waste Disposal Tax; • 911 Service Charge for Prepaid Telecommunications Service; • Dry-Cleaning Solvent Tax; • Primary Forest Products Tax; • Freight Car Line Companies; and • Various Taxes Administered by the Excise Tax Division. While the NCDOR has offered additional penalty relief for many other tax types, including sales and use and withholding taxes, the interest waiver only applies to individual income, corporate income, and franchise taxes under the new law.

Notice: North Carolina's Reference to the Internal Revenue Code Updated - Impact on North Carolina Corporate and **Individual Income Tax Returns -Decoupling Provisions Impacting Individuals - Mortgage Insurance Premiums** - Mortgage insurance premiums are not treated as qualified residence interest. • 2019 Individual Income Tax Return – You must not include the amount of mortgage insurance premium on Form D-400 Schedule S, Part C, Line 16. Cancellation of Oualified **Principal Residence Indebtedness** - Cancelation of qualified principal residence debt is included in the calculation of NC taxable income through tax year 2020. • 2019 Individual Income Tax Return -You must include the cancelation of debt income on Form D-400 Schedule S, Part A, Line 5. **Oualified Tuition and Related Expenses** – Qualified tuition and

Excess Business Loss Limitation for Tax Years 2018, 2019, and 2020 • Federal Provision – Suspended Code § 461(l) excess business loss limitation for tax years 2018, 2019, and 2020. • State Provision – The amount of taxpayer's excess business loss, as defined under the provisions of Code § 461(l) as enacted as of January 1, 2019, for tax years 2018 through 2020 must be added to a taxpayer's AGI. This addition does not apply if a taxpayer's NOL addback includes excess business losses. Note. The amount added back to a taxpayer's AGI may be deducted in five equal installments beginning in tax year 2021. • 2019 Individual Income Tax Return – You must add the amount of your excess business loss to Form D-400 Schedule S, Part A, Line 5.

Payment Protection Program Loan Forgiveness and Expense Deductions

• Federal Provision - Excluded the amount of a forgiven Payment

Protection Program ("PPP") loan from gross income. • State Provision −

Amount of forgiven PPP loan is not included in the calculation of NC

taxable income. However, any expenses paid using the proceeds of the

PPP loan that are deducted for federal tax purposes are not deductible

when calculating NC taxable income. • 2019 Individual Income Tax

Return − You must add the amount of any expenses deducted on your

federal return on Form D-400 Schedule S, Part A, Line 5 if (1) the

payment of the expenses result in PPP loan forgiveness, and (2) you

excluded from gross income the amount of forgiven PPP loan.

Limitation on Charitable Contributions • Federal Provision – Suspended the IRC § 170 limit on charitable contributions (60% of AGI) for tax year 2020. • State Provision – The IRC § 170 60% of AGI limit on charitable contributions remains in effect for tax year 2020.

Employer Payments of Student Loans • Federal Provision - Excluded certain employer payments of student loans under IRC § 127(c) from gross income for tax year 2020. • State Provision – Employer payments of student loans under Code § 127(c) are included in NC taxable income for tax year 2020.

Above-the-Line Deduction for Qualified Charitable Contributions • Federal Provision – Created an above-the-line deduction for qualified charitable contributions for tax year 2020 under section 2204 of the CARES Act. • State Provision – The amount of the above-the-line deduction taken for qualified charitable contributions under section 2204 of the CARES Act must be added back to adjusted gross income for tax year 2020.

NCACPA Website Announcement on urging waiving tax payment interest fees (3/24/20) "NCACPA Urge State Lawmakers to Waive Tax Payment Interest Fees

March 24, 2020 10:32 am

We have many advocacy priorities on behalf of our members that are ongoing in light of COVID-19. You will receive more notifications from us in the next 24 hours compiling these multiple and varied efforts, as well as the latest updates on each front.

So that you don't have to wait to take action, we have created a <u>One Click Politics</u>
<a href="mailto:campaign">campaign</a> for you to reach out to your state legislators about waiving interest fees on tax payments made after April 15. The General Assembly is currently scheduled to reconvene on April 28 as originally planned, so it is important to play offense and make all legislators aware of this issue now.

Thank you in advance for your outreach."

NCACPA <u>Letter</u> to the Governor on CPAs as essential services (3/21/20)

NCACPA Website Announcement on NCACPA Requests Governor Cooper Deem CPA Services Essential During COVID-19 (3/23/20)

"Yesterday evening, the Association routed <u>this</u> <u>letter</u> to Governor Cooper and his General Counsel, requesting CPA services be deemed an **Essential Critical Infrastructure Workforce exception** should a mandated closure of all nonessential businesses come into effect. This would allow CPAs to go to their physical offices when needed, while maintaining necessary social distance.

State Guidance/Date

related expenses are not deductible. • 2019 Individual Income Tax Return – You must include the amount of qualified tuition and related expenses on Form D-400 Schedule S, Part A, Line 5. Net **Operating Loss ("NOL") Carryback Incurred in Tax Years 2018, 2019, and 2020** – An NOL incurred in 2018, 2019, and 2020 carried back for federal tax purposes must be added to a taxpayer's AGI for tax years 2013 through 2019. Farming losses under the provisions of Code § 172(b)(1)(B) do not need to be added under this provision. Note. The amount added back to a taxpayer's AGI may be deducted in five equal installments beginning in tax year 2021. • 2019 Individual Income Tax Return - You must add the amount of loss that originated in tax year 2020 used to offset your 2019 federal AGI to Form D-400 Schedule S. Part A. Line 5. NOL **Limit of Eighty Percent of Taxable Income for Tax Years 2018, 2019, and 2020** – An NOL carryforward deduction taken in tax years 2019 or 2020 resulting from an NOL incurred in tax years 2018 or 2019 income must be added to a taxpayer's AGI to the extent that the federal deduction exceeds the amount allowed under the provisions of Code § 172 as enacted as of January 1, 2019. Note. The amount added back to a taxpayer's AGI may be deducted in five equal installments beginning in tax year 2021. • 2019 Individual Income Tax Return – You must add the amount by which the 2018 NOL carryforward deduction exceeds the

Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus

forgiven PPP loan.

**Decoupling Provisions Impacting Corporations** 

Business Interest Expense Limitation • Federal Provision – Increased the limit on deductions for business interest expense under Code § 163(i) from 30% to 50% of taxpayer's adjusted taxable income for tax years 2019 and 2020. • State Provision – The business interest expense deduction under Code § 163(j) remains at 30% of adjusted taxable income as calculated on a separate entity basis. • 2019 C-Corporation Income Tax Return – You must add the amount of business interest expense deducted on the federal return in excess of the 30% limitation on Form CD-405, Schedule H, Line 1.h. Payment Protection Program Loan Forgiveness and Expenses • Federal Provision - Excluded the amount of forgiveness of a Payment Protection Program ("PPP") loan from gross income. • State Provision – Amount of forgiven PPP loan is not included in the calculation of NC taxable income. However, any expenses paid using the proceeds of the PPP loan that are deducted for federal tax purposes are not deductible when calculating NC taxable income. • 2019 C-Corporation Income Tax Return – You must add the amount of expenses deducted on your federal return on Form CD-405, Schedule H, Line 1.h if (1) payment of the expenses result in PPP loan forgiveness, and (2) you excluded from gross income the amount of

Amended Returns If you have already filed a 2019 North Carolina income tax return and your federal adjusted gross income (for individuals) or federal taxable income (for corporations) is impacted by the amendments to federal law included in FCAA and CARES Act or by the provisions of federal law from which North Carolina has decoupled, you must file an amended North Carolina return. If the amended return reflects additional tax due, you will avoid a late-payment penalty provided the additional tax reflected on the amended return is paid when the amended return is filed. If the amended return reflects additional tax due but some or all of the additional tax is not paid when the amended return is filed, the unpaid tax is subject to applicable penalties. In addition, statutory interest accrues on tax not paid by the original due date of the tax return. Taxpayers that owe additional North Carolina income tax may request a waiver of penalties within the provisions of the Department's Penalty Waiver Policy...."

On June 30, 2020, North Carolina Governor Roy Cooper signed legislation (S.L. 2020-58 (H.B. 1080), Laws 2020) advancing the Internal Revenue Code (IRC) conformity to May 1, 2020 in order to incorporate provisions in the CARES Act. Though conformity is advanced, North Carolina will decouple from certain provisions including changes to the interest deduction limitation under IRC Sec.

Other Information

The Department of Homeland Security Critical Infrastructure guidance cites the Financial Services Sector as an essential service, and we echoed shared sentiment to the Governor that businesses must have access to the financial and management advice CPAs provide—especially under the circumstances of COVID-19—and that several of these services cannot be handled remotely.

We will share any response we receive from the Governor's Office as a result of our outreach."

Update from NCACPA (3/24/20)

# "Taxes

We are pleased with many recent actions of both the US Treasury and NC Department of Revenue. The filing and payment date for state and federal taxes is now July 15 for **individual income, corporate, and franchise taxes**. No penalties will be assessed by the IRS or DoR if payments are received by July 15.

This extension does not apply to trust taxes such as sales and use, as well as income withholding taxes.

Please note: (1) the extension does not currently apply to income tax returns for other entities such as trusts; and (2) in order for DoR to waive interest on payments made after April 15, the state law must be changed.

The most recent Notice released by the DoR in regard to these updates is **available here**.

We are continuing to ask Governor Cooper and members of the General Assembly to quickly address these two much-needed changes. The General Assembly is not currently scheduled to reconvene until April 28; however, we are amount allowed under the provisions of Code § 172(a)(2)(B) as enacted as of January 1, 2019 to Form D-400 Schedule S, Part A, Line 5. Business Interest Expense **Limitation** – The business interest expense deduction under Code § 163(j) remains at 30% of adjusted taxable income. • 2019 Individual Income Tax Return - You must add the amount of business interest expense deducted on the federal return in excess of the 30% of adjusted taxable income limitation on Form D-400 Schedule S. Part A. Line 5. Excess Business Loss Limitation for Tax Years 2018, **2019, and 2020** – The amount of taxpayer's excess business loss, as defined under the provisions of Code § 461(1) as enacted as of January 1, 2019, for tax years 2018 through 2020 must be added to a taxpayer's AGI. This addition does not apply if a taxpayer's NOL addback includes excess business losses. Note. The amount added back to a taxpayer's AGI may be deducted in five equal installments beginning in tax year 2021. • 2019 Individual Income Tax Return -You must add the amount of your excess business loss to Form D-400 Schedule S. Part A. Line 5. **Payment Protection Program Loan Forgiveness and Expense Deductions** – Amount of forgiven PPP loan is not included in the calculation of NC taxable income. However, any expenses paid using the proceeds of the PPP loan that are deducted for federal tax purposes are not deductible when calculating

NC taxable income. • 2019

### Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus

163(j), the five-year net operating loss (NOL) carryback, and the suspension of the 80% limitation upon the deduction of NOLs. The enacted legislation also makes changes to the computation of affiliated debt for purposes of the franchise tax base. From Grant Thornton summary. (7/29/20)

Important Notice: North Carolina Makes It Easier to Qualify for the Medical and Dental Expense Deduction - Impact on 2019 North Carolina Individual Income Tax Returns (7/9/20)

On June 30, 2020, Governor Cooper signed into law Session Law 2020-58 (House Bill 1080). This legislation updated North Carolina's reference to the Internal Revenue Code (the "Code") from January 1, 2019, to May 1, 2020. This means changes made to the Code as of May 1, 2020, including changes made by the Further Consolidated Appropriations Act of 2020 ("FCAA") and the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act ("CARES Act"), (collectively, "federal tax provisions") apply when calculating an individual's State income tax liability to the extent North Carolina follows the federal tax provisions and does not decouple from the changes. The purpose of this notice is to address the medical and dental expense deduction threshold for tax year 2019. 1 The FCAA reduced the federal medical and dental expense deduction threshold from 10% of adjusted gross income ("AGI") to 7.5% of AGI for tax years 2019 and 2020. For tax year 2019 and 2020, North Carolina now matches the federal medical and dental expense deduction threshold of 7.5% of AGI. The lower threshold means that more North Carolinians will likely qualify for the deduction. North Carolina Law N.C. Gen. Stat. § 105-153.5 provides that in calculating North Carolina taxable income, a taxpayer may deduct either the North Carolina standard deduction amount as provided in N.C. Gen. Stat. § 153.5(a)(1) or the North Carolina itemized deduction amount as provided in N.C. Gen. Stat. § 105-153.5(a)(2). N.C. Gen. Stat. § 105-153.5(a)(2)(c) provides that the North Carolina itemized deduction amount includes the amount allowed as a deduction for medical and dental expenses under section 213 of the Code for that taxable year. N.C. Gen. Stat. § 228.90(b)(1b) defines the term "Code" as "the Internal Revenue Code as enacted as of May 1, 2020, including any provisions enacted as of that date that become effective either before or after that date. Application of North Carolina Law On June 30, 2020, the General Assembly updated the State's reference to the Code to include federal tax provisions enacted as of May 1, 2020. As part of that update, the reference to section 213 of the Code was updated from January 1, 2019 to May 1, 2020. For tax year 2019, this 1 The Department has issued an additional notice to address other changes related to the update to the

### Other Information

exploring any possible means to achieve relief on these issues. The Governor stated during his March 23 press conference that another federal package is anticipated, and he has been in contact with legislative leadership on next steps.

In addition, we are exploring the options available to provide relief from the requirement to file business personal property tax filings due on April 15 under extension. This is a work in progress.

We need your help! Please keep an eye out for a forthcoming grassroots campaign we are setting up using our One Click Politics platform. This technology enables NCACPA to draft an advocacy message you can forward to your representatives in a matter of minutes. We are keenly aware you have no time to spare, which is why the speed of using this platform is so extremely beneficial. This is a critical opportunity to use your considerable influence to request additional relief for your clients and customers.

### **Essential Business Services**

As states move to issue general closure orders for all nonessential businesses, we want you to know about our efforts to ensure your clients will have access to accounting services. On Saturday evening, NCACPA sent a letter to Governor Cooper requesting accounting services be designated as an essential business service should the Governor, at some future date, choose to issue an order closing all nonessential business services. We are not aware that such an order is planned, but want to be proactive and ensure our Governor has information concerning the essential nature of the services you provide."

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
State	Individual Income Tax Return –	Code reference and accompanying decoupling adjustments.	Care anomicon
	You must add the amount of any	T	
	expenses deducted on your federal	Personal Taxes Division Page 2 of 2 July 9,	
	return on Form D-400 Schedule S,	2020 update allows taxpayers who elect to deduct North Carolina	
	Part A, Line 5 if (1) the payment of	itemized deductions to deduct qualifying medical and dental expenses	
	the expenses result in PPP loan	that exceed 7.5% of AGI, instead of 10% of AGI. At the time the	
	forgiveness, and (2) you excluded	Department printed the 2019 North Carolina Individual Income Tax	
	from gross income the amount of	Return, ("D400"), the State had not updated its reference to section 213	
	forgiven PPP loan. Limitation on	of the Code. (See the Department's Important Notice dated February 3,	
	Charitable Contributions – The	2020.) As a result, the D-400, as printed by the Department, permits a	
	IRC § 170 60% of AGI limit on	taxpayer to deduct only the amount of medical and dental expenses that	
	charitable contributions remains in	is more than 10% of the taxpayer's AGI. (See 2019 D-400, Schedule S,	
	effect for tax year 2020. <b>Employer</b>	Supplemental Schedule, ("Schedule S"). How to Compute the Enhanced	
	Payments of Student Loans –	Medical and Dental Expense Deduction on the D-400 If you elect to	
	Employer payments of student loans	itemize North Carolina deductions for tax year 2019 and you qualified to	
	under Code § 127(c) are included in	deduct medical and dental expenses on Line 4 of the 2019 federal	
	NC taxable income for tax year	Schedule A, Itemized Deductions, you may do the following: If you	
	2020. Above-the-Line Deduction	have not filed your D-400, you should calculate the amount on Schedule	
	for Qualified Charitable	S, Line 22c by multiplying Schedule S, Line 22b by 7.5% (.075). You	
	<b>Contributions</b> – The amount of the	should follow the remaining instructions found on the D-400 and in the	
	above-the-line deduction taken for	2019 North Carolina Individual Income Tax Instructions, ("D-401"). If	
	qualified charitable contributions	you have filed your D-400, you may file an amended return to reflect the	
	under section 2204 of the CARES	change to the medical and dental expense threshold. You must follow	
	Act must be added back to adjusted	the instructions for amending returns found in the D-401. In addition,	
	gross income for tax year 2020.	you should calculate the amount on Schedule S, Line 22c by multiplying	
	<b>Decoupling Provisions Impacting</b>	Schedule S, Line 22b by 7.5% (.075). You should then follow the	
	Corporations	remaining instructions found on the D-400 and in the D-401. If you file	
	Business Interest Expense	an amended D-400, you must file the return within the statute of	
	<b>Limitation</b> – The business interest	limitations for obtaining a refund. In general, the statute of limitations	
	expense deduction under Code §	for obtaining a refund is the later of (1) three years after the due date of	
	163(j) remains at 30% of adjusted	the return; or (2) two years after payment of the tax. See N.C. Gen. Stat.	
	taxable income as calculated on a	§ 105-241.6." (7/9/20)	
	separate entity basis. • 2019 C-	NC DOR Press Release on Waiving Interest (5/4/20)	
	Corporation Income Tax Return – You must add the amount of	THE DOKT TESS RElease OII Walving Hitelest (3/4/20)	
	business interest expense deducted	"N.C. Department of Revenue Will Waive Interest Under New Law	
	on the federal return in excess of the	Interest Waiver Applies to Individual, Corporate, and Franchise Taxes	
	30% limitation on Form CD-405,	Due from April 15 through July 15	
	Schedule H, Line 1.h. <b>Payment</b>	Due from tipra 15 anough say 15	
	Protection Program Loan	The North Carolina Department of Revenue (NCDOR) announced today	
	Forgiveness and Expenses –	expanded tax relief for individuals and businesses as part of the state's	
	Amount of forgiven PPP loan is not	response to the COVID-19 pandemic. Under the new law signed by	
	included in the calculation of NC	Governor Roy Cooper, the NCDOR will not charge interest from April	
	taxable income. However, any	15, 2020 through July 15, 2020 on underpayments of individual income,	
<u> </u>	tarable income, However, any	15, 2020 anough sary 15, 2020 on underpayments of marvidual medic,	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
	expenses paid using the proceeds of	corporate income, and franchise tax on tax returns due to be filed	
	the PPP loan that are deducted for	between April 15, 2020, through July 15, 2020. The relief also applies	
	federal tax purposes are not	to estimated income tax payments due between the same dates.	
	deductible when calculating NC	In March, the NCDOR extended the deadline for filing North Carolina	
	taxable income. • 2019 C-	individual income, corporate income, and franchise taxes due on April	
	Corporation Income Tax Return –	15, 2020 to July 15, 2020. In addition, the agency announced it would	
	You must add the amount of	not charge penalties for those filing and paying their taxes due on April	
	expenses deducted on your federal	15, 2020, as long as they file and pay their tax before July 15, 2020, to	
	return on Form CD-405, Schedule	mirror the federal Internal Revenue Service changes. At that time,	
	H, Line 1.h if (1) payment of the	interest could not be waived without a change in law.	
	expenses result in PPP loan	While the NCDOR has offered additional penalty relief for many other	
	forgiveness, and (2) you excluded	tax types, including sales and use and withholding taxes, the interest	
	from gross income the amount of	waiver only applies to individual income, corporate income, and	
	forgiven PPP loan.	franchise taxes under the new law.	
	Amended Returns - If you have	NCDOR will issue a notice providing additional details regarding the	
	already filed a 2019 North Carolina	relief provided under this new law.	
	income tax return and your federal	" (5/4/20)	
	adjusted gross income (for		
	individuals) or federal taxable	NC DOR Press Release on Expanded Relief (3/31/20)	
	income (for corporations) is		
	impacted by the amendments to	"NC Department of Revenue Offers Expanded Penalty Relief for	
	federal law included in FCAA and	Taxpayers Penalty Relief Includes Sales and Use and Withholding Taxes	
	CARES Act or by the provisions of		
	federal law from which North	Secretary of Revenue Ronald G. Penny announced today that the North	
	Carolina has decoupled, you must	Carolina Department of Revenue (NCDOR) is expanding tax relief as	
	file an amended North Carolina	part of Governor Roy Cooper's response to the COVID-19 pandemic.	
	return. If the amended return	The NCDOR will not impose penalties for late filing or payments of	
	reflects additional tax due, you will	many tax types, including sales and use and withholding taxes, through	
	avoid a late-payment penalty	July 15. The NCDOR previously announced tax relief for individuals,	
	provided the additional tax reflected	corporations, partnerships, trusts, and estates.	
	on the amended return is paid when		
	the amended return is filed. If the	"These measures will come as welcome tax relief for individuals and	
	amended return reflects additional	businesses across North Carolina," Penny said. "We are providing the	
	tax due but some or all of the	maximum flexibility under existing state law."	
	additional tax is not paid when the	The state of the s	
	amended return is filed, the unpaid	In the notice issued today, the NCDOR announced that it will not impose	
	tax is subject to applicable penalties.	penalties for failure to obtain a license, failure to file a return, or failure	
	In addition, statutory interest	to pay a tax that is due on March 15, 2020 through July 15, 2020, if the	
	accrues on tax not paid by the	corresponding license is obtained, return is filed, or tax is paid on or	
	original due date of the tax return.	before July 15, 2020.	
	Taxpayers that owe additional North	TI MODOD	
	Carolina income tax may request a	The NCDOR cannot waive interest from the due date under current state	
	waiver of penalties within the	lawcurrently 5% per year, the minimum rate allowed by	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
	provisions of the Department's Penalty Waiver Policy.)	statute. Additionally, sales and use and withholding taxes are trust taxes and the money collected must be remitted to the state and cannot be used for other purposes.	
		The relief from Late Action Penalties applies to the following tax types:  • Withholding Tax  • Sales and Use Tax  • Scrap Tire Disposal Tax  • White Goods Disposal Tax;  • Motor Vehicle Lease and Subscription Tax  • Solid Waste Disposal Tax  • 911 Service Charge for Prepaid Telecommunications Service  • Dry-Cleaning Solvent Tax  • Primary Forest Products Tax  • Freight Car Line Companies  • Various Taxes Administered by the Excise Tax Division  More information in the Important Notice"	
		NC DOR Important Notice: Department of Revenue Expands Penalty Relief for Taxpayers Affected by Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVOID- 19) (3/31/20)	
		"On March 10, 2020, Governor Roy Cooper signed Executive Order 116 declaring a state of emergency in response to COVID-19. On March 17, 2020, the North Carolina Department of Revenue ("Department") announced penalty relief for certain taxpayers with returns or payments due between March 15, 2020 and March 31, 2020. Subsequently, on March 20, 2020, the United States Department of the Treasury and the Internal Revenue Service announced that the time for filing certain federal returns was extended under Section 7508A of the Internal Revenue Code to July 15, 2020. On March 23, 2020, the Department announced relief for income and franchise taxpayers with returns and payments due on April 15, 2020.	
		Expansion of North Carolina Tax Penalty Relief from March 15, 2020 through July 15, 2020	
		The Department expands relief from the following penalties for failing to obtain a license, to file a return, or to pay taxes:	
		• Failure to obtain a license (G.S. 105-236(a)(2)); • Failure to file a return (G.S. 105-236(a)(3)); • Failure to pay tax (G.S. 105-236(a)(4)); and • The penalties regarding informational returns (G.S. 105-236(a)(10)); (collectively, "Late Action Penalties"). The Department	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		will not asses penalties for failure to obtain a license, failure to file a return, or failure to pay a tax that is due on March 15, 2020 through July 15, 2020, if the corresponding license is obtained, return is filed, or tax is paid on or before July 15, 2020.	
		The relief from Late Action Penalties applies to the following tax types:	
		• Income and Franchise Tax (see Important Notice); • Withholding Tax; • Sales and Use Tax; • Scrap Tire Disposal Tax; White Goods Disposal Tax; • Motor Vehicle Lease and Subscription Tax; • Solid Waste Disposal Tax; • 911 Service Charge for Prepaid Telecommunications Service; • Dry-Cleaning Solvent Tax; • Primary Forest Products Tax; • Freight Car Line Companies; and • Various Taxes Administered by the Excise Tax Division (See Important Notice).	
		Taxpayers do not need to request a penalty waiver to qualify for this relief. However, if a taxpayer receives a proposed assessment of a penalty covered by the relief granted in this notice, the taxpayer should contact the Department by phone, at 1-877-252-3052, or by writing to the Department at the following address: North Carolina Department of Revenue, Customer Service, P.O. Box 1168, Raleigh, NC 27602.	
		Interest	
		State law prevents the Department from waiving any interest except in the limited case of interest on taxes imposed prior to or during a period for which a taxpayer has declared bankruptcy under Chapter 7 or Chapter 13 of Title 11 of the United State Code. As such, if you owe additional tax, the Department is required to charge interest on any unpaid tax, accruing from the original due date, until the tax is paid.	
		The interest rate is currently 5% per year. This is the minimum rate allowed by statute.	
		Limitations	
		The relief from Late Action Penalties granted herein does not change or extend the due date of any returns or payments. However, on March 23, 2020, the Secretary announced an extension of time to file income and franchise tax returns with due dates of April 15, 2020. See Important Notice.	
		The relief granted herein does not include relief from other criminal and civil penalties imposed by North Carolina law. If you collect money	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		from employees, contractors, or customers that is held in trust for the State and local governments, the use of such money is against the law and subject to civil penalty and criminal liability.	
		Additional Relief	
		In separate notices issued on March 23, 2020 and March 31, 2020, the Department announced relief from Late Action Penalties for other tax types.	
		In addition to the relief granted in this notice, the Secretary of Revenue may waive or reduce any penalties provided for in Subchapter I of Chapter 105. See N.C. Gen. Stat. § 105-237(a). A taxpayer seeking waiver of penalties not covered by this notice should review the Department's Penalty Policy and complete Form NC-5500, Request to Waive Penalties ("NC-5500").	
		Questions	
		This Important Notice may be updated as new information becomes available. If you have any questions about this notice, you may call 1-877-252-3052 to speak to a customer service representative or write to Customer Service, PO Box 1168, Raleigh, NC 27602."	
		NC DOR <u>Frequently Asked Questions</u> for Relief Offered in Response to COVID-19 Outbreak (3/24/20)	
		"1. Am I required to file my income tax return by April 15, 2020?	
		No. The Secretary has automatically extended the time for filing income and franchise tax returns due on April 15, 2020, to July 15, 2020, for individuals, corporations, and estates and trusts to mirror the announced deadline change from the Internal Revenue Service. The automatic extension also applies to partnerships.	
		2. What tax schedules qualify for the extension of time to file?	
		The extension of time to file through July 15, 2020, applies to individual income tax returns, corporate income and franchise tax returns, partnership tax returns, and estate and trust tax returns due April 15, 2020. It does not apply to trust taxes such as sales and use taxes or withholding taxes.	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		3. What do I need to do to request the extension of time to file my income tax return?	
		Nothing. The extension of time to file your income tax return will be granted automatically. No action is required in order to receive an extension through July 15, 2020.	
		4. Can I receive an additional extension of time to file an income tax return if I cannot file by July 15, 2020?	
		Yes. Taxpayers that need additional time to file beyond the July 15th deadline can submit a request for an additional extension with the IRS or with the Department on or before July 15, 2020.	
		5. Will I receive a failure to pay penalty if I pay my income tax liability after April 15, 2020?	
		No. The Department's Important Notice issued March 19, 2020, provided that the Secretary will not assess the failure to pay penalty as long as the amount of income tax due is paid on or before July 15, 2020.	
		6. Will I receive a failure to file penalty if I file my income tax return after April 15, 2020?	
		No. The Department's Important Notice issued March 23, 2020, provided that the Secretary will not assess the failure to file penalty as long as the income tax return is filed, or an extension is granted, on or before July 15, 2020.	
		7. Will I be responsible for paying interest if I pay my income tax liability after April 15, 2020?	
		Yes. You will be responsible for paying interest at the statutory rate from April 15, 2020, until you pay your income tax liability. The rate of interest is currently 5% per year, the minimum rate allowed by statute. Currently, State law prevents the Department from waiving accrued interest, including interest assessed for the underpayment of estimated tax, except in limited cases.	
		8. Will I be required to pay all tax and interest due by April 15, 2020, to receive an extension to file through July 15, 2020?	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		No. The extension to file an income tax return through July 15, 2020, will be granted even if additional tax and interest are due on April 15, 2020.	
		9. What can I do if I cannot pay my income tax liability by July 15, 2020?	
		If you have filed your tax return and cannot pay the tax due in full, you can use our website to make payments until you receive a Notice of Collection from the Department. Upon receipt of a Notice of Collection, you may request an Installment Payment Agreement.	
		10. How do I request a penalty wavier for penalties not covered in this notice?	
		You should complete Form NC-5500, Request to Waive Penalties, and mail the form to the N.C. Department of Revenue, Customer Service, P.O. Box 1168, Raleigh, NC 27602-1168."	
		NC DOR <u>Press Release</u> on tax filing deadline extended to July 15 – (3/21/20)	
		"Tax Filing Deadline Extended to July 15 Extension applies to individual, corporate and franchise tax bills in North Carolina	
		The N.C. Department of Revenue (NCDOR) recently announced that they will extend the April 15 tax filing deadline to July 15 for individual, corporate, and franchise taxes to mirror the announced deadline change from the Internal Revenue Service.	
		In addition to the filing extension, the <a href="NCDOR will not charge penalties">NCDOR will not charge penalties</a> for those filing and paying their taxes after April 15, as long as they file and pay their tax before the updated July 15 deadline.  However, the department cannot offer relief from interest charged to filings after April 15. Unless state law is changed, tax payments received after April 15 will be charged accruing interest over the period from April 15 until the date of payment.  These changes do not apply to trust taxes, such as sales and use or withholding taxes.  The NCDOR will issue official notification once the IRS publishes their guidance, which has not happened at this time"	
		Governor Press Release (3/20/20)	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		"Tax Deadline Extended to July 15 What that means for individual,	
		corporate and franchise tax bills in North Carolina	
		The North Carolina Department of Revenue (NCDOR) announced today	
		that they will extend the April 15 tax filing deadline to July 15 for	
		individual, corporate, and franchise taxes to mirror the announced	
		deadline change from the Internal Revenue Service.	
		"Taxpayers need relief during this difficult time and my administration	
		is bringing it," Governor Roy Cooper said. "I will work with both	
		Republicans and Democrats in the state legislature to provide additional help."	
		The NC Department of Revenue (NCDOR) will extend the deadline for	
		filing North Carolina individual income, corporate income, and franchise	
		taxes to July 15, 2020. NCDOR will not charge penalties for those filing	
		and paying their taxes after April 15, 2020, as long as they file and pay their tax before the updated July 15, 2020 deadline.	
		However, the department can not offer relief from interest charged to	
		filings after April 15th. Unless state law is changed, tax payments	
		received after April 15 will be charged accruing interest over the period	
		from April 15 until the date of payment.	
		These changes do not apply to trust taxes, such as sales and use or	
		withholding taxes.	
		The NCDOR will issue official notification once the IRS publishes their	
		guidance, which has not happened at this time.	
		"	
		Prior NC DOR <u>Press Release</u> on Payment Penalties Waived Through July 15 (3/19/20)	
		"N.C. Department of Revenue Offers Relief in Response to COVID-19 Outbreak <i>Payment Penalties Waived Through July 15</i>	
		Secretary of Revenue Ronald G. Penny announced today that the North Carolina Department of Revenue (NCDOR) is offering individuals and	
		businesses relief as part of the state's response to the COVID-19	
		outbreak. The NCDOR will not impose the late payment penalty for	
		income tax due on April 15, 2020 if the tax is paid by July 15, 2020.	
		On March 18, the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) announced an	
		extended payment deadline for federal taxes, but did not extend the	
		filing deadlines. The NCDOR is mirroring this payment extension to the	
		greatest extent possible under current state law. While the NCDOR is	
		waiving late payment penalties through July 15, state law prevents	
		waiving any interest. As with federal returns, the due date for filing the	
		state income tax returns remains April 15, 2020.	
		For all the details, <u>review this notice</u> .	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus   Notice - N.C. Department of Revenue Offers Penalty Waivers Related to State of Emergency (3/17/20)  NC DOR released an Important Notice providing penalty relief for failure to file or pay taxes due between 3/15 and 3/31 so long as filed or paid by 4/15. This does not apply to returns or payments due 4/15 at this time. The waiver is not automatic and must be requested using the regular NC DOR penalty waiver request form (NC-5500).  "The N.C. Department of Revenue has published a notice that outlines penalty waivers for taxpayers related to the coronavirus state of emergency. The waivers are for certain "late action penalties.""  "Important Notice: Department of Revenue Provides Penalty Relief to Persons Affected by Novel Coronavirus Disease The purpose of this notice is to inform taxpayers who have been affected by novel coronavirus disease ("COVID-19") of a limited-time waiver of certain penalties imposed upon taxpayers by the North Carolina Department of Revenue ("Department").  On March 10, 2020, Governor Roy Cooper signed Executive Order 116 declaring a state of emergency in response to COVID-19. The Secretary has become aware that, because of COVID-19, some taxpayers may not be able to meet certain filing or payment requirements. In response, the Secretary has elected to waive the following penalties for failing to obtain a license, to file a return, or to pay taxes:	Other Information
		Secretary has elected to waive the following penalties for failing to obtain a license, to file a return, or to pay taxes:  The penalty for failure to obtain a license (G.S. 105-236(a)(2); The penalty for failure to file a return (G.S. 105-236(a)(3)); The penalty for failure to pay tax when due (G.S. 105-236(a)(4)); and The penalties regarding informational returns (G.S. 105-236(a)(10))	
		(collectively, "Late Action Penalties"). The waiver applies to the failure to timely obtain a license, file a return, or pay a tax that is due between March 15, 2020, and March 31, 2020, if the license is obtained, the return or extension application is filed, or the tax is paid by April 15, 2020.  North Carolina Tax Penalty Relief	
		General Statute 105-237(a) provides the Secretary of Revenue authority to waive or reduce penalties provided for in Subchapter 1 of Chapter	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		105. The Department's Penalty Policy allows a waiver of penalties for	
		special circumstances.	
		The Department will waive ony Lete Assiss Devaling access to visit	
		The Department will waive any Late Action Penalties assessed against taxpayers that have been affected by COVID-19 ("Affected Taxpayers").	
		The waiver for Affected Taxpayers will apply to Late Action Penalties	
		for deadlines occurring between March 15, 2020, and March 31, 2020.	
		To qualify for the waiver, an Affected Taxpayer must file the return, pay	
		the tax, obtain the license, or receive an extension on or before April 15,	
		2020. The waiver will be considered a waiver for special circumstances. The waiver will not be considered a waiver for good compliance that can	
		only be granted once every three years per tax type.	
		, , , , ,	
		State law prevents the Department from waiving any interest, including	
		interest assessed for the underpayment of estimated tax, except in the limited case of interest on taxes imposed prior to or during a period for	
		which a taxpayer has declared bankruptcy under Chapter 7 or Chapter 13	
		of Title 11 of the United State Code.	
		W. C.	
		How to Obtain State Penalty Waivers	
		Affected Taxpayers who cannot meet their filing or payment	
		requirement as a result of COVID-19 should complete Form NC-5500,	
		Request to Waive Penalties ("NC-5500"). Affected Taxpayers should	
		write "COVID-19" on the top of the NC-5500.	
		The NC-5500 is available on the Department's website, www.ncdor.gov.	
		Affected Taxpayers that do not have access to the NC-5500 can attach a	
		letter requesting a penalty waiver. The letter should contain the	
		taxpayer's name, address, SSN or FEIN, Account ID, and the tax type	
		and tax period for which the taxpayer seeks waiver of penalty.	
		The NC-5500 or letter should be mailed to the North Carolina	
		Department of Revenue, Customer Service, P.O. Box 1168, Raleigh, NC	
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North Dakota	ND DOR Covid-19 Website (4/2/20)	ND DOR Covid-19 Website (4/2/20)	The North Dakota Supreme Court declared a state of emergency for the state's courts in
	(4/2/20)	GUIDANCE FOR NORTH DAKOTA TAXPAYERS DURING	response to COVID-19; the court provided a
	ND DOR <u>Release</u> (3/20/20)	COVID-19 PRECAUTIONS	number of statewide scheduling changes,
		TV 1 - 1 (/77/2020	including that all jury trials yet to begin, both
	(July $15 - \underline{ND}$ - aligned with the	Updated 4/15/2020	criminal and civil, are suspended through April
	IRS extension date. Individuals or	As the COVID-19 situation progresses in North Dakota, we want to	24, 2020.
	businesses who are unable to file an	assure taxpayers that the North Dakota Office of State Tax	
	income tax return or pay the tax by		

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
	the April 15th deadline, can file and	Commissioner remains open and ready to help with tax-related services	
	make payment through July 15,	and questions.	
	2020, without penalty and interest.	We are modifying some services to make health and safety a top priority	
	The waiver of penalty and interest	for taxpayers and staff, such as:	
	through July 15 applies to all		
	income taxes, which includes	We continue to follow guidance from the North Dakota	
	individuals (Form ND-1),	<u>Department of Health</u> to help limit the spread of COVID-19.	
	corporations (Form 40), S-	By executive order of Governor Doug Burgum, state offices are	
	corporations (Form 60),	limiting public access through April 30, 2020. We continue to	
	partnerships (Form 58), and	<ul> <li>assist taxpayers through alternate methods.</li> <li>We are encouraging the use of e-file and mail to submit returns.</li> </ul>	
	Fiduciaries (Form 38). It does not	We continue to assist taxpayers by phone and email to resolve	
	apply to employer's quarterly wage	any questions as part of our efforts to help limit the spread of	
	withholding tax that is due April 30,	COVID-19.	
	2020. It also does not apply to sales		
	tax or any other tax. Penalty and	Q: Has the income tax deadline changed?	
	interest will apply beginning July	A: We are currently aligned with the IRS extension date. Individuals or	
	16. A federal extension to file can	businesses who are unable to file an income tax return or pay the tax by the April 15th deadline, can file and make payment through July 15,	
	be sought ( <u>Individuals – Form 4868</u> )	2020, without penalty and interest.	
	which also extends the time to file		
	your North Dakota return to October	Q: What if COVID-19 impacts my ability to file and pay my other taxes on time?	
	15. With a federal extension in	A: As a North Dakota taxpayer, you have the ability to request	
	place, no <i>penalty</i> would be due if	additional time if you believe you will be unable to file a return or pay	
	North Dakota income tax was filed	the tax in a timely manner because of a COVID-19 related situation,	
	and paid by October 15, but	please contact the Office of State Tax Commissioner.	
	extension <i>interest</i> on the unpaid tax would apply starting on July 16.	The waiver of penalty and interest through July 15 applies to all income	
	Penalty and interest will be	taxes, which includes individuals (Form ND-1), corporations (Form 40),	
	automatically waived if the tax is	S-corporations (Form 60), partnerships (Form 58), and Fiduciaries	
	paid by July 15. The July 15 waiver	(Form 38). It does not apply to employer's quarterly wage withholding	
	announcement applies to first and	tax that is due April 30, 2020. It also does not apply to sales tax or any	
	second quarter estimated payments	other tax.	
	that are due April 15, 2020. If the	Q: Will COVID-19 impacts delay my refund?	
	first quarter estimated tax payment	A: No. Refunds are being issued in a timely manner. Use the Where's	
	is made by July 15, all interest will	My Refund tool to check on your refund status.	
	be waived. Also, if the first quarter	Q: Are free tax preparation services affected?	
	estimated tax payment is made after	A: To help slow the spread of COVID-19 in North Dakota, many free	
	July 15, any interest related to the	income tax preparation sites have closed for 2020. You may be eligible	
	period of April 15 to July 15 will be	to file your return electronically for free. See if you qualify.	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
	automatically waived. <u>If the first</u>	Q: Who can I contact with questions?	
	and second quarter estimated tax	A: If you have questions, please contact the Office of State Tax	
	payment due April 15 and June 15 is	Commissioner. Because of staffing during the COVID-19 period, we	
	made by July 15, all interest will be	encourage contact us by email at <u>individualtax@nd.gov</u> , or call us at	
	waived. Also, if payment is made	701-328-1247.	
	after July 15, any interest related to	If you have more specific questions, please refer to our expanded	
	the period of April 15 to July 15	Income Tax & COVID-19 Impact FAQ's section below.	
	will be automatically waived. For a	Thank you for your understanding and patience as we work to keep our	
	2016 calendar year return that had	citizens and staff safe!	
	an original due date of April 15,		
	2017, the July 15 waiver	GENERAL INCOME TAX	
	announcement does NOT affect the	Q: My return is due April 15, 2020. What do I need to do to obtain the	
	time limit to amend the 2016	waiver of penalty and interest?	
	return. The statute of limitations to	<b>A:</b> Nothing. Taxpayers who are able to file prior to July 15, do not need	
	amend is set in law and is not	to take any additional steps if they are able to file by that date. If the tax	
	affected. Similarly, the statute of	is paid after July 15, no amount of penalty and interest will be due for	
	limitations for 2019 is unaffected by	the period of April 15 through July 15.	
	the July 15 waiver	the period of right 15 amough vary 15.	
	announcement. The statute of	Q: The IRS also announced that all income tax filing and payment	
	limitations for a 2019 return remains	dates falling between April 1 and July 15 are being extended to July	
	based off the later of the due date or	15. Are North Dakota's due dates for that period also extended?	
	date filed, which would be April 15,		
	2023 for the three-year statute of	A: North Dakota will also provide automatic relief from penalty and	
	limitations. Taxpayers that are not	interest for any income tax return or payment that is due prior to July	
	required to file a federal income tax	15. This includes a second quarter estimated payment this is due June	
	return because their income is below	15.	
	the filing threshold requirement, but	O I am a little City and a second at the little William	
	choose to file a federal tax return	Q: I am unable to file my return and/or pay the tax by July 15. What	
	solely to be able to receive an	penalty or interest will apply?	
	economic impact payment, do not	<b>A:</b> Penalty and interest will apply beginning July 16. A federal extension	
	need to file a North Dakota tax	to file can be sought ( <u>Individuals – Form 4868</u> ) which also extends the	
	return. Regarding the business	time to file your North Dakota return to October 15. With a federal	
	income tax return, the July 15	extension in place, no <i>penalty</i> would be due if North Dakota income tax	
	waiver announcement applies to the	was filed and paid by October 15, but extension <i>interest</i> on the unpaid	
	calendar year partnership return	tax would apply starting on July 16.	
	(Form 58) and calendar year S-	war would apply suiting on vary 10.	
	corporation return (Form 60). the		
	withholding or composite tax that is		

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
	owed on those returns. It applies to	Q: I have already electronically filed my return and scheduled an	
	the tax owed on those returns that	ACH payment to be made April 15, 2020. Can I change this payment	
	have a date of April 15, 2020. The	or date?	
	July 15 waiver announcement	A W	
	applies to business returns filed on a	A: We cannot change the amount or the date, but we can cancel the	
	fiscal year basis which obtained an	payment for you. To cancel the payment, you must contact our office. If	
	extension to file the return to April	you choose to cancel the payment, you must make the payment by July	
	15, 2020. The waiver applies to any	15. Electronic payments can be made on our payment site at	
	income tax return or payment with a	www.nd.gov/tax - select Make a Payment on the menu. If you choose to	
	due date falling between April 1 and	mail a paper check, it must be accompanied by a voucher, which can	
	July 15, 2020, including a due date	completed and printed through our payment site at <u>www.nd.gov/tax</u> -	
	which was previously	select Make a Payment on the menu, and scroll down to Print Payment	
	<u>extended</u> . The waiver only applies	Voucher.	
	to income tax returns and payments	Q: I have already filed my return but have not paid. Can I wait to pay	
	and first and second quarter	until July 15 without being charged any penalty or interest?	
	estimated tax payments with a due	and only it was a congenius generally for an election	
	date of April 15 and June 15,	<b>A:</b> Yes. Penalty and interest will be automatically waived if the tax is	
	2020. Requests for waivers of	paid by July 15.	
	penalty and interest can be		
	specifically made and will be	Q: I have already filed my return and paid the tax owed. Can I amend	
	considered on a case-by-case basis.	the return to get my payment returned to me?	
	The July 15 waiver announcement	<b>A:</b> No. Taxes that have already been filed and paid are complete. The	
	does NOT apply to a previously	due date to file and pay the tax did not change, but rather a waiver for	
	received a Correction Notice or a	penalty and interest was applied through July 15 to provide relief to	
	Notice of Determination. The	those impacted by COVID-19 in case they were unable to file by the	
	automatic waiver applies only to	April 15 deadline.	
	penalty and interest related to the	April 13 deadilie.	
	original return and payment that was	Q: Does the July 15 waiver announcement apply to my first quarter	
	due April 15, 2020. Also, any due	estimated payment that is due April 15, 2020 and my second quarter	
	date to respond to the Notice of	estimated payment due June 15, 2020?	
	Determination or any other		
	correspondence which requests a	<b>A:</b> Yes. If the payment is made by July 15, all interest will be	
	response is not affected by the	waived. Also, if payment is made after July 15, any interest related to	
	announcement. If additional time is	the period of April 15 to July 15 will be automatically waived.	
	needed to respond, contact our	O. F. a. 2017 and a standard and a standard at the standard at	
	office. If the telecommuting is	Q: For a 2016 calendar year return that had an original due date of	
	attributable to a COVID related	April 15, 2017, does the July 15 waiver announcement affect the time	
	response and is intended to be	limit to amend my 2016 return?	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
	temporary, North Dakota will not	A: No. The statute of limitations to amend is set in law and is not	
	assert income tax nexus on that	affected. Similarly, the statute of limitations for 2019 is unaffected by	
	basis alone. If the telecommuting is	the July 15 waiver announcement. The statute of limitations for a 2019	
	attributable to a COVID related	return remains based off the later of the due date or date filed, which	
	response and is intended to be	would be April 15, 2023 for the three-year statute of limitations.	
	temporary, North Dakota will not		
	require inclusion of that payroll in	ECONOMIC STIMULUS QUESTIONS	
	the numerator of the payroll factor.)	Q: I have a question related to the Economic Impact Payments, who can I contact?	
		A: The Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (CARES	
		Act) authorizes economic impact payments to those who qualify. The	
		Office of State Tax Commissioner will not be issuing the economic	
		impact payments and has no role in the payments. If you have questions	
		related to eligibility, payments, or for more information, please visit the	
		IRS website at <a href="https://www.irs.gov/newsroom/economic-impact-">https://www.irs.gov/newsroom/economic-impact-</a>	
		payments-what-you-need-to-know.	
		Be aware of the economic impact payment scams. The IRS and the Office of State Tax Commissioner <i>will not</i> contact you by phone, text or e-mail asking to verify your bank account information in order to receive your economic impact payment faster. Do not click on links or open any attachments.	
		Q: I am not required to file a federal income tax return because my income is below the filing threshold requirement, but I choose to file a	
		federal tax return solely to be able to receive an economic impact	
		payment, do I need to file a North Dakota tax return.	
		<b>A:</b> No.	
		BUSINESS INCOME TAX	
		Q: I file a calendar year partnership return (Form 58). Does the July 15 waiver announcement apply to my return and the withholding or composite tax that is owed on that return?	
		<b>A:</b> Yes. It the waiver applies to any income tax return or payment with a due date falling between April 1 and July 15, 2020.	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		Q: I file a calendar year S-corporation return (Form 60). Does the	
		July 15 waiver announcement apply to my return and the withholding	
		or composite tax that is owed on that return?	
		A. W. Tuda all and the second and th	
		A: Yes. It the waiver applies to any income tax return or payment with a	
		due date falling between April 1 and July 15, 2020.	
		Q: My business return is filed on a fiscal year basis with a due date of	
		May 15, 2020? Does the July 15 waiver announcement apply to my	
		return?	
		<b>A:</b> Yes. It the waiver applies to any income tax return or payment with a	
		due date falling between April 1 and July 15, 2020.	
		Q: My business return is filed on a fiscal year basis with a due date of	
		June 15, 2020. Does the July 15 waiver announcement apply to my	
		return?	
		<b>A:</b> Yes. It the waiver applies to any income tax return or payment with a	
		due date falling between April 1 and July 15, 2020.	
		Q: My business return is filed on a fiscal year basis which obtained an	
		extension to file the return to April 15, 2020. Does the July 15 waiver	
		announcement apply to my extended due date?	
		Try and an analysis	
		<b>A:</b> Yes. The waiver applies to any income tax return or payment with a	
		due date falling between April 1 and July 15, 2020, including a due date	
		which was previously extended.	
		Q: My corporate income tax return is filed on a fiscal year basis with	
		an original due date of May 15, 2020. Does the July 15 waiver	
		announcement apply to my first quarter estimated payment that is due	
		May 15, 2020?	
		<b>A:</b> Yes. The waiver applies to any income tax return or payment with a	
		due date falling between April 1 and July 15, 2020.	
		Q: My corporate income tax return is filed on a fiscal year basis with	
		an original due date of June 15, 2020. Does the July 15 waiver	
	1	an original and dute of June 13, 2020. Does the July 13 waiver	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		announcement apply to my first quarter estimated payment that is due	
		June 15, 2020?	
		A. Voc The mainer analies to any in	
		<b>A:</b> Yes. The waiver applies to any income tax return or payment with a due date falling between April 1 and July 15, 2020.	
		due date failing between April 1 and July 13, 2020.	
		Q: Is there any limit to the maximum amount of payment to which the	
		July 15 waiver announcement applies?	
		<b>A:</b> No. There is no limit, regardless of the type of income tax.	
		Q: I have previously received a Correction Notice or a Notice of	
		Determination. Does the July 15 waiver announcement apply to this?	
		<b>A:</b> No. The automatic waiver applies only to penalty and interest related	
		to the original return and payment that was due between April 1 and July	
		15, 2020. Also, any due date to respond to the Notice of Determination	
		or any other correspondence which requests a response is not affected by	
		the announcement. If additional time is needed to respond, contact our	
		office.	
		Q: Because of COVID restrictions and recommendations, some of our	
		employees are present in North Dakota in a temporary telecommuting	
		capacity. Would this create nexus for 2020 for our company?	
		A. If the theory of the least of the COVID selections and	
		A: If the telecommuting is attributable to a COVID related response and	
		is intended to be temporary, North Dakota will not assert income tax nexus on that basis alone.	
		nexus on that basis alone.	
		Q: Because of COVID restrictions and recommendations, some of our	
		employees, whose payroll which is ordinarily assignable to another	
		state for payroll factor purposes, are telecommuting from a location in	
		North Dakota. Is this payroll included as North Dakota payroll?	
		A. If the telecommuting is attributely to a COVID related recovery	
		<b>A:</b> If the telecommuting is attributable to a COVID related response and is intended to be temporary, North Dakota will not require inclusion of	
		that payroll in the numerator of the payroll factor." (5/4/20)	
		and payton in the numerator of the payton factor. (3, 1120)	
		ND DOR Release (3/20/20)	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		"GUIDANCE FOR NORTH DAKOTA TAXPAYERS DURING COVID-19 PRECAUTIONS	
		Updated 3/20/2020	
		As the COVID-19 situation progresses in North Dakota, we want to assure taxpayers that the North Dakota Office of State Tax Commissioner remains open and ready to help with tax-related services and questions.	
		We are modifying some services to make health and safety a top priority for taxpayers and staff, such as:	
		<ul> <li>We continue to follow guidance from the North Dakota Department of Health to help limit the spread of COVID-19.</li> <li>By executive order of Governor Doug Burgum, state offices are limiting public access through April 6, 2020. We continue to assist taxpayers through alternate methods.</li> <li>We are encouraging the use of e-file and mail to submit returns. We continue to assist taxpayers by phone and email to resolve any questions as part of our efforts to help limit the spread of COVID-19.</li> </ul>	
		Has the income tax deadline changed? We are currently aligned with the IRS extension date. Individuals or businesses who are unable to file an income tax return or pay the tax by the April 15th deadline, can file and make payment through July 15, 2020, without penalty and interest.	
		What if COVID-19 impacts my ability to file and pay my other taxes on time?  As a North Dakota taxpayer, you have the ability to request additional time if you believe you will be unable to file a return or pay the tax in a timely manner because of a COVID-19 related situation, please contact the Office of State Tax Commissioner.	
		Will COVID-19 impacts delay my refund?  No. Refunds are being issued in a timely manner. Use the Where's My Refund tool to check on your refund status.	
		Are free tax preparation services affected?  To help slow the spread of COVID-19 in North Dakota, many <u>free</u> income tax preparation sites have suspended services. Please contact the site for updated hours of operation.	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
State	Guidance, Dute	You may be eligible to file your return electronically for free. See if you qualify.	Surer mismans
		Who can I contact with questions?	
		If you have questions, call us at 701-328-7088 or 1-877-328-7088, or	
		visit www.nd.gov/tax/about/contact-us.	
		-	
		Thank you for your understanding and patience as we work to keep our citizens and staff safe!"	
Ohio	DOT Ohio's COVID-19 Tax Relief	DOT_Ohio's COVID-19 Tax Relief <u>FAQs</u> (7//27/20)	H.B. 565, referred to the Ways and Means
	<u>FAQs</u> (7//27/20)		Committee on May 5, would extend the filing
		Will the Department accept electronically signed documents? (7/27/20)	and payment dates for state (Ch. 5747),
	DOT Webpage on Ohio's COVID-		municipal (Ch. 718), and school district (Ch.
	19 Tax Relief and FAQs (4/21/20)	During the period of the emergency declared by Governor DeWine's	5748) income taxes by the same period as any
		Executive Order 2020-01D, the Department of Taxation will temporarily	federal income tax extension granted in
	Ohio DOT Press Release on	accept an electronic signature for the following types of documents:	response to the COVID-19 state of emergency.
	extending filing and payment until		No penalties, interest penalties, or interest in
	7/15 (3/27/20)	Refund claims for any tax type;	connection with those taxes will accrue during the extension period. <u>H.B. 591</u> , referred to the
		<ul> <li>Petitions for Reassessment;</li> </ul>	House Ways and Means Committee on May 5,
	<u>House Bill 197</u> – enacted 3/27/20	• TBOR-1s;	would suspend certain employer municipal
		• Settlement Agreements;	income tax withholding requirements during the
	(July 15 – extending filing and	<ul> <li>Waivers (Statute of Limitation Extensions)</li> </ul>	COVID-19 state of emergency. (5/12/20)
	payment to July 15 – waiving	<ul> <li>Consents to Accept Electronic Delivery; and</li> </ul>	(3/12/20)
	penalty and interest on the payment	<ul> <li>Voluntary Disclosure Agreements.</li> </ul>	OSCPA Press Release on enacted legislation
	during the extension. The filing		(3/27/20)
	extension, and waiver of penalty	The Department will temporarily accept an electronic signature in either	
	and interest, will be available to	of the following formats:	"Legislature OKs state deadline extension
	those filing the Ohio individual		(Written on Mar 27, 2020)
	income tax, the school district	Images of signatures (scanned or photographed) in one of the	The Ohio Legislature voted unanimously
	income tax, the pass-through entity tax, and to those taxpayers that have	following file types: .tif, .jpg, .jpeg, or .pdf.	Wednesday to give Ohio Tax Commissioner
	opted in to have the commissioner	Digital Signatures that use encryption techniques to provide	Jeff McClain authority to extend the state tax
	administer the municipal net profit	proof of original and unmodified documentation on one of the	filing deadline to July 15 in alignment with the
	tax through the state's centralized	following file types: tiff, jpg, jpeg, or pdf.	delayed federal deadline. Governor Mike
	filing system. Individuals, estates,	5 VI ***********************************	DeWine indicated he would sign the bill into
	trusts and certain businesses making	Additionally, the taxpayer or representative must include a statement,	law quickly and supports the July 15 state filing
	quarterly estimated income tax	either in an attached cover letter or within the body of the email	delay.
	payments, have also been granted	transmitting the document that states: "The attached [name of document]	"We are grateful for the strong leadership
	additional time to file and pay	includes [name of taxpayer]'s valid signature and the taxpayer intends to	shown by Gov. DeWine, Lt. Gov. Jon Husted,
	without penalty or interest. The first	transmit the attached document to the Department of Taxation."	and members of the Ohio Senate and Ohio
	and second quarterly payments,	(7/27/20)	House in moving critical issues like this
	normally scheduled for April 15 and	DOT W. 1	forward so quickly in these extremely trying times," said OSCPA President and CEO Scott
	June 15 for most taxpayers, have	DOT Webpage on Ohio's COVID-19 Tax Relief and FAQs (4/21/20)	Wiley. "
	both been extended to July 15)		Wiley.

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
State	Gardance, Date	"Ohio's Filing and Payment Extensions	The move was just one provision of House Bill
		On March 27, 2020, Governor Mike DeWine signed Amended	197, emergency legislation created in response
		Substitute House Bill 197 extending the deadline to file and pay the state	to the COVID-19 pandemic. It was also one of
		income tax without interest or penalty. The extension is available to	two legislative priorities identified by OSCPA
		those filing the Ohio individual income tax, school district income	members and leadership as the state and federal
		tax, pass-through entity and fiduciary income tax, and also extends to	government began working in earnest over the
		municipal net profit taxpayers that have opted-in to the state's	past two weeks to contain the outbreak. On
		centralized filing system. Returns, payments and estimated payments	March 22, Ohio Department of Health Director
		with due dates from April 15, 2020 through June 15, 2020, including	Amy Acton, MD, MPH, signed a "stay at
		fiscal year filers, are extended without interest or penalty to July 15,	home" order that ruled that several key
		2020. Click here (3/27/20) to view the tax alert.	businesses and services, including accounting
		All other tax return filings and payment due dates remain unchanged.	services, may continue as an essential business
		Please see our <u>due dates</u> table for more information.  1. News Release	function. (OSCPA is nevertheless <b>strongly</b>
		1. News Release	urging accounting professionals to observe physical distancing and to work from home as
		• <u>Income Tax Filing Deadline Extended</u> (3/27/2020)	much as possible.)
		Tax Alert: Executive Order Waives Truck Permit for COVID-	Barbara Benton, CAE, the Society's vice
		<u>19 Cargo</u> (4/17/2020)	president of government relations, said nearly
		• Executive Order / Permit Waived (4/17/2020)	1,000 people used OSCPA's online tool to send
		2. Am. Sub. H.B. 197 (Tax related Sections: 22, 28, and 29)	almost 4,000 messages encouraging officials to
		• <u>H.B. 197: Final Veto Message</u>	move the deadline and recognize accounting as
		3. Journal Entries - Issued March 27, 2020	essential. Furthermore, OSCPA members in 70
		Estimated Payment Extensions for Ohio Income Taxes	of Ohio's 88 counties sent messages.
		(Individual Income, School District Income, Fiduciary	"This has been a great way for our members to
		Income, and Pass-Through Entity)	personally influence public policy," Benton
		Filing and Payment Extensions for Ohio Income Taxes	said. "Their involvement has been invaluable,
		(Individual Income, School District Income, Fiduciary	and they should know that we are continuing to
		Income, and Pass-Through Entity)	advocate on their behalf on key business and
		<ul> <li>Extension for Municipal Net Profit Tax</li> </ul>	professional licensure issues so they can focus
		<ul> <li>Extension for Municipal Net Profit Tax Estimated Payments</li> </ul>	on their businesses during this difficult time."
		Estimated Payment Extension for Municipal Income Tax on	The bill expressly authorizes the Tax Commissioner to extend any of the state's tax
		Electric Light and Telephone Companies (4/8/20)	filing and payment deadlines, and to waive
		Filing Extension for Municipal Income Tax on Electric Light	associated interest and penalties for
		and Telephone Companies (4/8/20)	taxpayers affected by the
		4. Contact Us	emergency. McClain's authority, if he so
		5. <u>Filing Season Central</u>	chooses to use it, also applies to school district
		6. Ohio Department of Health / Coronavirus	income taxes, municipal income taxes
		7. <u>IRS Coronavirus Update</u>	administered by the state, and certain fees
		Non-Filers Can Apply HERE for Federal Stimulus Payment	administered by the Department of
		8. FAQs" (4/21/20)	Taxation. OSCPA is urging the Tax
		Ohio DOT Press Release on extending filing and payment until 7/15	Commissioner to also extend the due dates
		(3/27/20)	for first and second quarter estimated

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		"Ohio Extending Income Tax Filing and Payment Deadline	payments. The federal government has only
			extended the first quarter to date.
		Tax Commissioner Jeff McClain today announced that Ohio will be	The municipal income tax due dates for
		following the federal government and IRS in <b>extending the deadline to</b>	individuals are tied to the state filing
		file and pay the state income tax.	deadline, so the cities' deadlines will
			automatically extend when the state
		The <b>new deadline is July 15</b> , an extension of approximately three	extension takes place. Because many
		months from the original deadline of April 15.	employees are working from home, H.B. 197
		Commission of McClair said the automical is intended to associate and	also keeps the status quo for withholding to
		Commissioner McClain said the extension is intended to provide some relief to taxpayers and help offset some of the economic impact of the	the employee's principal place of work
		coronavirus and the public safety measures adopted to contain its spread.	(despite the "20-day rule") during the emergency period, or within 30 days
		coronavirus and the public safety measures adopted to contain its spread.	thereafter. H.B. 197 includes an emergency
		As with the IRS extension, Ohio will be waiving penalty on tax due	clause so all provisions will become effective
		payments made during the extension. Also, thanks to a legislative	immediately upon signature.
		agreement between Governor Mike DeWine and the General	Other provisions of the bill would:
		Assembly, there will be no interest charges on payments made	• Bar disconnection of public water service.
		during the extension.	• Extend voting by mail to allow counting of
			absentee ballots postmarked by April 28.
		The filing extension, and waiver of penalty and interest, will be	Make allowances for people whose licenses
		available to those filing the Ohio individual income tax, the school	of various kinds will expire during the
		district income tax, the pass-through entity tax, and to those	emergency.
		taxpayers that have opted in to have the commissioner administer	<ul> <li>Grant local governments flexibility to meet</li> </ul>
		the municipal net profit tax through the state's centralized filing	remotely, with provisions for public
		system.	participation
			<ul> <li>Waive state testing and report cards for this</li> </ul>
		Individuals, estates, trusts and certain businesses making quarterly	academic year.
		estimated income tax payments, have also been granted additional	<ul> <li>Waive usual requirements to permit high</li> </ul>
		time to file and pay without penalty or interest. The first and second quarterly payments, normally scheduled for April 15 and June 15	school seniors who were on track before the
		for most taxpayers, have both been extended to July 15.	crisis to graduate.
		for most taxpayers, have both been extended to July 13.	<ul> <li>Expand eligibility for unemployment</li> </ul>
		The Department of Taxation will be issuing more detailed guidelines in	compensation.
		the next few days."	• Allow a one-time transfer from the Rainy-
			Day Fund this fiscal year, with Controlling
			Board approval.
			As news of the coronavirus continues to
			develop, refer to <u>OSCPA's resource page</u> to stay informed.
			Related:
			Read the bill: House Bill 197
			HB 197 summary
			HB 197 tax amendment"
			Ohio bill – House Bill 197 – enacted (3/27/20)

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	<ul> <li>On the state side, the due date will be extended to the federal due date.</li> <li>For the municipal income tax, R.C. 718.05(G)(1)(a) ties the due date to the state due date. As long as the state extension passes, no further actions should be required.</li> <li>State and municipal estimates are authorized to be extended as well." (summary from a member, 3/25/20)</li> <li>OSCPA Press Release (3/25/20)</li> <li>"With so much taking place amid this COVID-19 pandemic, we wanted to make sure you know what your Ohio Society of CPAs is doing on your behalf.</li> <li>OSCPA has been in constant communication with the Ohio Congressional Delegation, the DeWine Administration, the Ohio Department of Taxation, and Ohio legislative leaders on multiple fronts. Two top priorities have already been achieved, with the assistance of hundreds of Ohio CPAs who reached out to their elected officials through our letter-writing program:</li> <li>Ensuring that businesses and individuals can continue to have access to CPAs by having accounting services included as an "essential service" in conjunction with the State's "Stay at Home" order.</li> <li>Helping the federal government understand and agree to the need to extend the federal income tax filing due date to July 15.</li> </ul>
			and agree to the need to extend the federal income tax filing due date to July 15.  We are now focused on getting the state filing and payment deadlines extended to July 15 as well. Under current law, the Tax Commissioner only has authority to grant an extension of 45
			days, so – at OSCPA's urging – today the Ohio Senate and House unanimously amended House Bill 197 to grant the Tax Commissioner the power to extend the filing and payment deadlines for a longer period. Based on Gov. DeWine's public comments, the deadline is

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
			expected to be moved to July 15 soon after he signs House Bill 197 into law. The legislation includes an emergency clause so all provisions will become effective immediately upon signature.  In addition to the filing extension, we're
			requesting that the Ohio and municipal first- and second quarter estimated payment deadlines be extended. Ohio Tax Commissioner Jeff McClain was given authority to address these deadlines as well, along with the ability to waive interest payments. (Previously he could waive only penalties.) Unfortunately, the federal government has only extended the first quarter to date.
			The municipal income tax due dates for individuals are tied to the state filing deadline, so the cities' deadlines will automatically extend when the state extension takes place. Further, H.B. 197 allows the tax commissioner to extend the due date of the state-administered municipal net profits tax. Because many employees are currently working from home, H.B. 197 also keeps the status quo for withholding to the employee's principal place of work (despite the "20-day rule") during the emergency period, or within 30 days thereafter.
			To the almost 1,000 members who took the time to reach out to their elected officials: Thank you!
			Please contact us with any questions or concerns and know that we continue to advocate on your behalf so you can focus your attention on your own businesses during this difficult time.  Stay safe!

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
			OSCPA <u>Press Release</u> on Accounting services deemed 'essential' in state 'stay at home' order. (3/22/20)
			"Accounting services deemed 'essential' in state 'stay at home' order Ohio Department of Health Director Amy Acton has signed a "stay at home" order for all Ohioans starting Monday evening, however several key businesses and services, including accounting services, may continue as an essential business function.
			The order will go into effect on Monday, March 23 at 11:59 p.m. and will remain in effect until at least Monday, April 6. Gov. Mike DeWine announced the measure Sunday afternoon in what has become a daily news conference and update on the state's efforts to slow the COVID-19 pandemic.
			Sunday's announcement came after several days of concerted effort by OSCPA members and leadership to ensure accounting services could continue to function amid any shutdowns.
			On Friday, OSCPA President & CEO Scott Wiley, CAE, wrote to the DeWine Administration to explain the importance of the profession to the COVID-19 response effort.
			"Businesses are facing difficult decisions due to the major disruption caused by COVID-19," Wiley wrote. "More than ever, business owners will rely on their CPAs to provide analysis and advice that allows them to make vital decisions, meet their contractual obligations, pay their employees and – ultimately – stay in business."
			The Society also leveraged the power of membership, as nearly 800 people sent nearly 2,500 messages via OSCPA's online tool to ask legislators to both recognize accounting as

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
			essential, and to move the state's tax filing day. (More on that below.)
			Wiley on Sunday said the administration's decision for accounting is "a big deal."
			"On behalf of the Ohio Society of CPAs' Executive Board and leadership, I want to thank Gov. DeWine, Lt. Gov. Husted and their staffs for recognizing the importance – indeed, the necessity – of CPAs to the continuity of critical functions in our state.
			"Accounting has a vital role to play – not only in this pandemic, but as we begin to think about how we can help businesses and society get moving again once this ends."
			It's important to note that, under the order, businesses permitted to continue operations must meet several requirements, including:
			<ul> <li>Meeting physical distancing requirements contained in the order</li> <li>Allowing as many employees as possible to work from home</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>Actively encouraging sick employees to stay home</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>Ensuring that sick leave policies are up to date</li> <li>Separating employees who appear to have</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>acute respiratory illness symptoms</li> <li>Reinforcing key messages – stay home when sick, use cough and sneeze etiquette, and practice hand hygiene – to all employees</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>Providing protection supplies (soap and hand sanitizer are two examples)</li> <li>Being prepared to change business practices if needed</li> </ul>
			Wiley said more remains to be done – and quickly, noting that the Ohio General Assembly will return to Columbus this week.

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			"We expect a massive relief package to be on their plate," he said. "We have urged legislators to include language to mirror the federal filing and payment deadline extensions for 90 days to July 15."  The Society is also requesting the state to extend the due date for the first quarter 2020 estimated payments.  He said CPAs should continue to let their legislators know about this important effort by using the Society's online tool. And as news of the coronavirus continues to develop, refer
			to <u>OSCPA's resource page</u> to stay informed."  OSCPA letter to the Governor on accounting an essential service. (3/20/20)
			"Thank you again for your leadership as Ohio navigates the impact of the COVID-19 virus and works to keep our state safe yet still moving forward as much as possible. Based on what is occurring in other states, we suspect you may be considering a shelter-in-place order.
			While health care, utilities, grocery stores and public safety are clearly essential services, we request that you consider including professional accounting services as an essential service should you issue a shelter-in-place order.
			Accounting services are critical to the financial markets, especially when considering legally mandated activities.
			Further, a precedent has been set in other states; for example, accounting is included as an essential service in NY and CA, two states that already have issued shelter in-place orders.
			The following points illustrate why accounting services should be considered essential:
			1. Accountants provide tax preparation services for individuals and businesses. While most

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information  Ohio CPAs are now working from home to address client needs, it is a challenge. Our members are recommending extensions as much as possible, but they also are working hard to file as many returns as possible for clients getting a refund. A majority of Ohioans require the help of a tax expert to complete and file an accurate return – even extensions. The reality is that in many cases CPAs working from home during this time occasionally must go into their office to scan, copy and mail tax documents to clients – particularly for seniors who don't use email. Today, this can even mean that CPAs need to stop by a senior's residence to pick up documents since they can't safely leave their home to mail documents.
			2. Banks and other lenders require current financial statements and information when reviewing loan requests or a financial restructuring. These requests are likely to increase as a result of the current COVID-19 crisis. Now more than ever, business owners need easy access to their CPA.
			3. Accounting professionals handle critical and sensitive information, requiring robust cybersecurity systems. While very large companies operate in paperless systems with secure remote access, there are many small to midsize companies and individuals that continue to use paper documents. Even if all these documents could be digitally transmitted, cybersecurity remains a concern. Accounting firms have office IT systems in place for managing and protecting consumers' data; these systems aren't always as sophisticated (and, in some parts of the state, readily available) in a home-office environment.
			4. Businesses are facing difficult decisions due to the major disruption caused by COVID-19. More than ever, business owners will rely on their CPAs to provide analysis and advice that

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
			allows them to make vital decisions, meet their contractual obligations, pay their employees and - ultimately - stay in business.
			5. The services provided by accounting professionals are used across the entire state. By naming them as essential, many communities are and will continue to be served. We are in an environment where the rules are changing day-to-day. We need calm and rational approaches to the problems ahead of us. By including the accounting profession as essential, you are ensuring that a key resource will be available to individuals and businesses to help them make the critical financial decisions they will face."
			OSCPA website posting urging extend the Ohio filing date to 7/15 – (3/20/20)  "Please urge Ohio officials to act immediately to extend the state and local April 15 filing deadlines to July 15  On March 20 U.S. Treasury Secretary Mnuchin announced the federal government has moved the April 15 FILING deadline to July 15. He previously announced the payment deadline had been moved to July 15.  We now need the State of Ohio to move its own filing deadline from April 15 to July 15 waiving any penalties and interest during that time, and doing all it can to have Ohio municipalities do the same." (3/20/20)
			OSCPA <u>second letter</u> to the governor requesting extended filing and payment. (3/18/20)
			"Thank you again for your outreach to The Ohio Society of CPAs regarding challenges expected in the Ohio business community resulting from the COVID-19 pandemic and steps the State of Ohio could take to mitigate that impact.
			I want to build on OSCPA's March 13 communication urging a postponement of Ohio

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
			income tax filing and payment deadlines and encourage Ohio to follow extensions made at the federal level. Yesterday, President Trump announced the federal government is delaying by 90 days any required payments for 2019 income tax returns, and no penalties or interests on those tax obligations for 90 days. Pursuant to Notice 2020-17, the federal government is unfortunately maintaining the April 15th due date for filing returns or extensions. Despite the federal government's position, we strongly urge that the State of Ohio NOT conform with the April 15th filing date, and instead defer by 90 days both the filing and payment due dates, and waiver of any related penalties and interest during that time. We make this recommendation for three primary reasons:
			1) Based on R.C. 718.05(G)(1)(a), the municipal deadline is tied to the state of Ohio's filing deadline and has nothing to do with the payment deadline.
			a. If Ohio does not extend the filing deadline, over 600 different local taxing jurisdictions could have 600 different interpretations of a payment deadline extension, and some will still try to assess penalties and interest for payments after April 15th anyway.
			b. If Ohio does not extend the filing deadline, a municipality could say that 718.05(G)(1)(a) applies to both filing and payment, and if the State chooses not to assess under their own administrative policy it does not bind a municipality to do the same.
			2) Form 4868 (the federal extension form) will still be due by April 15th, which means the actual computations will still need to be done in order to file an accurate extension for October 15th.

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			a. Obtaining an extension is relatively easy, but all the work preparing the actual request itself is what takes up much of the tax preparers' time and effort.
			b. Delaying the payment deadline is beneficial to the taxpayer and economy. If the filing deadline is also not extended, then tax preparers will be spending as much time, if not more, attempting to obtain extensions until October 15th.
			3) The process of preparing accurate returns or extensions often involves face-to-face meetings of tax preparers and clients which is highly being discouraged at this time. All nonessential businesses have been encouraged to close operations or send their employees to work from home.
			a. There's an extremely high level of stress within the tax preparation community today. March, in the best of years, is a challenging month. Many of our members are attempting to follow state directives by fully going remote with their workforces for the first time. This new workplace uncertainty has is making it very difficult to meet existing deadlines.
			b. When you add in the challenges of children at home due to school closures and the likelihood that daycares will soon close, CPAs who typically would be working 12-hour days are unable to do so. Many are trying to get their clients' tax forms completed when they find themselves working from their kitchen tables with spotty internet connections and clients who cannot access needed information.
			While we recognize that extending a major tax due date and related payments creates difficulties for government entities, we believe the significant challenges created by the

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			pandemic merit the State of Ohio doing just
			that. Please take these points into consideration and
			grant an extension of time to both filings and
			payments.
			Thank you both for the leadership you are providing our state and all Ohioans during these unprecedented times. I would welcome the opportunity to discuss this matter further if you have any questions."
			OH DOT website posting: "Effective immediately, the Ohio Department of Taxation has closed its walk-in center due to Coronavirus concerns." (3/12/20)
			OSCPA <u>press release</u> on OSCPA <u>letter request</u> to the Governor: (3/13/20)
			"Extend income tax filing and payment deadlines, following any extensions we anticipate will be made at the federal level.
			We know that the Trump Administration is already seriously considering extending
			deadlines; to avoid confusion, we <b>encourage</b>
			the State of Ohio to adopt the same changes the federal government ultimately adopts.
			While whatever is ultimately adopted by the
			federal government is still uncertain, I have
			attached a copy of the letter outlining recommendations made by the accounting
			profession through the American Institute of
			CPAs to help you understand the various
			income-tax-related areas of concern.  It's also important that <b>municipal governments</b>
			in our state also follow any federal and state filing and payment deadline changes."
Oklahoma	OK Tax Commission Information	OK Tax Commission Information and Updates on Website (3/23/20)	OK Tax Commission COVID-19 Website
	and Updates on Website (3/23/20)		(3/23/20)
	Prior OK Tax Commission Press	"Oklahoma Tax Commission extends Oklahoma income tax filing date to July 15, 2020	"Oklahoma Tax Commission FAQ
	Release (3/19/20)		Is the Oklahoma Tax Commission Open?

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
	(July 15 – extend filing and	Updated March 23: Oklahomans now have until July 15, 2020 to file	
	payment of income tax return due	and pay their 2019 Oklahoma income tax return. In response to	The lobby of our Oklahoma City main office
	April 15 -including first quarter	Treasury Secretary Steven T. Mnuchin's announcement on Friday,	(2501 N Lincoln Blvd, Oklahoma City, OK) is
	2020 estimated tax payments.)	March 20, that the Trump administration has decided to push the federal	open for services to taxpayers by appointment
		income tax filing date from April 15 to July 15, the Oklahoma Tax	only. You do not need to call ahead to receive
		Commission (OTC) is likewise extending the 2019 Oklahoma income	an appointment. When you arrive, you'll be
		tax return due date from April 15 to July 15, 2020. This is applicable	checked in outside of our entrance. When it is
		to income tax due from Tax Year 2019 and the first quarter	time for your appointment, you will enter and
		payment for Tax Year 2020, both of which would normally be due	receive one-on-one assistance from a taxpayer
		on April 15, 2020.	assistance representative.Limiting entrance in
			this way allows us to serve our customers while
		Oklahoma Tax Commission FAQ	limiting the number of people in our lobby in
			adherence with CDC guidelines on stopping the
		Is the Oklahoma Tax Commission Open?	spread of COVID-19. Our Compliance Division
			lobby is closed at this time, as is the lobby of
		The lobby of our Oklahoma City main office (2501 N Lincoln Blvd,	our Tulsa location.
		Oklahoma City, OK) is open for services to taxpayers by appointment	
		only. You do not need to call ahead to receive an appointment. When	Can I file taxes, renew vehicle registration,
		you arrive, you'll be checked in outside of our entrance. When it is time	make payments and more online?
		for your appointment, you will enter and receive one-on-one assistance	
		from a taxpayer assistance representative.Limiting entrance in this way	Yes! We encourage you to. View all of our
		allows us to serve our customers while limiting the number of people in	available online services by clicking here."
		our lobby in adherence with CDC guidelines on stopping the spread of	
		COVID-19. Our Compliance Division lobby is closed at this time, as is	"As COVID-19 continues to disrupt many
		the lobby of our Tulsa location.	aspects of public life, the Oklahoma Tax
			Commission encourages taxpayers to use our
		Has the deadline for filing and paying Oklahoma state income taxes	online services. The lobby of our Oklahoma
		changed?	City main office is open for services to
		Y 011 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	taxpayers which adhere to current CDC
		Yes. Oklahomans now have until July 15, 2020 to file and pay their	guidelines. Our Compliance Division lobby is
		2019 Oklahoma income tax return.	closed at this time, as is the lobby of our Tulsa
			location. Taxpayers may visit our main office
		Do I need to apply to receive the extended deadline?	(2501 N Lincoln Blvd, Oklahoma City, OK) for
		N. Th 1. 11' (I 1 15) C C'l' 1 '	in-person service.
		No. The new deadline (July 15) for filing and paying your	A key element of preventing COVID-19 spread
		2019 Oklahoma income tax return is extended to all with no need to	is social distancing. One way you can practice
		apply in order to receive it.	this during tax season is using our online
		Con I file toyog manay yehiqle magistration make navments and	services to file, check the status of your return,
		Can I file taxes, renew vehicle registration, make payments and more online?	complete identity verification processes, make
		more omnie:	payments and much more from the comfort of your home through OkTAP. Our online services
		Voel We appearance you to View all of our available online assistant	also extend to our Motor Vehicle division. You
		Yes! We encourage you to. View all of our available online services by	can renew your registration, order a
		<u>clicking here</u> ."	personalized plate and more through OkCARS.
			personanzeu prate and more <u>unrough OkCARS</u> .

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		Prior OK Tax Commission Press Release (3/19/20)	We strongly advise that you make use of these resources if possible. As COVID-19 continues to evolve, we will provide updates. Please check this page for the latest information regarding the availability of our services."
Oregon	DOR COVID-19 FAQs (8/3/20)  DOR Press Release on PPP loans, EIDL advances, SBA loan subsidies	DOR COVID-19 FAQs (8/3/20)  "Corporations - For purposes of Oregon corporate excise/income tax, the presence of teleworking employees of the corporation in Oregon between March 8, 2020 and November 1, 2020 won't be treated by the	<ul> <li>Updates from the OSCPA:</li> <li>On 3/18/20, Governor Stitt signed SB661, temporarily allowing public bodies to satisfy the Open Meetings Act electronically. This is due to expire November 15.</li> <li>The Oklahoma Tax Commission is still open, including their office. This issue is compounded due to the cash-only deposits required by the cannabis vendors.</li> <li>The Oklahoma Accountancy Board is closed to visitors and cancelled this month's meeting.</li> </ul>
	not subject to CAT (5/6/20)  DOR COVID-19 Response Website (5/1/20)  Director's Orders FAQ (4/20/20)  Director's Order 2020-02 (4/20/20) to extend deadlines for additional tax types	department as a relevant factor when making a nexus determination if the employee(s) in question are regularly based outside Oregon."  DOR Press Release on PPP loans, EIDL advances, SBA loan subsidies not subject to CAT (5/6/20)  "The Oregon Department of Revenue has determined that certain federal assistance to businesses under the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act is not commercial activity under Oregon statute and will not be subject to the Corporate Activity Tax.	
	Dirrector's Order 2020-01 (3/24/20) on extending personal and corporate income tax filing and payment dates	The exempt assistance includes forgiven Paycheck Protection Program (PPP) loans, Economic Injury Disaster Loan (EIDL) emergency advances, and Small Business Administration (SBA) loan subsidies. More information can be found in the Beyond the FAQ section of the CAT page on the department's website.	
	news releases  DOR Press Release (3/25/20)	According to information provided about the CARES Act on the website of the U.S. Department of the Treasury:	

(July 15 - extension for Oregon personal and corporate income tax filing and payment deadlines. It applies for personal and corporate income taxes and some other taxes. Personal income tax deadline is automatically extended from April 15, 2020 to July 15, 2020. The Oregon tax payment deadline for payments due with the 2019 tax year return is automatically extended to July 15, 2020. Estimated tax payments for tax year 2020 are not extended. Oregon's April 15, 2020 estimated tax payment due date for tax year 2020 has not been extended and is still due on April 15, 2020. The first estimated payment for the CAT is not extended and is due April 30, 2020. However, the department understands that the pandemic may impact commercial activity, up or down, to an extent that makes it difficult for businesses to estimate their first payment. The department will not assess underpayment penalties for taxpayers making a good-faith effort to estimate their first quarter CAT payments. The tax year 2019 six-month extension to file, if requested, continues to extend only the filing deadline until October 15, 2020. The regular filing extension grants more time to file until October 15. 2020, but it does not further extend the payment due date beyond July 15, 2020. If you properly estimate your 2019 tax liability using the information available to you and file for an extension by July 15, 2020, your tax return will be due on October 15, 2020 for personal income tax and November 15, 2020

- PPP loans provide small businesses with funds to pay up to eight weeks of payroll costs including benefits. Funds can also be used to pay interest on mortgages, rent, and utilities.
- EIDL emergency advances of up to \$10,000 are available to provide economic relief to businesses that are currently struggling with a temporary loss of revenue.
- SBA loan subsidies cover six months of payments for "covered loans" in regular servicing status.

Taxpayers with general questions about the CAT can email cat.help.dor@oregon.gov or call 503-945-8005.

Visit <a href="www.oregon.gov/dor">www.oregon.gov/dor</a> to get tax forms, check the status of your refund, or make tax payments; call 800-356-4222 toll-free from an Oregon prefix (English or Spanish); 503-378-4988 in Salem and outside Oregon; or email <a href="mailto:questions.dor@oregon.gov">questions.dor@oregon.gov</a>. For TTY (hearing or speech impaired), call 800-886-7204." (5/6/20)

DOR COVID-19 Response Website (5/1/20)

#### "Oregon tax return filing and payment deadlines extended

At the direction of Governor Kate Brown, the Oregon Department of Revenue has announced an extension for Oregon tax filing and payment deadlines for personal income taxes and some other taxes closely following the IRS extension declaration. This move is a result of the governor's priority to keep Oregonians safe and healthy, while also providing relief and consistency for Oregon taxpayers affected by the federal and state COVID-19 emergency.

## Personal and corporate income tax Federal relief

On March 21, 2020, the IRS issued a news release (Notice 2020-58) automatically extending the filing due date to July 15, 2020, for all returns due April 15, 2020, and allowing all payments due on that date to be deferred until July 15, 2020, without penalties or interest, regardless of the amount of the payment.

The IRS also has established a special webpage on IRS.gov focused on steps to help individuals, businesses and other taxpayers affected by the coronavirus. The distribution of economic impact payments will begin in the coming weeks and will be distributed automatically, with no action required for most people. Visit the IRS's coronavirus tax relief webpage to learn more about the payments and how individuals can get them.

Economic Impact Payment information

With the cooperation of the Free File Alliance, the IRS has created its first online tool to allow individuals without a 1040 filing obligation to

for corporation excise and income tax. For corporate income/excise taxpavers, the Oregon return filing and payment due date for tax year 2019 is automatically extended from May 15, 2020 until July 15, 2020. Fiscal year returns due on or after April 1, 2020 and before July 15, 2020 are also extended to July 15, 2020. Payments for and returns due after May 15, 2020 are not extended at this time. The second Director's Order (2020-02) extends the due date to July 15, 2020 for Oregon corporate excise/income fiscal year tax returns that are otherwise due from April 1, 2020 through July 15, 2020. Under Director's Order 2020-02, the extension of the filing and payment due dates applies to estate transfer taxes (Form OR-706), which are now due on July 15, 2020. Director's Order 2020-02 extends the three-year statute of limitation deadline for claiming a refund for the 2016 tax year to July 15, 2020, if that deadline would otherwise fall on a date on or after April 1, 2020 and before July 15, 2020. Director's Order 2020-02 extends the time to claim a 2016 Oregon income tax refund to July 15, 2020. Estimated tax payments for tax year 2020 are not extended. Any interest and penalties with respect to Oregon tax filings and payments extended by this order begin accruing on July 16, 2020. No automatic extension is provided in this order for the payment or deposit of any other type of Oregon tax or for the filing of Oregon information returns. Under the Director's Orders, normal filing,

register for an Economic Impact Payment. The IRS soon plans to offer a second tool to give citizens a payment delivery date and direct deposit information. Check back here for more details as they become available. **Oregon relief** 

Under the authority of ORS 305.157, the director of the Department of Revenue has determined that the governor's state-declared emergency due to the COVID-19 pandemic and the action of the IRS will impair the ability of Oregon taxpayers to take certain actions within the time prescribed by law. Therefore, the director has ordered an automatic extension of the 2019 tax year filing and payment due dates for certain affected taxpayers as indicated below.

For details of the extensions, see the department's <u>news releases</u>; the March 24 <u>Director's Order 2020-01</u> on extending personal and corporate income tax filing and payment dates; the April 20 <u>Director's Order 2020-02</u> to extend deadlines for additional tax types and extending appeal rights; and the <u>Director's Orders FAQ</u> (4/20/20).

#### **Collections**

In response to the state of emergency declared for the COVID-19 pandemic, the Oregon Department of Revenue is temporarily modifying some of its collections processes to provide relief for individuals and businesses in Oregon. Read the <u>full list of changes</u>.

#### "Collections Relief Related to COVID-19

If you owe the state of Oregon money and have a payment agreement with the Department of Revenue, below are ways to minimize the impact of the coronavirus (COVID-19) crisis on your payment plan. Most important: DO NOT just skip or reduce payments to the department. Call us at the appropriate phone number to discuss your options: • Individual tax collections: 503-945-8200. • Business tax collections: 503-945-8100. • Other Agency Accounts collections: 503-945-8199. Existing Payment Agreements—If you're unable to comply with the terms of your existing payment agreement between now and June 30, 2020, you can request a modification to your payment plan. Do not skip or reduce payments without reaching out to us to make formal arrangements. Formal arrangements will prevent potential issues later. Call us at least five business days before your payment due date. By law, interest will continue to accrue on any unpaid balances. New Payment Agreements— The department reminds people who are unable to pay their debt in full that they can resolve outstanding debt and avoid automated collection actions by entering into a payment agreement with the department. See the following links: • Personal income payment plan. • Other Agency Accounts. • Resources for businesses. Garnishments—The department has taken temporary steps to reduce the automatic issuance of garnishments. If your household is experiencing a financial hardship due to the COVID-19 pandemic and your wages are currently being

payment, and deposit due dates continue to apply to both payroll and noncorporate excise taxes (like emergency communications (E911), marijuana, state lodging, tobacco, etc. The first quarter 2020 Form OQ return and payment due dates are not extended and are still due April 30, 2020. Employers must also maintain their current withholding deposit schedules (e.g., daily, monthly, quarterly, etc.). Any taxpayers who have filing or payment due dates other than those due on or after April 1 and before July 15 have not been granted relief by this order. PPP loans, EIDL advances, SBA loan subsidies not subject to CAT. The Oregon Department of Revenue has determined that certain federal assistance to businesses under the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act is not commercial activity under Oregon statute and will not be subject to the Corporate Activity Tax. The exempt assistance includes forgiven Paycheck Protection Program (PPP) loans, Economic Injury Disaster Loan (EIDL) emergency advances, and Small Business Administration (SBA) loan subsidies. The IRS economic impact payments are not taxable under current Oregon law. The payments are considered an advance payment of your federal refundable credit that would otherwise be claimed on your 2020 personal income tax return. Unemployment income is taxable to Oregon. Qualified leave wages are taxable. Oregon is tied to this law. There has been no exception for these wages

garnished by the department, you can request a temporary wage garnishment hold if you contact us prior to June 30, 2020. There are limited situations where the temporary hold will not be granted, such as if another garnishment is pending to attach to your wages. We will monitor the COVID-19 situation and evaluate the need to extend or modify these collections-related relief provisions further. Reach out to us for assistance. We're here to help during this difficult time."

## **Corporate Activity Tax**

Initial quarterly payments for the new Corporate Activity Tax (CAT) are due April 30, 2020. The department understands that the pandemic may impact commercial activity, up or down, to an extent that makes it difficult for businesses to estimate their first payment. The department will not assess underpayment penalties to taxpayers making a good faith effort to estimate their first quarter payments. You can find more information about CAT estimated tax payments at <a href="Beyond the CAT">Beyond the CAT</a> FAQ.

## Property tax deferral

The due date for applications for senior or disabled property tax deferral has been extended until June 15, 2020. The due date for filing recertification with the department is still due April 15, 2020. Please contact the department for filing deferral recertification information if you're having difficulty meeting the due date.

# Guidance to local governments on local budget law

On April 15, 2020, the governor signed Executive Order 20-16. This order creates flexibility in public meetings law and local budget law during the COVID-19 emergency period. This includes but is not limited to: allowing alternative meeting formats and options for public comment; changing the quorum requirement for conducting a public meeting; allowing alternative meeting notice publication options for local budget law; and creating an exception to local budget law for necessary expenditures when a municipal corporation is unable to adopt their budget by June 30. This is provided that the municipal corporation adopts a budget and spending appropriations as soon as they are able. Please note that this order does not change the requirement to certify your tax levy to the assessor by July 15. If you are unable to adopt your budget and resolutions imposing and categorizing taxes on time, you must request an extension from your county assessor. The extension must be in writing and received prior to July 15.

Please review the full executive order for details. The Department of Revenue's Finance, Taxation, and Exemptions team can assist you with questions regarding local budget law by emailing

finance.taxation@oregon.gov or calling 503-945-8293. We suggest you contact your legal counsel or the Oregon Department of Justice's Public Meeting Law Manual for questions regarding public meetings law." (5/1/20)

to be excluded from Oregon taxable income. Qualified leave wages are not excludable qualified disaster relief payments. Currently, there is no exception for these wages to be excluded from Oregon taxable income. The sick leave and qualified family leave wages are subject to withholding just like any other wages. The order extends the timeframe to submit a written objection or conference request from 30 to 90 days if the deadline for filing a written objection or conference request is on or after April 1, 2020 and before July 16, 2020. This applies to any Notice of Deficiency or Notice of Proposed Refund Adjustment or Notice of Liability issued by the department on or after March 1, 2020 and before June 16, 2020. If your Notice of Deficiency or Notice of Proposed Refund Adjustment or Notice of Liability was issued on or after March 1, 2020 and before June 16, 2020 you have 90 days to submit a written objection or conference request, even though the notice says 30 days. The department did not have time to change the notice wording before the notices were issued, which is why the notice says 30 days instead of 90 days. The Director's Orders do not extend the time to file an appeal from a department assessment with the Magistrate Division of the Tax Court under ORS 305.280 or otherwise. For most taxes, the appeal to the Oregon Tax Court is still generally due within 90 days of the date on the Notice of Assessment, or within two years from the date tax an income tax

DOR Press Release (3/25/20)

Department of Revenue announces extension of tax filing deadlines and payments

At the direction of Governor Kate Brown, the Oregon Department of Revenue today announced an **extension for Oregon tax filing and payment deadlines for personal income taxes and some other taxes** closely following the IRS extension declaration. This move is a result of the governor's priority to keep Oregonians safe and healthy, while also providing relief and consistency for Oregon taxpayers affected by the federal and state COVID-19 emergency.

"The governor's clearly stated goal is for Oregon families to stay home, save lives," said Oregon Department of Revenue Director Nia Ray. "After consultation with the state treasurer and state budget officials, the Department of Revenue will extend personal and corporate income tax deadlines during this challenging period."

Under the authority of ORS 305.157, the director of the Department of Revenue has determined that the governor's state-declared emergency due to the COVID-19 pandemic and the action of the IRS will impair the ability of Oregon taxpayers to take certain actions within the time prescribed by law. Therefore, the director has ordered an automatic extension of the 2019 tax year filing and payment due dates for certain affected taxpayers as indicated below.

### For personal income taxpayers:

- The Oregon return filing due date for tax year 2019 is automatically extended from April 15, 2020 to July 15, 2020.
- The Oregon tax payment deadline for payments due with the 2019 tax year return is automatically extended to July 15, 2020.
- Estimated tax payments for tax year 2020 are not extended.
- The tax year 2019 six-month extension to file, if requested, continues to **extend only the filing deadline until October 15, 2020.**
- Taxpayers do not need to file any additional forms or call us to qualify for this automatic Oregon tax filing and payment extension.
- If you have questions about your personal income tax, contact <u>questions.dor@oregon.gov</u>.

# For corporate income/excise taxpayers:

• The Oregon return filing due date for tax year 2019 is automatically extended from May 15, 2020 until July 15, 2020. Returns due after May 15, 2020 are not extended at this time.

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
	assessment is paid in full. The	• The Oregon tax payment deadline for payments due with the 2019	
	department may issue a Notice of	return by May 15, 2020 is automatically extended to July 15, 2020.	
	Assessment, Notice of Proposed	Payments for returns due after May 15, 2020 are not extended at	
	Refund Adjustment, or conference	this time.	
	letter affirming, canceling, or	• Estimated tax payments for tax year 2020 are not extended.	
	adjusting a Notice of Liability in	Taxpayers do not need to file any additional forms or call us to qualify	
	response to a written objection or	for this automatic Oregon tax filing and payment extension.	
	conference request up to 14 months		
	(instead of 12 months). If you	Interest and penalties:	
	received a "Letter Error" or "Billing	• Because of the extension of the due dates for filing returns and	
	Error" notice after April 20, 2020	making payments, any interest and penalties with respect to Oregon	
	for any of the following three	tax filings and payments extended by this order begin accruing on	
	notices: Notice of Deficiency,	July 16, 2020.	
	Notice of Proposed Refund	• No automatic extension is provided in this order for the payment	
	Adjustment, or Notice of Liability	or deposit of any other type of Oregon tax or for the filing of Oregon	
	issued on or after March 1, 2020	information returns.	
	and before June 16, 2020, then your		
	time to request a written objection	Taxpayers can find resources such as forms and publications,	
	or conference is extended from 30	information regarding filing as an individual or business, and helpful	
	days to 90 days. For purposes of	tools, such as Where's My Refund and What's My Kicker, on the	
	Oregon corporate excise/income	Department of Revenue webpage. You can also keep up to date with the	
	tax, the presence of teleworking	latest developments and news surrounding impacts of COVID-19 to your	
	employees of the corporation in	taxes at www.oregon.gov/dor/.	
	Oregon between March 8, 2020 and		
	November 1, 2020 won't be treated	You can visit <u>www.oregon.gov/dor</u> to get forms, check the status of your	
	by the department as a relevant	refund, or make payments. You can call 503-378-4988 or 800-356-4222	
	factor when making a nexus	(toll-free) or email <u>questions.dor@oregon.gov</u> for additional assistance.	
	determination if the employee(s) in	For TTY for hearing- or speech-impaired, call 800-886-7204."	
	question are regularly based outside	DOD GOVED 10 D	
	Oregon.)	DOR COVID-19 Response Website (4/2/20)	
		Corporate Activity Tax	
	(CAT - waive penalties if good faith	Initial quarterly payments for the new Corporate Activity Tax (CAT) are	
	estimate on first quarter CAT	due April 30, 2020. The department understands that the pandemic may	
	payment due April 30)	impact commercial activity, up or down, to an extent that makes it	
	payment due ripin 30)	difficult for businesses to estimate their first payment. <b>The department</b>	
		will not assess underpayment penalties to taxpayers making a good	
		faith effort to estimate their first quarter payments.	
		Guidance to local governments on local budget law	
		In its supervisory capacity for cities, counties, and other taxation districts	
		relating to local budget law, the department reminds local authorities	
		that they may request, in writing, that the assessor grant an	
		extension of the July 15 deadline for certifying taxes.	
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State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
Pennsylvania	DOR COVID Page (5/8/20)	PA DOR COVID-19 Information – electronic signature info. (8/28/20)	From Law 360 article on introduced legislation
-	_		to provide credit for manufacturing PPE
	PA DOR COVID-19 Information –	"Waiver for Signature on Corporate Paper Tax Returns	(4/16/20)
	electronic signature info. (8/28/20)	The Department of Revenue is temporarily waiving the requirement for	
		corporate officers to physically sign and date certain corporate tax	"Pa. Bill Seeks Tax Credit For Makers Of
	PA DOR Find Answers including	returns with a wet signature. This waiver applies to tax returns that	Protective Gear
	nexus treatment of employees	cannot be submitted to the department electronically. Examples are the	Pennsylvania would give a tax credit to
	working from home during	returns due for Gross Premiums Tax and Mutual Thrift Institutions Tax.	manufacturers that retrofit their businesses to
	pandemic (4/20/20)	This waiver will be in place during the emergency disaster declaration	manufacture personal protective equipment in
		signed by Gov. Wolf in response to the COVID-19 pandemic. The	response to the COVID-19 pandemic, under a
	<u>FAQ</u> s (4/17/20)	emergency disaster declaration was signed on March 6, 2020.	bill recently introduced in the state"
		In place of the corporate officer signature, the person who prepares the	
	PA DOR Relief for Taxpayers	return should write in "COVID-19" on the signature line. This will serve	From Law 360 article on introduced legislation
	<b>During COVID-19 Pandemic</b>	as a temporary solution to authenticate the filing of the return if the	to exempt CARES payments from state tax
	(4/17/20)	corporate officer is unable to sign and date the return due to the	(4/15/20)
		pandemic.	
	PA DOR News Release on Relief	Waiver for Signature on Pass-Through Paper Tax Returns	"Pennsylvania Bill Would Exempt CARES Act
	for Taxpayers (4/15/20)	The Department of Revenue is temporarily waiving the requirement for	Payments From State Tax
		a general partner, principal officer or authorized individual to physically	Pennsylvania would exempt federal COVID-19
	PA DOR News Release on	sign and date certain pass-through tax returns with a wet signature. This	relief payments from state income tax under a
	Pennsylvania Businesses to Benefit	waiver applies to tax returns that cannot be submitted to the department	bill that has been introduced in the state House
	from Waiver for Prepayments of	electronically.	of Representatives. H.B. 2408, introduced
	<u>Sales Tax</u> (4/14/20)	This waiver will be in place during the emergency disaster declaration	Tuesday." (4/15/20)
		signed by Gov. Wolf in response to the COVID-19 pandemic. The	
	PA DOR Press Release on Scam	emergency disaster declaration was signed on March 6, 2020.	
	Warning: Fraudsters Using New	In place of the general partner, principal officer or authorized individual	BA 1 A 10 C2020 1:1 1 1
	Tactics to Steal Personal Data	signature, the person who prepares the return should write in "COVID-	PA – enacted - Act 10 of 2020, which extends
	During COVID-19 Pandemic	19" on the signature line. This will serve as a temporary solution to	the due date of certain personal income tax
	(4/7/20)	authenticate the filing of the return if the general partner, principal	returns and payments, as well as waiving
	DA DOD Nama Balanca an	officer, or authorized individual is unable to sign and date the return due	certain other income tax dates. Act 10 of 2020
	PA DOR News Release on Extension of Filing Deadlines to	to the pandemic." (8/28/20)	also extends the deadline for the filing of 2019
	Trusts and Estates and Partnerships	DOP COVID Page (5/9/20)	local tax returns and payments to July 15, 2020.
	and S Corps (4/2/20)	DOR COVID Page (5/8/20)	DA DOD COVID 10 Websers (4/2/20)
	<u>and S Corps</u> (4/2/20)	"Federal Stimulus Checks Not Subject to PA Taxes	PA DOR COVID-19 Webpage (4/2/20)
	PA DOR COVID-19 Webpage		"Offices Closed
	(4/2/20)	The stimulus checks, otherwise known as economic impact payments,	The Department of Revenue's offices and
	(4/2/20)	being distributed by the federal government are not subject to	customer service call center are currently closed
	City of Philadelphia DOR	Pennsylvania personal income tax. The payment is considered a rebate	as the commonwealth takes steps to help slow
	Announcement on Employee Nexus	that is non-taxable in Pennsylvania. The payments are being distributed	the spread of COVID-19 in Pennsylvania. That
	and Sourcing (4/22/20)	as part of the federal economic stimulus legislation that was signed into	means anyone visiting a Revenue district office
	mid Douteling (T/22/20)	law in March in response to the COVID-19 pandemic." (5/8/20)	or trying to call the department over the phone
		DOR News Release (3/21/2))	will not be able to reach a representative at this
		DOR HONS ROlouse (SIZIIZ))	time.

State Guidance/Date City of Philadelphia DOR News Release - Business Income & Receipts Tax (BIRT), Net Profits Tax (NPT) filing and payment extensions policy update (4/14/20) (DOR fully closed) (July 15 - PA - filing and payment extended for personal income tax returns, and trusts and estates, partnerships, and S corporations returns and payments – waive penalties and interest on 2019 personal income tax payments through the new deadline of 7/15/20 - applies to both final 2019 tax returns and payments and estimated payments for the first and second quarters of 2020 for the above returns. The department is extending the due date for non-

resident withholding and partnership

withholding payments to July 15.

returns (1099-R, 1099-MISC, and

(taxpayers with a tax year other than

January to December). Processing

Partnerships and S Corporations to

recently signed into law Act 10 of

July 15, 2020. Governor Tom Wolf

2020, which extends the due date of

certain personal income tax returns

certain other income tax dates. The

and payments, as well as waiving

Department of Revenue also

W2-G). There are no additional

extensions for fiscal year filers

delays on paper filed returns.

Extension of Filing Deadline

Applies to Trusts/Estates,

Extends the filing date by three

months for certain information

corporate net income tax

#### Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus

"The deadline for taxpayers who make quarterly estimated personal income tax payments is also extended to July 15, 2020. That means estimated payments for the first and second quarters of 2020 will be due by July 15, 2020."

PA DOR <u>Find Answers</u> including nexus treatment of employees working from home during pandemic (4/20/20)

"Will an employee working from home temporarily due to the COVID-19 pandemic create nexus for PA Corporate Net Income Tax (CNIT) purposes for a business that otherwise does not have nexus with PA? Answer ID 3738 | Published 04/03/2020 12:07 PM | Updated 04/03/2020 12:16 PM

Will an employee working from home temporarily due to the COVID-19 pandemic create nexus for PA Corporate Net Income Tax (CNIT) purposes for a business that otherwise does not have nexus with PA? Governor Tom Wolf issued a Proclamation of Disaster Emergency on March 6, 2020. As a result of COVID-19 causing people to temporarily work from home as a matter of safety and public health, the department will not seek to impose CNIT nexus solely on the basis of this temporary activity occurring during the duration of this emergency.

# Answers others found helpful

If an employee who normally works in PA and receives PA source compensation works from home in another state temporarily due to the COVID-19 pandemic, does the source of his compensation change to non-PA source compensation?

Governor Tom Wolf issued a Proclamation of Disaster Emergency on March 6, 2020. If the employee is working from home temporarily due to the COVID-19 pandemic, the department would not consider that as a change to the sourcing of the employee's compensation. It would remain PA source income for all tax purposes, including PA-40 reporting, employer withholding and three-factor business income apportionment purposes for S Corporations, partnerships and individuals.

Will a PA employer of a non-resident employee temporarily working from home due to the COVID-19 pandemic in a state that doesn't have a reciprocity agreement with PA be required to withhold PIT on compensation?

If the employee is working from home temporarily due to the COVID-19 pandemic, the department would not consider that as a change to the sourcing of the employee's compensation. That means the employee's compensation remains PA source, and the employer is required to withhold on the compensation.

#### Other Information

As an alternative, the department is encouraging taxpayers to use its Online Customer Service CenterOpens In A New Window, available at revenue-pa.custhelp.comOpens In A New Window. You can use this resource to electronically submit a question to a department representative. The department representative will be able to respond through a secure, electronic process that is similar to receiving an email. Additionally, the Online Customer Service CenterOpens In A New Window includes thousands of answers to common taxrelated questions.

We appreciate your patience during this time."

Accounting deemed essential services in the state. Gov. Wolf <u>updated</u> the list of lifesustaining businesses to include accounting, tax preparation, bookkeeping, and payroll services. (3/20/20)

#### **Update from the PICPA** (3/21/20):

"Pennsylvania law stipulates that the deadline for filing personal income tax (PA 40) must align with the federal deadline. Other taxes are not impacted and would need a change in state law to move deadlines. PICPA is working with allies in the legislature to effect needed changes."

"PLEASE NOTE: PICPA is in constant contact with the DOR and local tax municipalities and will provide updates to this page as soon as possible."

#### "LOCAL

The PICPA is also working with local municipalities on their filing deadlines. The Pennsylvania Local Tax Enabling Act stipulates the local municipality filing and payment deadline is April 15. The PICPA team is working alongside legislators and the DOR on a waivers or update to this law to align with the

State Guidance/Date announced it is extending the due date for corporations with tax returns due May 15 to August 14, 2020. There is no extension for the June 15 estimated payment due date for corporations. The Department of Revenue is temporarily waiving the requirement for corporate officers to physically sign and date certain corporate tax returns with a wet signature. This waiver applies to tax returns that cannot be submitted to the department electronically. Examples are the returns due for Gross Premiums Tax and Mutual Thrift Institutions Tax. This waiver will be in place during the emergency disaster declaration signed by Gov. Wolf in response to the COVID-19 pandemic. The Department of Revenue is aware that taxpayers have been unable to meet their Inheritance Tax filing and payment obligations. To address these concerns, the department is asking County Register of Wills offices to implement the following procedures when their operations resume: If a taxpayer is filing a return or making a payment and indicates that either was due during the timeframe that offices were closed, please place a date received as of March 12, 2020, on the return and the receipt. In addition, the department is making system modifications to not apply penalties for payments received late, that otherwise would have been timely during office closures. Federal Stimulus Checks Not Subject to PA Taxes. The federal stimulus checks.

otherwise known as economic

impact payments, being distributed

#### Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus

Will an employee working from home temporarily due to the COVID-19 pandemic create nexus for Sales and Use Tax (SUT) purposes for a business that otherwise does not have nexus with PA?

"Governor Tom Wolf issued a Proclamation of Disaster Emergency on March 6, 2020. As a result of COVID-19 causing people to temporarily work from home as a matter of safety and public health, the department will not seek to impose SUT nexus solely on the basis of this temporary activity occurring during the duration of this emergency."

Our company is located outside of Pennsylvania. We have an employee who is a PA resident. What forms must we complete to withhold PA tax?

2019 Property Tax/Rent Rebate Extension due to COVID-19" (4/20/20)

**FAQ**s (4/17/20)

PA DOR Relief for Taxpayers During COVID-19 Pandemic (4/17/20)

"To help taxpayers facing financial challenges resulting from the COVID-19 pandemic, the Pennsylvania Department of Revenue is providing taxpayers with increased flexibility, additional time to meet tax obligations, and relief from a number of compliance actions. The goal is to help Pennsylvania taxpayers and citizens during this unprecedented health crisis.

The department has issued waivers for certain requirements and the Governor signed legislation to extend tax due dates in order to give taxpayers more time to meet their tax obligations during this difficult time. To complement these actions, from April 15, 2020 to July 15, 2020, the department will adjust many of its tax compliance programs and processes to help individuals and businesses. This will allow Pennsylvania taxpayers three months to focus on their health, safety and adhering to guidance from health authorities.

# Pause Payments for Existing Payment Plans

Taxpayers under an existing payment plan are granted the opportunity for payments to be suspended without canceling the agreement by emailing a request to <u>RA-RV-CEC-DPP@pa.gov</u>. The department will not default any payment plans during this limited timeframe, even if new delinquencies or non-filed periods arise. However, interest will continue to accrue on any unpaid tax balances.

## Provide Flexible Terms for New Payment Plans

The department will revise general payment plan guidelines to permit greater flexibility on payment amount and duration of time. Taxpayers will now have the ability to request a payment plan for outstanding liabilities without the department imposing a lien. The department will

Other Information

PA and Federal filing and payment extension of July 15.

We will continue to share updates as we learn more. Follow our <u>Webpage</u>, <u>Facebook</u>, <u>LinkedIn</u>, and <u>Twitter</u> feeds."

Pennsylvania Department of Revenue fully closed. (per FTA, 3/17/20)

PA DOR coronavirus alert website posting: (3/22/20)

### "Operations Updates: Offices Closed, Inheritance Tax Returns, Tax Appeals, Assessments and Notices, IFTA/MCRT Requirements

The Department of Revenue's offices and customer service call center are currently closed as the commonwealth takes steps to help slow the spread of COVID-19 in Pennsylvania. That means anyone visiting a Revenue district office or trying to call the department over the phone will not be able to reach a representative at this time.

As an alternative, the department is encouraging taxpayers to use its Online Customer Service Center, available at <a href="revenue-">revenue-</a>

pa.custhelp.comOpens In A New Window. You can use this resource to electronically submit a question to a department representative. The department representative will be able to respond through a secure, electronic process that is similar to receiving an email. Additionally, the Online Customer Service Center includes thousands of answers to common tax-related questions.

We appreciate your patience during this time.

# **Update on Inheritance Tax Returns**

Due to the recent closing of commonwealth and county office buildings to help prevent the spread of COVID-19, the Department of Revenue is aware that taxpayers have been unable to meet their Inheritance Tax filing and

# State Guidance/Date

by the federal government are not subject to Pennsylvania personal income tax. The payment is considered a rebate that is non-taxable in Pennsylvania. The payments are being distributed as part of the federal economic stimulus legislation that was signed into law in March in response to the COVID-19 pandemic. . Stimulus Checks Not Considered Income For Property Tax/Rent Rebate Program

- The stimulus checks, otherwise known as economic impact payments, being distributed by the federal government in response to the COVID-19 pandemic will not be considered as income for applicants of the Property Tax/Rent Rebate Program. The payment is considered a rebate that Pennsylvanians should not include on the Property Tax or Rent Rebate Claim form (PA-1000). The deadline for older adults and Pennsylvania residents with disabilities to apply for rebates on rent and property taxes paid in 2019 has been extended from June 30 to Dec. 31, 2020. If you received a notice or assessment from the department that requires a response by a specific date, please know that the deadline to respond is suspended temporarily. That temporary suspension will be lifted once the Department of Revenue's offices have reopened. Further guidance will be posted on the Revenue website as it becomes available. There will be additional time in certain cases for taxpayers who wish to appeal a tax assessment issued by the Department of Revenue or file a petition for a tax refund with the

#### Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus

also not require financial disclosure documentation for payment plans that are under \$12,000 and can be resolved within 12 months.

- ▶ \$6,000 and less Plans up to 6 months
- \$12,000 and less Plans up to 12 months

#### Focused Customer Service

The department is available to answer taxpayer questions through its Online Customer Service Center, available at <a href="revenue-pa.custhelp.comOpens In A New Window">revenue-pa.custhelp.comOpens In A New Window</a>. Taxpayers can find answers to thousands of common tax questions or submit their tax-specific questions to a department representative. The department will also update taxpayers on its flexible compliance measures.

#### Collections and Enforcement Activities

In an effort to provide taxpayer service during this unprecedented time, enforcement staff will be available for businesses to discuss proactive ways to comply with Pennsylvania tax laws. Small and newly registered businesses are encouraged to <u>contact local District Offices</u> in an effort to help avoid falling into common tax pitfalls. The department will work with businesses to help them avoid common filing errors, navigate the department's website to locate specific guidance, and answer any questions about electronic filing and payment.

The department will limit the imposition of new enforcement actions on tax liabilities, but will continue to work to resolve debt for large and complex accounts that remain outstanding. In addition, the department will continue to pursue taxpayers that willfully avoid meeting their Pennsylvania tax obligations.

The following automatic enforcement actions will be temporarily reduced or suspended:

- Liens significant reduction in the number of new tax liens filed
- Wage garnishments action will not be taken for new tax debts
- **Bank attachments** action will not be taken for new tax debts
- License inspections, revocations and citations actions will be limited during this program
- Requirements for tax clearances tax clearances and compliance checks will be conducted consistent with the more lenient debt collection/resolution approach. Collectors will encourage use of the deferred payment plans.
- Use of private collection agencies new case referrals are suspended. Private collection agencies will be instructed only to respond to taxpayer inquiries for accounts previously referred by the department.

#### Other Information

payment obligations. To address these concerns, the department is asking County Register of Wills offices to implement the following procedures when their operations resume:

- If a taxpayer is filing a return or making a payment and indicates that either was due during the timeframe that offices were closed, please place a date received as of March 12, 2020, on the return and the receipt.
- In addition, the department is making system modifications to not apply penalties for payments received late, that otherwise would have been timely during office closures.

### **Information on Tax Appeals**

Because commonwealth offices are currently closed to help prevent the spread of COVID-19, there will be additional time in certain cases for taxpayers who wish to appeal a tax assessment issued by the Department of Revenue or file a petition for a tax refund with the <u>Board of Appeals</u>. A petition will be accepted as timely filed if it is filed by the later of the following dates:

- 30 days after the reopening of the Board of Appeals offices; or
- The original appeal deadline.

Please know that If the appeal deadline fell on a date prior to the closure of commonwealth offices (March 16, 2020), the original appeal deadline is still applicable. In other words, in these cases petitions will be considered as timely filed if they are filed by the last day of the appeal period. Additionally, the <u>Board of Appeals</u> will accept any submission of requested documentation as long as it is received within 30 days after the Board of Appeals offices reopen.

Visit the Board of Appeals' <u>Online Petition</u> <u>Center</u> for further information on tax appeals.

# Information on Assessments and Notices

The Department of Revenue continues to process electronically filed tax returns and

State Guidance/Date Board of Appeals. A petition will be accepted as timely filed if it is filed by the later of the following dates: 30 days after the reopening of the Board of Appeals offices; or the original appeal deadline. Please know that if the appeal deadline fell on a date prior to the closure of commonwealth offices (March 16, 2020), the original appeal deadline is still applicable. In other words, in these cases petitions will be considered as timely filed if they are filed by the last day of the appeal period. Additionally, the Board of Appeals will accept any submission of requested documentation as long as it is received within 30 days after the Board of Appeals offices reopen. Waiver of In-Person Service of Legal Action Requirement. Pursuant to PA.R.Civ. P. 402(b), the Office of General Counsel has agreed to waive the in-person service requirement on legal actions and accept service via email or mail during the COVID-19 outbreak. Businesses that collect Pennsylvania sales tax will not have to make Accelerated Sales Tax (AST) prepayments in April, May or June, the Department of Revenue has announced. That means businesses that normally have a monthly prepayment requirement will not be charged penalties for missing the prepayment deadline during this three-month period. Certain requirements concerning the International Fuel Tax Agreement (IFTA) and Motor Carrier Road Tax (MCRT) are

temporarily waived for all

commercial carriers and vehicles

#### Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus

#### Non-filer Notices

The department will continue to send non-filer notices and conduct automated call campaigns for business taxes as a reminder of their obligations. Businesses are encouraged to file and remit online using <u>e-TIDES</u>, the department's online tax system for businesses. Find the <u>REV-819</u> on the department's website for a schedule of return and prepayment due dates.

Once returns have been filed, taxpayers who have a financial hardship can take that opportunity to resolve any outstanding liabilities by entering into a payment plan using the department's new flexible terms.

#### Trust Fund Taxes

All collected trust fund monies must be reported and remitted in full in accordance with your filing frequency. The department will not issue an extension of payment dates related to trust fund taxes.

#### Tax Credit and Incentive Programs

Tax clearances statutorily required will continue to be administered timely to ensure that the Commonwealth can fulfill contractual obligations to award benefits to those participating in economic development programs.

#### Assessed Penalties

During this limited period, the department will generally abate penalties provided that taxpayers have remitted all outstanding trust fund taxes that they have collected.

#### Desk Review and Field Audit

During this period, the department through its Bureau of Desk Review & Analysis and Bureau of Audits, will not initiate new desk reviews or field audits in most cases. There may be exceptions if it is deemed necessary to protect the Commonwealth's interest in preserving the applicable statute of limitations or as it relates to refund claims. The department will work with taxpayers to complete its review of work that is in progress.

The Bureau of Audits will continue to work with taxpayers to complete audit work that is in process through correspondence where possible and avoid in-person meetings until at least July 15, 2020. The Department of Revenue will continue to take the steps necessary to protect applicable statutes of limitations. In instances where statute expirations might be jeopardized during this period, taxpayers are encouraged to cooperate in extending such statutes and the department will also be flexible with taxpayers in granting requests to provide more time.

• In-Person Meetings – In-person meetings will be suspended. The Bureau of Audits will continue to conduct its audit work remotely where possible. To facilitate the progress of open examinations, taxpayers are encouraged to respond to any requests for information if they are able to do so. Where field

payments while government operations are shut down due to the COVID-19 outbreak. If you received a notice or assessment from the department that requires a response by a specific date, please know that the deadline to respond is suspended temporarily. That temporary suspension will be lifted once the Department of Revenue's offices have

Other Information

# the Revenue website as it becomes available. IFTA/MCRT Requirements Temporarily Waived

reopened. Further guidance will be posted on

Certain requirements concerning the International Fuel Tax Agreement (IFTA) and Motor Carrier Road Tax (MCRT) are temporarily waived for all commercial carriers and vehicles traveling into or within Pennsylvania. This waiver applies to decals, temporary permits and trip permits. This action is being taken to ensure commercial carriers and vehicles that are transporting essential services or emergency relief supplies to areas in Pennsylvania affected by the COVID-19 outbreak are able to do so.

This temporary waiver comes after Pennsylvania Governor Tom Wolf issued a Proclamation of Disaster Emergency. It is necessary to waive any statutory provisions that may slow, limit or otherwise hinder the timely and efficient transportation by commercial vehicles during the COVID-19 emergency. The temporary waiver remains in effect from March 19, 2020 until it is determined by Gov. Wolf that the emergency no longer exists, or for 30 days, whichever occurs later."

# "Waiver of Penalties on Accelerated Sales Tax Prepayments

To assist the business community as the commonwealth responds to the COVID-19 outbreak, the Department of Revenue is waiving penalties for businesses that are required to make Accelerated Sales Tax (AST) prepayments by the deadline of Friday, March 20.

State Guidance/Date traveling into or within Pennsylvania. This waiver applies to decals, temporary permits and trip permits. This temporary waiver comes after Pennsylvania Governor Tom Wolf issued a Proclamation of Disaster Emergency. It is necessary to waive any statutory provisions that may slow, limit or otherwise hinder the timely and efficient transportation by commercial vehicles during the COVID-19 emergency. The temporary waiver remains in effect from March 19, 2020 until it is determined by Gov. Wolf that the emergency no longer exists, or for 30 days, whichever occurs later. Anyone holding an unclaimed winning ticket from a horse race held in Pennsylvania during 2019 will have more time to claim their winning ticket. The deadline has been extended to May 31, 2020 for tickets purchased during 2019. The department will limit the imposition of new enforcement actions on tax liabilities, but will continue to work to resolve debt for large and complex accounts that remain outstanding. The Department of

• Pause payments for existing payment plans upon requests from taxpayers.

Revenue will:

- Provide flexible terms for new payment plans.
- Work to boost customer service for taxpayers impacted by the pandemic.
- Suspend or reduce automatic enforcement actions regarding liens, wage garnishments, bank attachments, license

Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus

work at a taxpayer's site will be necessary, the department will work with taxpayers to schedule that work to resume after this period. Keep in mind that depending on developments, it may be determined that resuming field work is in the best interest of both parties due to availability of people and records. If all parties agree, field work may be approved to resume prior to July 15.

Audit Penalty Abatement and Interest Relief – Existing audit penalty abatement parameters will be broadened for audits that are completed during the remainder of this calendar year.
 Additionally, to take into account the impact of halting field audit work, currently in progress sales tax, fuels tax, and IFTA audits that are completed and assessed prior to December 31, 2020 will include up to 90 days of interest relief to address delays in fieldwork.

#### **Board of Appeals**

All in-person hearings will be suspended until further notice. During this time, taxpayers are strongly encouraged to file all appeals using the <u>Board's online petition center</u> at <u>www.boardofappeals.state.pa.us</u>. Read <u>Board of Appeals Operations During COVID-19 Pandemic (.PDF)</u> for more information.

#### Conclusion

The department is aware of the urgent need of our state's taxpayers to have increased time and flexibility. This plan affirms our agency's commitment to providing assistance in addressing their tax obligations. This is viewed as a first step in working with taxpayers and practitioners to help maintain and promote tax compliance. Over the next three months, the department will continue to evaluate if it needs to extend the program and if additional actions can be taken to enable taxpayers to comply with Pennsylvania tax laws. Where businesses and individuals have not been able to report and pay timely, we plan to fully explore how we can restore their routine voluntary compliance.

PA DOR News Release (4/15/20)

# "Wolf Administration Provides Relief for Taxpayers Affected by COVID-19 Pandemic

Governor Tom Wolf announced today the Department of Revenue is providing relief to Pennsylvanians and businesses affected by the COVID-19 pandemic. The department is offering taxpayers increased flexibility, additional time to meet their tax obligations, and a pause on several of its standard enforcement actions.

"As we all work together to prevent the spread of COVID-19, it's critical for us to take action that will provide immediate relief for

Other Information

Additionally, for April sales tax payments, the department is waiving the AST prepayment requirement and asking businesses to simply remit the sales tax that they have collected in March.

Visit the Department of Revenue's page on <u>Accelerated Sales Tax Prepayments</u> for more information on how to calculate your prepayments.

All businesses are encouraged to remit online using <u>e-TIDES</u>, the department's online tax system for businesses. Find the <u>REV-819</u> on the department's website for a schedule of return and prepayment due dates. You can also visit the department's <u>Online Customer Service</u> <u>CenterOpens In A New Window</u> to find answers to common tax questions or submit a question to the department."

"Property Tax/Rent Rebate Program
Application Deadline Extended to End of Year
In response to the COVID-19 outbreak, the
deadline for older adults and Pennsylvania
residents with disabilities to apply for rebates
on rent and property taxes paid in 2019 has
been extended from June 30 to Dec. 31, 2020,
the Department of Revenue announced today.
Read more about the extension here."

Other info. at PA coronavirus page

Ctata	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
State	inspections, requirements for	Pennsylvanians and our businesses," Governor Wolf said. "In addition to	Other information
	tax clearances and use of	extending tax filing and payment deadlines, we are giving taxpayers	
	private collection agencies.	more time and flexibility in other areas so that they can concentrate on	
	<ul> <li>Suspend the creation of new</li> </ul>	their well-being. This is a needed step that will help everyone during this	
	desk reviews and field audits in	uncertain time."	
	most cases.	This temporary relief for taxpayers will remain in effect through at least	
	<ul> <li>Suspend in-person meetings</li> </ul>	July 15, 2020. Details on the specific relief can be found on the	
	with taxpayers in most cases.	Department of Revenue's website under its <u>COVID-19 information</u>	
	<ul> <li>Broaden audit penalty</li> </ul>	page.	
	abatement and interest relief.	"While people focus on their health and keeping themselves and their	
	Continue to administer tax	families safe during the pandemic, our goal is to ease the burden for our	
	credit and incentive programs.	customers and help everyone move forward," Revenue Secretary Dan	
	<ul> <li>Abate penalties in most cases if</li> </ul>	Hassell said. "We want to help people and businesses make it through	
	taxpayers have remitted trust	this challenging situation."	
	fund taxes they collected.	The Department of Revenue will:	
	All collected trust fund monies	Pause payments for existing payment plans upon requests from	
	must be reported and remitted in	taxpayers.	
	full in accordance with your filing	Provide flexible terms for new payment plans.	
	frequency. The department will	Work to boost customer service for taxpayers impacted by the	
	not issue an extension of payment	pandemic.	
	dates related to trust fund taxes.	Suspend or reduce automatic enforcement actions regarding liens,	
	The department will not seek to	wage garnishments, bank attachments, license inspections,	
	impose CNIT nexus solely on the	requirements for tax clearances and use of private collection	
	basis of this temporary activity	agencies.	
	occurring during the duration of	Suspend the creation of new desk reviews and field audits in most	
	this emergency. The department	cases.	
	will not seek to impose SUT nexus	Suspend in-person meetings with taxpayers in most cases.	
	solely on the basis of this	Broaden audit penalty abatement and interest relief.	
	temporary activity occurring	Continue to administer tax credit and incentive programs.	
	during the duration of this	Abate penalties in most cases if taxpayers have remitted trust fund	
	emergency. If the employee is working from home temporarily	taxes they collected.	
	due to the COVID-19 pandemic,	Taxpayer Service and Assistance	
	the department would not consider	In addition to the relief announced today, the Department of Revenue	
	that as a change to the sourcing of	also has:	
	the employee's compensation. It	• Extended the deadline to file state personal income tax returns by 90	
	would remain PA source income	days. The new deadline of July 15, 2020 is the same as the <u>new federal deadlineOpens In A New Window</u> .	
	for all tax purposes, including PA-	Extended the deadline to file informational returns related to PA S	
	40 reporting, employer	corporations, partnerships, and estates and trusts to July 15, 2020.	
	withholding and three-factor	<ul> <li>Extended the due date for corporations with tax returns due in May</li> </ul>	
	business income apportionment	to August 14, 2020.	
	purposes for S Corporations,	<ul> <li>Removed the requirement for some businesses to make prepayments</li> </ul>	
	partnerships and individuals. If	of Sales and Use Tax for April, May and June of 2020. Many larger	
	the employee is working from	of bailes and Ose Tax for April, way and June of 2020. Wany larger	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
	home temporarily due to the COVID-19 pandemic, the department would not consider that as a change to the sourcing of the employee's compensation. That means the employee's compensation remains PA source, and the employer is required to withhold on the compensation.)	businesses are required to make prepayments under normal circumstances.  With the department's call centers closed to help prevent the spread of COVID-19, taxpayers seeking assistance are encouraged to use the department's Online Customer Service Center, available at revenue-pa.custhelp.comOpens In A New Window. You can use this resource to electronically submit a question to a department representative. The department representative will be able to respond through a secure, electronic process that is similar to receiving an email. Additionally, the Online Customer Service Center includes thousands of answers to common tax-related questions.  Find Alerts from Revenue Online	
	(August 14 – <u>PA</u> – corporation tax returns and payments due May 15 are extended to August 14.)  (Philadelphia – July 15 - filing and payments until July 15, 2020 for businesses for the <u>Business Income and Receipts Tax</u> and the <u>Net Profits Tax</u> . This policy includes estimated payments.)	Taxpayers and tax professionals are encouraged to visit the Department of Revenue's COVID-19 information page on www.revenue.pa.gov for additional guidance and updates on department operations. You can also visit the department's pages on FacebookOpens In A New Window, TwitterOpens In A New Window and LinkedInOpens In A New Window for real time updates.  Visit the commonwealth's Responding to COVID-19 guide for the latest guidance and resources for Pennsylvanians or the Pennsylvania Department of Health's dedicated coronavirus webpage for the most upto-date information regarding COVID-19." (4/15/20)	
	(Philadelphia – April 30 - extended real estate tax from March 31 to pay an additional 30 days to April 30, 2020, and extended to April 30 the deadline to apply for an installment payment plan for 2020 real estate tax. Non-resident employees based in Philadelphia whose employers require to work from home as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic are not subject to City Wage Tax withholding during that time."	PA DOR News Release on Pennsylvania Businesses to Benefit from Waiver for Prepayments of Sales Tax (4/14/20)  PA DOR Press Release on Scam Warning: Fraudsters Using New Tactics to Steal Personal Data During COVID-19 Pandemic (4/7/20)  Per Federation of Tax Administrators (4/13/20)  Pennsylvania has extended the June 15 <sup>th</sup> payment for personal income tax to July 15 <sup>th</sup> . The April 15 was delayed as well until July 15 <sup>th</sup> , along with the return and annual payment.	
	for any wage tax mistakenly withheld during this (or any other) period by filing a Wage Tax Reconciliation Form in 2021.)  (Non-resident employees who work for Philadelphia-based employers are not subject to Philadelphia Wage	FAQs (4/17/20)  "Federal Stimulus Checks Not Subject to PA Taxes  The stimulus checks, otherwise known as economic impact payments, being distributed by the federal government are not subject to Pennsylvania personal income tax. The payment is considered a rebate that is non-taxable in Pennsylvania. The payments are being distributed as part of the federal economic stimulus legislation that was signed into law in March in response to the COVID-19 pandemic.	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
	Tax during the time they are	The U.S. Treasury Department and the Internal Revenue Service	
	required to work outside of	announced the payments will be distributed automatically, with no	
	Philadelphia.)	action required for most people. However, some seniors and others who	
		typically do not file returns will need to submit a simple tax return to	
	(The City of Philadelphia	receive the stimulus payment.	
	Department of Revenue will	Read the IRS press release, Economic Impact Payments: What You	
	temporarily waive the legal nexus	Need to KnowOpens In A New Window, for further information. The	
	threshold established under §192603	IRS also said it would post additional information on	
	of the Philadelphia Code and under	IRS.gov/coronavirusOpens In A New Window as it becomes available."	
	Section 103 of the BIRT		
	Regulations, which considers the	"Property Tax/Rent Rebate Program Application Deadline Extended to	
	presence of employees working	End of Year	
	temporarily from home within	The deadline for older adults and Pennsylvania residents with disabilities	
	Philadelphia as establishing sufficient nexus for out-of-	to apply for rebates on rent and property taxes paid in 2019 has been extended from June 30 to Dec. 31, 2020."	
	Philadelphia businesses. This	extended from June 30 to Dec. 31, 2020.	
	waiver applies if and when an	"Stimulus Checks Not Considered Income For Property Tax/Rent	
	employee works from home solely	Rebate Program	
	as a result of the COVID-19	The stimulus checks, otherwise known as economic impact payments,	
	pandemic. Determination of	being distributed by the federal government in response to the COVID-	
	Taxable Receipts and	19 pandemic will not be considered as income for applicants of the	
	Apportionment: Where Philadelphia	Property Tax/Rent Rebate Program. The payment is considered a rebate	
	non-resident employees – who have	that Pennsylvanians should not include on the Property Tax or Rent	
	been performing services in their	Rebate Claim form (PA-1000).	
	assigned business locations within	The Department of Revenue announced the deadline for older adults and	
	Philadelphia and have not	Pennsylvania residents with disabilities to apply for rebates on rent and	
	previously been required to work	property taxes paid in 2019 has been extended from June 30 to Dec. 31,	
	from home – are now temporarily	2020."	
	working from home solely as a		
	result of the COVID-19 pandemic,	"Waiver of Penalties on Accelerated Sales Tax Prepayments	
	the Department of Revenue deems	Businesses that collect Pennsylvania sales tax will not have to make	
	that such services are performed	Accelerated Sales Tax (AST) prepayments in April, May or June, the	
	within Philadelphia for the purposes	Department of Revenue has announced. That means businesses that	
	of sourcing receipts for BIRT and	normally have a monthly prepayment requirement will not be charged	
	NPT. Philadelphia resident employees who had been	penalties for missing the prepayment deadline during this three-month period.	
	performing services for employers	Under this new scenario, the department is asking businesses to simply	
	outside the City before the COVID-	remit the sales tax that they collected during the prior month. The due	
	19 pandemic who are now	dates to remit sales tax will be April 20, May 20 and June 22, which	
	temporarily working from their	follows the standard due dates for monthly filers who have no	
	homes in Philadelphia are covered	prepayment requirement.	
	by this policy. Receipts from	Visit the Department of Revenue's page on <u>Accelerated Sales Tax</u>	
	services performed by these	Prepayments for more information on how to calculate your	
	Philadelphia resident employees at	prepayments.	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
	their Philadelphia homes solely as a	All businesses are encouraged to remit online using e-TIDES, the	
	result of the COVID-19 pandemic	department's online tax system for businesses. Find the REV-819 on the	
	will not be sourced to Philadelphia	department's website for a schedule of return and prepayment due dates.	
	for BIRT and NPT. This special	You can also visit the department's Online Customer Service	
	sourcing rule is an exception that	CenterOpens In A New Window to find answers to common tax	
	applies only for the duration of the	questions or submit a question to the department."	
	Governor and Mayor's emergency		
	stay-at-home orders issued in	"Update on Inheritance Tax Returns	
	response to the COVID-19	The Department of Revenue is aware that taxpayers have been unable to	
	coronavirus health emergency.)	meet their Inheritance Tax filing and payment obligations. To address	
		these concerns, the department is asking County Register of Wills	
	("Waiver for Signature on	offices to implement the following procedures when their operations	
	Corporate Paper Tax Returns	resume:	
	The Department of Revenue is	• If a taxpayer is filing a return or making a payment and	
	temporarily waiving the requirement	indicates that either was due during the timeframe that offices	
	for corporate officers to physically	were closed, please place a date received as of March 12, 2020,	
	sign and date certain corporate tax	on the return and the receipt.	
	returns with a wet signature. This	<ul> <li>In addition, the department is making system modifications to</li> </ul>	
	waiver applies to tax returns that	not apply penalties for payments received late, that otherwise	
	cannot be submitted to the	would have been timely during office closures."	
	department electronically. Examples		
	are the returns due for Gross	"Waiver for Signature on Corporate Paper Tax Returns	
	Premiums Tax and Mutual Thrift	The Department of Revenue is temporarily waiving the requirement for	
	Institutions Tax.	corporate officers to physically sign and date certain corporate tax	
	This waiver will be in place during	returns with a wet signature. This waiver applies to tax returns that	
	the emergency disaster declaration	cannot be submitted to the department electronically. Examples are the	
	signed by Gov. Wolf in response to the COVID-19 pandemic. The	returns due for Gross Premiums Tax and Mutual Thrift Institutions Tax.	
	emergency disaster declaration was	This waiver will be in place during the emergency disaster declaration	
	signed on March 6, 2020.	signed by Gov. Wolf in response to the COVID-19 pandemic. The	
	In place of the corporate officer	emergency disaster declaration was signed on March 6, 2020.	
	signature, the person who prepares	In place of the corporate officer signature, the person who prepares the	
	the return should write in "COVID-	return should write in "COVID-19" on the signature line. This will serve as a temporary solution to authenticate the filing of the return if the	
	19" on the signature line. This will	corporate officer is unable to sign and date the return due to the	
	serve as a temporary solution to	pandemic."	
	authenticate the filing of the return	pandenne.	
	if the corporate officer is unable to	FAQs (4/3/20)	
	sign and date the return due to the	11100 (7/3/20)	
	pandemic.	PA DOR News Release (4/2/20)	
	Waiver for Signature on Pass-	111 DON 110WS NOICESC (TI ZI ZO)	
	Through Paper Tax Returns	"Extension of Filing Deadline Applies to Trusts/Estates,	
	The Department of Revenue is	Partnerships and S Corporations	
	temporarily waiving the requirement	Due Date for Certain Corporation Returns Also Being Moved	
	for a general partner, principal	Due Duie joi Certain Corporation Returns Also Detilg Moved	
	101 a general paraner, principal		<u>l</u>

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Rel	lief Provisio	ons for	Coronavir	us			Other Information
	officer or authorized individual to	Governor To	m Wolf rec	ently sig	gned into l	aw Act 10			
	physically sign and date certain	extends the di	ue date of c	certain p	ersonal in	come tax	returns and	l	
	pass-through tax returns with a wet	payments, as							
	signature. This waiver applies to tax	Department of							
	returns that cannot be submitted to	date for corp	orations w	with tax	returns d	lue in Ma	y to Augu	st 14,	
	the department electronically.	2020.							
	This waiver will be in place during	"These extens							
	the emergency disaster declaration	returns as the							
	signed by Gov. Wolf in response to	the spread of							
	the COVID-19 pandemic. The	working with						nbly to	
	emergency disaster declaration was	make sure tha							
	signed on March 6, 2020.	commonweal		to put tl	heir health	and safet	y first duri	ng this	
	In place of the general partner,	challenging ti							
	principal officer or authorized	Act 10 of 202		ally prov	ides for th	e extensio	on of the fo	ollowing	
	individual signature, the person who	tax filing dead							
	prepares the return should write in		the deadline		y 15, 2020	for declar	ations of e	stimated	
	"COVID-19" on the signature line.		income tax						
	This will serve as a temporary		the deadline		y 15, 2020	for payme	ents of esti	mated	
	solution to authenticate the filing of		income tax						
	the return if the general partner,		the deadline						
	principal officer, or authorized		elated to Pe						
	individual is unable to sign and date	,	A-20S/PA-6			,			
	the return due to the pandemic.)		the filing da				ain inform	ation	
			1099-R, 109						
		In addition to							
		date for calen							
		been moved b							
		with Pennsyl							
		August 14. T			on for the	June 15	estimated	payment	
		due date for			11 4 . 14		41 1		
		In addition to						tment is	
		extending the						4~ 4~ Tl	
		partnership	corporate 1	net inco	ome tax w	ıtnnolaln	g paymen	ts to July	
				(	1: 4 - Cal	l	1\.		
		mere is additi	Here is additional guidance (applies to Calendar Year only):						
		Entity Fo	Entity Federal PA Origina New Origina New						
			orm Fo		1	Federal		PA Due	
					Federal		Due	Date	
					Due	Date	Date		
					Date				

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus							Other Information
		Partners hips	1065	PA 20S/PA -65	March 15	March 15	April 15	July 15	
		S Corpora tions	1120S	PA- 20S/PA -65	March 15	March 15	April 15	July 15	
		Individu als	1040	PA-40	April 15	July 15	April 15	July 15	
		Trusts/E states	1041	PA-41	April 15	July 15	April 15	July 15	
		Corpora tions	1120	RCT- 101	April 15	July 15	May 15	August 14	
	Note: There are no additional extensions for fiscal year filers (taxpayers with a tax year other than January to December).  The department is issuing this guidance for taxpayers after announcing the extension of the filing deadline to July 15, 2020 for taxpayers to file their 2019 Pennsylvania personal income tax returns and payments. The extension gave taxpayers an additional 90 days to file from the original deadline of April 15 as the commonwealth takes steps to help prevent the spread of COVID-19.  Extension of Deadline for Local Taxes  Act 10 of 2020 also extends the deadline for the filing of 2019 local tax returns and payments to July 15, 2020. The Department of Revenue does not administer local taxes, so additional questions should be directed to the taxpayer's local taxing office. Visit the Department of Community and Economic Development's web page on Local Income Tax Collectors by Tax Collection District.  Find Alerts From Revenue Online  Taxpayers and tax professionals are encouraged to visit the Department of Revenue's COVID-19 information page on www.revenue.pa.gov for additional guidance and updates on department operations. You can also visit the department's pages on Facebook, Twitter and LinkedIn for real time updates.  With the department's call centers closed due to the mitigation efforts to help prevent the spread of COVID-19, taxpayers are encouraged to use the department's Online Customer Service Center, available at revenue-pacusthelp.com. You can use this resource to electronically submit a question to a department representative. The department representative will be able to respond through a secure, electronic process that is								

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		Center includes thousands of answers to common tax-related questions.	
		Free tax forms and instructions are also available at	
		www.revenue.pa.gov.	
		Visit the commonwealth's <u>Responding to COVID-19 guide</u> for the latest	
		guidance and resources for Pennsylvanians or the Pennsylvania	
		Department of Health's dedicated coronavirus webpage for the most up-	
		to-date information regarding COVID-19." (4/2/20)	
		PA DOR COVID-19 Webpage (4/7/20)	
		"COVID-19 Information	
		Page last updated April 7, 2020 - 12:00 p.m.	
		Offices Closed	
		The Department of Revenue's offices and customer service call center	
		are currently closed as the commonwealth takes steps to help slow the	
		spread of COVID-19 in Pennsylvania. That means anyone visiting a	
		Revenue district office or trying to call the department over the phone	
		will not be able to reach a representative at this time.	
		As an alternative, the department is encouraging taxpayers to use its	
		Online Customer Service CenterOpens In A New Window, available at	
		revenue-pa.custhelp.comOpens In A New Window. You can use this	
		resource to electronically submit a question to a department	
		representative. The department representative will be able to respond	
		through a secure, electronic process that is similar to receiving an email.	
		Additionally, the Online Customer Service CenterOpens In A New	
		Window includes thousands of answers to common tax-related	
		questions.	
		We appreciate your patience during this time.	
		Pennsylvania Extends Personal Income Tax Return Filing Deadline to	
		July 15, 2020	
		The Department of Revenue announced the deadline for taxpayers to file	
		their 2019 Pennsylvania personal income tax returns is extended to July	
		15, 2020. This means taxpayers will have an additional 90 days to file	
		from the original deadline of April 15. The <u>Internal Revenue</u>	
		ServiceOpens In A New Window also extended the federal filing deadline to July 15, 2020.	
		The Department of Revenue will also waive penalties and interest on	
		2019 personal income tax payments through the new deadline of July 15,	
		2020. This extension applies to both final 2019 tax returns and	
		payments, and estimated payments for the first and second quarters of	
		2020.	
		Read more about the extension here.	
	I	Acad more about the extension here.	

#### Cancelling Scheduled Electronic Personal Income Tax Payments

Now that the deadline for filing personal income tax payments has been extended to July 15, 2020, many taxpayers are likely wondering whether they can cancel an electronic tax payment that they scheduled to be made prior to the original payment deadline of April 15, 2020. Here is what you should know:

- The taxpayer will only be able to cancel their annual or estimated personal income tax payment by contacting the Department of Revenue at least two business days prior to the payment date.
  - To request an ACH payment cancellation, a request must be submitted by email to <u>ra-achrevok@pa.gov</u>, or faxed to 717-772-9310. The request must include the taxpayer's name, Social Security number, payment date, and payment amount to be cancelled.
- The department does not have the authority to cancel payment dates without consent from the taxpayer. Additionally, the department does not have the ability to reschedule the taxpayer's payment. The taxpayer will need to reschedule the payment for another date once the cancellation is processed.
- For taxpayers who scheduled their electronic payments for April 15, 2020, the department is requesting that taxpayers cancel their payments by close of business on Friday, April 10 to ensure there is enough time to process cancellation requests.
- For other questions, taxpayers are encouraged to contact the department through its <u>Online Customer Service CenterOpens</u> <u>In A New Window</u>. This is a secure system that allows taxpayers to correspond directly with a department representative.

#### Federal Stimulus Checks Not Subject to PA Taxes

The stimulus checks, otherwise known as economic impact payments, being distributed by the federal government are not subject to Pennsylvania personal income tax. The payment is considered a rebate that is non-taxable in Pennsylvania. The payments are being distributed as part of the federal economic stimulus legislation that was signed into law in March in response to the COVID-19 pandemic.

The U.S. Treasury Department and the Internal Revenue Service announced the payments will be distributed automatically, with no action required for most people. However, some seniors and others who typically do not file returns will need to submit a simple tax return to receive the stimulus payment.

Read the IRS press release, <u>Economic Impact Payments: What You Need to KnowOpens In A New Window</u>, for further information. The IRS also said it would post additional information on IRS.gov/coronavirusOpens In A New Window as it becomes available.

# Extension of Filing Deadline Applies to Trusts/Estates, Partnerships and S Corporations

Governor Tom Wolf recently signed into law Act 10 of 2020, which extends the due date of certain personal income tax returns and payments, as well as waiving certain other income tax dates. The Department of Revenue also announced it is extending the due date for corporations with tax returns due in May to August 14, 2020. Here is additional guidance (applies to Calendar Year only):

Entity	Federal Form	PA Form	Origina l Federal Due Date	New Federal Due Date	Origina I PA Due Date	New PA Due Date
Partners hips	1065	PA 20S/PA -65	March 15	March 15	April 15	July 15
S Corpora tions	1120S	PA- 20S/PA -65	March 15	March 15	April 15	July 15
Individu als	1040	PA-40	April 15	July 15	April 15	July 15
Trusts/E states	1041	PA-41	April 15	July 15	April 15	July 15
Corpora tions	1120	RCT- 101	April 15	July 15	May 15	August 14

# Property Tax/Rent Rebate Program Application Deadline Extended to End of Year

The deadline for older adults and Pennsylvania residents with disabilities to apply for rebates on rent and property taxes paid in 2019 has been extended from June 30 to Dec. 31, 2020.

Read more about the extension here.

# Stimulus Checks Not Considered Income For Property Tax/Rent Rebate Program

The stimulus checks, otherwise known as economic impact payments, being distributed by the federal government in response to the COVID-19 pandemic will not be considered as income for applicants of the Property Tax/Rent Rebate Program. The payment is considered a rebate that Pennsylvanians should not include on the Property Tax or Rent Rebate Claim form (PA-1000).

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		The Department of Revenue announced the deadline for older adults and	
		Pennsylvania residents with disabilities to apply for rebates on rent and	
		property taxes paid in 2019 has been extended from June 30 to Dec. 31,	
		2020. Read more about the extension here.	
		Business Tax License and Certifications Extension Notice	
		The Department of Revenue is extending all business tax licenses and	
		certifications that are set to expire until further communication is	
		received from the department.	
		This extension applies to:	
		<ul> <li>Sales, Use and Hotel Occupancy tax licenses</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>Public Transportation Assistance (PTA) Fund taxes and fees</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>Small Games of Chance Manufacturer Certificates</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>Small Games of Chance Distributor Licenses</li> </ul>	
		Sales Tax Exemption Certificates	
		<ul> <li>If you need documentation of the sales tax exemption</li> </ul>	
		extension, please use the department's Online	
		Customer Service CenterOpens In A New Window to	
		submit a question. If your religious organization's	
		sales tax exemption certificate is due to expire on	
		March 31, 2020, the Department of Revenue is issuing	
		an extension letter. If documentation is needed,	
		religious organizations are encouraged to contact their	
		parent institutions to obtain the extension letter.	
		Waiver of In-Person Service of Legal Action Requirement	
		Pursuant to PA.R.Civ.P. 402(b), the Office of General Counsel has	
		agreed to waive the in-person service requirement on legal actions	
		and accept service via email or mail during the COVID-19	
		<b>outbreak</b> . For matters which are to be served physically, each state	
		agency has a designee that may be contacted. For Department of	
		Revenue matters, please contact Teri Rhoades via email or at 717-346-4650.	
		Notice on Extension of Tobacco Product Dealer Licenses	
		As a result of Department of Revenue's offices and customer service call	
		center being closed, there are delays in the processing of new tobacco	
		licenses, as well as remaining renewals of licenses for the 2020/2021	
		licensing term. In light of this development, the Department of Revenue	
		is extending all tobacco products dealer licenses that were set to expire	
		February 29, 2020, until further communication is received from the	
		department.	
		This extension applies to all tobacco product dealer licenses, and this	
		notice serves as department authorization for manufacturers, cigarette	
		stamping agents, wholesalers, retailers and vending licensees that	
		cigarette and other tobacco product purchases may be made using a	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		2019/2020 license until further communication is received from the	
		department.	
		Waiver of Penalties on Accelerated Sales Tax Prepayments	
		The Department of Revenue is waiving penalties for businesses that are	
		required to make Accelerated Sales Tax (AST) prepayments by the	
		deadline of Friday, March 20.	
		Additionally, for April sales tax payments, the department is waiving the	
		AST prepayment requirement and asking businesses to simply remit the	
		sales tax that they have collected in March.	
		Visit the Department of Revenue's page on <u>Accelerated Sales Tax</u>	
		Prepayments for more information on how to calculate your	
		prepayments.	
		All businesses are encouraged to remit online using <u>e-TIDES</u> , the	
		department's online tax system for businesses. Find the <u>REV-819</u> on the	
		department's website for a schedule of return and prepayment due dates.	
		You can also visit the department's Online Customer Service	
		CenterOpens In A New Window to find answers to common tax	
		questions or submit a question to the department.	
		Update on Inheritance Tax Returns	
		The Department of Revenue is aware that taxpayers have been unable to	
		meet their Inheritance Tax filing and payment obligations. To address	
		these concerns, the department is asking County Register of Wills	
		offices to implement the following procedures when their operations	
		resume:	
		If a taxpayer is filing a return or making a payment and	
		indicates that either was due during the timeframe that offices	
		were closed, please place a date received as of March 12, 2020,	
		on the return and the receipt.	
		In addition, the department is making system modifications to	
		not apply penalties for payments received late, that otherwise	
		would have been timely during office closures.	
		Information on Tax Appeals  There will be additional time in certain cases for taxpayers who wish to	
		appeal a tax assessment issued by the Department of Revenue or file a	
		petition for a tax refund with the <u>Board of Appeals</u> . A petition will be	
		accepted as timely filed if it is filed by the later of the following dates:	
		30 days after the reopening of the Board of Appeals offices; or	
		<ul> <li>The original appeal deadline.</li> </ul>	
		Please know that If the appeal deadline fell on a date prior to the closure	
		of commonwealth offices (March 16, 2020), the original appeal deadline	
		is still applicable. In other words, in these cases petitions will be	
		considered as timely filed if they are filed by the last day of the appeal	
		period. Additionally, the Board of Appeals will accept any submission of	
	1	period. Additionally, the <u>board of Appeals</u> will accept any submission of	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		requested documentation as long as it is received within 30 days after the	
		Board of Appeals offices reopen.	
		In addition, the Board of Appeals will be operating in a limited capacity	
		until further notice in order to help prevent the spread of COVID-19.	
		Read Board of Appeals Operations During COVID-19 Pandemic (PDF)	
		for further information.	
		Visit the Board of Appeals' Online Petition Center for further	
		information on tax appeals.	
		Information on Assessments and Notices	
		The Department of Revenue continues to process electronically filed tax	
		returns and payments while government operations are shut down due to	
		the COVID-19 outbreak. If you received a notice or assessment from the	
		department that requires a response by a specific date, please know that	
		the deadline to respond is suspended temporarily. That temporary	
		suspension will be lifted once the Department of Revenue's offices have	
		reopened. Further guidance will be posted on the Revenue website as it	
		becomes available.	
		IFTA/MCRT Requirements Temporarily Waived	
		Certain requirements concerning the <u>International Fuel Tax Agreement</u>	
		(IFTA) and Motor Carrier Road Tax (MCRT) are temporarily waived for	
		all commercial carriers and vehicles traveling into or within	
		Pennsylvania. This waiver applies to decals, temporary permits and trip	
		permits.	
		This temporary waiver comes after Pennsylvania Governor Tom Wolf	
		issued a Proclamation of Disaster Emergency. It is necessary to waive	
		any statutory provisions that may slow, limit or otherwise hinder the	
		timely and efficient transportation by commercial vehicles during the	
		COVID-19 emergency.	
		The temporary waiver remains in effect from March 19, 2020 until it is	
		determined by Gov. Wolf that the emergency no longer exists, or for 30	
		days, whichever occurs later.	
		Read the full waiver here.	
		Deadline Extended to Redeem Unclaimed Tickets from PA Horse	
		Races	
		Anyone holding an unclaimed winning ticket from a horse race held in	
		Pennsylvania during 2019 will have more time to claim their winning	
		ticket. The deadline has been extended to May 31, 2020 for tickets	
		purchased during 2019.	
		Under the original deadline, unclaimed winning tickets from 2019 would	
		have expired on March 31, 2020. The deadline has been extended due to	
		the fact that racetracks in Pennsylvania have been closed to help prevent	
		the spread of COVID-19.	

#### Find Answers to FAQs Related to COVID-19

The Department of Revenue is developing responses for taxpayers and tax professionals who have specific questions related to the COVID-19 pandemicOpens In A New Window. Please visit the department's Online Customer Service CenterOpens In A New Window to look through these responses. You can also use the Online Customer Service CenterOpens In A New Window to submit a specific question directly to a representative from the department.

### Additional Coronavirus Information

Learn more about the <u>coronavirus (COVID-19) outbreak</u> and connect with <u>resources for Pennsylvanians</u>." (4/7/20)

PA DOR Press Release (3/21/20)

# "Pennsylvania Extends Personal Income Tax Return Filing Deadline to July 15, 2020

Harrisburg, PA — The Department of Revenue today announced the deadline for taxpayers to file their 2019 Pennsylvania personal income tax returns is extended to July 15, 2020. This means taxpayers will have an additional 90 days to file from the original deadline of April 15. The Internal Revenue Service also extended the federal filing deadline to July 15, 2020.

The Department of Revenue will also waive penalties and interest on 2019 personal income tax payments through the new deadline of July 15, 2020. This extension applies to both final 2019 tax returns and payments, and estimated payments for the first and second quarters of 2020.

The filing deadline is being extended at a time when Governor Tom Wolf has ordered all non-life-sustaining businesses to close to help prevent the spread of <u>COVID-19</u>. Under Pennsylvania law the filing deadline for personal income tax returns is tied to the federal income tax due date.

"This is a necessary step that will give Pennsylvania taxpayers extra time to file their returns and make tax payments during a difficult time for everyone," Revenue Secretary Dan Hassell said. "Particularly for those who plan to meet with a tax professional to prepare their returns, the new deadline will help everyone follow the Governor's guidance to stay at home as we all work to prevent the spread of the virus."

Although the filing deadline has been extended, the Department of Revenue is encouraging taxpayers who are able to file their returns electronically to do so. This will enable the department to continue to process returns as commonwealth offices are closed. Additionally, if you are expecting a refund from the commonwealth, filing electronically will help avoid a delay in the release of your refund.

**Padirectfile** 

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		Taxpayers can electronically file their Pennsylvania tax returns for free	
		through Padirectfile, a secure, state-only electronic income tax filing	
		system that is available through the Department of Revenue's website.	
		For more information or to begin filing, visit <u>Padirectfile</u> .	
		Electronic Filing for Free	
		Free electronic filing options are available to file state and federal	
		returns using software from a reputable vendor (income limits may	
		apply). More <u>vendor information</u> is available on the Department of	
		Revenue's website.	
		Electronic Filing for a Fee	
		Paid tax preparers and commercial tax preparation software providers	
		that offer electronic filing, or e-filing, for a fee are an option for	
		Pennsylvania taxpayers.	
		E-filing offers advantages not available to taxpayers filing by paper,	
		including error-reducing automatic calculators, instant confirmation of	
		successful filing, faster refund processing and direct deposit options.	
		July 15 Deadline	
		All taxpayers who received more than \$33 in total gross taxable income	
		in calendar year 2019 must file a Pennsylvania personal income tax	
		return (PA-40) by midnight on Wednesday, July 15, 2020.	
		Estimated Payments	
		The deadline for taxpayers who make quarterly estimated personal	
		income tax payments is also extended to July 15, 2020. That <b>means</b>	
		estimated payments for the first and second quarters of 2020 will be	
		due by July 15, 2020.	
		Any individual who expects to receive more than \$8,000 of	
		Pennsylvania-taxable income not subject to withholding by a	
		Pennsylvania employer must estimate and pay personal income tax	
		quarterly. Estimated tax due dates for individuals are typically April 15,	
		June 15, Sept. 15 and Jan. 15, or the first following business day if any	
		deadline falls on a weekend or holiday.	
		Filing for an Extension	
		If additional time to file is needed, taxpayers still have the option to file	
		a request for an extension to file their Pennsylvania personal income tax	
		return. The extension is available for up to six months. As an important	
		reminder, an extension of time to file does not extend the deadline to	
		make a payment if you owe taxes to the commonwealth.  Paper Filing	
		Although the Department of Revenue is strongly encouraging taxpayers	
		to electronically submit their personal income tax returns, taxpayers who	
		file paper returns will still be able to do so. <b>The returns will be</b>	
		considered timely filed as long as they are postmarked on or before	
		the new deadline of July 15, 2020.	
		the new deadline of July 13, 2020.	

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		Taxpayers who do submit their returns via paper should know that	
		there will be delays in the processing of their returns, due to the fact	
		that Department of Revenue's offices are closed as part of mitigation	
		efforts to help prevent the spread of COVID-19. This could impact	
		the processing of a taxpayer's refund if they are expecting one.	
		Appeal Deadline	
		Because commonwealth offices are currently closed to help prevent the	
		spread of COVID-19, there will be additional time in certain cases for	
		taxpayers who wish to appeal a tax assessment issued by the	
		Department of Revenue or file a petition for a tax refund with the	
		<b>Board of Appeals.</b> A petition for appeals of all tax types will be	
		accepted as timely filed if it is filed by the later of the following	
		dates:	
		• 30 days after the reopening of the Board of Appeals offices;	
		or	
		The original appeal deadline.	
		Please know that If the appeal deadline fell on a date prior to the	
		closure of commonwealth offices (March 16, 2020), the original	
		appeal deadline is still applicable. In other words, in these cases	
		petitions will be considered as timely filed if they are filed by the last	
		day of the appeal period. Additionally, the Board of Appeals will	
		accept any submission of requested documentation as long as it is received within 30 days after the Board of Appeals offices reopen.	
		Visit the Board of Appeals' Online Petition Center for further	
		information on tax appeals.	
		Reach the Department of Revenue Online	
		With the Department of Revenue's call centers closed due to the	
		mitigation efforts to help prevent the spread of COVID-19, the	
		Department of Revenue is encouraging taxpayers to use its Online	
		Customer Service Center, available at revenue-pa.custhelp.com. You	
		can use this resource to electronically submit a question to a	
		department representative. The department representative will be	
		able to respond through a secure, electronic process that is similar to	
		receiving an email. Additionally, the Online Customer Service Center	
		includes thousands of answers to common tax-related questions.	
		For more information, visit www.revenue.pa.gov, where you can find	
		free tax forms and instructions. You can also visit the department's pages	
		on FacebookOpens In A New Window, TwitterOpens In A New	
		Window and LinkedInOpens In A New Window for additional	
		information."	
		Update from PICPA: (3/21/20)	

"Pa. Department of Revenue (DOR) Officially Extends PIT Filing Deadline, Provides Updates on Responding to Notices, AST Prepayments

The DOR announced on March 21, 2020, that it has extended the <u>filing</u> deadline for Pennsylvania personal income tax returns to July 15, 2020. The DOR will also waive penalties and interest on personal income tax payments made through the new deadline.

The DOR, in a message to Peter Calcara, PICPA VP of Government Relations, continues to process electronically-filed tax returns and payments. If you received a notice or assessment that required a response by a specific date, please know that the deadline to respond is suspended temporarily. That temporary suspension will be lifted once the Department of Revenue's offices have reopened.

Also the DOR announced that it is waiving penalties for businesses that are required to make accelerated sales tax (AST) prepayments by Friday, March 20, 2020. The DOR also indicated, "additionally, for April sales tax payments, the department is waiving the AST prepayment requirement and asking businesses to simply remit the sales tax that they have collected in March." For more information, check out the DOR's alert page."

#### City of Philadelphia

City of Philadelphia DOR <u>Announcement on Employee Nexus and Sourcing</u> (4/22/20)

"Business Income & Receipts Tax (BIRT), Net Profits Tax (NPT) nexus and apportionment policies due to the COVID-19 pandemic

To reduce complexity, the City of Philadelphia is temporarily updating its nexus and apportionment policies during the COVID-19 pandemic. Nexus: The Department of Revenue will temporarily waive the legal nexus threshold established under §192603 of the Philadelphia Code and under Section 103 of the BIRT Regulations, which considers the presence of employees working temporarily from home within Philadelphia as establishing sufficient nexus for out-of-Philadelphia businesses. This waiver applies if and when an employee works from home solely as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic.

Determination of Taxable Receipts and Apportionment: Where Philadelphia non-resident employees – who have been performing services in their assigned business locations within Philadelphia and

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		have not previously been required to work from home – are now temporarily working from home solely as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic, the Department of Revenue deems that such services are performed within Philadelphia for the purposes of sourcing receipts for BIRT and NPT.	
		Philadelphia resident employees who had been performing services for employers outside the City before the COVID-19 pandemic who are now temporarily working from their homes in Philadelphia are covered by this policy. Receipts from services performed by these Philadelphia resident employees at their Philadelphia homes solely as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic will not be sourced to Philadelphia for BIRT and NPT.	
		This special sourcing rule is an exception that applies only for the duration of the Governor and Mayor's emergency stay-at-home orders issued in response to the COVID-19 coronavirus health emergency. This guidance is an exercise of the Department's authority to provide for alternative apportionment when the ordinary rules would not accurately reflect the taxpayer's income attributable to the City.	
		We encourage taxpayers to file and pay on time. This helps ensure continuity of crucial City services." (4/24/20)	
		<u>City of Philadelphia DOR News Release</u> - Business Income & Receipts Tax (BIRT), Net Profits Tax (NPT) filing and payment extensions policy update (4/14/20)	
		"To offer relief to business owners during the COVID-19 coronavirus emergency, the City of Philadelphia is honoring the IRS's July 15, 2020 extensions for the Business Income & Receipts Tax (BIRT) and Net Profits Tax (NPT). As the City of Philadelphia navigates the fast-moving COVID-19 coronavirus pandemic, its top priority is the health and safety of residents. The Philadelphia Department of Revenue recognizes that the current safety precautions are impacting the overall economy, and local businesses particularly. In response to this situation, the Department is honoring the U.S. federal government extensions granted to businesses for filing and payments until July 15, 2020 for the BIRT and NPT. This extension policy: • Includes estimated payments, • Requires NO additional action from businesses, and • Extends the filing and payment of BIRT and NPT to July 15, 2020 to all taxpayers, whether or not the taxpayer qualifies for the federal relief, such as fiscal	
		year filers and partnerships. Payments received after July 15, 2020 will accrue interest and penalty from April 15, 2020. We encourage	

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		taxpayers who can file and pay on-time to do so. This helps ensure continuity of crucial city and School District services. For information about other City of Philadelphia measures to help small businesses, please visit: <a href="https://www.phila.gov/covid-19-business-relief">www.phila.gov/covid-19-business-relief</a> ." (4/14/20)	
		<u>City of Philadelphia DOR Press Release</u> on wage tax guidance (4/14/20 update)	
		"Wage Tax policy guidance for non-resident employees. Non-resident employees who work for Philadelphia-based employers are not subject to Philadelphia Wage Tax during the time they are required to work outside of Philadelphia. The Philadelphia Department of Revenue has not changed its Wage Tax policy during the COVID-19 pandemic. Schedules to withhold and remit the tax to the City remain the same. We are publishing this guidance at a time when employees have been forced to perform their duties from home, many for the first time. This is the policy: The City of Philadelphia uses a "requirement of employment" standard that applies to all non-residents whose base of operation is the employer's location within Philadelphia. Under this standard, a nonresident employee is not subject to the Wage Tax when the employer requires him or her to perform a job outside of Philadelphia including working from home. A non-resident who works from home for the sake of convenience is not exempt from the Wage Tax — even with his or her employer's authorization. On the other hand, if a Philadelphia employer requires a non-resident to perform duties outside the city, he or she is exempt from the Wage Tax for the days spent fulfilling that work. Non-resident employees who had Wage Tax withheld during the time they were required to perform their duties from home in 2020, can file for a refund with a Wage Tax reconciliation form in 2021. Employees file for a refunds after the end of the tax year and will need to provide a copy of their W-2 form. The City requires an employer to withhold and remit	
		Wage Tax for all its Philadelphia residents, regardless of where they perform their duties." (4/14/20)  Prior City of Philadelphia <u>DOR Press Release</u> - Wage Tax Guidance	
		(3/26/20)  City of Philadelphia tax guidance in response to COVID-19 (4/1/20)	
		"These documents are meant to provide guidance to taxpayers and tax professionals as the City of Philadelphia adapts to disruptions caused by the COVID-19 coronavirus epidemic. The City has updated filing and payment rules for some, but not all, tax types. If you do not find	

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		guidance for a specific tax type below, that means there has been no	
		change. Please check this webpage regularly for updates.	
		Philadelphia Tax Guidance Webpage (4/1/20)	
		Philadelphia Tax Guidance Webpage (4/1/20)	
		"The Department of Revenue has published a new webpage in the	
		wake of the COVID-19 coronavirus emergency. The new webpage	
		includes guidelines about tax filing and payment procedures affected by	
		the epidemic. So far, it includes information about:	
		Property taxes  Property taxes	
		Business Income & Receipts Tax (BIRT) and Net Profits Tax (NPT)	
		Wage Tax for non-residents	
		Use & Occupancy (U&O) Tax	
		School Income Tax (SIT)	
		The new webpage will be updated regularly with new policies and	
		guidance as these become available.	
		We recognize that the measures taken by the City and Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to protect the public's wellbeing also place burdens on	
		residents, workers and businesses.	
		While the Department of Revenue's operations have also been limited,	
		we remain committed to sharing the most important and up-to-date	
		information with the public.	
		The Department continues to process electronic returns and payments received electronically or in the mail. We also encourage anyone who	
		can <b>file and pay on-time</b> to do so. This helps fund critical city services."	
		Press Release on extending filing and payment for real estate and	
		business taxes (3/26/20)	
		"The City is extending filing and payment dates for Real Estate and	
		some business taxes. The City will honor the federal extensions	
		granted to businesses from the IRS for filing and payments until	
		July 15, 2020 for the Business Income and Receipts Tax and the Net	
		Profits Tax. This policy includes estimated payments."	
		Philadelphia	
		Press Release (3/23/20)	
		"As the City of Philadelphia continues to navigate the fast-moving	
		COVID-19 coronavirus pandemic, our number one priority is the health	
		and safety of our residents. The Philadelphia Department of Revenue recognizes that the extraordinary measures necessary to keep	
	1	recognizes that the extraorumary measures necessary to keep	

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		Philadelphians safe are having a profound impact on many residents and	
		businesses.	
		To offer relief Mayor Venney and Dayonya Commissioner Front	
		To offer relief, Mayor Kenney and Revenue Commissioner Frank Breslin announced today that the Department is <b>changing a number of</b>	
		payment deadlines for Real Estate and some business taxes.	
		payment deadlines for <u>recur listate</u> and some submess takes	
		Real Estate Tax due date extension	
		We ask that taxpayers who can <b>pay their Real Estate Taxes</b>	
		electronically or by mail by March 31 to do so. This will help ensure	
		continuity of City and School District operations. But we know that	
		many residents are struggling. If you cannot pay your Real Estate Tax by March 31, we have extended the deadline to pay an additional 30	
		days. The due date for 2020 Real Estate Taxes is now April 30, 2020.	
		days. The due date for 2020 Real Estate Taxes is now April 30, 2020.	
		We have also extended the deadline to apply for an installment	
		payment plan for 2020 Real Estate Tax. These plans have always been	
		available to all seniors and low-income homeowners. For this year, we	
		will accept applications for 2020 taxes until April 30, 2020.	
		Homeowners can find applications for all Real Estate Tax relief	
		programs at www.phila.gov/real-estate-relief.	
		Business Income & Receipts Tax and Net Profits Tax filing and	
		payment extensions	
		We also know that the current safety precautions are especially	
		impacting businesses in the city and the overall economy. To offer relief,	
		the City is extending filing and payment dates for some business	
		taxes. These changes will permit delayed filing and payments, for a	
		potential infusion of around \$500 million into the economy over the next three months.	
		Again, we ask taxpayers who can file and pay their taxes to do so by	
		April 15, 2020. This will help ensure continuity of City and School	
		District operations.	
		But we know that many businesses are facing extreme circumstances. To	
		support Philadelphia's businesses, we are taking the following measure:	
		The Department of Revenue will honor the federal	
		extensions granted to businesses from the IRS for filing and	
		payments until July 15, 2020 for the <u>Business Income and</u>	
		Receipts Tax and the Net Profits Tax. This policy includes estimated payments.	
		<ul> <li>No action is required from businesses to take advantage of this</li> </ul>	
		extension policy in Philadelphia.	
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		Other business relief measures are coming from other parts of City	
		government, and we will update this information as those details become	
		available.	
		The Department of Revenue continues to monitor this situation and may	
		make additional updates to these policies. Find the Department's latest	
		announcements on www.phila.gov/revenue. You can also sign up to	
		receive emails with important Philadelphia tax news: bit.ly/2IV7OQv.	
		Find out about Real Estate Tax relief"	
Rhode Island	ADV 2020-40 on allow electronic	ADV 2020-40 on allow electronic signatures (9/10/20)	$RI - \underline{legislative proposal}$ to disallow the excess
	signatures (9/10/20)		business loss deduction in 2018-2020 and allow
		"ADV 2020-40 ADVISORY FOR TAX PROFESSIONALS TAX	20% of the deduction taken 2021 through 2025.
	<u>ADV 2020-34</u> (8/6/20)	ADMINISTRATION SEPTEMBER 10, 2020	(8/18/20)
		Division allows electronic signatures in limited cases New policy applies	
	RI DOR DOT ADV 2020-24	to two forms involving sale of real estate by nonresidents	"The Rhode Island Division of Taxation's
	(5/28/20)	PROVIDENCE, R.I. – The Rhode Island Division of Taxation today	office reopens to the public tomorrow, Friday,
		announced that, effective immediately, it will allow electronic	June 12, 2020, but the Division continues to
	RI DOR Penalty waiver request	signatures in place of handwritten signatures for certain types of	urge taxpayers and others to use its phone
	<u>form</u> (5/27/20)	<b>forms</b> . Normally, the Division requires the submission of forms with	system, email system, website, and portal,
		their original, handwritten signatures.1 However, due to the coronavirus	instead of in-person visits, to limit the spread of
	RI DOR DOT ADV 2020-22 on	(COVID-19) pandemic, the Division has amended its standard practice	the coronavirus (COVID-19)." (6/11/20)
	withholding of remote workers	as a convenience for taxpayers and their representatives. "We realize the	
	(5/26/20)	challenges that many taxpayers and their representatives face amid this	DI DOTTALL ADVIGAGO AT THE A
	DOD D. I 200 DICD 20 55	crisis and we want to be as accommodating as possible given the	RI DOT Advisory ADV 2020-17 on Federal
	DOR Regulation 280-RICR-20-55-	circumstances," said Rhode Island Tax Administrator Neena Savage.	Economic Impact Payments - more information
	14 on withholding of remote	"We are also trying to limit the number of in-person visits to our office	involving federal payments for individuals
	workers (5/26/20)	in order to prevent the spread of the virus," she said. The Internal	(4/17/20)
		Revenue Service and a number of other states are making similar	PL DOT COVID 10
	DI DOD DOT ADV 2020 21	allowances during the pandemic.	RI DOT COVID-19 webpage (3/30/20)
	RI DOR DOT ADV 2020-21	E-marinary involved The Division will account alcothomic signatures for the	
	extending second quarter estimated	Forms involved The Division will accept electronic signatures for the	Welcome to the RI Division of Taxation's
	payments from 6/15 to 7/15	following two forms, both of which involve the sale of Rhode Island	COVID-19 Information page.
	(5/21/20)	real estate by nonresident individuals or entities: • Form RI-71.3	This page is intended to provide information
	RI Advisory 2020-19 Employer	Election ("Election to Have Withholding Based on Gain") and required attachments. • Form RI-71.3 Remittance ("Remittance of	and updates related to COVID-19's effects on
	Withholding (4/30/20)		Taxation.
	** Tumolumg (4/30/20)	Withholding on Sale of Real Estate by Nonresident") and required attachments. 2 The Division has been making available the electronic	Please see the following items, and the table
	RI <u>DOT Tax News</u> (4/17/20)	signature option in recent weeks, on a trial basis. The option has been	below, for information currently available.
	101 101 10X NOWS (4/11/20)	well-received and is today being officially announced. 1 A handwritten	APRIL FILING DEADLINE:
	RI DOT Advisory ADV 2020-17 on	signature is sometimes referred to as a "wet" signature. <b>The Division</b>	In conjunction with announcements made by
	Federal Economic Impact Payments	has long allowed the use of electronic signatures for electronically	United States Treasury Secretary Steven T.
	- more information involving	filed income tax returns. 2 Form RI-71.3 Remittance can be	Mnuchin and Rhode Island Governor Gina M.
	federal payments for individuals	electronically signed and emailed only if there is no tax due. If there	Raimondo on March 20, 2020, involving the
	(4/17/20)	is a payment due, Form RI-71.3 Remittance cannot be emailed or	April 15, 2020, deadline for certain tax filings
	(	faxed; it must be sent by mail, using the address shown on the form.	and tax payments, the Division of Taxation has
		The state of some of many assignment and the forms	postponed the filing-and-payment deadline for

State Guidance/Date

DOT Advisory ADV 2020-13 with FAQs on economic impact payments (4/2/20)

DOT Advisory <u>ADV 2020-11</u> (3/27/20, revised 4/6/20)

RI DOT COVID-19 webpage (3/19/20)

(July 15 – the deadline for extended tax filings and payments, normally due April 15, has been postponed to July 15 – for resident and nonresident individuals and fiduciaries (estates and trusts income taxes) and C corporations and for first quarter estimated payments. No penalties and no interest will apply to those who file on or before July 15, 2020. No late charges will apply to those who file and pay by the new deadline of July 15, 2020, regardless of the amount. Individuals can defer Rhode Island resident and nonresident personal income tax returns and personal income tax payments, normally due on April 15, 2020, to July 15, 2020, without penalties and interest, regardless of the amount owed. Similarly, certain business entities can defer Rhode Island returns and tax payments, normally due April 15, 2020, to July 15, 2020, without penalties and interest, regardless of the amount owed. The new deadline applies not only to resident and nonresident Rhode Island personal income tax returns and payments for the 2019 tax year, but also to Rhode Island personal income tax extensions related to the 2019 tax year that would normally be filed by April

Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus

Also, it must be accompanied by a "Certificate of Withholding Due" (assuming that the Division has not already received the certificate). ADV 2020-40 ADVISORY FOR TAX PROFESSIONALS TAX ADMINISTRATION SEPTEMBER 10, 2020 Rhode Island Division of Taxation - Page 2 of 4

Acceptable formats The Division will accept electronic signatures in any of the formats described below.3 • The links on the previous page are to forms that contain a built-in option for electronic signatures. Just download and follow the instructions, then email the completed form(s) to the following Division of Taxation email address: Tax.NonRes713@tax.ri.gov. (Note: You will see the built-in feature for electronic signatures once you download the form and open it on your computer.) - Taxpayers may elect instead to print out the form, sign it, scan it in, and email it to the following Division of Taxation address: Tax.NonRes713@tax.ri.gov. (With this option, a taxpayer is using what is sometimes referred to as a "facsimile signature". In general, a facsimile signature means a signature that is copied or scanned from a document that bears an authorized original signature.) Further details As noted above, the Division has established a special email address for sending the applicable documents that have electronic signatures:

Tax.NonRes713@tax.ri.gov. Those submitting Form RI71.3 Election via email must also attach the Certificate of Withholding Due. For the convenience of taxpavers and others, the Division has combined Form RI-71.3 Election and the Certificate of Withholding Due into a single PDF available for download from the Division's website: http://www.tax.ri.gov/forms/2020/NRREWH/713\_ElectionCertCom bo m3.pdf. To submit Form RI-71.3 Election using electronic signature, include the following: ✓ completed Certificate of Withholding Due (included in download from Division's website) Those submitting Form RI-71.3 Remittance via email must also attach a copy of the approved Certificate of Withholding and a copy of the "Acknowledgement of Discharge of Lien" form. For the convenience of taxpayers and others, the Division has combined Form RI-71.3-Remittance and the "Acknowledgement of Discharge of Lien" into a single PDF available for download from the Division's website:

http://www.tax.ri.gov/forms/2020/NRREWH/713\_RemittanceAckCombo\_m.pdf. To submit Form RI-71.3 Remittance using electronic signature, include the following: ✓ copy of approved Certificate of Withholding Due ✓ completed Acknowledgement of Discharge of Lien form (included in download from Division's website) Note: Form RI-71.3 Remittance can be electronically signed and emailed only if there is no tax due. If there is a payment due, Form RI-71.3

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individuals and certain entities to July 15, 2020. Click here for details. *posted 03/27/20* **SALES TAX**:

The Rhode Island Division of Taxation understands the difficulty that many businesses, including small businesses and retailers, are facing during this unprecedented crisis. To that end, the Division would like to remind businesses that the Rhode Island Commerce Corporation has information about low-interest federal disaster loans for working capital to Rhode Island small businesses that are suffering substantial economic injury as a result of the coronavirus. For details, including links to applications, hotlines, and other resources, please see: https://commerceri.com/covid-19/. The Division also would like to remind businesses that the deadline is Friday, March 20, 2020, for remitting sales tax, meals and beverage tax, and certain other levies. These amounts represent taxes that the businesses' customers paid during February 2020 and that the businesses held in trust, by law, for remitting to the State of Rhode Island. For more information about the penalties for misappropriating these amounts, please see Rhode Island General Laws Sections 44-19-35 through 37.

The Division also would like to remind businesses and other taxpayers that under Regulation 280-RICR-20-00-4 ("Taxpayer Rights and Responsibilities"), they have the express right to request that penalties be abated where there was no negligence or intentional disregard of the law. -- posted 03/19/20 Check back as this page and the following table will be updated as information becomes available."

Advisory (3/19/20):

"The Rhode Island Division of Taxation has created a webpage to address issues related to

State Guidance/Date

15, 2020. The new deadline also applies to Rhode Island property-tax relief claims filed on Form RI-1040H and to claims for the residential lead abatement tax credit filed on Form RI-6238 that would normally be due on April 15, 2020. In addition, the new deadline applies to fiduciary income tax returns and payments filed by estates and trusts related to the 2019 tax year that would normally be due on April 15, 2020. The new deadline also applies to first-quarter and second quarter estimated payments of Rhode Island income tax for the 2020 tax year by individuals, estates, and trusts, that would normally be due April 15. 2020 and June 15, 2020. The relief described in this Advisory does not apply to filings or payments of any other type of Rhode Island tax, or to the filing of any other Rhode Island return. Table was revised on April 6, 2020, to include language about fiscal-year filers; new deadline for composite income tax – estimated (Form RI-1040C-ES); and information about pass-through withholding. New due date does not apply to filings or payments of any other type of Rhode Island tax, or to filing of any other Rhode Island return. New deadline of July 15, 2020, applies not only to calendaryear individuals and entities with normal due date of April 15, 2020 (April 1, 2020, for surplus lines brokers/licensees), but also to fiscalyear filers whose original or extended due date would normally fall on April 15, 2020. (Although fiscal-year filers who are on

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Remittance cannot be emailed or faxed; it must be sent by mail, using the address shown on the form. Also, it must be accompanied by a Certificate of Withholding Due (assuming that the Division has not already received the certificate).

Examples of electronic-signature process The following examples illustrate how the electronic-signature procedure works. 3 By voluntarily submitting an e-signature, the taxpayer certifies that the signature is valid and intended to operate as acknowledgement/execution of the document to which it is affixed. Rhode Island Division of Taxation -Page 3 of 4 Example # 1: Joseph Taxpayer downloads Form RI-71.3 Election from the Division's website, which includes the Certificate of Withholding Due. He completes both forms and enters his electronic signature where indicated (using the form's built-in electronic signature feature). Next, he attaches to an email the completed and electronically signed Form RI-71.3 Election and the prepared Certificate of Withholding Due as a PDF, and sends that email to the Division via the following address: Tax.NonRes713@tax.ri.gov. If the Division, after completing its review, determines that the submission is complete, the Division will email back a signed, stamped, and dated Certificate of Withholding Due (as a PDF), which Joseph presents at closing. Assuming that the buyer properly completes and timely files all required documents and pays the amount of withholding due (if any is required), the lien on the real estate can be discharged. (The remittance and the lien discharge must be filed with the Division and, once approved, the discharge of lien must be forwarded to the city or town by the taxpayer or the taxpayer's representative.) Example # 2: Maria Taxpayer downloads Form RI-71.3 Remittance from the Division's website, which includes the "Acknowledgement of Discharge of Lien" form, completes it, and enters her electronic signature where indicated (using the form's built-in electronic signature feature). Next, the closing attorney attaches to an email the completed and electronically signed Form RI-71.3 Remittance, the prepared Acknowledgement of Discharge of Lien form, and a copy of the approved Certificate of Withholding due, and sends that email to the Division via the following address: Tax.NonRes713@tax.ri.gov. Assuming that the documents are properly completed and timely filed, the Division will email back, as a PDF, the approved, dated, and signed Acknowledgement of Discharge of Lien form. (The remittance and the lien discharge must be filed with the Division and, once approved, the discharge of lien must be forwarded to the city or town by the taxpayer or the taxpayer's representative, so that it can be recorded by the city or town.) Remember: Form RI-71.3 Remittance can be electronically signed and emailed only if there is no

tax due. If there is a payment due, Form RI-71.3 Remittance cannot be

Other Information

the coronavirus outbreak (see screenshot below).

The Division of Taxation is monitoring developments pertaining to the coronavirus and is following guidance from federal and State officials.1 When virus-related developments occur regarding Rhode Island state taxes, including any changes to deadlines, the Division will post them on the RI DOT COVID-19 webpage: http://www.tax.ri.gov/COVID/

# "Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) Information

Welcome to the RI Division of Taxation's COVID-19 Information page.

This page is intended to provide information and updates related to COVID-19's effects on Taxation.

Please see the table below for information currently available.

Check back as this table will be updated as information becomes available.

Note also that we are actively reviewing guidance provided by the IRS and will be posting updates soon.

Here are some important IRS links:

Treasury and IRS Issue Guidance on Deferring
Tax Payments Due to COVID-19 Breakout
Coronavirus Tax Relief

Check back as this table will be updated as information becomes available.

#### **SALES TAX:**

The Rhode Island Division of Taxation understands the difficulty that many businesses, including small businesses and retailers, are facing during this unprecedented crisis. To that end, the Division would like to remind businesses that the Rhode Island Commerce Corporation has information about low-interest federal disaster loans for working capital to Rhode Island small businesses that are suffering substantial economic injury as a result of the

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#### Other Information

extension have a new due date of July 15, 2020, they still must, by statute, be fully paid by September 15, 2020.) New due date applies to filings and payments. Listing for single-member LLC assumes entity is owned by individual. Listing for C corporation also applies to filing under mandatory unitary combined reporting. New deadline for passthrough withholding (Form RI-1096PT) applies only to trusts and single-member LLCs with a normal due date of April 15. New deadline for pass-through withholding estimates (Form RI-1096PT-ES), normally due April 15, 2020, applies to all entity types. New deadline for business extension applies only to public service corporation filers and bank excise tax filers. The relief mainly applies to estimated payments of Rhode Island personal income tax and estimated payments of Rhode Island business tax that would normally be due on June 15, 2020. The deadline for those filings and payments is postponed to July 15, 2020. No penalties and no interest will apply. regardless of the amount owed, if payment is made on or before July 15, 2020. Under the emergency regulation, the income of employees who are nonresidents temporarily working outside of Rhode Island solely due to the pandemic will continue to be treated as Rhode Island-source income for Rhode Island withholding tax purposes. Under the emergency regulation, Rhode Island will not require employers located outside of Rhode Island to withhold Rhode Island

emailed or faxed; it must be sent by mail, using the address shown on the form. Also, it must be accompanied by a Certificate of Withholding Due (assuming the Division has not already received the Certificate). Background and explanation Rhode Island requires withholding of tax at the sale of Rhode Island real estate by a nonresident individual or entity.4 It is standard practice in many other states, too. When Rhode Island real estate is sold by a nonresident individual, estate, partnership or trust, the buyer must deduct and withhold 6% of the total amount paid or of the gain to the seller. If the seller is a nonresident corporation, the buyer must deduct and withhold 7% of the total amount paid or of the gain. 4 See Rhode Island General Laws § 44-30-71.3 ("Sale of real property by nonresidents - Withholding requirements") and Division of Taxation Regulation 280-RICR-20-10-1 ("Withholding Tax on the Sale of Real Property by Nonresidents"). Rhode Island Division of Taxation -Page 4 of 4 The buyer then must pay the amount withheld to the Division of Taxation within three banking days after the date closing. Every buyer subject to these provisions is liable for the amount withheld (or required to be withheld). Until that amount is paid, a State lien is placed on the property. Filing and paying the amount of withholding due (if any is required) furthers the process that culminates with the discharge the lien. Other information This Advisory provides only a brief summary of the Division's requirements involving the sale of Rhode Island real estate by a nonresident individual or entity. • To view the Division's updated general instructions related to the sale of Rhode Island real estate by nonresident individuals or entities, click here. • To view the Division's regulation related to the sale of Rhode Island real estate by nonresident individuals or entities, click here. • For answers to questions about the tax aspects of the sale of Rhode Island real estate by nonresident individuals or entities, call the Division at (401) 574-8829, option #4, from 8:30 a.m. to 3:30 p.m. business days. For additional forms: http://www.tax.ri.gov/taxforms/nrrewh.php The use of an electronic signature is an option, not a requirement. A taxpayer, or the taxpayer's representative, may elect instead to complete, sign, and submit the forms in the usual manner (such as by mail, private delivery service, or fax at (401) 574-8919). As part of its efforts to limit the spread of the coronavirus, the Division recommends that taxpayers, tax professionals, and other stakeholders avoid visiting the Division's office. The Division continues to urge taxpayers and others to use its phone system, email system, website, and portal, instead of inperson visits. If a visit cannot be avoided, taxpayers and others are encouraged to use the Division's drop box, which is located on the first floor of the Powers Building, at One Capitol Hill in Providence, to drop off forms and other documents. Remember: If you must visit, and you successfully complete the State's selfscreening application and receive approval, entry to the

coronavirus. For details, including links to applications, hotlines, and other resources, please see: <a href="https://commerceri.com/covid-19/">https://commerceri.com/covid-19/</a>.

The Division also would like to remind businesses that the deadline is tomorrow -- Friday, March 20, 2020 -- for remitting sales tax, meals and beverage tax, and certain other levies. These amounts represent taxes that the businesses' customers paid during February 2020 and that the businesses held in trust, by law, for remitting to the State of Rhode Island. For more information about the penalties for misappropriating these amounts, please see Rhode Island General Laws Sections 44-19-35 through 37.

The Division also would like to remind businesses and other taxpayers that under Regulation 280-RICR-20-00-4 ("Taxpayer Rights and Responsibilities"), they have the express right to request that penalties be abated where there was no negligence or intentional disregard of the law.

Check back as this page will be updated as information becomes available."

"Online and telephone services

While Governor Gina M. Raimondo has declared a state of emergency in response to the virus, the Division of Taxation currently remains open. However, the Division recommends that taxpayers use the agency's website, portal, email, and phone system -- and avoid visiting the Division of Taxation's office -- in order to limit the spread of the coronavirus...."

#### RI DOT Advisory 2020-9 (3/14/20)

"Division encourages taxpayers to reduce inperson visits as part of effort to slow transmission of coronavirus State Guidance/Date income taxes from the wages of employees who are Rhode Island residents temporarily working within Rhode Island solely due to the pandemic. For the duration of Rhode Island's coronavirus state of emergency, the Rhode Island Division of Taxation will not seek to establish nexus for Rhode Island sales and use tax purposes solely because an employee is temporarily working from home during the state of emergency, or because an employee is temporarily working from home during the state of emergency and is using property to allow the employee to work from home (e.g., computers, computer equipment, or similar property) temporarily during the state of emergency. The presence of one or more employees that previously worked in another state but, solely due to the state of emergency, are working remotely from Rhode Island, will not in and of itself trigger nexus for Rhode Island sales and use tax purposes. Property that is temporarily located in Rhode Island during the state of emergency solely to allow one or more employees to work from home temporarily in Rhode Island (e.g., computers, computer equipment, or similar property) during the state of emergency will not in and of itself trigger nexus for Rhode Island sales and use tax purposes. For the duration of Rhode Island's coronavirus state of emergency, the Rhode Island Division of Taxation will not seek to establish nexus for Rhode Island corporate income tax

purposes solely because an

#### Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus

Division's office is permitted, but you must still wear a mask and maintain social distancing. For more information about office visits amid the pandemic, use this link: https://go.usa.gov/xfwvp. The Division will continue to work with taxpayers and their representatives to consider proposed options for electronic signatures when it comes to the two documents described in this Advisory involving the sale of real estate by a nonresident. In addition, the Division will continue to review standards for electronic signatures in general and will also continue to study the possibility of expanding the electronic signature program to other documents. 5 The Division is allowing electronic signatures for limited documents, as described in this Advisory, under the authority of Rhode Island General Laws Chapter § 42-127.1 ("Uniform Electronic Transactions Act")" (9/10/20)

#### ADV 2020-34 (8/6/20)

"Security Summit: Use VPN to protect data from thieves Tax professionals urged to safeguard client information and their businesses. The Rhode Island Division of Taxation and other Security Summit partners urge tax practitioners to secure remote locations by using a virtual private network (VPN) to protect against cyber intruders."

#### RI DOR DOT ADV 2020-24 (5/28/20)

Division addresses questions involving nexus and apportionment Guidance is in response to inquiries involving temporary remote work amid pandemic

The Rhode Island Division of Taxation is aware of the new pressures on the business community and others in responding to the coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic. The Division is committed to providing as much certainty as possible to taxpayers and tax professionals.

A number of employers have asked employees to work remotely (i.e., telecommute, or telework) from their homes temporarily amid the pandemic. In response to some related inquiries that the Division has received involving potential nexus and apportionment issues, the Division provides the following information.

#### RHODE ISLAND SALES AND USE TAX: NEXUS

For the duration of Rhode Island's coronavirus state of emergency, the Rhode Island Division of Taxation will not seek to establish nexus for Rhode Island sales and use tax purposes solely because an

#### Other Information

Agency recommends use of its website, portal, and email and telephone systems..."
A detailed list of Division phone numbers and email addresses is available at <a href="http://www.tax.ri.gov/contact/">http://www.tax.ri.gov/contact/</a>.

Legislature: To contain the spread of COVID-19, there will be no General Assembly sessions during the week of March 16-20, 2020. All legislative offices will also be closed.

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
State	employee is temporarily working	employee is temporarily working from home during the state of	Other information
	from home during the state of	emergency, or because an employee is temporarily working from	
	emergency, or because an employee	home during the state of emergency and is using property to allow	
	is temporarily working from home	the employee to work from home (e.g., computers, computer	
	during the state of emergency and is	equipment, or similar property) temporarily during the state of	
	using property to allow the	emergency.1	
	employee to work from home (e.g.,		
	computers, computer equipment, or	Put another way, the presence of one or more employees that	
	similar property) temporarily during	previously worked in another state but, solely due to the state of	
	the state of emergency. The	emergency, are working remotely from Rhode Island, will not in and	
	presence of one or more employees	of itself trigger nexus for Rhode Island sales and use tax purposes.	
	that previously worked in another	Property that is temporarily located in Rhode Island during the	
	state but, solely due to the state of	state of emergency solely to allow one or more employees to work	
	emergency, are working remotely	from home temporarily in Rhode Island (e.g., computers, computer	
	from Rhode Island, will not in and	equipment, or similar property) during the state of emergency will	
	of itself trigger nexus for Rhode	not in and of itself trigger nexus for Rhode Island sales and use tax	
	Island corporate income tax	purposes.	
	purposes. Property that is	• •	
	temporarily located in Rhode Island	This policy is predicated on the condition that there are no other	
	during the state of emergency solely	personnel, or any properties or activities, of a remote retailer within	
	to allow one or more employees to	Rhode Island that would constitute sufficient physical presence, either	
	work from home temporarily in	before or during the state of emergency, to establish nexus for Rhode	
	Rhode Island (e.g., computers,	Island sales and use tax purposes. This policy is further predicated on the	
	computer equipment, or similar	condition that an out-of-state retailer does not have sufficient sales into	
	property) during the state of	Rhode Island, either in the number of transactions or in the amount of	
	emergency will not in and of itself	gross receipts, during the calendar year that would warrant a finding of	
	trigger nexus for Rhode Island	nexus for Rhode Island sales and use tax purposes.2	
	corporate income tax purposes. In		
	addition, the performance of any	For the duration of Rhode Island's coronavirus state of emergency,	
	services by such employees within	the Rhode Island Division of Taxation will not seek to establish	
	Rhode Island will not, of itself,	nexus for Rhode Island corporate income tax purposes solely	
	cause their employer to lose the	because an employee is temporarily working from home during the	
	protection of Public Law 86-272.	state of emergency, or because an employee is temporarily working	
	For the duration of Rhode Island's	from home during the state of emergency and is using property to	
	coronavirus state of emergency.	allow the employee to work from home (e.g., computers, computer	
	services performed by one or more	equipment, or similar property) temporarily during the state of	
	employees, who previously worked	emergency.3	
	in another state but, solely due to		
	the pandemic, are now working	Put another way, the presence of one or more employees that	
	remotely from Rhode Island, will	previously worked in another state but, solely due to the state of	
	not be considered by the Rhode	emergency, are working remotely from Rhode Island, will not in and	
	Island Division of Taxation to	of itself trigger nexus for Rhode Island corporate income tax	
	increase the numerator of their	purposes. Property that is temporarily located in Rhode Island	
	employer's payroll factor for	during the state of emergency solely to allow one or more employees	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
	purposes of apportioning income. ,	to work from home temporarily in Rhode Island (e.g., computers,	
	Effective immediately, it will allow	computer equipment, or similar property) during the state of	
	electronic signatures in place of	emergency will not in and of itself trigger nexus for Rhode Island	
	handwritten signatures for certain	corporate income tax purposes.	
	types of forms. The Division will		
	accept electronic signatures for the	In addition, the performance of any services by such employees	
	following two forms, both of which	within Rhode Island will not, of itself, cause their employer to lose	
	involve the sale of Rhode Island real	the protection of Public Law 86-272.4 This policy is predicated on	
	estate by nonresident individuals or	the condition that there are no other activities being conducted	
	entities: • Form RI-71.3 Election	within Rhode Island on behalf such out-of-state corporate	
	("Election to Have Withholding Based on Gain") and required	employers, either before or during Rhode Island's coronavirus state	
	attachments. • Form RI-71.3	of emergency, that would establish nexus with Rhode Island for corporate income tax purposes.5	
	Remittance ("Remittance of	corporate income tax pur poses.	
	Withholding on Sale of Real Estate	RHODE ISLAND TAXATION: APPORTIONMENT	
	by Nonresident") and required	MIOSS SERVE TRAITION, THE ORTHONIEM	
	attachments. The Division has long	If a business derives income from sources within and outside of Rhode	
	allowed the use of electronic	Island, its net income must be apportioned by various formulas	
	signatures for electronically filed	depending on the nature of the business and the structure of the entity. In	
	income tax returns. 2 Form RI-71.3	general, some entities must use an apportionment method involving a	
	Remittance can be electronically	single factor: sales. Others must use an apportionment formula involving	
	signed and emailed only if there is	three factors: property, sales, and payroll.	
	no tax due. If there is a payment		
	due, Form RI-71.3 Remittance	For the duration of Rhode Island's coronavirus state of emergency,	
	cannot be emailed or faxed; it must	services performed by one or more employees, who previously	
	be sent by mail, using the address	worked in another state but, solely due to the pandemic, are now	
	shown on the form. Also, it must be	working remotely from Rhode Island, will not be considered by the	
	accompanied by a "Certificate of	Rhode Island Division of Taxation to increase the numerator of their	
	Withholding Due" (assuming that	employer's payroll factor for purposes of apportioning income.	
	the Division has not already	For the denotion of Dhode Island's comment to the of amount of	
	received the certificate).)	For the duration of Rhode Island's coronavirus state of emergency, the Rhode Island Division of Taxation will not seek to establish	
		nexus for Rhode Island corporate income tax purposes solely	
		because an employee is temporarily working from home during the	
		state of emergency, or because an employee is temporarily working	
		from home during the state of emergency and is using property to	
		allow the employee to work from home (e.g., computers, computer	
		equipment, or similar property) temporarily during the state of	
		emergency.3	
		Put another way, the presence of one or more employees that previously	
		worked in another state but, solely due to the state of emergency, are	
		working remotely from Rhode Island, will not in and of itself trigger	
		nexus for Rhode Island corporate income tax purposes. Property that is	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		temporarily located in Rhode Island during the state of emergency solely to allow one or more employees to work from home temporarily in Rhode Island (e.g., computers, computer equipment, or similar property) during the state of emergency will not in and of itself trigger nexus for Rhode Island corporate income tax purposes.	
		In addition, the performance of any services by such employees within Rhode Island will not, of itself, cause their employer to lose the protection of Public Law 86-272.4 This policy is predicated on the condition that there are no other activities being conducted within Rhode Island on behalf such out-of-state corporate employers, either before or during Rhode Island's coronavirus state of emergency, that would establish nexus with Rhode Island for corporate income tax purposes.5	
		RHODE ISLAND TAXATION: APPORTIONMENT	
		If a business derives income from sources within and outside of Rhode Island, its net income must be apportioned by various formulas depending on the nature of the business and the structure of the entity. In general, some entities must use an apportionment method involving a single factor: sales. Others must use an apportionment formula involving three factors: property, sales, and payroll.	
		For the duration of Rhode Island's coronavirus state of emergency, services performed by one or more employees, who previously worked in another state but, solely due to the pandemic, are now working remotely from Rhode Island, will not be considered by the Rhode Island Division of Taxation to increase the numerator of their employer's payroll factor for purposes of apportioning income.	
		1 See Rhode Island Governor Gina M. Raimondo's Executive Order 20-02, issued March 9, 2020, and related supplements.	
		2 See, among other things, Rhode Island Division of Taxation Regulation 280-RICR-20-70-45 ("Out of State Retailers – Registr	
		3 Rhode Island's corporate income tax is also known as the business corporation tax (see Rhode Island General Laws Chapter 44-11).	
		4 United States Public Law 86-272, codified at 15 U.S. Code § 381 et seq. 5 See, among other things, Rhode Island Division of Taxation Regulation 280-RICR-20-25-8 ("Nexus")." (5/28/20)	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		RI DOR Penalty waiver request form (5/27/20)	
		BL DOR DOT A DV 2020 22 (5/26/20)	
		RI DOR DOT <u>ADV 2020-22</u> (5/26/20)	
		Withholding-tax guidance for working remotely amid pandemic	
		Goal is to reduce administrative burdens on public and private	
		employers	
		The Rhode Island Division of Taxation today posted an emergency	
		regulation that provides withholding-tax guidance for employers that	
		have employees who are temporarily working remotely due to the coronavirus pandemic (COVID-19).	
		coronavirus pandenne (COVID-19).	
		Background	
		In Rhode Island and other states, employers withhold state taxes from	
		the wages of their employees who work within the employer's state's	
		boundaries.	
		However, due to the pandemic, many employees are now working from	
		home (telecommuting, or teleworking). They receive wages for work	
		performed on behalf of their employers but their work is performed at locations outside the state where their regular workstations were	
		previously located.	
		Confusion, extra costs, and concerns may arise among both employers and employees if employers have to withhold and remit out-of-state	
		taxes for employees who are temporarily working remotely outside the	
		state where their employer is located.	
		Therefore the Division of Tayatian today posted an emerganay	
		Therefore, the Division of Taxation today posted an emergency regulation that temporarily simplifies the tax withholding process with	
		regard to remote working. "The intention of this guidance is to promote	
		stability and avoid further confusion in the marketplace and reduce	
		administrative burdens on public and private employers," said Rhode Island Tax Administrator Neena Savage.	
		Guidance	
		Part of the guidance involves nonresidents who are employed by a	
		Rhode Island employer and normally work in Rhode Island, but who are	
		temporarily working outside of Rhode Island due to the pandemic.	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		Under the emergency regulation, the income of employees who are nonresidents temporarily working outside of Rhode Island solely due to the pandemic will continue to be treated as Rhode Island-source income for Rhode Island withholding tax purposes.	
		Example: A Massachusetts resident works for a Rhode Island employer, normally performs his tasks within Rhode Island, and has wages that are subject to Rhode Island income tax withholding. If the employee is temporarily working within Massachusetts due to the pandemic, the employer should continue to withhold Rhode Island income tax because the employee's work is derived from or connected to a Rhode Island source.	
		Another part of the guidance involves Rhode Island residents who are employed by an employer outside of Rhode Island, and normally work outside of Rhode Island, but who are temporarily working remotely in Rhode Island.	
		Under the emergency regulation, Rhode Island will not require employers located outside of Rhode Island to withhold Rhode Island income taxes from the wages of employees who are Rhode Island residents temporarily working within Rhode Island solely due to the pandemic.	
		Example: A Rhode Island resident works for an employer in Connecticut, normally performs her tasks within Connecticut, and has wages that are subject to Connecticut income tax withholding. If the employee is temporarily working within Rhode Island solely due to the pandemic, the employer will not be required by Rhode Island to withhold Rhode Island income taxes from that employee's wages for the duration of the emergency.	
		For more details, including definitions, citations, the limited duration of the regulation, the limited applicability of the regulation, and other information, click <a href="here">here</a> , or use the following address: <a href="https://rules.sos.ri.gov/regulations/part/280-20-55-14">https://rules.sos.ri.gov/regulations/part/280-20-55-14</a> .	
		As a convenience for employers and their advisors, the Division includes the following links that provide information from neighboring states:	
		<ul> <li>Massachusetts Department of Revenue <u>TIR 20-5</u> ("Massachusetts Tax Implications of an Employee Working Remotely due to the COVID-19 Pandemic").</li> </ul>	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		Massachusetts Department of Revenue Emergency Regulation (830)	
		CMR 62.5A.3 – "Massachusetts Source Income of Non-Residents	
		Telecommuting due to COVID-19").	
		<ul> <li>Connecticut Department of Revenue Services website." (5/26/20)</li> </ul>	
		DOD D 1	
		DOR Regulation <u>280-RICR-20-55-14</u> (5/26/20)	
		TITLE 280 – DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE	
		CHAPTER 20 – DIVISION OF TAXATION	
		SUBCHAPTER 55 – PERSONAL INCOME TAX	
		PART 14 - Withholding for Employees Working Remotely During the	
		COVID-19 State of Emergency	
		14.1 Purpose	
		The purpose of these rules and regulations is to provide guidance	
		to employers who have implemented remote working requirements for	
		their employees, some of whom are performing services on behalf of	
		their employer from a location outside the state where their employees	
		were based prior to the COVID-19 State of Emergency.	
		14.2 Authority	
		These rules and regulations are promulgated pursuant to R.I. Gen.	
		Laws § 44-14, § 44-30-95 and § 44-30-71, which specifically authorizes	
		the Tax Administrator to prescribe regulations for determining the	
		amount of income taxes to be withheld from wages. These rules and regulations have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of	
		R.I. Gen. Laws § 42-35-2.10 of the Rhode Island Administrative	
		Procedures Act.	
		14.3 Application	
		These rules and regulations shall be liberally construed so as to	
		permit the Tax Division the authority to effectuate the purpose of R.I.	
		Gen. Laws Title 44-30 and other applicable state laws and regulations.	
		These rules and regulations apply to employers whose employees would	
		otherwise be subject to Rhode Island withholding and are temporarily	
		performing their work functions outside of Rhode Island solely because	
		of the ongoing COVID-19 State of Emergency. These rules and	
		regulations also apply to employers whose employees would otherwise	
		not be subject to Rhode Island withholding and are temporarily	
		performing their work functions within Rhode Island solely because of	
		the ongoing COVID-19 State of Emergency.	
		14.4 Severability	
		If any provision of these rules and regulations, or the application	
		thereof to any person or circumstances, is held invalid by a court of	
		competent jurisdiction, the validity of the remainder of the rules and	
		regulations shall not be impaired or affected thereby.	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		14.5 Definitions.	
		A. "COVID-19" means the disease caused by the novel coronavirus	
		SARS-CoV-2.	
		B. "COVID-19 State of Emergency" means the state of emergency	
		declared by	
		the Governor of Rhode Island in response to the 2019 novel	
		coronavirus	
		disease pandemic.	
		C. "Nonresident individual", as defined in R.I. Gen. Laws § 44-30-	
		5(b), means an individual who does not meet the definition of "resident	
		individual."	
		D. "Outside of Rhode Island" means any other state but Rhode	
		Island within the geographical limits of the United States of America.	
		E. "Resident individual", as defined in R.I. Gen. Laws § 44-30-5(a),	
		means an individual who is domiciled in Rhode Island or an individual	
		who is not domiciled in Rhode Island but maintains a permanent place of	
		abode in Rhode Island and is present in this state for an aggregate of	
		more than one hundred eighty three (183) days of the taxable year,	
		unless the individual is in the Armed Forces of the United States.	
		14.6 Non-Resident Individuals Employed by a Rhode Island Employer	
		but Temporarily Remotely Working Outside of Rhode Island	
		A. The State of Rhode Island will continue to treat as Rhode Island-	
		source income the income of employees who are non-resident	
		individuals temporarily working outside of Rhode Island solely due to	
		the COVID-19 State of Emergency. The Division of Taxation reserves	
		the right to review the facts and circumstances of individual cases and	
		make any appropriate determinations in accordance with Rhode Island	
		law.  D. Evennley A resident individual from State A works for a Phodo	
		B. Example: A resident individual from State A works for a Rhode Island employer, normally performs his or her tasks within Rhode	
		Island, and has wages that are subject to Rhode Island income tax	
		withholding. If the employee is temporarily working within State A	
		solely due to the COVID-19 State of Emergency, the employer should	
		continue to withhold Rhode Island income tax since the employee's	
		work is derived from or connected to a Rhode Island source.	
		14.7 Resident Individuals Employed by an Employer Outside of Rhode	
		Island but Temporarily Remotely Working in Rhode Island	
		A. The State of Rhode Island will not require employers located	
		outside of Rhode Island to withhold Rhode Island income taxes from the	
		wages of employees who are resident individuals who are temporarily	
		working within Rhode Island solely due to the COVID-19 State of	
		Emergency.	
		B. Example: A Rhode Island resident individual works for an	
		employer in State B, normally performs his or her tasks within State B,	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		and has wages that are subject to State B income tax withholding. If the	
		employee is temporarily working within Rhode Island solely due to the	
		COVID-19 State of Emergency, the employer will not be required by	
		Rhode Island to withhold Rhode Island income taxes from that	
		employee's wages for the duration of the emergency.	
		14.8 Limited Duration of These Rules A. These rules and	
		regulations shall be in effect for 120 days, or up to 180 days	
		if extended, unless one of the following occurs:	
		1. The COVID-19 State of Emergency in Rhode Island has ended; or	
		2. Permanent rules and regulations are promulgated pursuant to R.I.	
		Gen. Laws §§ 42-35-2.6 through 42-35-2.9; or	
		3. The Tax Administrator enters into a withholding agreement with	
		any other state(s) pursuant to R.I. Gen. Laws § 44-30-72 that would then	
		govern the withholding of income taxes between Rhode Island and the	
		other signatory state(s).	
		14.9 Limited Applicability of These Rules	
		A. These rules and regulations:	
		1. Apply to employers whose employees are temporarily performing	
		remote work outside of Rhode Island solely because of the ongoing	
		COVID-19 State of Emergency.	
		2. Shall not apply to employers outside of Rhode Island who, prior to	
		March 9, 2020, were withholding Rhode Island taxes from the wages of	
		their employees working remotely in Rhode Island.	
		3. Shall not apply to employers in Rhode Island who, prior to March	
		9, 2020, were withholding another state's taxes from the wages of	
		employees working remotely in that other state.	
		4. Do not apply in situations where the employer and its employees,	
		albeit working remotely, are situated in the same state. In that event,	
		Rhode Island personal income tax requirements, as set forth in statutes	
		and regulations, still apply.	
		5. Apply to wages earned on or after March 9, 2020 until one of the	
		relevant conditions set forth in Section 14.9 above is satisfied as it	
		relates to the employer.	
		6. Do not apply to payments required to be made under the Rhode	
		Island Employment Security Act (Titles 28-42, 28-43, and 28-44 of the	
		General Laws), the Rhode Island Temporary Disability Insurance Act	
		(Titles 28-39 and 28-40 of the General Laws), or the Job Development	
		Assessment (Section 28-43-8.5).	
		14.10Reconciliation with Sourcing Rules in Other States Other states have adopted and may adopt sourcing rules that	
		Other states have adopted and may adopt sourcing rules that subject an employee who is a Rhode Island resident and is suddenly	
		working within Rhode Island due to the COVID-19 State of Emergency	
		to still incur an income tax liability in another state pursuant to that	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		state's sourcing rules. That employee will be eligible for credit for taxes paid to that other state under R.I. Gen. Laws § 4430-18. Furthermore, the employer of such an employee is not obligated to withhold Rhode Island income tax to the extent the employer remains required to withhold income tax with respect to the employee in such other state. File Name: Emergency regulation 280-RICR-20-55-14." (5/26/20)	
		RI DOR DOT <u>ADV 2020-21</u> extending second quarter estimated payments from 6/15 to 7/15 (5/21/20)	
		"Division postpones certain key tax deadlines for individuals, businesses - Estimated payments normally due June 15, 2020, will instead be due July 15, 2020	
		In order to provide additional relief to taxpayers amid the coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic, the Rhode Island Division of Taxation announced today that it has postponed certain key tax deadlines for individuals and businesses.	
		The relief mainly applies to estimated payments of Rhode Island personal income tax and estimated payments of Rhode Island business tax that would normally be due on June 15, 2020. The deadline for those filings and payments is postponed to July 15, 2020. No penalties and no interest will apply, regardless of the amount owed, if payment is made on or before July 15, 2020.	
		Tax preparers and taxpayers do not need to file any additional forms or contact the Division of Taxation in any way in order to qualify for this Rhode Island filing and payment relief; the relief is automatic, and the Division is in the process of adjusting its systems accordingly.	
		The relief announced today by the Division of Taxation is similar to the relief for certain filings and payments at the federal level that were announced on April 9, 2020, by the Internal Revenue Service and United States Treasury – a convenience for taxpayers and tax preparers.1	
		"We realize that these are difficult times for many individuals and businesses. This relief will provide certain individuals and certain businesses with an additional month to file and make payments," said Rhode Island Tax Administrator Neena Savage.	
		The relief will automatically provide extra time to file and pay for everyone involved – especially those preparers and taxpayers who are directly affected by the coronavirus."	

The following table shows the filings to which the relief applies, the	ormation
associated forms, the normal due date, and the new due date. No late charges will apply to those who file and pay on or before the new deadline of July 15, 2020.  New due date for these Rhode Island filings and related payments * FILING FORM NORMAL DUE DATE (SEE FOOTNOTE) NEW DUE DATE Personal income tax - estimate Form RI-1040ES June 15, 2020 July 15, 2020 Corporate income tax - estimate Form BUS-EST June 15, 2020 July 15, 2020 Political organization tax - estimate Form BUS-EST June 15, 2020 July 15, 2020 July 15, 2020 Insurance gross premiums tax - estimate Form BUS-EST June 15, 2020 July 15, 2020 Surplus lines broker/licensee tax - estimate Form BUS-EST June 15, 2020 July 15, 2020 Bush exists at - estimate Form BUS-EST June 15, 2020 July 15, 2020 Bank kedes tax - estimate Form BUS-EST June 15, 2020 July 15, 2020 Bank deposits tax - estimate Form BUS-EST June 15, 2020 July 15, 2020 Bank deposits tax - estimate Form BUS-EST June 15, 2020 July 15, 2020 Pass-through entity tax - estimate Form BUS-EST June 15, 2020 July 15, 2020 Duly 15, 2020 Composite tax form BUS-EST June 15, 2020 July 15, 2020 Duly 15, 2020 Composite tax form BUS-EST June 15, 2020 July 15, 2020 Duly 15, 2020 Composite tax form BUS-EST June 15, 2020 July 15, 2020 Luly 15, 2020 Estate and trust income tax — estimate RI-1040C-ES June 15, 2020 July 15, 2020 Estate tax return and payment Form 100 various July 15, 2020 Estate tax return and payment Form 100 various July 15, 2020 Estate tax return and payment Form 100 Various July 15, 2020 Estate tax return and payment Form RI-868C June 15, 2020 July 15, 2020 Estate tax return and payment Form RI-868C June 15, 2020 July 15, 2020 Estate shrough withholding – extension payment Form RI-8765 June 15, 2020 July 15, 2020 Composite income tax — extension payment Form RI-8765 June 15, 2020 July 15, 2020 Composite income tax — extension payment Form RI-8765 June 15, 2020 July 15, 2020 Composite income tax — extension payments. It applies not only to calendar-year individuals and entities with normal due date	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		* Listing for corporate income tax (also known as business corporations tax) also applies to filing under mandatory unitary combined reporting.	
		* New deadline for pass-through withholding (Form RI-1096PT) applies only to trusts and single-member LLCs with a normal due date of June 15, 2020. New deadline for pass-through withholding estimates (Form RI-1096PT-ES), normally due June 15, 2020, applies to all entity types.	
		* New deadline for business extension applies only to public service corporation filers and bank excise tax filers.	
		* Listing in table of Form BUS-EST also applies to Form RI-1120ES.	
		* New due date of July 15, 2020, applies to estate tax returns on Form RI-100 and Form RI-100A and any associated payments that would normally be due between April 15, 2020, and July 15, 2020, and to estate income tax returns and payments (and estimates) and trust income tax returns and payments (and estimates) normally due between April 15, 2020, and July 15, 2020.	
		* New due date does not apply to filings or payments of any other type of Rhode Island tax, or to filing of any other Rhode Island return, not mentioned above.	
		Although the Rhode Island deadline for filing certain tax returns and making certain tax payments has been automatically postponed by one month – from June 15, 2020, to July 15, 2020 – the Division of Taxation urges tax preparers and taxpayers who are in a position to do so to file before the new deadline where possible.	
		Filing and paying sooner provides the State with essential funding during this crisis and allows the Governor, the General Assembly, and other State decision-makers to plan and protect Rhode Island's economy. By filing and paying sooner, taxpayers and tax preparers can do their part in helping to ensure that the State of Rhode Island continues to have the financial resources necessary to fund critical services that are so essential to the health and well-being of all Rhode Islanders.	
		Expanded relief	
		Today's announcement by the Rhode Island Division of Taxation expands upon relief that the agency announced on March 27, 2020.2 On that date, the Division announced the following relief:	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		• Individuals can defer Rhode Island resident and nonresident personal income tax returns and personal income tax payments, normally due on April 15, 2020, to July 15, 2020, without penalties and interest, regardless of the amount owed.	
		• Certain business entities can defer Rhode Island returns and tax payments, normally due April 15, 2020, to July 15, 2020, without penalties and interest, regardless of the amount owed.	
		Today's announcement provides additional relief involving certain filings and tax payments as listed in the table in this Advisory. Although no late charges will apply to filings and payments made on or before July 15, 2020, the usual rules will apply to filings and payments made on or after July 16, 2020. Thus, taxpayers requesting additional time to file (beyond the new deadline of July 15, 2020) should estimate their tax liability and pay any taxes owed by the new deadline of July 15, 2020, in order to avoid penalties and interest thereafter.	
		Additional information  • The Division of Taxation has created a special webpage to address Rhode Island state tax issues related to the coronavirus outbreak. For more information, click here or copy and paste the following address into your web browser: http://www.tax.ri.gov/COVID/.	
		• The Division of Taxation urges taxpayers and others to use its website, portal, email system, and phone system and to avoid visiting the Division of Taxation's office in order to limit the spread of the coronavirus. For more information, including a list of frequently used phone numbers, email addresses, and web addresses, please click here or copy and paste the following address into your web browser: http://www.tax.ri.gov/Advisory/ADV_2020_09.pdf."	
		RI Advisory 2020-19 Employer Withholding (4/30/20)	
		"Reminder about deadline for employer withholding tax Funds must be remitted and returns filed according to schedule	
		PROVIDENCE, R.I. – The Rhode Island Division of Taxation reminds businesses and other entities that, despite the coronavirus pandemic (COVID-19), the deadlines remain the same for employers to remit Rhode Island personal income tax withheld from employee paychecks.	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		Rhode Island – like the federal government and many states – has a payas-you-earn income tax system. Under that system, employers are required to withhold a portion of their employees' wages and to periodically turn over those withheld funds, on a regular schedule, to the Division of Taxation.1 These are amounts that employers have held in trust, by law, for remitting to the State of Rhode Island. While the Division recognizes the strain that taxpayers are experiencing amid the coronavirus pandemic, Rhode Island law prohibits taxpayers from using these trust fund taxes for their own purpose.	
		Effective January 2020, there are some changes as to how Rhode Island employers, payroll companies, and accounting firms must file and pay withholding taxes to the Rhode Island Division of Taxation. Legislation passed as part of the 2019 budget process created electronic payment and filing requirements for certain employers. In conjunction with the electronic mandates, the Division of Taxation also took the opportunity to simplify the filing and payment frequencies and more align itself with the Internal Revenue Service and a number of other states.	
		The Division moved to a quarterly return filing (see Form RI-941 and instructions) and consolidated the daily and quarter-monthly filing frequencies into a weekly frequency. Since the quarterly Form RI-941 filing is now the actual filing of the tax return, the weekly, monthly and quarterly frequencies are now referred to as payment frequencies. For more information, see the Division's Advisory, FAQs, and 2020 withholding tax payment calendar.	
		For purposes of the filing of a withholding return, Form RI-941 is due on a quarterly basis. All taxpayers must submit their returns once a quarter. The returns are due on the last day of the month following each quarter, with the first due date of April 30, 2020. Regardless of how often an employer must remit withholding tax, the return on Form RI-941 is due quarterly. After completing the required filing, if an employer is unable to make a scheduled payment, payment plans are available. For more information about employer withholding tax, call the Division at (401) 574-8941 from 8:30 a.m. to 3:30 p.m. business days or email: Tax.Collections@tax.ri.gov.	
		1 See Rhode Island General Laws § 44-30-71 ("Requirement of withholding tax from wages"), Rhode Island General Laws § 44-30-76 ("Employer's liability for withheld taxes – Violations – Penalties"), and Regulation 280-RICR-20-55-10 ("Employers' Withholding")." (4/30/20)  RI DOT Tax News (4/17/20)	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		"New due date for these Rhode Island filings and related payments *	
		FILING FORM NORMAL DUE DATE NEW DUE DATE Surplus	
		lines brokers/licensees Form T-71A April 1, 2020 July 15, 2020	
		Personal income tax annual return Form RI-1040, RI-1040NR April 15,	
		2020 July 15, 2020 Personal income tax - extension Form RI-4868 April	
		15, 2020 July 15, 2020 Personal income tax - estimated Form RI-	
		1040ES April 15, 2020 July 15, 2020 Property tax relief Form RI-1040H	
		April 15, 2020 July 15, 2020 Residential lead abatement credit Form RI-	
		6238 April 15, 2020 July 15, 2020 Estate and trust income tax return	
		Form RI-1041 April 15, 2020 July 15, 2020 Estate and trust income tax -	
		estimated Form RI-1041ES April 15, 2020 July 15, 2020 C corporation	
		Form RI-1120C April 15, 2020 July 15, 2020 First-quarter business	
		estimates Form RI-1120ES/BUS-EST April 15, 2020 July 15, 2020	
		1120C business extension Form RI-7004 April 15, 2020 July 15, 2020	
		Public service corporation tax Form T-72 April 15, 2020 July 15, 2020	
		Business extension Form BUS-EXT April 15, 2020 July 15, 2020 Bank	
		excise tax Form T-74 April 15, 2020 July 15, 2020 Insurance gross	
		premiums tax Form T-71 April 15, 2020 July 15, 2020 Single-member	
		LLC Form RI-1065 April 15, 2020 July 15, 2020 Pass-through	
		withholding Form RI-1096PT April 15, 2020 July 15, 2020 Pass-through	
		withholding – estimate Form RI-1096PT-ES April 15, 2020 July 15,	
		2020 Pass-through withholding – extension Form RI-4868PT April 15, 2020 July 15, 2020 Composite income tax – estimated Form RI-1040C-	
		ES April 15, 2020 July 15, 2020	
		* New deadline of July 15, 2020, applies not only to calendar-year	
		individuals and entities with normal due date of April 15, 2020 (April 1,	
		2020, for surplus lines brokers/licensees), but also to fiscal-year filers	
		whose original or extended due date would normally fall on April 15,	
		2020. (Although fiscal-year filers who are on extension have a new due	
		date of July 15, 2020, they still must, by statute, be fully paid by	
		September 15, 2020.) New due date applies to filings and payments.	
		Listing for single-member LLC assumes entity is owned by individual	
		whose normal due date would be April 15, 2020. Listing for C	
		corporation also applies to filing under mandatory unitary combined	
		reporting. New deadline for pass-through withholding (Form RI-	
		1096PT) applies only to trusts and single-member LLCs with a normal	
		due date of April 15. New deadline for pass-through withholding	
		estimates (Form RI-1096PT-ES), normally due April 15, 2020, applies	
		to all entity types. New deadline for business extension applies only to	
		public service corporation filers and bank excise tax filers. Note: Please	
		read "deadline updates" box below."	
		DOT Advisory ADV 2020-11 (originally 3/27, revised 4/6/20)	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		"Division sets July 15 due date for individuals, certain entities Those who don't need the extra time should file earlier to support State's coronavirus response	
		In conjunction with announcements made by United States Treasury Secretary Steven T. Mnuchin and Rhode Island Governor Gina M. Raimondo on March 20, 2020, involving the April 15, 2020, deadline for certain tax filings and tax payments, the Rhode Island Division of Taxation announced today details about the filing deadline and the payment deadline for individuals and certain entities in light of the coronavirus pandemic (COVID-19).	
		In general, the relief provides three additional months to file returns and pay balances due. No penalties and no interest will apply to those who file on or before July 15, 2020. "These are difficult times for everyone. That is why the United States Treasury, the Internal Revenue Service, and the Rhode Island Division of Taxation have extended the deadline, normally April 15, to July 15 this year," said Rhode Island Tax Administrator Neena Savage.	
		Although the deadline for filing certain tax returns and making certain tax payments has been automatically postponed by three months, the Rhode Island Division of Taxation urges tax preparers and taxpayers to file their returns before the new deadline where possible.	
		Filing and paying sooner provides the State with essential funding during this crisis and allows the Governor, the General Assembly, and other State decision-makers to plan and protect Rhode Island's economy.	
		This will give extra time to file and pay for everyone – especially those preparers and taxpayers who are directly affected by the coronavirus. However, although they can wait until July 15 to file and pay, the Division urges preparers and taxpayers who are in a position to do so to file and pay before the July 15 deadline – for several reasons.	
		Those who are due refunds can receive them more quickly by filing as soon as possible. In addition, those who have a balance due can do their part in helping to ensure that the State of Rhode Island continues to have the financial resources necessary to fund critical services that are so essential to the health and wellbeing of all Rhode Islanders, and will aid the State in planning for and protecting the State's economy.	
		Details of relief announced	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
State	Guidance/Date	Individuals can defer Rhode Island resident and nonresident personal income tax returns and personal income tax payments, normally due on April 15, 2020, to July 15, 2020, without penalties and interest, regardless of the amount owed. Similarly, certain business entities can defer Rhode Island returns and tax payments, normally due April 15, 2020, to July 15, 2020, without penalties and interest, regardless of the amount owed.  Tax preparers and taxpayers do not need to file any additional forms or contact the Division of Taxation in any way in order to qualify for this Rhode Island tax filing and payment relief; the relief is automatic, and the Division is in the process of adjusting its systems accordingly.  The following table shows the filings to which the relief applies, the associated forms, the normal due date, and the new due date. No late charges will apply to those who file and pay on or before the new deadline of July 15, 2020.  New due date for these Rhode Island filings and related payments * FILING FORM NORMAL DUE DATE NEW DUE DATE Surplus lines brokers/licensees Form T-71A April 1, 2020 July 15, 2020  Personal income tax annual return Form RI-1040, RI-1040NR April 15, 2020 July 15, 2020 Personal income tax - extension Form RI-4868 April 15, 2020 July 15, 2020 Personal income tax - estimated Form RI-1040ES April 15, 2020 July 15, 2020 Residential lead abatement credit Form RI-6238 April 15, 2020 July 15, 2020 Pesidential lead abatement credit Form RI-6238 April 15, 2020 July 15, 2020 July 15, 2020 Estate and trust income tax - estimated Form RI-1041ES April 15, 2020 July 15, 2020 Ily 15, 2020 Uly 15, 2020 Ily 15, 2020 Uly 15, 2020 July 15, 2020 July 15, 2020 Ily 15, 2020 I	
		LLC* Form RI-1065 April 15, 2020 July 15, 2020 Pass-through	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		* New deadline of July 15, 2020, applies not only to calendar-year individuals and entities with normal due date of April 15, 2020 (April 1, 2020, for surplus lines brokers/licensees), but also to fiscal-year filers whose original or extended due date would normally fall on April 15, 2020. (Although fiscal-year filers who are on extension have a new due date of July 15, 2020, they still must, by statute, be fully paid by September 15, 2020.) New due date applies to filings and payments. Listing for single-member LLC assumes entity is owned by individual. Listing for C corporation also applies to filing under mandatory unitary combined reporting. New deadline for pass-through withholding (Form RI-1096PT) applies only to trusts and single-member LLCs with a normal due date of April 15. New deadline for pass-through withholding estimates (Form RI-1096PT-ES), normally due April 15, 2020, applies to all entity types. New deadline for business extension applies only to public service corporation filers and bank excise tax filers.	
		* Table was revised on April 6, 2020, to include language about fiscal-year filers; new deadline for composite income tax – estimated (Form RI-1040C-ES); and information about pass-through withholding. New due date does not apply to filings or payments of any other type of Rhode Island tax, or to filing of any other Rhode Island return.	
		Due date for individuals, estates, trusts	
		Resident and nonresident Rhode Island personal income tax returns – and any associated payments – for the 2019 tax year, which would normally be due on April 15, 2020, are now due on July 15, 2020.	
		The three-month postponement is automatic. The Division will update its computer system accordingly. Tax preparers and taxpayers need not take any extra steps to qualify for the relief and need not contact the Division.	
		The new deadline for Rhode Island resident and nonresident personal income tax returns is the same as the one for federal personal income tax returns – a convenience for preparers and taxpayers.	
		Example:	
		Joe and Mary normally file a joint Rhode Island personal income tax return each year, and normally have a \$1,000 balance due, which they pay with their return. This season, the filing deadline for their Rhode Island return, covering the 2019 tax year, normally would be April 15, 2020. However, due to the coronavirus pandemic, they have until July	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		15, 2020, to file their return and pay their balance due of \$1,000. No penalties and no interest will apply to their \$1,000 unpaid balance through July 15, 2020. If they fail to pay their \$1,000 balance due on or before July 15, 2020, late charges will accrue for the period beginning July 16, 2020.	
		The Division urges taxpayers to have their returns filed electronically. Efiled returns are processed more quickly than paper returns. There are fewer errors. Also, e-filing is the only way to have your refund deposited directly into your bank account (assuming a complete and accurate return is filed), Savage said. Direct deposit is not available for returns filed on paper.	
		The Division also notes that if you are due a refund, you should file your return as quickly as possible – to get money into your hands as quickly as possible during this difficult time. If you are due a refund, the fastest way to get it is to e-file. Filing early for your refund also helps prevent refund fraud.	
		The new deadline applies not only to resident and nonresident Rhode Island personal income tax returns and payments for the 2019 tax year, but also to Rhode Island personal income tax extensions related to the 2019 tax year that would normally be filed by April 15, 2020. The new deadline also applies to Rhode Island property-tax relief claims filed on Form RI-1040H and to claims for the residential lead abatement tax credit filed on Form RI-6238 that would normally be due on April 15, 2020.	
		In addition, the new deadline applies to fiduciary income tax returns and payments filed by estates and trusts related to the 2019 tax year that would normally be due on April 15, 2020. The new deadline also applies to first-quarter estimated payments of Rhode Island income tax for the 2020 tax year by individuals, estates, and trusts, that would normally be due April 15, 2020.	
		Relief for businesses	
		As previously noted, a number of business entities also will automatically qualify for the relief – they will have an extra three months to file their returns and pay any balance due, regardless of the amount due, free of late charges. The relief is automatic; the Division will update its computer system accordingly; neither preparers nor taxpayers need take any additional steps. For convenience, a table of the entity filings for which relief is granted is excerpted below.	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
State	Guidance/Date	FILING/ENTITY FORM NORMAL DUE DATE NEW DUE DATE Surplus lines brokers/licensees Form T-71A April 1, 2020 July 15, 2020 C corporation* Form RI-1120C April 15, 2020 July 15, 2020 First- quarter business estimates Form RI-1120ES/BUS-EST April 15, 2020 July 15, 2020 1120C business extension Form RI-7004 April 15, 2020 July 15, 2020 Public service corporation tax Form T-72 April 15, 2020 July 15, 2020 Business extension* Form BUS-EXT April 15, 2020 July 15, 2020 Business extension* Form BUS-EXT April 15, 2020 July 15, 2020 Bank excise tax Form T-74 April 15, 2020 July 15, 2020 Insurance gross premiums tax Form T-71 April 15, 2020 July 15, 2020 Single-member LLC* Form RI-1065 April 15, 2020 July 15, 2020 Pass-through withholding* Form RI-1096PT April 15, 2020 July 15, 2020 Pass-through withholding – estimate* Form RI-1096PT-ES April 15, 2020 July 15, 2020 Pass-through withholding – estimate* Form RI-1096PT-ES April 15, 2020 July 15, 2020 Pass-through withholding – extension* Form RI- 4868PT April 15, 2020 July 15, 2020 Composite income tax – estimated Form RI-1040C-ES April 15, 2020, applies not only to calendar-year individuals and entities with normal due date of April 15, 2020 (April 1, 2020, for surplus lines brokers/licensees), but also to fiscal-year filers whose original or extended due date would normally fall on April 15, 2020. (Although fiscal-year filers who are on extension have a new due date of July 15, 2020, they still must, by statute, be fully paid by September 15, 2020.) New due date applies to filings and payments. Listing for single-member LLC assumes entity is owned by individual. Listing for C corporation also applies to filing under mandatory unitary combined reporting. New deadline for pass-through withholding (Form RI-1096PT) applies only to trusts and single-member LLCs with a normal due date of April 15. New deadline for pass-through withholding estimates (Form RI-1096PT-ES), normally due April 15, 2020, applies to all entity types. New deadline for business extension applies only to public	Other Information
		• The relief described in this Advisory does not apply to filings or payments of any other type of Rhode Island tax, or to the filing of any other Rhode Island return.	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		• The Division of Taxation has created a special webpage to address Rhode Island state tax issues related to the coronavirus outbreak. For more information, click here or copy and paste the following address into your web browser: http://www.tax.ri.gov/COVID/.	
		• The Division of Taxation urges taxpayers and others to use its website, portal, email system, and phone system and to avoid visiting the Division of Taxation's office in order to limit the spread of the coronavirus. For more information, including a list of frequently used phone numbers, email addresses, and web addresses, please click here or copy and paste the following address into your web browser: http://www.tax.ri.gov/Advisory/ADV_2020_09.pdf. The Rhode Island Division of Taxation, part of the Rhode Island Department of Revenue, has normal operating hours from 8:30 a.m. to 3:30 p.m. business days. For more information, contact the Division of Taxation at (401) 5748829 or see http://www.tax.ri.gov/contact	
		• FOR UPDATES ON RHODE ISLAND STATE TAXES AND THE CORONAVIRUS: <a href="http://www.tax.ri.gov/covid/">http://www.tax.ri.gov/covid/</a> " (4/6/20)	
		DOT Advisory ADV 2020-13 with FAQs on economic impact payments (4/2/20)	
		"FAQS ABOUT ECONOMIC IMPACT PAYMENTS (4/2/20)	
		The United States Treasury Department and the IRS announced that distribution of economic impact payments (recovery rebates) will begin in the next three weeks and, in most cases, will be distributed automatically, with no action required for most people.	
		1 The "Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act", also known as the CARES Act, approved by Congress and signed into law by President Donald J. Trump on March 27, 2020. (See H.R. 748 U.S. Public Law PL 116-136). The new law refers to the payments not as "economic impact payments" or "stimulus payments" but instead as "recovery rebates".	
		As a public service, the Rhode Island Division of Taxation provides the following modified version of the IRS's questions and answers about the payments.2	
		Q: Who is eligible for the economic impact payment?	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
State	Guidance/Date	Federal income tax filers with federal adjusted gross income up to \$75,000 for individuals and up to \$150,000 for married couples filing joint returns will receive the full payment. For federal tax filers with income above those amounts, the payment amount is reduced by \$5 for each \$100 above the \$75,000/\$150,000 thresholds. Single filers with income exceeding \$99,000 and \$198,000 for joint filers with no children are not eligible.  Eligible taxpayers who filed tax returns for either the 2019 or 2018 tax years will automatically receive an economic impact payment of up to \$1,200 for individuals or \$2,400 for married couples. Parents also receive \$500 for each qualifying child.  Q: How will the IRS know where to send my payment?  The vast majority of people do not need to take any action. The IRS will calculate and automatically send the economic impact payment to those eligible.  For people who have already filed their 2019 federal income tax returns, the IRS will use this information to calculate the payment amount.  For those who have not yet filed their federal income tax return for 2019, the IRS will use information from their 2018 federal income tax filing to calculate the payment.  The economic impact payment will be deposited directly into the same bank or credit union account reflected on the federal income tax return filed.  Q: The IRS does not have my direct deposit information. What can I do? In the coming weeks, the United States Treasury plans to develop a web-based portal for individuals to provide their banking information to the IRS online, so that individuals can receive payments immediately instead of waiting to receive a check in the mail.	Other Information
		Q: What about people who receive Social Security benefits but who do not ordinarily file a federal income tax return?  They need not take any action. The economic stimulus payment will be automatically sent to them. They will receive the economic stimulus payment by the same method they receive their Social Security benefits. (For example, Social Security beneficiaries who receive their benefits by direct deposit, into their bank or credit union account, will receive their federal economic stimulus payment the same way.)	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		2 IR-2020-61, March 30, 2020.	
		About the Committee Commit	
		About the Security Summit	
		The Security Summit consists of the IRS, state tax agencies, and the tax	
		community including tax preparation firms, software developers,	
		processors of payroll and tax financial products, tax professional organizations, and financial institutions.	
		organizations, and financial institutions.	
		Partners in the Security Summit work together to combat identity theft	
		and fight other scams to protect the nation's taxpayers.	
		Rhode Island Division of Taxation - Page 4 of 5	
		Social Security recipients who are not typically required to file a federal	
		income tax return will not need to file a federal income tax return in order to receive an economic impact payment, the United States	
		Treasury and IRS announced on April 1.	
		The federal government will use information it already has on file to	
		generate the economic stimulus payments automatically for this group of people; no action is needed on their part.	
		Q: I'm not a Social Security recipient. I am not typically required to file	
		a federal income tax return. Can I still receive my payment? Yes. People (other than Social Security recipients) who typically do not	
		file a federal income tax return will need to file a simple federal income	
		tax return to receive an economic impact payment. For example, low-	
		income taxpayers, some veterans, and certain others (who are not Social	
		Security recipients) will need to file a simple federal income tax return to receive an economic impact payment.3	
		Remember: Social Security recipients who are not typically required to file a federal income tax return do not need to file a federal return and do	
		not need to take any other action; they will receive their payment	
		automatically, in the same way they normally receive their Social	
		Security benefits.	
		Q: If I do not typically have to file a federal income tax return, but I have	
		to file one to receive my economic impact payment, how will I do it?	
		IRS.gov/coronavirus will soon provide information instructing people in	
		such circumstances on how to file a 2019 federal income tax return with	
		simple, but necessary, information including their filing status, number of dependents, and direct deposit bank account information.	
1		number of dependents, and uncer deposit bank account information.	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		Remember: Social Security recipients who are not typically required to file a federal income tax return do not need to file a federal return and do not need to take any other action; they will receive their payment automatically, in the same way they normally receive their Social Security benefits.	
		Q: What about people who receive Railroad Retirement Benefits and who typically are not required to file a federal income tax return each year?  People who receive a Form RRB-1099 and who are not required to file a federal income tax return will receive their economic impact payments automatically, in the same way that they receive their Railroad Retirement Benefits (such as by direct deposit into their bank or credit union account). The IRS will use the information on such a person's Form RRB-1099 to automatically generate the economic impact payment for that person.	
		3 The economic impact payments are federal payments. Information about the payments is available from the Internal Revenue Service, which will administer the payments. They are not Rhode Island payments; the Rhode Island Division of Taxation has nothing to do with the administration of the economic impact payment program. The Rhode Island Division of Taxation provides this Advisory solely as a public service. In general, information used by the IRS to distribute the payments will be based on federal income tax returns, not on Rhode Island personal income tax returns.	
		Q: I have to file a federal income tax return each year, but I have not filed my federal income tax return for 2018 or 2019. Can I still receive an economic impact payment?  Yes. The IRS urges those with a tax filing obligation who have not yet filed a federal income tax return for 2018 or 2019 to file a federal income tax return as soon as they can to receive an economic impact payment. Taxpayers should include direct deposit banking information on the federal income tax return.	
		Q: I need to file a federal income tax return. How long will the economic impact payments be available? For those concerned about visiting a tax professional or local community organization in person to get help with a tax return, the economic impact payments will be available throughout the rest of 2020.  Q: Where can I get more information?	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		The IRS will post all key information about the payments on IRS.gov/coronavirus as soon as it becomes available.	
		The IRS reports that it has a reduced staff in many of its offices but remains committed to helping eligible individuals receive their payments expeditiously. The IRS asks that you check for updated information on IRS.gov/coronavirus rather than calling IRS assistors who are helping process 2019 returns.	
		Q: Should I contact the Rhode Island Division of Taxation about the economic impact payments?  No. The economic impact payments, also called "stimulus payments" or "recovery rebates", are part of a federal program. The Rhode Island Division of Taxation has nothing to do with the administration of the federal program or the distribution of the federal payments. For information about the federal payments, please see the IRS's website: IRS.gov/coronavirus.	
		Q: Should I file a Rhode Island personal income tax return to qualify for an economic impact payment?  The IRS will compute the amount of your payment based on information contained in your federal income tax return, not on your Rhode Island personal income tax return. The filing of a Rhode Island personal income tax return has nothing to do with the federal stimulus payments. For information about the federal payments, please see the IRS's website: IRS.gov/coronavirus."	
		DOT Advisory <u>ADV 2020-11</u> (3/27/20)	
		DOT Summary:	
		The deadline for <b>Rhode Island tax filings and payments, normally April 15, has been postponed to July 15</b> this year due to the coronavirus pandemic.	
		No late charges will apply to those who file and pay by the new deadline of July 15, 2020, regardless of the amount. The relief is automatic; no additional steps need be taken by taxpayers or tax preparers.	
		For details, please click <a href="here">here</a> , or copy and paste the following link into your web browser: <a href="http://www.tax.ri.gov/Advisory/ADV">http://www.tax.ri.gov/Advisory/ADV</a> 2020 11.pdf	
		"Division sets July 15 due date for individuals, certain entities	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		Individuals can defer Rhode Island resident and nonresident	
		personal income tax returns and personal income tax payments,	
		normally due on April 15, 2020, to July 15, 2020, without penalties	
		and interest, regardless of the amount owed. Similarly, certain	
		business entities can defer Rhode Island returns and tax payments,	
		normally due April 15, 2020, to July 15, 2020, without penalties and	
		interest, regardless of the amount owed.	
		Tax preparers and taxpayers do not need to file any additional forms or	
		contact the Division of Taxation in any way in order to qualify for this	
		Rhode Island tax filing and payment relief; the relief is automatic, and	
		the Division is in the process of adjusting its systems accordingly.	
		The following table shows the filings to which the relief applies, the	
		associated forms, the normal due date, and the new due date. No late	
		charges will apply to those who file and pay on or before the new	
		deadline of July 15, 2020.	
		New due date for these Rhode Island filings and related payments *	
		FILING FORM NORMAL DUE DATE NEW DUE DATE Surplus	
		lines brokers/licensees Form T-71A April 1, 2020 July 15, 2020	
		Personal income tax annual return Form RI-1040, RI-1040NR April 15,	
		2020 July 15, 2020 Personal income tax - extension Form RI-4868 April	
		15, 2020 July 15, 2020 Personal income tax - estimated Form RI-	
		1040ES April 15, 2020 July 15, 2020 Property tax relief Form RI-	
		1040H April 15, 2020 July 15, 2020 Residential lead abatement credit	
		Form RI-6238 April 15, 2020 July 15, 2020 Estate and trust income tax	
		return Form RI-1041 April 15, 2020 July 15, 2020 Estate and trust	
		income tax - estimated Form RI-1041ES April 15, 2020 July 15, 2020 C	
		corporation* Form RI-1120C April 15, 2020 July 15, 2020 First-quarter business estimates Form RI-1120ES/BUS-EST April 15, 2020 July 15,	
		2020 1120C business extension Form RI-7004 April 15, 2020 July 15,	
		2020 Public service corporation tax Form T-72 April 15, 2020 July 15,	
		2020 Business extension* Form BUS-EXT April 15, 2020 July 15, 2020	
		Bank excise tax Form T-74 April 15, 2020 July 15, 2020 Insurance gross	
		premiums tax Form T-71 April 15, 2020 July 15, 2020 Single-member	
		LLC* Form RI-1065 April 15, 2020 July 15, 2020 Pass-through	
		withholding* Form RI-1096PT April 15, 2020 July 15, 2020 Pass-	
		through withholding – estimate* Form RI-1096PT-ES April 15, 2020	
		July 15, 2020 Pass-through withholding – extension* Form RI-4868PT	
		April 15, 2020 July 15, 2020	
		* Table is for calendar-year individuals and entities. New due date	
		applies to filings and payments. Listing for single-member LLC assumes	
		entity is owned by individual. Listing for C corporation also applies to	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		filing under mandatory unitary combined reporting. New deadline for pass-through withholding applies only to trusts and single-member LLCs with a normal due date of April 15. New deadline for business extension applies only to public service corporation filers and bank excise tax filers.  Due date for individuals, estates, trusts	
		The due date for resident and nonresident Rhode Island personal income tax returns – and any associated payments – for the 2019 tax year, which would normally be due on April 15, 2020, are now due on July 15, 2020.	
		The three-month postponement is automatic. The Division will update its computer system accordingly. Tax preparers and taxpayers need not take any extra steps to qualify for the relief and need not contact the Division.	
		The new deadline for Rhode Island resident and nonresident personal income tax returns is the same as the one for federal personal income tax returns – a convenience for preparers and taxpayers.	
		Example:	
		Joe and Mary normally file a joint Rhode Island personal income tax return each year, and normally have a \$1,000 balance due, which they pay with their return. This season, the filing deadline for their Rhode Island return, covering the 2019 tax year, normally would be April 15, 2020. However, due to the coronavirus pandemic, they have until July 15, 2020, to file their return and pay their balance due of \$1,000. No penalties and no interest will apply to their \$1,000 unpaid balance through July 15, 2020. If they fail to pay their \$1,000 balance due on or before July 15, 2020, late charges will accrue for the period beginning July 16, 2020.	
		The Division urges taxpayers to have their returns filed electronically. E-filed returns are processed more quickly than paper returns. There are fewer errors. Also, e-filing is the only way to have your refund deposited directly into your bank account (assuming a complete and accurate return is filed), Savage said. Direct deposit is not available for returns filed on paper.	
		The Division also notes that if you are due a refund, you should file your return as quickly as possible – to get money into your hands as quickly	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		as possible during this difficult time. If you are due a refund, the fastest	
		way to get it is to e-file. Filing early for your refund also helps prevent	
		refund fraud.	
		The new deadline applies not only to resident and nonresident	
		Rhode Island personal income tax returns and payments for the 2019 tax year, but also to Rhode Island personal income tax	
		extensions related to the 2019 tax year that would normally be filed	
		by April 15, 2020. The new deadline also applies to Rhode Island	
		property-tax relief claims filed on Form RI-1040H and to claims for	
		the residential lead abatement tax credit filed on Form RI-6238 that	
		would normally be due on April 15, 2020.	
		In addition, the new deadline applies to fiduciary income tax returns	
		and payments filed by estates and trusts related to the 2019 tax year	
		that would normally be due on April 15, 2020. The new deadline also	
		applies to first-quarter estimated payments of Rhode Island income	
		tax for the 2020 tax year by individuals, estates, and trusts, that	
		would normally be due April 15, 2020.	
		Relief for businesses	
		As previously noted, a number of business entities also will	
		automatically qualify for the relief – they will have an extra three	
		months to file their returns and pay any balance due, regardless of	
		the amount due, free of late charges. The relief is automatic; the	
		Division will update its computer system accordingly; neither preparers	
		nor taxpayers need take any additional steps. For convenience, a table of	
		the entity filings for which relief is granted is excerpted below.	
		EN INGENITION FORM NORMAL BUT BATTER ATTENDED TO	
		FILING/ENTITY FORM NORMAL DUE DATE NEW DUE DATE	
		Surplus lines brokers/licensees Form T-71A April 1, 2020 July 15, 2020 C corporation* Form RI-1120C April 15, 2020 July 15, 2020 First-	
		quarter business estimates Form RI-1120ES/BUS-EST April 15, 2020	
		July 15, 2020 1120C business extension Form RI-7004 April 15, 2020	
		July 15, 2020 Public service corporation tax Form T-72 April 15, 2020	
		July 15, 2020 Business extension* Form BUS-EXT April 15, 2020 July	
		15, 2020 Bank excise tax Form T-74 April 15, 2020 July 15, 2020	
		Insurance gross premiums tax Form T-71 April 15, 2020 July 15, 2020	
		Single-member LLC* Form RI-1065 April 15, 2020 July 15, 2020	
		Pass-through withholding* Form RI-1096PT April 15, 2020 July 15,	
		2020 Pass-through withholding – estimate* Form RI-1096PT-ES April	
		15, 2020 July 15, 2020 Pass-through withholding – extension* Form RI-	
		4868PT April 15, 2020 July 15, 2020	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		* Table is for calendar-year filers. New due date applies to filings and payments. Listing for single-member LLC assumes entity is owned by individual. Listing for C corporation also applies to filing under mandatory unitary combined reporting. Extended deadline for pass-through withholding applies only to trusts and single-member LLCs with a normal due date of April 15. Extended deadline for business extension applies only to public service corporation filers and bank excise tax filers.	
		Additional information	
		• The relief described in this Advisory does not apply to filings or payments of any other type of Rhode Island tax, or to the filing of any other Rhode Island return.	
		• The Division of Taxation has created a special webpage to address Rhode Island state tax issues related to the coronavirus outbreak. For more information, click here or copy and paste the following address into your web browser: http://www.tax.ri.gov/COVID/.	
		• The Division of Taxation urges taxpayers and others to use its website, portal, email system, and phone system and to avoid visiting the Division of Taxation's office in order to limit the spread of the coronavirus. For more information, including a list of frequently used phone numbers, email addresses, and web addresses, please click here or copy and paste the following address: http://www.tax.ri.gov/Advisory/ADV_2020_09.pdf.	
		The Rhode Island Division of Taxation, part of the Rhode Island Department of Revenue has normal operating hours from 8:30 a.m. to 3:30 p.m. business days. For more information, contact the Division of Taxation at (401) 5748829 or see http://www.tax.ri.gov/contact."	
South Carolina	SC DOR - <u>SC INFORMATION</u> <u>LETTER #20-11</u> on remote worker withholding during pandemic (5/15/20)  Governor <u>Press Release</u> on July 15	SC DOR - SC INFORMATION LETTER #20-24 on nexus and withholding for remote workers (8/26/20)  "SUBJECT: Extended Tax Relief - Nexus and Income Tax Withholding Requirements for Employers with Workers Temporarily Working Remotely as a Result of COVID-19 (Income Tax and Sales Tax)	South Carolina was considering special filing and payment relief to those affected by Covid-19, the state's Department of Revenue spokeswoman Bonnie Swingle, said in an email. (Bloomberg, 3/17/20)
	for state income taxes (3/21/20)  News Release on June 1 filing and payment (3/17/20)	DATE: August 26, 2020; Effective from March 13, 2020 – December 31, 2020  MODIFIES: SC Information Letter #20-11 AUTHORITY: S.C. Code Ann. Section 12-4-320 (2014) S.C. Code Ann. Section 1-23-10(4) (2005) SC Revenue Procedure #09-3 SCOPE: An Information Letter is a	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
	SC Information Letter 20-3	written statement issued to the public to announce general information	
	(3/17/20)	useful in complying with the laws administered by the Department. An	
		Information Letter has no precedential value. On May 15, 2020, the	
	Charleston	Department issued SC Information Letter #20-11 to announce temporary	
	Announcement (3/17/20)	relief regarding a business's establishment of nexus (income and sales)	
		solely because an employee is temporarily working in a different work	
	(July 15 – filing and payment of	location due to COVID-19 and provided guidance with respect to	
	state income taxes – individual, C	employer withholding requirements for these employees. The relief was	
	corporation, trust returns – waive	effective from March 13, 2020 through September 30, 2020. The	
	interest and penalties extending tax	Department is announcing that the relief set forth in SC Information	
	relief for South Carolina 2019	Letter #20-11 is extended through December 31, 2020. The full text of	
	income tax returns originally due	SC Information Letter #20-11 and the relief provided can be found on	
	April 15, 2020, until July 15, 2020.	the Department's Law and Policy page at dor.sc.gov/policy." (8/24/20)	
	This also includes quarterly		
	estimated payments due on April	Information Letter 20-13 on Economic Impact Payment not taxable for	
	15, 2020. Interest or penalties	SC.	
	related to this tax relief will be	WEAR CONGEONENCES OF ECONOMIC IN THA CE DAVINENT IN	
	waived. Additional extension of	"TAX CONSEQUENCES OF ECONOMIC IMPACT PAYMENT IN	
	time to file income tax returns to	TAX YEAR 2020 Federal Tax Treatment. According to the IRS, the	
	October 15, 2020 by filing the	economic impact payment is not considered taxable income. It is not	
	appropriate South Carolina extension (i.e., SC Form 4868,	included in gross income for federal income tax purposes and is not subject to federal income taxes. It is treated as a refundable credit for the	
	1120-T, or 8736) on or before July	2020 tax year4 and will not reduce a taxpayer's refund or increase the	
	15, 2020. Alternatively, if a	amount owed when the 2020 individual federal income tax return is filed	
	taxpayer files a timely federal	next year.	
	extension, this will automatically	South Carolina Tax Treatment. For South Carolina income tax	
	extend the time to file the South	purposes, the economic impact payment is not taxable. Since federal	
	Carolina 2019 income tax return to	income taxes are not deductible in arriving at an individual's South	
	October 15, 2020.)	Carolina taxable income, the federal income tax refund (or the stimulus	
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	payment in the form of a rebate or refundable tax credit) is not	
		includable in arriving at South Carolina taxable income."	
	(June 1 – filing return and payment		
	<ul> <li>waiving interest and penalties -</li> </ul>	SC DOR FAQs – (6/15/20)	
	sales and use tax, admissions tax,		
	other taxes. The Department	"Will I need to pay taxes on the Economic Impact Payment I	
	announced in SC Information Letter	received from the IRS?	
	#20-3, dated March 17, 2020, that	The IRS is issuing <u>federal Economic Impact Payments</u> , sometimes	
	affected taxpayers will have until	referred to as stimulus payments, as authorized by the Coronavirus Aid,	
	June 1, 2020 to file and pay taxes	Relief, and Economic Security Act (CARES Act). For South Carolina	
	for returns that are due between	Income Tax purposes, the Economic Impact Payment is not taxable.	
	April 1, 2020 and June 1, 2020. On	Learn more in <u>Information Letter 20-13</u> .	
	March 21, 2020, Governor	The SCDOR is not responsible for and cannot provide assistance related	
	McMaster directed that other state	to these payments. Learn more about Economic Impact Payments and	
	taxes (i.e., those taxes other than the	federal tax relief at irs.gov/coronavirus."	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
State	income taxes conforming to the new federal income tax deadline) will remain delayed until June 1, 2020, as previously ordered. The June 1, 2020 relief applies to taxes administered by the Department or tax returns filed with the Department between April 1, 2020 and June 1, 2020, including, but not limited to: • State sales and use taxes • Local sales and use taxes collected by the Department • Property tax returns filed with the Department 2 • Withholding taxes • Motor fuel user fees • State accommodations taxes • Beer, wine, and liquor taxes. The relief does not apply to tax returns filed with a county or municipality, such as the local hospitality tax or local accommodations tax. A taxpayer should contact the county regarding any tax relief being provided for tax payments made to the county or tax returns filed with the county. Interest or penalties related to this tax relief will be waived if payment is made by the end of the relief period. The Department is announcing temporary relief regarding a business's establishment	If I have employees temporarily working remotely in South Carolina or outside of South Carolina due to COVID-19, does that impact my employer withholding?  Review Information Letter 20-11 for more information on how temporary remote working due to COVID-19 impacts employer withholding.  Have I established nexus in South Carolina if I have employees temporarily working in South Carolina due to COVID-19?  The SCDOR will not use changes solely in an employee's temporary work location due to the remote work requirements arising from, or during, the COVID-19 relief period (March 13, 2020 – September 30, 2020) as a basis for establishing nexus (including for Public Law 86-272 purposes) or altering apportionment of income. Learn more in IL20-11.  SC DOR - SC INFORMATION LETTER #20-11 on remote worker withholding during pandemic (5/15/20)  "SUBJECT: Nexus and Income Tax Withholding Requirements for Employers with Workers Temporarily Working Remotely as a Result of COVID-19  DATE: May 15, 2020; Effective from March 13, 2020 – September 30, 2020  AUTHORITY: S.C. Code Ann. Section 12-4-320 (2014) S.C. Code Ann. Section 1-23-10(4) (2005) SC Revenue Procedure #09-3  SCOPE: An Information Letter is a written statement issued to the public to announce general information useful in complying with the laws	Other Information
	any tax relief being provided for tax payments made to the county or tax returns filed with the county.  Interest or penalties related to this tax relief will be waived if payment is made by the end of the relief period. The Department is announcing temporary relief regarding a business's establishment of nexus solely because an employee is temporarily working in a different work location due to COVID-19 and is providing guidance with respect to employer withholding requirements for these employees. South Carolina Withholding Requirements - Tax	DATE: May 15, 2020; Effective from March 13, 2020 – September 30, 2020  AUTHORITY: S.C. Code Ann. Section 12-4-320 (2014) S.C. Code Ann. Section 1-23-10(4) (2005) SC Revenue Procedure #09-3  SCOPE: An Information Letter is a written statement issued to the public to announce general information useful in complying with the laws administered by the Department. An Information Letter has no precedential value. Purpose  Due to unprecedented temporary closings of offices and businesses and stay at home orders issued across the United States during the Coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic, many businesses have implemented temporary work at home options for employees. The Department is announcing temporary relief regarding a business's establishment of	
	Relief Period Effective from March 13, 2020 through September 30, 2020, South Carolina will not use the temporary change of an employee's work location during	nexus solely because an employee is temporarily working in a different work location due to COVID-19 and is providing guidance with respect to employer withholding requirements for these employees.	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
31410	the COVID-19 relief period to	South Carolina Withholding Requirements – General Rule under Code	
	impose a South Carolina	Section 12-8-520	
	withholding requirement under	South Carolina law requires businesses located in South Carolina to	
	Code Section 12-8-520, as	withhold income tax on the wages of residents and nonresidents who are	
	explained below. This relief does	working in South Carolina. Wages of South Carolina residents who are	
	not apply to workers whose status	working in a state other than South Carolina are not subject to South	
	changes from temporary to	Carolina withholding if the wages are subject to the withholding laws of	
	permanent status during this period.	the state in which they are earned and the employer is withholding	
	During the COVID-19 relief period,	income taxes on behalf of the other state.	
	a South Carolina business's		
	withholding requirements are not	South Carolina Withholding Requirements - Tax Relief Period	
	affected by the current shift of	Effective from March 13, 2020 through September 30, 2020, South	
	employees working on the	Carolina will not use the temporary change of an employee's work	
	employer's premises in South	location during the COVID-19 relief period to impose a South Carolina	
	Carolina to teleworking from	withholding requirement under Code Section 12-8-520, as explained	
	outside of South Carolina.	below. This relief does not apply to workers whose status changes from	
	Accordingly, the wages of	temporary to permanent status during this period.	
	nonresident employees temporarily		
	working remotely in another state	SC Business with Employees Temporarily Changing Work Location to	
	instead of their South Carolina	Outside South Carolina	
	business location are still subject to		
	South Carolina withholding. During	South Carolina law requires businesses located in South Carolina to	
	the COVID-19 relief period, an out- of-state business is not subject to	withhold income tax on the wages of residents and nonresidents who are	
	South Carolina's withholding	working in South Carolina. During the COVID-19 relief period, a South	
	requirement solely due to the shift	Carolina business's withholding requirements are not affected by the current shift of employees working on the employer's premises in South	
	of employees working on the	Carolina to teleworking from outside of South Carolina. Accordingly,	
	employer's premises outside of	the wages of nonresident employees temporarily working remotely in	
	South Carolina to teleworking from	another state instead of their South Carolina business location are still	
	South Carolina. Accordingly, the	subject to South Carolina withholding.	
	wages of a South Carolina resident	subject to bouth Caronna withholding.	
	employee temporarily working	Out-of-State Business with Employees Temporarily Changing Work	
	remotely from South Carolina	Location to South Carolina	
	instead of their normal out-of-state		
	business location are not subject to	South Carolina law provides that wages of South Carolina residents who	
	South Carolina withholding if the	are working in a state other than South Carolina are not subject to South	
	employer is withholding income	Carolina withholding if the wages are subject to the withholding laws of	
	taxes on behalf of the other state.	the state in which they are earned and the employer is withholding	
	The Department will not use	income taxes on behalf of the other state. During the COVID-19 relief	
	changes solely in an employee's	period, an out-of-state business is not subject to South Carolina's	
	temporary work location due to the	withholding requirement solely due to the shift of employees working on	
	remote work requirements arising	the employer's premises outside of South Carolina to teleworking from	
	from, or during, the COVID-19	South Carolina. Accordingly, the wages of a South Carolina resident	
	relief period (March 13, 2020 –	employee temporarily working remotely from South Carolina instead of	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
Butte	September 30, 2020) as a basis for establishing nexus1 or altering apportionment of income. For South Carolina income tax	their normal out-of-state business location are not subject to South Carolina withholding if the employer is withholding income taxes on behalf of the other state.	outer mornauen
	purposes, the economic impact payment is not taxable.)  (Charleston – suspend accommodations and hospitality taxes for 90 days)	Nexus Establishment The Department will not use changes solely in an employee's temporary work location due to the remote work requirements arising from, or during, the COVID-19 relief period (March 13, 2020 – September 30, 2020) as a basis for establishing nexus1 or altering apportionment of income.	
		If you would like to receive notice of any future relief of the withholding and nexus requirements provided above or future Policy updates, sign up on the Policy Division's web page at dor.sc.gov/policy/index.	
		1 Including for Public Law 86-272 purposes." (5/15/20) SC INFORMATION LETTER #20-4	
		"SUBJECT: Extended Tax Relief Restated and Updated - Persons and Businesses Affected by Coronavirus (COVID-19) (All Taxes)	
		DATE: March 23, 2020	
		MODIFIES: SC Information Letter #20-3	
		AUTHORITY: S.C. Code Ann. Section 12-4-320 (2014) S.C. Code Ann. Section 1-23-10(4) (2005) SC Revenue Procedure #09-3	
		SCOPE: An Information Letter is a written statement issued to the public to announce general information useful in complying with the laws administered by the Department. An Information Letter has no precedential value.  Internal Revenue Service Expands Income Tax Relief. The Internal	
		Revenue Service provided special income tax filing and payment relief to those affected by Coronavirus (COVID19) on March 21, 2020. The tax relief automatically postpones until July 15, 2020, the due date for filing Federal income tax returns (or extensions) and making Federal	
		income tax payments originally due April 15, 2020. There is no limitation of the amount of the payment that may be postponed.	
		The relief is available solely for: • Federal income tax payments due on April 15, 2020; • Federal income tax returns due on April 15, 2020 for the affected taxpayer's 2019 tax	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		year; and • Federal estimated income tax payments due on April 15, 2020, for the affected taxpayer's 2020 tax year (including payments of tax on self-employment income).  No extension is provided for the payment or deposit of any other type of Federal tax, or the filing of any Federal information return. Interest, penalties, and additions to tax with respect to such postponed Federal income tax filings and payments will begin to accrue on July 16, 2020.  See Notice 2020-18 attached and Internal Revenue Service IR-2020-58	
		for more information.  South Carolina Department of Revenue Extends Income Tax Relief. As directed by Governor Henry McMaster, the Department is conforming South Carolina's income tax deadline to July 15, 2020, the new Federal income tax deadline. Accordingly, the Department is extending tax relief for South Carolina 2019 income tax returns (e.g., individual, C corporation, trust returns) originally due April 15, 2020, to provide the same relief granted by the Internal Revenue Service.1 As a result, taxpayers will have until July 15, 2020 to file South Carolina income tax returns and pay income taxes due. This also includes quarterly estimated payments due on April 15, 2020. Interest or penalties related to this tax relief will be waived.	
		Even with the filing deadline extended to July 15, 2020, the Department is encouraging taxpayers who are due an income tax refund to file as soon as possible and file electronically. The Department is continuing to process tax returns and issue income tax refunds during this rapidly changing environment.	
		Other South Carolina Tax Relief (Other Than Income Tax Relief Provided Above). The Department announced in SC Information Letter #20-3, dated March 17, 2020, that affected taxpayers will have until June 1, 2020 to file and pay taxes for returns that are due between April 1, 2020 and June 1, 2020. On March 21, 2020, Governor McMaster directed that other state taxes (i.e., those taxes other than the income taxes conforming to the new federal income tax deadline) will remain delayed until June 1, 2020, as previously ordered.	
		The June 1, 2020 relief applies to taxes administered by the Department or tax returns filed with the Department between April 1, 2020 and June 1, 2020, including, but not limited to:  • State sales and use taxes • Local sales and use taxes collected by the Department • Property tax returns filed with the Department 2 •	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		Withholding taxes • Motor fuel user fees • State accommodations taxes • Beer, wine, and liquor taxes  Note: The relief does not apply to tax returns filed with a county or municipality, such as the local hospitality tax or local accommodations tax pursuant to Title 6 of the South Carolina Code of Laws. A taxpayer should contact the county regarding any tax relief being provided for tax payments made to the county or tax returns filed with the county.  Returns Filed by Affected Taxpayers. Taxpayers filing an electronic or paper South Carolina tax return will automatically receive this tax filing and payment relief. Taxpayers do not need to file any additional forms or call the Department to qualify for this relief.	
		1 This Information Letter modifies SC Information Letter #20-3 where the Department announced that the due date for all returns and all tax payments due April 15, 2020 would be postponed until June 1, 2020. 2 This tax relief only applies to any property tax return filed with the Department (e.g., PT-100, PT-300, PT-420). Business property tax returns for Cherokee, Chester, Colleton, Dorchester, Greenville, Oconee, Pickens, and Saluda counties are filed with the Department and qualify for this tax relief.	
		Returns Filed Without Payment. Taxpayers may choose to continue to file South Carolina tax returns with the Department during the relief periods electronically, through MyDORWAY, or by paper. Such taxpayers may choose to postpone payment of the tax due reported on the return until the June 1, 2020 or July 15, 2020 relief due date. Interest or penalties related to this tax relief will be waived if payment is made by the end of the relief period.	
		Additional Extension of Time to File Income Tax Returns to October 15, 2020. This tax relief automatically postpones the due date of a South Carolina income tax return from April 15, 2020 to July 15, 2020. Individuals and businesses who need additional time to file beyond the July 15 deadline can request an extension of time to file by filing the appropriate South Carolina extension (i.e., SC Form 4868, 1120-T, or 8736) on or before July 15, 2020. Alternatively, if a taxpayer files a timely federal extension, this will automatically extend the time to file the South Carolina 2019 income tax return to October 15, 2020.  Questions and Other Relief.  General Tax Relief Questions and Information. Taxpayers with general tax relief questions should contact the Department at 1-844-898-8542	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		(toll free) or see updated South Carolina tax relief information posted on	
		a special Coronavirus (COVID-19) page at dor.sc.gov/emergencies.	
		Questions Concerning Current Audit and Collection Matters. This relief	
		does not apply to current collection matters, including payments due	
		under any payment plan previously entered into with the Department.	
		Taxpayers with questions concerning a current Department audit or	
		collection matter should contact the Department's revenue officer or auditor who is handling their specific audit or collection matter.	
		additor who is handling their specific addit or concection matter.	
		Questions Concerning County Property Taxes. Taxpayers with questions	
		concerning county property taxes should contact the appropriate county	
		government official."	
		Part III - Administrative, Procedural, and Miscellaneous	
		Relief for Taxpayers Affected by Ongoing Coronavirus Disease 2019 Pandemic	
		Notice 2020-18	
		I. PURPOSE	
		On March 13, 2020, the President of the United States issued an emergency declaration under the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and	
		Emergency Assistance Act in response to the ongoing Coronavirus	
		Disease 2019 (COVID-19) pandemic (Emergency Declaration). The	
		Emergency Declaration instructed the Secretary of the Treasury "to	
		provide relief from tax deadlines to Americans who have been adversely affected by the COVID-19 emergency, as appropriate, pursuant to 26	
		U.S.C. 7508A(a)." Pursuant to the Emergency Declaration, this notice	
		provides relief under section 7508A(a) of the Internal Revenue Code	
		(Code) for the persons described in section III of this notice that the	
		Secretary of the Treasury has determined to be affected by the COVID-	
		19 emergency. This notice supersedes Notice 2020-17. II. BACKGROUND	
		Section 7508A provides the Secretary of the Treasury or his delegate	
		(Secretary) with authority to postpone the time for performing certain	
		acts under the internal revenue laws for a taxpayer determined by the	
		Secretary to be affected by a Federally declared disaster as defined in section 165(i)(5)(A). Pursuant to section 7508A(a), a	
		222121 23(1)(2)(12), 2 disamit to 55640H 7500H(u), 4	
		period of up to one year may be disregarded in determining whether the	
		performance of certain acts is timely under the internal revenue laws.	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		On March 18, 2020, the Department of the Treasury and the Internal	
		Revenue Service issued Notice 2020-17 providing relief under section	
		7508A(a) of the Code, which postponed the due date for certain Federal	
		income tax payments from April 15, 2020 until July 15, 2020. This	
		notice restates and expands upon the relief provided in Notice 2020-17.	
		III. GRANT OF RELIEF	
		The Secretary of the Treasury has determined that any person with a	
		Federal income tax payment or a Federal income tax return due April 15,	
		2020, is affected by the COVID-19 emergency for purposes of the relief	
		described in this section III (Affected Taxpayer). The term "person"	
		includes an individual, a trust, estate, partnership, association, company	
		or corporation, as provided in section 7701(a)(1) of the Code.	
		For an Affected Taxpayer, the due date for filing Federal income tax	
		returns and making Federal income tax payments due April 15, 2020, is	
		automatically postponed to July 15, 2020. Affected Taxpayers do not	
		have to file Forms 4868 or 7004. There is no limitation on the amount of	
		the payment that may be postponed.  The relief provided in this section III is available solely with respect to	
		The relief provided in this section III is available solely with respect to	
		Federal income tax payments (including payments of tax on self- employment income) and Federal income tax returns due on April 15,	
		2020, in respect of an Affected Taxpayer's 2019 taxable year, and	
		Federal estimated income tax payments (including payments of tax on	
		self-employment income) due on April 15, 2020, for an Affected	
		Taxpayer's 2020 taxable year.	
		No extension is provided in this notice for the payment or deposit of any	
		other type of Federal tax, or for the filing of any Federal information	
		return.	
		As a result of the postponement of the due date for filing Federal income	
		tax returns and making Federal income tax payments from April 15,	
		2020, to July 15, 2020, the period beginning on April 15, 2020, and	
		ending on July 15, 2020, will be disregarded in the calculation of any	
		interest, penalty, or addition to tax for failure to file the Federal income	
		tax returns or to pay the Federal income taxes postponed by this notice.	
		Interest, penalties, and additions to tax with respect to such postponed	
		Federal income tax filings and payments will begin to accrue on July 16,	
		2020.	
		IV. EFFECT ON OTHER DOCUMENTS	
		This Notice supersedes Notice 2020-17. Because of the expansion of	
		relief provided in this notice and the fact that Notice 2020-17 is	
		superseded, any phone calls regarding Notice 2020-17 that have not	
		already been returned will not be returned. As noted below, taxpayers	
		with questions regarding the application of this notice should contact	
		(202) 317-5436.	
		V. DRAFTING INFORMATION	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus  The principal author of this notice is Jennifer Auchterlonie of the Office of Associate Chief Counsel, Procedure and Administration. For further information regarding this notice, you may call (202) 317-5436 (not a toll-free call)."  Governor Press Release (3/21/20)  "Governor Henry McMaster took additional actions today to enhance the state's response to COVID-19's continued impact to South Carolina. The governor has also issued Executive Order 2020-12.  The governor also directed the Department of Revenue to conform the state's income tax deadline to July 15th, which is the new federal income tax deadline. Other state taxes will remain delayed until June 1st, as previously ordered."  News Release (3/17/20)  The South Carolina Department of Revenue (SCDOR) is offering more time to file returns and pay taxes due April 1, 2020 – June 1, 2020 to	Other Information
		assist taxpayers during the COVID-19 outbreak.  Tax returns and payments due April 1 – June 1 will now be due June 1, 2020. Penalty and interest will not be charged if payment is made by June 1. This includes South Carolina Individual Income Taxes, Corporate Income Taxes, Sales and Use Tax, Admissions  Tax, and other taxes filed and paid with the SCDOR. The SCDOR is automatically applying this tax relief for all applicable returns and payments; you don't need to take any additional action.  The SCDOR encourages taxpayers, some of whom may be working from home, to:	
		<ul> <li>Use our available online services. Visit MyDORWAY, our free online tax system, at MyDORWAY.dor.sc.gov to securely manage your South Carolina taxes from a smartphone or computer.</li> <li>Help protect yourself and prevent the spread of COVID-19 by calling or emailing us instead of visiting in person. Find the phone number or email address you need at dor.sc.gov/contact.</li> <li>Consider filing your Individual Income Taxes electronically, which is safer and faster. Visit dor.sc.gov/iit-filing to learn more. After you file, check your refund status online at dor.sc.gov/refund.</li> <li>Visit IRS.gov for federal tax relief information.</li> <li>Visit the SCDOR's website at dor.sc.gov/emergencies and review</li> <li>SCDOR Information Letter 20-3 for more information. Connect with</li> </ul>	
		the SCDOR on <u>Facebook</u> and <u>Twitter</u> for up-to-date news and announcements."  Charleston <u>Announcement</u> (3/17/20)	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		Charleston County, as well as the City of Charleston, will suspend	
		collection of accommodations and hospitality taxes for 90 days.	
		Summey said the city and county has also the governor's office and	
		Department of Revenue to do the same thing. Those taxes are due on	
		Friday.	
South Dakota	(Note: The state does not impose a		SD DOR website:
	personal income tax.)		"Due to the Governor's executive order, our
			offices will be closed until March 23 <sup>rd</sup> . Our
			staff is available via chat or at 800-829-9188 to
			answer your questions." (3/16/20)
Tennessee	TN DOR <u>Notice 20-06</u> (3/27/20)	TN DOR <u>Notice 20-06</u> (3/27/20)	TN DOR COVID- 19 webpage (3/24/20)
	TN DOR <u>Notice 20-05</u> (3/24/20)	"Filing Extension for Hall Income Tax	"Customer Service: Walk-In Service Suspended Through
			April 12
	(July 15 – extended due date for	On March 20, 2020, the Internal Revenue Service issued Notice 2020-	With health and safety in mind in response to
	filing and paying the Hall income	18, which provides an income tax filing extension. Under Tennessee	COVID-19, the Tennessee Department of Revenue
	tax from April 15, 2020 to July 15,	law, the Commissioner is authorized to extend the deadline for filing a	is not currently receiving walk-in customers at our
	2020. extended filing and paying	return whenever the IRS extends a federal filing date. The Tennessee	regional and downtown offices March 20, 2020
	franchise and excise tax from April	Department of Revenue has extended the due date for filing and	through April 12, 2020. This includes the Motor
	15, 2020 to July 15, 2020. Waives	paying the Hall income tax from April 15, 2020 to July 15, 2020.	Carrier office at 44 Vantage Way in Nashville.
	interest and penalties. Interest and	Taxpayers will have until July 15, 2020, to file returns and make any	Motor Carrier customers are encouraged to utilize
	late filing penalties will not be	payments originally due on April 15, 2020.	the following resources:
	applied to returns filed and	Interest and late filing penalties will not be applied to returns filed	TNTAP online services for IFTA, IRP, UCR and
	payments made on or before this	and payments made on or before this extended due date. The	Intrastate
	extended due date. The October 15, 2020, six-month extension date for	October 15, 2020, six-month extension date for the calendar year 2019 return remains unchanged. For More Information Visit	Forms and additional information related to your
	the calendar year 2019 return	www.tn.gov/revenue. Click on Revenue Help to search for answers or	Motor Carrier account
	remains unchanged. Until July 15,	to submit an information request to one of our agents. References Tenn.	Motor Carrier Call Center: 615-399-4265
	2020 for filing returns and making	Code Ann. § 67-1-114."	For taxpayers seeking tax filing assistance, we are
	any payments (including quarterly	Code rum. § 07 1 114.	available to assist you over the phone at our Taxpayer Assistance Hotline 615-253-0600 or Tax
	estimated payments) originally due	TN DOR <u>Notice 20-05</u> (3/24/20)	Practitioner Hotline 615-253-0700, online at
	on April 15, 2020. Interest and late	(+, 2 +, 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 +	Revenue Help, or by email
	filing penalties waived if file and	"Franchise Tax and Excise Tax Notice COVID-19 Tax Filing	revenue.support@tn.gov.
	pay by July 15. The October 15,	Extension"	Deadline for March and April Vehicle Registration
	2020, six-month extension date for		Renewals Extended to June 15
	the calendar year 2019 return	Tax Filing and Payment Extension: COVID-19 Relief	Through Executive Order No. 15, Governor Bill
	remains unchanged. This notice		Lee extended the deadline for obtaining
	applies to franchise and excise tax	Filing Extension for Franchise and Excise Tax	registration renewals that expire in March or April.
	only.)		The new deadline for obtaining these renewals is
		On March 20, 2020, the Internal Revenue Service issued Notice 2020-	June 15, 2020. The Department of Revenue hopes
		18, which provides an income tax filing extension. Under Tennessee	this extension of time will alleviate concerns of
		law, the Commissioner is authorized to extend the deadline for filing a	motor vehicle registrants so they can focus on their
		return whenever the IRS extends a federal filing date. The Tennessee	health and safety amid the ongoing COVID-19
		Department of Revenue has extended the due date for filing and	situation.

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
	1	paying franchise and excise tax from April 15, 2020 to July 15, 2020.	Liquor-by-the-Drink Tax and Alcoholic Beverages for
		Taxpayers will have until July 15, 2020, to file returns and make any	Consumption Off Premises
		payments (including quarterly estimated payments) originally due	Governor Lee's Executive Order no. 17 authorizes
	1	on April 15, 2020. Interest and late filing penalties will not be	the temporary sale of alcoholic beverages for
		applied to returns filed and payments made on or before this	consumption off of the premises by a restaurant.
	1	extended due date. The October 15, 2020, six-month extension date	For further details and requirements surrounding
		for the calendar year 2019 return remains unchanged.	such sales, <u>please see the Executive Order</u> .
			Because these sales are for consumption off the
		This notice applies to franchise and excise tax only. For More	premises, the liquor-by-the-drink tax imposed by
		Information Visit <a href="www.tn.gov/revenue">www.tn.gov/revenue</a> . Click on Revenue Help to search for answers or to submit an information request to one of our	Tenn. Code Ann. § 57-4-301 does not apply. No
			liquor-by-the-drink tax should be charged on take- out or delivery sales while the Executive Order is
	1	agents. References Tenn. Code Ann. § 67-1-114."	in effect. Businesses should not collect the liquor-
			by-the-drink tax on these sales, either by adding tax
	1		to the menu price or including the tax in the menu
			price. Any liquor-by-the-drink taxes that are
			collected must be remitted to the department.
	1		Please note that sales and use tax will continue to
			apply to these sales.
			This is a rapidly evolving situation. We will
			continue to post updates here as they become
	1		available. Thank you for your patience." (3/24/20)
	1		ACC 1 TO 1
			Affected Tennessee <i>tornado</i> disaster taxpayers
			have <u>until July 15</u> to file.  TN DOR Website (3/20/20)
Texas	Texas Comptroller website on	Texas Comptroller website on extending franchise tax returns to July 15	TXCPA letter to Congress on considering
TCAas	extending franchise tax returns to	(4/2/20)	additional tax legislative provisions minimizing
	July 15 (4/2/20)	(4/2/20)	or deferring both individual and business
	July 15 (1/2/20)	"FRANCHISE TAX EXTENSIONS OF TIME TO FILE	taxpayers' liabilities during this difficult time.
	Texas Comptroller Glenn Hegar		
	Issues Statement on Sales Tax	Franchise Tax Extended Due Date	TXCPA letter to Treasury Secretary Mnuchin
	Deadlines and Coronavirus	The COVID-19 pandemic is disrupting life for people and businesses	and IRS Commissioner Rettig on needed
	<u>Pandemic</u>	nationwide. To provide Texas franchise taxpayers some relief, the Texas	additional relief (4/17/20)
	(3/17/20)	Comptroller of Public Accounts is automatically extending the due date	
		for 2020 Texas franchise tax reports to July 15, 2020 to be consistent	The letter addresses some additional concerns
		with the Internal Revenue Service (IRS).	related to deadline extensions for the first
	(July 15 - TX - The state does not		quarter Form 941 payroll tax returns, processing
	impose a personal income tax.	The due date extension applies to all franchise taxpayers. The extension	powers of attorney with the CAF unit being out
	Texas is automatically extending the	is automatic, and franchise taxpayers do not need to file any additional	of service, expanded acceptance of digital
	due date for 2020 Texas franchise	forms.	signatures, expanded capability to electronically file additional tax forms and returns, and
	tax reports to July 15, 2020 to be consistent with the Internal Revenue	Non-EFT Franchise Taxpayers	flexibility in renewing expired and expiring
	Service (IRS). Non-electronic funds	Non-Ert Franchise Taxpayers	ITINs.
	Service (INS). Non-electronic funds		111118.

or before the due date of the original

report. Generally, for an extension

to be valid, 100 percent of the tax

Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus

Non-electronic funds transfer (non-EFT) franchise taxpayers that cannot file by July 15 may file an extension request on or before July 15 and must pay 90 percent of the tax due for the current year, or 100 percent of the tax reported as due for the prior year with the extension request. Non-EFT franchise taxpayers who request an extension have until Jan. 15 to file their report and pay the remainder of the tax due.

If the extension request does not meet the payment requirements when the report is filed, penalty and interest will apply to any part of the 90 percent of the tax not paid by July 15 and to any part of the 10 percent of the tax not paid by Jan. 15, 2021.

**EFT Franchise Taxpayers** 

On or before July 15, franchise taxpayers that are mandatory EFT payers may request an extension of time to file to Aug. 15 and must pay 90 percent of the tax due for the current year or 100 percent of the tax reported as due for the prior year with the extension request. On or before Aug. 15, EFT franchise taxpayers may request a second extension of time to file their report and must pay the remainder of any tax due with their extension request. The Aug. 15 extension request extends the report due date to Jan 15.

Any payments made after Aug. 15 will be subject to penalty and interest.

The Comptroller's office will grant an extension of time to file a franchise tax report upon receipt of a timely request. Timely means submitted or postmarked on or before the due date of the original report. Generally, for an extension to be valid, 100 percent of the tax paid in the prior year, or 90 percent of the tax that will be due with the current year's report, must be paid on or before the original due date of the report.

See the *Type of Extension* section below for important details and to learn how to request an extension.

#### Due Dates

If a due date falls on a Saturday, Sunday or legal holiday, the next working day becomes the due date.

Other Information

"April 17, 2020

The Honorable Steven T. Mnuchin The Honorable Charles P. Rettig Secretary of the Treasury Commissioner of

Internal Revenue

U.S. Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service

RE: Request for broader federal tax relief amid the COVID-19 pandemic

Dear Treasury Secretary Mnuchin and Commissioner Rettig:

On behalf of the 28,000 members of the Texas Society of Certified Public Accountants (TXCPA), we are writing to request the postponement of filing and payment deadlines for all returns and payments not covered in IRS Notice 2020-18, Notice 2020-20, Notice 2020-23 and recent guidance and to address other issues as discussed below. As mentioned in TXCPA's letters to you dated March 23, 2020, and March 26, 2020, we appreciate the postponement of deadlines associated with federal income tax payments, federal income tax returns, the first quarter federal estimated income tax payments, gift tax returns and certain compliance programs in light of the unprecedented circumstances created by COVID-19.

As we work through the issues involved, we urge Treasury and the IRS to consider the following:

## • Quarterly Employer Returns

The Form 941 first quarter payroll tax returns are due April 30 and have not been extended. The COVID-19 tax relief provided by Congress includes many provisions related to the employer portion for payroll taxes and additional time is needed for guidance and form modifications so accurate returns can be submitted.

Ctata	Cuidanas/Data	Cyclenes Delief Provisions for Commonity	Other Information
State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
	paid in the prior year, or 90 percent	How to Down out on Friday sing	• Third-Party Authorization
	of the tax that will be due with the	How to Request an Extension	We are denoted the good to look IDC good and
	current year's report, must be paid	Type of Extension	We understand the need to keep IRS personnel safe. However, without a functioning CAF unit,
	on or before the original due date of	Annual reports for entities <b>not</b> required to pay franchise tax by Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT)	
	the report.)	Entities required to pay franchise tax by EFT – FIRST Extension	practitioners are not able to process new Powers of Attorney (POAs) to access transcripts online.
		Entities Required to Pay Franchise Tax by EFT – FIRST Extension  Entities Required to Pay Franchise Tax by EFT – SECOND Extension	With the IRS practitioner priority hotline also
		Final Reports"	not functioning, e-Services has been one of the
		1 mai Reports	few remaining resources for obtaining
		Texas Comptroller Glenn Hegar Issues Statement on Sales Tax	information needed to assist new clients. We
		Deadlines and Coronavirus Pandemic	request that the IRS establish procedures to
		(3/17/20)	accept faxed POAs to enable practitioners to
		As the March 20 monthly sales tax due date approaches, Texas	access taxpayers' accounts via e-Services, and
		Comptroller Glenn Hegar reminds businesses to use the agency's	to be able to represent taxpayers as needed in
		online tools for tax filing and payment.	audit or collection matters.
		"We are committed to the health and safety of taxpayers, members of the	
		community, agency employees and businesses throughout the state,"	• Digital Signatures
		Hegar said. "For that reason, we're <b>urging businesses to make use of</b>	
		the agency's online tools to meet the March 20 deadline and remit	It is also important for the IRS to take whatever
		taxes collected from Texans in February and held 'in trust' until	measures are possible to allow taxpayers and
		now."	their return preparers to utilize technology, such
		A suite of online tools to facilitate filing and on-time payment of taxes	as e-signatures for Form 8879, to keep a safe
		can be found on the agency's website, and a quick reference site has	distance from others during the pandemic. We
		been set up in response to the COVID–19 emergency. For taxpayers who	appreciate the IRS' guidance on the acceptance
		must visit Comptroller field offices, protocols have been put in place to	of electronic signatures and electronic mail
		ensure proper social distancing and protect the safety of both taxpayers	communications regarding certain matters, but
		and Comptroller employees.	that acceptance needs to be expanded,
		For monthly filers, taxes collected in February must be remitted to	particularly in this time of need. Specifically,
		this agency by March 20. The agency will in turn remit local sales	we request that the IRS establish procedures to
		taxes back to local communities who rely on that revenue to provide	allow electronic signatures for all tax returns,
		day-to-day and emergency services to local residents	not just the 1040-series, and for all other forms
		. As part of that pulling together, I ask businesses to remit the taxes they	such as Form 2848 (POA), the Form 433 Series
		collected from Texans by the established due date.	(collection information and installment
		"We will examine each tax due date as it approaches, and I will keep	agreements) and other forms necessary for the
		lawmakers and all stakeholders informed as the agency evaluates rapidly	taxpayers to communicate with the IRS and
		changing conditions."	resolve outstanding matters.
		Taxpayers are strongly encouraged to use online	Electronic Eilie CARD 4
		tools, <u>tutorials</u> and <u>other resources for tax services</u> , and establish 24/7 account access on Webfile."	Electronic Filing of All Returns  Since the IDS is no larger processing paper.
		account access on weome.	Since the IRS is no longer processing paper
			returns (or significantly reducing its processing
			of paper returns, depending on the information
			source), we request that the IRS consider
			options for electronic filing of Forms 1040X,
			709 and late-filed federal tax returns from prior

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
			years, for which e-filing is generally not available. As the IRS has done with fax filing for refund claims (to report NOL carrybacks, interest limitation revisions, etc.), we request that a fax filing option be considered for these other categories of forms and returns if expansion of e-filing is not feasible.
			• Renewal of Expired and Expiring ITINs
			ITINs of certain foreign individuals have recently expired automatically or are set to expire. We suspect allocation of IRS resources to renewal is not a priority. In addition, the renewal inherently places individuals at risk by reason of requisite interpersonal contacts in the process. We suggest a significant extension of ITINs and deferral of the renewal requirement." (4/17/20)
			Texas Comptroller COVID-19 Response Website (3/20/20) "A Message from the Comptroller
			At the Comptroller's office, the health and wellbeing of our taxpayers, employees and communities is our top priority. We understand the concern and uncertainty you may be experiencing surrounding the coronavirus (COVID-19) and are committed to being responsive to the needs of our taxpayers as the situation evolves.
			We strongly encourage you to use our online tools, <u>tutorials</u> and <u>other resources for tax</u> <u>services</u> , and establish 24/7 account access on <u>Webfile</u> .
			You can access your Webfile account any time and submit your sales tax reports, make payments, change your on-file mailing address, close a business location and more. It's easier and faster (in most cases) to manage your Webfile account digitally, especially given call wait times may be longer than usual.

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			To see what other services we offer online, check out our <u>Virtual Field Office</u> .
			While the Comptroller's office recognizes the hardships businesses are facing during these uncertain times, the taxes that are due are based on sales made in February and collected by businesses on behalf of the state and local governments in February, the decision is not to extend or delay the March due dates for state and local sales taxes, hotel taxes, mixed beverage gross receipts and sales taxes, motor vehicle rental tax, seller-financed motor vehicle sales tax and motor fuels taxes. Learn more "COVID-19 Impacts by Business Function"
			Field Offices
			Motor Vehicle Tax Extension
			Property Tax Assistance Division
			Statewide Procurement
			Texas Guaranteed Tuition Plan
			Unclaimed Property For questions about COVID-19, dial 2-1-1, then choose Option 6 for updates from the Texas Department of State Health Services. Hours: 7:00 a.m. – 8:00 p.m., 7 days per week.  If you experience difficulty when dialing 2-1-1, please email coronavirus@dshs.texas.gov."
Utah	<u>Utah Tax Commission Website</u> : (3/26/20)	<u>Utah Tax Commission Website</u> : (3/26/20)	H.B. 3003 – bill introduced in special session. "This bill:
	UT Tax Commission News Release 3/26/20  News Release (3/19/20)  News release (3/16/20)	"Tax Filing and Payment Information  State Taxes: By Utah statute, individuals have the same deadline to file and pay their 2019 taxes as the IRS, which is July 15, 2020.  Additionally, interest and penalties are waived for late-filed 2019 tax returns and payments of corporations and pass-through entities such as LLCs. To receive this adjustment, these returns and payments must be filed no later than July 15, 2020. The deadline for submitting sales taxes has not changed, as this may first require legislative action. See this news release for full information.	<ul> <li>modifies the due date for an installment payment of the tax on deferred foreign income;</li> <li>modifies the payment of the corporate estimated income tax due dates;</li> <li>modifies the corporate and individual return filing dates, extension dates and periods, and the return and extension requirements;</li> <li>provides for when interest accrues on a late payment;</li> </ul>

State	Guidance/Date
State	Guidance/Date  (July 15 – filing and payment to July 15 for individuals, corporation and pass-through entities (such as LLCs). Interest and penalties are waived for late-filed 2019 tax returns and payments of individual corporations and pass-through entities such as LLCs. To receive this adjustment, these returns and payments must be filed no later that July 15, 2020. The deadline for submitting sales taxes has not changed, as this may first require legislative action.)

## Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus

**Federal Taxes:** The IRS has automatically extended the deadline for 2019 individual and corporate returns and payments to July 15, 2020, without penalties and interest, regardless of the amount owed. See <a href="mailto:this">this</a> news release on the IRS website regarding the federal extension.

Due Date: See the information above regarding this."

UT Tax Commission News Release 3/26/20

"Utah State Tax Commissioners approved adjustments to tax filing and payment deadlines for individuals and business entities during its Commission meeting today. The adjustments are in response to the actions taken by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) in response to COVID-19, Novel Corona virus. The Commission unanimously passed an emergency rule waiving interest and penalties for late filed 2019 tax returns and payments of Corporations and Pass through entities such as LLCs. To receive this adjustment, these returns and payments have to be filed no later than July 15, 2020.

The Commission also confirmed that by Utah statute, individuals will have the same time to file and pay their 2019 taxes as provided by the IRS, which is also July 15, 2020. Interested parties and tax practitioners are encouraged to visit the Tax Commission Website and review the meeting materials reflecting the official action of the Commission.

With regard to possibly extending the deadline for submitting sales taxes, Commissioner John Valentine indicated in the Tax Commission meeting in response to a question from the public, that the Tax Commission had not taken an official position on this request. He questioned the Commission's statutory authority to grant this request and indicated that the Governor may have to call a Special Session of the State Legislature to provide the legal authority and direction to extend the deadline for sales tax remittances.

Also, during the meeting, Executive Director Scott Smith reported that 59% of tax commission employees were telecommuting. He said all tax commission call centers are open and have taken almost 14,000 calls in the first three days of this week.

State and federal income tax refunds are also being fulfilled quickly. Director Smith cited his own daughter's example of receiving her refunds within 8 days of her filing a complete return. Commissioner

#### Other Information

- adds and modifies definitions:
- creates a subtraction from adjusted gross income for certain distributions from a qualified retirement plan; and
- provides the circumstances under which the State Tax Commission shall extend the time to pay an income tax for the 2019 taxable year." (4/21/20)

Utah Tax Commission Website: (3/26/20)

# "Important Changes Related to Office Hours and Assistance

The Tax Commission is making temporary changes to help slow the spread of COVID-19. Please know that we are doing everything possible to address the tax and motor vehicle needs of the public during this epidemic. Return to this website as needed for updates." Also see this news release for additional information.

**Telephone/Email Assistance:** Agents are available Monday-Friday, 8:00 a.m. – 5:00 p.m. at 801-297-2200, 800-662-4335, taxmaster@utah.gov or tapsupport@utah.gov.

In-Person Assistance: Very limited services are available at our offices. See this news release for additional information.

Online Services: For the most efficient tax and motor vehicle service, please use Taxpayer Access Point (TAP) or Motor Vehicle Portal (MVP). RenewalExpress is also available for renewing your vehicle registration."

News Release (3/19/20)

"Tax Commission Re-opens – Changes to Appeals Hearings – **Updates to Tax Filing Deadlines** – DMV Schedule and Procedure Adjustments

The Utah State Tax Commission building will be open for business daily again on Friday, March 20, 2020, from 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m.

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		Valentine encouraged taxpayers who are able to file and pay their taxes	The building was closed and evacuated
		when due, to do so.	following Wednesday's earthquake for
			inspection and cleanup.
		Finally, some procedural changes were announced at the Division of	
		Motor Vehicle (DMV) offices around the state in response to the	Here are some other changes to be aware:
		COVID-19 outbreak. The offices are allowing 10 people at a time in the	Appeals Hearings and Conferences: The Tax
		building and, as weather permits, people are asked to wait outside. Most state-run DMV offices are open with the exception of the Vernal and	Commission is currently holding all appeal
		Richfield offices which are closed at this time."	events as scheduled via telephone conference only. We cannot accommodate individuals
		Recinicid offices which are closed at this time.	appearing in person until further notice. If
		News Release (3/19/20)	you have questions on how to proceed with a
		Tows Release (3/17/20)	telephone hearing, or if you feel your position
		News release (3/16/20)	will be unduly prejudiced by a telephone
		Due Date: The due date of the Utah individual income tax return is	hearing, rather than an in-person hearing, please
		the same day as the due date of the federal individual income tax	call 801 297-2282. To appear by telephone, you
		<b>return.</b> If the IRS changes the federal due date, Utah's due date will also	must call 15 minutes prior to the event at 801-
		be extended.	297-2282 for further instructions.
		The due dates of Utah corporate and pass through entities is set by	Division of Motor Vehicles: DMV operations
		state statute and will not be effected by IRS changes in the due dates	are being adjusted in order to follow Governor
		for those returns without action by the legislature.	Herbert's direction to limit person-to-person
			contact and limit the size of public gatherings
			while continuing to provide necessary services.
			For the immediate future, DMV office access
			and services will vary depending on office location and staffing available. For up-to-date
			information regarding your local DMV office
			status, please visit our website:
			https://dmv.utah.gov/.   When possible,
			customers should process their renewal through
			our online services. o Renewal Express
			https://secure.utah.gov/rex/index.html o On the
			SPOT renewal stations. For a map of locations
			visit:
			https://secure.utah.gov/rex/help/stationMap.htm
			1 □ Most state operated DMV offices will
			reopen, with limited access to the public, Friday
			morning, March 20, 2020. These closures were
			due to the earthquake Wednesday morning.  Public access within state DMV offices will be
			controlled and may result in longer waits. To decrease wait times some services will be
			limited. o Dealer Packets will remain as drop
			off only o On-site vehicle renewals at the

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
			following state operated offices will only be processed via the drive-through:  Salt Lake  South Valley  Ogden  Farmington  Hurricane o Customer's processing DMV transactions will have controlled entry at the offices listed above. Only one customer per available agent will be allowed in most DMV offices to exercise the direction for social distancing. Please be prepared to wait outside; prepare for inclement weather. We apologize for inconvenience this may cause and ask that you plan ahead for any interactions that require you to visit a DMV office. Additional updates will be provided as required by current emergency situations at https://dmv.utah.gov/. Thank you for your patience during the delay.
			All scheduled appeals hearings will be held by telephone from March 23 through April 24, 2020. Due to COVID-19 precautions, the Tax Commission will hold all events as scheduled, but will hold the events via telephone conference only. Individuals appearing in person will not be accommodated. If you have questions on how to proceed with a telephone hearing, or if you feel your position will be unduly prejudiced by a telephone hearing, rather than an in-person hearing, please call 801-297-2282. To appear by telephone, you must call 15 minutes prior to the hearing at 801 297-2282 for further instructions. ☐ If you have questions or require special accommodations, please call 801- call 801-297-3900 in advance of the hearing.
			The Property Tax Division functions will continue without interruption. Most of the work will be completed using email and phone communication.
Vermont	VT DOR <u>Press Release</u> (3/23/20) (July 15 - Vermonters are advised as	VT website on Assistance After a Disaster and Your Individual and Business Income Taxes	Proposed legislation: On 3/15/20, the <u>Vermont</u> <u>House passed COVID-19 emergency response</u> <u>legislation</u> as an amendment to an emergency
	well that income tax filing due dates		responder budget bill. No text of the

State Guidance/Date for the following taxes have been extended from April 15, 2020 to July 15, 2020: Vermont personal income tax, Corporate income tax, Fiduciary income tax, Vermont Homestead Declaration and Property Tax Credit Claims. This means taxpayers can file and pay these taxes on or before July 15, 2020 without any penalty or interest. This means taxpayers can file and pay these taxes on or before July 15, 2020 without any penalty or interest. This includes any tax year 2020 estimated payments that were due for these taxes on April 15th, 2020. Also providing relief to Vermont businesses who owe Meals and Rooms Tax or Sales and Use Tax until further notice. Many of our local businesses find themselves unable to meet the March 25 and April 25 filing deadlines. Taxpayers who are unable to meet the deadlines will not be charged any penalty or interest on these taxes for late submissions.)

#### Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus

"You may be able to deduct disaster and casualty losses relating to your home or business on your federal income tax return. Losses are deducted on your federal return only and not your Vermont return. The <a href="IRS">IRS</a> provides detailed guidance on this topic.

Before you file your deductions, be sure that your specific circumstances meet the IRS definitions for disasters and casualties. Also, be aware that you may only deduct losses not covered by your insurance or other reimbursement. You must deduct the loss on your return for the tax year in which the loss occurred.

- Overview of IRS Resources
- Tax Relief in Disaster Situations (specific disasters)

The IRS provides a comprehensive <u>Disaster Resource Guide</u> for individuals and businesses. If you need help calculating the dollar amount of the loss to your personal or business property, visit the IRS website for tools, including workbooks.

# **Amending a Return**

If you have already filed your federal income tax return for the tax year, you may file an amended return to deduct losses from income. If you file an amended return with the IRS, you must also file an amended return with the Vermont Department of Taxes to obtain a refund.

- How to amend a return with the IRS
- How to amend a return with the Vermont Department of Taxes

#### **Extensions to File**

The Department may extend deadlines for Vermont taxes, depending on the circumstances. If the IRS grants additional time to file returns, the Vermont Department of Taxes, at our discretion, may follow the lead of the IRS.

If the Department extends a filing deadline on short notice, we will post messages on our website and social media—Facebook and Twitter. If we anticipate an extended deadline, we will issue a press release and include a notice in our electronic newsletters.

## **Information for Out-of-State Businesses and Employees**

When an officially declared state disaster or emergency occurs, recovery efforts to critical infrastructure may be assisted by the following:

- Out-of-state businesses not registered to do business in Vermont
- Employees who live out of state but who are employed by a business registered to do business in Vermont

The information here applies only to official disasters or emergencies declared by the president of the United States, governor of the State of Vermont, or the commissioner of Vermont Department of Public Service. Critical infrastructure means property and equipment owned and used by communication networks and electric generation, transmission, and distribution systems.

### Other Information

amendment is available yet. The VT Senate would take it up after the week recess. The package was attached to <u>H.742</u>, legislation which provides grants for emergency medical personnel training.

Legislature: The Legislature <a href="has adjourned">has adjourned</a> until Tuesday, March 24th. The State House will be closed during the adjournment. All staff except essential security and IT personnel will work remotely.

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		The work done by these businesses or employees may involve repairing,	
		renovating, installing, building, and rendering services to areas of the	
		state that have been damaged, impaired, or destroyed by the disaster or	
		emergency. Businesses must be summoned to work in Vermont during	
		the disaster response period under a mutual assistance agreement with an	
		electric or telephone utility. The disaster response period covers 10 days	
		prior to the disaster declaration and extends 60 days after the declaration.	
		Businesses	
		While doing their recovery work during the disaster response period,	
		out-of-state businesses are not required to register with or be licensed by	
		the State of Vermont. They are not required to file and pay Vermont	
		income taxes. However, if they are doing business in Vermont in ways	
		not related to the disaster, these activities are subject to Vermont taxes.	
		Out-of-state businesses must pay other Vermont taxes or fees, however, such as the sales and use tax, meals and rooms, car rental tax, and fuel	
		tax. If an out-of-state business makes retail sales of tangible personal	
		property during the disaster response period, it must register for a	
		Vermont business tax account and collect, file, and remit Vermont Sales	
		and Use Tax to the Vermont Department of Taxes.	
		Employees	
		The State of Vermont does not view out-of-state employees working on	
		recovery efforts during the disaster response period as earning income	
		subject to Vermont income tax. The employee is not required to file and	
		pay income taxes, and the employer is not required to withhold Vermont	
		taxes from paychecks.	
		When the Disaster Response Period Ends	
		If an out-of-state business or an out-of-state employee continues to work	
		in the state beyond the disaster response period, the business or	
		employee becomes subject to Vermont laws that establish doing business	
		in Vermont and Vermont residency. Each then is responsible for	
		applicable taxes and fees.	
		For more information, see <u>Vermont law at 11 V.S.A. Chapter 16</u> ."	
		VT DOR FAQs (3/23/20)	
		"CORONAVIRUS (COVID-19) UPDATE: FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS	
		The Vermont Department of Taxes continues to carefully monitor the	
		evolving situation related to the COVID-19 pandemic. We are working	
		closely with the office of Gov. Phil Scott, the legislature, and community	
		leaders. We are also following changes at the federal level and adhering	
		to guidance from the Vermont Department of Health.	

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		For the most recent updates and details, please visit tax.vermont.gov and read our press release at <a href="https://tax.vermont.gov/press/date-guidance">https://tax.vermont.gov/press/date-guidance</a> .	
		Meals and Rooms Taxes and Sales and Use Taxes What did the Department of Taxes announce about Meals and Rooms Tax and Sales and Use Tax? The Department announced on Monday, March 23, that until further notice, it will not assess penalties or interest for those businesses that have been affected by the COVID-19 pandemic and cannot meet the March 25, 2020, or April 25, 2020, sales and use tax or meals and rooms tax deadlines.	
		Are my meals and rooms taxes or sales and use taxes abated?  No, by law the Commissioner of Taxes cannot authorize an abatement of a business's obligation to pay the taxes it has collected from customers.	
		Did the announcement cancel collection of meals and rooms or sales and use tax moving forward?  No, this announcement did not cancel collection of these taxes moving forward. Businesses should continue to collect the taxes moving forward as normal.	
		Is the due date for the filing and tax payment moved?  No, the Commissioner does not have legal authority to move the due date for the returns. Businesses that can file the return and make the tax payment by the original due date should do so. However, the Department understands the unprecedented challenges that our small and local businesses are facing right now, so until further notice, it is waiving penalty and interest for those who are not able to meet these deadlines.	
		If I've already paid, is my business entitled to a refund? This announcement was only forgiveness of late penalties or interest for these taxes for those who cannot meet the upcoming March 25 or April 25 deadlines; it was not an abatement or forgiveness of the tax.	
		What if I can file the return but don't have the money to pay right now?  Please file the return even if you cannot afford to make the payment right now. Filing the return provides important information to the state that will help us navigate this challenging situation.	

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	Income Taxes and Due Dates  Do I still have to file my federal and state taxes by April 15?  No, the filing dates for Vermont personal income tax, corporate income tax, and fiduciary income taxes have all moved to July 15, 2020. However, the Department is still processing returns and refunds, and we encourage anyone who is expecting a refund to file so that we can get that money back into your hands as soon as possible. We also strongly encourage electronic filing and direct deposit as that will get you your refund faster than if you mail your return.	
	Will I incur penalties or have to pay interest if I wait until July 15 to file? No, all penalties and interest will be waived.	
	Do I still need to file my Homestead Declaration and my Property Tax Credit Claim by April 15?  No, the deadline for Homestead Declarations and Property Tax Credit Claims have also been extended to July 15. However, you are still allowed to file now and if you are able, you are encouraged to do so.	
	Will I have to pay the \$15 late fee for my Property Tax Credit Claim if I want until July 15 to file?  No, the late filing fee will not be deducted from your claim if you file before July 15.	
	What if I am able to file now?  If you can file now, we encourage you to do so. Electronic filing and online services are still available.	
	What if I am expecting a refund? We recommend filing now if you are expecting a refund. We also recommend choosing direct deposit as your method of receiving your refund.	
	Will the Department of Taxes be able to process my return and my refund even with the national emergency?  Yes, most of our staff have transitioned to working remotely and will continue working hard to process returns and issue refunds in a timely manner.	
	I scheduled a payment with my commercial tax preparation software, how do I cancel?  The Department is unfortunately not able to cancel any payments scheduled through third party commercial tax preparation software. We	

recommend you contact your tax preparation software's customer service line for assistance.  What if I still have questions? Please go to <a href="https://tax.vermont.gov/coronavirus">https://tax.vermont.gov/coronavirus</a> . Please see our instructions on <a href="https://tax.vermont.gov/coronavirus">how to send an email</a> if you need additional help." VT DOR <a href="https://tax.vermont.gov/coronavirus">Press Release</a> (3/23/20)	
What if I still have questions?  Please go to <a href="https://tax.vermont.gov/coronavirus">https://tax.vermont.gov/coronavirus</a> . Please see our instructions on <a href="https://tax.vermont.gov/coronavirus">how to send an email</a> if you need additional help."	
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instructions on how to send an email if you need additional help."	
VT DOR <u>Press Release</u> (3/23/20)	
WEDNAND DED ADDINENT OF TAXES DELEASES OF THE NOT	
"VERMONT DEPARTMENT OF TAXES RELEASES GUIDANCE	
FOR UPCOMING VERMONT TAX DUE DATES (3/23/2020)	
The Governor has directed the Commissioner of Taxes to exercise his	
authority to provide relief to Vermont businesses who owe Meals and	
Rooms Tax or Sales and Use Tax until further notice. Many of our local businesses find themselves unable to meet the March 25 and	
April 25 filing deadlines due to the implementation of mitigation	
steps to slow the spread of COVID-19. Taxpayers who are unable to	
meet the deadlines will not be charged any penalty or interest on	
these taxes for late submissions.	
"Our local businesses are facing serious economic and logistical	
challenges and the Administration will do all it can to help them get back	
on their feet and operational as soon as possible," said Secretary of	
Administration Susanne Young. "The waiver of penalties and interest is	
within the current authority of the Tax Commissioner. Realizing we	
must be prepared to provide additional relief, the Administration will	
work with the Legislature in the coming weeks to explore additional	
stimulus opportunities for our local businesses affected by the COVID-	
19 pandemic."	
Vermonters are advised as well that income tax filing due dates for	
the following taxes have been extended from April 15, 2020 to July	
15, 2020:	
Vermont personal income tax  Vermont Hereat and Declaration and December Teachers	
Vermont Homestead Declaration and Property Tax Credit Claims	
Corporate income tax      Fiduciam income tax	
• Fiduciary income tax This means taxpayers can file and pay these taxes on or before July	
15, 2020 without any penalty or interest. This includes any tax year	
2020 estimated payments that were due for these taxes on April	
15th, 2020.	
Although the filing deadline has moved, Vermonters can file their	
returns and claims any time before July 15. Anyone expecting a refund is	
encouraged to do so. In these uncertain times, that refund will make a	
difference and Vermonters are assured that the Tax Department is open	
for business and continues to process returns and refunds. For those who	

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		self-prepare, the fastest and easiest way to file is electronically with	
		commercial tax preparation software.	
		For the most up to date guidance, please visit <u>www.tax.vermont.gov.</u> "	
Virginia	VA DOT COVID page (5/5/20)	VA DOT COVID page (5/5/20)	VSCPA submitted a <u>letter</u> to the Secretary of
	V	William Date: 20.5 V. AWI. C. C. C. T. D.	Finance, requesting interest and penalty relief
	Virginia Tax Bulletin 20-5: Interest	Virginia Tax Bulletin 20-5: Interest Waiver for Certain Tax Payments	through 6/15/20. (3/19/20)
	Waiver for Certain Tax Payments in Response to the COVID-19	in Response to the COVID-19 Crisis (4/27/20)	"The Vincinia Society of Contified Dublic
	Crisis (4/27/20)	"IMPORTANT INFORMATION REGARDING CERTAIN VIRGINIA	"The Virginia Society of Certified Public Accountants (VSCPA) Tax Advisory
	CHSIS (4/21/20)	TAX PAYMENT DEADLINES	Committee would like to request the Virginia
	Bulletin 20-4 (3/20/20)	INTEREST WAIVER FOR CERTAIN TAX PAYMENTS IN	Department of Taxation (TAX) consider
	<u>Buncum 20-4</u> (3/20/20)	RESPONSE TO THE COVID-19 CRISIS	providing relief to Virginia taxpayers in light of
	Virginia Tax Bulletin 20-3: Option	The state of the s	the uncertainty and challenges caused by the
	to Request Extension of Sales Tax	Pursuant to budget language enacted by the 2020 General Assembly	coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic. In Notice
	Deadlines for those Affected by the	(Item 3-5.23 of House Bill 29, Chapter 1283 of the 2020 Acts of	2020-17 issued today, the IRS announced an
	COVID-19 Crisis (3/19/20)	Assembly, and Item 3-5.22 of House Bill 30), Virginia will waive the	extension of the payment deadline until July 15,
		accrual of interest for certain Virginia income and sales tax payments	2020, for federal income taxes due on April 15,
	Press Release: Governor Northam	that are paid on extension in response to the coronavirus disease 2019	2020. This extension applies to both the
	Announces Additional Actions to	(COVID-19) crisis. This bulletin provides additional information	balances due on 2019 returns and estimated
	Address COVID-19 (3/19/20)	regarding this interest waiver program and issues related to Virginia's	income tax payments due.
		tax payment extensions in response to COVID-19 announced in Tax	
		Bulletin 20-3 and Tax Bulletin 20-4.	We recognize that minimizing the impact to the
	(June 1 – extend due date for VA	Automatic Waiver of Interest for Certain Income Tax Payments	state budget is critically important to allowing
	income tax <i>payments</i> – penalty	Certain income tax payments originally due during the period from	the Commonwealth to continue to have the
	waiver if full amount paid by June 1	April 1, 2020 to June 1, 2020 may now be submitted to the Department	financial means to provide much needed
	or late payment penalties accrue	of Taxation ("the Department") without the accrual of interest as would	services during this unprecedented crisis.
	from original date due – for	otherwise be required for late payments. This waiver of interest only	Specifically, we understand that it may be
	individual, corporate, and fiduciary income taxes and any estimated	applies if full payment is made on or before June 1, 2020. For a taxpayer filing on extension, at least 90 percent of the total tax liability must be	difficult to extend any relief provided beyond the Commonwealth's current fiscal year.
	income tax payments required in	paid by June 1, 2020 in order for the interest waiver to apply. If the	Therefore, the Committee is <b>recommending</b>
	this period. Filing deadlines	interest waiver applies to such a taxpayer, no interest will accrue on the	that penalties and interest for tax payments
	remain same. Virginia will waive	amount of tax paid by June 1, 2020, but interest will accrue from the	due on May 1, 2020, be waived for payments
	the accrual of interest for certain	original due date to the date of payment on any amount left unpaid after	received through June 15, 2020. This will
	Virginia income and sales tax	June 1, 2020. This waiver of interest applies to any payment required to	leave the current payment and filing deadline of
	payments that are paid on extension	be made with a Taxable Year 2019 individual, corporate, or fiduciary	May 1 in place, but allow for relief to those
	in response to the coronavirus	income tax return, as well as any such payment required to be made with	taxpayers who may need it.
	disease 2019 (COVID-19) crisis.	respect to an election to file on extension. In addition, this waiver of	
	Certain income tax payments	interest applies to any individual, corporate, or fiduciary estimated	Lastly, it is our understanding that Congress,
	originally due during the period	income tax payments that are required to be paid during the period from	Treasury and the Internal Revenue Service
	from April 1, 2020 to June 1, 2020	April 1, 2020 to June 1, 2020. The waiver also applies to payments	(IRS) are considering several additional relief
	may now be submitted to the	associated with composite returns. As a result of this interest waiver and	measures. Virginia should continue to monitor
	Department of Taxation ("the	the payment extension previously announced in Tax Bulletin 20-4,	any federal actions taken and assess whether
	Department") without the accrual of	taxpayers are allowed to make these income tax payments by June 1,	

State Guidance/Date interest as would otherwise be required for late payments. This waiver of interest only applies if full payment is made on or before June 1, 2020. For a taxpayer filing on extension, at least 90 percent of the total tax liability must be paid by June 1, 2020 in order for the interest waiver to apply. If the interest waiver applies to such a taxpayer, no interest will accrue on the amount of tax paid by June 1, 2020. but interest will accrue from the original due date to the date of payment on any amount left unpaid after June 1, 2020. This waiver of interest applies to any payment required to be made with a Taxable Year 2019 individual, corporate, or fiduciary income tax return, as well as any such payment required to be made with respect to an election to file on extension. In addition, this waiver of interest applies to any individual, corporate, or fiduciary estimated income tax payments that are required to be paid during the period from April 1, 2020 to June 1, 2020. The waiver also applies to payments associated with composite returns. The extended due date for individual and fiduciary income taxpayers who file on a calendar vear basis is November 2, 2020. While the interest waiver and the payment extension announced in Tax Bulletin 20-4 do apply to the amount of income tax paid with a composite return, this relief does not apply to nonresident withholding tax. As a result, interest and penalties will generally be imposed

if they have not paid by the original

due date for filing a Pass-Through

## Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus

2020 without incurring any interest or penalties. This relief is automatic. No application or paperwork is required to qualify.

Automatic Filing Extensions Please note that neither this bulletin nor Tax Bulletin 20-4 provides a filing extension. However, Virginia law offers an automatic filing extension to all taxpayers for up to six months (or seven months in the case of certain corporations). No application or paperwork is required to file on extension. Therefore, taxpayers eligible for an automatic interest waiver under this bulletin may file a return and fully pay any associated taxes due by June 1, 2020 without incurring interest or penalties.

Taxpayers that opt to file on extension after June 1, 2020 are still required to pay at least 90 percent of their total tax liability by such date. In addition, such taxpayers are required to pay the remaining taxes due on or before the date the return is actually filed on extension. Taxpayers that fail to comply with either of these requirements may be subject to interest and penalties. However, if a taxpayer pays at least 90 percent, but less than 100 percent, of their total tax liability by June 1, 2020 and pays any remaining taxes with a return filed by the extended due date, that taxpayer will not be subject to penalties, but will be required to pay interest on the unpaid amount.

The extended due date for individual and fiduciary income taxpayers who file on a calendar year basis is November 2, 2020. Different extended due dates apply to fiscal year and corporate income taxpayers. Please see the Department's website for more information regarding Virginia's automatic filing extension.

# Effect on Pass-Through Entities

While the interest waiver and the payment extension announced in Tax Bulletin 20-4 do apply to the amount of income tax paid with a composite return, this relief does not apply to nonresident withholding tax. As a result, interest and penalties will generally be imposed if they have not paid by the original due date for filing a Pass-Through Entity Return of Income and Return of Nonresident Withholding Tax. Automatic six-month filing extensions are available for pass-through entities. No application or paperwork is required to qualify, but an extension payment must be made by the original due date to avoid payment-related penalties.

### Effect on Employer Withholding

The interest waiver and the payment extension announced in Tax Bulletin 20-4 do not apply to employer withholding of income tax. As a result, interest and penalties will generally be imposed if employer withholding filings and payments are not made by the original due dates.

#### Other Information

similar relief measures would be appropriate in the Commonwealth. ..."

The Virginia Supreme Court issued an order declaring a judicial emergency in all district and circuit courts in the state in response to COVID-19; non-essential and non-emergency court proceedings are suspended until April 6, 2020.

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
	Entity Return of Income and Return	Waiver of Interest for Certain Sales Tax Payments	
	of Nonresident Withholding Tax.	Dealers that were granted an extension of the due date for the February	
	Automatic six-month filing	2020 sales tax return and payment due in March pursuant to Tax Bulletin	
	extensions are available for pass-	20-3 will receive a waiver of the interest that would have otherwise	
	through entities. No application or	accrued for such late payment. This waiver of interest only applies to	
	paperwork is required to qualify, but	such payments submitted to the Department no later than April 20, 2020.	
ı	an extension payment must be made	This Tax Bulletin is available online in the Laws, Rules & Decisions	
ı	by the original due date to avoid	section of the Department's website. If you have additional questions,	
	payment-related penalties. Dealers	please visit the Department's website at http://www.tax.virginia.gov, or	
I	that were granted an extension of	contact the Department at (804) 367-8031 for individual income tax	
	the due date for the February 2020	questions or (804) 367-8037 for business tax questions."	
	sales tax return and payment due in		
	March pursuant to Tax Bulletin 20-3	More time to file and pay (3/26/20)	
	will receive a waiver of the interest		
	that would have otherwise accrued	"If you won't be able to file by the original May 1 deadline, don't	
	for such late payment. This waiver	worry. Everyone has an automatic 6-month filing extension in	
	of interest only applies to such	Virginia, which moves the filing deadline from May 1 to November 1	
	payments submitted to the	for most taxpayers (and since Nov. 1, 2020 is a Sunday, you actually	
	Department no later than April 20,	have until Monday, Nov. 2 to file this year).	
	2020. The interest waiver and the	In addition, as part of the state's COVID-19 tax relief actions, if you	
	payment extension announced in	owe taxes, you have until June 1, 2020 to pay without any penalties or	
	Tax Bulletin 20-4 do not apply to	interest.	
	employer withholding of income	This also applies to individual extension payments for Taxable Year	
	tax.)	2019 as well as the first estimated income tax payments for Taxable Year 2020.	
		When you're ready to file, you may be eligible to file for free	
		• If you made \$69,000 or less in 2019, you're eligible to use Free File software. Find a Free File Option.	
		Don't qualify for Free File? You may still be able to file your  noture for free using Free Fillship Forms.	
		return for free using <u>Free Fillable Forms</u> .  Additional COVID-19 information	
		For more information on COVID-19 and to see what other relief is	
		available, visit Coronavirus Updates."	
		available, visit <u>colonavirus opuates</u> .	
		Coronavirus Updates (3/23/20)	
		Cotona i i a o o pantos (Si Boi Bo)	
1		"Coronavirus-Related Scams Alert	
1		We've received reports of increased activities from scammers	
1		exploiting the lack of stability caused by the COVID-19 pandemic. Be	
		wary of unsolicited calls, texts, and email phishing attempts about the	
1		coronavirus, or COVID-19. Find more information below.	
		Virginia Tax is committed to keeping you informed as the coronavirus/	
		COVID-19 crisis continues to evolve. We're continuing to process	
		returns and issue refunds as usual.	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		We will update this page as the situation develops.	
		Relief for Taxpayers Affected by Ongoing Coronavirus Pandemic	
		Governor Northam has outlined several steps to provide tax relief to	
		citizens during this time.	
		Additional time to pay your income tax	
		Individual and corporate income tax payments are now due June 1,	
		2020.	
		• Applies to payments originally due between April 1 and June 1, 2020.	
		Individual and corporate taxable year (TY) 2019 tax due	
		payments  Individual and corporate extension payments for TV 2010	
		o Individual and corporate extension payments for TY 2019	
		o First estimated income tax payments for TY 2020	
		No penalties, interest, or addition to tax will be charged if  nowments are made by June 1, 2020.	
		payments are made by June 1, 2020.  Virginia has an <u>automatic 6-month extension to file</u> your income tax (7	
		months for certain corporations). If you file during the extension	
		period, make sure you still pay any taxes owed by June 1, 2020 to	
		avoid penalties.	
		For more information:	
		<ul> <li>Virginia Tax Penalty and Interest Updates and Overview (pdf)</li> </ul>	
		Virginia Tax Bulletin 20-4: Income Tax Payment Extension and	
		Penalty Waiver in Response to the COVID-19 Crisis (pdf)	
		<ul> <li>Virginia Tax Bulletin 20-5: Interest Waiver for Certain Tax</li> </ul>	
		Payments in Response to the COVID-19 Crisis (pdf)	
		Additional time to file and pay your February sales tax	
		Businesses impacted by coronavirus can request an extension of the	
		due date for filing and payment of their February 2020 sales tax return	
		due March 20, 2020, for 30 days. When granted, businesses will be	
		able to file and pay no later than April 20, 2020 with a waiver of any	
		penalties and interest.	
		For more information:	
		Virginia Tax Bulletin 20-3: Option to Request Extension of Sales	
		Tax Deadlines for those Affected by the COVID-19 Crisis (pdf).	
		<ul> <li>Virginia Tax Bulletin 20-5: Interest Waiver for Certain Tax</li> </ul>	
		Payments in Response to the COVID-19 Crisis (pdf)	
		Coronavirus-Related Scams - Tips for Protecting Your Information	
		We have received reports of increased activities from scammers	
		exploiting the current lack of stability caused by the COVID-19	
		pandemic. To avoid falling victim to schemes from phishing, fraud,	
		and ransomware, please take note of these general reminders for	
		protecting your information:	
		Be suspicious of unsolicited requests for sensitive information.	
	<u> </u>	22 suspicious of unsoficited requests for sensitive information.	<u> </u>

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		Be wary of surprise communications with links, attachments,	
		buttons, etc.	
		Do not let attackers use emotional stressors to coax you into hasty	
		actions.	
		When in doubt, call the organization the person claims to be	
		representing using a publicly available phone number.	
		Find additional details about avoiding Coronavirus scams, especially	
		those tied to the federal economic impact payments, from the IRS	
		here.	
		Stay Informed	
		Get updated information about how the Commonwealth is	
		responding and supporting Virginians impacted by the spread of	
		coronavirus, or COVID-19 at	
		https://www.virginia.gov/coronavirus-updates/	
		• For health information about coronavirus/COVID-19, visit the	
		Center for Disease Control's website at https://www.coronavirus.gov	
		• To learn how the IRS is responding, and for information about federal tax relief, visit the IRS's website at	
		https://www.irs.gov/coronavirus	
		The US Department of the Treasury also has information at	
		https://home.treasury.gov/coronavirus	
		Cashier"s Office Closed	
		Due to guidance regarding social distancing our cashier's office is now	
		closed.	
		At this time, we can't accept cash payments. See	
		tax.virginia.gov/payments for payment options.	
		You can drop off checks and money orders to our drop box located at	
		1957 Westmoreland St., Richmond. Please include form CP-1 (found	
		at the drop box) with your payment.	
		Questions? Contact Us." (5/5/20)	
		Bulletin 20-4 (3/20/20)	
		(The Property New Property Pro	
		"IMPORTANT INFORMATION REGARDING VIRGINIA'S	
		INCOME TAX PAYMENT DEADLINES	
		INCOME TAX PAYMENT EXTENSION AND PENALTY WAIVER	
		IN RESPONSE TO THE COVID-19 CRISIS	
		On March 19, 2020, Governor Ralph Northam requested that the	
		Department of Taxation extend the due date for certain Virginia income	
		tax payments to June 1, 2020 in response to the coronavirus disease	
		2019 (COVID-19) crisis. The relevant filing deadlines will remain the	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		<b>same</b> . This bulletin provides additional information regarding this extension <b>and penalty waiver</b> program.	
		Payment Extension and Waiver of Late Payment Penalties Any income tax payments due during the period from April 1, 2020 to June 1, 2020 can now be submitted to the Department of Taxation ("the Department) at any time on or before June 1, 2020 without penalty. As a result, the Department will automatically waive any late payment penalties that would otherwise apply so long as full payment is made	
		by June 1, 2020. If full payment of the amount owed during the period is not made by June 1, 2020, this penalty waiver will not apply, and late payment penalties will accrue from the original date that the payment was due.	
		Interest will continue to accrue from the original due date of such payment. Therefore, taxpayers who are able to pay by the original due date are encouraged to do so. Taxes eligible for this payment extension and penalty waiver include individual, corporate, and fiduciary income taxes, as well as any estimated income tax payments that are required to be paid to the Department during this period.	
		Please note that this does not provide a filing extension. To avoid any late filing penalties that may apply, taxpayers that utilize the aforementioned payment extension are still required to file income tax returns by the relevant due dates. However, if you are unable to file by such dues dates, Virginia offers automatic filing extensions to all taxpayers for up to six months (or seven months in the case of certain corporations). No application is required to file on extension. Please see the Department's website for more information. If you decide to take advantage of Virginia's automatic filing extension, please be sure to make an extension payment by June 1, 2020 to avoid late payment penalties or extension penalties, as applicable.  This Tax Bulletin is available online in the Laws, Rules & Decisions	
		section of the Department's website. If you have additional questions, please visit the Department's website at http://www.tax.virginia.gov, or contact the Department at (804) 367-8031 for individual income tax questions or (804) 367-8037 for business tax questions."	
		<u>Virginia Tax Bulletin 20-3: Option to Request Extension of Sales Tax</u> <u>Deadlines for those Affected by the COVID-19 Crisis</u> (3/19/20)	
		"IMPORTANT INFORMATION FOR THOSE AFFECTED BY THE COVID-19 CRISIS OPTION TO REQUEST EXTENSION OF SALES TAX DEADLINES	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		Tax Commissioner Craig M. Burns has announced that the Department will consider requests from sales tax dealers for an extension of the due date for filing and payment of the February 2020 sales tax return due March 20, 2020. If the request is granted, the Department will allow filing and payment of such return on April 20, 2020 with a waiver of any penalties that would have applied. However, interest will accrue even if an extension is granted.  Dealers should submit a request for extension by utilizing the secure e-mail system available on the Department's website, by faxing to (804) 254-6111, or writing to the following address:  Virginia Tax Office of Customer Services P.O. Box 1115 Richmond, VA 23218-1115  The Department will be addressing return and payment due dates for other taxes in the near future. This Tax Bulletin is available on-line in the Laws, Rules & Decisions section of www.tax.virginia.gov/. If you have any questions regarding this Tax Bulletin, please contact the Department of Taxation Office of Customer Services at (804) 367-8037." (3/19/20)	
		Press Release: Governor Northam Announces Additional Actions to Address COVID-19 (3/19/20) "Support for Impacted Businesses Businesses impacted by COVID-19 can also request to defer the payment of state sales tax due tomorrow, March 20, 2020, for 30 days. When granted, businesses will be able to file no later than April 20, 2020 with a waiver of any penalties.	
		The Governor has requested that the Department of Taxation to extend the due date of <i>payment</i> of Virginia individual and corporate income taxes. While filing deadlines remain the same, the due date for individual and corporate income tax will now be June 1, 2020. Please note that interest will still accrue, so taxpayers who are able to pay by the original deadlines should do so." (This is the Governor's proposal.)	
Washington	WA DOR COVID website update on Federal financial assistance regarding COVID-19 (5/11/20)  Business Relief During COVID-19 Pandemic (5/7/20)	WA DOR COVID website update on Federal financial assistance regarding COVID-19 (5/11/20)  "Many businesses are receiving federal financial assistance to cope with the impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic and wondering whether they owe business and occupation (B&O) tax on the amounts received (including small-business loan forgiveness).	Washington DOR COVID-19 website: (3/20/20) All DOR offices are temporarily closed to the public Our call center agents are available to assist by phone or chat. Contact us.

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
	Washington DOR COVID-19	The department has determined that businesses receiving assistance	Online Filing and Call Center Assistance
	<u>website</u> : (3/18/20)	under these federal programs (including the federal Paycheck	All of our services are available remotely. My
		Protection Program (PPP) program) should <u>not</u> report assistance as	DOR is up and running and available 24/7 for
	<u>City of Seattle press release</u>	gross receipts for B&O tax purposes and should <u>not</u> pay B&O tax	online filing. Our call center agents are ready to
	(3/10/20)	on that assistance at the present time.	offer their assistance at 360-705-6705, Monday
			through Friday 8 a.m. to 5 p.m.
	Announcement of City of Tacoma	The department believes that there may be interest in clarifying the	If you recently received something from us and
	(3/20/20)	applicable statutes, especially after the various programs at issue have	need special assistance, please contact us. We
		been identified and analyzed more thoroughly. Therefore, the	are here to help!
	(6/15 1 ) 1 N 1	department will delay any final decision on taxability or enforcement	D 6 W 1 4 1 1 0
	(6/15 - annual return now due. Need	actions until after the Legislature has had an opportunity to act. In the	Resources for Washington businesses &
	request filing and payment extend	meantime, no penalties or interest will accrue with regard to any tax that	workers impacted by COVID-19
	monthly returns. Quarter 1 now due	may be due on such receipts until further notice.	A 11'd and in Commedian Comments and a
	6/30, and annual return now due 6/15 - <i>on request</i> - for annual	If you have questions shout any ensaific COVID 10 assistance that you	Additional information for employers and insurance
		If you have questions about any specific COVID-19 assistance that you have received, submit a letter ruling request "(5/11/20)	Washington State Coronavirus page
	businesses, waive penalties - business and occupation tax, real	have received, submit a <u>letter ruling request</u> ." (5/11/20)	King County Coronavirus page
	estate excise tax, and other taxes,	Update from the DOR (5/13/20)	Due to Public Health concerns, please contact
	delay assessments 30 days.	Opuate from the DOK (5/13/20)	the King County Tax Advisor Office by phone
	The Department currently has the	"The state of Washington will not impose its business and occupation	at 206-477-1060 or email
	authority to waive interest through	tax on federal financial assistance that businesses receive in response to	taxadvisor@kingcounty.gov.
	April 17, 2020. Please check back to	the COVID-19 pandemic until the state Legislature addresses the federal	under 1501 @ Kingcounty.gov.
	see if this date gets extended. Please	programs, the state tax department has said.	
	note that penalties and interest	programs, the state and department has said.	
	accrued prior to February 29, 2020,	The department said in a Monday statement that it has determined	
	will not be waived. There will be no	federal financial assistance, including loans from the Paycheck	
	refunds for penalties and interest	Protection Program, should not be reported as gross receipts for the	
	paid during the state of emergency.	purposes of the state's business and occupation tax "at the present time."	
	Businesses can request the relief	The department said it would make final decisions on the taxability of	
	above by sending a secure email in	assistance from the various federal programs after the state Legislature	
	their My DOR account or by calling	addresses the programs.	
	Revenue's customer service staff at		
	360-705-6705, Monday through	The department said that any tax that may be determined to be owed on	
	Friday 8 a.m. to 5 p.m.	such assistance will not accrue penalties or interest until further notice,	
		and asked businesses to submit ruling requests if they need clarification	
	(Revenue will delay issuing new	on whether the Monday statement applied to specific federal assistance."	
	compliance assessments until mid-	(5/11/20)	
	April and reassess then. This delay	D 1 D 1 CD 1 COVED 10 D 1 (7.772)	
	includes tax warrants, notices of	Business Relief During COVID-19 Pandemic (5/7/20)	
	withhold and deliver, and	(17)	
	revocations. Upon request, Revenue	"Updated May 6, 2020	
	will work with taxpayers that are	Revenue is taking the following measures to provide relief to COVID-19	
	impacted by COVID-19 to adjust	impacted businesses during the state of emergency (February 29, 2020,	
	payment plan amounts or extend	through the end of the state of emergency, yet to be determined). These	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
	payment dates 30 to 60 days. If	actions address a broad range of taxes and programs: business and	
	payment is extended, additional	occupation tax, real estate excise tax assessments, leasehold excise tax,	
	penalties that would have normally	and forest tax. Check back for updates.	
	accrued during the extension period	What if I am unable to pay my monthly, quarterly or annual	
	will be waived. The Department	return?	
	will delay scheduling audits of	For businesses negatively impacted by the COVID-19 Pandemic, if an	
	businesses that have gross income	extension has not already been granted, a one-time extension may be	
	of less than \$5 million in the past	available upon request. We request that all businesses still <i>file</i> their	
	year, or are a type of business	returns by their original due date, even if they are unable to pay.	
	specifically identified in the	Businesses may request a one-time extension for paying tax returns prior	
	Governor's proclamation, until mid-	to the due date by sending a secure email in your My DOR account or by	
	May. Revenue will reevaluate at	calling Revenue's customer service team at 360-705-6705, Monday	
	that time. For audits in progress,	through Friday 8 a.m. to 5 p.m.	
	Revenue staff will work with you to	If you miss the deadline for requesting an extension, request a penalty	
	either issue the audit or provide an	waiver when filing your return along with an explanation of how	
	extension of up to 60 days based on	COVID-19 Pandemic caused the delay.	
	your preference. The Department		
	will waive penalties for late non-	Monthly filers: Monthly tax return payments are generally due	
	profit applications and renewals for	the 25th of the following month.	
	exempt property through April 17,	• Quarterly filers: The Quarter 1, 2020 return has been extended	
	2020.)	to June 30, 2020. The Quarter 2. 2020 return is due July 31,	
		2020.	
	(Note: The state does not impose a	• Annual filers: The Annual 2019 return has been extended	
	personal income tax.)	to June 15, 2020.	
		Please note: Extensions only push out the due date; they don't waive the	
	(Businesses may request a one-time	tax owed.	
	extension for paying tax returns	If you already filed and scheduled your payment before the extended due	
	prior to the due date by sending a	date, you must cancel your payment in your online My DOR account	
	secure email in your My DOR	BEFORE the scheduled payment date. Please reschedule your	
	account or by calling Revenue's	payment after the extension is reflected in your My DOR account.	
	customer service team at 360-705-	I already received an extension on a tax return, but I still can't pay	
	6705, Monday through Friday 8	my return in full by the new date. Can I get another extension?	
	a.m. to 5 p.m. If you miss the	While the Department is not providing multiple extensions on the same	
	deadline for requesting an	tax return, we are providing flexible payment plans without	
	extension, request a penalty waiver	penalties. To take advantage of this service, businesses should file their	
	when filing your return along with	tax return by the extended due date, without payment. The business will	
	an explanation of how COVID-19	receive a balance due notice from the Department and should contact the	
	Pandemic caused the delay.	number on the notice to request a COVID-19 payment plan.	
	Monthly filers: Monthly tax return	What about interest?	
	payments are generally due the 25th	The Department will waive interest February 29, 2020 through May 31,	
	of the following month. Quarterly	2020. After this date, interest will begin accruing on outstanding	
	<b>filers:</b> The Quarter 1, 2020 return	balances.	
	has been extended to June 30, 2020.	Tax returns filed and paid in full by the extended due date are consider	
	The Quarter 2. 2020 return is due	timely, and will not incur interest.	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
	July 31, 2020. <b>Annual filers:</b> The	What if I need to, or have been, working with the Department on a	
	Annual 2019 return has been	collection related issue?	
	extended to June 15, 2020. Please	Revenue will delay issuing new compliance assessments until mid-July.	
	note: Extensions only push out the	This delay includes tax warrants, notices of withhold and deliver, and	
	due date; they don't waive the tax	revocations.	
	owed. While the Department is not	What if I have a payment plan with the Department?	
	providing multiple extensions on the	Upon request, Revenue will work with taxpayers that are impacted by	
	same tax return, we are providing	COVID-19 to adjust payment plan amounts or extend payment dates. If	
	flexible payment plans without	your existing electronic payment plan has scheduled payments	
	<b>penalties</b> . Estates filing a	automatically debited from your account and you wish to adjust the	
	Washington Estate Tax Return and	payment amount or date, you must contact your Revenue Agent prior	
	a federal Estate Tax Return can	to the scheduled payment date.	
	request an extension for the return	What if I am scheduled for an audit or under audit right now?	
	and/or payment until July 15, 2020,	<ul> <li>The Department will delay scheduling audits of the types of</li> </ul>	
	based on Federal Notice 2020-23.	business that were specifically identified in the Governor's	
	Estates filing a Washington Estate	proclamation, to coincide with the Governor's phased approach	
	Tax Return only, and are negatively	to reopening businesses.	
	impacted by the COVID-19 crisis,	<ul> <li>For audits in progress, Revenue staff will work with you to</li> </ul>	
	can request an extension for the	either issue the audit or provide an extension based on your	
	return and/or payment during the	preference.	
	Governor's state of emergency.	<ul> <li>Revenue will resume audit efforts of business types not</li> </ul>	
	Extension requests for payments	specifically identified in the Governor's proclamation in	
	will be reviewed on a case by case	June. Audit team members will remain flexible in scheduling	
	basis. The Department will waive	audits and continue encouraging electronic records to support	
	penalties for nonprofit applications	social distancing.	
	and renewals for exempt	What should I do if I have a temporary business registration?	
	property for the months of February	Businesses with a temporary registration that have had their event	
	2020 through May 2020.	cancelled should notify the Department by replying to the original email	
	The Department has determined that	they received when obtaining their temporary registration certificate. If	
	businesses receiving assistance	you no longer have the original email, you may send a message to	
	under the federal Paycheck	communications@dor.wa.gov to cancel your temporary registration.	
	Protection Program (PPP) program	What happens if I am late renewing my business license during this	
	or other COVID-19 assistance programs should not report such	time period?	
	assistance as gross receipts for B&O	The Department will waive the BLS delinquency fee on late renewals of	
	purposes and should not pay B&O	licenses expiring in February through April of 2020.	
	tax on that assistance at the present	The Department does not have the authority to extend business license	
	time. The Department will delay	expiration dates. If your license endorsements expired and you have not	
	any final decision on taxability or	renewed, check with the <u>state</u> or <u>local</u> regulatory agency for your	
	enforcement actions until after the	endorsement to determine if continued operation is allowed.	
	Legislature has had an opportunity	Is relief available for periods prior to the COVID-19 State of	
	to act. In the meantime, no	Emergency?  No Populities and interest accuracy mion to February 20, 2020, will not be	
	penalties or interest will accrue with	No. Penalties and interest accrued prior to February 29, 2020, will not be	
	penalties of interest will accrue with	waived. There will be no refunds for penalties and interest paid during	
		the state of emergency.	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
State	regard to any tax that may be due on	What if I'm late renewing my non-profit property tax exemption?	Other Information
	such receipts until further notice.)	The Department will waive penalties for nonprofit applications and	
	,	renewals for exempt property for the months of February 2020 through	
		May 2020.	
		What if I have questions about paying my property taxes?	
		Please contact your <u>local county treasurer</u> .	
		What about estate tax returns?	
		Estates filing a Washington Estate Tax Return <b>and</b> a federal Estate Tax	
		Return can request an extension for the return and/or payment until July	
		15, 2020, based on Federal Notice 2020-23.	
		Estates filing a Washington Estate Tax Return <b>only</b> , and are negatively	
		impacted by the COVID-19 crisis, can request an extension for the return and/or payment during the Governor's state of emergency.	
		Extension requests for payments will be reviewed on a case by case	
		basis.	
		To request an extension or get more case specific information, please	
		contact the Estate Tax Team at 360-534-1503, Option 2 or at	
		estates@dor.wa.gov.	
		Requesting Relief	
		Businesses can request the relief above by sending a secure email in	
		your My DOR account or by calling Revenue's customer service team at	
		360-705-6705, Monday through Friday 8 a.m. to 5 p.m.	
		We request that businesses still file their returns even if they are unable	
		to pay.	
		Online Filing and Call Center Assistance	
		All of our services are available remotely. My DOR is up and running and available 24/7 for online filing. Our call center agents are ready to	
		offer their assistance at 360-705-6705, Monday through Friday 8 a.m. to	
		5 p.m.	
		If you recently received something from us and need assistance, please	
		contact us. We are here to help!" (5/7/20)	
		1 ( ) - 1/	
		Per information from the Association of Washington Business as a result	
		of questions regarding taxability of relief provisions for Washington tax	
		purposes: (5/7/20)	
		"Several persons have asked the Department whether financial	
		assistance provided to businesses to cope with the impacts of the	
		COVID-19 pandemic (such as small-business loan forgiveness) is	
		subject to state B&O tax in Washington. The Department has been researching this matter, which involves application of a complex area of	
		tax law to a variety of complicated factual situations. There are good-	
		faith arguments both in favor of taxation and against taxation. The	
		Jam argaments both in javor of taxanon and against taxanon. The	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		situation is further complicated by the large variety of different	
		assistance programs in effect, with more being considered all the time.	
		Given these factors, the Department has determined that businesses	
		receiving assistance under the federal Paycheck Protection Program	
		(PPP) program or other COVID-19 assistance programs should <u>not</u>	
		report such assistance as gross receipts for B&O purposes and should	
		not pay B&O tax on that assistance at the present time. The Department believes that there may be interest in clarifying the	
		applicable statutes, especially after the various programs at issue have	
		been identified and analyzed more thoroughly. Therefore, the	
		Department will delay any final decision on taxability or enforcement	
		actions until after the Legislature has had an opportunity to act. In the	
		meantime, no penalties or interest will accrue with regard to any tax that	
		may be due on such receipts until further notice." (5/7/20)	
		(Per email from DOR, 3/26/20) "The following steps are being taken to	
		assist Washington's taxpayers during this unprecedented time.	
		• Quarter 1 2020 and Annual 2019 returns	
		Blanket due date extensions will be granted.	
		o For Quarter 1 filers, the due date for filing is now June 30,	
		2020.	
		o For Annual filers, the due date for filing is now June 15, 2020.	
		<ul> <li>This extension is automatic, thus, taxpayers do not need file a request for an extension.</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>This may extend to other returns in the future.</li> </ul>	
		Monthly returns for February 2020 and March 2020	
		Taxpayer will need to submit a request to the Department.	
		<ul> <li>A sixty day extension will be granted.</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>This may extend to other returns in the future.</li> </ul>	
		Interest and Penalties for Tax Returns	
		o Interest will not be accrued from February 29, 2020 (the	
		beginning of the state of emergency) through April 17, 2020.	
		<ul> <li>Penalties will not be assessed on returns, if a request for an</li> </ul>	
		extension is timely filed and payment of taxes due are timely	
		paid by the extension date.	
		The time period for waiver of interest and penalties on returns	
		may change upon a possible extension of the Governor's	
		Proclamation."	
		Weshington DOR COVID 10 websites (2/26/20)	
		Washington DOR COVID-19 website: (3/26/20) "Updated March 26, 2020	
		Revenue is taking the following measures to provide relief to COVID-19	
		impacted businesses during the state of emergency (February 29, 2020,	
		impueted outsinesses during the state of emergency (reordary 29, 2020,	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		through the end of the state of emergency, yet to be determined). These actions address a broad range of taxes and programs: business and occupation tax, real estate excise tax assessments, leasehold excise tax, forest tax, and tax deferrals for biotechnology and medical device manufacturing. Check back for updates or date extensions.  What if I am unable to pay my monthly, quarterly or annual return?  We request that businesses still file their returns even if they are unable to pay.	
		<ul> <li>Monthly filers: Request an extension for paying tax returns (even if the request is after the due date) by sending a secure email in your My DOR account or by calling Revenue's customer service at 360-705-6705, Monday through Friday 8 a.m. to 5 p.m.</li> <li>New! Quarterly filers: The Quarter 1, 2020 return is now due</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>New! Annual filers: The Annual 2019 return is now due June 15, 2020</li> <li>You may cancel a previously scheduled a tax payment that has not yet been withdrawn by logging into your My DOR account.</li> <li>What if I need to, or have been, working with the Department on a</li> </ul>	
		collection related issue?  Revenue will delay issuing new compliance assessments until mid-April and reassess then. This delay includes tax warrants, notices of withhold and deliver, and revocations.  What if I have a payment plan with the Department?	
		Upon request, Revenue will work with taxpayers that are impacted by COVID-19 to adjust payment plan amounts or extend payment dates 30 to 60 days. If payment is extended, additional penalties that would have normally accrued during the extension period will be waived.	
		<ul> <li>What if I am scheduled for an audit or under audit right now?</li> <li>The Department will delay scheduling audits of businesses that have gross income of less than \$5 million in the past year, or are a type of business specifically identified in the Governor's proclamation, until mid-May. Revenue will reevaluate at that time.</li> </ul>	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
State	Guidance/Date	<ul> <li>Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus</li> <li>For audits in progress, Revenue staff will work with you to either issue the audit or provide an extension of up to 60 days based on your preference.</li> <li>Revenue staff will be flexible in scheduling audits of businesses and encourage electronic records to support social distancing.</li> <li>What about interest?</li> <li>The Department currently has the authority to waive interest through April 17, 2020. Please check back to see if this date gets extended.</li> <li>What should I do if I have a temporary business registration?</li> <li>Businesses with a temporary registration that have had their event cancelled should notify the Department by replying to the original email they received when obtaining their temporary certificate. If you no longer have the original email, you may send a message to communications@dor.wa.gov to cancel your temporary registration.</li> <li>What happens if I am late renewing my business license during this time period?</li> </ul>	Other Information
		time period?  The Department will waive the BLS delinquency fee for late renewals through April 17, 2020. Please check back to see if this date gets extended.  Please note that penalties and interest accrued prior to February 29, 2020, will not be waived. There will be no refunds for penalties and interest paid during the state of emergency.	
		What if I'm late renewing my non-profit property tax exemption? The Department will waive penalties for late non-profit applications and renewals for exempt property through April 17, 2020. Please check back to see if this date gets extended.  What if I have questions about paying my property taxes?	
		Please contact your <u>local county treasurer</u> .	
		Requesting Relief Businesses can request the relief above by sending a secure email in their My DOR account or by calling Revenue's customer service staff at 360-705-6705, Monday through Friday 8 a.m. to 5 p.m.  We request that businesses still file their returns even if they are unable to pay.  Temporary Office Closures  Our offices are temporarily closed to support the state's efforts to fight the spread of the novel coronavirus. All of the in-person services provided at DOR offices are available online at dor.wa.gov.	

### **Online Filing and Call Center Assistance**

All of our services are available remotely. My DOR is up and running and available 24/7 for online filing. Our call center agents are ready to offer their assistance at 360-705-6705, Monday through Friday 8 a.m. to 5 p.m.

If you recently received something from us and need special assistance, please contact us. We are here to help!

Resources for Washington businesses & workers impacted by COVID-19"

### City of Seattle Guidance Release:

"Deferral of B&O Taxes. Effective immediately, the department of Finance and Administrative Services (FAS) will defer business and occupation (B&O) tax collections for eligible business owners, allowing small business owners increased flexibility during a period of financial duress caused by the COVID-19 outbreak.

### **Deferral of B&O Taxes**

FAS will offer deferred Business and Occupation (B&O) tax filing and payment options for businesses impacted by COVID-19. Eligible businesses include those that have annual taxable income of \$5 million or less and currently pay City taxes on a quarterly basis. Businesses will have until late 2020 to pay their B&O under this plan. The City estimates that 20,000 businesses could be eligible for this, based on B&O reporting."

Announcement of City of Tacoma (3/20/20)

### "COVID-19 Tax Relief for Tacoma Business

We are all in this together, and we are here to help.

## **Deferral of Quarterly B&O Taxes**

Mayor Victoria Woodards has authorized the City of Tacoma to **defer taxes for qualified small businesses located in Tacoma**.

You are considered a small business if you pay \$10,000 or less in B&O taxes annually.

If you are a small business, and you pay Tacoma B&O taxes on a quarterly basis, you will *automatically* be switched to a "Quarterly Deferred" tax status and allowed to defer payment of your quarterly taxes until the end of 2020.

Note: Delinquent tax returns prior to these periods may not be considered.

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		If you qualify, your 1 <sup>st</sup> , 2 <sup>nd</sup> and 3 <sup>rd</sup> quarter B&O taxes will be due:	
		On or before January 31, 2021.	
		You Will be Notified if You Qualify A notice from the City of Tacoma's Tax & License Office will be sent out the week of March 23, 2020 to your business notifying you that your business has been <i>automatically</i> moved into a "Quarterly Deferred" tax status. If this is the case, you will still receive 1st, 2nd and 3rd quarter tax returns with a due date of January 31, 2021.	
		If you prefer to continue filing on a quarterly basis: You can keep doing so. Deferred filing is not mandatory. It is only an option for small businesses who need help getting through the current financial hardship they may be experiencing due to COVID-19.	
		You can simply file on Filelocal-wa.gov or send by mail. There is no need to contact the Tax & License Office.	
		Due Date Extension - B&O Tax  If you need additional time to file any of your City of Tacoma taxes due to COVID-19, but don't necessarily qualify under the definition of what a "small business" is, please email <a href="mailto:taxinfo@cityoftacoma.org">taxinfo@cityoftacoma.org</a> and request a filing extension.	
		Due Date Extension - Monthly Gambling Tax  Monthly gambling tax returns are due on March 31, 2020 and April 30, 2020.	
		The City can extend the due date for monthly gambling tax returns by 90 days. To request an extension, please email taxinfo@cityoftacoma.org. The request may be made after the due date. To take advantage of the extended due date:  Mail in your tax return with your payment -OR- Email your tax return to taxinfo@cityoftacoma.org and call (253) 591-5252 to pay over the phone with your credit card You cannot file and pay on filelocal-wa.gov if you are taking advantage of the extended due date without being required to pay	
		the penalty and interest.  Job Tax Credit  Businesses taking advantage of the job tax credit will not be required to pay back the tax credit used on prior tax periods if they lose	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		eligibility for the credit due to a reduction in workforce because of	
		the state of emergency or a general economic recession.	
		If you have lost eligibility for one or more ish anodite due to COVID	
		If you have lost eligibility for one or more job credits due to COVID- 19:	
		Complete a Job Credit Economic Recession/State of Emergency	
		Declaration form and send to taxinfo@cityoftacoma.org or Tax &	
		License, P.O. Box 11064, Tacoma, WA 98402.	
		An auditor will review the information and determine the positions that	
		remain eligible for the credit.	
		If you have already paid back job credits used for prior periods but	
		lost eligibility due to COVID-19:	
		Complete a Job Credit Economic Recession/State of Emergency	
		Declaration form and send to taxinfo@cityoftacoma.org or Tax &	
		License, P.O. Box 11064, Tacoma, WA 98402.	
		An auditor will review the information and issue a refund if appropriate.	
		The auditor will review the information and issue a retailed it appropriate.	
		If you have lost eligibility:	
		Although you are not required to pay back the credit used on prior tax	
		periods, you cannot continue to take the credit on future tax periods	
		that were included in the five-year tax credit term.	
		Questions?	
		The Tax & License team is here to help. For questions or concerns,	
		email taxinfo@cityoftacoma.org or call (253) 591-5252."	
West Virginia	WV DOR Covid-19 response	West Virginia Income Tax Filing and Payment Deadlines Questions and	WV DOR Coronavirus Response Webpage
	<u>webpage</u> (4/8/20)	<u>Answers</u> (6/2/20)	
	Administrative Notice 2020-16	"Does the relief provided in Administrative Notice 2020-16 apply to	
	Administrative rivulce 2020-10	the filing of estimated taxes due between April 15, 2020 and July 15,	
	Executive Order 13-20 (3/26/20)	2020?	
		Yes. <u>Administrative Notice 2020-16</u> applies to payment of any estimated	
	Governor Press Release on	income tax payments due between April 15, 2020 and July 15, 2020.	
	extending filing and payment until	Any estimated income tax payment due between those dates are now due	
	July 15 (3/25/20)	on July 15, 2020. Failure to pay estimated tax penalties, and associated	
	(July 15 – extend filing and	interest, will be calculated using the July 15, 2020 date for any such	
	payment. Waiving interest and	payment." (6/2/20)	
	penalties on property taxes until	Executive Order 13-20 (3/26/20)	
	May 1, 2020)		

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
State	Guidance/Date  This relief also extends to estimated tax payments for tax year 2020 that are due between April 15, 2020 and July 15, 2020 for individuals, trusts or estates, corporations, and pass-thru entities.	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus  "3.Declarations of estimated personal, fiduciary, and corporation net income taxesand pass-thru entity income taxes due between April 15, 2020 and July 15, 2020, may now be filed on or before July 15, 2020 without interest and additions to tax being imposed;  4. Payments of estimated personal, fiduciary, and corporation net income taxes andpass-thru entity income taxes originally due between April 15, 2020 and July 15, 2020, shall be deemed to be timely paid if paid on or before July 15, 2020, without interest and additions to tax being imposed;"  Administrative Notice 2020-16  "Estimated tax payments: This relief also extends to estimated tax payments for tax year 2020 that are due between April 15, 2020 and June 15, 2020 for individuals, trusts or estates, corporations, and pass-thru entities. They too will be due July 15, 2020"  Coronavirus 2019 (COVID 19) Response webpage (6/2/20)  "Extension of April 15, 2020 Due Date for Filing 2019 Annual Income Tax Returns Due to the COVID-19 Outbreak The West Virginia State Tax Department is providing special tax filing and payment relief to individuals and corporations whose 2019 annual income return is due April 15, 2020. This extension is in response to the	Other Information
		coronavirus (COVID-19) outbreak. Information outlining the details of the extension are contained in Administrative Notice 2020-16 and West Virginia Tax Filing and Payment Deadlines Questions and Answers.  Executive Order 13-20  The deadline to file 2019 annual income tax returns for individuals, trusts or estates, and corporations has been extended from April 15, 2020, to July 15, 2020. Payment deadlines for these returns are also extended until July 15, 2020. Failure to pay any balance of tax due by July 15, 2020 will result in the accrual of penalties and interest beginning July 16, 2020.  This relief also extends to estimated tax payments for tax year 2020 that are due between April 15, 2020 and July 15, 2020 for individuals, trusts or estates, corporations, and pass-thru entities.  This relief does not apply to employer withholding tax returns and payments or to any other tax collected by the Tax Commissioner.  The Department will automatically provide this relief, so filers do not need to take any additional steps to qualify for this extension of time. Payment Plans	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		We do have options for payment plans for those who may be struggling to make their payment. For more information on this, please visit our <a href="Payment Plans">Payment Plans</a> page."	
		WV DOR Covid-19 response webpage (4/8/20)	
		"Pursuant to Executive Order 13-20, second-half 2019 ad valorem property tax that would become delinquent on April 1, 2020, shall now become delinquent if not paid on or before May 1, 2020.  Also, County sheriffs may not declare 2019 ad valorem property taxes to be delinquent before May 2, 2020."	
		Governor <u>Press Release</u> on extending filing and payment until July 15 (3/25/20)	
		"EXTENSION OF STATE INCOME TAX FILING DEADLINE REQUESTED	
		Gov. Justice also announced that he has asked West Virginia Tax Commissioner Dale Steager to extend the West Virginia income tax filing and payment deadline until Wednesday, July 15, 2020, to correspond with the federal government's recent tax filing extension to the same date.	
		"We've been trying to fit these changes together and make it work," Gov. Justice said. "The main driver has to be, first and foremost, the convenience of our people.	
		"If you're going to do one filing, we surely don't need to ask you to do two different filings."	
		PROPERTY TAX INTEREST AND PENALTIES WAIVED THROUGH APRIL	
		During his address, the Governor also announced that he will be waiving all interest and penalties on property tax filings until Friday, May 1, 2020.	
		The West Virginia State Tax Department will be posting administrative notice of these changes on <b>their website</b> tomorrow.	
		At a press conference 3/25/20, Governor Justice announced that he had instructed State Tax Commissioner Dale Steager to extend WV's state tax filing and payment deadline to July 15 <sup>th</sup> . We expect there will be an	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		Administrative Order posted on the state tax department's website by the end of 3/26/20 with the details.	
Wisconsin	WI DOR Press release on extensions through June 10 (4/20/20)  WI bill AB 1038 COVID-19 Response legislation (enacted 4/15/20)  WI DOR Press Release on April 15 Quieter than Usual (4/15/20)  WI DOR Press Release on Extended Deadlines (4/13/20)  WI DOR Guidance Document	WI DOR Press release on extensions through June 10 (4/20/20)  "Taxpayers May Request Extensions and Waivers During COVID-19 Public Health Emergency  Last week, Governor Evers signed legislation allowing the Secretary of the Wisconsin Department of Revenue to waive, on a case-by-case basis, any penalty or interest that accrues during the period covered by the public health emergency declared on March 12, 2020 if it is determined that failure to pay penalty or interest is due to impacts brought on by the COVID-19 pandemic.  "I know the Governor felt it was important to give financial relief to Wisconsin businesses who are hurting at this time. We at the Department of Revenue are pleased to make available what, essentially, amounts to a	WI bill AB 1038 COVID-19 Response legislation (enacted 4/15/20)  Article on Conformity Bill From Law360 (4/16/20): Wis. Exempts 2020 Retirement Distributions From Penalties By Asha Glover · April 16, 2020, 7:27 PM EDT Wisconsin will conform to federal tax law changes made in response to the coronavirus pandemic including exempting 2020 tax year retirement account distributions from penalties, under a COVID-19 relief bill recently signed by the governor.
	WI DOR Guidance Document Number: 100262 on extended filing deadlines (4/10/20)  WI DOR Press Release extending filing and payment until July 15 – waive interest and penalties (3/21/20)  (July 15 – WI - extending filing and payment until July 15 – waive interest and penalties - applies to individuals, trusts, estates,	Additionally, extensions may be granted to any person whose ability to file and pay is affected by the COVID-19 pandemic and is requesting relief for the following taxes and periods.  Returns and payments for the following taxes that are due from March 12 through May 11 may be extended to May 11: • Employer withholding tax • State and county sales and use taxes • Excise taxes (alcohol, cigarette, tobacco and vapor products, motor fuel)  Returns and payments for the following taxes that are due from March 12 through June 10 may be extended to June 10: • Local Exposition District Sales Taxes (Lodging, Rental Car, and Food and Beverage) • Premier Resort Area Sales Taxes • Limousine Fee • Rental Vehicle Fees	Wisconsin Democratic Gov. Tony Evers signed A.B. 1038 into law Wednesday. The measure, which was approved by the state Assembly and Senate earlier the same day, conforms Wisconsin law to tax changes made by Congress in the Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security Act , including exempting retirement distributions from penalties subject to a number of conditions. It also creates additional deductions for individual charitable contributions and suspends limits on certain individual and corporate charitable deductions.
	partnerships, associations, companies or corporations. This relief is solely for income tax payments, estimated income tax payments and returns due April 15, 2020. No interest or penalty for the period of April 15, 2020 to July 15, 2020. Unpaid income and franchise taxes and pass-through withholding taxes due on or after April 1, 2020 and before July 15, 2020, will not accrue interest or penalties until July 16, 2020. Any estimated payment that is due on or after April 1, 2020 and before July 15, 2020 is extended	• Dry Cleaning License and Products Fee • Police and Fire Protection Fee  Interest begins to accrue after the May 11 or June 10 extension date, depending on the tax type indicated above.  Anyone previously granted an extension to file a return, must request an extension to file and pay, and to have interest and penalties waived at https://TAP.revenue.wi.gov/COVID/  Most income and franchise tax returns are provided relief until July 15, 2020.  https://www.revenue.wi.gov/Pages/TaxPro/2020/TaxDeadlinesExtended COVID.pdf  The Wisconsin Department of Revenue notes that most services are found online at www.revenue.wi.gov"	The COVID relief bill also conforms state law to a few other CARES Act's provisions, including the treatment of paycheck protection loans to businesses and employees under the U.S. Small Business Administration's loan guarantee program from Feb. 15 through June 30, according to the text. A portion of those loans could be forgiven on a tax-free basis if certain conditions are met. Other provisions include providing an income exclusion for certain student loan principal and interest payments made by employers on behalf of employees made from March 28 through Dec. 31.

a.	
State	Guidance/Date
	to July 15, 2020. Federal extension
	provided in the IRS notices may be
	used for Wisconsin income and
	franchise tax and pass-through
	withholding tax purposes. For
	returns that are due on or after April
	1, 2020, and before July 15, 2020,
	regardless if it is the original or
	extended due date, the due date is
	extended to July 15, 2020. The
	deadline to file a 2015 homestead
	credit claim is April 15, 2020 and
	the deadline to file a 2019
	homestead credit claim is April 15, 2024. Contributions to a Wisconsin
	college savings account must be
	made by April 15, 2020 to qualify
	for the 2019 Wisconsin income tax
	return subtraction. Contributions to
	an IRA for 2019 must be made by
	the due date for filing your income
	tax return. Since this date has been
	postponed to July 15, 2020, the date
	for making contributions to an IRA
	is also postponed to July 15, 2020.
	contributions to an HSA or Archer
	MSA for 2019 must be made by the
	due date for filing your income tax
	return. Since this date has been
	postponed to July 15, 2020, the date
	for making contributions to an HSA
	or Archer MSA is also postponed to
	July 15, 2020. You may request a
	one-month extension to file - a
	withholding deposit report, a sales
	and use tax return, and an excise tax
	returns (motor fuel, alcohol, and
	tobacco). There isn't an extension
	of time to pay to the department -
	withholding deposit reports, sales
	and use taxes, and excise tax returns
	(motor fuel, alcohol, and tobacco).
	Interest will be imposed during the
1	

one-month extension period at a rate

Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus

WI DOR Press Release on April 15 Quieter than Usual (4/15/20)

"April 15 is Quieter This Year with Tax Filing Deadline Moved to July 15

Under normal circumstances today would be a very busy day at the Wisconsin Department of Revenue as last-minute filers would be scrambling to meet the April 15th deadline, but this year is different – very different. It is a little quieter at the Department of Revenue today because last month both federal and Wisconsin income tax payment and return due dates were automatically extended to July 15, 2020. Wisconsin law automatically extends time and waives interest and penalties for taxpayers due to a presidentially declared disaster.

• Tax filers do not have to file any extension forms to be eligible for this new due date. • There is no limit on the amount of payment to be postponed, and there are no income exclusions. • This applies to individuals, trusts, estates, partnerships, associations, companies or corporations. • This relief is solely for income tax payments, estimated income tax payments and returns due April 15, 2020. • There will be no interest or penalty for the period of April 15, 2020 to July 15, 2020. • Interest, penalties, and underpayment interest for failure to make quarterly estimated tax payments with respect to such postponed federal income tax filings and payments will begin to accrue on July 16, 2020.

"Roughly, two thirds of taxpayers have already filed their tax returns, and most have received refunds, averaging over \$720," noted Department of Revenue Secretary Peter Barca. "Even though the deadline has been extended, we encourage taxpayers to not wait until July. Even if you owe, you can file now and pay by July 15. The advantage of filing sooner is that you reduce the risk of someone else fraudulently filing with your information."

The Wisconsin Department of Revenue notes that most services are found online at www.revenue.wi.gov

Customer service phone numbers:

• Individuals: (608) 266-2486 • Businesses: (608) 266-2776 For the most up-to-date information on COVID-19 in the Wisconsin www.wisconsin.gov/covid19." (4/15/20)

WI DOR Press Release on Extended Deadlines (4/13/20)

"Department of Revenue Moves Deadlines More existing deadlines between April 1 and July 15, have been moved to July 15

Other Information

The law also allows localities to waive interest and penalties for property tax installment payments due and payable after April 1 through Oct. 1. County boards need to adopt a resolution authorizing waivers and establish a general or case-by-case find of hardship, according to the law's text. Evers, in his package, had proposed letting municipalities allow taxpayers three or more installments to pay their 2020 property taxes.

The Department of Revenue's secretary is allowed to waive interest and penalties for general fund and transportation fund taxes that accrue during the health emergency if the due date falls within that period and the person's failure to pay on time is determined to be a result of the pandemic, according to the law.

Municipalities are allowed to publish a notice that the boards of review for property tax assessment can adjourn regardless of whether the 2020 assessment roll is complete, according to bill text.

Under current law, municipal boards of review are required to hear objections to local property tax assessments in the 45-day period beginning in April, but no sooner than the seven days after the property tax assessment roll is open for public review.

The law also removes a restriction on filing claims unless a taxpayer has paid their property taxes on time. Under the new law, the restriction does not apply to taxes due and payable in 2020 if paid by Oct. 1 or by any installment date on which the taxes are due after Oct. 1.

Representatives for Evers, Vos and Roth did not not immediately respond to requests for comment Thursday." (4/16/20)

of one percent. The economic		
impact payment from the federal CARES Act (P.L. 116-136) is not taxable for federal or Wisconsin income tax purposes.)	The Wisconsin Department of Revenue announced that more filing and payment deadline dates will conform with recently released IRS Notice 2020-23, which makes it easier for taxpayers to comply. This notice automatically moves deadlines for filings and payments due between April 1, 2020 and July 15,2020 to July 15, 2020. The Wisconsin Department of Revenue has updated information to reflect this most recent deadline change. Find it at: <a href="https://www.revenue.wi.gov/Pages/TaxPro/2020/TaxDeadlinesExtendedCOVID.pdf">https://www.revenue.wi.gov/Pages/TaxPro/2020/TaxDeadlinesExtendedCOVID.pdf</a>	WI DOR website and WI DOR COVID-19 website: (3/20/20) "COVID-19 Information and Announcements  • DOR encourages the use of online services whenever possible  • All TCE and most VITA sites are closed
	"As we wait for the Wisconsin Legislature to act, it is helpful in the meantime to see the IRS and the Wisconsin Department of Revenue shift these additional deadlines to ease some of the burden individual and business taxpayers are feeling right now," stated Governor Tony Evers. Summary of the new guidance:	The IRS has launched a web page focused on steps to help taxpayers, businesses and others affected by the coronavirus <a href="https://www.irs.gov/coronavirus">https://www.irs.gov/coronavirus</a> "Serving Wisconsin taxpayers is our priority,
	• Extensions for Filing Returns o Income/franchise and pass-through withholding returns due on or after April 1, 2020, and before July 15, 2020 are extended to July 15, 2020 • Extensions for Return Payments o Income/franchise and pass-through withholding tax due on or after April 1, 2020, and before July 15, 2020, will not accrue interest or penalties until July 16, 2020 • Waiver of Underpayment Interest (UPI) on Estimated Payments o UPI will not apply to income/franchise and pass-through withholding returns with a tax year ending on December 31, 2019, or returns that are due on or after April 1, 2020 and before July 15, 2020 • Extensions for Estimated Payments of Income/Franchise and Pass-Through Withholding Tax o Estimated payments due on or after April 1, 2020, and before July 15, 2020 are extended to July 15, 2020. Note: 1st quarter estimated payments are generally due April 15, 2020, and 2nd quarter estimated payments are generally due June 15, 2020. • Federal economic impact payments are not taxable for federal or Wisconsin income tax purposes. The IRS will not use the payment to pay federal or state tax debts but will use it to pay past due child support payments that the states have reported to the IRS (Treasury Offset Program Bulletin 2020-8).  "It is a very good thing that the IRS has now provided certainty on this issue of estimated quarterly payments," said Department of Revenue Secretary Peter Barca. "In this time of crisis, we at the Wisconsin Department of Revenue will continue to do whatever we can to assist individuals and small businesses."  The Wisconsin Department of Revenue notes that most services are found online at www.revenue.wi.gov	but when health issues arise, we must adjust our services to best protect the safety and well being of everyone involved. Please check here for the most up-to-date information on COVID-19 in Wisconsin. Please check here for COVID-19 announcements specific to the Department of Revenue."

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		• Individuals: (608) 266-2486 • Businesses: (608) 266-2776 For the most	
		up-to-date information on COVID-19 in the Wisconsin	
		www.wisconsin.gov/covid19." (4/13/20)	
		WI DOR Guidance Document Number: 100262 on extended filing	
		<u>deadlines</u> (4/10/20)	
		"Wisconsin Tax Return Due Dates and Payments This is a proposed	
		guidance document. The document has been submitted to the Legislative	
		Reference Bureau for publication in the Administrative Register for	
		public comment as provided by sec. 227.112(1), Wis. Stats.	
		This guidance document provides information about the effect of	
		Internal Revenue Service (IRS) Notice 2020- 18 and 2020-23 issued as a	
		result of the COVID–19 pandemic. See the IRS common questions for more information.	
		1. Is Wisconsin following the extended due dates for filing tax returns	
		as provided in the IRS notices?	
		Yes, federal extensions provided in the IRS notices may be used for	
		Wisconsin income and franchise tax and pass-through withholding tax	
		purposes. For returns that are due on or after April 1, 2020, and before	
		July 15, 2020, regardless if it is the original or extended due date, the	
		due date is extended to July 15, 2020. See the chart below for tax return	
		due dates.	
		2. Is Wisconsin postponing interest and penalties as a result of the	
		extended due dates?	
		Yes, unpaid income and franchise taxes and pass-through withholding	
		taxes due on or after April 1, 2020 and before July 15, 2020, will not	
		accrue interest or penalties until July 16, 2020 (see the chart below for	
		tax return due dates). See questions 4 and 5 below regarding	
		underpayment interest (UPI) on estimated taxes.	
		3. Is additional time allowed to file a homestead credit claim?	
		No, the deadline to file a 2015 homestead credit claim is April 15, 2020	
		and the deadline to file a 2019 homestead credit claim is April 15, 2024.	
		4. How do the federal extended due dates affect underpayment interest	
		(UPI) on estimated taxes?	
		For Wisconsin purposes, no UPI will apply to any estimated tax	
		payments due for the period of a return if any of the following apply:	
		• The return has a taxable year ending December 31, 2019. • The return	
		is a fiscal-year or short-period return with an original or extended federal	
		due date on or after April 1, 2020 and before July 15, 2020.	
		This applies to income and franchise tax returns and pass-through	
		withholding tax returns (Forms 1, 1NPR, 2, 3, 4, 4T, 5S, 6 and PW-1).	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		5. Is Wisconsin extending estimated income/franchise and pass-through	
		withholding tax payments due on and after April 1, 2020 and before July	
		15, 2020?	
		Yes, any estimated payment that is due on or after April 1, 2020 and	
		before July 15, 2020 is extended to July 15, 2020.	
		6. If I scheduled an income/franchise tax or pass-through withholding	
		tax payment for April 15, 2020, can I move the scheduled payment to July 15, 2020?	
		You may call the department at 608-266-2772 to cancel your scheduled	
		payment. The department cannot reschedule payments, but you can do	
		so online at https://tap.revenue.wi.gov/pay/.	
		7. Does an extension apply for contributions to a Wisconsin college	
		savings account?	
		No, contributions to a Wisconsin college savings account must be made	
		by April 15, 2020 to qualify for the 2019 Wisconsin income tax return subtraction.	
		8. Does an extension apply for contributions to an Individual Retirement Account (IRA)?	
		Yes, contributions to an IRA for 2019 must be made by the due date for	
		filing your income tax return. Since this date has been postponed to July	
		15, 2020, the date for making contributions to an IRA is also postponed to July 15, 2020.	
		9. Does an extension apply for contributions to a health savings account (HSA) or Archer medical savings account (MSA)?	
		Yes, contributions to an HSA or Archer MSA for 2019 must be made by	
		the due date for filing your income tax return. Since this date has been	
		postponed to July 15, 2020, the date for making contributions to an HSA	
		or Archer MSA is also postponed to July 15, 2020.	
		10. Is there an extension to file and pay withholding deposit reports	
		(WT-6)?	
		You may request a one-month extension to file a withholding deposit	
		report. Request an extension before the unextended due date of the	
		report through My Tax Account or by emailing	
		DORRegistration@wisconsin.gov. The email request must include the	
		taxpayer's name, address, identification number, and the reporting	
		period for which the extension is requested.	
		There isn't an extension of time to pay withholding deposit reports to	
		the department. Interest will be imposed during the one-month extension	
		period at a rate of one percent.  11. Is there an extension to file and pay sales and use tax returns?	
		You may request a one-month extension to file a sales and use tax	
		return. Request an extension before the unextended due date of the	
		return through My Tax Account or by emailing	
		DORRegistration@wisconsin.gov. The email request must include the	
		1 2 3 1 1 1 2 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	I .

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
State	Guidance/Date	taxpayer's name, address, identification number, and the reporting period for which the extension is requested.  There isn't an extension of time to pay sales and use taxes to the department. Interest will be imposed during the one-month extension period at a rate of one percent.  12. Is there an extension to file and pay excise tax returns (motor fuel, alcohol, and tobacco)?  You may request a one-month extension to file an excise tax return. Request an extension before the unextended due date of the return through My Tax Account or by emailing  DORExciseTaxpayerAssistance@wisconsin.gov. The email request must include the taxpayer's name, address, identification number, and the reporting period for which the extension is requested.  There isn't an extension of time to pay excise taxes to the department. Interest will be imposed during the one-month extension period at a rate of one percent.  13. Is the federal economic impact payment or stimulus payment taxable?  The payment from the federal CARES Act (P.L. 116-136) is not taxable for federal or Wisconsin income tax purposes.  14. Will the IRS intercept my federal economic impact payment to pay my federal or state debts?  The IRS will not use your federal economic impact payment to pay federal or state tax debts but will use it to pay past due child support payments that the states have reported to the IRS (Treasury Offset Program Bulletin 2020-8).  15. How can I check the status of my Wisconsin refund?  Check the status of your refund at https://www.revenue.wi.gov/Pages/Apps/TaxReturnStatus.aspx.  Updated Due Dates for 2019 Wisconsin Tax Returns The following chart provides updated 2019 calendar-year Wisconsin tax return due dates as a result of IRS Notices:  Form Due Date Extended Due Date Form 1: Individual Income Tax Return July 15, 2020 October 15, 2020* Form 1NPR: Nonresident and Part-Year Resident Individual Income Tax Return for Estates and Trusts July 15, 2020 September 15, 2020 Form 1CNP: Composite Individual Income	Other Information

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		2021** Form 4T: Exempt Employee's Trust, IRA, MSA Fiduciary	
		Income Tax Return for Estates and Trusts July 15, 2020 October 15,	
		2020* Form 4T: Exempt Non-Employee's Trust, IRA, MSA Fiduciary	
		Income Tax Return for Estates and Trusts July 15, 2020 December 15,	
		2020* Form 5S: Tax-Option (S) Corporation Franchise or Income Tax	
		Return March 16, 2020 October 15, 2020** Form 1CNS: Composite	
		Wisconsin Individual Income Tax Return for Nonresident Tax-Option	
		(S) Corporation Shareholders July 15, 2020 October 15, 2020* Form	
		PW-1: Partnerships – Nonresident Income or Franchise Tax Withholding	
		on Pass-Through Entity Income March 16, 2020 October 15, 2020**	
		Form PW-1: Tax-Option (S) Corporation – Nonresident Income or	
		Franchise Tax Withholding on Pass-Through Entity Income March 16,	
		2020 October 15, 2020** Form PW-1: Estates and Trusts – Nonresident	
		Income or Franchise Tax Withholding on Pass-Through Entity Income	
		July 15, 2020 February 15, 2021**  * Purpount to see 71.02(7) Wie State systemsion of time to file returns	
		* Pursuant to sec. 71.03(7), Wis. Stats., extension of time to file returns of natural persons and fiduciaries is subject to the time granted by the	
		Internal Revenue Service (IRS). The extended due dates provided are	
		based on the IRS extended due dates as of April 9, 2020. ** Pursuant to	
		secs. 71.24(7)(a) and 71.775(4)(bm)1., Wis. Stats., corporations and	
		pass-through withholding tax returns are granted an automatic seven-	
		month extension.	
		pplicable Laws and Rules	
		This document provides statements or interpretations of the following	
		laws and regulations in effect as of April 10, 2020: Chapters 71, 77, 78,	
		and 139, Wis. Stats., and secs. Tax 4.001, 7.001, 8.001, and 9.001, Wis.	
		Adm. Code.	
		Laws enacted and in effect after April 10, 2020, new administrative	
		rules, and court decisions may change the interpretations in this	
		document. Guidance issued prior to April 10, 2020, that is contrary to	
		the information in this document is superseded by this document,	
		pursuant to sec. 73.16(2)(a), Wis. Stats.	
		FOR QUESTIONS OR COMMENTS CONTACT: WISCONSIN	
		DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE Customer Service Bureau PO Box	
		8949 MS 5-77 Madison, WI 53708-8949 Phone: (608) 266-2772 Fax:	
		(608) 267-1030 Email: DORIncome@wisconsin.gov	
		Guidance Document Number: 100262 Last updated April 10, 2020"	
		(4/10/20)	
		( )	
		WI DOR <u>Press Release</u> extending filing and payment until July 15	
		(3/21/20)	
		Like the IRS, Wisconsin Extends Tax Filing Deadline to July 15	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		Both federal and Wisconsin income tax payment and return due dates are automatically extended to July 15, 2020. Wisconsin law will automatically extend time and waive interest and penalties for taxpayers due to a presidentially declared disaster.  Governor Tony Evers said, "this is just one more thing we can do for Wisconsinites during this challenging time. Our main goal is to assist our citizens in any way that we can."	
		• Tax filers do not have to file any extension forms to be eligible for this new due date.	
		• There is no limit on the amount of payment to be postponed, and there are no income exclusions.	
		• This applies to individuals, trusts, estates, partnerships, associations, companies or corporations.	
		• This relief is solely for income tax payments, estimated income tax payments and returns due April 15, 2020.	
		• There will be no interest or penalty for the period of April 15, 2020 to July 15, 2020.	
		• Interest, penalties, and underpayment interest for failure to make quarterly estimated tax payments with respect to such postponed federal income tax filings and payments will begin to accrue on July 16, 2020.	
		"This is a time of great uncertainty for everyone. People are concerned and worried, and one thing they should not have to worry about right now is an April 15 tax deadline," said Department of Revenue Secretary Peter Barca.	
		"Roughly, half of all taxpayers in Wisconsin have already filed their tax returns, and most have received refunds, on average over \$700," noted Department of Revenue Secretary Peter Barca. "We are still processing returns and issuing refunds and other credits that Wisconsinites rely on such as the Homestead Credit and Earned Income Tax Credit."	
		The Wisconsin Department of Revenue notes that most services are found online at www.revenue.wi.gov Customer service phone numbers:	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		• Individuals: (608) 266-2486 • Businesses: (608) 266-2776 For the most	
		up-to-date information on COVID-19 in the Wisconsin	
		www.wisconsin.gov/covid19 ."	
Wyoming	(Note: The state does not impose a		
	personal income tax.)		
Puerto Rico	Administrative Determination No.	Administrative Determination No. 20-09 (Spanish) (English) (3/24/20)	Executive Order of the Governor (3/15/20) -
	20-09 (English) ("DA 20-09") (3/24/20)	Administrative Determination No. 20-10 (Spanish) (English) (3/24/20)	(No. OE-2020-023) requiring businesses to close until March 30. Certain businesses (in
		Administrative Determination No. 20-09 (English) ("DA 20-09")	general, those associated with food and fuel
	Administrative Determination No.	(3/24/20)	distribution, health-related services, equipment
	20-10 (English) ("DA 20-10")	Affair	and supplies, and financial institutions) are
	(3/24/20)	Deadlines for filing of returns and payment of contributions	exempted from this order. The order applies to
		administered by the Department of the Treasury as a consequence of	most governmental agencies. (3/15/20)
	Press Release - Department of the	Executive Order 2020-023	
	Treasury extends the period for the	Attention	
	filing of Informative Declarations	To All Taxpayers	The secretary recalled that <b>all Department</b>
	corresponding to the year 2019	Administrative Determination DA 20-09 03/24/2020 Internal Revenue	offices will remain closed until March 30 and
	(3/16/20) <u>see more</u>	I. Statement of Reasons	urged taxpayers to carry out their transactions
	Press Release - Department of the	On March 12, 2020, the Governor of Puerto Rico ("Governor") issued	online through the portal
	Treasury extends the date for filing	Executive Order No. OE-2020-020 ("OE 2020-020"), in which she	www.suri.hacienda.pr.gov.
	the Income Tax Return for the year	declared Puerto Rico in a state of emergency before the imminent	New online services include requesting debt
	2019 by one month	Coronavirus (Covid-19) impact on our island. Said Executive Order requires all agencies of the government of Puerto Rico to implement all	certifications and filing of returns, return status of returns, request for approval of payment
	(3/15/2020) see more	those measures necessary to prevent and control the spread of this virus	plans automatically, making multiple payments
	(3/13/2020) <u>see mere</u>	and protect the well-being of all residents of Puerto Rico, and directs the	(eg, estimated, deferred, extension, among
	(April 15 – passthroughs – extend	agencies to attend to this emergency with the promptness and efficiency	others), request for an extension to file the
	filing and payment and estimated	it deserves.	income tax return, sending evidence of returns
	tax originally due March 15.)	Pursuant to the provisions of OE 2020-020, the Department of the	(if applicable) and filing and amending returns.
		Treasury ("Department") issued Administrative Determination No. 20-	• Publications
	(May 15 – information returns – no	03 ("DA 20-03"), which establishes that all Income Tax Return	Tax Return, Forms and Schedules
	penalty for Informative Declarations	("Return") whose original expiration date or expiration date of a Request	Tax Calendar
	corresponding to the year 2019, as	for Extension ("Extension") duly filed outside Monday, March 16, 2020	Virtual Press Room
	long as the filing is completed in	was automatically postponed until Wednesday, April 15, 2020. Likewise	• Economic information
	SURI (the electronic portal) no later	, DA 20-03 establishes that all Payroll or Extension whose due date was	Taxpayer Rights
	than May 15, 2020.)	Wednesday, April 15, 2020, was postponed until Friday, May 15, 2020.	• Government agencies
	4. 15. 6	At the same time, income tax payments were postponed. that are	• Contact Us
	(June 15 – for income tax returns	accompanied by said Tax Returns or Extensions. In addition, it was	Department of Finance
	with original or extended due dates	extended until Friday, May 15, 2020, the estimated tax deadline whose	Tel: (787) 622-0123; For payments call (787)
	of 3/15 and 3/16 – waive penalties	original due date is April 15, 2020.	620-2323, Option 2
	and interest and surcharges. Returns	Subsequently, on March 15, 2020, the Governor of Puerto Rico	PO Box 9024140, San Juan, PR 00902-4140
	with an original or extended date of March 15, 2020: The deadline to	("Governor") issued Executive Order No. OE-2020-023 ("OE 2020-	
	submit the return without the	023"), which establishes a curfew, starting from from 9:00 pm on March	Press Release - Department of the Treasury
	imposition of interest, surcharges,	15, 2020, thus ordering all individuals in Puerto Rico to remain in their	reports the closure of operations and the
	imposition of interest, surcharges,	homes for a period of 14 days and limiting the use of public roads,	reports the crossic of operations that the

State Guidance/Date and penalties will be June 15, 2020. This includes any return with a due date that was postponed to March 16, 2020, by PRTD Internal Revenue Informative Bulletin No. 20-02 and the PRTD Internal Revenue Circular Letter No. 20-02. No penalties will be imposed for the lack or insufficiency of the first and second installment of the estimated tax payment applicable to individuals and corporations for tax year 2020. The PRTD is waiving the income tax withholding requirement on payments from Monday, March 23, 2020, through Tuesday, June 30, 2020. This total waiver will apply for all payments for services, regardless of whether the recipient of the payment currently has another withholding waiver. Note that the recipient of the payment may request the withholding agent to continue withholding the income tax as waived by this provision.)

(July 15 - Returns with an original or extended due date of April 15, 2020 or May 15, 2020 or June 15, 2020. The deadline to submit the return without the imposition of interest, surcharges and penalties will be July 15, 2020. Returns with an original or extended due date of May 15, 2020 or June 15, 2020: The deadline to submit the return without the imposition of interest, surcharges, and penalties will be July 15, 2020.)

(June - for March and April 2020 original other returns due;

#### Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus

except in certain instances. In addition, OE 2020-023 decrees a closure of government operations, as well as the closure of all businesses in Puerto Rico from 6:00 pm on March 15, 2020 until March 30, 2020 ("Closing Total").

In order to avoid unreasonable setbacks to taxpayers regarding the fulfillment of their tax responsibilities, and in accordance with the objective of OE 2020-023, the Department issued Administrative Determination No. 20-05 ("DA 20-05") to extend by one month the filing and payment dates related to the Sales and Use Tax whose due dates are during the Total Closing period and to extend by one month the expiration date to file all those returns, declarations and forms, as well as all payments or deposits of all other contributions administered by the Department whose due dates are between March 15, 2020 and April 15, 2020. DA 20-05, in addition, extends the date by one month. for the renewal of internal revenue bonds or licenses whose expiration dates are between March 15 to 31, 2020. In addition, the Internal Revenue Information Bulletin No. 20-08 ("BI RI 20-08") to extend the period without penalties for filing the Informative Declarations for the year 2019 until April 15, 2020, in the face of the emergency caused by COVID-19.

The coronavirus outbreak has generated economic consequences that shake world commodity markets and disrupt supply networks that act as the mainstay of the world economy. Puerto Rico is not the exception. The 14-day Total Closure puts the country on a hiatus where all commercial activity stops, directly affecting all businesses and individuals.

The Department has a supervisory function and is entrusted with ensuring the collection of contributions imposed by the Puerto Rico Internal Revenue Code of 2011, as amended ("Code"). However, this function must be carried out in a comprehensive and coordinated manner with the executive and the legislative branch, with the public health and safety of all citizens as the north. Within this framework of action, it is imperative to fulfill the function of ensuring the collection of the contributions that it administers, but in turn, in emergency situations, an agile and flexible process must be ensured that allows, in emergency situations, taxpayers to meet their tax obligations.

In accordance with the foregoing, the Department issues this Administrative Determination for the purpose of amending BI RI 20-08, repealing DA 20-03 and DA 20-05 and establishing the filing period during which the Department will not impose interest, surcharges and penalties of payrolls, declarations and forms, payments and deposits that are filed with the Department due to the emergency declared by the Governor.

# **II. Statutory Base**

# Other Information

availability of online transactions and services (3/15/20)

# "All tax procedures may be carried out through SURI

The Secretary of the Department of the Treasury (DH), Francisco Parés Alicea, announced the closure of all offices until March 30 and the continuity of online services and transactions, as a preventive measure before the declaration of a state of emergency due to the Coronavirus (COVID-19) and the recent related executive orders. The measure includes the closure of the Orientation and Preparation Centers, the 360 Service Centers and all the Internal Revenue Collections.

"Given the executive order of the governor, Wanda Vázquez Garced, who established a curfew, the closure of government operations, commerce and the private sector and the declaration of a state of emergency by COVID-19, I have determined to carry out a closure preventive of all agency operations for the next two weeks. We will continue the essential operation remotely and offering online services through the Unified Internal Revenue System (SURI) and Virtual Collecting, "said the secretary.

Regarding the returns, he indicated that taxpayers can file them electronically through the suppliers certified by the Department, available on the website www.hacienda.pr.gov, in the 2019 Return section. The deadline for filing the Tax Return on Income 2019 was extended until May 15, as well as other administrative dates. In the near future, communications will be issued about other transactions whose expiration dates fall during the closing period and which have not yet been extended.

"We will continue with the processing of payrolls and the payment of reimbursements as they are completed automatically through our State Guidance/Date July for May and June 2020 original other returns due; waive interest, penalties, surcharges – for original returns due for other tax returns, forms, and tax payments that are not related to income tax, sales and use tax, or excise tax pursuant to Subtitle C of the Puerto Rico tax code, the taxes on alcoholic beverages established Subtitle E of the tax code, as well as the special tax on foreign corporations established under Law No. 154 of October 25, 2010 or information returns. There will be no imposition of interest, surcharges, and penalties, as long as these "other tax returns" are filed by the deadlines set forth. Other tax returns with due dates during the months of May and June 2020—it will be understood the return is timely filed if it is submitted no later than the same due date, but during the month of July 2020.)

#### Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus

Section 6080.12 (c) of the Code empowers the Secretary of the Treasury ("Secretary") to extend the deadline for the payment of all types of contributions, as well as the filing of any return or declaration required under the Code, to taxpayers who have been affected by reason of a disaster declared by the Governor of Puerto Rico.

Furthermore, pursuant to the provisions of Sections 1061.03 (c), 1061.04 (c), 1061.06 (c), 1061.07 (c), 1061.09 (b) (4) and 1061.16 (a) (2) of the Code, will grant taxpayers an extension to file income tax forms, provided that said taxpayers comply with those rules and regulations promulgated by the Secretary for the granting of said extension.

In addition, Section 1061.17 (c) of the Code empowers the Secretary to extend the term for the payment of the amount determined as a contribution by the taxpayer, or any term thereof, for a term not to exceed six (6) months from the prescribed date for the payment of the contribution or any term thereof.

Regarding the imposition of penalties, Section 6030.11 of the Code establishes a penalty for failing to file any return or statement required by any Subtitle of the Code. Likewise, Sections 6041.01, 6041.04, 6041.05, 6041.06, 6041.07, 6041.08, 6041.11, 6041.12, 6041.13, 6042.15, 6043.04, and 6043.05 of the Code, impose penalties for failing to render or stop paying or depositing the contributions administered by the Department. However, the Secretary has the power to exempt from the penalties mentioned in said sections, totally or partially, as long as it is demonstrated that there is reasonable cause, due to circumstances beyond the control of the taxpayer, for the delay in making the payment or delay in filing the return, form or declaration.

# III. Determination

The Department determines to repeal DA 20-03 and DA 20-05 and establish the non-applicability of interest, surcharges and penalties for filing the forms, payments and deposits of contributions administered by the Department, as long as they are filed no later than the following deadlines:

# A. Sales and Use Tax ("IVU")

In the case of payrolls and payments related to the SUT, the Department determines the non-imposition of interest, surcharges and penalties as long as the following deadlines are met:

Monthly Sales and Use Tax Return, Form Form SC 2915, ("Monthly Return of IVU") - the deadline for filing this return and the corresponding payment, for the periods of February, March, April and May 2020 will be the following: (i) February to April 20, 2020; (ii) March to May 20, 2020; (iii) April until June 22, 2020 and (iv) May until July 20, 2020.

# Other Information

digital SURI platform," said the Minister of Finance.

Parés Alicea, urged all taxpayers to carry out their transactions online through the portal www.suri.hacienda.pr.gov. He recalled that the new online services include requesting debt certifications and filing of returns, return status of returns, request for approval of payment plans automatically, make multiple payments (eg, estimated, deferred, extension, among others), request for an extension to file the income tax return, sending evidence of returns (if applicable) and filing and amending returns. On the other hand, the merchandise entry operation at the docks, pursuant to the executive order, will continue as usual. The authorized merchants or importers may make their declarations and obtain the corresponding release through SURI. "We will have assigned personnel to attend to requests and any situation that may arise at the docks," he added. For additional information, you can access the website www.hacienda.pr.gov and follow the official accounts on Twitter and Facebook: @DptoHacienda."

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		Monthly Import Tax Return, Form Form SC 2915D, ("Monthly	
		Import Return") - the deadline for filing this return and the	
		corresponding payment for the periods of March and April	
		2020 will be as follows: (i) March until May 10, 2020; (ii)	
		April to June 10, 2020 and (iii) May to July 10, 2020.	
		Biweekly IVU Payments - the Department determines that it	
		will not impose penalties for non-compliance with the Biweekly	
		IVU Payments for the months of March, April, May and June	
		2020, as long as the total of the IVU owed for said months is	
		paid in full with the filing of the Monthly Schedule of IVU of	
		said periods.	
		B. Income Tax Return ("Return")  The Department notifies the non-imposition of interest gamelonges	
		The Department notifies the non-imposition of interest, surcharges and penalties as long as the Income Tax Return ("Return") and the	
		payment of the tax owed with said return are submitted on the	
		deadlines indicated below:	
		Returns whose original expiration date or expiration date of an	
		extension duly submitted for said return is March 15, 2020 - the	
		deadline to submit said return without the imposition of interest,	
		surcharges and penalties will be June 15, 2020. The foregoing	
		includes any return whose expiration date was postponed to	
		March 16, 2020 prior to the publication of DA 20-03, specifically	
		by the Internal Revenue Information Bulletin No. 20-02 and the	
		Internal Revenue Circular Letter No 20-02.	
		Returns whose original expiration date or expiration date of an	
		extension duly submitted for said return is April 15, 2020 - the	
		deadline to submit said return without the imposition of interest,	
		surcharges and penalties will be July 15, 2020.	
		• Tax returns whose original expiration date or expiration date of an extension duly submitted for said return is May 15, 2020 or	
		June 15, 2020 - the deadline to submit said return without the	
		imposition of interest, surcharges and penalties will be on July	
		15, 2020.	
		In addition, the Department determines the non-imposition of	
		interest, surcharges and penalties for those tax payments that must	
		be included with the Returns, as long as said payments are made on	
		the deadlines established in this Part III.B.	
		Any taxpayer who wishes to submit an Application for Extension to file	
		the Return ("Extension"), may do so and it will be understood that the	
		Extension was submitted on time as long as it is filed through SURI no	
		later than the deadlines. established in this Part III.B.	
		C. Disclosure Statements	
		In relation to the Informative Declarations corresponding to the	
		year 2019, the filing deadline established in the Internal Revenue	

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		Information Bulletin No. 20-08 ("BI RI 20-08") is amended to	
		submit said Informative Declarations without the imposition of	
		penalties, to grant an additional month. That is, the Department	
		will not impose penalties regarding the filing of Informative	
		Declarations corresponding to the year 2019, as long as the filing is	
		completed in SURI no later than May 15, 2020.	
		D. Other Tax Returns, Forms and tax payments	
		In the case of those returns, declarations, forms, transactions and	
		payments of all other contributions administered by the Department	
		that are not related to income tax, IVU, excise taxes established in	
		Subtitle C of the Code, the taxes on alcoholic beverages established	
		Subtitle E of the Code, as well as the special tax on foreign	
		corporations established under Law No. 154 of October 25, 2010	
		("Law 154-2010") or Informative Declarations, ("Other Tax	
		Returns"), determines the no imposition of interest, surcharges and penalties, as long as these Other Tax Returns are submitted on the	
		deadlines set forth below:	
		Other Returns whose original due dates are during the	
		months of March and April 2020, will be understood to be	
		filed on time if they are submitted no later than the same	
		due date, but during the month of June 2020. As an example,	
		if the original due date is March 15, 2020 - the deadline to	
		submit said return without the imposition of interest, surcharges	
		and penalties will be June 15, 2020. If the original due date is	
		April 30, 2020, the deadline to file without the imposition of	
		interest surcharges and penalties will be June 30 and so with the	
		other transactions that are processed with the Department	
		whose original maturities are during the months of May, March	
		and April.	
		<ul> <li>Other Returns whose due dates are during the months of</li> </ul>	
		May and June 2020, shall be understood to be filed on time	
		if they are submitted no later than the same due date, but	
		during the month of July 2020. That is, if the date of	
		expiration is May 10 or June 10, the deadline to file without the	
		imposition of interest surcharges and penalties, will be July 10.	
		In the case of Other Returns whose maturity date is May 15 or	
		June 15, the deadline to file will be July 15 and so with other	
		transactions that are processed with the Department whose	
		original maturities are during the months of May and June.	
		In addition, the Department determines the non-imposition of interest,	
		surcharges and penalties for those tax payments that must be	
		included with the Other Returns, as long as said payments are made on the deadlines established in this Part III.C.	
		on the deadlines established in this Part III.C.	1

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		It should be noted that the provisions of this Administrative	
		Determination will not apply to transactions, declarations, payrolls	
		and payments related to the taxes established in Subtitle C of the	
		Code, the taxes on alcoholic beverages established in Subtitle e of the	
		Code, as well as the arbitration special to foreign corporations	
		established under Law No. 154 of October 25, 2010 ("Law 154-	
		2010") Therefore, the declarations or returns must be submitted and	
		the corresponding payments sent to the Department on the dates	
		established by the Code and Law 154-2010, respectively.	
		E. Bonds before the Department  The Department determines that any hand with an expiration date	
		The Department determines that any bond with an expiration date between March 15, 2020 and April 30, 2020 is automatically	
		extended until May 31, 2020.	
		Internal Revenue Licenses	
		The Department determines that all internal revenue licenses that	
		have an expiration date between March 15, 2020 and April 30, 2020	
		are automatically extended until May 31, 2020.	
		****	
		Any return, declaration, form, payment or deposit made by taxpayers	
		within the term established in this Administrative Determination will be	
		considered as filed on time and the Department will not impose interest,	
		surcharges and penalties.	
		IV. Validity	
		The provisions of this Administrative Determination shall be effective	
		immediately.	
		For additional information related to the provisions of this	
		Administrative Determination, you can send a message through your SURI account."	
		SUKI account.	
		"Administrative Determination No. 20-10 (English) ("DA 20-10")	
		(3/24/20)	
		Affair	
		Measures to address the cash flow of taxpayers and merchants in the	
		emergency situation caused by Covid-19	
		Attention	
		To all Taxpayers and Merchants	
		Administrative Determination DA 20-10 03/24/2020 Internal Revenue	
		I. Statement of Reasons	
		On March 15, 2020, the Governor of Puerto Rico ("Governor") issued	
		Executive Order No. OE-2020-023 ("OE 2020-023") establishing a	
		curfew, starting at 9:00 pm on March 15, 2020, ordering all individuals	
		in Puerto Rico to remain in their homes for a period of 14 days and	
		limiting the use of public roads, except in certain instances. In addition,	
		said order decrees a closure of government operations, as well as the	

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		closure of all businesses in Puerto Rico from 6:00 pm on March 15, 2020 until March 30, 2020 ("Total Closure").  Following OE 2020-023, all offices of the Department of the Treasury ("Department") will remain closed until March 30, 2020. However, the services that are provided electronically through the Unified Revenue System Internas ("SURI") and the other electronic platforms, as well as the certified programs for the electronic filing of income tax returns for individuals and corporations will continue to operate normally. For this reason, given the economic challenges that taxpayers may face on the island as a result of the impact of COVID-19, the Department anticipates a potential difficulty for some taxpayers and merchants to fulfill their economic responsibilities, including making contribution payments. administered by the Department.	
		In accordance with the foregoing, the Department issues this Administrative Determination with the purpose of establishing the following cash flow relief measures to taxpayers and merchants affected by the emergency due to COVID-19: (i) report the non-applicability of the penalty for failure to pay the first installment of the estimated tax for taxable year 2020; (ii) temporarily relieve withholding agents from withholding the tax on income at source on payments for services rendered; (iii) temporarily withdraw the requirement to pay Sales and Use Tax ("IVU") on the import or purchase of taxable items for resale to all merchants who have a valid Reseller Certificate; (iv) allow taxpayers to request that, those refunds that have been requested for payments in excess of tax on income and taxes and that are pending payment by the Department, as well as the accumulated and unused credit for the paid SUT In the importation of taxable items for resale and that could not be used, they may be credited to other contributions owed to the Department, and (v) allow installment payment agreements of the income tax for the 2019 taxable year.	
		Pursuant to Article 3 of Reorganization Plan No. 3 of June 22, 1994, as amended ("Plan"), the Department is entrusted with collaborating and advising the Governor and the Legislative Assembly in formulating the policy. public, whose execution must be implemented in a comprehensive and coordinated manner under the supervision of the Secretary of the Treasury ("Secretary"). In turn, the Secretary is responsible for coordinating and supervising the administration of the Department's programs, functions, and operational components, as well as the development and approval of regulations, rules, and procedures of general application. Likewise, Section 6051.11 of the 2011 Puerto Rico Internal Revenue Code, as amended ("Code"), authorizes the Secretary to promulgate the rules and regulations necessary for compliance with	

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		the Code, including those that are necessary by reason of any alteration	
		of the law in relation to the contributions imposed by the Code.	
		On the other hand, Section 6080.12 of the Code empowers the Secretary	
		to exempt from the payment of taxes, the payment of SUT and extend	
		the deadlines to carry out certain contributory actions due to disasters	
		declared by the Governor. For these purposes, it is considered a	
		declared disaster when the issuance of the emergency declaration by the	
		Governor has the consequence that the residents of the declared area are	
		eligible to receive aid under the various assistance programs of the	
		government of Puerto Rico or the government. federal.	
		A. Estimated Payment Requirement for Individuals and	
		Corporations	
		Sections 1061.20 and 1061.21 of the Code establish the requirement of	
		the payment of estimated tax to individuals and Section 1061.23 of the	
		Code establish the requirement of the payment of estimated tax to those	
		corporations that are taxed as a regular corporation.	
		In the case of individuals, Section 6041.09 of the Code imposes a	
		penalty of 10% for non-payment of an estimated tax term or for making	
		an incomplete payment. In addition, Section 6041.10 of the Code	
		imposes a similar penalty for failure to pay or underpayment of an	
		estimated tax term required by a corporation. Both sections empower	
		the Secretary not to impose said penalties when the lack or insufficient	
		payment is due to reasonable cause.	
		B. Withholding tax on payments for services rendered	
		Section 1062.03 (g) (4) of the Code empowers the Secretary to relieve,	
		in whole or in part, the withholding agent to carry out the withholding	
		provided in Section 1062.03 of the Code, at the request of the taxpayer	
		or when the Secretary himself determines, that The obligation of said	
		section will cause undue setbacks, without leading to any practical	
		purpose, since the amounts thus withheld will have to be reimbursed to	
		the taxpayers, or because said withholding will be excessive.	
		C. IVU Payment Requirement on the importation and	
		purchase of taxable items for resale	
		Section 4030.01 of the Code empowers the Secretary to establish by	
		regulation or otherwise, conditions regarding the granting of IVU	
		payment exemption certificates.	
		For its part, Section 4050.04 (c) of the Code allows any person duly	
		registered as a merchant to acquire taxable items to resell and be a	
		Reseller, as said term is defined in Section 4010.01 (ww) of the Code, to	
		request a Certificate Reseller. Said certificate authorizes the merchant to	
		claim a credit for the amount paid for IVU in the purchase or	
		introduction of taxable items for resale, subject to the limits established	
		in Section 4050.04 (a) of the Code.	

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		On the other hand, Section 6054.01 (a) of the Code establishes certain	
		powers for the Secretary to administer the provisions of Subtitle D of the	
		Code related to the SUT. In particular, paragraph (11) of said section	
		empowers the Secretary to reasonably extend the term established by	
		Subtitle D of the Code for the performance of any duty or obligation, or	
		to take action under a conditional exemption or otherwise if, at In his	
		judgment, the imposition of the restricted term would imply an undue	
		penalty or setback within the circumstances of each case, and when the	
		granting of the expansion does not compromise the best interests of the Government of Puerto Rico, nor when there is any indication of	
		negligence on the part of the taxpayer.	
		D. Application of Refunds and Excess Payments against other contributions	
		Section 6021.02 (a) (1) of the Code allows the Secretary to credit an	
		overpayment of income tax, at the request of the taxpayer or at the	
		Secretary's own initiative, against any other tax imposed by the Code.	
		In the case of excess payments of taxes under Subtitle C of the Code,	
		Section 6022.01 (e) of the Code empowers the Secretary, when he	
		declares a request for refund or credit for taxes paid by a taxpayer, the	
		Secretary shall verify if said taxpayer has any taxable debt due under the	
		Code and will credit said debt the corresponding amount as refund. If	
		there is more than one taxable debt payable, the Secretary will apply the	
		reimbursement to the debts in strict order of maturity, starting with the oldest.	
		Likewise, Section 6023.04 of the Code grants authority to the Secretary	
		to credit those taxes on alcoholic beverages that result from	
		investigations or settlements in the manner it deems convenient and	
		appropriate. In addition, Section 6053.01 of the Code gives the	
		Secretary the authority to approve those rules and regulations necessary	
		to give effect to Subtitle E of the Code.	
		In the case of IVU payment credits for the importation of taxable items	
		for resale, Section 4050.04 (b) (2) of the Code allows the Secretary to authorize other mechanisms for the use of accumulated and unused	
		credit for concept of payment of IVU in taxable items acquired for resale	
		that a reseller merchant has, such as the refund mechanism or applying	
		to another tax imposed by the Code, when the merchant establishes to	
		the Secretary, through documentation required by the latter, his inability	
		to recover by claiming future credits in the IVU Monthly Return.	
		E. Installment Payment Agreements of the tax on income	
		taxable year 2019	
		Section 1001.01 (l) of the Code provides a mechanism for taxpayers	
		who are unable to pay the tax required by law, in full or in the time	
		provided for it, to avail themselves of a payment plan. In addition,	
		Section 6051.08 of the Code empowers the Secretary to formalize	

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		written payment agreements by means of which he undertakes to nullify	
		any determined tax and additions, including civil or criminal penalties,	
		that are applicable to a case with respect to any tax imposed. by the Code	
		or other similar and previous laws that impose contributions, before said	
		case is referred to the Department of Justice for the formulation of	
		charges.	
		III. Determination	
		The Department has the duty to ensure the collection of the	
		contributions it administers, but in turn, in emergency situations, it must	
		ensure an agile and flexible process that allows taxpayers to fulfill their	
		tax responsibilities within a reasonable period of time.	
		In order to promote a healthy tax administration regarding the laws that	
		the Department administers in the face of the emergency situation	
		caused by COVID-19, the Department issues the following	
		determinations:	
		A. Estimated Payment Requirement for Individuals and	
		Corporations	
		According to the power conferred on the Secretary in Sections 6041.09	
		and 6041.10 of the Code, the Department determines that no penalties	
		will be imposed for the lack or insufficiency of the first and second	
		installment of the estimated tax payment applicable to individuals and	
		corporations for taxable year 2020. In other words, no penalties will be	
		imposed if the payments of the first and second installment of said	
		estimated tax are not made on the date prescribed by the Code.	
		However, the amount of estimated payments that should have been	
		deposited in the first two installments of the 2020 taxable year must be	
		deposited together with the amounts to be paid in the two (2) remaining	
		installments of the estimated tax for the 2020 taxable year. Said estimate payments must be paid on the dates established by the Code and the	
		amount of estimated tax payable in these two (2) installments must	
		comply with the provisions of Section 1061.21 (a) (2) (B) of the Code in	
		the case of taxpayers who are individuals and with the provisions of	
		Section 1061.23 (c) (2) (B) of the Code in the case of corporations,	
		respectively.	
		B. Withholding tax on payments for services rendered	
		Consistent with the authority conferred on the Secretary in Section	
		1062.03 (g) (4) of the Code, the Department determines to release all	
		withholding agents from making the withholding of income tax required	
		under Section 1062.03 of the Code for all payments made since Monday.	
		, March 23 through Tuesday, June 30, 2020. This total release will apply	
		to all payments for services, regardless of whether the recipient of the	
		payment has another current withholding release.	
		It should be noted that the withholding relief provided in this	
		Administrative Determination does not exempt the recipient from the	

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		payment of his obligation to pay tax on said income in his income tax	
		return. In addition, the withholding agent must report said payments in	
		the Informative Declaration for Services Provided (Form 480.6SP) of the	
		year 2020, as applicable.	
		In the case of taxpayers who availed themselves of the Optional Tax for	
		the taxable year 2020 and obtained a Partial Release Certificate -	
		Optional Tax 6% for that year, they must ensure that they fulfill their tax	
		liability no later than the last term to pay the estimated tax for taxable year 2020.	
		However, the recipient of the payment may request the withholding	
		agent to continue withholding the income tax at the origin of the	
		payments made from Monday, March 23 to Tuesday, June 30, 2020, if	
		desired.	
		C. IVU Payment Requirement on the importation and purchase of taxable items for resale	
		Under the authority conferred on the Secretary in Section 6054.01 (a)	
		(11) of the Code, and for the purposes of achieving effective tax	
		administration in the face of the challenges faced by all businesses in	
		Puerto Rico due to the Total Closure decreed by the Governor of Puerto	
		Rico., the Department determines to grant an exemption certificate that	
		allows, during the Temporary Exemption Period set forth below, to	
		import or acquire taxable items for free resale of the payment of SUT	
		("Temporary Exemption Certificate") to all merchants who is a Reseller	
		(as said term is defined in Section 4010.01 (ww) of the Code), and that	
		at the date of publication of this Administrative Determination has a	
		Reseller Certificate issued in accordance with the provisions of Section	
		4050.04 (c) of the Code. For these purposes, the term "Temporary	
		Exemption Period" includes from Monday, April 6, 2020 until Tuesday,	
		June 30, 2020.  The Temporary Examption Cartificate will allow the Pascellar marchent	
		The Temporary Exemption Certificate will allow the Reseller merchant to import or acquire through purchase in Puerto Rico, taxable items that	
		are acquired exclusively for resale. That is, this Temporary Exemption	
		Certificate will allow the Reseller merchant to acquire inventory for	
		resale without having to pay the SUT on the import or local purchase of	
		said inventory.	
		All Reseller merchants who have their active and current Reseller	
		Certificate will automatically receive through their SURI account the	
		Temporary Exemption Certificate, which will allow them to import or	
		buy taxable items in Puerto Rico for resale during the Temporary	
		Exemption Period without the requirement to pay the SUT in such	
		transactions.	
		Any merchant who purchases taxable items for resale during the Period	
		of	
		Temporary Exemption must submit a copy of the Temporary Exemption	

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		Certificate together with the Form SC 2916, Certificate of Exempt	
		Purchases and Services Subject to the IVU-4% Special, duly completed	
		and signed from the seller to be able to acquire them free of IVU	
		payment . For these purposes, on Form SC 2916, Part II, Line 5, the	
		buyer must check box "a. Reseller".	
		In the case of the importation of taxable items for resale, the importing	
		merchant or consignee must report said taxable items for resale on line 3	
		of Form SC 2970 "Import Declaration" and of Form SC 2915 D	
		"Monthly Return Import Tax", respectively.	
		It should be noted that this Temporary Exemption Certificate does not	
		apply to imports or purchases of taxable items for use or consumption in	
		Puerto Rico.	
		D. Application of Refunds and Excess Payments against other contributions	
		The Department determines to allow all taxpayers who have an	
		overpayment, and have not requested to apply said payment to a future	
		contribution, to request to apply it to another type of contribution,	
		subject to the provisions below.	
		1. Income Tax	
		Any taxpayer who has requested a refund of income tax from any return	
		for taxable years prior to taxable year 2019 and who, on the date of	
		publication of this Administrative Determination, has not received said	
		refund, may request the application of such refund against any other	
		contribution imposed by the Code, including, but not limited to IVU, excise taxes, alcoholic beverage tax, or employer contributions.	
		Furthermore, in the case of amounts deposited in excess of income taxes	
		withheld under the provisions of Subtitle A of the Code, the withholding	
		agent may also request that said amounts deposited in excess be credited	
		against another type of tax imposed by the Code.	
		2. Excise duties	
		In the case of excess taxes paid and for which a claim for	
		reimbursement has been submitted in accordance with the provisions of	
		Section 6022.01 of the Code on which the Secretary has declared said	
		request, the taxpayer may request that said overpayment be applied to	
		another type of contribution.	
		3. Taxes on Alcoholic Beverages	
		In the case of taxes on alcoholic beverages paid in excess and for which	
		a claim for refund or credit has been submitted in accordance with the	
		provisions of Subchapter C of Chapter 2 of Subtitle F of the Code, the	
		taxpayer may request that, once approved the request for refund or	
		credit, the tax paid in excess is applied to another type of tax imposed by	
		the Code.	
		4. Credit for payment of IVU in Imports of Taxable Items for	
<u> </u>		<u>Resale</u>	

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State	Guidance/Date	Pursuant to Section 4050.04 (b) (2) of the Code, the Department determines to allow any reseller merchant to have an accumulated excess credit of SUT paid on the importation of taxable items for resale that cannot be used against sales. of future inventory, request the application of said accumulated excess credit against other contributions owed to the Department, including income tax or employer contributions.  In the near future, the Department will be issuing the rules establishing the process and the period during which taxpayers may submit the application for the application of refunds and overpayments against other contributions as established in this Part III-D.  E. Income Tax Installment Payment Agreements for Tax Year 2019  All taxpayers who have the obligation to file an income tax return for the taxable year 2019, and who, at the filing date established for it, do not have the financial resources to remit the outstanding balance that is reflected in said return, you may request to pay in installments to settle the total of said contribution ("Payment in Installments - 2019 Return"). The Installment Payment option - 2019 Return will only be available to those taxpayers who have not filed an Extension Request to File the Income Tax Return (Form SC 2644), for the 2019 taxable year. In addition, to be eligible for the Payment a Term - 2019 Return, the taxpayer must be up to date in their other tax responsibilities before the Department.  All taxpayers who request the Installment Payment - 2019 Return must commit to pay the tax due in monthly installments, pay the total amount due no later than March 31, 2021. Once the Taxpayer pays the debt according to the Installment Payment - 2019 Return, the Department will proceed to eliminate the corresponding interest, surcharges and penalties.  In the near future, the Department will be issuing the rules, terms and conditions and the application process to be followed by all taxpayers who are interested in availing themselves of the Installment Payment - Schedul	Other Information
		<u>Table of revised deadlines</u> (3/26/20)	

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		Administrative Determination 20-03 (AD 20-03) of March 13, 2020 –	
		Extension of filing period for income tax returns and its	
		corresponding payments: Various returns and payments are extended	
		as follows:	
		For pass-through entities and other taxpayers that have income tax	
		returns due during March 2020, the PRTD granted an additional	
		extension of the returns and payments until April 15, 2020 (including	
		the payments due with returns, extensions and estimated income tax due	
		on March 16, 2020).	
		For taxpayers with income tax returns due on April 15, 2020, the	
		PRTD granted an additional extension of the returns and payments	
		(including the payments due with returns, extensions and estimated	
		income tax) through May 15, 2020. Internal Revenue Circular Letter 20-20 (CC RI 20-20) of March 16,	
		2020 – Payment plans moratorium: Taxpayers that have been	
		economically affected by COVID-19 and the closure order will <b>not be</b>	
		required to follow the terms of a payment plan between the period	
		March 16, 2020, and April 30, 2020. The PRTD will not be imposing	
		interest and penalties for non-compliance with the payment plans. If	
		there is a notice for interest and penalties, the taxpayer may submit	
		a request through SURI to eliminate such charges.	
		Press Release - Department of the Treasury extends the period for the	
		filing of Informative Declarations corresponding to the year 2019	
		(3/16/20) <u>see more</u>	
		"The filing dates of IVU payrolls and payments were also postponed	
		for a month	
		The secretary of the Department of the Treasury (DH), Francisco Parés	
		Alicea, reported the <b>extension of the period of electronic filing of</b>	
		Informative Declarations corresponding to the taxable year 2019,	
		until next April 15, without the application of penalties.	
		The official announced that they also extended an additional month,	
		the filing dates and payments related to the Sales and Use Tax	
		(IVU), with due dates of March 15 and 31, 2020 and the due date to	
		file returns, declarations and forms, as well as all payments or	
		deposits of all other contributions administered by the Department,	
		whose due dates are between March 15, 2020 and April 15, 2020.	
		This extension includes the validity of all Internal Revenue bail and	
		license, whose expiration dates are between March 15 and 31, 2020,	
		until April 30.	
		"We continue evaluating all the dates and maturities of the different tax	
		commitments that citizens have with the Department, in order to temper	
		the situations that we have experienced since the year 2020 began, with	
		the tremors that affected many municipalities, the impact of COVID-19	<u>l</u>

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		in the country and the recent curfew and closure of establishments,	
		approved by the governor, Wanda Vázquez Garced, as a preventive	
		measure to control the spread of the virus, "said the official.	
		Parés Alicea said that anyone affected by the decreed state of	
		emergency due to the imminent impact of COVID-19 is also being	
		granted a moratorium under the terms of their payment plan with	
		the Department.	
		"Taxpayers who have any debt under the Payment Plan with the	
		Department, will not be obliged to make the terms of said plan,	
		corresponding to the period between March 16, 2020 and April 30,	
		2020. In these cases we will not be imposing fines, interests and	
		penalties, for any breach, "he said.	
		The details of the measures approved by the secretary are contained in the Internal Revenue Information Bulletin 20-08, in Administrative	
		Determination 20-04 and in the Internal Revenue Circular Letter 20-20,	
		all available on the website www. hacienda.pr.gov, Publications	
		section."	
		Socion.	
		Press Release - Department of the Treasury extends the date for filing	
		the Income Tax Return for the year 2019 by one month	
		(3/15/2020) see more	
		`	
		Certain administrative dates are also extended before the executive	
		order of state of emergency for the Coronavirus	
		The secretary of the Department of the Treasury (DH), Francisco Parés	
		Alicea, reported the extension of the deadline for the filing of the	
		Income Tax Return for the year 2019 and the payment of its	
		contribution, until next May 15.	
		The payment of the first installment of the estimated tax, whose due	
		date is March 16, is also postponed an additional month. While all	
		the conduit entities, who file their return based on the calendar year	
		and the taxpayers who file by economic year, with an expiration	
		date of March 16, will have the option to file until April 15, 2020.	
		"As established by the governor, Wanda Vázquez Garced, after the	
		declaration of a state of emergency due to the coronavirus, we have	
		issued Administrative Determination 20-03, extending the deadlines to	
		comply with certain tax responsibilities in a responsible manner, to avoid the possibility of contagion due to crowding of the public, "said the	
		official.	
		• The Treasury also issued Information Bulletin 20-07,	
		extending other administrative terms such as preventive	
		measures to prevent taxpayers from visiting the	
		Department's offices to make arrangements or request	
		services.	
	L	SCI VICCS.	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		Parés Alicea explained that the <b>following dates have been extended:</b>	
		• 120 additional days are granted to the period established in any notification of mathematical error or adjustment in the	
		return that the taxpayers have received from the	
		Department.	
		It is extended for an additional 90 days from the expiration	
		date of March 12, 2020, all terms for filing administrative	
		complaints and for the presentation of information or	
		documents required by the Department's Office of Administrative Appeals (OAA).	
		All administrative hearings cited by the OAA are	
		suspended, to be held from March 16, 2020, until June 15,	
		2020. Soon, the OAA will be notifying taxpayers of the new	
		dates for administrative hearings that will not take place. finished.	
		"We urge taxpayers to adjust to the new dates and to use SURI as the	
		main tool to carry out transactions. We want to avoid, as much as	
		possible, public visits, as a preventive measure against the possible spread of the Coronavirus," the Secretary reaffirmed.	
		For additional information on both determinations, you can access the	
		website www.hacienda.pr.gov, Publications section."	
U.S. Virgin	Virgin Islands Bureau of Internal	<u>USVI BIR Announcement</u> (3/24/20) (per VIconsortium.com, 3/24/20)	<u>Virgin Islands Bureau of Internal Revenue</u>
Islands	Revenue website		website
	USVI BIR Announcement (3/24/20)	"Tax Filing Deadline Pushed to July 15 Amid Covid-19 Crisis; V.I.	
	(per VIconsortium.com, 3/24/20)	Bureau of Internal Revenue Announces Changes	
	, , ,	"The V.I. Bureau of Internal Revenue has announced changes to its	
	(July 15 - tax filing and payment	operations in response to the coronavirus pandemic and in line with	
	deadline now pushed to July 15, it	Governor Albert Bryan's orders following the governor's state of	
	would not charge penalties for filings on the aforementioned date.	emergency declaration to address the disease.	
	The 2019 income tax returns are due	The bureau also said that with the tax filing deadline now pushed to	
	July 15. Returns filed and paid by July 15 will have no interest or	July 15, it would not charge penalties for filings on the	
	penalties assessed. All local tax	aforementioned date. Below, the complete list of changes.	
	returns are due on the usual due	1. The Bureau's annual Taxpayer Assistance Program, which provides	
	dates. Penalties will be waived on a	free taxpayer assistance on Saturdays, will be postponed until further	
	case by case basis.)	notice. The Bureau will inform the taxpaying community when this	
		program will be reinstated.	
		2. All face to face appointments are cancelled for the next three weeks.  Our staff will be reaching out to taxpayers to provide alternate methods	
		of communication during the next three weeks.	
		3. Taxpayers who need to clear imported goods at our excise tax offices	
		are urged to utilize the online system to clear shipments, or utilize the	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		services of a broker to limit face to face contact. The excise tax online	
		system can be accessed via https://:excise.bir.vi.gov.	
		4. Taxpayers who need to file any tax returns are asked to file by mail,	
		with a certified receipt, if possible. Include a copy of the return along	
		with a stamped self-addressed envelope in order for the Bureau to return	
		your stamped copy. All local tax returns are due on the usual due	
		dates. Penalties will be waived on a case by case basis.	
		5. The 2019 income tax returns are due July 15. Returns filed and	
		paid by July 15 will have no interest or penalties assessed.	
		6. Effective immediately, the Bureau's St. John office will be closed	
		until further notice.	
		The St. Thomas and St. Croix office hours will be from 8:00 a.m. – 3:00	
		p.m. Cashiering	
		services will operate daily from 8:00 a.m 2:00 p.m., until further notice.	
		7. Taxpayers are asked to call the Bureau for assistance, in place of face	
		to face visits.	
		8. The Bureau's staff stands ready to assist taxpayers via telephone, in	
		order to satisfy their outstanding tax obligations. Please call 340-773-1040 on St. Croix and (340) 715-1040 on St. Thomas, and use the	
		following extensions and email addresses for direct assistance:	
		following extensions and email addresses for direct assistance.	
		The Bureau said it will continue to review its processes and implement	
		measures that will serve to keep the safety of its employees and	
		taxpayers as its top priority."	
Federal	IRS Guidance webpage	IRS Guidance webpage	List of States' EMERGENCY REMOTE
			NOTARIZATION AND REMOTE
	IRS operations webpage	IRS operations webpage	WITNESSING ORDERS (6/29/20)
	Announcement 2020-12 provides	Announcement 2020-12 provides that lenders who make PPP loans that	SBA website on PPP (7/17/20)
	that lenders who make PPP loans	are later forgiven under the CARES Act should not file information	(
	that are later forgiven under the	returns or furnish payee statements to report the forgiveness. (9/22/20)	SBA PAYCHECK PROTECTION PROGRAM
	CARES Act should not file		(PPP) Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs) on
	information returns or furnish payee	COVID Tax Tip 2020-116	PPP Loan Forgiveness (8/4/20)
	statements to report the forgiveness.	E-signatures temporarily allowed on some tax forms	\(\frac{1}{2}\)
	(9/22/20)	<b>Updated September 10, 2020:</b> (9/10/20)	AICPA joins <u>coalition letter</u> to Congress
		"Added Forms 706, 706-NA, 709, 1120-ND, 3115, 3520, and 3520-A.	deductibility of expenses for PPP loan
	COVID Tax Tip 2020-116	Taxpayers are encouraged to e-file forms this year, whenever possible,	foregiveness (8/4/20)
	E-signatures temporarily allowed on	because of COVID-19. To protect the health of taxpayers and tax	
	some tax forms (9/10/20)	professionals, the IRS is temporarily allowing the use of digital	Act extending PPP from CARES Act through
	ID 2020 214 IDS	signatures on some tax forms that can't be filed electronically.	8/8/20 - Public Law No: 116-147, S. 4116,
	IR-2020-214, <u>IRS releases state-by-</u>	This will help reduce in-person contact and lessen the risk to taxpayers	enacted 7/8/20 (7/8/20)
	state breakdown of nearly 9 million	and tax professionals during the COVID-19 pandemic. It will also allow	
	non-filers who will be mailed letters	people to work remotely and file forms on time.	Paycheck Protection Program Flexibility Act
			(H.R. 7010, enacted 6/5/20)

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State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
	about Economic Impact Payments	Here is a list of additional forms that can be submitted with digital	
	(9/17/20)	signatures, if they're mailed by Thursday, December 31, 2020.	AICPA Press Release on AICPA Urges IRS to
		• Form 706, U.S. Estate (and Generation-Skipping Transfer) Tax	<u>'Act Immediately' to Provide Broader Tax</u>
	IR-2020-213, <u>IRS reminds taxpayers</u>	<u>Return</u>	Administrative and Penalty Relief Due to
	who filed an extension that the Oct.	• Form 706-NA, U.S. Estate (and Generation-Skipping Transfer)	<u>Pandemic</u> (7/15/20)
	15 due date approaches (9/16/20)	Tax Return	LYGDA D. D. I. GADEGA A. G
	ID 2020 212 IDC	• Form 709, U.S. Gift (and Generation-Skipping Transfer) Tax	AICPA Press Release on <u>CARES Act Causes</u>
	IR-2020-212, <u>IRS reminds taxpayers</u>	<u>Return</u>	Unexpected Valuation Considerations for
	and practitioners of expedited letter ruling procedures (9/16/20)	Form 1120-ND, Return for Nuclear Decommissioning Funds and	Divorces, Estate Plans and Equity Partnerships
	runing procedures (9/10/20)	<u>Certain Related Persons</u>	(7/8/20)
	TDG G	Form 3115, Application for Change in Accounting Method	AICDA 1-44-9 to IDC and Tonosom on Ton
	IRS Statement on Economic Impact	• Form 3520, Annual Return To Report Transactions With Foreign	AICPA <u>letter</u> to IRS and Treasury on Tax Administrative and Penalty Relief Needed
	Payments by state (as of Aug. 28,	Trusts and Receipt of Certain Foreign Gifts	(7/2/20)
	<u>2020)</u> (8/28/20)	• Form 3520-A, Annual Information Return of Foreign Trust With a	(1/2/20)
	IR-2020-206, IRS adds six more	<u>U.S. Owner</u>	AICPA presss release on Treasury and Federal
	forms to list that can be signed	Form 3115, Application for Change in Accounting Method	Reserve Must Create New Lending Facility to
	digitally; 16 now available (9/10/20)	Form 8832, Entity Classification Election	Help Small Business, Says Coalition of 21
	digitally, 10 flow available (9/10/20)	Form 8802, Application for U.S. Residency Certification	Leading Retail, Manufacturing and Business
	IR-2020-203, IRS to mail special	• Form 1066, U.S. Income Tax Return for Real Estate Mortgage	Associations (7/1/20)
	letter to estimated 9 million non-	Investment Conduit	Tissociations (7/1/20)
	filers, urging them to claim	• Form 1120-RIC, U.S. Income Tax Return for Regulated	New AICPA Accounting Guidance Helps PPP
	Economic Impact Payment by Oct.	<u>Investment Companies</u>	Lenders Make Appropriate Financial Reporting
	15 at IRS.gov (9/8/20)	• Form 1120-C, U.S. Income Tax Return for Cooperative	Decisions (6/30/20)
	15 de 11tb.gov (5/ 6/ 20)	Associations	,
	IR-2020-195, Guidance issued to	• Form 1120-REIT, U.S. Income Tax Return for Real Estate	AICPA Applauds "Calculate PPP Forgiveness
	implement Presidential	<u>Investment Trusts</u>	Act of 2020" As A Critical, Positive Step for
	Memorandum deferring certain	• Form 1120-L, U.S. Life Insurance Company Income Tax Return	Small Business Recovery (6/20/30)
	employee Social Security tax	• Form 1120-PC, U.S. Property and Casualty Insurance Company	
	withholding and IRS Notice 2020-	Income Tax Return	AICPA Requests Additional Guidance and
	65 Relief with Respect to	• Form 8453 series, Form 8878 series, and Form 8879 series	Relief for Limitations on Excess Business
	Employment Tax Deadlines	regarding IRS e-file Signature Authorization forms	Losses of Noncorporate Taxpayers (6/23/20)
	Applicable to Employers Affected	There's no specific digital signature product tax professionals are	
	by the Ongoing Coronavirus	required to use to e-file these forms." (9/10/20)	AICPA <u>letter</u> to IRS and Treasury on Request
	(COVID-19) Disease 2019	m 2020 244 mg 4	for Additional Guidance and Relief Regarding
	Pandemic (8/28/20)	IR-2020-214, IRS releases state-by-state breakdown of nearly 9 million	Section 461(1) – Limitations on Excess
		non-filers who will be mailed letters about Economic Impact Payments	Business Losses of Noncorporate Taxpayers
	IR-2020-194, <u>IRS approves</u>	(9/17/20)	(6/22/20)
	temporary use of e-signatures for	TD 2020 212 TDC	AICDA Cultura IDC (a. I I
	certain forms (8/28/20)	IR-2020-213, <u>IRS reminds taxpayers who filed an extension that the Oct.</u>	AICPA Calls on IRS to Issue Implementation
	TDG 1 C 11	15 due date approaches (9/16/20)	Guidance on IRAs and Trust Issues (6/19/20)
	IRS memorandum for all services	IR-2020-212, IRS reminds taxpayers and practitioners of expedited letter	AICDA letter to IDS and Tracegury on
	and enforcement employees from	ruling procedures (9/16/20)	AICPA letter to IRS and Treasury on
	Sunita Lough on Temporary	runing procedures (7/10/20)	Implementation Guidance Needed on Individual

Ctata	Cuidanas/Data	Cyclence Delief Provisions for Core	Other Information
State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
	Deviation from Handwritten	N. C. 2020 CC C. I	Retirement Account (IRA) and Trust Issues
	Signature Requirement for Limited	Notice 2020-66, <u>Guidance regarding the premium tax credit and</u>	(6/16/20)
	List of Tax Forms (8/27/20)	Medicaid coverage of COVID-19 testing and diagnostic services	
		(9/9/20)	AICPA Urges Congress to Pass Remote and
	IR-2020-192, <u>IRS: 50,000 spouses</u>		Mobile Worker Relief Act (6/18/20)
	to get catch-up Economic Impact	Notice 2020-65, Relief with Respect to Employment Tax Deadlines	
	<u>Payments</u> (8/25/20)	Applicable to Employers Affected by the Ongoing Coronavirus	AICPA letter to Congress supporting S. 3995,
		(COVID-19) Disease 2019 Pandemic (8/28/20)	Remote and Mobile Worker Relief Act of 2020
	Notice 2020-62, Modifies the two		(6/18/20)
	safe harbor explanations in Notice	IRS Statement on Economic Impact Payments by state (as of Aug. 28,	
	2018-74, 2018-40 I.R.B. 529, that	<u>2020)</u> (8/28/20)	SBA PPP info
	may be used to satisfy the		
	requirement under § 402(f) of the	IR-2020-206, <u>IRS adds six more forms to list that can be signed</u>	SBA Paycheck Protection Program Loan Report
	Internal Revenue Code (Code) that	digitally; 16 now available (9/10/20)	Round 2 (6/1/2020)
	certain information be provided to		
	recipients of eligible rollover	IR-2020-203, <u>IRS to mail special letter to estimated 9 million non-filers</u> ,	Treasury Paycheck Protection Program (PPP)
	distributions (8/6/20)	urging them to claim Economic Impact Payment by Oct. 15 at IRS.gov	FAQs (5/27/20 updated, 5/19/20 updated,
		(9/8/20)	5/13/20 updated, 5/6/20 updated, 5/5/20
	Notice 2020-61, Provides guidance		updated, 5/4/20 updated, 4/28/20 updated 37
	regarding the special rules relating	IR-2020-195, Guidance issued to implement Presidential Memorandum	FAQs, 4/26/20 updated, 4/23/20 updated,
	to single-employer defined benefit	deferring certain employee Social Security tax withholding and IRS	4/8/20 updated, 4/6/20 originally posted)
	pension plans under § 3608 of the	Notice 2020-65 Relief with Respect to Employment Tax Deadlines	
	<u>CARES Act</u> (8/6/20)	Applicable to Employers Affected by the Ongoing Coronavirus	SBA Interim Final Rule on Loan Forgiveness
		(COVID-19) Disease 2019 Pandemic (8/28/20)	(originally posted 5/22/2020)
	IRS statement on failure to deposit		(originally posted 5/22/2020)
	penalties on some employers	IR-2020-194, <u>IRS approves temporary use of e-signatures for certain</u>	SBA Interim Final Rule on SBA Loan Review
	claiming new tax credits (8/21/20)	forms (8/28/20) and IRS memorandum for all services and enforcement	Procedures and Related Borrower and Lender
		employees from Sunita Lough on Temporary Deviation from	Responsibilities (originally posted 5/22/2020)
	IRS statement on IRS temporarily	Handwritten Signature Requirement for Limited List of Tax Forms	<u>Responsibilities</u> (originally posted 3/22/2020)
	stops mailing notices to taxpayers	(8/27/20)	
	with balances due (8/21/20)		SBA Interim Final Rule on Second Extension of
	(================================	The IRS <u>announced</u> today that it will temporarily accept electronic or	Limited Safe Harbor with Respect to
	COVID Tax Tip 2020-117, People	digital signatures for certain forms that currently require a handwritten	Certification Concerning Need for PPP Loan
	should have tax withheld from	signature, provided they are mailed by or on December 31, 2020. This	and Lender Reporting (originally posted
	unemployment now to avoid a tax-	exception only applies to the forms specified below, which cannot be	5/20/2020)
	<u>time surprise</u> (9/10/20)	filed electronically.	
	(5, 10, 20)		Summary on House Heroes bill (5/18/20)
	COVID Tax Tip 2020-116, E-	The IRS said it is taking this action "to protect the health of taxpayers	
	signatures temporarily allowed on	and tax professionals" during the COVID-19 pandemic. The IRS said no	AICPA revised loan forgiveness calculator
	some tax forms (9/10/20)	specific technology is required to create the electronic or digital	(5/18/20)
	50110 tux 1011115 (7/10/20)	signatures.	
	COVID Tax Tip 2020-113, Federal	The list of forms on which e-signatures may be used includes the	Forbes Toni Nitti Article on SBA PPP loan
	benefit recipients with children have	following:	forgiveness application "SBA Releases
	benefit recipients with emidred flave	Tonowing.	Paycheck Protection Program Loan Forgiveness
			Application: A Deep Dive" and Ed Zollars blog

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State	Guidance/Date more time to get the \$500 Economic	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information  post "PPP Loan Forgiveness Application and
	Impact Payment (9/2/20)	• E-file signature authorization forms (i.e., Form 8453-series, Form 8878-series and Form 8879-series)	Instructions Released by SBA" and article
	impact rayment (9/2/20)	• "Specialty" 1120-series forms (i.e., Forms 1120-REIT, 1120-	"First Look at Applying for PPP Loan
	COVID Tax Tip 2020-111, Millions	RIC, 1120-C, 1120-L and 1120-PC)	Forgiveness" (5/16/20)
	of taxpayers receive a tax refund	• Form 1066, U.S. Income Tax Return for Real Estate Mortgage	1 01g1 (01/20)
	interest payment (8/31/20)	Investment Conduit	SBA Paycheck Protection Program (PPP) Loan
	, ,	• Form 8832, Entity Classification Election	Forgiveness Application and Instructions for
	COVID Tax Tip 2020-107,	• Form 8802, Application for U.S. Residency Certification	Borrowers (fill-in form) (OMB control number
	Deadline to file and pay heavy	• Form 3115, Application for Change in Accounting Method"	3245-0407 (expiration date 10/31/2020) SBA
	highway vehicle use tax is Aug. 31	(8/28/20)	Form 3508 and press release number 20-41
	(8/24/20)		(5/15/20)
	COVID To The 2020 101 III in	IR-2020-192, IRS: 50,000 spouses to get catch-up Economic Impact	ICT
	COVID Tax Tip 2020-101, Using	Payments (8/25/20)	JCT <u>revenue estimate of HEROES</u> (5/15/20)
	the Tax Withholding Estimator will help taxpayers avoid surprises next		AICPA Press Release on AICPA Offers Loan
	year (8/12/20)	Notice 2020-62, Modifies the two safe harbor explanations in Notice	Forgiveness Calculator for Paycheck Protection
	<u>year</u> (6,12,26)	2018-74, 2018-40 I.R.B. 529, that may be used to satisfy the requirement	Program (PPP) - Template Shared with
	COVID Tax Tip 2020-97, Dirty	under § 402(f) of the Internal Revenue Code (Code) that certain information be provided to recipients of eligible rollover	Treasury and SBA to Help Resolve Outstanding
	Dozen part 2: Thieves are constantly	distributions (8/6/20)	Issues in Process (5/14/20)
	coming up with ways to scam	distributions (6/6/20)	
	<u>taxpayers</u> (8/5/20)	Notice 2020-61, Provides guidance regarding the special rules relating to	AICPA PPP loan forgiveness services matrix
		single-employer defined benefit pension plans under § 3608 of the	(5/6/20)
	COVID Tax Tip 2020-96, Dirty	<u>CARES Act</u> (8/6/20)	CDA Interior Grad mile Deplet Number CDA
	Dozen part 1: Taxpayers should be on the lookout for these scams		SBA Interim final rule - Docket Number SBA- 2020-2028 RIN 3245-AH42 Business Loan
	(8/4/20)	IRS statement on <u>failure to deposit penalties on some employers</u>	Program Temporary Changes; Paycheck
	(0/4/20)	claiming new tax credits (8/21/20)	Protection Program – Loan Increases (5/13/20)
	IR-2020-187, IRS: Deadline to	IDC statement on IDC towns and its standard in the standard in	(c) 10, 20)
	return distributions to retirement	IRS statement on IRS temporarily stops mailing notices to taxpayers with balances due (8/21/20)	
	accounts is Aug. 31 (8/24/20)	COVID Tax Tip 2020-117, People should have tax withheld from	US Congress – House Democratic proposed
		unemployment now to avoid a tax-time surprise (9/10/20)	legislation phase 4 – <u>bill text</u> (H.R. 6800) –
	IR-2020-185, <u>IRS: Unemployment</u>	(**	"Health and Economic Recovery Omnibus
	compensation is taxable; have tax	COVID Tax Tip 2020-116, E-signatures temporarily allowed on some	Emergency Solutions Act" or the "HEROES
	withheld now and avoid a tax-time surprise (8/19/20)	<u>tax forms</u> (9/10/20)	Act" and <u>Title-by-Title Summary</u> and <u>One</u>
	<u>surprise</u> (0/19/20)		pager (5/12/20)
	IR-2020-180, IRS takes new steps	COVID Tax Tip 2020-113, Federal benefit recipients with children have	Committee on Small Business – Fact Sheet on
	to ensure people with children	more time to get the \$500 Economic Impact Payment (9/2/20)	Heroes Act introduced and Section Summary
	receive \$500 Economic Impact	GOVERN THE 2020 111 NOW!	on Heroes Act and COVID-19 webpage
	Payments (8/14/20)	COVID Tax Tip 2020-111, Millions of taxpayers receive a tax refund	(5/12/20)
	·	interest payment (8/31/20)	
	Notice 2020-55 provides expanded	COVID Tax Tip 2020-107, Deadline to file and pay heavy highway	Summary highlights on Heroes bill (5/14/20)
	disaster relief, in the form of a	vehicle use tax is Aug. 31 (8/24/20)	
	postponement until October 31,	-	

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State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
	2020 for taxpayers who owe a	COVID Tax Tip 2020-101, Using the Tax Withholding Estimator will	Summary on PPP certifications and new safe
	federal excise tax for sales of sport	help taxpayers avoid surprises next year (8/12/20)	<u>harbor</u> (5/13/20)
	fishing or archery equipment for the		
	first quarter of 2020. (8/7/20)	COVID Tax Tip 2020-97, <u>Dirty Dozen part 2: Thieves are constantly</u>	Tax Policy Center – <u>Tax Policy in the COVID</u> -
		coming up with ways to scam taxpayers (8/5/20)	<u>19 Economy</u> – blogs (5/12/20)
	Leave Sharing Plans Frequently		
	Asked Questions (8/3/20)	COVID Tax Tip 2020-96, <u>Dirty Dozen part 1: Taxpayers should be on</u>	SBA Interim Final Rule - Docket Number SBA-
		the lookout for these scams (8/4/20)	2020-0026 RIN 3245-AH41 Business Loan
	TD 9904, Temporary		Program Temporary Changes; Paycheck
	Regulation, Recapture of Excess	IR-2020-187, IRS: Deadline to return distributions to retirement	Protection Program – Requirements – Extension
	Employment Tax Credits under the	accounts is Aug. 31 (8/24/20)	of Limited Safe Harbor with Respect to
	Families First Act and the CARES	,	Certification Concerning Need for PPP Loan
	Act (7/29/20)	IR-2020-185, IRS: Unemployment compensation is taxable; have tax	Request (5/8/20)
		withheld now and avoid a tax-time surprise (8/19/20)	
			SBA Inspector General (IG) Flash Report on
	Temporary procedure to fax	IR-2020-180, IRS takes new steps to ensure people with children receive	Implementation on the Paycheck Protection
	automatic consent Forms 3115 due	\$500 Economic Impact Payments (8/14/20)	Program (PPP) (5/8/20)
	to COVID-19 (7/29/20)	(0, 2 20)	
	(1125120)	Notice 2020-55 provides expanded disaster relief, in the form of a	TXCPA letter on PPP loan expenses
	NPRM-REG-111879-20,	postponement until October 31, 2020, of certain Federal excise tax filing	deductibility (5/7/20)
	Recapture of Excess Employment	and payment deadlines, and associated interest, penalties, and additions	deddenomity (5/7/20)
	Tax Credits under the Families	to tax, for taxpayers who owe a federal excise tax for sales of sport	AICPA letter to Congress on deductibility of
	First Act and the CARES Act	fishing or archery equipment for the first quarter of 2020. (8/7/20)	PPP expenses (5/6/20)
	(7/29/20)	risining of archery equipment for the first quarter of 2020. (6/7/20)	111 expenses (5/6/20)
	(1/23/20)	Leave Sharing Plans Frequently Asked Questions (8/3/20)	IRS Shuts Kansas City Campus Again After
	REG-125716-18, <u>Temporary</u>	Ecure Sharing Flans Frequently Fished Questions (0/5/20)	Worker Gets Covid-19 (5/4/20, Bloomberg Tax
	Regulation, Carryback of	TD 9904, Temporary Regulation, Recapture of Excess Employment Tax	article)
	Consolidated Net Operating Losses	Credits under the Families First Act and the CARES Act (7/29/20)	article)
	(7/8/20)	Creatis under the Families Flist Act and the CARES Act (1/2)/20)	
	(7/8/20)	Temporary procedure to fax automatic consent Forms 3115 due to	Article on PPP Loan Good Faith Certification:
	DEC 122027 10 Section 42 Low	COVID-19 (7/29/20)	Now What?
	REG-123027-19 Section 42, <u>Low-</u> Income Housing Credit	<u>COVID-19</u> (7/29/20)	Now What:
		NPRM-REG-111879-20, Recapture of Excess Employment Tax Credits	Chart of Comparison: Employer Options for
	Compliance-Monitoring		Covid-19 Relief (5/4/20)
	Regulations	under the Families First Act and the CARES Act (7/29/20)	<u>Covid-19 Relief</u> (3/4/20)
	Notice 2020 58 President torre	DEC 125716 19 Temporary Deculation Committeels of Consell dated	CD A Interim Final Dule Dealest Number CD A
	Notice 2020-58, Provides temporary	REG-125716-18, Temporary Regulation, Carryback of Consolidated	SBA Interim Final Rule, Docket Number SBA-
	relief from certain requirements	Net Operating Losses (7/8/20)	2020-0023, RIN 3245-AH39,
	under § 47 of the Internal Revenue	DEC 122027 10 Section 42 Law Income Housing Credit Committee	Business Loan Program Temporary Changes; Paycheck Protection Program –
	Code in response to the ongoing	REG-123027-19 Section 42, Low-Income Housing Credit Compliance-	
	Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-	Monitoring Regulations	Requirements – Corporate Groups and Non-
	19) pandemic (7/30/20)	Nation 2020 50 Provides towns on 11 CC and actions in	Bank and Non-Insured Depository Institution
		Notice 2020-58, <u>Provides temporary relief from certain requirements</u>	Lenders (4/30/20)
		under § 47 of the Internal Revenue Code in response to the ongoing	CD A Farms 1500 and Instructions (4/20/20)
		Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) pandemic (7/30/20)	SBA Form 1502 and Instructions (4/29/20)

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
State	IR-2020-173, IRS grants additional	Guidance Renei i iovisions foi corollavitus	Other Information
	relief for rehabilitation credit	ID 2020 172 IDC arents additional relief for rehabilitation and it	Transport wants stimulus novements to dood
		IR-2020-173, <u>IRS grants additional relief for rehabilitation credit</u>	Treasury wants stimulus payments to dead
	<u>deadlines</u> (7/30/20)	<u>deadlines</u> (7/30/20)	people repaid (article in Politico) (4/28/20)
	IR-2020-173, IRS grants additional	IR-2020-172, IRS: New law provides relief for eligible taxpayers who	Treasury Statements on CARES
	relief for rehabilitation credit	need funds from IRAs and other retirement plans (7/29/20)	Treasury Statements on CARES
	deadlines (7/30/20)	incentation from from and other retirement plans (1/29/20)	Treasury and SBA joint statement on n the
	<u>deadmes</u> (7/30/20)	IR-2020-169, IRS provides guidance on recapturing excess employment	Review Procedure for Paycheck Protection Program
	IR-2020-172, <u>IRS: New law</u>	tax credits (7/27/20)	Loans (4/28/20)
	provides relief for eligible taxpayers	tax credits (7/27/20)	Loans (4/28/20)
	who need funds from IRAs and	IR-2020-162, IRS: Seniors, retirees not required to take distributions	PPP Disbursement Guidelines (4/28/20)
		from retirement accounts this year under new law (7/17/20)	PPP Disbursement Guidennes (4/28/20)
	other retirement plans (7/29/20)	from retirement accounts this year under new law (7/17/20)	AICDA 1 (c. ) To 1 To 1
	ID 2020 160 IDG	FG 2020 10 IDS	AICPA <u>letter</u> to Treasury and Fed on short-
	IR-2020-169, <u>IRS provides</u>	FS-2020-10, <u>IRS payment options</u> (7/9/20)	term lending (4/27/20)
	guidance on recapturing excess	N. C. 2020 77 11 1 C. W. 1 C. 1 A	The state of the s
	employment tax credits (7/27/20)	Notice 2020-57, Update for Weighted Average Interest Rates, Yield	Treasury, IRS Announce Significant
	ID 2020 162 IDG G	Curves, and Segment Rates (7/16/20)	Enhancements and Updates to Get My Payment
	IR-2020-162, <u>IRS: Seniors, retirees</u>	N - 1 - 2020 7 6 - 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	<u>App</u> (4/26/20)
	not required to take distributions	Notice 2020-56, Additional Relief with Respect to Deadlines under	
	from retirement accounts this year	Section 501(r)(3) Applicable to Hospital Organizations Affected by the	Treasury Department - PAYCHECK
	<u>under new law</u> (7/17/20)	Ongoing Coronavirus Disease 2019 Pandemic (7/14/20)	PROTECTION PROGRAM - HOW TO
			CALCULATE MAXIMUM LOAN
	FS-2020-10, <u>IRS payment options</u>	Notice 2020-54, Guidance on Reporting Qualified Sick Leave Wages	AMOUNTS – BY BUSINESS TYPE (4/24/20)
	(7/9/20)	and Qualified Family Leave Wages Paid Pursuant to the Families First	
		Coronavirus Response Act (7/8/20)	SBA Report on the PPP (4/17/20)
	Notice 2020-57, Update for		Approvals through noon 4/16/20: 1.66 million
	Weighted Average Interest Rates,	Notice 2020-53, <u>Temporary relief from certain requirements for</u>	loans issued totaling \$343B.
	Yield Curves, and Segment Rates	qualified low-income housing projects and for qualified residential rental	
	(7/16/20)	<u>projects</u> (7/10/20)	SBA <u>Procedural Notice</u> 5000-20020 on
			Implementation of Section 1112 of the CARES
	Notice 2020-56, Additional Relief	Notice 2020-52, COVID-19 Relief and Other Guidance on Mid-Year	Act, Subsidy for Certain Loan Payments, for the
	with Respect to Deadlines under	Reductions or Suspensions of Contributions to Safe Harbor § 401(k) and	7(a) and 504 Loan Programs (4/16/20)
	Section 501(r)(3) Applicable to	§ 401(m) Plans (6/23/20)	
	<b>Hospital Organizations Affected by</b>		AICPA Press Release on AICPA Urges
	the Ongoing Coronavirus Disease	Notice 2020-50, Guidance for Coronavirus-Related Distributions and	Additional Funding for Paycheck Protection
	2019 Pandemic (7/14/20)	Loans from Retirement Plans Under the CARES Act (6/19/20)	Program (4/16/20)
	Notice 2020-54, Guidance on	Notice 2020-48, Relief for Taxpayers Affected by Ongoing Coronavirus	SBA Statement on Website about unable to
	Reporting Qualified Sick Leave	Disease Pandemic, Related to Sport Fishing Equipment and Bows and	accept new application for PPP (4/16/20)
	Wages and Qualified Family Leave	Arrows Excise Tax Filing and Payment Deadlines (6/22/20)	(4/10/20)
	Wages Paid Pursuant to the Families	ATTOWS EACISE TAX I THING and I aymont Deadmics (0/22/20)	"The SBA is currently unable to accept new
	First Coronavirus Response Act	CARES Act Coronavirus Relief Fund frequently asked questions	applications for the Paycheck Protection Program
	(7/8/20)	(7/6/20)	based on available appropriations funding.
	(7/0/20)	(1/0/20)	based on available appropriations funding.

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
	Notice 2020-53, Temporary relief	Frequently Asked Questions about Taxation of Provider Relief Payments	Similarly, we are unable to enroll new PPP lenders
	from certain requirements for	(7/6/20)	at this time."
	qualified low-income housing		
	projects and for qualified residential	IRS Statement on Economic Impact Payments by state (6/30/20 updated,	Forbes article - <u>Ten Things We Need To Know</u>
	rental projects (7/10/20)	originally 6/26/20)	About Paycheck Protection Program (PPP) Loan Forgiveness (4/15/20)
	Notice 2020-52, COVID-19 Relief	IRS Statement on Taxpayer Assistance Centers (6/26/20)	. , ,
	and Other Guidance on Mid-Year		BloombergTax Webinar Presentation on Latest
	Reductions or Suspensions of	Starting Monday, June 29, 2020, the IRS will begin opening its	Coronavirus Impact on Payroll (4/14/20)
	Contributions to Safe Harbor §	Taxpayer Assistance Centers (TACs) to the public in phases. To ensure	
	401(k) and § 401(m) Plans (6/23/20)	the safety of the public and employees, people seeking in-person	AICPA Recommendations - PPP Application
		assistance at a TAC will need to call 844-545-5640 to make an	Documents for Lenders (4/10/20)
	Notice 2020-50, Guidance for	appointment. Appointments will be available if people need assistance	
	Coronavirus-Related Distributions	for authentication of identity and document validation related to tax	Summaries of expanded extended filing and
	and Loans from Retirement Plans	return filing or application for an Individual Taxpayer Identification	payment to 7/15 in IRS Notice 2020-23:
	<u>Under the CARES Act</u> (6/19/20)	Number; Sailing Clearances required for foreign travel by resident and	
	N: 2020 40 P. II. 66	non-resident aliens leaving the United States; assistance with Economic	- Overview of relief provided by Notice
	Notice 2020-48, Relief for	Impact Payment Issues; and cash payments.	<u>2020-23</u>
	Taxpayers Affected by Ongoing	For an up-to-date listing of TAC locations as they are opened, go to	A 1111 1 CT 1 1 CT 1 CT 1 CT 1 CT 1 CT 1
	Coronavirus Disease Pandemic,	Contact Your Local IRS Office.	- Additional filing and payment relief - individuals, estates and trusts
	Related to Sport Fishing Equipment and Bows and Arrows Excise Tax	If tax forms and publications are needed, the fastest and easiest way to	individuals, estates and trusts
		get them is through IRS.gov. Most tax forms, instructions and	IDC mayides additional relief for C
	Filing and Payment Deadlines (6/22/20)	publications needed can be downloaded from Forms, Instructions & Publications. After July 19, orders may be placed online at Order Forms	- IRS provides additional relief for S corporations and partnerships
	(0/22/20)	& Publications. Taxpayers without access to the internet can call 800-	<u>corporations and partnerships</u>
	CAREGA (C	829-3676 to request forms by mail.	- IRS extends deadlines for exempt
	CARES Act Coronavirus Relief	IRS live phone assistance is still limited at this time. For Economic	organizations
	Fund frequently asked questions	Impact Payment questions, call 800-919-9835. For other issues, please	<u>organizations</u>
	(7/6/20)	visit Let Us Help You to find the phone number for the office best	- IRS extends the deadlines for certain tax
	Engage of the Animal Operations of and	equipped to address your specific concerns.	credit filings
	Frequently Asked Questions about Taxation of Provider Relief	As a reminder, IRS.gov offers numerous online options for tax help that	<u>crodit iiiiigs</u>
	Payments (7/6/20)	can save time and effort. Services include:	- IRS extends certain excise filing deadlines
	<u>1 ayrients</u> (7/0/20)	Where's My Refund?, check your refund status and estimated	for specified taxpayers
	IRS Statement on Economic Impact	delivery date	
	Payments by state (6/26/20)	• Free File, use free tax software offered through IRS partners to	- IRS extends the timeline to invest in
	Taymonts by state (0/20/20)	allow you to file your taxes online	Qualified Opportunity Funds
	IRS Statement on Taxpayer	Get Transcript, view a transcript online and print it	
	Assistance Centers (6/26/20)	Direct Pay, make tax payments or estimated tax payments	- IRS extends time to file documents for
	(0 0 0.)	directly debited from your checking or savings account	accounting methods and periods
	IRS statement on interest payments	Electronic Federal Tax Payment System, individuals or	
	(6/24/20)	businesses can make all types of federal tax payments	AICPA Press Release with Thanks
		Online Payment Agreement, set up installment payments to pay	Congressional Caucus on CPAs and Accountants
	IR-2020-158, IRS is sending letters	taxes you owe	for Calling for Consistency in PPP Loan
	to those experiencing a delay with	<b>,</b>	Application Documents (4/9/20)

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
State	advance payment of employer		Other information
	credits (7/15/20)	•	AICDA Dross Dalasse that Commands Tracsum:
	<u>credits</u> (7/13/20)	return	AICPA Press Release that Commends Treasury
		Answers to tax law questions, get answers many tax questions	and IRS for Issuing Broad Tax Relief in Light of
	IR-2020-156, <u>IRS provides</u>	About Your IRS Notice or Letter, get additional information	<u>COVID-19</u> (4/9/20)
	additional relief for tax-exempt	about your letter or notice	(Coordinate ALCDA too and oduces
	hospitals: Deadline for completing	All IRS Forms and Publications, find and download current tax	(See more AICPA tax policy and advocacy
	certain needs assessment	forms, instructions and publications" (6/26/20)	efforts here.)
	requirements moved to Dec. 31		TDG TD 2020 60 (4/0/20) TDG
	(7/14/20)	IRS statement on interest payments (6/24/20)	IRS IR-2020-68 (4/9/20) IRS urges taxpayers to
			use electronic options; outlines online
	IR-2020-154, IRS reminder: File	Interest on individual 2019 refunds reflected on returns filed by July 15,	assistance – PPS closed
	and pay 2019 business taxes by July	2020 will generally be paid from April 15, 2020 until the date of the	
	15; 2020 estimated tax also due	refund. Interest payments may be received separately from the refund. By	COVID-19 Response Guide and COVID-19
	(7/14/20)	law, the interest rate on both overpayment and underpayment of tax is	Cash Flow & Tax Relief Flowchart (p. 15 of
		adjusted quarterly. The interest rate for the second quarter, ending on June	21) (4/9/20)
	IR-2020-153, <u>IRS reminder:</u>	30, 2020, is 5% per year, compounded daily. The interest rate for the third	
	Taxpayers can get an extension to	quarter, ending September 30, 2020, is 3% per year, compounded daily.	AICPA Tax Filing FAQs from AICPA Tax
	Oct. 15 to file taxes (7/14/20)	IR-2020-158, <u>IRS is sending letters to those experiencing a delay with</u>	Policy and Advocacy group and Journal of
	Oct. 13 to the taxes (7/14/20)	advance payment of employer credits (7/15/20)	Accountancy article on it (4/7/20)
	ID 2020 150 IDC since time on	IR-2020-156, <u>IRS provides additional relief for tax-exempt hospitals:</u>	
	IR-2020-150, <u>IRS gives tips on</u>	Deadline for completing certain needs assessment requirements moved	AICPA list of recommended documents and
	filing, paying electronically and	to Dec. 31 (7/14/20)	direction on key calculations for PPP loan
	checking refunds online; 2019 tax	IR-2020-154, IRS reminder: File and pay 2019 business taxes by July	<u>applicants</u> – shared recommendations with
	returns and payments due July 15	15; 2020 estimated tax also due (7/14/20)	Congress (4/6/20)
	(7/13/20)	IR-2020-153, <u>IRS reminder: Taxpayers can get an extension to Oct. 15</u>	
		<u>to file taxes</u> (7/14/20)	
	IR-2020-148, <u>IRS provides last-</u>	IR-2020-150, IRS gives tips on filing, paying electronically and	AICPA Press Release on AICPA Letter to
	minute tips for last-minute filers	checking refunds online; 2019 tax returns and payments due July 15	Mnuchin: "it's impractical, if not impossible,
	(7/10/20)	(7/13/20)	for taxpayers and their advisors to continue
		IR-2020-148, IRS provides last-minute tips for last-minute filers	business as usual" (4/7/20)
	IR-2020-144, Treasury, IRS issue	(7/10/20)	
	guidance on reporting qualified sick	IR-2020-144, Treasury, IRS issue guidance on reporting qualified sick	AICPA Press Release on AICPA Applauds
	and family leave wages paid	and family leave wages paid (7/8/20)	Additional Clarity in Treasury FAQ on Paycheck
	(7/8/20)	IR-2020-142, <u>Taxpayers need to resume payments by July 15</u> (7/8/20)	Protection Program (4/7/20)
		IR-20-140, IRS reminds members of the U.S. Armed Forces of special	
	IR-2020-142, Taxpayers need to	tax breaks, helpful resources as the July 15 tax deadline approaches	AICPA Press Release on AICPA Recommends
	resume payments by July 15	(7/7/20)	Lender Documents and Key Calculations to Use
	(7/8/20)	IR-2020-138, <u>Treasury Department and IRS issue guidance for</u>	in PPP Applications (4/6/20)
	(7,0/20)	consolidated groups regarding net operating losses (7/2/20)	
	ID 20 140 IDC	IR-2020-136, IRS provides tax relief for the low-income housing credit	AICPA Press Release on AICPA Offers
	IR-20-140, <u>IRS reminds members of</u>	and bonds for qualified residential rental projects (7/1/20)	Resources for CPA Firms Helping Small
	the U.S. Armed Forces of special	IR-2020-135, IRS unclaimed refunds of \$1.5 billion waiting for tax year	Businesses Access Paycheck Protection Program
	tax breaks, helpful resources as the	2016; taxpayers face July 15 deadline (7/1/20)	(4/6/20)

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
	July 15 tax deadline approaches	IR-2020-134, <u>Taxpayers should file by July 15 tax deadline</u> ; <u>automatic</u>	AICPA Press Release on AICPA Coalition
	(7/7/20)	extension to Oct. 15 available (6/29/20)	Recommends PPP Applicants Use Gross Payroll
		IR-2020-131, IRS: July 15 tax payment deadline approaching; plan on	Approach in Calculations (4/4/20)
	IR-2020-138, Treasury Department	scheduling multiple payments now (6/26/20)	
	and IRS issue guidance for	IR-2020-127, <u>IRS announces rollover relief for required minimum</u>	AICPA Press Release on AICPA Calls on
	consolidated groups regarding net	distributions from retirement accounts that were waived under the	Accounting Profession to Support Rollout of
	operating losses (7/2/20)	<u>CARES Act</u> (6/23/20)	Small Business Relief Program (4/3/20)
		IR-2020-126, IRS extends July 15, other upcoming deadlines for tornado	TROY . II
	IR-2020-136, IRS provides tax	victims in parts of the South; provides other relief (6/23/20)	IRS <u>Installment Agreement Direct Debit</u>
	relief for the low-income housing	IR-2020-124, Relief for taxpayers affected by COVID-19 who take	Frequently Asked Questions (4/3/20)
	credit and bonds for qualified	distributions or loans from retirement plans (6/19/20)	AICDA Delegan and the Linear and the
	residential rental projects (7/1/20)	IR-2020-122, IRS outlines changes to health care spending available	AICPA Release on ethical implications to consider for COVID-19 PPP loan applications
		under CARES Act (6/17/20)	
	IR-2020-135, IRS unclaimed	IR-2020-121, IRS alert: Economic Impact Payments belong to recipient,	(4/3/20)
	refunds of \$1.5 billion waiting for	not nursing homes or care facilities (6/16/20)	AICPA Press Release - AICPA Says Current
	tax year 2016; taxpayers face July	not nursing nomes of care facilities (0/10/20)	Tax Filing and Payment Extensions Are Not
	15 deadline (7/1/20)	IR-2020-120, Treasury, IRS provide tax relief to investors and	Enough, IRS Must Act Quickly (4/2/20)
		businesses affected by COVID-19 in new markets tax credit transactions	Ellough, INS Wast Act Quickly (4/2/20)
	IR-2020-134, <u>Taxpayers should file</u>	(6/12/20)	SBA Guidance – Proposed Regulations –
	by July 15 tax deadline; automatic	(0/12/20)	Interim Final Rule on Business Loan Program
	extension to Oct. 15 available	Notice 2020-49 provides a CDE or QALICB with relief for certain	Temporary Changes; Paycheck Protection
	(6/29/20)	specified time-sensitive acts that are due to be performed between April	Program – Additional Eligibility Criteria and
		1, 2020, and Dec. 31, 2020, in order to meet requirements under section	Requirements for Certain Pledges of Loans
	IR-2020-131, <u>IRS: July 15 tax</u>	45D of the Internal Revenue Code and its regulations. (6/12/20)	(PPP) (4/13/20)
	payment deadline approaching; plan		
	on scheduling multiple payments	IRS Statement on Balance Due Notices (6/12/20)	SBA Guidance – Proposed Regulations – Final
	now (6/26/20)		Interim Rule on Business Loan Program and
		FAQs for Nonresident Alien Individuals and Foreign Businesses with	Paycheck Protection Program (PPP) – (4/2/20)
	IR-2020-127, IRS announces	Employees or Agents Impacted by COVID-19 Emergency Travel	
	rollover relief for required minimum	<u>Disruptions</u> (6/12/20)	CNN <u>update on IRS release of stimulus checks</u>
	distributions from retirement		(4/2/20)
	accounts that were waived under the	COVID Tax Tip 2020-86, Tax returns are due today; taxpayers who can't	
	CARES Act (6/23/20)	pay should still file today (7/15/20)	Payments via direct deposit are to begin the
			week of 4/13 per a briefing the IRS gave to
	IR-2020-126, IRS extends July 15,	COVID Tax Tip 2020-85, Major changes to retirement plans due to	House Ways and Means.
	other upcoming deadlines for	<u>COVID-19</u> (7/14/20)	
	tornado victims in parts of the	COVID Toy Tip 2020 84 Hove on in tall-	Paper checks to start on May 4. IRS says it is
	South; provides other relief	COVID Tax Tip 2020-84, <u>Have an installment agreement or payment</u> plan? Payments should resume starting July 15 (7/13/20)	capable of issuing 5 million checks a week and
	(6/23/20)	prant: rayments should resume starting July 15 (7/13/20)	will prioritize lower income recipients first.
		COVID Tax Tip 2020-81, The postponed federal tax deadline applies to	G. 114.1
	IR-2020-124, Relief for taxpayers	taxpayers living overseas (7/7/20)	Could take up to 20 weeks to issue all of the
	affected by COVID-19 who take	tunpayers fiving overseas (1/1/20)	paper checks.

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
	distributions or loans from	COVID Tax Tip 2020-79, Deadline for estimated tax payments	DOL Temporary Regulations on
	retirement plans (6/19/20)	postponed until Wednesday, July 15 (7/2/20)	Paid Leave under the Families First
			Coronavirus Response Act (4/1/20 – 124 pages)
	IR-2020-122, IRS outlines changes	COVID Tax Tip 2020-77, Here are reasons people should file a 2019 tax	
	to health care spending available	return; Economic Impact Payment, tax credits available for some	Department of Treasury Paycheck Protection
	under CARES Act (6/17/20)	(6/30/20)	Program application and accompanying
	dider Crites rice (0/11/20)		borrower guide and website supplemental
	IR-2020-121, IRS alert: Economic	COVID Tax Tip 2020-74, Keep Economic Impact Payment notice with	information (3/31/20)
	Impact Payments belong to	other tax records (6/23/20)	, ,
	recipient, not nursing homes or care	`` '	AICPA Press Release on AICPA Urges
	facilities (6/16/20)		Treasury, IRS to Act Immediately to Provide
	140111103 (0/10/20)	COVID Tax Tip 2020-73, Returning an Economic Impact Payment	Broader Tax Filing and Payment Relief
	IR-2020-120, Treasury, IRS provide	(6/18/20)	(3/27/20)
	tax relief to investors and businesses		
	affected by COVID-19 in new	COVID Tax Tip 2020-71, An extension to file is not an extension to pay	AICPA letter to Treasury on essential services
	markets tax credit transactions	taxes (6/16/20)	(3/26/20)
	(6/12/20)		
	(0/12/20)	COVID Tax Tip 2020-70, An Economic Impact Payment can come on a	AICPA Comment Letter to Treasury and IRS
	IRS Statement on Balance Due	prepaid debit card (6/12/20)	on Relief for Taxpayers Affected by Ongoing
	Notices (6/12/20)		Coronavirus Disease 2019 Pandemic (3/26/20)
	1101200 (0/12/20)	Notice 2020-46, Treatment of Amounts Paid to Section 170(c)	
	FAQs for Nonresident Alien	Organizations under Employer Leave-Based Donation Programs to Aid	AICPA Press Release on AICPA Says Senate's
	Individuals and Foreign Businesses	Victims of the Coronavirus Disease (COVID-19) Pandemic (6/11/20)	\$2 Trillion Economic Stimulus Bill is Great Step
	with Employees or Agents Impacted		for Small Businesses and Employees (3/26/20)
	by COVID-19 Emergency Travel	FAQs - Carryback of NOLs by certain exempt organizations (6/8/20)	
	Disruptions (6/12/20)		AICPA part of ASAE coalition letter calling for
	(=================================	IR-2020-119, IRS provides guidance on employer leave-based donation	section 501(c)(6) organizations to be included
	Notice 2020-49 provides a CDE or	programs that aid victims of the COVID-19 pandemic (6/11/20)	in PPP or similar programs (4/2/20)
	QALICB with relief for certain		in 111 of similar programs (1/2/20)
	specified time-sensitive acts that are	IR-2020-118, IRS reminder: File now, choose direct deposit or schedule	AICPA part of <u>Chamber Coalition Letter of</u>
	due to be performed between April	tax payments electronically before the July 15 deadline (6/11/20)	Emergency Assistance for Non-Profits
	1, 2020, and Dec. 31, 2020, in order		(3/25/20)
	to meet requirements under section	IR-2020-117, IRS reminder: Deadline postponed to July 15 for those	(3/23/20)
	45D of the Internal Revenue Code	who pay estimated taxes (6/9/20)	AICPA Press Release on AICPA Calls on
	and its regulations. (6/12/20)		Treasury, IRS to Provide Extensive Relief to
		IR-2020-115, IRS warns against COVID-19 fraud; other financial	Taxpayers (3/25/20)
	Notice 2020-46, Treatment of	schemes (6/8/20)	1
	Amounts Paid to Section 170(c)		IRS Coronavirus Tax Relief Webpage (3/26/20)
	Organizations under Employer	Revenue Procedure 2020-34 grants temporary relief to arrangements that	(5/25/25)
	Leave-Based Donation Programs to	are treated as trusts under § 301.7701-4(c) which are, or have tenants	SBA – (Economic Injury) Disaster Loan
	Aid Victims of the Coronavirus	who are, experiencing financial hardship as a result of COVID-19, to	Assistance (EIDL) link to SBA website
	Disease (COVID-19) Pandemic	allow them to make certain modifications to their mortgages loans and	(3/31/20)
	(6/11/20)	their lease agreements, and to accept additional cash contributions	(OMB Control #3247-0406, Expiration Date:
		without jeopardizing their tax status as grantor trusts. (6/4/20)	09/30/2020) (Note: It currently appears that this

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
	FAQs - Carryback of NOLs by		program is accepting applications from section
	certain exempt organizations	IR-2020-114, IRS provides answers about Coronavirus related tax relief	501(c)(3) and 501(c)(6) organizations.)
	(6/8/20)	for Qualified Opportunity Funds and investors and Notice 2020-39	
		answers questions and updated Qualified Opportunity Zones faqs	SBA Paycheck Protection Program (PPP) link
	Paycheck Protection Program	regarding relief from certain requirements under section 1400Z-2 of the	to SBA website (3/31/20)
	Flexibility Act (H.R. 7010, enacted	Internal Revenue Code (Code) and the implementing regulations.	
	6/5/20)	(6/4/20)	DOL Guidance on Paid Sick Leave and
			Expanded FMLA under the Enacted Families
	<u>IR-2020-117</u> , IRS reminder:	IR-2020-112 IRS Chief Counsel goes virtual with national Settlement	First Coronavirus Response Act (3/24/20)
	Deadline postponed to July 15 for	Days; Helps dozens of taxpayers settle their Tax Court cases (6/4/20)	
	those who pay estimated taxes		"As explained by a <u>Labor Department release</u>
	(6/9/20)	IR-2020-111 159 million Economic Impact Payments processed; Low-	(March 24, 2020), provisions in the new law
		income people and others who aren't required to file tax returns can	will give funds to U.S. businesses with fewer
	<u>IR-2020-115</u> , IRS warns against	quickly register for payment with IRS Non-Filers tool (6/3/20)	than 500 employees to provide employees with
	COVID-19 fraud; other financial	TD 2020 110 TDG	paid leave, either for the employee's own health
	schemes (6/8/20)	IR-2020-110 IRS provides relief to retirement plan participants to sign	needs or to care for family members.
	COVID Toy Tip 2020 96 Tors	elections remotely (6/3/20)	The guidance also includes:
	COVID Tax Tip 2020-86, <u>Tax</u>	IDC Nation 2020 42 Townson Dallof from the Dissipal December	• Fact sheet for employees
	returns are due today; taxpayers who can't pay should still file today	IRS <u>Notice 2020-42</u> Temporary Relief from the Physical Presence Requirement for Spousal Consents Under Qualified Retirement Plans	• Fact sheet for employers
	(7/15/20)	(6/3/20) (6/3/20)	• Questions and answers (updated to 59
	(7/13/20)	(0/3/20)	questions and answers 3/30/30)"
	COVID Tax Tip 2020-85, Major	IR-2020-109, IRS reminder: June 15 tax deadline postponed to July 15	( <u>Update</u> , 3/24/20)
	changes to retirement plans due to	for taxpayers who live and work abroad (6/2/20)	DOI 1.14 COVID 10 FAO.
	COVID-19 (7/14/20)	101 taxpayers wito five and work abroad (0/2/20)	DOL website: COVID-19 FAQs on employee
	(//1 // 20)	IRS Notice 2020-41, Beginning of Construction for Sections 45 and 48;	plans' retirement benefits, pg 7 - 11 (update 4/30/20)
	COVID Tax Tip 2020-84, Have an	Extension of Continuity Safe Harbor to Address Delays Related to	4/30/20)
	installment agreement or payment	COVID-19 (PDF) (5/28/20)	AICPA FAQs on Coronavirus and Tax Impact
	plan? Payments should resume	(121) (121)	FAQs (3/25/20)
	starting July 15 (7/13/20)	Notice 2020-39, Relief for Qualified Opportunity Funds and Investors	<u>IAOS</u> (3/23/20)
	(11 2)	Affected by Ongoing Coronavirus Disease 2019	AICPA Tax Snapshot – Coronavirus Individual
	COVID Tax Tip 2020-81, The	, , ,	and Small Business Impacts (3/25/20)
	postponed federal tax deadline	IRS Notice 2020-35 postpones deadlines for certain specified time-	and Sman Business Impacts (5/25/20)
	applies to taxpayers living overseas	sensitive actions with respect to certain employment taxes, employee	AICPA Press Release on AICPA-Led Coalition
	(7/7/20)	benefit plans, exempt organizations, and Coverdell education savings	Expands Support for Small Business Funding
		accounts on account of the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic. The notice	(3/24/20)
	COVID Tax Tip 2020-79, Deadline	also provides a temporary waiver of the requirement for a Certified	
	for estimated tax payments	Professional Employer Organization to file certain employment tax	AICPA Press Release on AICPA-led Coalition
	postponed until Wednesday, July 15	returns and their accompanying schedules electronically. (5/28/20)	Urges Expedited Small Business Funding Via
	(7/2/20)		Payroll Processors (3/22/20)
		FAQs for Individuals Claiming the Medical Condition Exception in	
	COVID Tax Tip 2020-77, Here are	<u>2020</u> (5/27/20)	AICPA Press Release on AICPA Thanks
	reasons people should file a 2019 tax		Senator Thune and Other Congressional
	return; Economic Impact Payment,		

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
	tax credits available for some	Questions and Answers about NOL Carrybacks of C Corporations to	Members for Successful Push on April 15 Tax
	(6/30/20)	<u>Taxable Years in which the Alternative Minimum Tax Applies</u> (5/27/20)	Filing Extension (3/20/20)
	COVID Tax Tip 2020-74, Keep	FS-2020-09, IRS' People First Initiative provides compliance relief	AICPA Press Release on AICPA Thanks
	Economic Impact Payment notice	(6/2/20)	Department of the Treasury and IRS For April
	with other tax records (6/23/20)		15 Tax Filing Extension and Expresses
	GOVERN THE 2020 TO D	FS-2020-08, Schedule and electronically pay federal taxes due by July	Gratitude for Member and State CPA Society
	COVID Tax Tip 2020-73, Returning	15 (5/28/20)	Outreach (3/20/20)
	an Economic Impact Payment		AIGDA D. D. I. IDGA (D. 11
	(6/18/20)	FS-2020-07, Calculating the Economic Impact Payment (5/21/20)	AICPA Press Release on IRS Must Provide
	COVID To The 2020 71 And	ID 2020 100 To IDS '1 (. 1 1 ( 1 1 1 1	Immediate Tax Filing Relief, Expresses Strong Concern About Treasury Department Decisions
	COVID Tax Tip 2020-71, An	IR-2020-106, Treasury, IRS provide safe harbor for taxpayers that	
	extension to file is not an extension	develop renewable energy projects (5/27/20)	(3/18/20)
	to pay taxes (6/16/20)	IR-2020-105, Economic Impact Payments being sent by prepaid debit	AICPA Press Release on Needed Immediate
	COVID Tax Tip 2020-70, An	cards, arrive in plain envelope; IRS.gov answers frequently asked	Filing Relief Guidance (3/13/20)
	Economic Impact Payment can	questions (5/27/20)	Timig Rener Guidance (3/13/20)
	come on a prepaid debit card		AICPA release on COVID-19 U.S. Emergency
	(6/12/20)	IR-2020-101, Treasury, IRS release latest state-by-state Economic	Declaration: What Does It Mean for U.S.
	(0/12/20)	Impact Payment figures for May 22, 2020 (5/22/20)	Taxpayers and Tax Practitioners? (3/13/2)
	COVID Tax Tip 2020-67, Who	Impact 1 ayment figures for May 22, 2020 (3/22/20)	Tuxpuyers and Tux Tructuoners: (3/13/2)
	qualifies for which new employer	IR-2020-99: IRS.gov helps taxpayers get tax information they need; find	AICPA calls for individual and business tax
	tax credit? (6/9/20)	tools for filing, paying, checking accounts and answering questions	filing relief amid Coronavirus pandemic
	(0/5/20)	(5/21/20)	(3/11/20)
	COVID Tax Tip 2020-66, Many	(6.25.25)	(4.11.11)
	multilingual resources are available	COVID Tax Tip 2020-67, Who qualifies for which new employer tax	FEMA News Release HQ-20-017-FactSheet
	on IRS.gov (6/4/20)	credit? (6/9/20)	(3/13/20)
	, ,		"COVID-19 Emergency Declaration
	COVID Tax Tip 2020-65, Answers	COVID Tax Tip 2020-66, Many multilingual resources are available on	Release date:
	to tax questions are just a few clicks	IRS.gov (6/4/20)	March 13, 2020
	away on IRS.gov (6/3/20)		Release Number:
		COVID Tax Tip 2020-65, Answers to tax questions are just a few clicks	HQ-20-017-FactSheet
	Revenue Procedure 2020-34 grants	away on IRS.gov (6/3/20)	
	temporary relief to arrangements		President Directs FEMA Support Under
	that are treated as trusts under §	COVID Tax Tip 2020-63, Employers can grant paid leave for COVID-	Emergency Declaration for COVID-19 and blog
	301.7701-4(c) which are, or have	19 (5/28/20)	and article explaining it.
	tenants who are, experiencing		
	financial hardship as a result of	COVID Tax Tip 2020-62, Economic Impact Payment FAQs updated on	FEMA Disaster Declaration Process
	COVID-19, to allow them to make	IRS.gov (5/27/20)	
	certain modifications to their	GOVERN TO THE ARRAY OF A STATE OF THE ARRAY	Treasury Page on Coronavirus: Resources,
	mortgages loans and their lease	COVID Tax Tip 2020-61, Millions of people will get their Economic	Updates, and What You Should Know
	agreements, and to accept additional	Impact Payment by prepaid debit card (5/26/20)	Government response to Coronavirus page
	cash contributions without		

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
	jeopardizing their tax status as	COVID Tax Tip 2020-60, Here are answers to a few common questions	Democrats on the Ways and Means Committee
	grantor trusts. (6/4/20)	about Economic Impact Payments (5/21/20)	sent IRS Commissioner Charles Rettig a <u>letter</u>
			on March 10 inquiring about a possible
	<u>IR-2020-114</u> , IRS provides answers	COVID Tax Tip 2020-59, Here's why some people's Economic Impact	postponement. On March 11, a group of
	about Coronavirus related tax relief	Payment is different than expected (5/20/20)	Senators followed with their
	for Qualified Opportunity Funds		own correspondence "urging [Rettig] to provide
	and investors and Notice 2020-39	COVID Tax Tip 2020-58, Employee retention credit available for	significant flexibility on the April 15 tax filing
	answers questions and updated	businesses affected by COVID-19 (5/19/20)	season deadline for individual taxpayers."
	Qualified Opportunity Zones faqs		
	regarding relief from certain	Treasury News Release: Treasury is Delivering Millions of Economic	Small Business Roundtable and the U.S. Small
	requirements under section 1400Z-2	Impact Payments by Prepaid Debit Card (5/18/20)	Business Administration (SBA) webcast
	of the Internal Revenue Code	TROP COLLIN F. OH. All C. C. 1.1.C.	(3/27/20) archive
	(Code) and the implementing	IRS <u>Draft Schedule R to Form 941</u> on Allocation Schedule for	Senate Small Business Committee Guide to the
	regulations. (6/4/20)	Aggregate Form 941 Filers on employer payroll taxes (5/18/20)	CARES Act
	ID 2020 111 150 'II' E '	INCORPAGE COAST OF THE TOTAL OF	For more information, contact
	<u>IR-2020-111</u> 159 million Economic	IRS DRAFT Form 8915B on Qualified 2017 Disaster Retirement Plan	covid@smallbusinessroundtable.org with any
	Impact Payments processed; Low-	<u>Distributions and Repayments</u> (for CARES Act withdrawals) (3/24/20)	questions."
	income people and others who	IDG ID 2020 07 IDG - 11 - 1	England II addaddan
	aren't required to file tax returns can	IRS <u>IR-2020-97</u> , IRS adds phone operators to answer Economic Impact	Enacted Legislation:
	quickly register for payment with	Payment questions (5/18/20)	Companying Dramanadness and Dasmana
	IRS Non-Filers tool (6/3/20)	IRS <u>IR-2020-96</u> , IRS expands partner materials for Economic Impact Payments; continues sweeping effort to share details in multiple	Coronavirus Preparedness and Response Supplemental Appropriations Act, 2020,
	IR-2020-110 IRS provides relief to	languages (5/15/20)	
	retirement plan participants to sign	IRS FS-2020-06, New credits fund employers for Coronavirus-related	H.R.6074, Public Law No: 116-123) (enacted 3/6/20)
	elections remotely (6/3/20)	paid leave (5/15/20)	3/0/20)
	elections femotery (0/3/20)	<u>paid leave</u> (3/13/20)	H.R. 6201, Families First Coronavirus
	IRS Notice 2020-42 Temporary	IR-2020-95- IRS provides tax relief through increased flexibility for	Response Act (FFCRA) enacted 3/18/20. It
	Relief from the Physical Presence	taxpayers in section 125 cafeteria plans (5/12/20)	provides a variety of relief although is limited
	Requirement for Spousal Consents	taxpayers in section 123 careteria pians (3/12/20)	in tax relief. It includes:
	Under Qualified Retirement Plans	Notice 2020-29 extends claims periods for taxpayers to apply unused	expand unemployment benefits
	(6/3/20)	amounts remaining in a health FSA or dependent care assistance	<ul> <li>expland unemployment benefits</li> <li>exclude from income any "emergency</li> </ul>
	(0/3/20)	program for expenses incurred through December 31, 2020. (5/12/20)	leave benefits."
	IR-2020-109, IRS reminder: June 15	program for expenses mearied unough December 31, 2020. (3/12/20)	leave beliefits.
	tax deadline postponed to July 15	Notice 2020-33 increases unused health FSA carryover amounts to \$550.	(H.R. 6201) – enacted. It does not include the
	for taxpayers who live and work	(5/12/20)	payroll tax cut the President has <u>called for</u> but it
	abroad (6/2/20)	(3/12/20)	would provide tax cuts to employers to offset
	(0,2,20)	COVID Tax Tip 2020-55, What people really want to know about	the costs of offering emergency sick leave. The
	IRS Notice 2020-41, Beginning of	Economic Impact Payments (5/12/20)	package would also provide a refundable credit
	Construction for Sections 45 and 48;	(-, -, -3)	against self-employment tax. The credit would
	Extension of Continuity Safe	IRS Statement on Competent Authority Filing Modifications and APMA	cover 100% of self-employed individuals' sick-
	Harbor to Address Delays Related	APA Consultations (5/11/20)	leave equivalent or 67% if they were taking care
	to COVID-19 (PDF) (5/28/20)	(	of a sick family member or child if their school
		IR-20-93, Why the Economic Impact Payment amount could be different	was closed. It would also require insurers and
		than anticipated (5/11/20)	federal health programs to fully cover virus

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
	Notice 2020-39, Relief for Qualified		testing. The new version that passed the House
	Opportunity Funds and Investors	COVID Tax Tip 2020-54, Taxpayers act now to receive Economic	late on 3/16 would limit a "qualifying need" for
	Affected by Ongoing Coronavirus	Impact Payments by direct deposit (5/11/20)	FMLA leave to instances where an employee
	Disease 2019		can't work or telecommute because their child's
		FS-2020-05, New Employee Retention Credit helps employers keep	school, day care, or child care is unavailable.
	IRS Notice 2020-35 postpones	employees on payroll	
	deadlines for certain specified time-		CARES Act (H.R. 748) (Stimulus bill)
	sensitive actions with respect to	IRS FAQs: Employee Retention Credit under the CARES Act (5/8/20	(P.L. 116-136)
	certain employment taxes, employee	updated, 5/7/20 updated, 4/30/20 updated 94 FAQs, 4/10/20 updated,	The Senate bill:
	benefit plans, exempt organizations,	originally posted 3/31/20 – 17 FAQs)	<ul> <li>Includes money for employee salaries</li> </ul>
	and Coverdell education savings	"Issue Number: IRS FAQs 64, 65 and 79	under \$100,000; paid sick or medical
	accounts on account of the ongoing		leave; insurance premiums; and mortgage,
	COVID-19 pandemic (5/28/20)	The Internal Revenue Service <u>updated FAQs #64 and #65</u> regarding the	rent and utility payments
		COVID-19 Employee Retention Credit for how eligible employers treat	Sets the funds up as a loan that is eligible
	FAQs for Individuals Claiming the	health care expenses.	for 100% forgiveness if used for the above
	Medical Condition Exception in		purposes and in conjunction with
	<u>2020</u> (5/27/20)	Also, the IRS has added a <u>new FAQ #79</u> regarding businesses that repay	guidelines related to staff retention
		their Paycheck Protection Program loan by May 14, 2020." (5/8/20)	<ul> <li>Provides funding for businesses or</li> </ul>
	Questions and Answers about NOL		501(c)(3) nonprofits with less than 500
	Carrybacks of C Corporations to	<u>IR-2020-92</u> , Act by Wednesday for chance to get quicker Economic	employees, including sole-proprietors,
	Taxable Years in which the	Impact Payment; timeline for payments continues to accelerate (5/8/20)	independent contractors, and other self-
	Alternative Minimum Tax Applies	IR-2020-91, Treasury, IRS release latest state-by-state Economic Impact	employed individuals
	(5/27/20)	Payment figures (5/8/20)	<ul> <li>Waves affiliation rules for businesses in</li> </ul>
	FG 2000 00 IBG1 B 1 F	IR-2020-89, IRS: Three new credits are available to many businesses hit	the hospitality and restaurant industries,
	FS-2020-09, IRS' People First	by COVID-19 (5/7/20)	and specifies that businesses with more
	Initiative provides compliance relief	Revenue Procedure 2020-30 provides that certain activities are not taken	than one physical location can be eligible
	(6/2/20)	into account for purposes of section 1503(d) or Form 8858, as a result of	so long as no one location employees more
	EG 2020 00 G 1 1 1 1	travel restrictions and disruptions resulting from the global outbreak of	than 500 individuals
	<u>FS-2020-08</u> , Schedule and	the virus that causes COVID-19, individuals may temporarily conduct	
	electronically pay federal taxes due	activities in a foreign country that would not otherwise have been	CARES Act (H.R. 748) (version BAI20215)
	by July 15 (5/28/20)	conducted there. (5/7/20)	(P.L. 116-136)
	ES 2020 07 Calculating the	IRS FAQs on Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund and Emergency	
	FS-2020-07, Calculating the Economic Impact Payment	Financial Aid Grants under the CARES Act (5/7/20)	Tax Provisions of Senate CARES Act
	•	Financial Aid Grants under the CARES Act (3/1/20)	
	(5/21/20)	IRS EO Update: e-News for Charities & Nonprofits - Form 1023 Paper	The CARES Act includes only 14 tax
	IR-2020-106, Treasury, IRS provide	Submission Transition Period Expires April 30 (5/7/20)	provisions, but they are significant. The
	safe harbor for taxpayers that	Submission Transmon renou Expires April 30 (3/7/20)	following is a bullet point summary of the tax
	develop renewable energy projects	"Updated information on Signing Electronically Submitted Form	provisions. There are more details behind the
	(5/27/20)	1023	bullet points; this summary is intended to
	(5/21/20)	1000	provide an overview of the provisions.
	IR-2020-105, Economic Impact	An applicant may satisfy the electronic signature requirement for an	Information provided below is based upon the
	Payments being sent by prepaid	electronically submitted Form 1023 by including, in the PDF file it	Information provided below is based upon the
	debit cards, arrive in plain envelope;	uploads as part of its application, a copy of the handwritten signature of	section numbers in the legislation.
	pilm on stope,	T	1

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
	IRS.gov answers frequently asked	the officer, director, trustee, or other authorized official whose name is	2201Recovery rebates for individuals
	questions (5/27/20)	typed into Part X of the Form 1023 on Pay.gov.	• \$1,200 advance credit per person
			• \$500 per qualifying child
	IR-2020-101, Treasury, IRS release	To sign in this way, the signer should sign above their typewritten name	Qualifying taxpayers are under
	latest state-by-state Economic	on a copy of Part X of the completed application or on a separate sheet	\$75,000 AGI (\$150,000 MFJ,
	Impact Payment figures for May 22,	of paper that includes the same information as in Part X (name of signer,	\$112,500 for head of household)
	2020 (5/22/20)	title or authority of signer, date, and penalties of perjury statement as set out in Part X)." $(5/7/20)$	o Phase-out based upon 5% of AGI in excess
	<u>IR-2020-99</u> : IRS.gov helps	COVID Tax Tip 2020-53, COVID-19 paid leave tax credits for small	Advance payments will be based on
	taxpayers get tax information they	and midsize businesses (5/7/20)	2019 reported income
	need; find tools for filing, paying,	COVID Tax Tip 2020-52, Taxpayers have until July 15 to file and pay	o If 2019 has not been filed,
	checking accounts and answering	their taxes (5/6/20)	payments will be based upon
	questions (5/21/20)	COVID Tax Tip 2020-51, Low-income people are eligible to get an	2018 return
		Economic Impact Payment (5/5/20)	o 2020 tax returns will
	COVID Tax Tip 2020-63,	IRS Info. Release <u>IR-2020-87</u> , IRS retools Settlement Days program in	reconcile entitlement; if 2020
	Employers can grant paid leave for	response to COVID-19 pandemic; allows unrepresented taxpayers to	income exceeds the above
	COVID-19 (5/28/20)	settle their cases virtually and reach finality (5/5/20)	AGI limits, repayments will
	COVID Tax Tip 2020-62,	IRS Revenue Procedure 2020-19 on REITs and RICs (5/4/20)	occur
	Economic Impact Payment FAQs	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	o If no return due to lack of
	updated on IRS.gov (5/27/20)	Revenue Procedure 2020-21 provides temporary guidance regarding the	income, payments based upon Form SSA-1099 or RRB-
	apatica on http://doi.org/10.100/	public approval requirement under § 147(f) of the Internal Revenue	1099
	COVID Tax Tip 2020-61, Millions	Code (Code) for tax-exempt qualified private activity bonds. (5/4/20)	
	of people will get their Economic	The state (country and country	Pay back if 2020 income exceeds limits
	Impact Payment by prepaid debit	IRS Notice 2020-25 on Expanded Temporary Rule Allowing	
	card (5/26/20)	Governmental Issuers to Purchase Certain of Their Own Tax-Exempt	Payments expected to take several weeks
		Bonds (5/4/20)	2202—Retirement funds
	<u>IR-2020-99</u> : IRS.gov helps		Retirement distributions for COVID-
	taxpayers get tax information they	IRS FAQs on Coronavirus-related relief for retirement plans and IRAs	related distributions up to \$100k not
	need; find tools for filing, paying,	questions and answers (5/4/20)	<u> </u>
	checking accounts and answering		subject to 72(t) penalty  O COVID-related: Taxpayer or
	questions (5/21/20)	IRS COVID <u>Tax Tip 2020-50</u> , VA and SSI recipients act now to add	diagnosed, or a person who
		eligible children to Economic Impact Payment (5/4/20)	experiences adverse financial
	COVID Tax Tip 2020-60, Here are		consequences as a result of
	answers to a few common questions	IRS COVID <u>Tax Tip 2020-49</u> , SSI and VA recipients with a child who	quarantine, furlough, laid-off,
	about Economic Impact Payments	don't file taxes should visit IRS.gov (5/1/20)	work-hour reduction, unable
	(5/21/20)		to work due to lack of child
		IRS Info. Release <u>IR-2020-86</u> , VA, SSI recipients with eligible children	care
	COVID Tax Tip 2020-59, Here's	need to act by Tuesday, May 5 to quickly add money to their automatic	<ul> <li>May be repaid within 3 years of</li> </ul>
	why some people's Economic	Economic Impact Payment; 'Plus \$500 Push' continues (5/1/20)	distribution (i.e., treated as a rollover
	Impact Payment is different than		which meets 60-day requirement)
	expected (5/20/20)	IRS Info. Release <u>IR-2020-85</u> , Economic Impact Payments continue to	<ul> <li>Income is spread over 3 years if not</li> </ul>
		be sent, check IRS.gov for answers to common questions (4/30/20)	repaid
			Topula

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
State	COVID Tax Tip 2020-58,	IRS Notice 2020-32 provides guidance regarding the deductibility for	Loan from employer plans: limit
	Employee retention credit available	Federal income tax purposes of certain otherwise deductible expenses	increased from \$50k to \$100k
	for businesses affected by COVID-	incurred in a taxpayer's trade or business when the taxpayer receives a	<ul> <li>Due date of outstanding loan in 2020</li> </ul>
	19 (5/19/20)	loan pursuant to the Paycheck Protection Program. No deduction for	deferred one year
		expenses used to support PPP loan forgiveness. (4/30/20)	2203—Required Minimum Distributions
	<u>Treasury News Release</u> : Treasury is		(RMDs)
	Delivering Millions of Economic	IRS Revenue Procedure 2020-29 allows taxpayers to electronically	RMD not in effect for 2020 for current
	Impact Payments by Prepaid Debit	submit requests for private letter rulings and other legal advice. It also	or new RMDs
	Card (5/18/20)	allows for electronic signatures on the required documents. The IRS	If first required distribution not made
		will continue to allow for paper submissions in addition to electronic	in 2019: April 1, 2020 distribution
	IRS <u>Draft Schedule R to Form 941</u>	submissions. This revenue procedure modifies Rev. Proc. 2020-1.	requirement waived
	on Allocation Schedule for	(4/30/20)	2204—Partial above the line charitable
	Aggregate Form 941 Filers on		deduction
	employer payroll taxes (5/18/20)	IRS <u>draft Form 941</u> on payroll taxes (new lines 5a, 5b, 11b, and 11c)	<ul> <li>Above the line \$300 cash charitable</li> </ul>
		(4/30/20)	deduction for 2020 (i.e., can deduct up
	IRS DRAFT Form 8915B on		to \$300 without itemizing deductions)
	Qualified 2017 Disaster Retirement	IRS Statement: Update on IRS operations (4/29/20)	2205—Increase limits on charitable
	<u>Plan Distributions and Repayments</u>		contributions
	(for CARES Act withdrawals)	IRS FAQs new FAQ #21 on FATCA updated for FATCA certification	• Eliminates the 60% limitation for cash
	(3/24/20)	due date of 7/1/20 extended to 12/15/20 (4/29/20)	donations
			<ul> <li>Allows deduction for cash</li> </ul>
	IRS <u>IR-2020-97</u> , IRS adds phone	IRS Info. Release <u>IR-2020-83</u> , Use IRS Non-Filers: Enter Payment Info	contributions up to 100% of
	operators to answer Economic	Here tool to get Economic Impact Payment; many low-income,	AGI
	Impact Payment questions (5/18/20)	homeless qualify (4/28/20)	<ul> <li>Corporate level raised to 25% of</li> </ul>
			taxable income
	SBA Paycheck Protection Program	IRS Info. release IR-2020-82, IRS enhances Get My Payment online	• Food limit increased to 25% of taxable
	(PPP) Loan Forgiveness Application	application to help taxpayers (4/26/20)	income from the business (from 15%)
	and Instructions for Borrowers (fill-	TDC I C 1 TD 2020 01 VA CCI ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' '	2206—Exclusion from income for limited
	in form) (OMB control number	IRS Info. release IR-2020-81, VA, SSI recipients with eligible children	employer payments of student loans
	3245-0407 (expiration date	need to act by May 5 to quickly add money to their automatic Economic	Employer payment on employee
	10/31/2020) SBA Form 3508 and	Impact Payment; 'Plus \$500 Push' continues (4/24/20)	student loans is tax-free fringe benefit
	press release number 20-41	IDS COVID Toy Tip 2020 46. Who can get more Economic I	for 2020
	(5/15/20)	IRS COVID Tax <u>Tip 2020-46</u> , Who can get more Economic Impact Payment money for children (4/28/20)	<ul> <li>Not to exceed \$5,250 decreased by</li> </ul>
		IRS COVID Tax Tip 2020-45, Taxpayers with a filing requirement must	other educational assistance programs
	IRS IR-2020-96, IRS expands	file a tax return to get an Economic Impact Payment (4/23/20)	Other provisions continue to apply
	partner materials for Economic	IRS COVID <u>Tax Tip 2020-44</u> , Questions about Economic Impact	(e.g., not for a related party employee)
	Impact Payments; continues	Payments (4/22/20)	2301—Employee retention credit
	sweeping effort to share details in	IRS COVID Tax Tip 2020-43, Most Economic Impact Payments are	Credit against employer 6.2% FICA
	multiple languages (5/15/20)	being sent automatically (4/21/20)	payroll taxes for 50% of wages for
		IRS Info. release <u>IR-2020-80</u> , Treasury, IRS deliver 88 million	each quarter
	IRS FS-2020-06, New credits fund	Economic Impact Payments in first three weeks, release state-by-state	• Limit of \$10,000 per employee,
	employers for Coronavirus-related	Economic Impact r ayments in first three weeks, release state-by-state  Economic Impact Payment figures (4/24/20)	cumulatively
	paid leave (5/15/20)	Leonomie impact i aymont figures (7/27/20)	Limited to employment taxes
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State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
State	Gurdaneo Bate	IRS Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs) about Carrybacks of Net	Refundable if in excess
	JCT revenue estimate of HEROES	Operating Losses (NOLs) for Taxpayers who have had Section 965	Has to have:
	Act (5/15/20)	Inclusion (originally posted 4/23/20)	Operation of trade or business
	<u>Act</u> (3/13/20)	inclusion (originally posted 4/25/20)	fully or partially suspended
	SBA Interim final rule - Docket	IRS Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs) on COVID-19 Relief for Estate	
	Number SBA-2020-2028 RIN 3245-	and Gift (4/23/20)	during calendar quarter due to governmental orders limiting
	AH42 Business Loan Program	<u>und Offe</u> (4/25/20)	
	Temporary Changes; Paycheck	IRS IR-2020-77 (4/21/20), Treasury, IRS announce cross-border tax	commerce, trade, or group meetings due to COVID; or
	Protection Program – Loan	guidance related to travel disruptions arising from the COVID-19	
	Increases (5/13/20)	emergency (4/21/20)	
	<u>Increases</u> (3/13/20)	(4/21/20)	measured by quarter
	IRS FAQs: Aviation Excise Tax	IRS FAQs on Payroll support for air carriers and contractors under the	compared to prior year
	Holiday under the CARES Act	CARES Act frequently asked questions (4/22/20)	quarter
	(5/12/20)	CARLS Act requently asked questions (4/22/20)	Applicable to tax-exempts     (without decline in revenue)
	(3/12/20)	Revenue Procedure 2020-20 on Relief for certain nonresident	(without decline in revenue
	IR-2020-95- IRS provides tax relief	individuals affected by COVID-19 travel disruptions (4/21/20),	provision)
	through increased flexibility for	which provides that, under certain circumstances, up to 60	o Employers with more than
	taxpayers in section 125 cafeteria		100 full-time employees:
	plans (5/12/20)	consecutive calendar days of U.S. presence that are presumed to arise from travel disruptions caused by the COVID-19	■ Employees not able
	prairs (5/12/20)		to work as result of
	Notice 2020-29 extends claims	emergency will not be counted for purposes of determining U.S. tax residency and for purposes of determining whether an	government-ordered
	periods for taxpayers to apply		suspended
	unused amounts remaining in a	individual qualifies for tax treaty benefits for income from	operations or
	health FSA or dependent care	personal services performed in the United States. (4/21/20)	meeting decline in
	assistance program for expenses	Parama Parama 2020 27 and Palinf for a contain in dividuals	revenues test
	incurred through December 31,	Revenue Procedure 2020-27 on Relief for certain individuals      Revenue Procedure 2020-27 on Relief for certain individuals      Revenue Procedure 2020-27 on Relief for certain individuals      Revenue Procedure 2020-27 on Relief for certain individuals	o Employers with 100 or fewer
	2020. (5/12/20)	related to the foreign earned income exclusion under Sec. 911 (4/21/20), which provides that qualification for exclusions from	full-time employees:
	2020. (3/12/20)		Wages paid during
	Notice 2020-33 increases unused	gross income under I.R.C. section 911 will not be impacted as a	government-order
	health FSA carryover amounts to	result of days spent away from a foreign country due to the COVID-19 emergency based on certain departure dates	suspended
	\$550. (5/12/20)	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	operations or
	ψ330. (3/12/20)	(4/21/20)	meeting decline in
	COVID Tax Tip 2020-57, IRS	IDS EAO on Information for nonnecident aliens and foreign	revenues test
	People First Initiative provides	IRS FAQ on Information for nonresident aliens and foreign    hydrogeneous improved by COVID 10 travel disruptions (4/21/20)	Credit measured on wages plus certain  avaluable group health plan agets.
	relief to taxpayers (5/14/20)	businesses impacted by COVID-19 travel disruptions (4/21/20),	excludible group health plan costs
	101101 to taxpayors (3/17/20)	which provides that certain U.S. business activities conducted	No retention credit if employer      Spanning and spanning are seen as a second spanning are second spanning ar
	COVID Tax Tip 2020-56, IRS	by a nonresident alien or foreign corporation will not be	receives covered SBA loan under
	People First Initiative provides	counted for up to 60 consecutive calendar days in determining	Section 7(a)(36) of Small Business Act
	relief to taxpayers facing COVID-	whether the individual or entity is engaged in a U.S. trade or business or has a U.S. permanent establishment, but only if	(a new provision in this legislation)
	19 issues (5/13/20)	those activities would not have been conducted in the United	Retention credit not applicable to
	(5, 15, 20)	States but for travel disruptions arising from the COVID-19	governments
	COVID Tax Tip 2020-55, What	emergency. (4/21/20)	• Effective for wages March 12, to
	people really want to know about	Cilicigency. (4/21/20)	December 31, 2020
			2302—Delay of payment of employer payroll
			taxes

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
	Economic Impact Payments (5/12/20)	IRS Information Release <u>IR-2020-76</u> - SSA, RRB recipients with eligible children need to act with information in a <u>special non-filer tool</u> by Wednesday to quickly add money to their automatic Economic	<ul> <li>Deferral of employer share of 6.2% FICA</li> <li>No deferral if loan under Section</li> </ul>
	IRS Statement on Competent Authority Filing Modifications and APMA APA Consultations (5/11/20)	Impact Payment; IRS asks for help in the Plus \$500 Push - Special alert for benefit recipients who don't file a tax return and have dependents to enter information in the Non-Filers: Enter Payment Info Here tool on IRS and (4/20/20)	<ul><li>7(a)(36) of Small Business Act is forgiven</li><li>50% of SE tax allowed to be deferred</li></ul>
	IR-20-93, Why the Economic Impact Payment amount could be different than anticipated (5/11/20)	IRS.gov. (4/20/20)  Revenue Procedure 2020-28 provides two tax return filing procedures for certain individuals who are eligible for the economic impact payment, but are not otherwise required to file 2019 Federal income tax returns. (4/20/20)	50% of deferred amounts due on     December 31, 2021 and remainder on     December 31, 2022  2303—NOL 5-year carryback and waiver of 80% taxable income limit
	COVID Tax Tip 2020-54, <u>Taxpayers act now to receive</u> <u>Economic Impact Payments by direct deposit</u> (5/11/20)	IRS <u>Statement</u> on Getting Answers to Economic Impact Payment Questions (4/18/20)  IRS <u>Revenue Procedure 2020-25</u> on Qualified Improvement Property	<ul> <li>80% of taxable income limitation is waived for 2018-2020; now 100% of taxable income may be offset</li> <li>2018, 2019 and 2020 NOLs can be carried back 5 years</li> </ul>
	SBA <u>Interim Final Rule</u> - Docket Number SBA-2020-0026 RIN 3245-AH41 Business Loan Program Temporary Changes; Paycheck Protection Program – Requirements	(4/17/20)  IRS Revenue Ruling 2020-08 on Foreign Tax Credits and Net Operating Losses (4/17/20)	<ul> <li>Conforming applicable dates of NOL rules for TCJA carryback</li> <li>May elect or revoke election to forgo carryback within 120 days of enactment</li> </ul>
	- Extension of Limited Safe Harbor with Respect to Certification Concerning Need for PPP Loan Request (5/8/20)	IRS Webpage on Get My Payment Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs) on economic impact payments (updated 5/6/20 for deceased taxpayer, updated 4/17/20)	<ul> <li>Special REIT rules</li> <li>2304—Excess business losses limit eliminated for pre-2021 years</li> <li>No EBL for pre-2021</li> </ul>
	SBA <u>Inspector General (IG) Flash</u> Report on Implementation on the Paycheck Protection Program (PPP) (5/8/20)	IRS Webpage on Economic Impact Payment Information Center and FAQs on Economic Income Payments (updated 4/17/20)  IRS new Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs) regarding COVID-19-Related Tax Credits for Required Paid Leave Provided by Small and	<ul> <li>EBL eliminates wages from business income</li> <li>EBL will be effective January 1, 2021 to December 31, 2025</li> <li>2305—Acceleration of corporate AMT credits</li> </ul>
	FS-2020-05, New Employee Retention Credit helps employers	Midsize Businesses sick leave and family leave (4/17/20)  IRS <u>IR-2020-75</u> on Veterans Affairs recipients will receive automatic	2306—Modifications to business interest expense limits
	keep employees on payroll	Economic Impact Payments; Step follows work between Treasury, IRS, VA (4/17/20)	Interest limitation increased to 50% for 2019 and 2020      Does not apply to partnerships for
	IRS FAQs: Employee Retention Credit under the CARES Act (5/8/20 updated, 5/7/20 updated, 4/30/20 updated 94 FAQs, 4/10/20	IRS <u>IR-2020-74</u> , IRS: Free File use soars; taxpayers still have time to do their taxes for free (4/16/20)	<ul> <li>Does not apply to partnerships for 2019 but partner can use 50% of disallowed 2019 amount in 2020</li> <li>May elect out of these changes</li> </ul>
	updated, originally posted 3/31/20)  IR-2020-92, Act by Wednesday for	IRS article - <u>IRS tool to help non-filers get Economic Impact Payments</u> (4/16/20)	<ul> <li>May use 2019 taxable income in calculating 2020 taxable income</li> <li>2307—Qualified improvement property</li> </ul>
	chance to get quicker Economic	IRS article - Be on the lookout for coronavirus scammers (4/16/20)	(QIP) retroactive fix

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
State	Impact Payment; timeline for	Guidance Renei Flovisions for Colonavirus	
	payments continues to accelerate	IRS article - Find out when your Economic Impact Payment will arrive	QIP is now 15-year property
	(5/8/20)		Bonus depreciation allowed
	(3/8/20)	(4/16/20)	retroactively
	ID 2020 01 Tours IDC1	TDC	• Effective for 2018
	IR-2020-91, Treasury, IRS release	IRS article - Who gets an economic impact payment and how much is it?	2308—Temporary exception from excise tax
	latest state-by-state Economic	(4/16/20)	for alcohol used to produce hand sanitizer
	Impact Payment figures (5/8/20)	IDC Control of Control of American Control of	3601—FFCRA, Limitation on Paid Leave
	ID 2020 90 IDC. Three new andits	IRS Statement on Get My Payment Application: Status Not Available (4/15/20)	<ul> <li>Employer not required to pay more</li> </ul>
	IR-2020-89, IRS: Three new credits	(4/13/20)	than \$200 per day and \$10,000 in
	are available to many businesses hit	IDC ID 2020 72 Complemental Complete Incomplete indicate will according	aggregate per employee
	by COVID-19 (5/7/20)	IRS <u>IR-2020-73</u> , Supplemental Security Income recipients will receive	3602—FFCRA, Limitation on Paid Sick
	B	automatic Economic Impact Payments; step follows work between	Leave
	Revenue Procedure 2020-30 on	Treasury, IRS, Social Security Administration (4/15/20)	<ul> <li>Employer not required to pay more</li> </ul>
	persons abroad not counted for	IDC ID 2020 72 Traccours IDC proveil and in a small and in the last	than \$511 per day and \$5,110 in the
	foreign branch rules (5/7/20)	IRS IR-2020-72, Treasury, IRS unveil online application to help with	aggregate per employee for:
	IDC EAC II'd E1	Economic Impact Payments (4/15/20)	<ul> <li>Employee subject to</li> </ul>
	IRS FAQs on Higher Education	ID 2020 71 IDS Security Commit next are to a sectional and	quarantine or isolation order
	Emergency Relief Fund and Emergency Financial Aid Grants	IR-2020-71, IRS, Security Summit partners warn tax professionals on	<ul> <li>Advised to self-quarantine by</li> </ul>
		scams, urge additional security measures to protect taxpayer data	health care provider
	under the CARES Act (5/7/20)	(4/14/20)	<ul> <li>Employee experiencing</li> </ul>
	IDC EO Undeter e News for	IDS EQ Undete eNews for Charities and Nonnuclita on extending	symptoms of COVID-19 and
	IRS EO Update: e-News for	IRS EO Update eNews for Charities and Nonprofits on extending deadlines for Forms 990 series, 990-T, 1120-POL, and 4720, 5227,	seeking medical diagnosis
	Charities & Nonprofits - Form 1023		<ul> <li>Employer not required to pay more</li> </ul>
	Paper Submission Transition Period	8871, 8872, and 8976 (4/14/20)	than \$200 per day and \$2,000 in the
	Expires April 30 (5/7/20)	IRS Memorandum to IRS Services and Enforcement Employees on	aggregate per employee
	IRS article - If you receive certain	acceptance of imaged and digital signatures and the electronic	<ul> <li>Employee caring for</li> </ul>
	benefits, your Economic Impact	transmission of documents (3/27/20)	individual subject to
	Payment will automatically go on	didistrission of documents (3/27/20)	quarantine or isolation order
	your Direct Express Card (5/8/20)	As part of the response to the COVID-19 emergency, the IRS will	or advised to self-quarantine
	your Direct Express Card (5/6/20)	temporarily allow employees to accept:	o Employee caring for
	IRS article - 2016 unclaimed	Images of signatures (scanned or photographed) and digital	employee's child if the school
	refunds deadline extended to July 15	signatures on documents related to the determination or	or place of care has closed
1	(4/28/20)	collection of tax liability	o Employee is experiencing any
1	(1120/20)		other substantially similar
1	IRS article - Employee retention	Documents via email and to transmit documents to taxpayers     using SecureZip or other established secured messaging	condition (specified by
	credit for businesses affected by		Secretary of HHS in
1	COVID-19 (5/8/20)	systems. This change expires July 15, 2020. Visit IRS.gov for details (PDF)."	consultation with Secretaries
	23 112 17 (5/5/20)	(4/14/20)	of Treasury and Labor)
	IRS article - New employer credit	(7/17/20)	3605—Paid leave for rehired employees
	available for paid sick leave (5/8/20)	IRS MEMORANDUM FOR ALL SERVICES AND ENFORCEMENT	Modifies definition of eligible
	2. Minore 101 para bron 104 (0) (0) (0)	EMPLOYEES (3/27/20)	employees
		Divided Labor (SIZIIZO)	3606—Advance refunding of FFCRA payroll
			credits

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
	IRS article - New employer credit	"FROM: Sunita Lough Deputy Commissioner, Services and	Advance refunding of Paid Sick Leave
	available for paid family leave	Enforcement	Credit and Emergency FMLA
	(5/8/20)	SUBJECT: (1) Approval to Accept Images of Signatures and Digital	3607—Expands DOL authority to postpone
		Signatures (2) Approval to Receive Documents by Email and to	certain deadlines
	IRS article - You now have until	Transmit Documents to Taxpayers using SecureZip"	
	July 15 to file and pay your taxes		FINAL FINAL TEXT
	(5/7/20)	"With this memorandum, pursuant to IRM 1.11.2.2.4 (When Procedures	
		Deviate from the IRM), we are implementing a temporary deviation that	SECTION BY SECTION
	IRS article - <u>Answers to questions</u>	allows IRS employees to accept images of signatures (scanned or	
	about Economic Impact Payments	photographed) and digital signatures on documents related to the	FAQ Courtesy of Leader McCarthy
	available on IRS.gov (4/28/20)	determination or collection of tax liability. We are also implementing a	
		temporary deviation that allows IRS employees to accept documents via	WAYS AND MEANS Info. on:
	IRS article - Subscribe to IRS social	email and to transmit documents to taxpayers using SecureZip or other	
	media and email for the latest on	established secured messaging systems. This memorandum is effective	Tax provisions in Senate CARES bill
	Economic Impact Payments	upon issuance.	
	(4/28/20)		<u>Unemployment provisions in Senate CARES</u>
	COLUD TI TI' ACCO TO COLUD	The categories of documents included in the scope of this memorandum	<u>bill</u>
	COVID Tax Tip 2020-53, COVID-	are: extensions of statute of limitations on assessment or collection,	
	19 paid leave tax credits for small	waivers of statutory notices of deficiency and consents to assessment,	Small business provisions in Senate CARES
	and midsize businesses (5/7/20)	agreements to specific tax matters or tax liabilities (closing agreements),	<u>bill</u>
		and any other statement or form needing the signature of a taxpayer or	
	<u>COVID Tax Tip 2020-52</u> ,	representative traditionally collected by IRS personnel outside of	Distressed industries provisions in Senate
	Taxpayers have until July 15 to file	standard filing procedures (for example, a case specific Power of	CARES bill
	and pay their taxes $(5/6/20)$	Attorney)	H 14 CAPEGLIII
		Signatures - The IRS will accept images of signatures (scanned or photographed) in one of the following file types: tiff, jpg, jpeg, pdf,	Health provisions in Senate CARES bill.
	COVID Tax Tip 2020-51, Low-	Microsoft Office suite, or Zip.	ENERGY AND COMMEDCE info on
	income people are eligible to get an	wherosoft Office suite, of Zip.	ENERGY AND COMMERCE info. on
	Economic Impact Payment (5/5/20)	The IRS will accept Digital Signatures that use encryption techniques to	E & C Inmindiation info in Sanata CARES hill
		provide proof of original and unmodified documentation on one of the	E & C Jurisdiction info in Senate CARES bill
	IRS Webpage on Get My Payment	following file types: tiff, jpg, jpeg, pdf, Microsoft Office suite, or Zip.	FINANCIAL SERVICES info. on
	Frequently Asked Questions on	Tollowing the types. un, jpg, jpeg, pur, wherosoft office suite, of Zip.	FINANCIAL SERVICES IIIO. OII
	Economic Impact Payments (FAQs)	Additional Methods to Receive Documents Electronically - To eliminate	FSC provisions in Senate CARES bill
	(updated 5/6/20 for deceased	mailing documents to the extent possible, IRS employees should use all	1'SC provisions in Senate CARES on
	taxpayer, updated 4/18/20, updated	existing and previously allowable means of receiving and transmitting	APPROPRIATIONS info. on
	4/17/20)	documents, such as, eFax or established secured messaging systems.	ATT KOT KIATIONS IIIO. OII
		documents, such as, or ax or established secured messaging systems.	Approps. Provisions in Senates CARES bill
	IRS Info. Release IR-2020-87, IRS	The choice to transmit documents electronically is solely that of the	Approps. 1 Tovisions in Schates CARES on
	retools Settlement Days program in	taxpayer. If the taxpayer is not able to eFax the executed document or to	MORE COMMITTEES
	response to COVID-19 pandemic;	provide it through established secure messaging, the taxpayer may use	Mone committees
	allows unrepresented taxpayers to	email with attachments to transmit the document to the IRS if the	Ed & Labor provisions in Senate CARES bill
	settle their cases virtually and reach	following steps are taken:"	
	finality (5/5/20)		T&I provisions in Senate CARES bill

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
	IRS Revenue Procedure 2020-19 on	IRS COVID Tax Tip 2020-42, Taxpayers should be aware of	Small business provisions in Senate CARES
	REITs and RICs (5/4/20)	Coronavirus-related scams (4/16/20)	<u>bill</u>
	IDS EAO Comment in a subset in	IDG COVID To T' 2020 41 May God'd God'd and De'lord	H A lock one below to Great CAREGISH
	IRS FAQs on Coronavirus-related	IRS COVID Tax Tip 2020-41, Most Social Security and Railroad	House Admin provisions in Senate CARES bill
	relief for retirement plans and IRAs	Retirement recipients don't need to file a return or provide information	CADES Act toy provisions oim to stabilize
	questions and answers (5/4/20)	to get an Economic Impact Payment (4/15/20)	CARES Act tax provisions aim to stabilize pandemic-ravaged economy (Journal of
	IRS Notice 2020-25 on Expanded	IRS COVID Tax Tip 2020-40, Here's how much individuals will get	Accountancy, 3/25/20)
	Temporary Rule Allowing	from the Economic Impact Payments (4/14/20)	Accountancy, 3/23/20)
	Governmental Issuers to Purchase	from the Economic Impact Layments (4/14/20)	Paycheck Protection Program and Health Care
	Certain of Their Own Tax-Exempt	IRS Statement on Filing Certain Corporate Refund Claims (4/13/20)	Enhancement Act, H.R. 266, P.L. 116-139
	Bonds (5/4/20)	"In response to the COVID-19 Pandemic and solely to implement the	(enacted 4/24/20)
		provisions of the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act	
	Revenue Procedure 2020-21	(CARES Act), until further notice, the IRS is implementing temporary	Paycheck Protection Program Flexibility Act
	provides temporary guidance	procedures for the fax submission of certain Form 1139 and Form	(PPPFA) (P.L. 116-142) (H.R. 7010, enacted
	regarding the public approval	1045."	6/5/20)
	requirement under § 147(f) of the		
	Internal Revenue Code (Code) for	IRS IR-2020-70 (4/13/20) REMINDER: Schedule and pay federal taxes	Act extending PPP from CARES Act through
	tax-exempt qualified private activity	electronically due by July 15; only a few hours remaining for taxpayers	<u>8/8/20</u> - Public Law No: 116-147, S. 4116,
	bonds. (5/4/20)	to reschedule payments set for April 15	enacted 7/8/20 (7/8/20)
		TDG D	
	IRS Info. Release IR-2020-86, VA,	IRS Revenue Procedure 2020-26 (4/13/20) provides guidance relating to	The U.S. Tax Court announced it would
	SSI recipients with eligible children	the tax qualification of certain securitization vehicles that hold mortgage loans for which borrowers have participated in forbearance programs	reschedule hearings or trials as needed, and urged individuals not to come into the building
	need to act by Tuesday, May 5 to	arising from the COVID-19 emergency. This revenue procedure also	if they felt sick.
	quickly add money to their	provides guidance for certain real estate mortgage investment conduits	if they left siek.
	automatic Economic Impact Payment; 'Plus \$500 Push'	(REMICs) that acquire mortgage loans for which borrowers have	2019 Canadian Individual Income Tax
	continues (5/1/20)	participated in forbearance programs arising from the COVID-19	Returns (Form T1) originally due April 30,
	Continues (3/1/20)	emergency.	2020, now due June 1, 2020. See additional
	IRS Info. Release IR-2020-85,		info on tax payment deferral.
	Economic Impact Payments	IRS Coronavirus and Economic Impact Payments: Resources and	• •
	continue to be sent, check IRS.gov	Guidance (main IRS page of guidance updated often)	Global tax developments summary on COVID-
	for answers to common questions		<u>19</u> (3/22/20)
	(4/30/20)	IRS FAQs on temporary procedures to fax certain Forms 1139 and 1045	
	(1,23,23)	due to COVID-19 (4/30/20 updated, 4/16/20 updated, originally posted	CDC Coronavirus page
	IRS Notice 2020-32 provides	4/13/20) to Claim Quick Refunds of the Credit for Prior Year Minimum	
	guidance regarding the deductibility	Tax Liability of Corporations and Net Operating Loss Deductions	CDC implementation of mitigation strategies
	for Federal income tax purposes of	- IDGEAO	for communities with local COVID-19
	certain otherwise deductible	• IRS FAQs on estate tax Form 706 deliveries returned and	transmission
	expenses incurred in a taxpayer's	guidance due to COVID-19 (4/13/20)	Bloomberg tax coronavirus updates
	trade or business when the taxpayer	IDS Day Prog. 2020 22 (4/10/20) on guidance recording the election	Diodinocig tax coronavirus upuates
	receives a loan pursuant to the	IRS Rev. Proc. 2020-22 (4/10/20) on guidance regarding the election under section $163(j)(7)(B)$ to be an electing real property trade or	Small Business Administration website related
	Paycheck Protection Program.	business and the election under section $163(j)(7)(C)$ to be an electing	to SBA loans and
	(4/30/20)	outsiness and the election under section 105(J)(1)(e) to be an electing	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		farming business for purposes of the business interest expense deduction	
	SBA Interim Final Rule, Docket	limitation under section 163(j). This revenue procedure allows certain	ASAE's one-pager for provisions in the bill
	Number SBA-2020-0023, RIN	taxpayers to make a late election, or to withdraw an election, under	relevant to associations and nonprofit groups
	3245-AH39,	section $163(j)(7)(B)$ or $163(j)(7)(C)$ , as applicable, on an amended	
	Business Loan Program Temporary	Federal income tax return, an amended Form 1065, or an administrative	Journal of Accountancy article on CARES Act
	Changes; Paycheck Protection	adjustment request under section 6227 of the Code (AAR).	tax provisions aim to stabilize pandemic-
	Program – Requirements –		ravaged economy (3/25/20)
	Corporate Groups and Non-Bank	IRS FAQs on deferral of employment tax deposits and payments through	
	and Non-Insured Depository	<u>December 31, 2020</u> (4/10/20)	Conditional coronavirus relief provided by SEC
	Institution Lenders (4/30/20)		Global coronavirus map, which is updated
		IRS FAQs on Installment Agreement Direct Debit Frequently Asked	daily.
	IRS Revenue Procedure 2020-29 on	<u>Questions</u> (4/10/20)	
	electronically submitting requests		
	for private letter rulings and other	IRS <u>IR-2020-69</u> (4/10/20) Treasury, IRS launch <u>new web tool</u> to help	
	legal advice and allows for	non-filers register for Economic Impact Payments	
	electronic signatures on the required		
	documents (4/30/20)	IRS <u>IR-2020-68</u> (4/9/20) IRS urges taxpayers to use electronic options;	
	TDG 1 C T O44	outlines online assistance	
	IRS <u>draft Form 941</u> on payroll taxes	IDGD D 1 2020 24 (4/0/20) NOI : : CADEG	
	(new lines 5a, 5b, 11b, and 11c)	IRS Revenue Procedure 2020-24 (4/9/20) on NOL provision in CARES	
	(4/30/20)	Act	
	IRS Statement: Update on IRS	IRS Notice 2020-26 (4/9/20) on extension of time to file application for	
	operations (4/29/20)	tentative NOL carryback adjustment	
	operations (4/25/20)	tentative 1002 carryback adjustment	
	SBA Form 1502 and Instructions	IRS IR-2020-67 (4/9/20) IRS provides guidance under the CARES Act	
	(4/29/20)	to taxpayers with net operating losses	
	( = 3 / = 3 /	a sumper, the state of terming events	
	IRS FAQs new FAQ #21 on	Six month extension of time for filing NOL forms	
	FATCA updated for FATCA	In Notice 2020-26 (PDF), the IRS grants a six-month extension of time	
	certification due date of 7/1/20	to file Form 1045 or Form 1139, as applicable, with respect to the	
	extended to 12/15/20 (4/29/20)	carryback of a net operating loss that arose in any taxable year that	
		began during calendar year 2018 and that ended on or before June 30,	
	<b>Treasury Statements on CARES</b>	2019. Individuals, trusts, and estates would file Form 1045 (PDF), and	
		corporations would file <u>Form 1139 (PDF)</u> .	
	Treasury and SBA joint statement		
	on n the Review Procedure for Paycheck	COVID relief for partnerships with NOLs	
	Protection Program Loans (4/28/20)	On April 8, 2020, the IRS issued Revenue Procedure 2020-23 (PDF),	
		allowing eligible partnerships to file amended partnership returns using a	
	PPP Disbursement Guidelines	Form 1065, U.S. Return of Partnership Income, by checking the	
	(4/28/20)	"Amended Return" box and issuing amended Schedules K-1, Partner's	
	TROLE C. D. I. TROCCO CO. T.	Share of Income, Deductions, Credits, to each of its partners.	
	IRS Info. Release IR-2020-83, Use	Partnerships filing these amended returns should write "FILED	
	IRS Non-Filers: Enter Payment Info		

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
	Here tool to get Economic Impact	PURSUANT TO REV PROC 2020-23" at the top of the amended	
	Payment; many low-income,	return." (4/9/20)	
	homeless qualify (4/28/20)		
		IRS <u>Notice 2020-23</u> (4/9/20) Update to Notice 2020-18, Additional	
	IRS Info. release IR-2020-82, IRS	Relief for Taxpayers Affected by Ongoing Coronavirus Disease 2019	
	enhances Get My Payment online	Pandemic	
	application to help taxpayers	TDG ID 2020 CC IDG	
	(4/26/20)	IRS IR- 2020-66 IRS extends more tax deadlines to cover individuals,	
	IRS Info. release IR-2020-81, VA,	trusts, estates corporations and others (4/9/20)	
	SSI recipients with eligible children	IRS Statement on Filing Corporate Refund Claims (4/8/20)	
	need to act by May 5 to quickly add	1RS <u>Statement on Fining Corporate Retund Claims</u> (4/8/20)	
	money to their automatic Economic	Revenue Procedure 2020-23 (4/8/20) Allows an eligible partnership to	
	Impact Payment; 'Plus \$500 Push'	file an amended Form 1065 with the "Amended Return" box checked for	
	continues (4/24/20)	tax years beginning in 2018 and 2019 and furnish a corresponding	
	, ,	amended Schedule K-1 (Form 1065) to each of its partners as an	
	IRS Info. release <u>IR-2020-80</u> ,	alternative option to filing an Administrative Adjustment Request	
	Treasury, IRS deliver 88 million		
	Economic Impact Payments in first	IRS Installment Agreement Direct Debit Frequently Asked Questions	
	three weeks, release state-by-state	(4/3/20)	
	Economic Impact Payment figures		
	(4/28/20 updated, originally	Treasury Paycheck Protection Program (PPP) FAQs (4/8/20 updated,	
	4/24/20)	4/6/20 originally posted)	
	Treasury Department -	IRS Information Release IR-2020-64 (4/2/20)	
	PAYCHECK PROTECTION	1KS <u>Information Release IR-2020-04</u> (4/2/20)	
	PROGRAM - HOW TO	SBA Guidance – Proposed Regulations – <u>Final Interim Rule on Business</u>	
	CALCULATE MAXIMUM LOAN	Loan Program and Paycheck Protection Program (PPP) – (4/2/20)	
	AMOUNTS – BY BUSINESS		
	TYPE (4/24/20)	Economic Impact Payments – e-Poster (PDF) (4/2/20)	
	IRS Frequently Asked Questions	Installment Agreement Direct Debit FAQs (4/10/20 updated, originally	
	(FAQs) on COVID-19 Relief for	posted 4/2/20)	
	Estate and Gift (4/23/20)		
		Treasury News Release: Social Security Recipients Will Automatically	
	IRS <u>Frequently Asked Questions</u>	Receive Economic Impact Payments (4/1/20)	
	(FAQs) about Carrybacks of Net		
	Operating Losses (NOLs) for	IRS Notice 2020-22 (PDF). Relief from Penalty for Failure to Deposit	
	Taxpayers who have had Section	Employment Taxes (3/31/20)	
	965 Inclusion (4/23/20)	IDC Control of IDC Control Entered	
	IDC FACE OF Description of Control	IRS Statement on IRS Grants Extension of Time to File FATCA	
	IRS FAQs on Payroll support for air carriers and contractors under the	Information Returns (3/30/20)	
	carriers and contractors under the		

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
	CARES Act frequently asked	"For more information, see FAQ Q4 in the "Reporting" category on	
	<u>questions</u> (4/22/20)	the <u>FATCA – FAQs General</u> page."	
	TDG G	TROLL OF THE TRANSPORT	
	IRS Statement on micro-captive	IRS Information Release IR-2020-62 on IRS: Employee Retention	
	letter response relief (4/22/20)	Credit available for many businesses financially impacted by COVID-19 (3/31/20)	
	Support program for air carriers and	(3/31/20)	
	contractors (4/21/20)	Updates on the implementation of this <b>Employee Retention Credit</b> ,	
	, ,	Frequently Asked Questions on Tax Credits for Required Paid	
	IRS <u>IR-2020-77</u> (4/21/20),	<u>Leave</u> and other information can be found on the <u>Coronavirus</u> page of	
	Treasury, IRS announce cross-	IRS.gov.	
	border tax guidance related to travel	TO THE STATE OF TH	
	disruptions arising from the	IRS FAQs on Tax Credits and Required Paid Leave - COVID-19-	
	COVID-19 emergency (4/21/20)	Related Tax Credits for Required Paid Leave Provided by Small and Midsize Businesses FAQs (3/31/20 – 66 FAQs)	
	Revenue Procedure 2020-20 on	WHUSIZE DUSHIESSES FAVS (3/31/20 - 00 FAVS)	
	Relief for certain nonresident	"For a more detailed overview of the law, see "Overview of COVID-	
	individuals affected by COVID-19	19-Related Tax Credits for Small and Midsize Businesses," below.	
	travel disruptions (4/21/20)	For FAQs, see "Basic FAQs," and the sections that follow. The FAQs	
		will be updated to address changes in the law or additional questions as	
	Revenue Procedure 2020-27 on	they are raised."	
	Relief for certain individuals related		
	to the foreign earned income	The Wage and Hour Division of the Department of Labor (DOL)	
	exclusion under Sec. 911 (4/21/20)	administers the EPSLA and the Expanded FMLA and has posted FAQs	
	IRS FAQ on Information for	and relevant information about the paid leave requirements at the Department of Labor's Families First Coronavirus Response Act:	
	nonresident aliens and foreign	Questions and Answers.	
	businesses impacted by COVID-19	Questions and I movers.	
	travel disruptions (4/21/20)	For more information about Eligible Employers, see "What employers	
	` '	may claim the tax credits?"	
	IRS Information Release <u>IR-2020-</u>		
	76 - SSA, RRB recipients with	For more information about how self-employed individuals can claim	
	eligible children need to act by	the credits see "Specific Provisions Related to Self-Employed	
	Wednesday to quickly add money to	<u>Individuals</u> ".	
	their automatic Economic Impact Payment; IRS asks for help in the	For more information, see "What is the rate of pay for qualified sick	
	Plus \$500 Push - Special alert for	leave wages if an employee is unable to work due to their own health	
	benefit recipients who don't file a	needs?"	
	tax return and have dependents		
	(4/20/20)	For more information, see "What is the rate of pay for qualified sick	
		leave wages if an employee is unable to work because he or she needs to	
	IRS Revenue Procedure 2020-28	care for others?"	
	provides two tax return filing		
	procedures for certain individuals		

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
_	who are eligible for the economic	For more information, see "What is included in "qualified family leave	
	impact payment, but are not	wages"?"	
	otherwise required to file 2019		
	Federal income tax returns.	For more information, see "How does an Eligible Employer determine	
	(4/20/20)	the amounts of the qualified family leave wages it is required to pay?"	
	IRS Statement on Getting Answers	For more detail on the refundable tax credits and the procedures to	
	to Economic Impact Payment Questions (4/18/20)	receive payment of the advance credit, see "How to Claim the Credits."	
		IRS Information Release <u>IR-2020-61</u> on economic impact payments:	
	IRS <u>Revenue Procedure 2020-25</u> on Qualified Improvement Property	What you need to know (3/30/20)	
	(4/17/20)	IRS Notice 2020-21, Effective Date for Employment Tax Credits Under	
		the Families First Coronavirus Response Act (3/27/20)	
	IRS Revenue Ruling 2020-08 on		
	Foreign Tax Credits and Net	IRS Notice 2020-20, Update to Notice 2020-18, Relief for Taxpayers	
	Operating Losses (4/17/20)	Affected by Ongoing Coronavirus Disease 2019 Pandemic, Related to	
	CD A D an art are the DDD (4/17/20)	Gift and Generation-Skipping Transfer Tax Filing and Payment	
	SBA Report on the PPP (4/17/20)	Deadlines (3/27/20)	
	IRS Webpage on Get My Payment Frequently Asked Questions on	IR-2020-59 on compliance program suspension (3/25/20)	
	Economic Impact Payments (FAQs)	IRS unveils new People First Initiative; COVID-19 effort temporarily	
	(updated 5/6/20 for deceased	adjusts, suspends key compliance program	
	taxpayer, updated 4/18/20, updated	Field Collection Activities - Liens and levies (including any seizures	
	4/17/20)	of a personal residence) initiated by field revenue officers will be	
	TDC W.1	suspended during this period. However, field revenue officers will	
	IRS Webpage on Economic Impact Payment Information Center and	continue to pursue high-income non-filers and perform other similar activities where warranted.	
	FAQs on Economic Income	Automated Liens and Levies – New automatic, systemic liens and levies	
	Payments (updated 4/17/20)	will be suspended during this period.	
	capatica willias)	Passport Certifications to the State Department – IRS will suspend new	
	IRS new Frequently Asked	certifications to the Department of State for taxpayers who are "seriously	
	Questions (FAQs) regarding	delinquent" during this period. These taxpayers are encouraged to	
	COVID-19-Related Tax Credits for	submit a request for an Installment Agreement or, if applicable, an OIC	
	Required Paid Leave Provided by	during this period. Certification prevents taxpayers from receiving or	
	Small and Midsize Businesses	renewing passports.	
	sick leave and family leave	Private Debt Collection – New delinquent accounts will not be	
	(4/17/20)	forwarded by the IRS to private collection agencies to work during this	
	IRS <u>IR-2020-75</u> on Veterans Affairs	period. Field, Office and Correspondence Audits – During this period, the IRS	
	recipients will receive automatic	will generally not start new field, office and correspondence	
	Economic Impact Payments; Step	examinations. We will continue to work refund claims where possible,	
		without in-person contact. However, the IRS may start new	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
	follows work between Treasury,	examinations where deemed necessary to protect the government's	
	IRS, VA (4/17/20)	interest in preserving the applicable statute of limitations.	
		In-Person Meetings - In-person meetings regarding current	
	SBA <u>Statement</u> on Website about	field, office and correspondence examinations will be	
	unable to accept new application for	suspended. Even though IRS examiners will not hold in-person	
	PPP (4/16/20)	meetings, they will continue their examinations remotely,	
	gp. , p	where possible. To facilitate the progress of open examinations,	
	SBA Procedural Notice 5000-20020	taxpayers are encouraged to respond to any requests for	
	on Implementation of Section 1112	information they already have received - or may receive - on all	
	of the CARES Act, Subsidy for	examination activity during this period if they are able to do so.	
	Certain Loan Payments, for the 7(a)	Unique Situations - Particularly for some corporate and	
	and 504 Loan Programs (4/16/20)	business taxpayers, the IRS understands that there may be	
	IDG ID 2020 74 IDG E E'l.	instances where the taxpayers desire to begin an examination	
	IRS <u>IR-2020-74</u> , IRS: Free File use soars; taxpayers still have time to do	while people and records are available and respective staffs	
		have capacity. In those instances when it's in the best interest of	
	their taxes for free (4/16/20)	both parties and appropriate personnel are available, the IRS	
	IRS Statement on Get My Payment	may initiate activities to move forward with an examination	
	Application: Status Not Available	understanding that COVID-19 developments could later reduce	
	(4/15/20)	activities for an agreed period.	
	(4/13/20)	General Requests for Information - In addition to compliance	
	IRS IR-2020-73, Supplemental	activities and examinations, the IRS encourages taxpayers to	
	Security Income recipients will	respond to any other IRS correspondence requesting additional	
	receive automatic Economic Impact	information during this time if possible.	
	Payments; step follows work	Independent Office of Appeals – Appeals employees will continue to	
	between Treasury, IRS, Social	work their cases. Although Appeals is not currently holding in-person conferences with taxpayers, conferences may be held over the telephone	
	Security Administration (4/15/20)	or by videoconference. Taxpayers are encouraged to promptly respond	
	(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	to any outstanding requests for information for all cases in the	
	IRS IR-2020-72, Treasury, IRS	Independent Office of Appeals.	
	unveil online application to help	Statute of Limitations - The IRS will continue to take steps where	
	with Economic Impact Payments	necessary to protect all applicable statutes of limitations. In instances	
	(4/15/20)	where statute expirations might be jeopardized during this period,	
		taxpayers are encouraged to cooperate in extending such statutes.	
	IR-2020-71, IRS, Security Summit	Otherwise, the IRS will issue Notices of Deficiency and pursue other	
	partners warn tax professionals on	similar actions to protect the interests of the government in preserving	
	scams, urge additional security	such statutes. Where a statutory period is not set to expire during 2020,	
	measures to protect taxpayer data	the IRS is unlikely to pursue the foregoing actions until at least July 15,	
	(4/14/20)	2020.	
	IRS EO Update eNews for Charities	Practitioner Priority Service – Practitioners are reminded that, depending	
	and Nonprofits on extending	on staffing levels and allocations going forward, there may be more	
	deadlines for Forms 990 series, 990-	significant wait times for the PPS. The IRS will continue to monitor this	
	T, 1120-POL, and 4720, 5227,	as situations develop.	
	8871, 8872, and 8976 (4/14/20)		

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		IRS Operations – PPS, e-Services Help Desk, CAF Changes –	
	COVID Tax Tip 2020-50, VA and		
	SSI recipients act now to add	"Due to staff limitations, the PPS line, the e-Services Help Desk line and	
	eligible children to Economic	the e-Services, FIRE and AIR system help desks are closed until further	
	Impact Payment (5/4/20)	notice. Please make <u>IRS.gov</u> your first option for answers to questions.	
		The IRS is temporarily suspending acceptance of new Income	
	COVID <u>Tax Tip 2020-49</u> , SSI and	Verification Express Services (IVES) requests at this time and is	
	VA recipients with a child who	experiencing delays with existing IVES processing as well as CAF	
	don't file taxes should visit IRS.gov	number authorizations. Practitioners with e-Services accounts and with	
	(5/1/20)	client authorization can access the Transcript Delivery System to obtain	
		prior-year transcripts. Taxpayers should use Where's My Refund? and	
	IRS COVID Tax Tip 2020-48,	Get Transcript, both common requests. Additionally, we are unable to	
	Tools to help people get their	answer any questions as yet on stimulus payments. Normal operations	
	Economic Impact Payment	will resume as soon as possible. Please check <u>IRS.gov</u> for updates. We	
	(4/30/20)	apologize for the inconvenience during this difficult period.	
	IDS COVID Toy Tip 2020 47	IRS Office of National Public Liaison"	
	IRS COVID <u>Tax Tip 2020-47</u> , Common errors to avoid when filing	IRS Office of National Public Liaison	
	for advance payment of employer	IRS FAQs - Filing and Payment Deadlines Questions and Answers	
	credits (4/29/20)	(3/24/20)	
	Credits (4/29/20)	(3/24/20)	
	IRS COVID Tax Tip 2020-46, Who	"In Notice 2020-18 (PDF), the Treasury Department and the Internal	
	can get more Economic Impact	Revenue Service (IRS) announced special Federal income tax return	
	Payment money for children	filing and payment relief in response to the ongoing Coronavirus Disease	
	(4/28/20)	2019 (COVID-19) emergency. Below are answers to frequently asked	
		questions related to the relief provided in the Notice."	
	IRS COVID Tax Tip 2020-45,		
	Taxpayers with a filing requirement	White House Briefing Statement - President Approves Washington	
	must file a tax return to get an	<u>Disaster Declaration</u> (3/22/20)	
	Economic Impact Payment		
	(4/23/20)	<u>Updated IRS Statement on filing and payment extension to 7/15</u>	
		(3/21/20)	
	IRS COVID <u>Tax Tip 2020-44</u> ,		
	Questions about Economic Impact	"···	
	Payments (4/22/20)	State tax returns	
	IRS COVID Tax Tip 2020-43, Most		
	Economic Impact Payments are	This relief only applies to federal income returns and tax (including tax	
	being sent automatically (4/21/20)	on self-employment income) payments otherwise due April 15, 2020,	
	IDS COVID Toy Tim 2020 42	not state tax payments or deposits or payments of any other type of federal tax. Taxpayers also will need to file income tax returns in 42	
	IRS COVID Tax Tip 2020-42, Taxpayers should be aware of	states plus the District of Columbia. State filing and payment deadlines	
	Coronavirus-related scams (4/16/20)	vary and are not always the same as the federal filing deadline. The IRS	
	Coronavirus-related scams (4/16/20)	urges taxpayers to check with their state tax agencies for those details.	
		I urges taspayers to eneck with their state tax agencies for those details.	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
	IRS COVID Tax Tip 2020-41, Most	More information is available at https://www.taxadmin.org/state-tax-	
	Social Security and Railroad	agencies."	
	Retirement recipients don't need to		
	file a return or provide information	IR-2020-58 Information Release on extended filing and payment due	
	to get an Economic Impact Payment	date from April 15 to 7/15: (3/21/20)	
	(4/15/20)		
		FEMA website (3/20/20)	
	IRS COVID Tax Tip 2020-40,	"New York Covid-19 Pandemic (DR-4480)	
	Here's how much individuals will	Incident Period: January 20, 2020 and continuing.	
	get from the Economic Impact	Major Disaster Declaration declared on March 20, 2020"	
	Payments (4/14/20)	747 (2/20/20)	
	TDG TDG	Notice 2020-18 on extending 4/15 filing and payment to 7/15 (3/20/20)	
	IRS article - <u>IRS tool to help non-</u>		
	filers get Economic Impact	"Federal income tax filing and payment relief on account of Coronavirus	
	<u>Payments</u> (4/16/20)	Disease 2019 (COVID-19) emergency. The Treasury Department and	
	IDC and to December 1 and a different	IRS are providing relief to all taxpayers who have Federal income tax	
	IRS article - Be on the lookout for	returns and Federal income tax payments due on April 15, 2020. The	
	coronavirus scammers (4/16/20)	April 15, 2020 deadline is postponed to July 15, 2020. Associated interest, additions to tax, and penalties for late filing or late payment will	
	IRS article - Find out when your	be suspended until July 15, 2020."	
	Economic Impact Payment will	be suspended until July 13, 2020.	
	arrive (4/16/20)	IRS Information Release IR-2020-57 on tax credits for Coronavirus-	
	<u>unive</u> (4/10/20)	related leave (3/20/20)	
	IRS article - Who gets an economic	Totaled Teave (3/20/20)	
	impact payment and how much is	Tweet of filing extension until 7/15 (3/20/20)	
	it? (4/16/20)	(3/20/20) at 10:04 am – Treasury Secretary Mnuchin tweeted at "we	
		are moving Tax Day from April 15 to July15. All taxpayers and	
	SBA Guidance – Proposed	businesses will have this additional time to file and make payments	
	Regulations – <u>Interim Final Rule on</u>	without interest or penalties. We are waiting for IRS announcement.	
	Business Loan Program Temporary		
	Changes; Paycheck Protection	IRS Webpage on IRS Operations During COVID-19: Mission-critical	
	<u>Program – Additional Eligibility</u>	<u>functions continue</u> (3/24/20, updated 3/27/20)	
	Criteria and Requirements for		
	Certain Pledges of Loans (PPP)	"March 24, 2020	
	(4/13/20)		
		The following is an overview of IRS operations and advice for taxpayers	
	IRS Memorandum to IRS Services	during this period. The IRS will continue to monitor issues related to the	
	and Enforcement Employees on	COVID-19 outbreak, and updated information will be posted on a	
	acceptance of imaged and digital	special coronavirus page on IRS.gov.	
	signatures and the electronic	Tax Day is now July 15: Key Information for Taxpayers	
	transmission of documents (3/27/20)	The federal income tax filing due date has been automatically extended	
	IDC ID 2020 70 (4/12/20)	from April 15, 2020, to July 15, 2020.	
	IRS <u>IR-2020-70</u> (4/13/20)	Taxpayers can also defer federal income tax payments due on April 15,	
	REMINDER: Schedule and pay	2020, to July 15, 2020, without penalties and interest, regardless of the	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
State	federal taxes electronically due by	amount owed. This deferment applies to all taxpayers, including	Other information
	July 15; only a few hours remaining	individuals, corporations and other non-corporate tax filers as well as	
	for taxpayers to reschedule	those who pay self-employment tax. See news release IR-2020-58, <u>Tax</u>	
	payments set for April 15	Day now July 15: Treasury, IRS extend filing deadline and federal tax	
	payments set for ripin 13	payments regardless of amount.	
	IRS Revenue Procedure 2020-26	Refund filers: File as soon you can	
	(4/13/20) provides guidance relating	Refunds continue: If possible, don't wait until July 15 to file if you're	
	to the tax qualification of certain	owed a refund; file as soon as possible. Refunds will continue to be paid.	
	securitization vehicles that hold	For the quickest results, taxpayers should use e-file or Free File with	
	mortgage loans for which borrowers	direct deposit to help speed up refunds.	
	have participated in forbearance	E-file recommended: To avoid delays, the IRS urges taxpayers to file	
	programs arising from the COVID-	electronically rather than on paper; using direct deposit is also critical to	
	19 emergency.	speed up refunds. Most taxpayers can file for free with	
		www.IRS.gov/freefile. The IRS will continue to accept electronic and	
	IRS Coronavirus and Economic	paper-filed returns for taxpayers who have and prefer to continue to file	
	Impact Payments: Resources and	on paper. The IRS emphasizes that during this period paper returns could	
	Guidance (main IRS page of	require additional time to process; filing electronically remains the best	
	guidance updated often)	option for taxpayers.	
		July 15 extension automatic. Taxpayers do not need to file any	
	IRS FAQs on temporary procedures	additional forms or call the IRS to qualify for this automatic federal tax	
	to fax certain Forms 1139 and 1045	filing and payment relief. Individual taxpayers who need additional time	
	<u>due to COVID-19</u> (4/30/20 updated,	to file beyond the July 15 deadline can request a filing extension by	
	4/17/20 updated, 4/16/20 updated,	filing Form 4868 through their tax professional, tax software or using the	
	originally posted 4/13/20)	Free File link on IRS.gov. Businesses who need additional time must file	
		Form 7004.	
	IRS Statement on Filing Certain	Estimated Payments: The additional time also includes estimated tax	
	Corporate Refund Claims (4/13/20)	payments for tax year 2020 that are due on April 15, 2020 if paid by July	
		15, 2020.	
	IRS FAQs on estate tax Form 706	Extensions beyond July 15: The IRS reminds individual taxpayers the	
	deliveries returned and guidance	easiest and fastest way to request a filing extension is to electronically	
	<u>due to COVID-19</u> (4/13/20)	file Form 4868 through their tax professional, tax software or using the	
	VDG D	Free File link on IRS.gov. Businesses must file Form 7004.	
	IRS <u>Rev. Proc. 2020-22</u> (4/10/20)	Don't forget state tax returns; different deadlines may apply	
	on section 163(j) election guidance	The July 15, 2020 extension only applies to federal income tax returns	
	TO THE STATE OF TH	and tax payments otherwise due April 15, 2020, not state tax payments	
	IRS FAQs on deferral of	or deposits or payments of any other type of federal tax. Taxpayers also	
	employment tax deposits and	will need to file income tax returns in 42 states plus the District of	
	payments through December 31, 2020 (4/16/20 updated)	Columbia. State filing and payment deadlines vary and are not always the same as the federal filing deadline. The IRS urges taxpayers to check	
	<u>2020</u> (4/10/20 updated)	with their state tax agencies for those details. More information is	
	IRS FAQs on Installment	available at https://www.taxadmin.org/state-tax-agencies.	
	Agreement Direct Debit Frequently	available at https://www.taxaummi.org/state-tax-agencies.	
	Asked Questions (4/17/20 updated,		
	4/10/20 updated, originally 4/2/20)		
	4/10/20 updated, originally 4/2/20)		

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
	IRS <u>IR-2020-69</u> (4/10/20) Treasury,	Families First Coronavirus Response Act and other COVID-19	
	IRS launch <u>new web tool</u> to help	legislation	
	non-filers register for Economic	The IRS is taking immediate steps to implement COVID-19 legislation	
	Impact Payments	during this period. We will also be working closely with our partners in	
	TDG TD 2020 (0 (4/0/20) TDG	the tax community on this to assist with implementation. Additional	
	IRS <u>IR-2020-68</u> (4/9/20) IRS urges	information will be posted on the special coronavirus page.	
	taxpayers to use electronic options;	Small and midsize businesses. Small and midsize employers can begin	
	outlines online assistance	taking advantage of two new refundable payroll tax credits, designed to	
	IDC D D d 2020 24	promptly and fully reimburse them, dollar-for-dollar, for the cost of	
	IRS <u>Revenue Procedure 2020-24</u> (4/9/20) on NOL provision in	providing Coronavirus-related leave to their employees.	
	CARES Act	Stimulus payment checks: No information available yet, No sign-up needed	
	CARES ACT	At this time, the IRS does not yet have any information regarding	
	IRS <u>IR-2020-67</u> (4/9/20) IRS	stimulus or payment checks, which remain under consideration in	
	provides guidance under the	Congress. Please do not call the IRS about this. When the IRS has more	
	CARES Act to taxpayers with net	specific details available, we will make it available on the special	
	operating losses	coronavirus page.	
	operating iosses	Non-filers: Haven't filed a tax return for a previous year? Take steps	
	IRS <u>Notice 2020-26</u> (4/9/20) on	now.	
	extension of time to file application		
	for tentative NOL carryback	IRS mission-critical operations continue; no face-to-face assistance	
	adjustment	To protect employees and taxpayers, the IRS has scaled back our	
	3	operations to focus on mission-critical activities for the nation. We	
	IRS <u>Notice 2020-23</u> (4/9/20) Update	continue to follow guidance from the U.S. Centers for Disease Control	
	to Notice 2020-18, Additional	and Prevention (CDC) and the Office of Personnel Management (OPM)	
	Relief for Taxpayers Affected by	as well as state and local officials to ensure the safety of IRS employees	
	Ongoing Coronavirus Disease 2019	and the public we serve.	
	Pandemic	Many IRS offices in areas hardest hit by COVID-19 are closed or have	
		reduced operations on mission-critical items. Telework-eligible	
	IRS <u>IR- 2020-66</u> (4/9/20) IRS	employees across the IRS continue to work during this period.	
	extends more tax deadlines to cover	The IRS emphasizes it is assessing its operations on a daily basis. The	
	individuals, trusts, estates	following is an overview of various operations of interest to taxpayers	
	corporations and others	and tax professionals:	
	TDG G	In-person assistance. The IRS has temporarily suspended almost all face-	
	IRS Statement on Filing Corporate	to-face contacts with taxpayers. All Taxpayer Assistance Centers	
	Refund Claims (4/8/20)	(TACs) are closed and face-to-face service discontinued throughout the	
	IDC Davanua Draga dura 2020 22	country until further notice. For taxpayers with TAC appointments, every effort to resolve the taxpayer's assistance needs by phone will be	
	IRS <u>Revenue Procedure 2020-23</u> (4/8/20) Allows an eligible		
	partnership to file an amended Form	made. Automated applications. IRS.gov and many automated applications	
	1065	remain available, including such things as Where's My Refund, the	
	1003	IRS2Go phone app and online payments and online payment	
		agreements.	
		agreements.	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
State	Treasury Paycheck Protection	Telephones. Limited live telephone customer service assistance is	Onor information
	Program (PPP) FAQs (5/4/20	currently available, but local office closings, limited call site staff and	
	updated, 4/28/20 updated, 4/23/20	high demand means that there is extremely high call volume. Wait times	
	updated, 4/8/20 updated, 4/6/20	will be lengthy. The IRS strongly urges people to use IRS.gov for	
	originally posted)	information.	
	rangament, Prance,	Practitioner Priority Service (PPS) – Due to staff limitations the	
	SBA Guidance – Proposed	Practitioner Priority Service line is closed until further notice.	
	Regulations – Final Interim Rule on	Please make IRS.gov your first option for answers to questions.	
	Business Loan Program and	Practitioners with e-Services accounts and with client authorization can	
	Paycheck Protection Program (PPP)	access the Transcript Delivery System to obtain prior-year transcripts.	
	<del>- (4/2/20)</del>	Taxpayers should use Where's My Refund? and Get Transcript, both	
	, ,	common requests.	
	IRS Information Release IR-2020-	Normal operations will resume as soon as possible.	
	<u>64</u> (4/2/20)	Taxpayer appointments. During this period, all face-to-face	
		appointments at an IRS Taxpayer Assistance Center are cancelled.	
	Economic Impact Payments – e-	Taxpayers do not need to call to cancel their appointments.	
	Poster (PDF) (4/2/20)	Taxpayer correspondence. While able to receive mail, the IRS will be	
		responding to paper correspondence only to a very limited degree during	
	Treasury News Release: Social	this period. Taxpayers who mail correspondence to the IRS during this	
	Security Recipients Will	period should expect to wait longer than usual for a response. Even after	
	Automatically Receive Economic	normal operations resume as it will take the IRS time to work through	
	Impact Payments (4/1/20)	any correspondence backlog.	
		Other IRS operations	
	DOL Temporary Regulations on	Compliance activity. The IRS is continuing to assess the impact of	
	Paid Leave under the Families First	COVID-19 on a range of compliance activity across the agency.	
	Coronavirus Response Act (4/1/20)	Statute of limitations issues. The IRS will continue working cases where	
		a statute of limitation is pending. In some of these situations, the IRS	
	IRS Notice 2020-22 (PDF), Relief	will work with the taxpayer or their representative to obtain an extension	
	from Penalty for Failure to Deposit	of the statute.	
	Employment Taxes (3/31/20)	Office of Chief Counsel. The Office of Chief Counsel continues to work	
		to resolve cases in litigation, including those on calendars in various	
	IRS Information Release <u>IR-2020-</u>	cities through July 3, 2020, that were recently cancelled by the U.S. Tax	
	<u>62</u> on Employee Retention Credit	Court. Counsel continues to work on cases in litigation generally and to	
	(3/31/20)	support and advise the IRS operating divisions on their enforcement and	
		examination activities. Although Counsel is not meeting with taxpayers	
	IRS FAQs on Tax Credits for	or their representatives in face-to-face meetings, or taking depositions,	
	Required Paid Leave - COVID-19-	taxpayers should know that our attorneys are available to discuss their	
	Related Tax Credits for Required	cases by telephone.	
	Paid Leave Provided by Small and	Independent Office of Appeals. At this time, Appeals employees will	
	Midsize Businesses FAQs (4/17/20	continue to work their cases. Although Appeals is not currently holding	
	updated, 4/10/20 updated, originally	in-person conferences with taxpayers, conferences may be held over the	
	posted 3/31/20)	telephone or by videoconference. To the extent they can, taxpayers are	
		encouraged to promptly respond to any outstanding requests for	
		information for all cases in the Independent Office of Appeals.	

Ctata	Code and Deta	Colland Dalief Duralisians for Community	Other Information
State	Guidance/Date  Department of Treasury Paycheck	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus  Taxpayer Advocate Service. Currently, TAS remains open to receive	Other Information
	Protection Program application and	phone calls at the local phone numbers but has suspended walk-in	
	accompanying borrower guide and	services in their offices and their toll-free centralized number is	
	website supplemental information	unavailable until further notice. Please visit taxpayeradvocate.irs.gov to	
	(3/31/20)	locate your local office phone number.	
	(3/31/20)	Tax-exempt Sector Determinations, Rulings and Closing	
	IRS Statement on IRS Grants	Agreements. The IRS continues to process applications for recognition	
	Extension of Time to File FATCA	of tax exemption for exempt organizations, rulings and determinations	
	Information Returns (3/30/20)	for employees plans and closing agreements for municipal issuers."	
		(originally posted 3/24/20, updated 3/27/20)	
	IRS Information Release IR-2020-		
	61 on economic impact payments	IRC Code section 7508A and Treas. Reg. § 301.7508A-1 and IRS Rev.	
	(3/30/20)	Proc. 2018-58	
	IRS Notice 2020-21, Effective Date	The IRS has <u>started to close field offices</u> in some coronavirus hot spots,	
	for Employment Tax Credits Under	like Seattle, New York and Northern California. (3/18/20)	
	the Families First Coronavirus		
	Response Act (3/27/20)	IRS Website Alert: (3/22/20)	
		"In response to the national emergency and to protect our employees,	
	IRS Notice 2020-20, Update to	America's taxpayers, communities and our partners, the IRS has	
	Notice 2020-18, Relief for	temporarily closed all Taxpayer Assistance Centers and discontinued	
	Taxpayers Affected by Ongoing	face-to-face service throughout the country until further notice. The IRS	
	Coronavirus Disease 2019	is continuing to process tax returns, issue refunds and help taxpayers to	
	Pandemic, Related to Gift and	the greatest extent possible. Click here for more info on taxpayer	
	Generation-Skipping Transfer Tax	assistance center closures."	
	Filing and Payment Deadlines	Townson Assistance Control Statement (2/20/20)	
	(3/27/20)	<u>Taxpayer Assistance Center Statement</u> (3/20/20)	
	IR-2020-59 on compliance program	"In response to the national emergency, the IRS has temporarily	
	suspension (3/25/20)	closed all Taxpayer Assistance Centers and discontinue face-to-face	
	suspension (3/23/20)	service throughout the country until further notice.	
	IRS FAQs - Filing and Payment	The IRS is continuing to process tax returns, issue refunds and help	
	Deadlines Questions and Answers	taxpayers to the greatest extent possible. Taxpayers are highly	
	(updated 4/10/20, originally posted	encouraged to go to IRS.gov and to the newly created	
	3/24/20)	IRS.gov/coronavirus webpage where they can find the latest updates	
	, in the second	about IRS services, explore free options to file or request an extension to	
	IRS Webpage on IRS Operations	file at www.IRS.gov/freefile, find forms, tax help, refund status and	
	During COVID-19: Mission-critical	payment options."	
	functions continue (3/24/20)		
		PRIOR IRS Notice 2020-17 on delay of payment until 7/15 (3/18/20)	
	Legislation		
		IRS Statement on Payment Deadline Extended to July 15, 2020	
	H.R. 6201: Families First	(3/18/20)	
	Coronavirus Response Act		

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
State	S.3548: Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security (CARES) Act  Other  U.S. Department of Labor: COVID-19 and the Expanded Family and Medical Leave Act Questions and Answers (88 FAQs as of 4/20/20)  U.S. Small Business Administration: Coronavirus Small Business Guidance and Loan Resources  Department of Labor's COVID-19 and the American Workplace (3/31/20)  DOL Guidance on Paid Sick Leave and Expanded FMLA under the Enacted Families First Coronavirus Response Act (3/24/20)  Labor Department release (March 24, 2020), on Families First Coronavirus Response Act: Questions and Answers, includes:  Fact sheet for employees  Fact sheet for employees  Fact sheet for employers  Questions and answers  White House Briefing Statement - President Approves Washington Disaster Declaration (3/22/20)	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus  Treasury Press Release on Delay of Payment from April 15 to July 15 (3/18/20)  IRS will step back on a variety of enforcement actions because of the spreading virus. (BloombergTax, 3/17/20)  "The IRS will stop some enforcement actions, including certain levies and collection notices, until further notice in response to the Covid-19 outbreak, according to an alert sent to employees Tuesday. Effective immediately, the IRS's automated collection system will stop all levies and notices, according to the alert, which was seen by Bloomberg Tax. The only exception is LP68 Notices, which notify taxpayers a levy has been released and that they no longer need to turn over money or property to pay back taxes.  • The IRS didn't return a request for comment.  • The IRS uses the automated collection system to send notices demanding payment from delinquent taxpayers and to take collection actions, including levying wages and bank account funds and filing federal tax liens.  • Easing enforcement action is the latest example of steps the agency is taking to address the virus pandemic. The IRS has also expanded its employees' ability to work remotely, and the Treasury Department has announced it will allow taxpayers to defer tax payments with no penalties or interest." (Bloomberg Tax, 3/17/20)  IR-2020-54 and Notice 2020-15 - High-deductible health plans (HDHPs) can cover coronavirus costs (including testing and treatment). The notice applies only to HSA-eligible HDHPs. "An individual with an HDHP that covers these costs may continue to contribute to a health savings account (HSA). As stated in Notice 2020-15, health plans that otherwise qualify as HDHPs will not lose that status merely because they cover the cost of testing or treatment of COVID-19 before plan deductibles have been met. As in the past, any vaccination costs continue to count as preventive care and can be paid for by an HDHP."	Other Information
	IR-2020-58 Information Release on extended filing and payment due date from April 15 to 7/15: (3/21/20)		

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
	Updated IRS Statement on filing		
	and payment extension to 7/15		
	(3/21/20)		
	FEMA website on NY disaster		
	declaration		
	(3/20/20)		
	T		
	<u>Taxpayer Assistance Center</u> <u>Statement</u> (3/20/20)		
	Statement (3/20/20)		
	IRS Notice 2020-18 on extending		
	4/15 filing and payment to 7/15		
	(3/20/20)		
	IR-2020-57 on tax credits for		
	Coronavirus-related leave (3/20/20)		
	Coronavirus related leave (3/20/20)		
	Tweet on extending 4/15 filing and		
	payment until 7/15 (3/20/20,10:04		
	am)		
	IRS Notice 2020-17 and Statement		
	and Press Release on delay of		
	payment until 7/15 (3/18/20)		
	TO C . T D I' CD		
	IRS Coronavirus Tax Relief Page		
	IRS Resource Guide on Disaster		
	Assistance and Emergency Relief		
	<u>Program</u> (6/24/19)		
	TD 2020 54 1 N-4' 2020 15		
	IR-2020-54 and Notice 2020-15 on high deductible health plans and		
	COVID-19 expenses (3/11/20)		
	FEMA News Release HQ-20-017-		
	<u>Fact Sheet</u> (3/13/20)		
	(July 15 – filing and payment		
	delayed until 7/15 for individuals		
	for income taxes and self-		
	employment taxes, corps, trusts and		
	estates income taxes, and gift tax		

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
State	and GST tax, waives interest and penalties, first quarter estimated taxes covered in relief)  (new changes include issues ranging from postponing certain payments related to Installment Agreements and Offers in Compromise to collection and limiting certain enforcement actions. The IRS will be temporarily modifying the following activities as soon as possible; the projected start date will be April 1 and the effort will initially run through July 15. IRS will continue to take steps where necessary to protect all applicable statutes of limitations. Liens and levies (including any seizures of a personal residence) initiated by field revenue officers will be suspended during this period. New automatic, systemic liens and levies will be suspended during this period. For EITC verification, and if unable to do so, please reach out to the IRS indicating the reason such information is not available. Until July 15, 2020, the IRS will not deny these credits for a failure to provide	Guidance Relief Flovisions for Colonavilus	Other information
AICPA advocacy and resources	requested information.)  AICPA Coronavirus Resource Center (short url: www.aicpa.org/coronavirus)  AICPA Coronavirus (COVID-19) Tax Policy and Advocacy Resources (4/9/20)	AICPA <u>letter</u> to Congress supporting deductibility of PPP loan expenses (5/6/20)  AICPA <u>video</u> and Journal of Accountancy <u>podcast</u> on AICPA recommendations on state and local tax administrative, filing, and payment relief for the coronavirus pandemic (5/6/20 podcast, 4/29/20 video)	AICPA Insights Blog 5 reasons borrowers shouldn't rush their PPP forgiveness applications  AICPA Press Release on AICPA Urges IRS to 'Act Immediately' to Provide Broader Tax Administrative and Penalty Relief Due to Pandemic (7/15/20)
	AICPA State Tax Filing Guidance on Coronavirus (this chart – short url: https://tinyurl.com/state-filing- guidance) (open to everyone) (originally 3/13/20)	AICPA Recommendations on State and Local Tax Filing, Payment, and Administrative Relief during the Coronavirus Pandemic (4/21/20)  "AICPA Recommendations for Administrative and Filing and Payment Relief	AICPA Press Release on <u>CARES Act Causes</u> <u>Unexpected Valuation Considerations for</u> <u>Divorces, Estate Plans and Equity Partnerships</u> (7/8/20)

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State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		for State and Local Taxes during the Coronavirus Pandemic	AICPA <u>letter</u> to IRS and Treasury on Tax
	AICPA Recommendations on State		Administrative and Penalty Relief Needed
	and Local Tax Filing, Payment, and	The AICPA encourages state CPA societies to advocate for fair,	(7/2/20)
	Administrative Relief during the	reasonable, and administrable tax rules that minimize the complexities and	
	Coronavirus Pandemic (4/21/20)	burdens to taxpayers and state tax authorities alike.	AICPA press release on <u>Treasury and Federal</u>
			Reserve Must Create New Lending Facility to
	AICPA Chart on States' Guidance	To assist state CPA societies, the AICPA identified the below list of	Help Small Business, Says Coalition of 21
	on Electronic Signatures (7/23/20)	administrative, filing, and payment relief for state and local taxpayers in	Leading Retail, Manufacturing and Business
		response to the COVID-19 pandemic. AICPA is also updating a <u>state tax</u>	Associations (7/1/20)
	AICPA video and Journal of	guidance chart.	
	Accountancy podcast and AICPA		New AICPA Accounting Guidance Helps PPP
	Insights blog on AICPA update on	Tax practitioners responsible for preparing federal, state, and local tax	Lenders Make Appropriate Financial Reporting
	state tax guidance and issues	returns of taxpayers are now required to telework and, in many cases,	<u>Decisions</u> (6/30/20)
	regarding teleworking during the	shelter in place to prevent the spread of the COVID-19 virus. The unique	
	pandemic (8/28/20 podcast, 8/6/20	and unprecedented nature of this crisis makes many deadlines and	AICPA Applauds "Calculate PPP Forgiveness
	video)	administrative practices traditionally required by state and local tax	Act of 2020" As A Critical, Positive Step for
		administrators unworkable.	Small Business Recovery (6/20/30)
	AICPA video and Journal of		
	Accountancy podcast on AICPA	The below list outlines recommendations that state and local tax	AICPA Requests Additional Guidance and
	recommendations on state and	administrators should provide to assist taxpayers, businesses, and	Relief for Limitations on Excess Business
	local tax administrative, filing,	governments during the next few months, as taxpayers in the state adapt	Losses of Noncorporate Taxpayers (6/23/20)
	and payment relief for the	to the limitations this disruption presents.	
	coronavirus pandemic (5/6/20		AICPA <u>letter</u> to IRS and Treasury on Request
	podcast, 4/29/20 video)	During the pandemic, state and local jurisdictions should:	for Additional Guidance and Relief Regarding
	F,,	g <b>F F</b>	Section 461(1) – Limitations on Excess
	AICPA joins coalition letter to	2. Permit businesses to adhere to work locations for state and local	Business Losses of Noncorporate Taxpayers
	Congress deductibility of expenses	tax purposes during the pandemic and allow businesses the	(6/22/20)
	for PPP loan foregiveness (8/4/20)	option to use these employees' work locations for payroll	(6/ = 2/ = 6)
	Total	withholding, nexus, and apportionment purposes while such	AICPA Calls on IRS to Issue Implementation
	AICPA <u>letter</u> to Congress on	telework requirements are in place.	Guidance on IRAs and Trust Issues (6/19/20)
	Phase 4 of Coronavirus	telework requirements are in place.	Guidance on IIV is and ITust Issues (0/17/20)
	Pandemic Relief including	a. Provide that the presence of an employee working in a state due	AICPA <u>letter</u> to IRS and Treasury on
	mobile workforce and state and	to shelter-in-place restrictions will not create nexus for tax	Implementation Guidance Needed on Individual
	local funding and PPP expenses	purposes in that state.	-
	deductibility (7/20/20)	purposes in mui state.	Retirement Account (IRA) and Trust Issues
	deductionity (7/20/20)	- Example: District of Columbia, Minnesota, Mississippi	(6/16/20)
	AICPA Press Release on AICPA	Drampie. District of Columbia, withincsora, witssissippi	
	Urges IRS to 'Act Immediately' to	b. Provide the option for newly remote workers sheltering in place	AICPA Urges Congress to Pass Remote and
	Provide Broader Tax Administrative	to continue to have the business withhold income tax based on	Mobile Worker Relief Act (6/18/20)
	and Penalty Relief Due to Pandemic	the state where the employer is located (not where the employee	
	(7/15/20)	is sheltering in place during the pandemic) for state and local	AICPA letter to Congress supporting S. 3995,
	(1/13/20)	payroll tax purposes, including personal income tax withholding	Remote and Mobile Worker Relief Act of 2020
	AICDA Duosa Dalassa au CADEG	by the employer and employee income tax liability. This	(6/18/20)
	AICPA Press Release on <u>CARES</u>		
	Act Causes Unexpected Valuation	treatment would help prevent a double tax where one state uses	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
State	Considerations for Divorces, Estate	the convenience of employer test to source wage payments and	AICPA Press Release on AICPA Offers Loan
	Plans and Equity Partnerships	the other state uses the physical presence standard. State and	Forgiveness Calculator for Paycheck Protection
	(7/8/20)	local jurisdictions should:	Program (PPP) - Template Shared with
	(	j	Treasury and SBA to Help Resolve Outstanding
	AICPA <u>letter</u> to IRS and Treasury	- Allow businesses to continue to withhold income tax in the	Issues in Process (5/14/20)
	on Tax Administrative and Penalty	state where employer is located (not employee).	, , ,
	Relief Needed (7/2/20)		AICPA PPP loan forgiveness services matrix
		- Allow the employee who is temporarily telecommuting to	(5/6/20)
	AICPA press release on <u>Treasury</u>	continue to pay tax to the state where employer is located.	
	and Federal Reserve Must Create		Journal of Accountancy article on AICPA letter
	New Lending Facility to Help Small	- Examples: <u>Mississippi</u> , <u>New Jersey</u> , <u>Pennsylvania</u>	to Congress supporting deductibility of PPP
	Business, Says Coalition of 21	D 11 d 1 d 1 d COMP 10 31	loan expenses (5/6/20)
	Leading Retail, Manufacturing and	c. Provide that newly remote workers because of COVID-19 will	AICDA David Dalaman Main Commission
	Business Associations (7/1/20)	not count against companies taking P.L. 86-272 positions.	AICPA Press Release on Main Street America Urgently Needs PPP Loan Forgiveness
	New AICPA Accounting Guidance	- Example: <u>Indiana</u>	Calculation Guidance, Says AICPA (5/1/20)
	Helps PPP Lenders Make	As of 4/21/20"	Calculation Guidance, Says AICFA (3/1/20)
	Appropriate Financial Reporting	AS 01 4/21/20	Journal of Accountancy article - CARES Act
	Decisions (6/30/20)	3. Delay until 7/15 all state and local income and franchise filing and	QIP change requires action (4/29/20)
	<u> </u>	payment and estimated tax payment deadlines originally due	Qui enange requires aerion (1,2/120)
	AICPA Applauds "Calculate PPP	3/1/20-7/15/20.	Journal of Accountancy article on COVID-19
	Forgiveness Act of 2020" As A		pandemic prompts many tax changes (4/24/20)
	Critical, Positive Step for Small	a. The delay should apply to all taxpayers, including calendar and	
	Business Recovery (6/20/30)	fiscal year filers, individuals, corporations, exempt	AICPA Press Release on AICPA Offers
		organizations, estate and trust income tax returns, partnerships,	Recommendations for Loan Forgiveness
	AICPA Requests Additional	S corporations, estate and gift tax returns, and information	Under Paycheck Protection Program
	Guidance and Relief for Limitations	returns.	(4/29/20)
	on Excess Business Losses of		AICDA D. D. I. AICDA
	Noncorporate Taxpayers (6/23/20)	b. Localities should follow the lead of states and the federal	AICPA Press Release on AICPA
	AICPA <u>letter</u> to IRS and Treasury	government and broadly postpone all tax filing and payment	Recommends Federal Reserve Create Short- Term Accounts Receivable Lending Facility
	on Request for Additional Guidance	deadlines for local taxes, preferably by statewide action to ensure consistency among local governments.	to Deliver Immediate Cash Flow for Small
	and Relief Regarding Section 461(1)	ensure consistency among tocal governments.	Business (4/28/20)
	- Limitations on Excess Business	4. Delay until 7/15 all state and local sales and use taxes, property	Business (1/20/20)
	Losses of Noncorporate Taxpayers	taxes, business activity taxes, and other tax filing and payment	AICPA Recommendations on PPP
	(6/22/20)	deadlines	Application and Forgiveness Processes
	` '		(4/28/20)
	AICPA Calls on IRS to Issue	5. Waive interest and penalties and provide broad reasonable cause	
	Implementation Guidance on IRAs	relief for late payment and late filing for returns originally due	AICPA video on PPP client risk and agent
	and Trust Issues (6/19/20)	3/1-7/15 that are filed by 7/15 and other delays and late actions as	considerations (4/29/20)
		a result of the pandemic.	
	AICPA letter to IRS and Treasury		AICPA <u>letter</u> to Treasury and Fed on short-
	on Implementation Guidance	6. Permit electronic fund transfers for payments with no additional	term lending (4/27/20)
	Needed on Individual Retirement	fees (instead of paper checks).	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
State	Account (IRA) and Trust Issues	Guidance Renet Frovisions for Corollavilus	AICPA video and Journal of Accountancy
		- Example: Mississippi	podcast on AICPA recommendations on
	(6/16/20)	- Example. <u>Wississippi</u>	state and local tax administrative, filing, and
		7. Permit electronic images (scanned or photographed) of	payment relief for the coronavirus pandemic
	AICPA Urges Congress to Pass		1 1 7
	Remote and Mobile Worker Relief	signatures (instead of wet signature requirements).	(5/6/20 podcast, 4/29/20 video)
	<u>Act</u> (6/18/20)	E	AICDA Incights blog COVID 10 supers 11 sees
		Examples: Maryland, Massachusetts, Mississippi, New Jersey, New	AICPA Insights blog COVID-19 creates 11 new
	AICPA letter to Congress	York, Pennsylvania	state tax issues (4/24/20) "This is the most unusual tax season on the
	supporting S. 3995, Remote and	O Downit destroyie films and annell two conjectors of decomments and	
	Mobile Worker Relief Act of 2020	8. Permit electronic filing and email transmission of documents and	books April 15 came and went and yet tax
	(6/18/20)	returns (including allowing an email of a PDF of a return).	season isn't over. Over the past several weeks,
			we've heard from members about state and
	AICPA Press Release on AICPA	- Example: <u>Maryland</u> , <u>Mississippi</u>	local tax filing, payment and administrative
	Offers Loan Forgiveness Calculator		issues. We've shared 11 recommendations with
	for Paycheck Protection Program	9. Suspend any requirement to send items and returns via certified	the state CPA societies and encouraged them to
	(PPP) - Template Shared with	mail.	consider these with their state and local tax
	Treasury and SBA to Help Resolve		authorities.
	Outstanding Issues in Process	- Example: <u>Mississippi</u>	A recap on the past couple of months
	(5/14/20)		As you know, over the past two months, the
		10. Extend the time to file a refund claim for a previous tax year with	AICPA® has been busy advocating on your
	AICPA Press Releases on AICPA,	a statute of limitation that expires from 3/1/20 until 90 days after	behalf and working with Congress. We
	NFIB, and Others Say SBA Must	the end of the Governor's declared state of emergency in the	successfully <u>urged</u> Treasury and the IRS to
	Issue More Guidance on PPP Loan	state.	provide immediate <u>filing and payment relief</u> ,
	Forgiveness (5/12/20)		along with <u>broader relief</u> for all returns. This led
		- Example: <u>Georgia</u> , <u>New Jersey</u>	to a delay in federal filings and payments until
	AICPA, NFIB, S Corporation		July 15 for returns due from April 1 to July 15.
	Association and Other Small	11. Provide taxpayers with extensions until 90 days after the end of	Our teams continue to advocate and monitor the
	Business Advocates Say SBA Must	the Governor's declared state of emergency in the state for audit,	situation, and we will keep you informed as
	Issue More Clear Guidance on PPP	exams, appeal deadlines, protest matters, refund claims for	developments arise.
	Loan Forgiveness, Focus on	previous years and stop during the pandemic all enforcement	To support members and state CPA societies,
	Program's Intent (5/12/20)	type activity and automated notices as many of these situations	we track guidance from the state tax authorities,
		require time sensitive response.	develop charts on <u>federal</u> and <u>state</u> due dates
	AICPA <u>letter</u> to Congress		and identify various example states in our
	supporting deductibility of PPP loan	- Examples: <u>Georgia</u> , <u>Maryland</u> , <u>Minnesota</u> , <u>Mississippi</u> ,	Recommendations for Administrative, Filing
	expenses (5/6/20)	<u>Pennsylvania</u>	and Payment Relief for State and Local Taxes
		10 P	during the Coronavirus Pandemic. We shared
	AICPA Press Release on Main	12. Provide an exemption from sales and use tax for donated	
	Street America Urgently Needs PPP	products, including donations of Personal Protective Equipment	state and local level.
	Loan Forgiveness Calculation	(PPE), to a charity or governmental entity.	All 41 states with a personal income tax moved
	Guidance, Says AICPA (5/1/20)	P 1 7 "	their April 15 filing and payment deadlines
		- Example: <u>Indiana</u>	later. Forty states (and DC) changed their April
	AICPA revised PPP loan		15 filing and payment deadline to July 15 for
	<u>forgiveness calculator</u> (updated	As of April 22, 2020"	individual income taxes, along with some other
	5/18/20, originally 5/15/20)	Note: <u>TEI</u> and COST also support many of these recommendations.	entities. We had a cliff-hanger with New Jersey

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
			as the last state to make that change. The
	AICPA Press Release on	AICPA Tax Filing FAQs from AICPA Tax Policy and Advocacy group	governor signed the <u>legislation</u> April 14,
	AICPA Offers	and <u>Journal of Accountancy article</u> on it (updated 4/8/20, originally	extending the April 15 filing and payment
	Recommendations for Loan	posted 4/7/20)	deadlines to July 15. Five states (and Puerto
	Forgiveness Under Paycheck		Rico) changed their April 15 individual income
	Protection Program (4/29/20)	"AICPA Tax Filing FAQs (updated on April 8, 2020)	tax filing and payment deadline to a date other
			than July 15. They are Iowa (July 31), Hawaii,
	AICPA <u>video</u> on PPP client risk	Taxpayers and CPAs across the country are faced with unprecedented	(July 20), Idaho (June 15), Mississippi (May
	and agent considerations	challenges this filing season in light of the COVID-19 pandemic and	15), Virginia (filings May 1, June 1 payments)
	(4/29/20)	related closures and shelter-in-place orders. Based on member feedback,	and Puerto Rico (June 15).
		the AICPA has identified seven key areas in need of immediate relief	States continue to issue further guidance,
	AICPA <u>Recommendations</u> on	and provided the latest developments (below) to the 20 most frequently	including FAQs and notices of additional relief
	PPP Application and	asked questions on tax filing and payment relief.	and extensions. Links and details on the latest
	Forgiveness Processes (4/28/20)		information are in our <u>chart on state tax filing</u>
	110010	Correspondence	guidance on coronavirus.
	AICPA Press Release on		Our recommendations
	AICPA Recommends Federal	Q1: Due to office shutdowns in major cities, taxpayers and tax preparers	Speaking of additional relief, the unique and
	Reserve Create Short-Term	may not timely receive or respond to IRS communications/notices that	unprecedented nature of this crisis makes many
	Accounts Receivable Lending	are sent by mail. Will the IRS provide any relief for late responses due to	deadlines and administrative practices that state
	Facility to Deliver Immediate	COVID-19?	and local tax administrators traditionally require
	Cash Flow for Small Business	A1. II of the state of the IDC has not assumed by a ground and self-of for	unworkable. To help state CPA societies, the
	(4/28/20)	A1: Unfortunately, the IRS has not expressly announced any relief for	AICPA shared the following 11 administrative,
	AICDA letter to Treasury and	affected taxpayers in regards to correspondence. AICPA will continue	filing and payment relief issues for state and
	AICPA <u>letter</u> to Treasury and	to urge Treasury and IRS to provide generous and automatic relief for issues related to administrative actions such as expiring statues of	local taxpayers relating to the coronavirus
	Fed on short-term lending (4/27/20)	limitations, the processing of correspondence and other actions not	pandemic. Specifically, state CPA societies may want to
	(4/27/20)	already covered by previous relief related to COVID-19.	consider suggesting that, during the pandemic,
	AICPA video and Journal of	already covered by previous tener related to COVID-19.	their state and local tax authorities:
	Accountancy podcast on AICPA	Emergency Declaration	Permit businesses to adhere to work
	recommendations on state and	Emergency Deciaration	locations for state and local tax purposes
	local tax administrative, filing,	Q2: If the United States has been declared a disaster area by the	during the pandemic and allow businesses
	and payment relief for the	President, why is section 7508A relief not granted?	the option to use these employees' work
	coronavirus pandemic (5/6/20	Tresident, willy is section 7500A tener not granted:	locations for payroll withholding, nexus and
	podcast, 4/29/20 video)	A2: Good point. Typically, when the President invokes the Robert T.	apportionment purposes while such
	podedst, 4/25/20 video)	Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act, taxpayers are	telework requirements are in place.
	AICPA Press Release on AICPA	granted broad payment and filing relief under section 7508A. However,	2. Delay until July 15 all state and local
	Releases Recommendations for	the IRS's approach to COVID-19 has not been consistent with how the	income and franchise filing and payment
	Administrative, Filing and Payment	agency treated tax payment and filing deadlines over the last several	and estimated tax payment deadlines
	Relief for State and Local Taxes	years following a federally-declared disaster.	originally due March 1 through July 15.
	during Coronavirus Pandemic	y with a read and a district.	3. Delay until July 15 all state and local sales
	(4/23/20)	The AICPA continues to advocate the need for comprehensive relief	and use taxes, property taxes, business
	(20,20)	with Treasury and IRS officials. This is a priority for our members.	activity taxes and other tax filing and
	AICPA Insights blog COVID-19	This is a priority for our monitoris.	payment deadlines.
	creates 11 new state tax issues (4/24/20)	E-Signatures	r

			T.
State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	
State	AICPA Journal of Accountancy Special COVID-19 May issue and article on COVID-19 pandemic prompts many tax changes (4/24/20)  AICPA Press Release on AICPA Offers Recommendations for Firm-Lender Relationship for Paycheck Protection Program (4/23/20)  AICPA Press Release on Coronavirus Causes Largest Drop in Americans' Financial Satisfaction in Over A Decade: AICPA Index (4/23/20)  AICPA Press Release on AICPA Auditing Standards Board Agrees to Defer SASs 134-140 Effective Dates for One Year Due to Coronavirus (4/20/20)  AICPA Press Release on AICPA Calls for IRS Guidance in Employee Retention Credit Provisions (4/20/20)  AICPA Press Release on AICPA Applauds Senators Doug Jones and Chris Van Hollen For Encouraging Stronger Guidance on Use of Payroll Cost Reports (4/17/20)  AICPA Press Release on AICPA Urges Additional Funding for Paycheck Protection Program	Q3: Has the IRS provided e-signature authorization on all forms (such as, Form 8879) to allow e-filing without needing to meet with the taxpayer in person?  A3: On March 27, the IRS issued a memorandum saying they would temporarily accept digital signatures on certain documents to protect their employees. However, it is unclear whether this relief also applies to Form 8879, which would allow millions of taxpayers to e-file their returns.  The AICPA contacted Treasury and IRS several times urging them to confirm that the recent changes to their e-mail and digital signatures policy apply broadly to all types of returns and forms. It is important for the IRS to take whatever measures are possible to allow taxpayers and their preparers to utilize technology, such as e-signatures, to keep a safe distance from others during the pandemic.  (Unofficially, IRS has told us that we should assume the new policy only applies to the specific collection forms listed in their memorandum. This response is unacceptable given the impact of COVID-19 on the entire Country.)  Estates  Q4: Has IRS announced filing or payment relief for Form 706? How can IRS expect taxpayers and practitioners to file estate tax returns (which are paper) when offices are under mandatory shut down?  A4: Notice 2020-20 and IRS FAQ #7 only offer relief for gift taxes and the GST tax.  The AICPA has continued to discuss the impractical nature of filing and paying estate taxes on Form 706 in the current environment with Treasury and IRS. We are expecting further guidance and relief in this area.	<ol> <li>Waive interest and penalties and provide broad reasonable cause relief for late payment and late filing for returns originally due March 1 through July 15 that are filed by July 15 and other delays and late actions as a result of the pandemic.</li> <li>Permit electronic fund transfers for payments with no additional fees.</li> <li>Permit electronic images (scanned or photographed) of signatures.</li> <li>Permit electronic filing and email transmission of documents and returns (including allowing an email of a PDF of a return).</li> <li>Suspend any requirement to send items and returns via certified mail.</li> <li>Extend the time to file a refund claim for a previous tax year with a statute of limitations that expires from March 1 until 90 days after the end of the governor's declared state of emergency in the state.</li> <li>Provide taxpayers with extensions until 90 days after the end of the governor's declared state of emergency in the state for audit, exams, appeal deadlines, protest matters, refund claims for previous years and stop during the pandemic all enforcement type activity and automated notices as many of these situations require time-sensitive response.</li> <li>Provide an exemption from the sales and use tax for donated products, including donations of personal protective equipment (PPE) to a charity or governmental entity.</li> <li>Lend a hand</li> <li>If you want to help with these issues, consider contacting your state CPA society to assist.</li> </ol>
	Chris Van Hollen For Encouraging Stronger Guidance on Use of Payroll Cost Reports (4/17/20) AICPA <u>Press Release</u> on AICPA	The AICPA has continued to discuss the impractical nature of filing and paying estate taxes on Form 706 in the current environment with Treasury and IRS. We are expecting further guidance and relief in this	use tax for donated products, including donations of personal protective equipment (PPE) to a charity or governmental entity.  Lend a hand  If you want to help with these issues, consider
	Paycheck Protection Program (4/16/20)  AICPA Insights Blog on The dashed hopes of an "easy" tax season (4/15/20)  AICPA Webcast archives	Estimated Tax Payments  Q5: Was relief for estimated tax payments limited to individuals and corporations (or does it also apply to estates, trusts, S corporations and other entities)?	They are working with their state and local tax authorities to address these issues to benefit taxpayers, businesses and governments and will continue advocating over the next few months as taxpayers in the state adapt to the limitations this disruption presents.  Resources available to you

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
		A5: Notice 2020-18 provides relief to any taxpayer defined as a	In addition to the resources listed above, you
	<u>Understanding Market Implications</u>	"person," which also included estates, trusts, S corporations and other	may also be interested in the following to help
	and Bringing Calm Amid Chaos	entities. However, relief has only been granted for estimated tax	you with coronavirus tax filing issues during
		payments with an April 15 due date, and not on any other date. IRS FAQ	this time:
	Navigating change: Tax	#1 confirms that estimated payments on any other date is not deferred.	<ul> <li>AICPA Coronavirus COVID-19 Tax</li> </ul>
	implications of the Families First		Policy & Advocacy Resources
	Coronavirus Response Act	The AICPA has repeatedly requested that IRS and Treasury grant relief	AICPA Coronavirus Tax Resources
		to tax payments that occur on other than April 15.	<ul> <li>AICPA Coronavirus (COVID-19)</li> </ul>
	<u>Tax Implications of the Coronavirus</u>	OC. H. 'III IDC 4 4 2010	Resource Center
	Aid Relief and Economic Security	Q6: How will IRS treat 2019 overpayments and excess Q1 payments?	IRS Coronavirus and Economic Impact
	(CARES) Act	A6: The IRS has not provided definitive guidance. It is reasonable that	Payments: Resources and Guidance
	LYGDA D. D. L. LYGDA	2019 overpayments and excess Q1 payments would be credited to the	We hope that everyone stays healthy and
	AICPA Press Release on AICPA	next payment due. We expect additional FAQs to be issued soon to	continues to work well remotely with clients
	Letter to Mnuchin on needed	address this concern.	and state tax authorities while we get through
	additional filing relief (4/7/20)	address this concern.	this extended tax season coronavirus pandemic.
	AICPA Letter to Treasury on	Q7: Has the IRS indicated whether they are considering relief for Q2,	Eileen Sherr, CPA, CGMA, M.T., Senior
	needed additional tax filing relief	Q3 and Q4?	Manager - AICPA Tax Policy & Advocacy, Association of International Certified
	(4/7/20)		Professional Accountants" (4/24/20)
	(4/7/20)	A7: The IRS has not officially provided relief for any payments other	Trojessional Accountants (4/24/20)
	AICPA Tax Filing FAQs from	than Q1. The AICPA has advocated for Q2 relief and urged Treasury	AICPA Press Release on AICPA Releases
	AICPA Tax Policy and Advocacy	and the IRS to develop a contingency plan for deadlines occurring after	Recommendations for Administrative, Filing
	group and Journal of Accountancy	July 15.	and Payment Relief for State and Local Taxes
	<u>article</u> on it (4/7/20)		during Coronavirus Pandemic (4/23/20)
		Extensions	
	AICPA Coronavirus (COVID-19)		"As the country works to navigate changes in
	Tax Resource Center (short url:	Q8: Given that the IRS has not provided filing/payment extensions to	federal and state tax filing and payment
	www.aicpa.org/covid19tax), which	many types of returns and the extreme difficulty of some taxpayers to	deadlines as a result of the global coronavirus
	includes:	meet their filing deadlines, is a zero-extension valid?	pandemic, the American Institute of CPAs
		A0 C 4 4 TDC1 4 11 1	(AICPA) is providing <u>recommendations</u> for
	AICPA comparison of COVID-19	A8: Currently, the IRS has not provided a response to our question	administrative, filing and payment relief for
	business relief options (7/20/20)	regarding the validity of zero-extensions. This is a high priority issue for us as many members are asking this question.	state and local taxes (SALT).
		us as many members are asking this question.	"Tax practitioners responsible for preparing
	Client-facing tools	We think that Treasury and the IRS should offer generous and automatic	federal, state and local tax returns of taxpayers
		relief for other issues related to administrative actions such as expiring	are now required to telework and, in many
	Coronavirus Individual Client	statues of limitations, the processing of correspondence, and other	cases, shelter in place to prevent the spread of
	<u>Letter</u> (open to AICPA members)	actions not already covered by previous relief related to COVID-19.	the COVID-19 virus. The unique and unprecedented nature of this crisis makes many
		president former to the state of president former to control in	deadlines and administrative practices
	Coronavirus Business Client Letter	Fiscal Year Entities	traditionally required by state and local tax
	(open to AICPA members)		administrators unworkable," said the AICPA.
		Q9: Has IRS provided relief for partnership and corporation filings for	"To assist state CPA societies in advocating for
	Coronavirus Tax Snapshot for	fiscal year filers with the year ending January 31, 2020?	
	<u>Clients</u> - <u>Coronavirus Individual and</u>		
	Clients - Coronavirus Individual and	fiscal year filers with the year ending January 31, 2020?	fair, reasonable and administrable tax rules AICPA has developed a list of recommend

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
	Small Business Impacts (open to	A9: Notice 2020-18 only granted filing and payment relief if the fiscal	administrative, filing, and payment relief for
	<i>AICPA members)</i> (3/25/20)	year filer had a payment or return due date of April 15 (regardless of	state and local taxpayers. AICPA also continues
		extension). IRS FAQ #1 and FAQ #5 confirm. We recognize that this	to maintain its state tax guidance chart as a
	Practitioner guidance	approach is inconsistent with how tax deadlines have been dealt with in	resource for taxpayers and their advisors," said
		the past in a disaster zone.	AICPA Senior Manager for Tax Policy and
	AICPA comparison of COVID-19		Advocacy, Eileen Sherr, CPA, CGMA.
	business relief options (7/20/20)	The AICPA continues to urge Treasury and IRS to grant broad relief for	During the pandemic, state and local
		all taxpayers with a payment or return due date between March 3 and	jurisdictions should:
	CARES Act and Families First	July 15.	1. Permit businesses to adhere to work
	Coronavirus Response Act		locations for state and local tax purposes during
	Summary (open to AICPA	IRAs/Retirement Plans	the pandemic and allow businesses the option to
	members)		use these employees' work locations for payroll
		Q10: The CARES Act suspended required minimum distributions	withholding, nexus, and apportionment
	CARES Act Stimulus Calculator	(RMDs) for 2020. What if individuals already took their RMD for	purposes while such telework requirements are
	(open to everyone)	2020? Are they permitted to contribute the amount back into their IRA?	in place.
		A10. If an individual almost to all a 1 th in DMD for 2020 the	2. Delay until 7/15 all state and local
	Coronavirus and Tax Impacts	A10: If an individual already took out their RMD for 2020, there is an	income and franchise filing and payment and
	FAQs (open to AICPA members)	opportunity to recontribute it as a rollover if it is recontributed within the	estimated tax payment deadlines originally due
	(3/25/20)	60-day rollover period. The AICPA supports broader relief for those	3/1/20-7/15/20. 3. Delay until 7/15 all state and local
		individuals who are outside the 60-day window.	3. Delay until 7/15 all state and local sales and use taxes, property taxes, business
	Federal Due Dates Chart Updated	Gift & GST Tax	activity taxes, and other tax filing and payment
	for COVID-19 Relief (open to	GIR & GST Tax	deadlines.
	AICPA members)	Q11: Has IRS provided filing or payment relief for Form 709? If yes,	4. Waive interest and penalties and
		does the relief extend to GST elections on the return?	provide broad reasonable cause relief for late
	State Due Dates Chart Updated for	does the rener extend to GDT elections on the return.	payment and late filing for returns originally
	COVID-19 Relief (open to AICPA	A11: Notice 2020-20 extended filing and payment for Form 709 to July	due 3/1-7/15 that are filed by 7/15 and other
	members)	15 and we think that if the GST election out of automatic allocation is on	delays and late actions as a result of the
		a timely filed gift tax return, including on a Form 709 filed by the	pandemic.
	AICPA COVID-19 tax chat feature,	postponed 7/15 deadline, the IRS should treat the election as valid.	5. Permit electronic fund transfers for
	on AICPA resources on the CARES	However, Notice 2020-20 did not specifically address elections.	payments with no additional fees (instead of
	Act, FFCRA, SBA loan programs		paper checks).
	and other COVID-19 tax relief	The AICPA continues to discuss the need for comprehensive relief	6. Permit electronic images (scanned or
	programs. Available M-F, 9am-5pm	(including elections) with Treasury and IRS officials.	photographed) of signatures (instead of wet
	ET (4/17/20)		signature requirements).
	AIGDA GUA TELEVICIONE	IRS Closures	7. Permit electronic filing and email
	AICPA State Tax Filing Guidance		transmission of documents and returns
	on Coronavirus (this chart – short	Q12: With the IRS shutting down many critical services, like that PPS	(including allowing an email of a PDF of a
	url: https://tinyurl.com/state-filing-	line and various help desks, how are tax preparers expected to resolve	return).
	guidance) (open to everyone)	issues that only the IRS can resolve?	8. Suspend any requirement to send items
	AICDA Engagement letter for lear		and returns via certified mail.
	AICPA Engagement letter for loan application assistance (5/4/20)	A12: We understand that the IRS is dealing with an unpredictable crisis	9. Extend the time to file a refund claim
	application assistance (3/4/20)	and they must do what they can to keep their employees safe. However,	for a previous tax year with a statute of
			limitation that expires from 3/1/20 until 90 days

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
	AICPA Release on ethical	these shutdowns will not permit taxpayers and their advisors to get the	after the end of the Governor's declared state of
	implications to consider for	help they need to file their returns.	emergency in the state.
	COVID-19 PPP loan applications		10. Provide taxpayers with extensions until
	(4/3/20)	The AICPA continues to advocate the need for comprehensive relief	90 days after the end of the Governor's declared
		with Treasury and IRS officials given the evolving nature of the	state of emergency in the state for audit, exams,
	AICPA list of recommended	COVID-19 pandemic.	appeal deadlines, protest matters, refund claims
	documents and direction on key		for previous years and stop during the pandemic
	calculations for PPP loan applicants	Non-Income Tax Payments	all enforcement type activity and automated
	- shared recommendations with	, and the second	notices as many of these situations require time
	Congress (4/6/20)	Q13: Has the IRS granted any relief for non-income tax payments, such	sensitive response.
	(	as payroll or excise tax deposits?	11. Provide an exemption from sales and
	AICPA Resources for CPAs on	as payron or should tail deposits.	use tax for donated products, including
	SBA Paycheck Protection Program	A13: Currently, there's no relief for non-income tax payments under	donations of Personal Protective Equipment
	(PPP) - Loan Resources &	recentlyissued IRS guidance (except for gift tax and GST tax in Notice	(PPE), to a charity or governmental entity."
	Calculators (open to everyone)	2020-20). This approach is entirely inconsistent with how the IRS has	(4/23/20)
	(short url	treated tax payment and filing deadlines over the last several years	(1/26/20)
	https://www.aicpa.org/sba),	following a federally-declared disaster.	AICPA Special Report on Small Business
	including:	10110 Wing a 1000 tank of distances	Loans Under the Payroll Protection Program
		The AICPA continues to discuss the need for comprehensive relief	Issues Related to CPA Involvement (4/22/20)
	AICPA Statement on CPAs as	(including the need to delay non-income tax payments) with Treasury	13346 116146 13 6111 111 (611 611 611 611 611 611 611 6
	Agents for PPP Applications	and IRS officials, and Congress did provide some payroll tax relief in the	AICPA update: Impact of accepting PPP agent
		FFCRA and CARES.	fees on independence (4/13/20)
	Important ethical implications to		( : )
	consider for COVID-19 PPP loan	Related Forms/Elections	AICPA Insights Blog on "The dashed hopes of an
	applications		"easy" tax season (4/15/20)
	<u> </u>	Q14: Has the IRS provided any relief for information reporting forms	(,, ==, ==,
	Update: Impact of accepting PPP	(such as Form 3520 and Form 5471)?	AICPA COVID-19 tax chat feature, on AICPA
	agent fees on independence	(	resources on the CARES Act, FFCRA, SBA
		A14: Notice 2018-18 does not provide relief for information reporting	loan programs and other COVID-19 tax relief
	Emergency funding to offset	forms.	programs. Available M-F, 9am-5pm ET
	Coronavirus impacts on your		(4/17/20)
	business	According to the AICPA, this approach is unacceptable given the	
		unprecedented challenges facing taxpayers and tax preparers during the	AICPA Press Release on AICPA Urges
	AICPA Town Hall Update with	COVID-19 pandemic.	Additional Funding for Paycheck Protection
	AICPA Leaders: CARES Act and		Program (4/16/20)
	Paycheck Protection Program (PPP)	Mike Desmond, IRS Chief Counsel, has stated that "We have received	
		hundreds of additional comments in terms of time-sensitive dates in the	AICPA Webcast archives
	GENERAL RESOURCES	internal revenue laws that are not covered by that April 15 payment and	
		filing deadline extension. Those are all being triaged here, and we're	Understanding Market Implications and
	Sample PPP application	considering all of them." The AICPA continues to discuss the need for	Bringing Calm Amid Chaos
		comprehensive relief (including information reporting forms) with	
	Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs)	Treasury and IRS officials, and is optimistic that information returns will	Navigating change: Tax implications of the
	about the PPP (5/21/20)	receive needed relief.	Families First Coronavirus Response Act
	, ,		
	1		1

Guida	nnce/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
	veness Calculation Steps	Q15: Has the IRS provided any relief for related information returns	Tax Implications of the Coronavirus Aid Relief
(5/20/	(20)	that are filed with a return that was granted an automatic extension (such	and Economic Security (CARES) Act
		as Form 1040)?	
	Loan Forgiveness Services		AICPA Press Release with Thanks
	x with links to engagement	A15: Notice 2018-18 does not provide relief for information returns.	Congressional Caucus on CPAs and Accountant
	and self-certification letters	IRS FAQ #10 specifically states that relief only applies to the filing of	for Calling for Consistency in PPP Loan
and re	eport examples (5/21/20)	Federal income tax returns due April 15, 2020. However, the IRS did	Application Documents (4/9/20)
ATCD	4 D 1 1 2 DDD	grant an extension of time to file to FATCA information returns. The	
	A Recommendations – PPP	guidance does not specifically grant relief to FBAR filings; however, an	AICPA Press Release that Commends Treasury
	cation & Forgiveness	automatic extension is available without the need to file a form.	and IRS for Issuing Broad Tax Relief in Light of
Proce	sses (4/28/20)	A 1'	COVID-19 (4/9/20)
AICD	A. D	According to the AICPA, this approach is unacceptable given the	
	A Recommendations - PPP	unprecedented challenges facing taxpayers and tax preparers during the	AICPA Press Release on AICPA Letter to
Appii	cation Documents for Lenders	COVID-19 pandemic. We continue to discuss the need for	Mnuchin on needed additional filing relief
CALC	CULATORS:	comprehensive relief (including information returns) with Treasury and IRS officials.	(4/7/20)
CALC	CULATORS:	IKS Officials.	
ATCD	A ' 1 DDD 1	Q16: Does the postponement of the 4/15 deadline apply to "timely	AICPA Letter to Treasury on needed additiona
	A <u>revised PPP loan</u>	elections"?	tax filing relief (4/7/20)
	veness calculator (5/18/20	elections :	
updat	ed, originally 5/15/20)	A16: Notice 2018-18 does not provide relief for timely elections.	AICPA Tax Filing FAQs from AICPA Tax
DDD I	Loan Calculator – Non-	The real of the section of the secti	Policy and Advocacy group and Journal of
	nal & In business 2/15/19 –	According to the AICPA, this approach is unacceptable given the	Accountancy article on it (updated 4/8/20,
6/30/1		unprecedented challenges facing taxpayers and tax preparers during the	originally posted 4/7/20)
0/30/1	<u> </u>	COVID-19 pandemic.	AICDA D D. I AICDA A I. I.
ppp j	Loan Calculator – Nonseasonal	1	AICPA Press Release on AICPA Applauds Additional Clarity in Treasury FAQ on
	T in business 2/15/19 –	Mike Desmond, IRS Chief Counsel, has stated that "We have received	Paycheck Protection Program (4/7/20)
6/30/1		hundreds of additional comments in terms of time-sensitive dates in the	AICPA Press Release on AICPA Recommends
3,23,		internal revenue laws that are not covered by that April 15 payment and	Lender Documents and Key Calculations to Us
PPP I	Loan Calculator – Seasonal	filing deadline extension. Those are all being triaged here, and we're	in PPP Applications (4/6/20)
busine		considering all of them." The AICPA continues to discuss the need for	1111 Applications (4/0/20)
		comprehensive relief (including elections) with Treasury and IRS	AICPA Press Release on AICPA Offers
PPP I	Loan Calculator – Self-	officials, and is optimistic that elections will receive needed relief.	Resources for CPA Firms Helping Small
Emple			Businesses Access Paycheck Protection Progra
		Q17: Has an extension of time been granted to file or revoke certain	(4/6/20)
		business elections (such as, method of accounting changes or S	(17.67.20)
		corporation elections)?	AICPA Press Release on AICPA Coalition
		447 N. C. 2010 10 1	Recommends PPP Applicants Use Gross Payro
		A17: Notice 2018-18 does not provide relief for filing or revoking	Approach in Calculations (4/4/20)
		business elections.	
		According to the AICDA this ammost in the state of the	AICPA Press Release on AICPA Calls on
		According to the AICPA, this approach is unacceptable given the unprecedented challenges facing taxpayers and tax preparers during the	Accounting Profession to Support Rollout of
1		COVID-19 pandemic.	Small Business Relief Program (4/3/20)

General resources
PPP loan application resources
PPP loan forgiveness resources
Funding Resources
Guidance
Articles, podcasts, webcasts and
press releases

## **FUNDING RESOURCES**

Important considerations

SBA loan snapshot

<u>SBA loan overview</u> (side by side comparision)

Emergency funding to offset Coronavirus impacts on your business (4/3/20)

Main Street Lending (MSL) funding options (5/4/20)

Application advice for SBA loans podcast

Journal of Accountancy <u>podcast on</u> <u>SBA PPP</u> (4/9/20)

AICPA Personal Financial Planning Coronavirus Resource Center

AICPA <u>Journal of Accountancy</u> <u>Coronavirus Resources for CPAs</u>

AICPA chart on states' executive orders that include accounting in their definition of "essential services" (3/24/20)

Free to AICPA members, \$39 for non-members - AICPA webcast | <u>Washington Tax Brief</u> (registration Mike Desmond, IRS Chief Counsel, has stated that "the IRS is considering the best way that can be done and is aware taxpayers need guidance soon." The AICPA continues to discuss the need for comprehensive relief (including business election) with Treasury and IRS officials, and is optimistic that business elections will receive needed relief.

State Filing and Payment Relief

Q18: How do I know if a state has provided any filing or payment relief? Are most states following federal relief?

A18: The AICPA developed a state filing relief chart that is timely updated to track state developments, guidance releases, and summaries. Most states are following federal relief measures, but it is important to check state specifics when filing.

**Tax-Exempt Organizations** 

Q19: Has IRS provided filing or payment relief for the Form 990 series returns?

A19: Currently, there is no relief for filing or payments related to Form 990 series. Similar to other relief measures that do not fall on April 15, the AICPA continues to discuss and urge Treasury and IRS to follow normal disaster-guidance procedures, and offer broad relief. We expect additional relief measures and FAQs soon.

U.S. Citizens Residing Abroad

Q20: Has IRS provided filing or payment relief for citizens living abroad (or is their return still due June 15th?)

A20: The current guidance and accompanying FAQs do not specifically address this situation – and the AICPA believes that relief has not been provided.

We have asked for additional clarification, and expect additional FAQs to hopefully address more issues that practitioners are encountering". (updated 4/8/20)

AICPA Release on ethical implications to consider for COVID-19 PPP loan applications (4/3/20)

AICPA list of recommended documents and direction on key calculations for PPP loan applicants – shared recommendations with Congress (4/6/20)

AICPA Press Release - AICPA Says Current Tax Filing and Payment Extensions Are Not Enough, IRS Must Act Quickly (4/2/20)

AICPA Release on Supporting the accounting and finance community amid COVID-19 (LinkedIn, 4/2/20)

AICPA Press Release on AICPA Urges
Treasury, IRS to Act Immediately to Provide
Broader Tax Filing and Payment Relief
(3/27/20)

AICPA Press Release on AICPA Says Senate's \$2 Trillion Economic Stimulus Bill is Great Step for Small Businesses and Employees (3/26/20)

AICPA part of <u>ASAE coalition letter calling for</u> section 501(c)(6) organizations to be included in PPP or similar programs (4/2/20)

AICPA part of <u>Chamber Coalition Letter of</u> <u>Emergency Assistance for Non-Profits</u> (3/25/20)

AICPA chart on states that include accounting in their definition of "essential services." (3/24/20)

AICPA 9-point plan to support our economy and our businesses – 9 actions the government must take now to support businesses and employees (3/24/20) (excerpts below)

Free CPE to AICPA members, \$29 for nonmembers - AICPA webcast | The CARES Act

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
	link coming soon) – 6/24 at 1 pm		and the Paycheck Protection Program – 4/10
	e.t. (no CPE)		from 1-2:45 pm ET: 4/14 at 3 pm ET; 4/17 at 11
			am ET
	Free CPE to AICPA members, \$29		
	for non-members - AICPA webcast		Free CPE to AICPA members - AICPA webcast
	AICPA Town Hall Series: CARES		-Conducting Remote Audits in Uncertain Times
	Act and Paycheck Protection		- 3/25, 1-2pm ET; 4/1, 12-1pm ET; 4/10 from
	$\underline{\text{Program (PPP)}}$ – 6/11 at 3pm ET,		11-12pm ET
	and every Thursday at 3pm ET		
	(archive of <u>4/16</u> , <u>4/23</u> , <u>4/30</u> <u>slides</u> ,		Free AICPA webcast (no CPE) –
	<u>5/7</u> , <u>5/14</u> , <u>5/28</u> , 6/4)		Special Washington Tax Brief on COVID-19
	21 GDT 2004 II		and Tax-Related Relief $-4/1$ , 11 am e.t.
	2 hours CPE, 20% discount to		(archive within 3 days on
	AICPA Tax Section members, \$99		www.AICPA.org/covid19)
	for AICPA members, \$119 for non-		Error CDE AICDA
	members - AICPA webcast -		Free CPE - AICPA webcast - <u>Understanding</u>
	The R&D Tax Credit: An Important Cash-Flow Strategy in the COVID-		Market Implications and Bringing Calm Amid
	19 Era – 6/17 at 1 pm e.t.		Chaos – 4/1, 4:30 pm e.t, 4/6 at 1 pm e.t., and 4/13 at 1 pm e.t.
	19 Eta – 0/17 at 1 pin e.t.		4/13 at 1 pm e.t.
	1.5 hours CPE, 20% discount to		Free CPE to AICPA members, \$29 for non-
	AICPA PFP/PFS Section members,		members - AICPA webcast - Navigating
	\$79 for AICPA members, \$99 for		change: Tax Implications of the Families First
	non-members - AICPA webcast -		Coronavirus Response Act – 4/2 at 1 pm e.t.,
	How the SECURE Act affects		4/7 at 1 pm e.t.
	retirement and other planning- 6/24		
	at 3:30 pm et and 7/1 at 1 pm e.t.		Free CPE to AICPA members, \$29 for non-
			members - AICPA webcast - <u>Tax Implications</u>
	Ethical Implications of the CARES		of the Coronavirus Aid Relief and Economic
	Act and PPP (for CPAs) $-6/30$		Security (CARES) Act – 4/3 at 1 pm e.t. and
			4/9 at 1 pm e.t.
	Small Business, Bankruptcy and the		Free CPE to AICPA Tax/PFP/PCPS Section
	New Sub Chapter $V - 7/8$ at 1 pm et		members, \$29 for AICPA members, \$69 for
			non-members - AICPA webcast   How I'm
	Archive of prior AICPA webcasts		changing my practice, client meetings, and
	(no CPE):		more to address COVID-19 (registration link
	Consist Westington To Disc		available soon) $-4/17$ at 1 pm ET: $4/23$ at 1 pm
	Special Washington Tax Brief on COVID-19 and Tax-Related Relief		ET
	COVID-19 and Tax-Related Relief		Free CPE to AICPA PFP Section members, \$29
	Deciphering the Interaction		for AICPA members, \$69 for non-members -
	Between the FFCRA & CARES Act		AICPA memoers, \$69 for non-memoers - AICPA webcast - Estate Planning Amid
	Detween the FTCRA & CARES ACT		COVID-19 (registration link available soon) –
			4/22 at noon e.t. and $4/28$ at 3 pm e.t.
			4/22 at 110011 e.t. and 4/28 at 5 pm e.t.

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
	Understanding market implications and bringing calm amid chaos  Navigating change: Tax		Free CPE to AICPA Tax/PFP Section members, \$29 for AICPA members, \$69 for non-members - AICPA webcast - COVID-19: Income tax & financial planning (registration link available
	implications of the Families First Coronavirus Response Act (FFCRA)  Tax Implications of the Coronavirus Aid Relief and Economic Security (CARES) Act  The CARES Act and the Paycheck		soon) – 4/24 at noon e.t. and 4/30 at 1 pm e.t.  Free CPE to AICPA Tax Section members - AICPA webcast - <u>Tax Practice Quarterly</u> – 5/7 at 1 pm e.t. <u>AICPA Report on Consequences of COVID-19</u> <u>Financial Reporting Considerations</u> (3/24/20)
	Protection Program  Financial planning guidance for CPAs in the wake of COVID-19  Estate Planning Amid COVID-19  Ton Tow Planning Stretonics in the		AICPA Press Release on AICPA-Led Coalition  Expands Support for Small Business Funding (3/24/20)  "Group Urges Fast Distribution of Stimulus Funds Through Payroll Processors"
	Top Tax Planning Strategies in the Current Environment  Tax Practice Quarterly - Tax Practice Quarterly: The Evolving Tax Practice in the Midst of a Pandemic		AICPA Press Release on AICPA-led Coalition Urges Expedited Small Business Funding Via Payroll Processors (3/22/20)  "AICPA, Paychex, Intuit and IFA Say Speedy Relief Required to Prevent Layoffs Due to Pandemic"
	COVID-19 Audit Implications webcast  Cybersecurity: Managing Cyber Risk in a Remote Work Environment		AICPA Press Release on AICPA Thanks Senator Thune and Other Congressional Members for Successful Push on April 15 Tax Filing Extension (3/20/20)  AICPA Press Release on AICPA Thanks Department of the Treasury and IRS For April
	Live Q&A: Managing for the local impact of a global disruption (Recording)  AICPA Press Release - AICPA Says Current Tax Filing and Payment Extensions Are Not Enough, IRS		15 Tax Filing Extension and Expresses Gratitude for Member and State CPA Society Outreach (3/20/20)  AICPA Press Release on AICPA Supports Sen. John Thune Tax Filing Relief Legislation, Tax Relief for America Act (3/19/20)
	Must Act Quickly (4/2/20)		

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
	AICPA Press Release with Thanks		(3/18/20) AICPA Press Release on IRS Must
	Congressional Caucus on CPAs and		Provide Immediate Tax Filing Relief, Expresses
	Accountants for Calling for		Strong Concern About Treasury Department
	Consistency in PPP Loan		<u>Decisions</u> :
	Application Documents (4/9/20)		
			3/15/20 AICPA email to members:
	AICPA Press Release that		
	Commends Treasury and IRS for		AICPA Release on COVID-19 U.S. Emergency
	Issuing Broad Tax Relief in Light of		Declaration: What Does It Mean for U.S.
	<u>COVID-19</u> (4/9/20)		Taxpayers and Tax Practitioners? (3/13/20)
	A LODA D. D. I. A LODA		AICPA press release (3/13/20)
	AICPA Press Release on AICPA		AICT A press release (3/13/20)
	Letter to Mnuchin: "it's		AICPA calls for individual and business tax
	impractical, if not impossible, for		filing relief amid Coronavirus pandemic
	taxpayers and their advisors to continue business as usual"		(3/11/20)
	(4/7/20)		(3/11/20)
	(4/7/20)		
	AICPA Press Release on AICPA		
	Applauds Additional Clarity in		
	Treasury FAQ on Paycheck		
	Protection Program (4/7/20)		
	( o /		
	AICPA Press Release on AICPA		
	Recommends Lender Documents and		
	Key Calculations to Use in PPP		
	Applications (4/6/20)		
	AICPA Press Release on AICPA		
	Offers Resources for CPA Firms		
	Helping Small Businesses Access		
	Paycheck Protection Program		
	(4/6/20)		
	AICPA Press Release on AICPA		
	Coalition Recommends PPP		
	Applicants Use Gross Payroll		
	Approach in Calculations (4/4/20)		
	Approach in Calculations (4/4/20)		
	AICPA Press Release on AICPA		
	Calls on Accounting Profession to		
	Support Rollout of Small Business		
	Relief Program (4/3/20)		
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State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
	AICPA Press Release on AICPA		
	Says Current Tax Filing and		
	Payment Extensions Are Not		
	Enough, IRS Must Act Quickly		
	(4/2/20)		
	AICPA Press Release on AICPA		
	Urges Treasury, IRS to Act		
	Immediately to Provide Broader Tax		
	Filing and Payment Relief (3/27/20)		
	AICPA Press Release on AICPA		
	Says Senate's \$2 Trillion Economic		
	Stimulus Bill is Great Step for Small		
	Businesses and Employees (3/26/20)		
	AICPA Comment Letter to Treasury		
	and IRS on Relief for Taxpayers		
	Affected by Ongoing Coronavirus		
	Disease 2019 Pandemic (3/26/20)		
	AICPA part of ASAE coalition		
	letter calling for section 501(c)(6)		
	organizations to be included in PPP		
	or similar programs (4/2/20)		
	AICPA part of <u>Chamber Coalition</u>		
	Letter of Emergency Assistance for		
	Non-Profits (3/25/20)		
	(0/20/20/		
	AICPA Press Release on AICPA		
	Calls on Treasury, IRS to Provide		
	Extensive Relief to Taxpayers		
	(3/25/20)		
	AICPA Report on Consequences of		
	COVID-19 Financial Reporting		
	Considerations (3/24/20)		
	(3,2 20)		
	AICPA Press Release on AICPA-		
	Led Coalition Expands Support for		
	Small Business Funding (3/24/20)		

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
	AICPA Press Release on AICPA-		
	led Coalition Urges Expedited		
	Small Business Funding Via Payroll		
	<u>Processors</u> (3/22/20)		
	AICPA Press Release on AICPA		
	Thanks Senator Thune and Other		
	Congressional Members for		
	Successful Push on April 15 Tax		
	Filing Extension (3/20/20)		
	AICPA Press Release on AICPA		
	Thanks Department of the Treasury		
	and IRS For April 15 Tax Filing		
	Extension and Expresses Gratitude		
	for Member and State CPA Society		
	Outreach (3/20/20)		
	AICDA Constant Constant		
	AICPA Supports Sen. John Thune Tax Filing Relief Legislation, Tax		
	Relief for America Act (3/19/20)		
	(0.35,25)		
	AICPA Press Release on on IRS		
	Must Provide Immediate Tax Filing		
	Relief, Expresses Strong Concern		
	About Treasury Department		
	<u>Decisions</u> : (3/18/20)		
	(3/16/20)		
	AICPA Press Release on Needed		
	Immediate Filing Relief Guidance		
	(3/13/20)		
	AICPA release on COVID-19 U.S.		
	Emergency Declaration: What		
	Does It Mean for U.S. Taxpayers and Tax Practitioners? (3/13/2)		
	and Tax Practitioners? (3/13/2)		
	AICPA calls for individual and		
	business tax filing relief amid		
	Coronavirus pandemic (3/11/20),		
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State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
	AICPA Prepare Your Clients and		
	Protect Your Practice AICPA		
	Insights Blog (3/17/20)		
	ALCONA DI LA DATA CITA		
	AICPA Disaster Relief Tax		
	Advocacy Page		
	AICPA Casualty Loss Resources		
	and Guide		
	AICPA Tax Season Resources		
Other State	AICPA state tax filing guidance for	Chart on State Covid-19 guidance on telecommuting (6/10/20)	NGA Status of State Covid-19 Emergency
Tax Filing	<u>coronavirus</u> (this chart – short url:		<u>Orders</u> (8/18/20)
Resources	https://tinyurl.com/state-filing-	Summary of States' Second Quarter Estimated Tax Deadlines – Tax	Stanta a stata na sulatarna tra allam an GOVID 10
	guidance)	Foundation (5/22/20)	Steptoe state regulatory tracker on COVID-19 (9/9/20)
		Colorado, Connecticut, Indiana, Michigan, Ohio officials said they	(9/9/20)
	AICPA Recommendations on State	would mirror IRS guidance as it is updated amid the pandemic.	Avalara chart on state COVID relief (7/20/20)
	and Local Tax Filing, Payment, and Administrative Relief during the	The same and the s	
	Coronavirus Pandemic (4/21/20)	Local Tax Filing Relief (per COST, 3/24/20)	Chart on State Covid-19 guidance on
	Coronavirus i andenne (4/21/20)	Several localities have issued guidance in the wake of the pandemic,	telecommuting (6/10/20) and blog
	AICPA Chart on States' Guidance	including the following:	
	on Electronic Signatures (7/23/20)	including the following.	NASBA CPE covid-19 relief
		Los Angeles County Treasurer and Tax Collector, California:	Article on How to Find the Latest Coronavirus
	TEI Requests Administrative and	Statement From Keith Knox, Treasurer and Tax Collector Regarding	Information by State (3/18/20)
	Payment Relief for State and Local	COVID-19 and the April 10 Property Tax Deadline.	information by State (5/10/20)
	Taxes in Response to COVID-19 Crisis (3/25/20)	California Association of County Treasurers and Tax Collectors:	Each State's Reopening Plans and Stay-at-
	CHSIS (3/23/20)	California Association of County Treasurers and Tax Collectors	Home Order Status (5/18/20)
	Chart on State Covid-19 guidance	(CACTTC) <u>issues statement regarding</u> April 10 Property Tax	
	on telecommuting (6/10/20)	Collection Deadline.	National Taxpayers Union (NTU) Foundation
		• Vail, Colorado: A Message from the Mayor - deferring Town of	<u>Issue Brief</u> on <u>More Tax Delays are Necessary</u> – state taxes discussed (4/29/20)
	50 state chart on teleworking state	Vail sales tax payments for a "period of time."  • Broward County, Florida: Broward County Property Appraiser's	– state taxes discussed (4/29/20)
	<u>guidance</u> (8/25/20)	Office COVID-19 Update.	National Taxpayers Union (NTU) Foundation
		Pinellas County, Florida: Tangible Personal Property (TPP)	Issue Brief on Don't Let COVID Remote Work
	<u>Chart on states' guidance on</u> telework (Wipfli) (8/28/20)	Return: As a result of COVID-19, all TPP accounts will be granted	Become a Tax Trap (4/24/20)
	<u>telework</u> (wipin) (8/28/20)	an automatic 45-day extension to file their TPP returns, extending	
	Summary of States' Second Quarter	the due date for the returns to May 15th, 2020.	Nevada and Pennsylvania Departments of
	Estimated Tax Deadlines – Tax	Miami Dade County, Florida: Deadline extended for taxpayers	Revenue are fully closed. (per FTA)
	Foundation (5/22/20)	filing a tangible personal property return, Form DR-405: Due to the	
		unfortunate circumstances regarding the Coronavirus (COVID-19),	
		the Miami-Dade County Property Appraiser, Pedro J. Garcia, will be	

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
			Coronavirus credits and incentives relief for
	States provide sales and use tax		<u>small businesses</u>
	relief to help mitigate COVID-19 impact article (3/25/20)		AICPA chart on states' executive orders that
	impact article (3/23/20)		include accounting in their definition of
	State legislative responses to		"essential services." (3/24/20)
	COVID-19		
			<u>List of state CPA societies' COVID-19</u>
	Tax Policy Center   Urban Institute		<u>resources webpages</u>
	& Brookings Institution - State Revenue Forecasts before		C( 4 ) FITC (2/05/10)
	Covid-19 and Directions Forward		States' EITC summary (3/25/19)
	(4/2/20)		"Several legislatures are curtailing legislative
			activity during the pandemic, including the
	Tax Foundation Tax policy and the		following (per COST 7/28/20):
	Coronavirus		
	Tax Foundation Tax policy after		California: The Senate and Assembly have
	Coronavirus: cleaning a path to		adjourned until July 30.
	economic recovery and		
	recommendations		Maine: Presiding Officers propose special
			<u>legislative session</u> in August; President Jackson, Speaker Gideon <u>Release Update</u> on
	<u>Forbes article on states' extensions</u>		Legislative Committee Work. See also
	Dia ambana tan asan asima andata		Response to Special Session Request.
	Bloomberg tax coronavirus updates		•
	Bloomberg Tax latest coronavirus		North Carolina: The House and the Senate
	state tax impacts webinar		will convene Sept. 2. See also SJR 870.
	presentation (4/7/20)		
			<b>Vermont:</b> The Vermont Legislature <u>has</u>
	All States' Departments of		adjourned until August 25.
	Revenues		T 114 G 1 G 4 T 14 (F)00/00
	FTA links to all state tax agencies		Legislative Session Status Updates (7/28/20, COST)
	and state individual deadlines		<u>COS1)</u>
			As of July 28, fourteen states are scheduled to
			be in session (see above for the impact of
			COVID-19 on certain legislative sessions).
			Thirty-two states have ended their sessions
			(Alabama, Alaska, Arizona, Arkansas,
			Colorado, Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Hawaii, Idaho, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas,
			Kentucky, Louisiana, Maine, Maryland,
			Minnesota, New Hampshire, New Mexico,

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			Oklahoma, Oregon, South Carolina, South Dakota, Tennessee, Utah, Virginia, Washington, West Virginia, Wisconsin, Wyoming). Four states (Montana, Nevada, North Dakota, and Texas) will not hold a regular session this year. (7/28/20)
			National Center for State Courts:
			How State Courts Are Responding to
			Coronavirus
			Coronavirus: What You Need to Know
			Health
			State Action on Coronavirus (COVID-19)
			Paid Sick Leave
			NCSL Blog: Coronavirus, A Federal and State
			Rundown
			State Quarantine and Isolation Statutes Federal Actions
			NCSL Blog: Congress Appropriates at Least
			\$1.05 Billion to States, Territories, Tribes to
			Combat COVID-19
			NCSL Issues Statement on Coronavirus
			Funding Bill Continuity of Government
			Coronavirus and State Legislatures in the News
			Continuity of Legislature During Emergency
			NCSL Blog: <u>Dust Off Your IT Pandemic Plans</u>
			Open Floor Sessions
			Continuity of Government in Constitutions
			Emergency Interim Succession Acts

State	Guidance/Date	Guidance Relief Provisions for Coronavirus	Other Information
			Fiscal Response
			NCSL Blog: <u>Lawmakers Sprint to Fund</u>
			Coronavirus Efforts
			State Fiscal Responses to Coronavirus
			(COVID-19) Public Education Response
			Public Education Response to Coronavirus
			(COVID-19)
			Elections Response
			State Action on COVID-19 and Elections
			Election Emergencies